Data Collectors , lodi Lewsch, Mark	Sundaler	. Erin Venni	e- Vallyat	Date 8/9	1 1 2min
Lake Name		County		WBIC	
Start Time End Time	Secchi [Conductivity	
Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife,	Phragmites, flowering	ng rush, Hydrilla, Brazilian wa	terweed, Eurasian	water-milfoil, curly-lea	of pondweed, yellow floating
heart, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, Chinese myst					
50 rake and D-net samples during meander surve	y. Record how many	y of the 50 samples have eac	h AIS found in the	"Count" spaces below	·.
Did you snorkel the search sites?	If not, why? (circ	le one) stained water, tur	bid water, blue-g	reen bloom, chemica	al treatment, other
Rake/D-net counts: Species 1	Count	; Species 2	Count;	Species 3	Count;
Species 4	Count	; Species 5	Count;	; Species 6	Count
STEP 1: Record locations of sites (in decimal suspected AIS found. Boat-Landing# Species	4	_Latitude			
Boat Landing# Species		Latitude	Longitude	e	Density (1-5)
Search Site# Species 2 Sty		Latitude 45,251	역하 Longitud	e <u>-91.41953</u>	Density (1-5)
Search Site# 2 Species + V) T		Latitude_ <u>45.242</u> ;	8 <mark>a_</mark> Longitud	e <u>-91,4105</u>	Density (1-5)
Search Site# Species		Latitude	Longitud	e	Density (1-5)
Search Site# Species		Latitude	Longitud	e	Density (1-5)
Search Site# Species		Latitude	Longitud	e	Density (1-5)
Search Site# Species		Latitude	Longitud	e	Density (1-5)
Meander Survey# Species		Latitude	Longitud	e	Density (1-5)
Meander Survey# Species		Latitude	Longitud	e	Density (1-5)
Meander Survey# Species		Latitude	Longitud	e	Density (1-5)

Step 2: Label first five specimens collected with species, collector, date, lake name, WBIC and Location # Send your specimens to an expert for verification. Instructions on how to voucher specimens and a list of statewide taxonomy experts can be found at: http://dnr.wi.gov/invasives/aquatic/whattodo/staff/

Method used: horizontal tow	r s (near surface) or $\frac{1}{r}$ oblique tows	s (near bottom to surface if greater than 15 fee	≥t)
Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one	30cm - 0cm other		
Depth sampled: Tow 1ft Tow	2ft Tow 3ft		
Has ethanol been added? Y/N	Have samples been consolidated into	o one bottle? Y/N	
· ·	· ·	the bottom). 2-4m take one 2m deep sample; if Secchi is <2n	m take one 1m
· ·	2m deep samples; if Secchi is between 2) 30cm 50cm other	-4m take one 2m deep sample; if Secchi is <2n	m take one 1m
Guidelines: If Secchi depth is >4m take two Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one Has ethanol been added? Y/N	2m deep samples; if Secchi is between 2) 30cm 50cm other Have samples been consolida	2-4m take one 2m deep sample; if Secchi is <2n and a second is <2n are a second in the second is <2n are a second in the second	
Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one Has ethanol been added? Y/N	2m deep samples; if Secchi is between 2) 30cm 50cm other Have samples been consolida	-4m take one 2m deep sample; if Secchi is <2n	

Density Ratings

- 1 A few plants or invertebrates
- 2 One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates
- 3 Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates
- 4 Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake
- 5 Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas

General guidance on areas to search for the 10 minute quick snorkel search sites:

- Check rocks for zebra/quagga mussels, faucet snails and New Zealand mudsnails.
- Check around small backyard boat launches.
- Check near creek inlets (especially if AIS are found upstream).
- Check the stems of emergent vegetation for climbing faucet snails.
- Check areas downwind of large boat landings.

