Start Time	Lake Name	Data Collectors
End Time!		Max Land &
Secchi Depth	County	
feet or meters (circle one)	Holen	Screntonk
Conductivity	WBIC	Date 9
Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold	71 CES 1 0000 1	3-12

50 rake and D-net samples during meander survey. heart, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, Chinese mystery snail, banded mystery snail, faucet snail, New Zealand mud snail. List any other AIS found. If sites not snorkeled, take Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife, Phragmites, flowering rush, Hydrilla, Brazilian waterweed, Eurasian water-milfoil, curly-leaf pondweed, yellow floating

STEP 1: Record locations of sites (in decimal degrees) using a GPS unit (datum WGS84). List AIS found at each site or record none. Collect a sample of any suspected AIS found.

Rake/D-net counts:	Did you snorkel the search sites?	Meander Survey#_	Meander Survey#_	Search Site# Meander Survey#_	10	Search Site#	Search Site#	Search Site# Species_	Search Site#	Boat Landing#	Boat Landing#
:: Count 1	e search sites? Y/N	Species	Species	Species Z	Species DMS	Species 7	Species	Species Color	Species 5	_ Species	_ Species
Species 1Species 3	If not, why? (circle or			The state of the s		DOT ENT	S. C.				
; Count 2 Species 2; Count 4 Specie	<b>ie)</b> stained water, turbid wa	Latitude	Latitude	Latitude 45, 40737	Latitude 45, 7045	Latitude 15,9004	Latitude 15, 90264	Latitude 45, 78222	Latitude 45, 9023S	_Latitude	_Latitude 15, 1020
scies 2 Species 4	If not, why? (circle one) stained water, turbid water, blue-green bloom, chemical treatment, other	Longitude	Longitude	Longitude $88/3638$	Longitude	Longitude Control Control	Longitude	Clongitude 8 / 30/9	S_Longitude_\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Longitude	Longitude To The Total
	າt, other	Density (1-5)	Density (1-5)	Density (1-5)  Density (1-5)	Density (1-5)	Density (1-5)	Density (1-5)	Density (1-5)	Density (1-5)	Density (1-5)	Density (1-5)

Step 2: Label first five specimens collected with species, collector, date, lake name, WBIC and Location # Send your specimens to an expert for verification. Instructions on how to voucher specimens and a list of statewide taxonomy experts can be found at: http://dnr.wi.gov/invasives/aquatic/whattodo/staff/

Step 3: Collect Waterflea Tows from three sites around the lake in water deeper than 1
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Has ethanol been added? 🗑	Depth sampled: Tow 1 5 ft	Diameter of plankton net mo	Method used:
Y/N Have samples been consolidated into one bottle? <u>Y</u> /N	ft Tow 2 ft Tow 3 ft	Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one) 30cm 50cm other	horizontal tows (near surface) oroblique tows (near bottom to surface if greater than 15 feet)

Step 4: Collect Veliger Tows from three sites in 5-10 feet of water (within a meter of the bottom).

Guidelines: If Secchi depth is >4m take two 2m deep samples; if Secchi is between 2-4m take one 2m deep sample; if Secchi is <2m take one 1m tow.

)	Has ethanol been added? (Y/N	Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one) 30cm 50cm other
	Have samples been consolidated into one bottle? (Y/N)	30cm 50cm other

Step 5: Data was entered into SWIMS on\_

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Notes:

## **Density Ratings**

- 1 A few plants or invertebrates
- 2 One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates
- 3 Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates
- 4 Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake
- 5 Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas

## General guidance on areas to search for the 10 minute quick snorkel search sites:

- Check rocks for zebra/quagga mussels, faucet snails and New Zealand mudsnails.
- Check around small backyard boat launches
- Check near creek inlets (especially if AIS are found upstream)
- Check the stems of emergent vegetation for climbing faucet snails.
- Check areas downwind of large boat landings.

Name

25, 90610 25, 13938