

APPENDIX A

Public Participation Materials



Presentation Outline

- Onterra, LLC
- Why Create a Management Plan?
- Elements of a Lake Management Planning Project
 - Data & Information
 - Planning Process



Onterra, LLC

- Founded in 2005
- Staff
 - Four full-time ecologists
 - One part-time ecologist
 - One field technician
 - Two summer interns
- Services
 - Science and planning
- Philosophy
 - Promote realistic planning
 - Assist, not direct



Why create a lake management plan?

- To create a better understanding of lake's positive and negative attributes.
- To discover ways to minimize the negative attributes and maximize the positive attributes.
- To foster realistic expectations and dispel myths.
- To create a snapshot of the lake for future reference and planning.

Elements of an Effective Lake Management Planning Project

Data and Information Gathering

Environmental & Sociological

Planning Process

Brings it all together



Data and information gathering

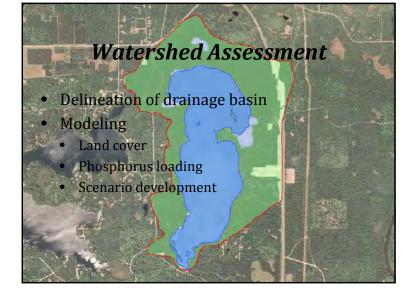
- Study Components
 - Water Quality Analysis
 - Watershed Assessment
 - Shoreline Assessment
 - Aquatic Plant Surveys
 - Fisheries Data Integration
 - Stakeholder Survey



Water Quality Analysis

- General water chemistry (current & historic)
 - CLMN, Agencies, & Onterra
- Nutrient analysis
 - Limiting plant nutrient
 - Lake trophic state (Eutrophication)
- Supporting data for watershed modeling.

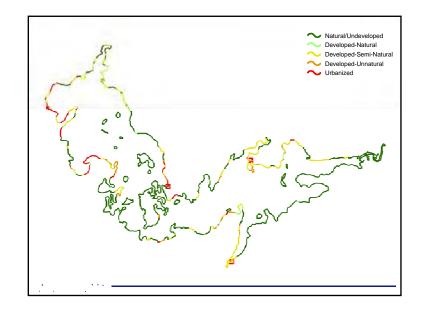




Shoreland Assessment

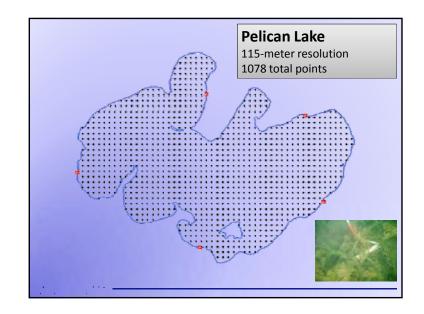
- Shoreland area is important for buffering runoff and provides valuable habitat for aquatic and terrestrial wildlife.
- It does not look at lake shoreline on a property-byproperty basis.
- Assessment ranks shoreland area from shoreline back 35 feet





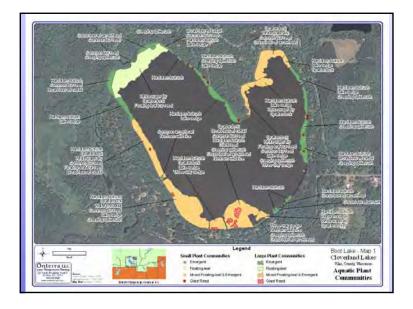
Aquatic Plant Surveys

- Concerned with both native and nonnative plants
- Multiple surveys used in assessment
 - Curly-leaf pondweed survey
 - Point-intercept survey



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 - Plant community mapping



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 - Plant community mapping
 - Volunteer and agency survey findings

Fisheries Data Integration

- No fish sampling completed
- Assemble data from WDNR, USGS, USFWS, & GLIFWC
- Fish survey results summaries (if available)
- Use information in planning as applicable



Stakeholder Survey

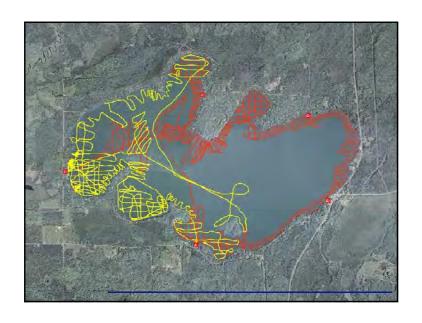
- Standard survey used as base
 - Planning committee potentially develops additional questions and options
 - Must not lead respondent to specific answer through a "loaded" question
- Survey must be approved by WDNR



Aquatic Plant Surveys

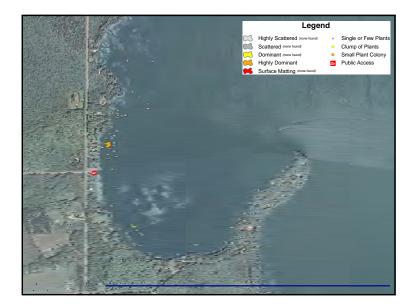
- Concerned with both native and nonnative plants
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 - Point-intercept survey
- Plant community mapping
- Volunteer or agency survey findings









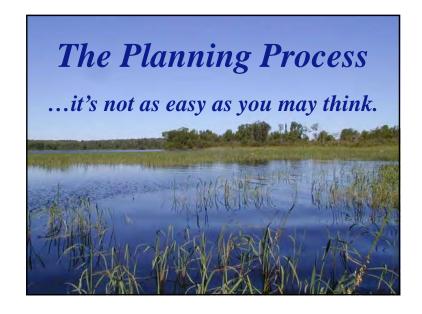


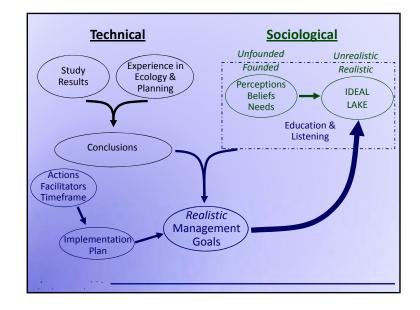
EWM Action Timeline

- What has happened...
 - June 16th Onterra finds EWM, notifies PLPOA & WDNR
 - *June 21st* Onterra provides survey results map
 - June 28th Onterra marks main EWM bed with orange buoys
 - July 12th Michelle Sadauskas (Oneida County AIS Coordinator) and Chris Hamerla (Lumberjack AIS Coordinator) meet with PLPOA volunteers and train them on plant ID and removal
- What will happen...
 - Week of Aug. 22nd Onterra to complete PI and community mapping surveys
 - Known sites resurveyed
 - Additional findings mapped
 - Fall / Winter of 2011/2012 Create EWM Control Plan
 - Monitor
 - Continue hand removal efforts
 - Consider herbicide treatment
 - Integrated strategy using all above options

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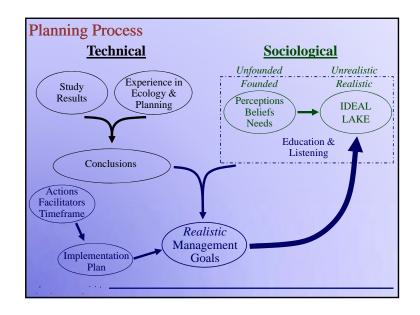






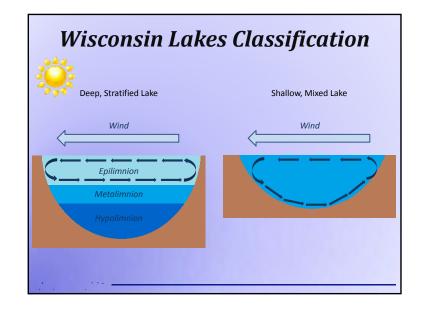


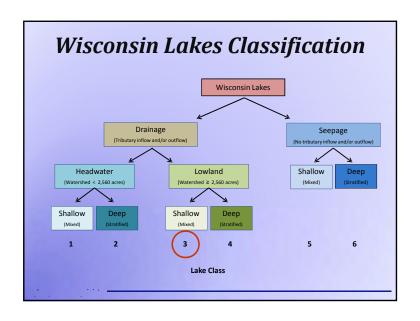




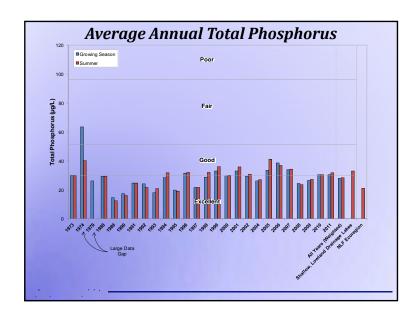


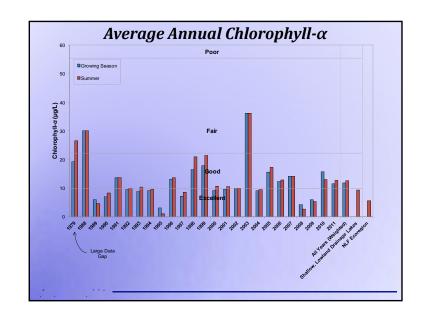


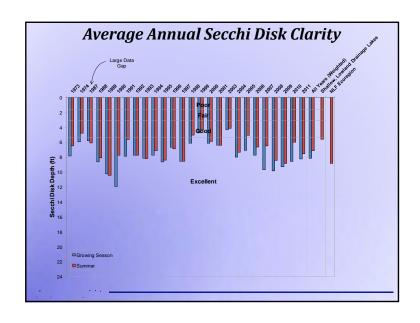


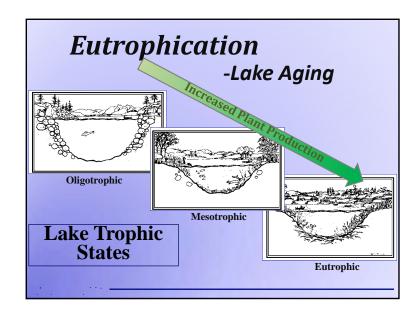


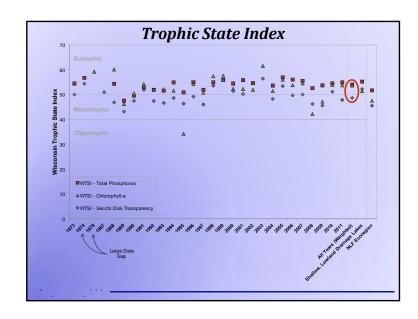


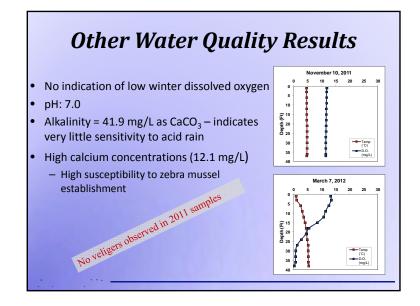


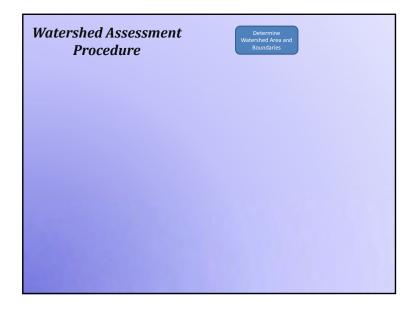




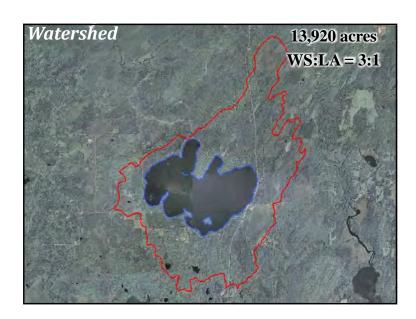


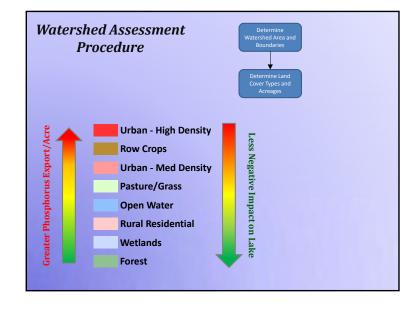


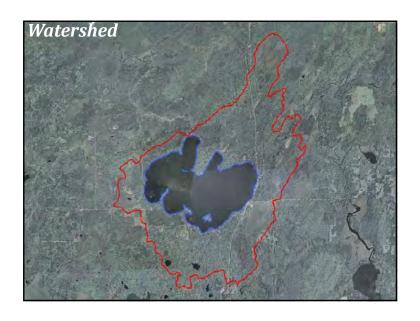


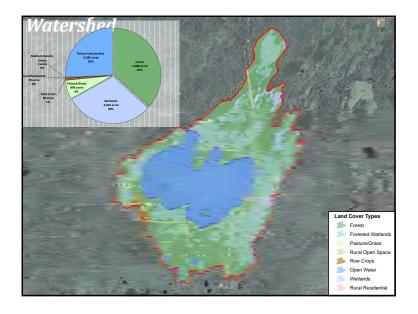


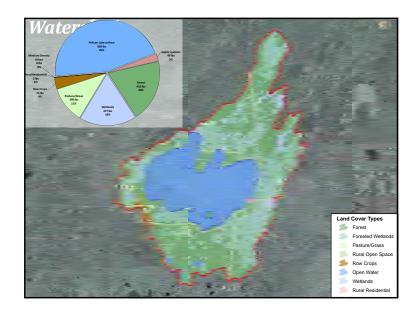


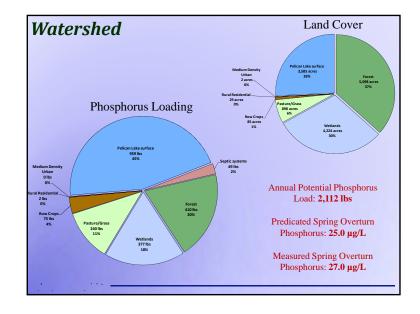


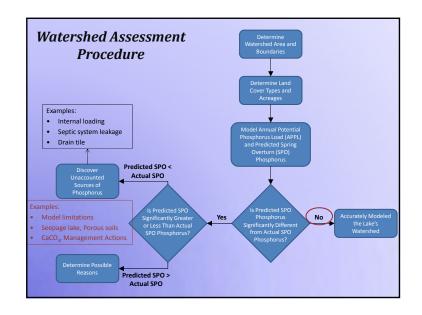




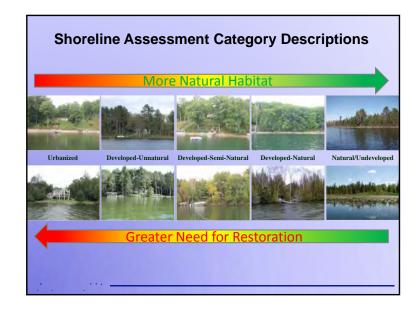


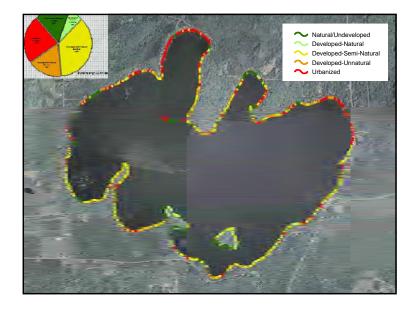








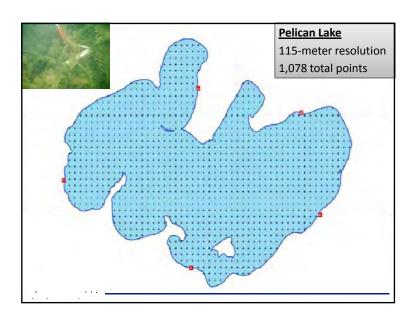


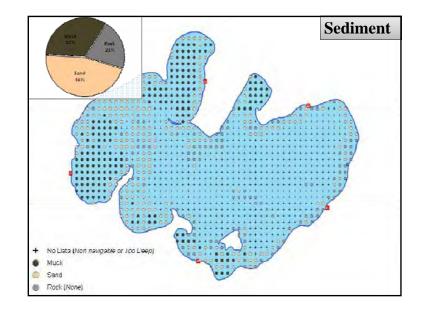


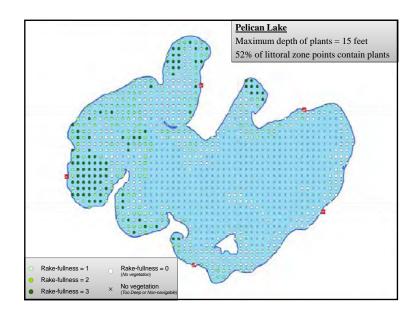


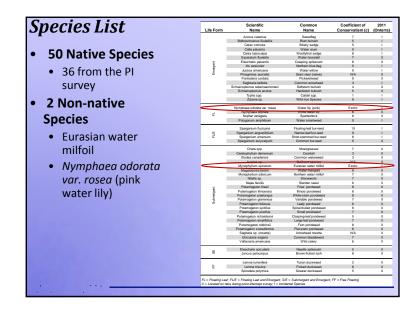
Aquatic Plant Surveys

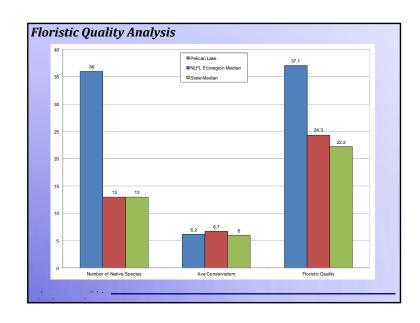
- Concerned with both native and non-native plants
- Multiple surveys used in assessment
 - Early-season AIS survey
 - Point-intercept survey
 - Systematic sampling method
 - Can compare lakes within same ecoregion
 - Plant community mapping
 - Accurately map floating-leaf & emergent communities
 - May compare to future surveys

