MONITORING REPT # 11

EAST & WEST DEEP-WATER STATIONS, GREEN LAKE, GREEN LAKE COUNTY, WI, USA.

Sunny and calm with very light variable winds. Surface has foam, molted gull feathers, floating clumps of macrophytes –sometimes looking a little like the "Sargasso Sea" - along the shore out about pier length and between neighborhood piers definitely impeding swimmers. Blue-greens near surface are *Anabaena*, *Microcystis* and *Gleotrichia*, especially the latter, showing in the East end and a faint scum *Anabaena*. Otherwise the variety of visible plankton, some also listed below, are scattered on and down several inches below lake surface.

Macrophytes growing thickly toward surface between and far out from piers are covered with very large quantities of attached filamentous algae. These are *Zygnema, Mougeotia, Spirogyra* & especially *Rhizoclonium*. Alga forming a fringe along rocks at lake waterline is *Cladophora*.

Vallisneria leaves are nearing surface but so far no signs of flowers on their spiral "stalks" or the floating "boats" carrying pollen formed underwater among the roots of the native plant known as Wild Celery.

IMPORTANT GLSD & GLA: LAKE RESIDENCES ARE USING A SHARP TOOL TO CUT MACROPHYTES NEAR BOTTOM AS VERY UNHAPPY WITH THEIR QUANTITY AND THE EFFORT OF THE HARVESTER. UNKNOWN IF THE CUT WEEDS ARE REMOVED FROM THE LAKE. ALSO SEVERAL ARE EXPLORING USE OF CHEMICALS TO ADD NEAR PIERS.

				C031	ER COLORS	
STATIONS	TIME SE	CCHI (FT) SUR	FACE TEMP (F)	½ SE	CCHI & ½ M	LAKE OBSERVATIONS
WEST	1:20	16.0 Ft	73 F	3.0	1.5	Murky & green
EAST	1:52	16.0 Ft.	74 F	4.0	1.5	Murky & green
		AIR TEMP:	73 F west; 76 F east.			

My perception of Green Lake today = **4**. "Swimming and aesthetic enjoyment slightly impaired." (due to floating and attached aquatic plants in littoral zone and suspended blue-green algae even forming a light bloom as calm.

Microscopic observations of plankton samples collected at both East & West deep-water stations via 17 ft. Wisconsin Plankton Net vertical pulls. These organisms are estimated into four categories below:

	Very Abundant	Abundant	Infrequent	Present					
Blue-green:	Anabaena	Gleotrichia	Gloeocapsa	Aphanotheca					
	Microcystis	Coelosphaerium	Gomphosphaeria	Chrococccus					
		Lyngbya	Oscillatoria	Holopedia					
<u>Green:</u>	Sphaerocystis		Botryococcus	Mougeotia					
		Little Green Balls	Coelastrum	Pediastrum					
		Spirogyra	Gloeocystis	Tetraspora					
			Oocystis						
Dinoflag. &	Ceratium	small	ciliates & flagellates	a					
Protozoa:	Vorticella		ice-cream cone						
Diatoms	Fragilaria	Meridium?							
Desmids &	Staurastrum, <u>Dinobryon</u>		Cosmarium						
<u>"Golden": (</u> A	<u>bove: many Stau. empty ("deh</u>	isced") & covered with	1 epiphytes)	_ Unknown Strands					
	Cyclopoids imm	ature zebra mussels	Leptodora						
Zooplankton:	Daphnidia								
	Nauplii								
Metazoans &	Conochilus unicornis	K. cochlearis	Collotheca	Ascomorpha					
Rotifers:			Polyarthra	Brochionus					
			K. quadrata						
<u>Others:</u>	Pieces of plants & animals	s Tiny, Flat, Round, Fa	ast, Colorless						
Filaments of terrestrial seeds Clear, sharp and long PHOTO: very sharp, black object (++)									
Conjugation in green algal filaments Empty cells in algal filaments									
Mary Jane Bumb	y, Volunteer Monitor, Green	Lake, WI	ELEVENTH Report: August 8, 2013						

<u>An often seen algal specimen *may* be clumps of mature *Anabaena* spores. (I have Photo and would like help) Source: Lund, J.W.G & H., 1995, Freshwater Algae. UK . Color photo p. 213</u>