Start Time End Time 15	Lake Name	Data Collectors MAA Hoper Jam Steller
Secchi Depth (feet or meters (circle one)	County	
Conductivity 210	WBIC SHOUND	Date 7-30-12

50 rake and D-net samples during meander survey. heart, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, Chinese mystery snail; banded mystery snail, faucet snail, New Zealand mud snail. List any other AIS found. If sites not snorkeled, take Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife, Phragmites, flowering rush, Hydrilla, Brazilian waterweed, Eurasian water-milfoil, curly-leaf pondweed, yellow floating

STEP 1: Record locations of sites (in decimal degrees) using a GPS unit (datum WGS84). List AIS found at each site or record none. Collect a sample of any suspected AIS found.

Boat Landing# Species  Boat Landing# Species  Search Site# Species	Latitude 45.48643	Longitude ORS SAMO	Density (1-5)  Density (1-5)  Density (1-5)
Search Site# 2 Species None	Latitude 45, 43575	Longitude058,52885	Density (1-5)
Search Site# 3_ Species	Latitude 45, 433 B	Longitude088,53951	Density (1-5)
Search Site# 4_ Species RMS CMS	Latitude 15.13287	Longitude 88. 5266 2	Density (1-5)
Search Site# S Species	Latitude 45, 43436	Longitude 88.52578	Density (1-5)
Search Site# Species	Latitude	Longitude	Density (1-5)
Meander Survey# SpeciesS	Latitude	Longitude	Density (1-5)
Meander Survey# Species	Latitude	Longitude	Density (1-5)
Meander Survey# Species	Latitude	Longitude	Density (1-5)
Did you snorkel the search sites? $\sqrt[\infty]{N}$ If not, why? (circle	one) stained water, turbid wate	If not, why? (circle one) stained water, turbid water, blue-green bloom, chemical treatment, other	ıt, other
Rake/D-net counts: Count 1 Species 1 Count 3 Species 3	; Count 2 Species 2; Count 4 Species	2 :ies 4	

Step 2: Label first five specimens collected with species, collector, date, lake name, WBIC and Location # Send your specimens to an expert for verification. Instructions on how to voucher specimens and a list of statewide taxonomy experts can be found at: http://dnr.wi.gov/invasives/aquatic/whattodo/staff/

<ul> <li>2 — One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates</li> <li>3 — Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates</li> <li>4 — Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake</li> <li>5 — Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Density Ratings</li> <li>1 - A few plants or invertebrates</li> <li>2 - One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates</li> <li>3 - Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates</li> <li>4 - Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake</li> <li>5 - Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas</li> </ul>
Density Ratings  1 — A few plants or invertebrates 2 — One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates 3 — Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates 4 — Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake 5 — Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas
Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one) 30cm (50cm) other
r (within a meter of the bottom).  Secchi is between 2-4m take one 2m deep sample  other  by Maff Mage  the lake
Method used: Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one) 30cm 50cm) other Depth sampled: Tow 1 15 ft Tow 2 15 ft Tow 3 15 ft T

Check near creek inlets (especially if AIS are found upstream).

Check the stems of emergent vegetation for climbing faucet snails.

Check and a downwind of large boat landings.