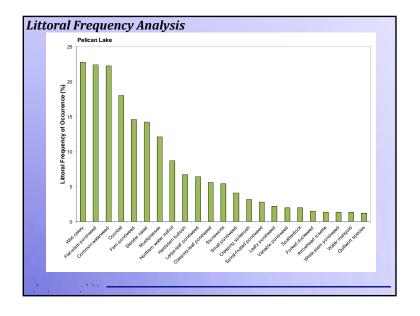


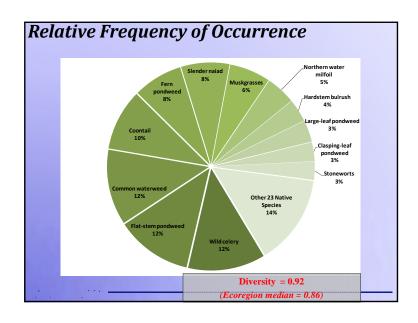


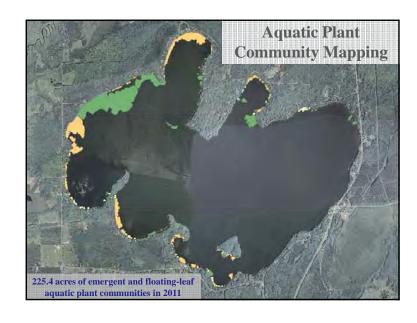




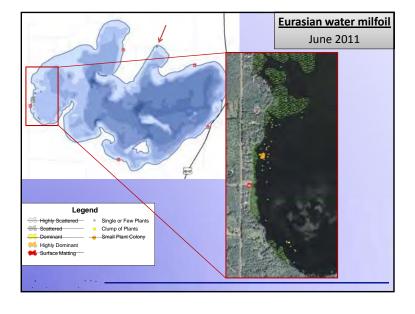


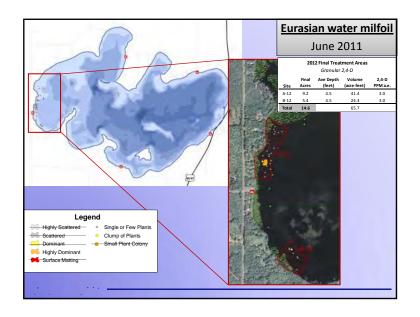


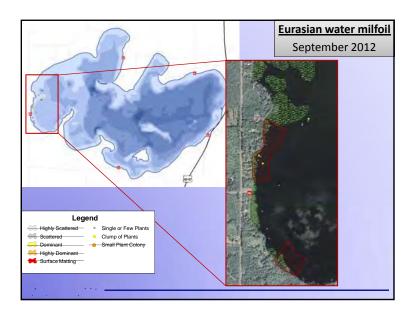


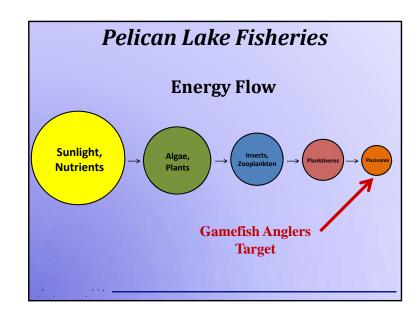




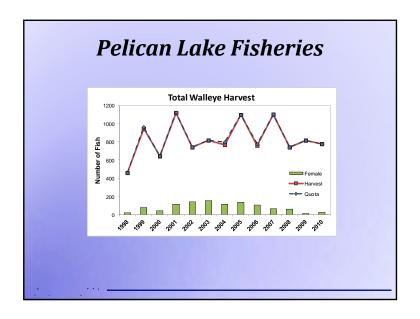


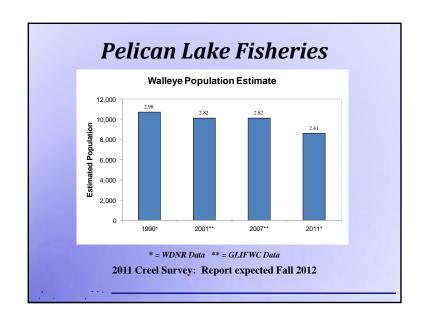


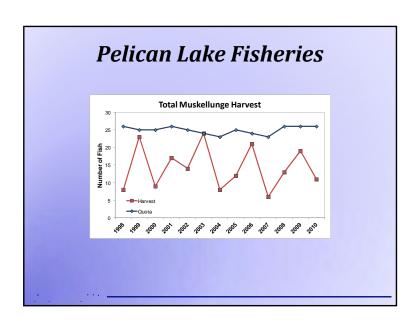












Conclusions

- Water quality is good to excellent
- Overall watershed is largely in healthy condition
 - Minimal phosphorus input; ecologically valuable land cover types present
 - Shoreline displays signs of human disturbance
- Aquatic plant community
 - Based on standard analysis, native community is of high quality compared to other lakes in the region and the state
 - EWM infestation is early on. Treatment results have been met with success but continued attention is needed.

B

APPENDIX B

Stakeholder Survey Response Charts and Comments

Returned Surveys	296
Sent Surveys	486
Response Rate (%)	60.9

PELICAN LAKE PROPERTY

#1 What type of property do you own on Pelican Lake?

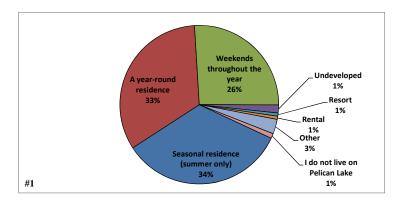
	Total	%
Seasonal residence (summer only)	103	33.9
A year-round residence	101	33.2
Weekends throughout the year	79	26.0
Undeveloped	5	1.6
Resort	2	0.7
Rental	2	0.7
Other	9	3.0
I do not live on Pelican Lake	3	1.0
	304	100.0

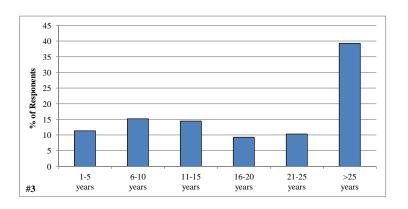
#2 How many days each year is your property used by you or others?

Answered Question	273
Average	132
Standard deviation	120

#3 How long have you owned your property on Pelican Lake?

	Total	%
1-5 years	33	11.4
6-10 years	44	15.2
11-15 years	42	14.5
16-20 years	27	9.3
21-25 years	30	10.3
>25 years	114	39.3
	290	100.0





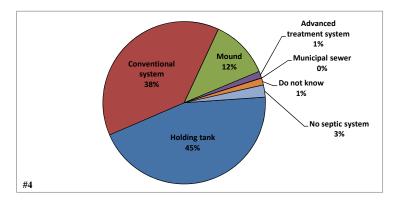
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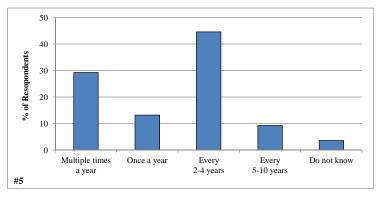
#4 What type of septic system does your property utilize?

	Total	%
Holding tank	129	44.6
Conventional system	111	38.4
Mound	34	11.8
Advanced treatment system	4	1.4
Municipal sewer	0	0.0
Do not know	4	1.4
No septic system	7	2.4
	289	100.0

#5 How often is the septic tank on your property pumped?

	Total	%
Multiple times a year	82	29.3
Once a year	37	13.2
Every 2-4 years	125	44.6
Every 5-10 years	26	9.3
Do not know	10	3.6
	280	100.0





RECREATIONAL USE ON PELICAN LAKE

#6 How many years ago did you first visit Pelican Lake?

Answered Question	293
Average	38.9
Standard deviation	39.4

#8 For how many years have you fished Pelican Lake?

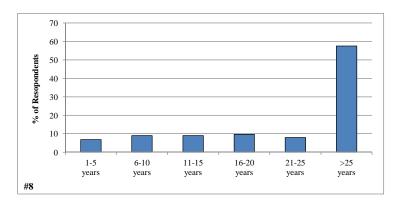
	Total	%
1-5 years	19	6.8
6-10 years	25	9.0
11-15 years	25	9.0
16-20 years	27	9.7
21-25 years	22	7.9
>25 years	160	57.6
	278	100.0

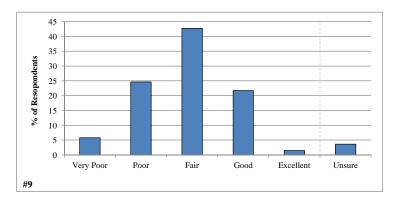
#9 How would you describe the current quality of fishing on Pelican Lake?

	Total	%
Very Poor	16	5.8
Poor	68	24.6
Fair	118	42.8
Good	60	21.7
Excellent	4	1.4
Unsure	10	3.6
	276	100.0

#7 Have you personally fished on Pelican Lake?

	Total	%
Yes	277	95.8
No	12	4.2
	289	100.0





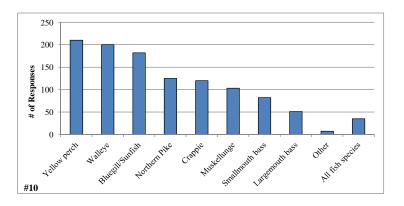
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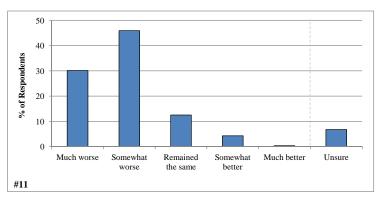
#10 What species of fish do you like to catch on Pelican Lake?

	Total
Yellow perch	210
Walleye	200
Bluegill/Sunfish	182
Northern Pike	125
Crappie	120
Muskellunge	103
Smallmouth bass	82
Largemouth bass	51
Other	7
All fish species	35

#11 How has the quality of fishing changed since you started fishing on Pelican Lake?

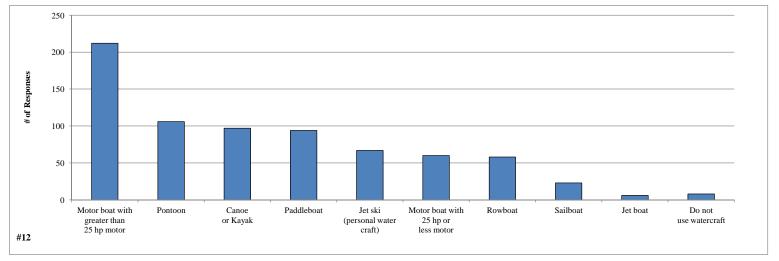
	Total	%
Much worse	84	30.1
Somewhat worse	128	45.9
Remained the Same	35	12.5
Somewhat better	12	4.3
Much better	1	0.4
Unsure	19	6.8
	279	100.0





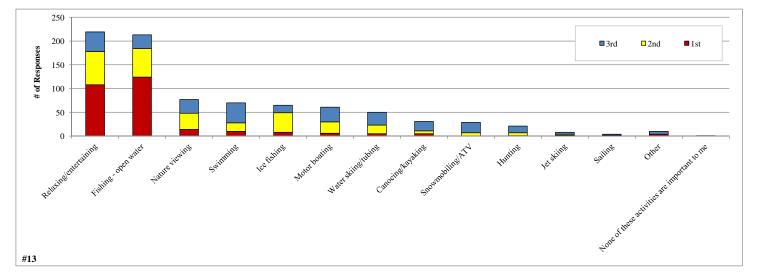
#12 What types of watercraft do you currently use on Pelican Lake?

	Total
Motor boat with greater than 25 hp motor	212
Pontoon	106
Canoe/Kayak	97
Paddleboat	94
Jet ski (personal water craft)	67
Motor boat with 25 hp or less motor	60
Rowboat	58
Sailboat	23
Jet boat	6
Do not use watercraft	8



#13 Please rank up to three activities that are important reasons for owning your property on or near Pelican Lake.

	1st	2nd	3rd	% ranked
Relaxing/entertaining	108	70	41	25.5
Fishing - open water	124	60	29	24.8
Nature viewing	14	34	29	9.0
Swimming	10	18	42	8.1
Ice fishing	8	41	16	7.6
Motor boating	6	24	31	7.1
Water skiing/tubing	5	18	27	5.8
Canoeing/kayaking	5	6	20	3.6
Snowmobiling/ATV	0	7	22	3.4
Hunting	1	6	14	2.4
Jet skiing	2	2	4	0.9
Sailing	1	1	2	0.5
Other	4	0	6	1.2
None of these activities are important to me	1	0	0	0.1
	289	287	283	100.0



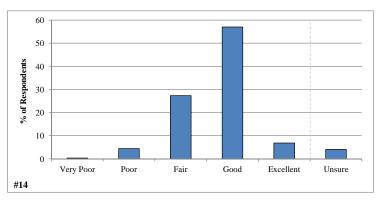
PELICAN LAKE CURRENT AND HISTORIC CONDITION, HEALTH AND MANAGEMENT

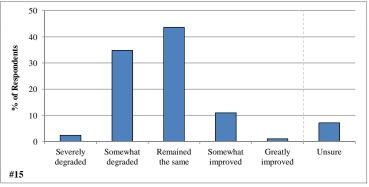
#14 How would you describe the current water quality of Pelican Lake?

	Total	%
Very Poor	1	0.3
Poor	13	4.4
Fair	80	27.3
Good	167	57.0
Excellent	20	6.8
Unsure	12	4.1
	293	100.0

#15 How has the water quality changed in Pelican Lake since you first visited Pelican Lake?

	Total	%
Severely degraded	7	2.4
Somewhat degraded	102	34.8
Remained the same	128	43.7
Somewhat improved	32	10.9
Greatly improved	3	1.0
Unsure	21	7.2
	293	100.0





#16 Have you ever heard of aquatic invasive species?

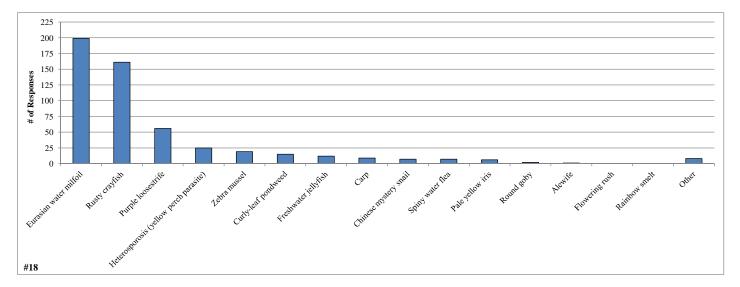
	Total	%
Yes	289	98.3
No	5	1.7
	294	100.0

#17 Are you aware of aquatic invasive species in Pelican Lake?

	Total	%
Yes	232	81.1
No	54	18.9
	286	100.0

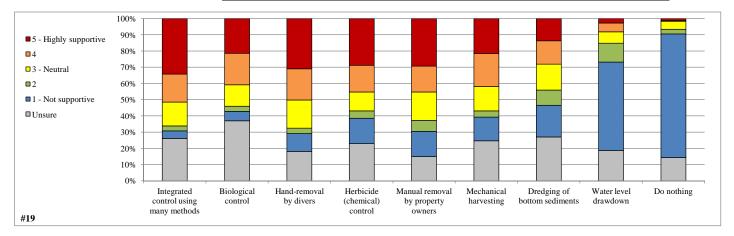
Which aquatic invasive species are you aware of in Pelican Lake?

	Total
Eurasian water milfoil	199
Rusty crayfish	161
Purple loosestrife	56
Heterosporosis (yellow perch parasite)	25
Zebra mussel	19
Curly-leaf pondweed	15
Freshwater jellyfish	12
Carp	9
Chinese mystery snail	7
Spiny water flea	7
Pale yellow iris	6
Round goby	2
Alewife	1
Flowering rush	0
Rainbow smelt	0
Other	8



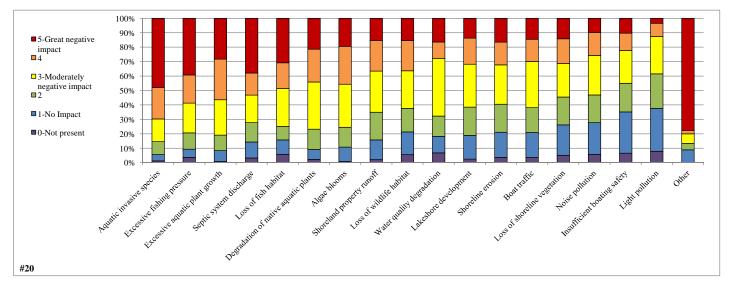
#19 Invasive aquatic plants can be managed using many techniques. What is your level of support for the responsible use of the following techniques on Pelican Lake?

	1 - Not supportive	2	3 - Neutral	4	5 - Highly supportive	Unsure	Total	Average
Integrated control using many methods	12	8	38	45	89	68	192	4.0
Biological control	15	8	34	50	55	95	162	3.7
Hand-removal by divers	29	9	46	51	82	48	217	3.7
Herbicide (chemical) control	42	12	31	44	77	61	206	3.5
Manual removal by property owners	41	18	46	42	77	39	224	3.4
Mechanical harvesting	38	10	39	53	56	64	196	3.4
Dredging of bottom sediments	50	24	41	37	35	69	187	2.9
Water level drawdown	140	30	18	14	7	48	209	1.7
Do nothing	185	7	12	1	3	35	208	1.2



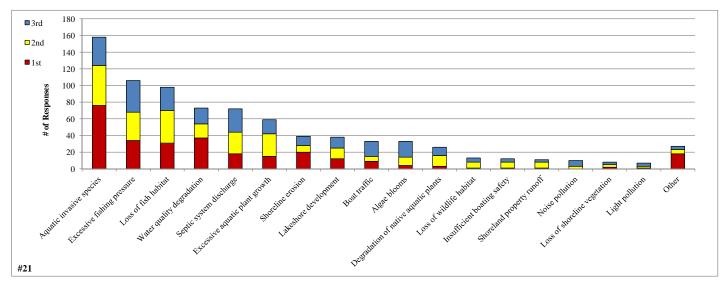
#20 To what level do you believe each of the following factors may be negatively impacting Pelican Lake?

	0-Not present	1-No Impact	2	3-Moderately negative impact	4	5-Great negative impact	Total	Average
Aquatic invasive species	3	10	21	37	51	112	231	4.0
Excessive fishing pressure	9	14	28	51	48	97	238	3.6
Excessive aquatic plant growth	2	18	26	59	68	68	239	3.6
Septic system discharge	7	24	29	41	33	82	209	3.5
Loss of fish habitat	14	25	23	65	44	76	233	3.3
Degradation of native aquatic plants	5	15	31	72	50	47	215	3.3
Algae blooms	2	23	32	69	61	45	230	3.3
Shoreland property runoff	5	32	45	67	50	36	230	3.0
Loss of wildlife habitat	13	37	38	61	49	36	221	2.9
Water quality degradation	15	25	31	88	25	36	205	2.9
Lakeshore development	6	39	47	71	43	33	233	2.9
Shoreline erosion	9	42	47	66	38	40	233	2.8
Boat traffic	9	44	44	81	39	37	245	2.8
Loss of shoreline vegetation	12	49	45	54	40	33	221	2.7
Noise pollution	14	54	47	67	39	24	231	2.6
Insufficient boating safety	16	69	48	55	29	25	226	2.4
Light pollution	18	68	55	59	21	8	211	2.1
Other	0	4	2	3	1	35	45	4.4



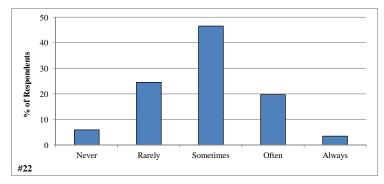
#21 From the list below, please rank your top three concerns regarding Pelican Lake.

	1st	2nd	3rd	% Ranked
Aquatic invasive species	76	48	34	19.2
Excessive fishing pressure	34	34	38	12.9
Loss of fish habitat	31	39	28	11.9
Water quality degradation	37	17	19	8.9
Septic system discharge	18	26	28	8.7
Excessive aquatic plant growth	15	27	17	7.2
Shoreline erosion	20	8	11	4.7
Lakeshore development	12	13	13	4.6
Boat traffic	9	6	18	4.0
Algae blooms	4	10	19	4.0
Degradation of native aquatic plants	3	13	10	3.2
Loss of wildlife habitat	1	7	5	1.6
Insufficient boating safety	1	7	4	1.5
Shoreland property runoff	1	7	3	1.3
Noise pollution	0	3	7	1.2
Loss of shoreline vegetation	2	3	3	1.0
Light pollution	1	2	4	0.9
Other	18	5	4	3.3
	283	275	265	100.0



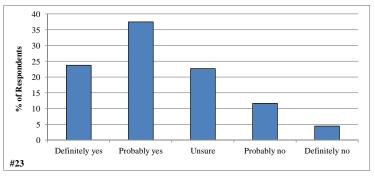
#22 During open water season how often does aquatic plant growth, including algae, negatively impact your enjoyment of Pelican Lake?

	Total	%
Never	17	5.9
Rarely	71	24.5
Sometimes	135	46.6
Often	57	19.7
Always	10	3.4
	290	100.0



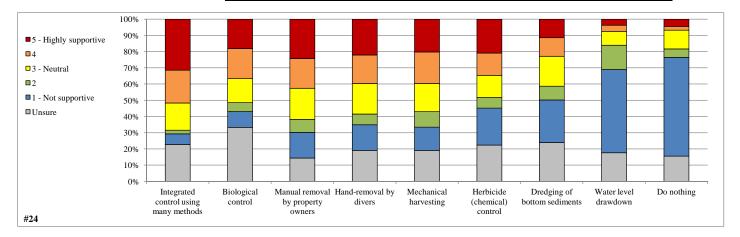
#23 Considering your answer to the question above, do you believe aquatic plant control is needed on Pelican Lake?

	Total	%
Definitely yes	69	23.7
Probably yes	109	37.5
Unsure	66	22.7
Probably no	34	11.7
Definitely no	13	4.5
	291	100.0



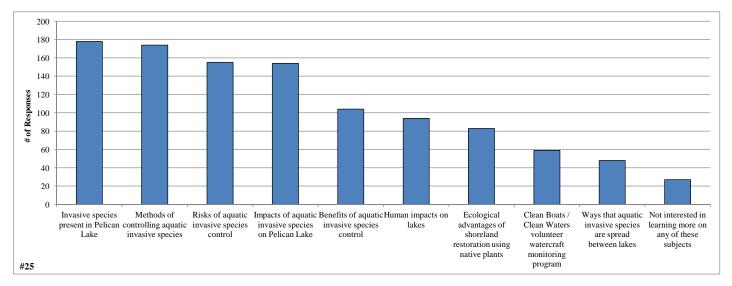
#24 Native aquatic plants can be managed using many techniques. What is your level of support for the responsible use of the following techniques on Pelican Lake?

	1 - Not supportive	2	3 - Neutral	4	5 - Highly supportive	Unsure	Total	Average
Integrated control using many methods	18	6	46	55	86	62	211	3.9
Biological control	26	15	40	50	49	90	180	3.5
Manual removal by property owners	43	22	52	50	66	39	233	3.3
Hand-removal by divers	43	18	51	48	60	52	220	3.3
Mechanical harvesting	39	26	47	53	55	52	220	3.3
Herbicide (chemical) control	63	18	38	38	58	62	215	3.0
Dredging of bottom sediments	71	23	50	31	31	65	206	2.7
Water level drawdown	137	40	23	10	10	47	220	1.7
Do nothing	152	13	29	6	11	39	211	1.6



#25 Which of these subjects would you like to learn more about?

	Total
Invasive species present in Pelican Lake	178
Methods of controlling aquatic invasive species	174
Risks of aquatic invasive species control	155
Impacts of aquatic invasive species on Pelican Lake	154
Benefits of aquatic invasive species control	104
Human impacts on lakes	94
Ecological advantages of shoreland restoration using native plants	83
Clean Boats / Clean Waters volunteer watercraft monitoring program	59
Ways that aquatic invasive species are spread between lakes	48
Not interested in learning more on any of these subjects	27



PELICAN LAKE PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

#26 Before receiving this mailing, have you ever heard of the Pelican Lake Property Owners Association?

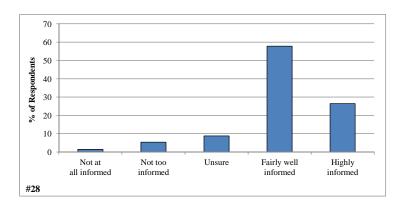
	Total	%
Yes	277	94.5
No	16	5.5
	293	100.0

#27 What is your membership status with the Pelican Lake Property Owners Association?

	Total	%
Current member	182	65.7
Former member	43	15.5
Never been a member	52	18.8
	277	100.0

#28 How informed has the Pelican Lake Property Owners Association kept you regarding issues with Pelican Lake and its management?

	Total	%
Not at all informed	3	1.5
Not too informed	11	5.4
Unsure	18	8.8
Fairly well informed	118	57.8
Highly informed	54	26.5
	204	100.0



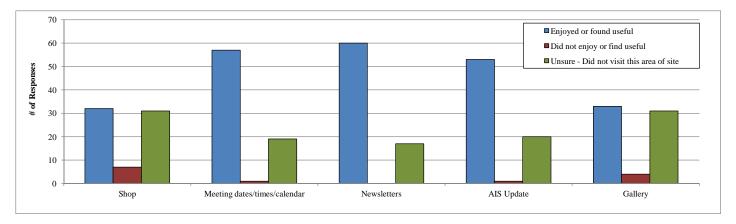
15

#29 Have you visited the newly developed Association website?

	Total	%
Yes	63	22.4
No	218	77.6
	281	100.0

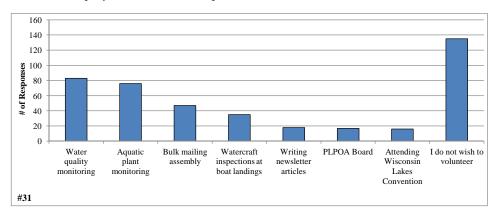
#30 Please rate the various areas/links of the PLPOA website. In the space below list any items that should be added to the website.

	Enjoyed or found	Did not enjoy	Unsure - Did not visit this
	useful	or find useful	area of site
Shop	32	7	31
Meeting dates/times/calendar	57	1	19
Newsletters	60	0	17
AIS Update	53	1	20
Gallery	33	4	31



#31 Please circle the activities you would be willing to participate in if the Pelican Lake Property Owners Association requires additional assistance.

	Total
Water quality monitoring	83
Aquatic plant monitoring	76
Bulk mailing assembly	47
Watercraft inspections at boat landings	35
Writing newsletter articles	18
PLPOA Board	17
Attending Wisconsin Lakes Convention	16
I do not wish to volunteer	135

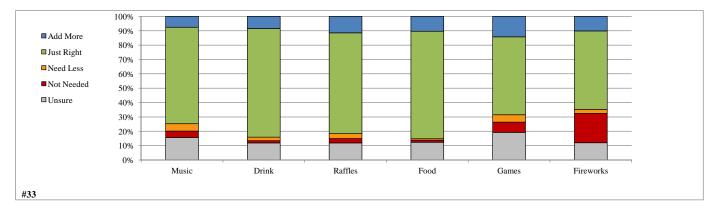


#32 The Pelican Lake Property Owners Association hosts a Summerfest Fundraiser Meeting & Event each year. Are you familiar with this event?

	Total	%
Yes	219	75.8
No	70	24.2
	289	100.0

#33 The Summerfest Fundraiser Meeting & Event includes activities such as food, music, drink, games and raffles. Please circle the response which best describes your feelings about each activity.

	Not Needed	Need Less	Just Right	Add More	Unsure	Total	Average
Music	9	10	133	15	31	167	3.0
Drink	3	5	152	17	24	177	3.0
Raffles	6	7	141	23	24	177	2.9
Food	3	2	152	21	25	178	2.9
Games	14	10	107	28	38	159	2.6
Fireworks	42	6	113	21	25	182	0.4



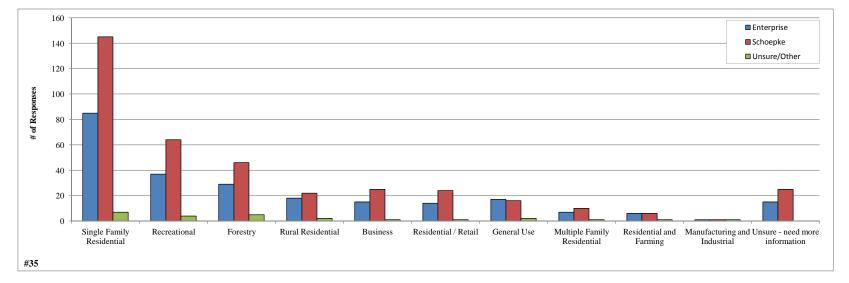
PELICAN LAKE PROPERTY USE AND ZONING

#34 Which township is your Pelican Lake residence located in?

	Total	%
Enterprise	106	36.8
Schoepke	178	61.8
Unsure	4	1.4
	288	100.0

#35 Which type of Oneida County approved land-use districts would be acceptable to you for the shoreland around Pelican Lake?

	Enterprise	Schoepke	Unsure/Other	Total
Single Family Residential	85	145	7	237
Recreational	37	64	4	105
Forestry	29	46	5	80
Rural Residential	18	22	2	42
Business	15	25	1	41
Residential / Retail	14	24	1	39
General Use	17	16	2	35
Multiple Family Residential	7	10	1	18
Residential and Farming	6	6	1	13
Manufacturing and Industrial	1	1	1	3
Unsure - need more information	15	25	0	40

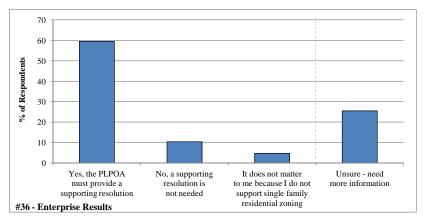


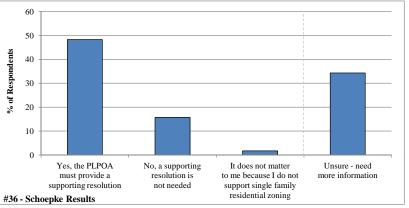
#36 Should support of single family residential zoning (along with currently existing businesses), by Pelican Lake residents require the PLPOA to draft a resolution in support of this zoning?

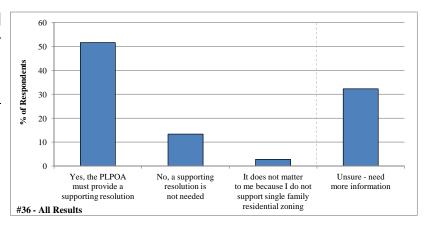
Enterprise Residents		
	Total	%
Yes, the PLPOA must provide a supporting resolution	63	59.4
No, a supporting resolution is not needed	11	10.4
It does not matter to me because I do not support single family residential zoning	5	4.7
Unsure - need more information	27	25.5
	106	100.0

Schoepke Residents		
	Total	%
Yes, the PLPOA must provide a supporting resolution	83	48.3
No, a supporting resolution is not needed	27	15.7
It does not matter to me because I do not support single family residential zoning	3	1.7
Unsure - need more information	59	34.3
-	172	100.0

All Residents		
	Total	%
Yes, the PLPOA must provide a supporting resolution	147	51.6
No, a supporting resolution is not needed	38	13.3
It does not matter to me because I do not support single family residential zoning	8	2.8
Unsure - need more information	92	32.3
	285	100.0

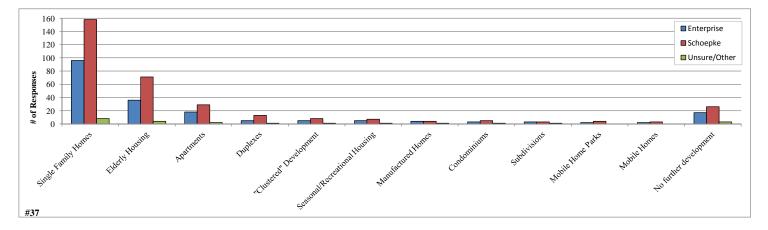






#37 What type of housing development would be acceptable to you as shoreland property on Pelican Lake?

	Enterprise	Schoepke	Unsure/Other	Total
Single Family Homes	96	158	8	262
Elderly Housing	36	71	4	111
Apartments	18	29	2	49
Duplexes	5	13	1	19
"Clustered" Development	5	8	1	14
Seasonal/Recreational Housing	5	7	1	13
Manufactured Homes	4	4	1	9
Condominiums	3	5	1	9
Subdivisions	3	3	1	7
Mobile Home Parks	2	4	0	6
Mobile Homes	2	3	0	5
No further development	17	26	3	46



Survey Number	1g Comment	10i Comment	13m Comment	18p Comment	20r Comment	21r Comment	30 Comment	33 Comment	Other Comments (and Question 38)
1							snowmobile trail condition, lake property		water level management, inhibit shoreland erosian, limnit spearfishing, reduced limits of panfish/perch
2					loss of trees		history		
3			being with grandkids						overdevelopment degredates shoreline, excessive tree removal, large homes replace small, close Keelers landing because of miltoil and no further development, purchase and put in land trust, try to obtain state stewardship funds -research area for burial grounds, artifacts etc and team with Nicolet/ St. Point to research and support
<u>4</u> 5		Anything	Family	Snails				Love it	
6		Allything	ranniy	Straits				waste of money causes additional pollution due to fireworks	know of lake association members raping the lake - undersize fish and excessive amounts- freezers full' excessive noise from jet skiis too close to dock and boats;atvs on roads not authorized- adults and kids w/o headgear- need patrols; fireworks by homeowners should be controlled- excessive noise;
8									
9									
10 11									
12									
13	year around					Bass size limits			
14	over 100 days								
15									wondering who is responsible for putting signs on corner of G and S. Shore Road- sign w/owners names missing
16 17									
18									
19 20									
21									
22							linter to the IZee Mant		
23					Spearing	Spearing	links to the Key West slide show		Unsure what is meant by retail some people sell firewood, maple syrup, craft items, not on a grand scale
24						Jet skiis-don't	lavorda e dia de anna inte		After survey set PLPOA website as a favorite ; excellent tool.
25						respect rules	laundry discharge into lake		
26									Find a way to manage the weed patches that have gotten out of hand
27 28									Your decision to make property owners aware of these issues is excellent- thank you.
29									
30 31									
32									Sent map of Mentonga -highlited- stock walleye;notspeared;trolling allowed;3 bag walleye;wants walleye stocked in Pelican since DNR refuses, use all firework \$ for stocking
33 34					Too many jet skis				
35									
36									
37				weeds/algae				Due to constaints of age, I no longer attend but my family attends	I have been coming here for 60 years and enjoy the beauty and recreation of this lake. As noted I favor attention to water quality, invasive species, and single family zoning lakeshore, to protect the lure of this property for family use. Thanks for the concern of the PLPOA to continue helping this endeavor.
39									
40								The exception would be if specific individuals would decide to fund the fireworks.	I support the issues of single family housing, I believe the Schoepke Town Board did a good overall job developing/writing/discussing Coordination. I do not want to see the PLPOA become an adversarial entity as demonstrated at a recent town board meeting. However, there should be open discussions done in a mature professional manner. One of my concerns for Pelican Lake is the appearance of the use of parked motor homes/campers to extend living space of residences. They pay no taxes and are an eyesore.
41			Relatives						
42			lived on lake	1	1				
43									
44 45								More vendors	Problem with too much water being released; try to renegotiate the amount.
46				<u> </u>					1 1000000 That to much water being released, by to refrequence the amount.
47					spearing fish and illegal fish harvesting				The overharvesting of game and pan fish is one of the biggest roadblocks keeping Pelican L:ake from becoming a great fishery again

Survey	1g	10i	13m	18p	20r	21r	30	33	Other
Number 48	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment		Comments (and Question 38) Fishing has been going downhill. To catch a meal of perch or walleye is almost an impossibility. Musky fishing may be better (probably why perch and walleye have declined along with spearing.) However, it's almost impossible to cast for musky w/o hooking submerged or floating weeds. Because of fishing Pelican Lake is a "bluecollar" lake. However I see this changing. I see more and more recreational
49									activity. The small cottage is being replaced by a mansion.
50									Overbagging on large crappie by large group of ice fishing. More shoreland vegetation for nesting
51 52									waterfowl. Stop tribal spearing of stock walleye.
53					Commercial Development	Fast traffic	Link to township lakes on enterprise and schoepke need a PLPOA laiason on both		
54									
55								It should last longer than early afternoon - maybe make it like Elcho street dance	
56									Our Townchairman does not care about anyone living on the lake - we can not voice our concerns. We need new supervisors and chairman. We hope it changes
57 58									Lake buoys not maintained properly and located
59					Overcrowded				PLPOA needs to spend money previously raised - incuding fish stocking (abr.)
60					residences				What impacts do the campgrounds have? Pontoon flotillas? (abr.)
61					Spearing	Spearing			
62					Boat wave action	Boat wave action - bulrushes are being eliminated			Concerned about bulrushes (abr.)
63									Thanks for asking our opinion
64 65									
66					Spearing	Spearing			
67 68				Snails		Jet Skis			I think we're doing just fine - new residents are stirring up the pot (abr.)
69 70					Spearing Ice fishing	Spearing		Did not attend last year	Need more vegetation, eliminate spearing & fishing during spawning etc. (abr.)
71									Heed more vegetation, climinate spearing a norming during spawning etc. (abr.)
72 73			Hope to retire		Spearing	Spearing			
74									
75 76									Thanks for all you do PLPOA
77									Water quality has decreased due to no blood suckers and loss of bullheads
78 79					The itch				Loss of shoreline - 1 foot a year and party flotillas at NE area of lake (abr.) lce fishing needs to stop this lake is overfished
80									
81						Spearing		This is first I have heard about this	52 years ago the lake was better (abr.)
82 83									
84									
85 86	-								Too many weeds in lake and summer's itch is worse; spearfishing an issue (abr.) Wrong for PLPOA to allow unsigned editorial in newsletter on zoning issue (abr.)
87									The second secon
88 89	-								
90					Heavy use of large horsepower boats too shallow: jetski tricks.				
91			Investment			Too many people telling me what I can or cannot do to my property			This lake used to be affordable waterfront property- no longer. Any changes to what we have must only be done after consideration of keeping the property affordable. With the collapse of the real estate market fewer can afford property here. With my taxes few people can afford to buy my property.
92			Paddleboat			`			
93 94								Car show enlarged- vote on cars- - maybe trophies	
95									Years ago Pelican Lake was full of fish. All of the things in this survey should be addressed for the lake. It is a beautiful lake.

Survey	1g	10i	13m	18p	20r	21r	30	33	Other
Number	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comments (and Question 38)
96									
97 98									
99									Would like to know more of its history
100								Need more activities for kids Concerned with proper management of water levels during the winter because ice is heaving and shorleand destruction. A better monitoring should be put in place. Would sewers be a better solution for septic runoff and a cleaner lake?	Troud like to know more or its history
101									
102									
103									
104								Consider expanding the size to attract more visitors. Please strongly consider stocking musky. We are not catching them like we should since Pelican is "The Home of the Musky." Thank you for doing the survey.	
106									
107 108					Indian spearing				
109					indian spearing				Water quality is number one priority in my opinion. I don't see fresh water mussels, swimming leeches, or do I catch bullheads.
110									do i catch bullneads.
111									Shoreline erosion is a concern for me. ATV trails need to be addressed for people on the north end of the lake. It makes good business sense and the roads are blacktop so dust should not be an issue. Speed limit should be posted so noise is at a minimum.
112									
113		pumpkinseed		There are a lot of snail shells that was into shore - not seen until last year.	water level going down	rip rap must go down- it's murder on the turtles during egg laying season			I am alarmed by falling lake levels and the increase in weed and algae growth. The overgrowth interferes with fishing and swimming. There is also too much shoreline development. Indian Point Road is like a lakefront ghetto. Rip rap should be banned due to its negative effect on turtle and frog populations.
115					Too many public landings- difficult to monitor AIS			Old timers were not very friendly at the picnic.Add more crafts, etc.Have enjoyed the lake immensely which is why we are currently building. We plan on retiring here someday and being active members.	
116							Maybe an open forum		The purpose is to preserve, protect, and enhance the waters of Pelican Lake. If you don't support a resolution, I don't believe your purpose is " real." A greast lake obviously facing some major issues; I am very glad we have a committed association that clearly cares. Thank you.
117 118				 				 	Both townships should be zoned the same.
118				 				1	Dour townships should be Zoffed the Sainte.
120						Jet skiis	Jet skiis and speed boatsStop paying people at boat landings looking for weeds; use money for stocking fish.		
121									Resolution is important; I think we need a sewage treatment system; I can't think water quality will improve without it. There is too much waste water being put into the soil for it to keep absorbing it all. It is going to end up in the lake. I don't know what Enterprise Township is up to but General Use zoning is wrong.
122				1	<u> </u>			1	

Survey	1g	10i	13m	18p	20r	21r	30	33	Other
Number 123	Comment	Comment	Comment Ice skating	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment Save money on fireworks; apply it toward ASI management. Summerfeste does not bring in that large a profit. The meeting is more important The PLPOA should stay out of the political zoning issues. It should not be used to advance the agendas of a small group who are misguided advocates for imposing their will on the majority. The mechanism for expressing opinions is already in place- voting in elections. Pelican Lake and its shoreland propertiesn have been loved and propertiesn have been loved and enjoyed for many years while the PLPOA may be recently incorporated; it has existed for many years; many many members have contributed time and money over the years; this should have been stated in the website.	Comments (and Question 38)
124									
125 126					Spearing				Love our Pelican lake home - would get more involved here but time restaints between 2 places prevent that. Appreciate what you do- always keep us informed.
127									I started musky fishing thirteen years ago. I've seen a steady decline; the lack of muskies between 1- and 30 inches is disturbing as is a decline in northerns over 30 inches. P.S. I'm catch and release
128									
129								Summerfeste has only slight interest to me. I attend the meeting and donate to PLPOA.	
130									As far as for question number 36, I voted yes because single family I think it should be. If everyone is not in agreement that is a member, then it may be hard for PLPOA to say one way or another. Great job everyone, thanks.
131									I have fished Pelican for over 50 years; rusty crayfish has all but ruined that. It is still a great recreational lake.
132									
133					Parking and fishing 8 feet from our dock.				While not an avid fisherman. I have noticed a decline in the fishery. Also note decline in civility. July 4 our loon mailbox was beheaded. Every summer holiday boats of adults anchor and fish less than 10 feet from our dock. Beer bottles on the road. Aquatic plants made Guth's Bay unattractive for swimming and fishing. Great job invasive monitors at landings; buoys and cribs; policing unsafe boating; and fireworks.
134 135									
136									
137									Thanks to the PLPOA for helping maintain our lake. As I am a weekend only resident, I am unable to help as much as I would like.
138 139									
140								Laundry runoff Too much over regulation I think people who put their laundry water in the lake need to be stopped. It is apparent on Saturday morning-from Antigo Island?Changing zoning from business multiple family is not correct. Setbacks are fine but current rebuilding rules are extremely poor. Dictating that everyone needs their holding tank/septic pumped every "x" years is illogical. Some don't need it; it is wasting people's money.	

143 144 145 146 147 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148	Survey	1g	10i	13m	18p	20r	21r	30	33	Other
The primary reason as fellings. Notice the control of the primary reason as fellings Notice the fishing should and January 31. Leave the live of the control of the primary reason as fellings. Notice the fishing should are distanced by speen. Check the reads of the control of the primary reason as fellings. Notice the fishing should be a read for control of the primary reason as fellings. Notice the fishing the fishing the primary reason as fellings. Notice the fishing the fishing the primary reason as fellings. Notice the fishing the fishing the primary reason as fellings. Notice the fishing the fishing the fishing the primary reason as fellings. Notice the fishing the fishing the fishing the primary reason as fellings. Notice the fishing the fis		Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	A long commntary is presented that suggests in 1.5 pages that the increase in boat and jet ski traffic is ruining the hiatorical presence of Pelican Lake as a fishing lake. Routinely the writer is disturbed by jet skiis and botas coming close to the dock areas or fishing boats at a high rate of speed. The writer wants the PLPOA and the DNR to meet to decide how to control this problem. One option suggested is a "No Wake Period" suggested 5pm to noon the next day would be No Wake. The onslaught is destroying the beatyty, serenity, and fishing heritage of Pelican Lake. The PLPOA has been active in attempting to keep AIS from the lake. It needs to be as proactive about maintaining and preserving the fishing heritage. Let's face it, either we support the fishing or we succumb to the water traffic. The PLPOA needs to choose
145 White parch 146 White parch 147 White parch 148 White parch 149 White parch 140 White parc										We would like the spearing on Pelican Lake discontinued. We highly support what the association is trying to do.
The primary issues in Sellings for more Indican speaking to Relitation postering of the result of the control including 51 stables, Allower the fallow in the control including 51 stables, Allower the fallow in the control including 51 stables and accessionly speem. Check the results of the control including 51 stables and the control includin										
140 White people	145		White bass							to itself from January 31 to May. Allow the fish to recover and successfully spawn. Check the results of
140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140					M/hito poroh					
Seals. In the 60's and 60's you could catch all mind perhal way does not perhal way. Seals and the seal of the country of the catch all mind perhal way as good and seals. May be a seal of the country of the catch all mind perhal way as good and seals. May be a seal of the country of the catch all mind perhal way as good and seals. May be a seal of the winter access down. Way from many sides faithing, it is common to pick up wrappers and beer canse every westerned of the catch all the country of the winter access down. Way from many sides faithing, it is common to pick up wrappers and beer canse every westerned of the cancer with the country of the country of the winter access down. Way from many sides faithing, it is common to pick up wrappers and beer canse every westerned of the cancer with the country of the country					writte percir				the past but plan to attend in the future I would like the town board members to take into consideration the wishes of both residents and property owners who are not full time residents	
Musiky and basis rules need an overhaul. Lower size on basis and musiky, are eating up small perch and walleye. 40 years ago it was easy to catch a meal of perch and walleye. Did not know about website but will now use regularly. Expecially helpful daily femps.									Con target (C.C.)	netting out the small bullheads was a bad idea in the 80's since the bullhead will eat crayfish eggs and we know the crayfish destroy weed beds like the one that used to be off Chicago Point and Mud Bay. Also we need to find out what the DNR is going to do for us. I heard that the DNR has been stripping walleye every spring for years. We know the walleye population is way down. We should also consider closing some of the winter access down. Way too many slobs fishing. It is common to pick up wrappers and beer cans
Musky and bass rules need an overhaul. Lower size on bass and musky. Bass and musky are eating up small perch and walleye. 40 years ago it was easy to catch a meal of perch and walleye. 154 154 155 156										
Did not know about website but will now use regularly. Especially helpful daily temps. 154										
155 157 158 159	153							website but will now use regularly. Especially		
158 159 169 170 188 189 189 199 199 199 199 199 199 199										
157 158 159 160 179 180 180 180 180 180 190 180 190 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 18										
159 I really only attended one.I wished the past lake association actions to suspend DNR fish stocking was based on sound biology versus the type of fish the board liked to catch or that they believed was the underlying reason for not catching fish. This is why I did not renew my membership. I think the association should not try to control or manage things they are not expent in . Pelican Lake has the most potential of any lake in Oneida County. I wish that potential could be realized through the cooperative efforts of the PLPOA, the DNR, the tribal council, and all visitors to the lake. Hard to choosemost are interconnected.										
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most are lce conditions Figure out a way to give nonresident taxpayers a say in local government.							Hard to choose		wished the past lake association actions to suspend DNR fish stocking was based on sound biology versus the type of fish the board liked to catch or that they believed was the underlying reason for not catching fish. This is why I did not renew my membership. I think the association should not try to control or manage things they are not experts in. Pelican Lake has the most potential of any lake in Oneida County. I wish that potential could be realized through the cooperative efforts of the PLPOA, the DNR, the tribal council, and all visitors to	
	161						most are	Ice conditions		Figure out a way to give nonresident taxpayers a say in local government.
	162						interconnected.			I do not want sewer around Pelican Lake.

150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	Survey Number	1g Comment	10i Comment	13m Comment	18p Comment	20r Comment	21r Comment	30 Comment	33 Comment	Other Comments (and Question 38)
Section Sect	163	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comments (and Question 30)
168 Shinteass	164									I fish mainly for perch. Perch fishing has really declined the last few years. There are a great number of bluegills and sunfish present. Years ago there were large bloodsuckers- now gone. Then came a large population of snails. Now we have algae blooms each summer along with water itch if we go in the water.
Specing and so the use of the control of the party of the party of the control of the party										
Description of Conference of C			Whitebass							If four wheelers are permitted on township roads, they should be forced to stay within proper 4-wheel speed limits. Post them correctly in plain view.
170 170 171 171 171 172 173 173 175 176 177 178 180 Jet skis Vendors, local arrists etc. Although we enjoy the quiet A	168							planting A cottage was just built on Pelican Lake on Outlet Bay. It has a new foundation and the cottage is new construction. It is only 50 feet from the shoreline. How is this possible? The 50 inch musky limit is a huge step forward. If it stays and the lake is stocked again, it may one day become again the		
loo much ice fishing, garbage left behind by them, and number of fish basin. Concern with taken. Concern with taken. Concern with taken home or existing septic use, and depretation of septic use, and depretation of refilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. Concern for femilizer used on luch lawns and rundf into lake. The rundf into lake into lake into lake and selected into the development of lake and the rundful into lake	169							quotas the way they are walleye fishing will never return to pre 1990		
172 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 173 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 174 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 175 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 176 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 177 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 178 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 178 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 179 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 179 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 179 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 179 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline 180 vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wak	170								too much ice fishing, garbage left behind by them, and number of fish taken. Concern with trailer homes on existing landowners property, adding to septic use, and degredation of neighbor's property. Concern for fertilizer used on luch lawns and runoff into lake. Concern for increased amount of weeds not	
173 174 175 176 176 177 177 177 178 178 178 179 179 179 180 181 181 181 182 183 184 184 184 185										Support legislation that 1. limits boat/motor size to 25hp. 2. provides 25 foot mandatory shoreline vegetation buffer. 3. Provides a 1/4 mile no-wake zone adjacent to shoreline
174										
175 Spotted knapweed It would be nice if we could come up to Pelican Lake on a weekend without the constant noise and aggression caused by jet skis and speed boats zipping by our property. We are also bothered by the amounts of loose grass and other aquatic vegetation that washes up on our shoreline. We would us vacation property more if we enjoyed the time we spend there. 181				-			-			
176 Spotted knapweed It would be nice if we could come up to Pelican Lake on a weekend without the constant noise and aggression caused by jet skis and sport yet we are also bothered by the amounts of loose grass and other aquatic vegetation that washes up on our shoreline. We would us vacation property more if we enjoyed the time we spend there. 179 Vendors, local artists etc. Although we enjoy the quiet nature of the lake, we would like to see a bit more restaurant and other business offerings. When I was a child the lake was abuzz with activity—sort of miss that. 182 It would like to see a small park with a beach similar to what Summit Lake has.										
It would be nice if we could come up to Pelican Lake on a weekend without the constant noise and aggression caused by jet skis and speed boats zipping by our property. We are also bothered by the amounts of loose grass and other aquatic vegetation that washes up on our shoreline. We would us vacation property more if we enjoyed the time we spend there. 180 181 181 181 182 183 1 would like to see a small park with a beach similar to what Summit Lake has.	176				Spotted knapweed					
179 180 vendors, local artists etc. Although we enjoy the quiet nature of the lake, we would like to see a bit more restaurant and other business offerings. When I was a child the lake was abuzz with activity sort of miss that. 182 183 1						Jet skis	Jet skis			aggression caused by jet skis and speed boats zipping by our property. We are also bothered by the amounts of loose grass and other aquatic vegetation that washes up on our shoreline. We would use our
180	179						<u> </u>			reason property more it we onjoyed the time we opend there.
Although we enjoy the quiet nature of the lake, we would like to see a bit more restaurant and other business offerings. When I was a child the lake was abuzz with activity sort of miss that. 182								<u> </u>		
183 I would like to see a small park with a beach similar to what Summit Lake has.	181								Although we enjoy the quiet nature of the lake, we would like to see a bit more restaurant and other business offerings. When I was a child the lake was abuzz	
184 I would like to see a small park with a beach similar to what Summit Lake has. 185							-			
185							+			I would like to see a small park with a beach similar to what Summit Lake has.
100	185									
100	186									

Survey	1g	10i	13m	18p	20r	21r	30	33	Other
Number 187	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comments (and Question 38) I volunteered for several projects and was told my help was not wanted because I did not live on the lake
188									full time.
189									
190									
191					Perch limits				Need more Walleys Ploanted!!! 2. None/Less Pre Spawn Spearing 3. No Swer Around the Lake 4. Lsower Speed Limit on Hwy B with speed Bumps. 5. Boat Launching Fee 6. Lake Litter "Ice Fishing" 7. Use of Local Raods as ATV Trails 8. House to House Inspections for "Grey Water" 9. Lower Tax's!
192 193									
194									I answered Qustion 11 as somewhat worse.By that I meant the Musky fishing is worse. I believe that the Walleye and Panfish is about the same as it has been over the years
195 196									
197					Indian Spearing				Somehow with the residents of Town of Enterprise residents (underlined three times) and the town of Schoepke residents (underlined three times) and the PLPOA (underlined three times) We must keep the residential areas around Pelican Lake Single Family Residential Zoning (underlined 5 times.
198								I think the location is not rigght maybe take it back to Lakeside will gert more people to stop.	I think the boat parade should be organized better and small prizes given out for the best decorartes and stop the people that disrupt it from joining in Ex Throwing water balloons at other boats Color code the top of buoys on the westside of the lake so you know which buous go together.
199						Spearing			Need to Stop Spear Fishing! It is Ruining the Lake Period and all That Fish It. Stop Spear Fishing! And Spending Money At The Casino's
200									
201 202									
203				bull heads					Several years ago the cooridinates for fish cribs were published but never again. These were very
204									helpful. Why can't these be made known to all again?
205					PWC Noise & operation of				#1 Pelican Lake can not be fished all year and be a good fishing lake. #2 I have a septic next door to me that is draining swer water into the lake. It should have a holding tank! #3 Control the abuse to the lake by personal water craft. Stop the round and round running, it is ripping up the lake!
206									Wish we were able to participate more we have limited time to spend at Pelican but definetly support all the effortsw to keep the lake beautiful health and safe.
207					Exess icd Fishing due to uncontrolled access to cars/trucks driving on and fishing out on the Lake. Any winter weekend hundreds of cars are out on the lake. Please cut off vehicor (sp) lake access wiping out the bait fish.				I'm a Fisherman. I have witnessed a significant decline in both quality and quantity of fishing over the past 16 years. I believe the signle biggest negative factor is the "over fishing" which occurs during ice fishing. Pelican Lake has 5 open access points on to the lake during winter ice fishing. During winter weekends, there can be 200 cars/trucks parked on the ice (Most are not property owners). This unlimited access is resulting in serverly reducing the bait fish and N. Pike populations, which in turn Reduces the game fish populations. I Strongly favor closing off all Lake Access to Cars/Trucks. If people want to walk out or 4-wheel/snowmobile out to sigh that is fine. But we must reduce winter fishing pressure befoe we wipe out all the game fish.
208								Money paid for fireworks could be used for lake problems. There is already enough fireworks around the lake.	
209 210									
211									Will there ever be a "sewer system" for the entiture lake residents?
212									you Failed to address Indian Spearing which still affects tourisim and the Over Harvest of Walleyes & Muskies. What about none functioning septic systmes and out houses still in existance around the lake shouldn't that be corrected! Boating activity with glass beverage containers should not be permitted. Dangerous to see glass containers being consumed in the lake.
213	Periodic throught out the year					speed boat and jet ski			I am appauled how it is allowed by the DNR & Indian Nation to adversely affect the perpetual growth of the Walley population in Pelican Lake. Algae grwoth & Spearing needs to be reduced.
214 215									
216 217									The only way to ensure a pristine, quiet atmosphere for future years and protect property values is to have the entire Lake Shore zoned single Family homes only!

Survey	1g	10i	13m	18p	20r	21r	30	33	Other
Number	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comments (and Question 38)
218								While I have been there during the FR I have seldom come down town. Therefore have no opionion	
219						Lake Level Dam Control		Move Fireworks to the 3 or 4th of July	I think to mximize the efforts of controlling Foreign plants & fish from entering the lake, the lake should only have one public boat landing, the state landing on G Can the PLPOA make an effort to aquire the Dam from the Wisconsin Valley Athorrity. Those people have no interest in Pelican Lake Quality. They just want the water for their porivate bussiness use. Server Lake level changes the sunlight depth in the lake. Low water increases vegitation around as stated by the DNR (???)
220 221									
222									
223									
224 225	Business		Mv Business			micromanaging			
226	Dasiness		Wy Business			mioromanaging			Pelican Lake is a great place to visit but is in need of more recreational oppurtunities to draw people in. IE restaurrants, resorts, golf courses. Also the lake lacks lodgfing for temporary tuests. Nosey residentws is also a problem on the lake.
227								Do Not Attend	
228 229								Very Poor Fireworks	
230	6 mos			I think j & f I don't know officail name					In the 50 years I have been coming to Pelican Lake there has been many changes. For instance we have loons again. Changing mature is difficult and it requires knowledge and planning. Sounds like tht is what you are trying to do. Hope we can help.
231								More promotio in surrounding areas, bands for broader demograpic would increase attendence	
232 233									
234									
235		Bullhead							I grew up living on Pelican Lake. 60+ years. I feel the lake has gone down hill somewhat. Yes its had its ups and downs - week growth up and down, water levels up and down. Aquatic species ups and downs - ex. Snail populatin way up. Large leeches pop - way down - back in the 50's & 60's population was very high - Where are they now? We need them to help degrade dead fish etc. Rescently crayfish population was up but in the passed couple of yers has gone down. What happened to the population. Boating activity has increased tremendously. Maybe3 the resason some are loosing shoeline. Due to a drought period areund the 1960's the overall head of the lake was raised from 16-18" to 20-22". Maybe another reason for shoreline loss. Weed growth recently has come back again espically in the submerget speiceis. Emergent species has dissappered. Some bullrushes and lily pads. Maybe due to people running them and cutting paths to get their big boarts and 100 hp motors out. I'd like see all of us go back to cane poles and rwoboats for a while and see what happens to the lake.
237									I'm addressing concerns in regards to boat traffic What followings is a well written Page and a half paper on partying very close to shore by some on or around the 4th of July. I did not feel it was worth it to type all of it in here as it would have taken up a lot of space. But the letter is included in the hard copy of the survey and is well written and informative.
239	Seasonal 6-				Carina Caci		Like this lak-		"Form goomed to have a missing page"
	7 mon/yr				Spring Spearing		Like thje Inks		"Form seemed to have a missing page"
240					Excessive Harvest by Indian Tribes only to go to waste				Pelican Lake is a Great Lake. However threre is no reason this can't be one of the premier fisheries in the "State" for many spieces. I kow this has been a difficult battle with the DNR however there are preprites that have been recently been put up for sale for this reason alone. Fish stocking programs are lacking but are needed. Please let me know how we can help. I believe one person with some help and the right attitudes can make a difference! Keep up the Good work. Your efforts are greatly appreciated.
242									Ban the use of lawn fertilizers within 1,000 yards of thre lake or its tributarites. 2. Requiore a one-time inspection of all septic systmes and require owners to repair or replace within 24 months. 3. Reduce the speed limit and County roads Q, B, and G to 35 mpm.
243									Pelican Lake is a wonderful recreation area but has some draw backs. Not enough entertainment or eating facilities. Very limited rental options for family & friends who would spend more time on the lake if they could. Land appreceations on the lake would be much improved with the addition of some of the above mentioned options. Finally, there are way too many busy bodies living on the lake who should worry more about themselves rather than their neighbors.
245 246					ice fishing	Low water			
247						LOW WALCE	any lake releated development or general current info.		
248		· ·							

Survey	1g	10i	13m	18p	20r	21r	30	33	Other
Number 249	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comments (and Question 38)
250									
251									It's a great lake. Let's Protect it! Stop worring about the Musky. How can we get more Walleye in the lake?
252									The state of the s
253									Town of Schoepke needs tyo conswider some type of winter fee Road Pass Daily or Yearly for ice access from Keelers Landing. A summer time fee is now institued but nothing for the winter.
254 255									Fish speraring is hurting our lake. (A) I find dead fish on my shore in the spring every year. I also know this is about Government!
256									tris is about Government:
257					Spearing Walleye	Spearing Walleye			The Spearing is the major issue effecting the lake. Since spearing commenced I have gone to Ontario Canada for 3 weeks every year. We rarely use our Pelican Lake property anymore. I am usually part of a group of 8 to 12 individuals that regually go to Canada. Before spearing we staryed and spent considerable money at Pelican Lakeadn the surrounding area. We would like to dos again; but it appears this will never happen because of the poor Walley fishing related to spearing and the fact we can not keep enough fish for a family fish fry. Before spearing we could always do so!!!
258							Great Start		Limit Jet Ski use: 10 am - 5 pm 2. Limit use fo outdoor yard lights. They must not pollute neighbors yards. 3. Create public beach area along 45
259 260									
261					Spearing muskies	Spearing			How can we stop native spearing musky and walleyes?
262					-1 3	muskies			In general we want the lake to remain quiet with less wave runners etc. Also the beauty of the lake property is important. Some rules should be in place that eliminate excessive junk, rotting firewood, old vehicles, etc.
263									
264					Indian Point home with lights all along shore and lining a long pier and granting a business permit to cut wood close to neighbors on the lake			Perhaps a social hour - drinks and snacks available one hour before the meeting would be useful for property owners to meet and visit with neighbors. The music later makes conversation difficult.	
266							Incompatible lakeshore use i.e. business in a residential area. I/we feel that the PLPOA should undertake a program to educate all property owners on what has happened recently regarding shoreline zoning. Most homeowners believe they are protected by shoreline zoning when, in fact they are not.		
267						Party boaters			Being a spring fed lake, our lake is especially vulnerable to pollutants. In the 1950's much of the swampland which previously filled with water during rainy periods, providing cleansing to the lake and food for fish was filled in. This swampland was filled in for housing and has affected the entire ecosystem of the lake.
268 269									
270									
271				snails					Al sanitary systems need to be inspected. My neighbor found that his old tank had so many holes in it that it was just flowing into water table. At least make sure they're in good condition and not piped into the ground. I have heard that they take a huge amount of fish out during ice fishing. If true it should be limited. Try and negotiate with the Indians not to take so many spawning fish in the spring.
272									I think we should clear some of the weeds - ruining frontage on the lake. Musky Bay is filled with weeds- lets control them.
273									Would like to see some weed control on the lake. Musky Bay is getting worse every year.
274									Too many weeds in the lake. We need to have removal of them instead of letting them spread in front of the shoreline Instead of looking at the aquatic plant as a native of the lake that we aren't allowed to remove; look at the impact the spread of the plant is having and allow removal.
275 276				·					Stop spearing.
276								Always an awesome event.	Otop spearing.
			1				1	,, = an anocomo oront.	ı

Survey	1g	10i	13m	18p	20r	21r	30	33	Other
Number	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comment	Comments (and Question 38)
278									
279					Police/DNR				
280			-		harassment	-			
281									
201									There is too much ice fishing pressure on this lake. Catch and release must be reinforced to those who
282									don't practice it. Those are the ice fishermen. My family has been on this land since the 1940's and camped on it before that. We want to preserve and keep this lake for the future. Thank you for doing this much needed project.
283									macri necada project.
284					Jet ski	Rezoning for commercial			Thank you for all of the work you do.
285						Spearing			
286						Spearing			I don't know if anything can be done but the walleye and musky spearing has degraded the fishing a whole lot. When we bought our place in 1995 we could go out a 1 pm and catch and release 20 walleye in an hour mid-summer. Winter fishing was great too. We have not caught a legal waleye all summer, for the past two years. Walleye where we used to catch them in the winter has stopped too. At times I thought the lake association was in bed with the spearers!! That's why I quit the association. When they target the spawners, they hurt the resource. Ask Larry Smith- retired DNR fish biologist. He'll tell you. Many times we would also catch a musky by accident while fishing panfish. That also is not happeneing anymore. When Kirby Ament was president he made a nasty comment in the newsletter to the effect that the people who fish the cribs don't help put them in on December 31. That may be mostly true but how many can be there at that time of the winter. The association's support for the 15" limit on the 2 walleye limit only gives the dam Indians bigger fish to spear. I also believe they supported the 50" musky size limit. Another mistake, I feel. All in all, I'm ready to sell and look for better fishing. I don't feel it can ever come back too bad!
287									
288									
289									It would nice to have an ATV trail around the lake legally. At least on Hwy 45 from Q to the gas station. How about the snowmobile trail along 45?
290									I would suggest that the town boards of Enterprise and Schoepke consider Pelican Lake and its residents both full time and part time when setting policy. Without it and its tax base both the community of Pelican Lake and the townships would struggle to provide needed services. Cooperation and mutual respect of ideas is much needed.
291									
292			1		1	1			
293 294	 		 		1	+			
294			 		+	+			
296					Indian Fishing	Indian Fishing			Enterprise needs new township board and commissioner - do not need business around pelican lake anymore: do not need 4wheelers on our township roads
297									
298	i i								
299	<u> </u>				<u> </u>				
300									



