Lake Michigan District personnel conducted approximately 75 lake monitoring surveys from 1975 to the present. The purpose of this report is to summarize the data relating nutrient concentrations, particularly dissolved or ortho-phosphorous and the inorganic forms of nitrogen (NH<sub>4</sub> + NO<sub>3</sub> + NO<sub>2</sub> as N), to the productivity of a lake. How productive a lake is can be indicated by the accumulation of algae, imparting a green or brown color to the water and/or by the presence of aquatic vegetation. The more nutrients (nitrogen and phosphorous) the more abundant will be the concentration of algae or aquatic vegetation.

Nitrogen and phosphorous concentrations and the corresponding effect on algae and vegetation numbers has been documented by many researchers: (Sawyer, 1947; American Water Works Association, 1966; Volensweider, 1968; Edmondson, 1976; Lee, 1971; Ryther and Dunstan, 1971; Maloney et al., 1972; Powers et al., 1972; Martin and Goff, 1972; Shannon and Brezonik, 1972). Sawyer (1947) found phosphorous concentrations of 0.01 mg/l and nitrogen concentrations of 0.3 mg/l, particularly during spring turnover, sufficient to give the lake a high potential for an abundance of algae or aquatic vegetation.

Alkalinity or carbonate hardness, that portion of the hardness attributed to the bicarbonate plus carbonate, will be used to differentiate soft from hardwater lakes. Concentrations less than 80 mg/l as CaCO3 will be given soft water designation, 80-125 mg/l as CaCO3 moderately hard water and greater than 125 mg/l hard water. Alkalinity does not by

itself reflect the lakes productivity but indicates the geology of the watershed. A clay or limestone subsoil will traditionally create a hard water situation.

Productivity potential mentioned in the following discussion relate to Sawyer's formula. Approximately 55 lakes have been discussed, the other 20 are in those counties transferred to other districts. Pearl Lake in Waushara County is 92 acres with a maximum depth of 50 feet. Alkalinities indicate a moderately hardwater lake. Phosphorous levels exceeded Sawyer's limits one of the four 1976 sampling dates. Inorganic nitrogen concentrations were low. Our water chemistry data indicates an overall good recreational lake.

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