Instructions: Bold fields must be completed.

Location Name	WBIC	County	Date(s)	AIS sign?	Secchi (ft)or m)	Conductivity (ZM≥99 umhos/cm)	Collector(s)	Start Time	End Time	Total Hours (hrs x # ppl)
Bass	38°46	Marinette	7/13/17	7	H	380	NAVLT	1:45	3:00	2.5

STEP 1: Circle species that you looked for and review the Identification Handout.

OIL II OHOIG Species						
AQUATIC PLANTS/ALGAE	European frogbit	Parrot feather	Water chestnut	Phragmites	Japanese hop	New Zealand mudsnails Faucet snails
Starry stonewort	Hvdrilla	Water hyacinth	Didymo	Purple loosestrife	INVERTEBRATES	Chinese/Banded mystery snails Other
Yellow floating heart	Curly leaf pondweed	Water lettuce	RIPARIAN PLANTS	Yellow flag iris	Zebra/quagga mussels	Rusty/red swamp crayfish
Brazilian waterweed	Fanwort	Eurasian water milfoil	Flowering rush	Japanese knotweed	Asian clam	Spiny/fishhook waterflea

STEP 2: Record locations of sampling sites (in decimal degrees). While snorkeling is optional, please indicate whether snorkeled or why not. List AIS found and density at each site or record none. Collect photographs and samples of any new AIS found. Include internal and external labels with WBIC, name of lake, county, sample date, and collector. Legibility is appreciated. If needed, preserve with adequate ethanol.

Site*	Latitude	Longitude	Snorkel (Y/N)	If no, indicate why†	Species name, density (1-5) <sup>‡</sup> , and live (L) or dead (D) <sup>§</sup>	Sample (Y/N)	Photo (Y/N)	No AIS	Comments
BLI	45.13163	- 88.05671	2	erconten		, é	477	$\nearrow$	
TSI	45, 13091	_88.05455	2	MANAGE.	Typha (hybrid) - 2(L)	N	Υ		
152	45,13147	-88.04843	N	espainter D	<b>3</b> *			X	milfail collected
T53	45.13197	-89.04543	7		Typha (hybrid) - ((L)	N	and the same of th		
\$100 at 100 mg	45.13215	-88.05616	N		CMS-I(L)	N	Y		
	45,13134	-88.04617	N	##@distants	( <del>*</del> )	N	Y		
		·							
									\

<sup>\*</sup>boat landing (BL), target site (TS), meander survey (MS).

Phrey (non-native) - large patch on private property (land) - not rooted in H20

<sup>†</sup>Stained water, turbid water, blue-green bloom, chemical treatment, other (please describe).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Density ratings: 1-a few plants or invertebrates, 2-one or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates, 3-many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates, 4-dense plant, snail, or mussel growth in a while bay or portion of the lake, or 5-dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas. <sup>§</sup>Live (L) animals will contain flesh and live plants will generally be rooted. Dead (D) animals will not contain flesh and dead plants include sterile fragments.

STEP 6: Data was proofed on \_\_\_\_\_\_

STEP 3: Regional verifier examination specimen(s) and photographs and provide identification results. Submit to next verifier. Create ROI and attach documents.

Species	Specimen (Y/N)	Photo Name	Date sent	Comments	This section is completed by the verifier(s)							
					Verifier #1	Date	ID	Verifier #2	Date	ID:		
Parallel and Control												
						1						
										1		
			<u> </u>	collect photographs and samples.			L.,	1		<u> </u>		

STEP 4: For new aquatic invasive species populations, collect photographs and samples. Provide photos, preserved specimens, and copies of the datasheet to the regio
DNR verifier. Name photos with the SPSCODE_YYYYMMDD_WBIC or STATIONID or LAT LONG_ COLLECTOR.
STEP 5: Data was entered into SWIMS onbyby
Once data is entored, send scans of data sheets to central office (Maureen Ferry@Wisconsin.gov).

Notes:

ZM-4m-3x combined-45.13194; -88.05073 SWF