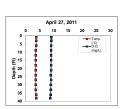
APPENDIX C

Water Quality Data

Pelican Lake

Date: 4/27/2011 Time: 12:00 Weather: 100% clouds, misting, no wind, 43°F Entry: TWH Max Depth: 39.9
PELS Depth (ft): 3.0
PELB Depth (ft): 36.0
Secchi Depth (ft): 7.8

Depth	Temp	D.O.		Sp. Cond
(ft)	(°C)	(mg/L)	pH	Sp. Cond (µS/cm)
1	3.7	9.1	7.0	
3	3.7	9.1	7.1	
6	3.7	9.0	7.1	
9	3.6	9.0	7.2	
12	3.6	9.0	7.2	
15	3.6	9.0	7.2	
18	3.6	9.0	7.2	
21	3.6	9.0	7.2	
24	3.6	8.9	7.2	
27	3.6	9.0	7.3	
30	3.6	8.9	7.3	
33	3.6	8.9	7.3	
36	3.7	8.8	7.3	
38	3.7	8.7	7.3	



Parameter	PELS	PELB
Total P (µg/L)	27.00	
Dissolved P (µg/L)	ND	ND
Chl-a (µg/L)	4.14	
TKN (µg/L)	480.00	
NO ₃ + NO ₂ -N (µg/L)	184.00	
NH ₃ -N (µg/L)	28.00	
Total N (µg/L)	480.00	
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)	131.00	133.00
Lab pH		7.28
Alkalinity (mg/L CaCO ₃)	41.90	42.40
Total Susp. Solids (mg/L)	2.00	ND
Calcium (mg/L)	12.10	

Data collected by TWH (Orterra)

Note: Took new WQ point as given one was not in a deep spot. Ice went out on the lake yesterday, loc chunks floating near shore at south landing.

Pelican Lake

Date: 6/29/2011 Time: Weather: Entry: TWH Max Depth:
PELS Depth (ft):
PELB Depth (ft):
Secchi Depth (ft):

Parameter	PELS	PELB
Total P (μg/L	25.00	
Dissolved P (µg/L))	
Chl-a (µg/L)		
TKN (μg/L	640.00	
NO ₃ + NO ₂ -N (μg/L		
NH ₃ -N (μg/L	18.00	
Total N (µg/L		
Lab Cond. (µS/cm		
Lab ph		
Alkalinity (mg/L CaCO ₃		
Total Susp. Solids (mg/L		
Calcium (mo/l	1	

Data collected by CLMN.

Pelican Lake

Date: 7/28/2011 Time: Weather: sunny, light wind from north Entry: TWH

Max Depth:
PELS Depth (ft):
PELB Depth (ft):
Secchi Depth (ft): 5.0

Parameter	PELS	PELB
Total P (μg/L)	36.00	
Dissolved P (µg/L)		
Chl-a (µg/L)	10.90	
TKN (µg/L)	870.00	
NO ₃ + NO ₂ -N (µg/L)	ND	
NH ₃ -N (µg/L)	ND	
Total N (µg/L)		
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)		
Lab pH		
Alkalinity (mg/L CaCO ₃)		
Total Susp. Solids (mg/L)		
Calcium (mg/L)		

Data collected by CLMN

Pelican Lake

Date: 8/22/2011 Time: Weather: Entry: TWH Max Depth:
PELS Depth (ft):
PELB Depth (ft):
Secchi Depth (ft):

Parameter	PELS	PELB
Total P (μg/L)	41.00	
Dissolved P (μg/L)		
Chl-a (µg/L)	18.30	
TKN (µg/L)	650.00	
$NO_3 + NO_2 - N (\mu g/L)$	ND	
NH ₃ -N (μg/L)	ND	
Total N (µg/L)		
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)		
Lab pH		
Alkalinity (mg/L CaCO ₂)		
Total Susp. Solids (mg/L)		

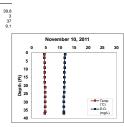
Data collected by CLMN.

2011 Onterna, LII

Date: 11/10/2011 Time: 10:00 Weather: 100% clouds, 8-10 in snow yesterday, 3°, flurries, breezy Entry: EEC

	Max Depth:
PELS	Depth (ft):
PELB	Depth (ft):
Sec	chi Depth (ft):
Sp. Cond.	

Depth (ft)	Temp (°C)	D.O. (mg/L)	pН	Sp. Cond. (µS/cm)
1	4.5	11.8		
3	4.5	11.7		
6	4.6	11.7		
9	4.6	11.7		
12	4.6	11.6		
15	4.6	11.6		
18	4.6	11.6		
21	4.7	11.5		
24	4.7	11.5		
27	4.7	11.4		
30	4.7	11.4		
33	4.7	11.4		
36	4.7	11.4		
37	4.6	11.4		
-				



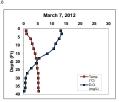
Parameter	PELS	PELB
Total P (µg/L)	39.00	26.00
Dissolved P (µg/L)		
Chl-a (µg/L)	4.42	
TKN (µg/L)	590.00	
NO ₃ + NO ₂ -N (µg/L)	22.00	
NH ₃ -N (µg/L)	15.00	
Total N (µg/L)	590.00	
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)		
Lab pH		
Alkalinity (mg/L CaCO ₃)		
Total Susp. Solids (mg/L)	3.00	ND
Calcium (mg/L)		

Data collected by TWH (Onterra)









Depth	Temp	D.O.		Sp. Cond.
(ft)	(°C)	(mg/L)	pH	(µS/cm)
1	0.8	13.1		
3	- 1	13.4		
6	2.4	12.5		
9	3	11.3		
12	3.5	10.6		
15	4	8.4		
18	4.4	5.4		
21	4.6	4.4		
24	4.8	2.7		
27	5.1	1.2		
30	5.1	0.7		
33	5.2	0.6		
36	5.2	0.6		
38	5.3	0.2		

Parameter	PELS	PELB
Total P (µg/L)	19.00	98.00
Dissolved P (µg/L)	ND	50.00
Chl-a (µg/L)		
TKN (µg/L)	580.00	790.00
NO ₃ + NO ₂ -N (µg/L)	23.00	172.00
NH ₃ -N (µg/L)	49.00	288.00
Total N (µg/L)	580.00	790.00
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)		
Lab pH		
Alkalinity (mg/L CaCO ₃)		
Total Susp. Solids (mg/L)	3.00	2.00
Calcium (mg/L)		

Data collected by TAH and TWH (Onterra) lce depth: 1.8ft.

2010	Sur	face	Bottom						
Parameter	Count	Mean	Count	Mean					
Secchi Depth (feet)	5	8.7	NA	NA					
Total P (µg/L)	6	31.2	2	62.0					
Dissolved P (µg/L)	2	ND	2	50.0					
Chl a (µg/L)	5	9.0	0	NA					
TKN (μg/L	6	635.0	1	790.0					
NO3+NO2-N (µg/L)	6	76.3	1	172.0					
NH3-N (µg/L)	6	27.5	1	288.0					
Total N (µg/L)	4	547.5	1	790.0					
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)	1	131.0	1	133.0					
I sh nH	0	MA	4	7.2					

Water Quality Data									
2010	Sur	face	Bot	Bottom					
Parameter	Count	Mean	Count	Mean					
Secchi Depth (feet)	5	8.7	NA	NA					
Total P (µg/L)	6	31.2	2	62.0					
Dissolved P (µg/L)	2	ND	2	50.0					
Chl a (µg/L)	5	9.0	0	NA					
TKN (µg/L	6	635.0	1	790.0					
NO3+NO2-N (µg/L)	6	76.3	1	172.0					
NH3-N (µg/L)	6	27.5	1	288.0					
Total N (µg/L)	4	547.5	1	790.0					
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)	1	131.0	1	133.0					
Lab pH	0	NA	1	7.3					
Alkal (mg/l CaCO3)	1	41.9	1	42.4					
Total Susp Sol (mg/l)	3	2.7	3	2.0					
Calcium (ug/L)	1	12.1	0	NA					

Parameter	Value
Acreage	
Volume (acre-feet)	
Perimeter (miles)	
Shoreland Development Factor	
Maximum Depth (feet)	
County	
WBIC	
Lillie Mason Region (1983)	NLF Ecoregion
Nichols Ecoregion (1999)	NLFL

WILMS Class	Acreage	kg/yr	lbs/yr
Forest			0.0
Open Water			0.0
Pasture/Grass			0.0
Row Crops			0.0
Urban - Rural Residential			0.0
Wetland			0.0

Wisconsin Trophic State Index (WTSI)								
Year	TP	Chl-a	Secchi					
1973	54.6		50.1					
1974	56.8		54.5					
1975								
1976								
1977								
1978								
1979		59.3						
1980								
1981								
1982								
1983								
1984								
1985		l						
1986		l						
1987		l	51.1					
1988	54.5	60.3	47.0					
1989	47.7	46.3	43.3					
1990	49.7	50.7	47.6					
1991	53.1	54.4	52.1					
1992	52.1	52.0	47.6					
1993	51.7	52.3	46.8					
1994	55.0	51.8	48.8					
1995	51.1	34.4	46.5					
1996	55.1	54.4	49.3					
1997	52.1	50.9	46.2					
1998	55.1	57.6	53.7					
1999	56.0	57.8	55.9					
2000	54.6	52.5	51.5					
2001	56.0	52.4	50.8					
2002	54.8	52.1						
2003		61.7	56.6					
2004	53.8	51.6	48.4					
2005	57.0	56.1	53.6					
2006	56.2	53.9	49.9					
2007	55.7	54.7	50.1					
2008	52.7	42.3	46.4					
2009	53.8	47.3	45.7					
2010	54.7	54.0	51.3					
2011	55.0	54.5	48.2					
All Years (Weighted)	54.3	53.8	48.7					
Shallow, Lowland Drainage Lakes	55.4	51.6	52.3					
NLF Ecoregion	51.8	47.7	45.7					

		Secch	i (feet)		Chlorophyll-a (µg/L) Total Phosphorus (µ			horus (µg/L)				
	Growing	Season	Sun	nmer	Growing	Season	Sun	nmer	Growing	Season	Sum	mer
Year	Count	Mean	Count	Mean	Count	Mean	Count	Mean	Count	Mean	Count	Mean
1973	2	7.9	1	6.5					2	30.0	1.0	30.0
1974	3	6.0	1	4.8					3	63.3	1.0	40.0
1975	0		0						0		0.0	
1976	0		0						0		0.0	
1977	0		0						0		0.0	
1978	0		0						0		0.0	
1979	0		0		2	19.2	1	26.5	1	26.0	0.0	
1980	2	9.4	1	7.9	0		0		2	25.0	1.0	34.0
1981	2	8.2	1	5.9	0		0		2	22.5	1.0	24.0
1982	1	8.5	1	8.5	0		0		1	57.0	1.0	57.0
1983	3	9.7	1	10.5	0		0		3	32.0	1.0	27.0
1984	0		0		0		0		0		0.0	
1985	0		0		0		0		0		0.0	
1986	0		0		0		0		0		0.0	
1987	4	5.8	3	6.1	0		0		0		0.0	
1988	6	8.6	3	8.1	2	30.0	2	30.0	2	29.5	2.0	29.5
1989	6	10.3	4	10.4	5	6.0	3	4.7	4	14.5	3.0	12.3
1990	5	12.0	2	7.8	4	7.0	3	8.3	4	17.3	3.0	16.0
1991	6	7.9	3	5.7	3	13.7	3	13.7	3	24.7	3.0	24.7
1992	3	7.8	3	7.8	4	9.5	3	10.0	4	24.0	3.0	21.7
1993	6	8.1	5	8.2	4	8.9	3	10.4	4	18.0	3.0	20.7
1994	4	7.7	3	7.1	4	9.1	3	9.7	4	28.5	3.0	31.7
1995	4	8.7	3	8.4	3	3.1	2	0.9	3	19.7	2.0	19.0
1996	5	6.7	4	6.9	4	13.2	3	13.7	4	31.5	3.0	32.0
1997	5	8.6	4	8.6	4	7.2	3	8.6	3	21.7	3.0	21.7
1998	4	6.2	3	5.1	4	16.5	3	20.9	4	28.8	3.0	32.0
1999	3	4.7	2	4.4	3	17.8	2	21.5	3	33.0	2.0	36.0
2000	4	6.2	3	5.9	4	9.3	3	10.7	4	29.8	3.0	30.0
2001	4	6.9	3	6.2	5	9.6	4	10.5	5	33.0	4.0	35.8
2002	3	8.1	2	8.4	4	9.8	3	10.1	4	29.5	3.0	30.7
2003	4	4.4	3	4.2	3	36.1	3	36.1	0		0.0	
2004	4	8.0	3	7.3	7	9.1	6	9.5	9	26.2	6.0	27.0
2005	6	7.1	4	5.1	4	15.6	3	17.3	5	33.6	3.0	41.0
2006	6	7.8	4	6.6	4	12.3	3	12.9	5	38.6	3.0	36.7
2007	7	9.7	4	6.5	3	14.2	3	14.2	4	34.0	3.0	34.3
2008	7	9.9	4	8.4	3	4.3	2	2.7	5	24.4	2.0	23.5
2009	9	9.3	7	8.8	6	5.9	5	5.3	7	26.3	5.0	27.2
2010	11	8.6	6	6.0	9	15.7	6	13.0	10	30.5	6.0	30.3
2011	13	8.4	8	7.5	- 11	11.9	8	13.9	13	29.8	8.0	31.6
All Years (Weighted)		8.2		7.2		11.8		12.7		28.0		28.8
Shallow, Lowland				5.6				9.4				33.0
Drainage Lakes												
NLF Ecoregion				8.9				5.6				21.0

 Summer 2011 N:
 870.0

 Summer 2011 P:
 36.0

 Summer 2011 N:P
 24 :1

APPENDIX D

Watershed Analysis WiLMS Results

Date: 10/22/2012 Scenario: 93

Lake Id: 157990 Watershed Id: 0

Hydrologic and Morphometric Data

Tributary Drainage Area: 10336.0 acre

Total Unit Runoff: 12.20 in.

Annual Runoff Volume: 10508.3 acre-ft
Lake Surface Area <As>: 3585.0 acre
Lake Volume <V>: 46274.8 acre-ft
Lake Mean Depth <z>: 12.9 ft
Precipitation - Evaporation: 5.8 in.
Hydraulic Loading: 12241.0 acre-ft/year

Areal Water Load <qs>: 3.4 ft/year Lake Flushing Rate : 0.26 1/year Water Residence Time: 3.78 year

Observed spring overturn total phosphorus (SPO): 27.0 mg/m 3 Observed growing season mean phosphorus (GSM): 27.8 mg/m 3

% NPS Change: 0%
% PS Change: 0%

NON-POINT SOURCE DATA

Land Use	Acre	Low Mo	st Likely	High	Loading %	Low	Most Likely	High
	(ac)	Loadi	ng (kg/ha-	year)			Loading (kg/year)
Row Crop AG	85.0	0.50	1.00	3.00	3.6	17	34	103
Mixed AG	0.0	0.30	0.80	1.40	0.0	0	0	0
Pasture/Grass	898.0	0.10	0.30	0.50	11.4	36	109	182
HD Urban (1/8 Ac)	0.0	1.00	1.50	2.00	0.0	0	0	0
MD Urban (1/4 Ac)	2.0	0.30	0.50	0.80	0.0	0	0	1
Rural Res (>1 Ac)	29.0	0.05	0.10	0.25	0.1	1	1	3
Wetlands	4224.0	0.10	0.10	0.10	17.8	171	171	171
Forest	5098.0	0.05	0.09	0.18	19.4	103	186	371
Lake Surface	3585.0	0.10	0.30	1.00	45.4	145	435	1451

POINT SOURCE DATA

		(m^3/year)	(kg/year)	(kg/year)	(kg/year)	
Point	Sources	Water Load	Low	Most Likely	High	Loading %

SEPTIC TANK DATA

Description	Low	Most Likely	High	Loading %
Septic Tank Output (kg/capita-year)	0.30	0.50	0.80	
# capita-years 443				
% Phosphorus Retained by Soil	98.0	90.0	80.0	
Septic Tank Loading (kg/year)	2.66	22.15	70.88	2.3

TOTALS DATA

Description	Low	Most Likely	High	Loading %
Total Loading (lb)	1049.9	2114.3	5186.4	100.0
Total Loading (kg)	476.2	959.0	2352.5	100.0
Areal Loading (lb/ac-year)	0.29	0.59	1.45	
Areal Loading (mg/m^2-year)	32.82	66.10	162.15	
Total PS Loading (lb)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total PS Loading (kg)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total NPS Loading (lb)	724.2	1105.9	1831.6	97.7
Total NPS Loading (kg)	328.5	501.6	830.8	97.7

Phosphorus Prediction and Uncertainty Analysis Module

Scenario: 62 Date: 10/22/2012

Observed spring overturn total phosphorus (SPO): 27.0 mg/m^3 Observed growing season mean phosphorus (GSM): 27.8 mg/m³ Back calculation for SPO total phosphorus: 0.0 mg/m^3

Back calculation GSM phosphorus: 0.0 mg/m^3

% Confidence Range: 70%

Nurenberg Model Input - Est. Gross Int. Loading: 0 kg

Lake Phosphorus Model	Low	Most Likely	High	Predicted	% Dif.
	Total P	Total P	Total P	-Observed	
	(mg/m^3)) (mg/m^3)	(mg/m^3)	(mg/m^3)	
Walker, 1987 Reservoir	14	28	68	0	0
Canfield-Bachmann, 1981 Natural Lake	12	20	36	-8	-29
Canfield-Bachmann, 1981 Artificial Lake	13	19	32	-9	-32
Rechow, 1979 General	3	5	13	-23	-83
Rechow, 1977 Anoxic	18	36	88	8	29
Rechow, 1977 water load<50m/year	5	11	26	-17	-61
Rechow, 1977 water load>50m/year	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Walker, 1977 General	13	25	62	-2	-7
Vollenweider, 1982 Combined OECD	11	19	40	-8	-29
Dillon-Rigler-Kirchner	8	15	37	-12	-44
Vollenweider, 1982 Shallow Lake/Res.	8	15	34	-12	-44

I chican Lake	
Watershed Analysis	

Larsen-Mercier, 1976	11	22	53	-5	-19
Nurnberg, 1984 Oxic	7	13	33	-15	-54

Lake Phosphorus Model	Confidence	Confidence	Parameter	Back	Model
	Lower	Upper	Fit?	Calculation	Type
	Bound	Bound		(kg/year)	
Walker, 1987 Reservoir	16	54	Tw	0	GSM
Canfield-Bachmann, 1981 Natural Lake	6	58	FIT	1	GSM
Canfield-Bachmann, 1981 Artificial Lake	e 6	55	FIT	1	GSM
Rechow, 1979 General	3	10	L	0	GSM
Rechow, 1977 Anoxic	22	70	FIT	0	GSM
Rechow, 1977 water load<50m/year	6	21	FIT	0	GSM
Rechow, 1977 water load>50m/year	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Walker, 1977 General	13	52	FIT	0	SPO
Vollenweider, 1982 Combined OECD	9	37	FIT	0	ANN
Dillon-Rigler-Kirchner	9	29	L qs	0	SPO
Vollenweider, 1982 Shallow Lake/Res.	7	30	FIT	0	ANN
Larsen-Mercier, 1976	14	42	P Pin	0	SPO
Nurnberg, 1984 Oxic	7	27	FIT	0	ANN

Water and Nutrient Outflow Module

Date: 10/22/2012 Scenario: 47

Average Annual Surface Total Phosphorus: 27.4mg/m^3 Annual Discharge: 1.22E+004 AF => 1.51E+007 m^3 Annual Outflow Loading: 871.9 LB => 395.5 kg

APPENDIX E

Aquatic Plant Survey Data

Pelican Lake Association Appendix E

																																				ontani						T	T	
							spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum		icularis	ensis	rviatile		arpus	8	ifera	beckii	sibiricum			jata lorata	ustralis	ordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	foliosus	friesii	Potamodeton illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	busillus	Potamogeton richardsonii	robbinsii	spirillus	Potamogeton zosteriformis	(rosette)	lus acutus	Scho enoplectus tabern aemontan	Sparganium eurycarpum	yrhiza	Igaris	rericana			Algae	
oint Number	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	рертн	SEDIMENT	POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myriophyllum spicatum	ratophyllui	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis Eleocharis palustris	Elodea canadensis	Equisetum fluviatile	Isoetes sp.	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna trisulca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas flexilis	Nitella sp.	Nuphar variegata Nymphaea odorata	Phragmites australis	Pontederia cordata	tamogeton	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton friesii	tamodeton	damogeton	Potamogeton pusillus	tamogeton	Potamogeton robbinsii	Potamogeton spirillus	amogeton	Sagitaria sp. (rosette)	Scho enoplectus acutus	hoenoplec	arganium e	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisheria americana	POT HB 1	POT HB 2	Filamentous Algae	
1	45.487674	-89.198217	7	Muck	Pole	8	M)	రి	ð	3 3	1	E	3	3	2	า	Me	Ý	ž	ž	žź	ā	a.	P.	Po	å å		. a	Pe	P.	Po	Po	Po	Sa	Š	S	g	Sp	5 5	\$ 5	2 2	- 2	Ē	1
3	45.487664 45.487654	-89.196746 -89.195274	9	Muck	Pole			1	1		1 2																						1								1	+	+	4
4	45.488720	-89.199674	0			NO INFORMATION																																				Į	I	1
5	45.488709 45.488699	-89.198203 -89.196731	6	Sand	Pole				1										1						1				1			1								1	1	İ	1	-
7	45.488689	-89.195260	6	Rock	Pole						1														1																1	+	+	4
9	45.488678 45.488657	-89.193788 -89.190845	3	Rock	Pole														1																1							I	Į	1
10	45.488647 45.488637	-89.189374 -89.187902	5	Sand	Pole														1																							+	+	4
12	45.489775	-89.202603	2	Sand						1		1																							1							I	Į]
13	45.489765 45.489755	-89.201131 -89.199660	5	Sand	Pole				1		1								1														1							1		t	+	-
15	45.489744	-89.198188		Muck	Pole																																-			-		Ŧ	ļ	_
16	45.489734 45.489724	-89.196717 -89.195245	12	Muck	Pole																																					İ	İ	1
18	45.489713 45.489703		11	Muck	Pole Pole		H	H		+		-	\vdash		H	-		-	+	\dashv	+	-				+	+	+								-	-	\dashv	+	+	+	+	+	4
20	45.489692	-89.190830	6	Rock	Pole							Ĺ							1	1	1	L					ļ	ļ	L						1	1	1	1	#	1	1	Ŧ	ļ	1
21	45.489682 45.489672	-89.189359 -89.187887	9	Sand																																			+			+	+	4
23	45.489661	-89.186416	5	Rock	Pole															1							ļ		L							1	4		1	+		Į	I	1
24	45.490831 45.490821	-89.205531 -89.204060	6	Rock	Pole			1											1	1				1																1		İ	İ	-
26	45.490810	-89.202588	7	Sand					1				-																								-					+	1	4
27 28	45.490800 45.490790		13		Rope Pole																																					İ	İ	1
29 30	45.490779 45.490769		12	Muck	Pole																																					+	+	4
31	45.490759	-89.195230	10	Muck	Pole																																					I	Į	_
32	45.490748 45.490738	-89.193759 -89.192287	3	Sand	Pole																																					t	+	-
34	45.490728	-89.190815	12	Muck	Pole																																					+	+	4
35	45.490717 45.490707		13	Sand	Pole																																					İ	İ	1
37 38	45.490696 45.490686	-89.186401 -89.184929	13		Pole																																					+	+	4
39	45.490675	-89.183458	5	Rock	Pole																																					I	Į	_
40	45.491876 45.491866	-89.206988 -89.205517	10	Rock	Pole			1											2													2	1								1		+	-
42	45.491856 45.491845	-89.204045 -89.202574	10	Sand	Pole						1																														1	F	I	-
44	45.491835																																									Ŧ	-	_
46	45.491814	-89.198159	9	Sand	Pole																																					ļ	Į	1
47		-89.196687 -89.190801		Rock																																						t	+	1
49	45.491752	-89.189329	14		Rope			H		-		H						-	-	-	+		-		H				l							I		-	-	+		Ŧ	+	4
50		-89.187857 -89.186386	13		Rope																																1	1	1	#		1	t	1
52 53		-89.184914 -89.183443			Rope		H	Н				+	\vdash	-	H			\dashv	-	+	+	+			H	+	+	+	H						-	1	\dashv	\dashv	+	+	+	+	+	$\frac{1}{2}$
54	45.491700	-89.181971	4	Rock	Pole							Ĺ							1	1	1	L					ļ	ļ	L						1	1	1	1	#	1	1	Ŧ	ļ	1
55 56	45.492921 45.492911	-89.208445 -89.206974		Muck				1	-	+	1	+						+	\dashv	\dashv	+	H		1		+	+	+			1		1			-	1	+	+	2	1	+	+	$\frac{1}{2}$
57	45.492901	-89.205502	11	Muck	Pole			Ė			Ĺ	F			L				1	1	1	L		L			1	ļ		L					1	1	1	1	1	1	ľ	Ŧ	Į	1
58 59	45.492891 45.492880		13	Muck	Pole	DEEP					1		L							\downarrow							l												\pm			1	†	1
60	45.492870	-89.201087				DEEP		H		-		H						-	-	-	+		-		H											I		-	-	+		Ŧ	+	4
61		-89.199616 -89.198144			Pole Pole							L	L							1		L					t	Ĺ	L							1		1	1			İ	İ	1
63		-89.190786 -89.189314	8	Rock				Н	-			-	-					-	\dashv	+	+	-				+	+	+	-		-					-	-	\dashv	+	+	+	+	+	4
64		-89.189314 -89.187843			Rope	DEEP						İ							1	1	1		L				ļ		L							1	1	#	#	#	1	Į	ļ	1
66	45.492766 45.492756	-89.186371 -89.184899	0			DEEP		Н				-				-	-	+	\dashv	\dashv	+						+	-								-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
68	45.492745	-89.183428	14		Rope															1	1																	1	1	1		Į	Į	1
69 70	45.492735 45.492724	-89.181956 -89.180484			Pole		H				L	ŀ	F	H	F			_		_	_	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ			t	t	ŀ	ŀ					_	_		_	╁	_	1	\pm	\pm	-
71	45.493956	-89.208431	4	Muck	Pole		H	2		I	2	F	F	F	F			1	4	7	Ŧ	F			H	1	Ŧ	F	F			1			1	4	1	7	7	3		£	F	-
72	45.493946	-89.206959	6	Muck	Pole			2			1		1_		1		Ш				\perp		<u> </u>	1						1	1		1								\perp	丄	1	L

Pelican Lake Association Appendix E

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oint Number	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	рертн	SEDIMENT	POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myriophyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Elodea canadensis Equisetum fluviatile		Soeres sp.	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna tri sui ca	Lemna turionifera	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas flexilis	Nitella sp.	Nuphar variegata	Nymphaea odorata	Phragmites australis	ontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	otamogeton pusillus	Potamogeton richardsonii	Otamogeton robbinsii	Potamogeton spirillus	Potamogeton zosteriformis	Sagitaria sp. (rosette)	Scho enoplectus acutus	Scho enoplectus tabernaemontan	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisneria americana	KNOWN_1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae
73	45.493936	-89.205488	2	Rock	Pole			1	Ü						1			_	1	Ĺ																						1	_	_	
74 75	45.493926 45.493915	-89.204016 -89.202544	10	Rock	Pole	DEEP									1	+									1							1	+									+	+		-
76	45.493905		0			DEEP																																					4		
77	45.493895 45.493884	-89.199601 -89.198129	0			DEEP				+			+	ł		+		+							+							+	+	1								+	\dashv	+	_
79	45.493874	-89.196658	14		Rope	Dict							1																													I	4	_	
80	45.493843 45.493833	-89.192243 -89.190771	2	Rock	Pole																																					+	+	_	
81	45.493833	-89.1907/1 -89.189299	0	Rock	Pole	DEEP																																				1			
83	45.493812	-89.187828	0			DEEP								-		+																	+									-	+	_	
84 85	45.493801 45.493791		0			DEEP										t																	t												
86	45.493780		15		Rope											4												-					4									_	4		
87	45.493770 45.493759	-89.181941 -89.180469	15		Rope					_			+	t				+							+							+										+	+	+	_
89	45.495072	-89.220190	3	Sand	Pole			1				1							1														1										4		
90	45.495062 45.495052	-89.218718 -89.217247	6	Sand	Pole							1	+	t	+	\dagger		3															\dagger	1			1				3	+	\dashv	+	
92	45.495042	-89.215775	4	Sand	Pole						1	1	1	1	1	1		ľ	1	2					1		ļ			1		1	1	1								7	I		_
93	45.494961 45.494950		6	Rock	Pole	DEEP						+	+	ł	+	$^{+}$			1														1				1					+	\dashv	_	
95	45.494940	-89.201058	0			DEEP																																							
96 97	45.494930	-89.199586 -89.198115	0			DEEP							+	+	+	+			<u> </u>					_	_							_	+				4					+	\dashv	-	
98	45.494920 45.494909		0			DEEP																																							
99	45.494899		0			DEEP				-			+		-	+		-		-					+							+	+		_			_		_		-	\dashv	_	
100	45.494888 45.494878		6		Pole																																								
102	45.494868	-89.190756	13	Sand	Pole											4												-					4									_	4		
103	45.494857 45.494847	-89.189284 -89.187813	0			DEEP								Ŧ																												-	+		
105	45.494836	-89.186341	0			DEEP																																					4		
106	45.494826 45.494815	-89.184869 -89.183398	0			DEEP										+																	+									+	+	-	
108	45.494805		0			DEEP																																					1		
109	45.494794		15		Rope								+	+	+	+			<u> </u>					_	_							_	+				4					+	\dashv	-	
110	45.494784 45.496117		4	Rock	Pole			1				1						1		1																					1				
112	45.496107		7	Muck	Pole								+	+	+	-								_	_				1			1	-	1			-					+	\dashv	-	
113	45.496097 45.496087 45.496077	-89.218704 -89.217232 -89.215761	6	Sand	Pole			1				1						1	1														1	2								1	1	1	_
116	45.496067	-89.214289 -89.212817	10	Muck	Pole			1											1	3										1				1								7	İ	1	
118		-89.211345														4												-					4									_	4		
119		-89.203987 -89.202515		Rock	Pole	DEEP	L				\dagger	t	t	t	_	+			l		H			_	_				l			_	+	1								\dagger	_		_
121	45.495975	-89.201043	0			DEEP					Ţ	Ŧ	Ţ	Ţ	1	Ţ	1	I	L				7	7	7	1	I	L	F		7	7	Ţ	1	_	7	7	_	7	_		7	4	4	
122		-89.199572 -89.198100	0			DEEP				1	+	+	\dagger	+	+	+	+	+	\vdash	\vdash	H		\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	+	+			H	+	\dashv	+	+		+	1		\dashv		-	+	\dashv		
124		-89.196628				DEEP				1	1	1	ļ	1	1	1	1	ļ	L	L			1		1	1	ļ					1	1	1			1		1		1	1	コ	4	
125 126		-89.195156 -89.193685				DEEP					+	+	+	+	+	+			-				-		1			-			+	1	+	\dashv		+	-		-		-	+	\dashv	-	
127	45.495913	-89.192213	0			DEEP					1	1	1	1	1	1	ļ	ļ						1	1							1	1	1			1				1	#	1	=	_
128 129	45.495903 45.495892	-89.190741 -89.189270	0			DEEP				1	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	$\frac{1}{1}$				-	\dashv	\dashv	+	+				-	\dashv	+	+		-	1		-		-	+	+	=	
130	45.495882		0			DEEP							1	1	1	1	1								1			L	L			1	1	1								1	1	4	
131	45.495871	-89.186326 -89.184855	0			DEEP				-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	\vdash	-			\dashv	\dashv	+	+	+				-	+	+	+		-	\dashv		\dashv		-	+	\dashv	-	
132		-89.184855 -89.183383				DEEP							1	1		1	1																1									#	\exists		
134		-89.181911				DEEP				-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	H	L		\dashv	\dashv	+	+	+	-			\dashv	+	+	\dashv		\dashv	4		\dashv		-	+	\dashv	-	
135		-89.180439 -89.178968				DEEP							1		1										1							1										\pm			
137	45.495808	-89.177496	14		Rope		L	H	-]		-	+	$ \downarrow $	Ŧ	-	-	F	F	Ļ	F		H	\dashv	\dashv	-	\bot	1	F	L		\dashv	-	-	4	_[\dashv	\dashv	_[\dashv	_[I	\dashv	4	4	_
138	45.495797 45.495787	-89.176024 -89.174553		Rock							\dagger	\dagger	\dagger	\dagger	\dagger	+	\dagger		L	H			1	1	+	+	1				1	+	+	+		1	1		1		1	+	\dashv	-	
140	45.495776	-89.173081	2	Rock	Pole						1	-		1		1	1	l						1		1		L					1									7	4	4	
141		-89.223105 -89.221633		Sand	Pole					1	+	2	1	+	+	+	+	-	1	1	1		-	-	+	+	+				-	+	+	+		1	1		-		-	+	+		
143	45.497142	-89.220161	8	Sand	Pole					1		1	1	1	1		ļ	ļ	Ė	Ė					1	ļ	ļ		1			3		1							1	#	コ	4	_
144	45.497132	-89.218690	9	Muck	Pole			Ш												<u> </u>		Ш						1														\perp	\perp		

