	Leak for the following species: Burnle loosestrife Phragmites flowering rush, Japanese knotweed, Yellow iris, Eurasian water-milfoil, curly-leaf pondweed, Hydrilla,	w iris. Eurasian wate	weed. Yello	lapanese knot	ing rush. J	trife Phragmites flower	r species: Purple loosest	look for the fellowing
11	of paid of the last	12:30		09:30	0,	(920) 360-0173		128 8 to
	Total collector time (hrs x # collectors)	End time (~ 15 min)		Start time (~ 15 min)	and email	Lead Monitor phone and email	Amanda strick	Data collectors
	0	J	Z	6/23/14	6	417900	Ocoato	Bass Lake Oconto
	Conductivity (ZM tow if > 99 umhos/cm)	Secchi (ft)or m)	AIS sign?		Date(s)	WBIC	County	Lake Name
								,

0

swamp crayfish, rusty crayfish, didymo, and any other AIS found hyacinth, water lettuce, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, water flea, Chinese mystery snail, banded mystery snail, faucet snail, New Zealand mud snail, Asian clam, red Brazilian waterweed, yellow floating heart, European frog-bit, yellow floating heart, water chestnut, Brazilian waterweed, fanwort, parrot feather, water Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife, Phragmites, Howering rush, Japanese

appreciated. If needed, preserve with adequate ethanol. include internal and external labels with WBIC, lake name, county, sample date, sample type (snails, spiny water flea or zebra mussel) and collector. Legibility is AIS found at each site or record none. Collect a sample of any new AIS found. Collect five new invasive plant specimens, 20 Dreissenids, and 3 of each snail species and STEP 1: Record locations of sampling sites (in decimal degrees). Sampling sites include all public boat landings (BL), 5 target sites (TS) and the meander survey sites (MS). List

Site	Latitude	Longitude	Snorkel (Y or N*)	If N snorkel, indicate why	Species, density 1-5 [‡]
4	80186.54	89.520	Commence da		BNS-W
(n 9)	45,28012	88.62364	Ç	1	25-7
S	45, 23629	85.625 16	CS	1	BMS-2
7	0444T'SH	12969.88	2	Newser	AFMU-2
3	9+4+2'SH	86.6764	2_	N V	
3	45.27769	22 F83 - 23	7		end
4	45.27 240	88.61956	<u>C</u>	agreement or .	BNS-
S5	45; 27 456	A. 6. A. 6.	Œ	1	Bus-
72	45,274,7	88.61629	CS	1	BMS-2
i i					

*For lakes/sites not snorkeled, substitute:

Targeted site - 5 rake throws and 5 D-net samples OR 10 minutes, whichever comes first Boat landing site - 15 rake throws and 15 D-net samples OR 30 minutes, whichever comes first

50 meander sites - 10 rake throws and 10 D-net samples during meander survey between sampling sites for a total of 50 meander survey sites

†If lake/site was not snorkeled, indicate why: stained water, turbid water, blue-green bloom, chemical treatment, other (please describe)

‡ Density Ratings

- 1 A few plants or invertebrates
- 2 One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates
- 3 Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates

4 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake

5 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas

Step 2: Collect Waterflea Tows from the deep hole (DH). Decant s water and preserve the sample. Submit sample and datasheet to Science Services

-	(m)	9.3		Site
•		7,00	M M	Net ring depth
				Method (hor, oblig) vert)
				Net diameter (30 or 50 cm)
				Ethanol added (४)or N)
				Samples combined (Y or N)
				Sample sent to, date

Science Service. Step 3: Collect Veliger Tows from 3 sites; the deep hole (DH), water depth of about 4 meters (if possible). Submit sample and Mussel Veliger Tow Monitoring Report form to

	9	gungana	Site
\		W	Net ring depth
		9	Net diameter (30 or 50 cm)
*		et a service et a s	Ethanol added (Nor N)
_			Samples combined (Y)or N)
) Sample sent to, date

Step 4: Were plant voucher specimens submitted? Yes No (circle) If yes, where? (circle) Freckmann Herbarium, Other

Step 5: Were snail voucher specimens submitted (separate into Chinese, banded, all others)? (ves) No (circle) If yes, where? (circle) VW La Crosse, or Other

Step 6: Data was entered into SWIMS on

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Notes:

Step 7: Data was proofed on

