Data Collectors John P. Firin V.		Date 8/2	27/12
Lake Name	County	WBIC	
Hakmoon Laka	Lincoln	7.8	380 <u>0</u> 0
Start Time 10:15 End Time	Secchi Depth feet or mete	rs (circle one) Conductivity	
Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife, Phrag	mites, flowering rush, Hydrilla, Brazilian v	vaterweed, Eurasian water-milfoil, curly-l	eaf pondweed, yellow floating
heart, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, Chinese mystery sn	ail, banded mystery snail, faucet snail, Ne	w Zealand mud snail. List any other AIS fo	ound. If sites not snorkeled, take
50 rake and D-net samples during meander survey. Rec			
	•	urbid water, blue-green bloom, chem	
Rake/D-net counts: Species 1 Cou	nt; Species 2	Count; Species 3	Count;
Species 4 Cou	ınt ; Species 5	Count; Species 6	Count
STEP 1: Record locations of sites (in decimal degree suspected AIS found. Boat Landing# Species Room		eH27 Longitude -89.736	
Boat Landing# Species	Latitude	Longitude	Density (1-5)
Search Site# \ Species \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Latitude_45.52=	12_Longitude89.733	38 2 Density (1-5)
Search Site# 2 Species No AS	-	235 Longitude <u>-89.12</u> 9	
Search Site# 3 Species N6 AS	Latitude_45,520	30 Longitude - 89,72	438 Density (1-5)
Search Site# 4 Species No P15		01/2 Longitude - 89.72	
Search Site# 5 Species No PIS	Latitude	<u> 19323</u> Longitude <u></u> 1991, 13	199 Density (1-5)
Search Site# Species	Latitude	Longitude	Density (1-5)
Meander Survey# 1 Species Pink water		552 Longitude89.7330	
Meander Survey# 2 Species POWPUS A	Vass Latitude 45.5/9	9 3 Longitude - 89,7 <i>2</i> 8	7S Density (1-5)
Meander Survey# Species	Latitude	Longitude	Density (1-5)

Step 2: Label first five specimens collected with species, collector, date, lake name, WBIC and Location # Send your specimens to an expert for verification. Instructions on how to voucher specimens and a list of statewide taxonomy experts can be found at: http://dnr.wi.gov/invasives/aquatic/whattodo/staff/

Step 3. Concee waterned Town from times an	tes around the lake in water deeper than 15 feet (if possible).
Method used: horizontal tow	vs (near surface) or oblique tows (near bottom to surface if greater than 15 feet)
Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one)	30cm/50cm) other
Depth sampled: Tow 1 4 ft Tow	124 ft Tow 34 ft
Depth sampled: Tow 1 ft Tow Has ethanol been added?	Have samples been consolidated into one bottle?
Guidelines: If Secchi depth is >4m take two	s in 5-10 feet of water (within a meter of the bottom). SWI
Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one	e) 30cm 50cm other
Has ethanol been added? Y/N	Have samples been consolidated into one bottle? Y/N
Step 5: Data was entered into SWIMS on	8/30/12 by Erin Vomnie -Vollrath Date Name

Density Ratings

- 1 A few plants or invertebrates
- 2 One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates
- 3 Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates
- 4 Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake
- 5 Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas

General guidance on areas to search for the 10 minute quick snorkel search sites:

- Check rocks for zebra/quagga mussels, faucet snails and New Zealand mudsnails.
- Check around small backyard boat launches.
- Check near creek inlets (especially if AIS are found upstream).
- Check the stems of emergent vegetation for climbing faucet snails.
- Check areas downwind of large boat landings.

