North	Data collectors	Can'to	Lake Name Mill County
	Lead Monitor I	487500	WBIC
	phone and email	487500 9-4-13	Date(s)
g Am	Lead Monitor phone and email Start time (~ 15 min)	Z Z	AIS sign?
SPR	End time (~ 15 min)	or m)	Secchi (ft
1 hour	Total collector time (hrs x # collectors)		Conductivity (ZM tow if \geq 99 umhos/cm)

heart, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, Chinese mystery snail, banded mystery snail, faucet snail, New Zealand mud snail, didymo, water flea, and any other AIS found. Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife, Phragmites, flowering rush, Hydrilla, Brazilian waterweed, Eurasian water-milfoil, curly-leaf pondweed, yellow floating

List AIS found at each site or record none. Collect a sample of any new AIS found. Collect five new invasive plant specimens, 20 Dreissenids, and 30 of each snail species and STEP 1: Record locations of sampling sites (in decimal degrees). Sampling sites include all public boat landings (BL), 5 targeted sites (TS) and the meander survey sites (MS). label with species, collector, date, lake name, WBIC and sampling site.

						G	150	Site
	,							Latitude
							colo to smaked- DID Fall DI	Longitude
						_	(1)	Snorkel (Y or N*)
						^	639 Rolle Moras	Snorkel (Y or N*) If N snorkel, indicate why
								Species, density 1-5 [‡]

*For lakes/sites not snorkeled, substitute:

Boat landing site - 15 rake throws and 15 D-net samples OR 30 minutes, whichever comes first Targeted site - 5 rake throws and 5 D-net samples OR 10 minutes, whichever comes first

50 meander sites - 10 rake throws and 10 D-net samples during meander survey between sampling sites for a total of 50 meander survey sites

tif lake/site was not snorkeled, indicate why: stained water, turbid water, blue-green bloom, chemical treatment, other (please describe).

‡ Density Ratings

- 1 A few plants or invertebrates
- 2 One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates
- 3 Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates

4 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake

5 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas

Depth sampled Method (hor, obliq, vert) Net diameter (30 or 50 cm) Ethanol added (70 n) Samples combined (80 n) Sample sent to, date Chilia Chilia Chilia Chilia
Net diameter (30) or 50 cm) Ethanol added (For N) Samples combined (For N)
Ethanol added (Før N) Samples combined (Før N)
N) Samples combined((Fòr N)
Sample sent
to, date

Step 2: Collect Waterflea Tows from 3 sites: the deep hole (DH) and 2 other sites in water deeper than 15 feet (if possible). Submit sample and datasheet to Science Services.

Mussel Veliger Tow Monitoring Report form to Science Service. Step 3: Collect Veliger Tows from 3 sites; the deep hole (DH), outlet site (OS), and or downwind site (DS) in water depth of about 4 meters (if possible). Submit sample and

	Step 2	n	L,	~	Site
-	1: Were plant voucl	8	50	0 2	Depth sampled
Step 4: Were plant voucher specimens submitted? Yes No (circle) If yes, where? (circle) Freckmann Herbarium, Other	her specimens submitted? Yes⁄	E			Depth sampled Net diameter (30 or 50cm)
	No (circle) If yes, where?	7			Ethanol added (Y or N)
	(circle) Freckmann Herbarium	((Ethanol added (Y or N) Samples combined (Y) or N)
	Other			Rupa Moth	Sample sent to, date
				12000	<u> </u>

Step 5: Were snail voucher specimens submitted (separate into Chinese, banded, all others)? Yes 👧 (circle) If yes, where? (circle) UW La Crosse, or Other

_ by __

Kyan Moti of

Notes:

Step 7: Data was proofed on

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Step 6: Data was entered into SWIMS on