swamp crayfish, rusty crayfish, didymo, and any other AIS found Brazilian waterweed, yellow floating heart, European frog-bit, yellow floating heart, water chestnut, Brazilian waterweed, fanwort, parrot feather, water hyacinth, water lettuce, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, water flea, Chinese mystery snail, banded mystery snail, faucet snail, New Zealand mud snail, Asian clam, red Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife, Phragmites, flowering rush, Japanese knotweed, Yellow Iris, Eurasian water-milfoil, curly-leaf pondweed, Hydrilla,

appreciated. If needed, preserve with adequate ethanol. include internal and external labels with WBIC, lake name, county, sample date, sample type (snails, spiny water flea or zebra mussel) and collector. Legibility is STEP 1: Record locations of sampling sites (in decimal degrees). Sampling sites include all public boat landings (BL), 5 target sites (TS) and the meander survey sites (MS). List AIS found at each site or record none. Collect a sample of any new AIS found. Collect five new invasive plant specimens, 20 Dreissenids, and 3 of each snail species and

		S	S	53	११५	52	()		Site
		长.04280	+5. 04.75	45.04724	45. 9462	45.04854		45.04269	Latitude
		8,22599	28. 2304S	88,23049	8. 23452	200 he : 88	24244.83	74244.	Longitude
		LC		CS'	رح		C	5	Snorkel (Y or N*)
		14		*** Transport	1	-	STATE OF THE PARTY	\$400mg	If N snorkel, indicate why
		3		ERROR ERROR PERPORA	S \$ 5	3 25	CMS-I	CNS - 2)Species, density 1-5 [‡]

*For lakes/sites not snorkeled, substitute:

50 meander sites - 10 rake throws and 10 D-net samples during meander survey between sampling sites for a total of 50 meander survey sites Boat landing site - 15 rake throws and 15 D-net samples OR 30 minutes, whichever comes first Targeted site - 5 rake throws and 5 D-net samples OR 10 minutes, whichever comes first

†If lake/site was not snorkeled, indicate why: stained water, turbid water, blue-green bloom, chemical treatment, other (please describe)

‡ Density Ratings

- 1 A few plants or invertebrates
- 2 One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates
- 3 Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates

4 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake
5 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas

Step 2: Collect Waterflea Tows from the deep hole (DH). Decant s water and preserve the sample. Submit sample and datasheet to Science Services.

Step 3: Collect Veliger Tows from 3 sites; the deep hole (DH), water depth of about 4 meters (if possible). Submit sample and Mussel Veliger Tow Monitoring Report form to Science Service.

	Site Net ring depth	Net diameter (30 or 50 cm)	Ethanol added (Y or N)	Samples combined (Y) or N)	Sample sent to, date
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Step 4: Were plant voucher specimens submitted? Yes No (circle) If yes, where? (circle) Freckmann Herbarium, Other_

Step 5: Were snail voucher specimens submitted (separate into Chinese, banded, all others)? Yes No (circle) If yes, where? (circle) UW La Crosse, or Other

Step 6: Data was entered into SWIMS on ______

Step 7: Data was proofed on_

15 on 729

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Ryan Notif

Notes:

