		A S	Date(s)			Lake Name		
· I language Dhommi			Data collectors	The second of th		County		(
tae flowering rush Hydrilla. Brazillar			Start time (nearest 15 min)		C N		AIS sign?	
n Waterweed, Eulasian water	to make a Changian water	7	End time (nearest 15 illiil)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 min			Secchi (ft.or m)	
million, carry rear position week forces are		Mones	End time (nearest 15 illiiii)   lotal collector time (iii5 x ii collector)	Total collector time (brs x # collectors)		22 ×	Conductivity (ZM tow if >99 umhos/cm)	

heart, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, Chinese mystery snail, banded mystery snail, faucet snail, New Zealand mud snail, didymo, water flea, and any other AIS found. Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife, Phragmites, flowering rush, Hydrilla, B

List AIS found at each site or record none. Collect a sample of any new AIS found. Collect five new invasive plant specimens, 20 Dreissenids, and 30 of each snail species and STEP 1: Record locations of sampling sites (in decimal degrees). Sampling sites include all public boat landings (BL), 5 targeted sites (TS) and the meander survey sites (MS). label with species, collector, date, lake name, WBIC and sampling site.

25 全部第一	2 2	
1128 mb 1128 mb 12888 mb 12888 mb	L1218-MM	Latitude
512hs 183- 36hrs 183- 36hrs 183- 365x 183-	2002 32 182	Longitude
X	55	Snorkel (Y or N )
	High weed Cottabilly	W.
BM3 1 (Hasting Still BMS 1 BMS 1	BMS Rocking Studies	Species, density 1-5

## For lakes/sites not snorkeled, substitute:

50 meander sites - 10 rake throws and 10 D-net samples during meander survey between sampling sites for a total of 50 meander survey sites Boat landing site - 15 rake throws and 15 D-net samples OR 30 minutes, whichever comes first Targeted site - 5 rake throws and 5 D-net samples OR 10 minutes, whichever comes first

If lake/site was not snorkeled, indicate why: stained water, turbid water, blue-green bloom, chemical treatment, other (please describe).

## \* Density Ratings

- 1 A few plants or invertebrates
- 2 One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates
- 3 Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates

4 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake

5 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas

Reprt form to Science Services Step 2: Collect Waterflea Tows from 3 sites: the deep hole (DH) and 2 other sites in water deeper than 15 feet (if possible). Submit sample and Water Flea To Monitoring

Site	Depth sampled	Method (hor, oblig, vert)	Net diameter (30 or 50 cm)	Ethanol added (y or N)	Samples combined (Y)or N)	Sample sent to, date
-vill Consessor	C. C.	4			- and a	
, d	٥° څ		^			
"week	MS					

Mussel Veliger Tow Monitoring Report form to Science Service. Step 3: Collect Veliger Tows from 3 sites; the deep hole (DH), outlet site (OS), and or downwind site (DS) in water depth of about 4 meters (if possible). Submit sample and

	Step 5: Were snail voucher specimens submitted (separate into Chinese, banded, all others)? Yes No (circle) If yes, where? (circle) UW La Crosse, or Other.
	Step 5: Were snail voucher specimens submitted (separate into Chinese, banded, all others)? Yes No (circle) If yes, where? (circle) UW La Crosse.
Step 4: Were plant voucher specimens submitted? Yes No (circle) If yes, where? (circle) Freckmann Herbarium, Other	

Notes:

Step 7: Data was proofed on

Step 6: Data was entered into SWIMS on\_

. by