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oint Number	LATITUDE	ONGITUDE	DEPTH	SEDIMENT		POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myriophyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleoch aris palustris	Elodea canadensis	Equisetum fluviatile	Isoetes sp.	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna trisulca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas floxilis	ode nu	Nuphar variegata Nymphaea odorata	Phragmites australis	ontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton friesii	Potamogeton illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	otamogeton pusillus	Potamogeton richardsonii	otamogeton robbinsii	otamogeton spirillus	Potamogeton zosteriformis	Sagitaria sp. (rosette)	Schoenoplectus acutus	Schoenoplectus tabernaemontan	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisneria americana	KNOWN 1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae
145	45.497122		7 DEF	San	Т	ole	Ö	Myri	Cere	Cha	Elec	Elec	1	Equ	lsoe	un C	Len	Len	Meg	Myri	sieN N		dn w	Phra	Pon	Pot	Pot	# # 6		Pot	Pot	Pot	Pot	Pot	Pot	Sag	Sch	Sch	Spa	Spir	Čŧ	Vall	KNC	5	Po	E 1
146	45.497112	-89.215746			Т	ole																																		4			1	1	4	4
147	45.497102 45.497092		11		Т	ole ole							1								1 :	2																						1	\exists	
149	45.497082		6	San	Т	'ole							2									4												2	1								_	4	4	_
150	45.497072 45.497051	-89.209859 -89.206916	6	Rock	Т	ole ole															1										1	1	1		1								1	1		
152	45.497041	-89.205444	7	San	d P	ole							-								2	+							-	-				2						-		-	+	+	\dashv	\dashv
153	45.497031 45.497020	-89.203972 -89.202500	0				DEEP																																					1		
155	45.497010	-89.201029	0		+		DEEP							-								+								-				-						_	-		+	+	\dashv	-
156	45.497000 45.496990		0				DEEP																																				1	1	1	
158	45.496979	-89.196613	0		-		DEEP						-									+							-	-										-		-	+	+	\dashv	\dashv
159	45.496969 45.496958	-89.195142 -89.193670	0				DEEP																																					1		
161	45.496948	-89.192198	0		+		DEEP							-								+								-				-						_	-		+	+	\dashv	-
162	45.496938 45.496927		0		İ		DEEP					1	1	1				1			1	1							1				1	1						1	1	1	#	1	1	
164	45.496917		0		+		DEEP															+																					_	+	\dashv	_
166	45.496906 45.496896		0		Ţ		DEEP															1																					I	I		
167	45.496885 45.496875	-89.183368 -89.181896	7	Rock	k P	'ole	DEEP							-								+												-						+	-		+	+	\dashv	_
169	45.496864		0		Ţ		DEEP															1																					I	I		
170	45.496854 45.496843	-89.178953 -89.177481	0				DEEP							-								+												-						+	-		+	+	\dashv	_
171	45.496832		15		R	оре	DEEP															1																					I	I		
173 174	45.496822 45.496811		11	Rock		ole ole								-								+												-						_	-		+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv
174	45.496801	-89.173066 -89.171594	5	Rock	Т	ole ole																1																					I	I		
176	45.498198	-89.223091	3	San	Т	ole				1		1		-						1		+	1											-			1			_	-	1	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv
177	45.498188 45.498177	-89.221619 -89.220147	8	San		ole ole			1											1		1													1								I	I		
179	45.498167 45.498157		6	San	Т	ole ole							2	-								+									1		1	-						+	-	1	+	+	\dashv	_
181	45.498147				Т	ole							1								1																					1	I	I		
182	45.498137 45.498127		13	San	d P	'ole	DEEP						-									+							+	-												-	+	+	\dashv	-
183	45.498117			San	d P	'ole	DEEP						1								1						1							1						1		1	I	I	I	
185	45.4980965 45.4980863	-89.2083729 -89.2069012	6	Roci	k P	'ole	DEEP							-							1	+												-						+	-		+	+	\dashv	_
187	45.498076		0				DEEP																																				I	I	1	
188		-89.2039576 -89.2024859			+		DEEP															+																					_	+	\dashv	_
190		-89.2010141					DEEP																																				I	I	1	
191		-89.1995423 -89.1980705					DEEP							-								+												-						+	-		+	+	\dashv	_
192		-89.1980705		L	1		DEEP						1	1								1						1	1	L				1						1	1	1	#	#	#	
194 195		-89.195127 -89.1936552	0		+		DEEP						\dashv	1				-				+		-		H	+	-	+	+	-	Н	-	1						\dashv	1	\dashv	+	+	\dashv	-
196	45.4979831	-89.1921835	0		l		DEEP					1	1	1					1	1	1	ļ							ļ					1						1	1	1	#	#	#	
197		-89.1907117 -89.1892399			+	1	DEEP			-	-	1	\dashv	1		4		\dashv	1	1	+	+	+	-		H	\dashv	+	+	+	-	Н	\dashv	1			-	-		+	1	\dashv	+	+	\dashv	\dashv
199		-89.1877682					DEEP						1	1								1								L				1						1	1	1	#	1	#	
200		-89.1862964 -89.1848246			k D	ole	DEEP	H	H				\dashv	1	+	-		1	-	-	+	1	+	-		H	-	+	+	-	-	H	1	1	+					+	1	\dashv	+	+	\dashv	\dashv
202		-89.1833529				and.	DEEP						1	1					1	1		1							1	l				1						1	1	1	#	1	1	
203		-89.1818811 -89.1804094			+		DEEP						\dashv	1				-				+		-		H	+	-	+	+	-	Н	-	1						\dashv	1	\dashv	+	+	\dashv	\dashv
204		-89.1804094			İ		DEEP						1	1					1	1		1				Ц		1	1					1						1	1	1	#	1	1	
206		-89.1774658 -89.1759941			+		DEEP					-	\dashv	+				-	-	-	=	+	+			Н	-	+	1	-	1		-	+						+	+	\dashv	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv
207		-89.1759941 -89.1745223			İ		DEEP						1	1								1				Ц			t	İ				1						1	1	1	#	1	寸	
209		-89.1730506 -89.1715788			Т	ope ole				-	-		\dashv	+		4		-	-	-	+	+	+			H	-	+	+	-	1		-	+			-	-		+	+	\dashv	+	\dashv	\dashv	+
210		-89.1715788 -89.170107				ole ole							1	1								1				Ц			t	İ				1						1	1	1	#	1	寸	
212		-89.2304356 -89.2230765			1	ole			1	4	4	1	1	1	-			\dashv	1	1	1	,	+	-		H	1	+	+	+	-	Н	\dashv	1	1		_	4		+	1	\dashv	+	+	\dashv	4
213		-89.2230765 -89.2216047				ole ole						1	1	1						1	ľ					Ш			t	t	1			1			1			1	1	1	#	1	寸	
215		-89.2201329				ole		H	H			-	\dashv	4		-		\dashv	-	-	+	+	+	-		H	+	+	+	-	-	Н	\dashv	4						+	4	\dashv	+	+	\dashv	4
216		-89.2186611				ole																																					I	I	I	_

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oint Number	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ремтн	SEDIMENT	POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myrlophyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Equisetum fluviatile	Isoetes sp.	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna tri sul ca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas flexitis	Nitella sp.	Nuphar variegata	Phragmites australis	ontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton friesii	Potamogeton Illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	otamogeton pusillus	Potamogeton richardsonii	Potamogeton robbinsii	Potamogeton spirilius	Sanitaria en forentfol	Schoenoplectus acutus	Schoenoplectus tabernaemontan	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisneria americana	KNOWN_1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae
217	45.4991924	-89.2171893	8	Sand	Pole		2	S	υ	ш		2	-	,	_	_	2	2	z	z	z z	۵	•		۵.			•	1	۵.	1			0 00	0 0	s	s	ח	>	¥ .	۵.	•	
218	45.4991823 45.4991722	-89.2157175 -89.2142457		Sand	Pole	DEEP																										+								+	+	+	\dashv
220		-89.2127739	0			DEEP																																		4	1	1	_
221	45.4991519 45.4991417		10	Sand	Pole																												+							+	+	+	-
223	45.4991315	-89.2083584	0	TOUR	1 CIC	DEEP																																		I	1	1	
224 225	45.4991213 45.4991111	-89.2068866 -89.2054148	0			DEEP													+					H				-			+	+	+							+	+	+	\dashv
226	45.4991008		0			DEEP																																		ゴ	1	1	
227	45.4990905 45.4990803	-89.2024712 -89.2009994	0			DEEP													+					H				-			+	+	+							+	+	+	_
229	45.49907	-89.1995276	0			DEEP																											I							1	I		
230	45.4990596 45.4990493	-89.1980558 -89.196584	0			DEEP				_	+		+																		-	+	+	+						-	+	+	\dashv
232	45.4990389	-89.195584 -89.1951123	0			DEEP																																		#	I	1	
233	45.4990285 45.4990181	-89.1936405 -89.1921687	0			DEEP			-	+	+	+	+		-				+	\dashv	+	+		H		+	+	-			1	+	+	+	+	-			1	+	+	\dashv	\dashv
		-89.1921687 -89.1906969	0			DEEP				1		t	İ		L							İ					l	l				1	ļ	1	l	L				1	1	╛	
236	45.4989973	-89.1892251 -89.1877533	10	Rock	Pole	DEEP			-	+	+	+	+		-				+	\dashv	+	+		H		+	+	-			1	+	+	+	+	-			-	+	+	\dashv	+
237	45.4989868		6	Rock	Pole					1			L		L					1		L		П	1	#	ļ				1	1	1	1	l	L				#	#	#	1
239	45.4989659 45.4989554	-89.1848097 -89.1833379	0			DEEP				_	+		+																		-	+	+	+						-	+	+	\dashv
	45.4989448	-89.1818661	0			DEEP																											İ							1	I		
242	45.4989343	-89.1803943 -89.1789225	0			DEEP						-								-				H							+	+	+							+	+		-
243	45.4989237	-89.1789225 -89.1774508	0			DEEP																																		1	I		
245	45.4989025		0			DEEP																		\blacksquare							-		-							+	+	_	_
246	45.4988919 45.4988812	-89.1745072 -89.1730354	0			DEEP																																		1	I		
248	45.4988706	-89.1715636	13	Sand	Pole																			\blacksquare							-		-							+	+	_	_
249 250	45.4988599 45.5003372	-89.1700918 -89.2333652	10	Sand	Pole					1																							İ							1	I	1	
251	45.5003273 45.5003174	-89.2318933 -89.2304215	4	Muck	Pole					_	+	+	+																		1	+	+	+						-	+	+	\dashv
252 253	45.5003174			Muck	Pole			3																						1	1	Ţ.								1	I	1	
254 255	45.5002975 45.5002876		6	Muck	Pole			1 2		+									4													-							1	+	+	4	_
	45.5002676		3	Rock	Pole			2	1		1										1										1	Ī		1					_	1	I		
257 258	45.5002576 45.5002475	-89.2215904 -89.2201186	6	Sand	Pole					1		3						1		1					2						1									+	+	-	_
259	45.5002375	-89.2186468	14		Rope	,				4																														1	4	1	=
		-89.2171749 -89.2157031		Sand	Pole	DEEP																																		+	+	-	_
262	45.5002072	-89.2142313	0			DEEP																																			4		
		-89.2127594 -89.2112876				DEEP				1			l																			+	t							+	\dagger	+	_
265	45.5001767	-89.2098158	0			DEEP	F		\dashv	J	Ŧ		F		F	F			\blacksquare	\dashv	+	F	F	HŢ	J	$-\Gamma$	F	F	F	H	Į	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	I	F	F		J	4	4	J	4
		-89.2083439 -89.2068721				DEEP				1																							1							1	1	1	_
		-89.2054003				DEEP			-	\downarrow	- -	+								\dashv	+	1		$\vdash \vdash$		+	-				-	+	+	#	-					4	4	4	-
		-89.2039285 -89.2024566				DEEP				1	t		t											H								1		1						1	\pm	1	
271	45.5001153	-89.2009848	0			DEEP			-	\dashv		+	1							\dashv	+	1		\vdash	-[- -	+					+	+	\parallel	-				_	4	4	4	-
		-89.199513 -89.1980412				DEEP	L			1	1	t	t	L	L							t	L	H		\perp	t	L			1	1	t	t	t	L	L			1	\pm	_	
274	45.5000843	-89.1965693	0			DEEP	F		\dashv	J	Ŧ		F		F	F			\blacksquare	\dashv	+	F	F	HŢ	J	$-\Gamma$	F	F	F	H	Į	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	I	F	F		J	4	4	J	4
275 276		-89.1950975 -89.1936257		Rock	Pole	DEEP	L			1	1	t	t		L							L	L	H		\perp	t	L			1	1	t	İ	t	L	L			1	\exists	_	
277	45.5000532	-89.1921539	4	Rock	Pole		F		\dashv	J	Ŧ	-	F		F	F		H	\dashv	4	+	F	F	HĪ	J	$-\Gamma$	F	F	F	H	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	F	F	F		J	4	4	J	4
278 279		-89.190682 -89.1892102		Rock							t	t	t	L	L							L	L			\pm	l	L				\pm	t	1	l	L				\pm	1	1	
280	45.5000219	-89.1877384	7	Rock	Pole		F		4	Ŧ	I	F	F		F	F		H	J	4		F	F	Н	J	$-\Gamma$	F	L	F	П	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	F	F	F		J	Ŧ	4	J	4
		-89.1862666 -89.1847948				DEEP	H			_†	_	_			1		H			_		ŀ			_	_	l	ŀ	<u> </u>		_	†	+	╁	ŀ	1	H		_	+	_	_	
283	45.4999904	-89.1833229	0			DEEP				7			I							1	1			П		1						Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ					1	1	4	4	4
		-89.1818511 -89.1803793				DEEP	H			_†	_	_			1					_		1	1		_	_	l	ŀ	<u> </u>		_	+	+	╁	ŀ	1	H		_	+	_	_	_
286	45.4999587	-89.1789075	0			DEEP			7	7	1		I						7	1					7	1	I				1	Ŧ	ļ	Ŧ	I				1	4	7	4	\exists
		-89.1774357 -89.1759639		L	L	DEEP	L			_	ł	1	t	l	t	L					_	t	L		_		l	L	L		_	\pm	\pm	t	İ	t	L			+	_	_	

								spicatum	demersum		cularis	nstris	nsis	ame.		rpus		era	eckii	sibiricum			ıta	rata	stralis	data	amplifolius	oliosus	riesii	gramineus	Ilinoensis	oraelongus	snillus	ichardsonii	obbinsii	spirillus	costeriformis	osette)	s acutus	Scho enoplectus tabern aemontan i	ırycarpum	rhiza	jaris	ericana	Ī	T			Igae
Point Number	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	DEPTH	SEDIMENT		POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myriophyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Elodea canadensis	Equiseum nav	ds saleos	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna trisulca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas flexilis	Nitella sp.	Nuphar variegata	Nymphaea odorata	Phragmites australis	Pontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton friesii	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton Illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	Potamogeton pusillus	Potamogeton richardsonii	Potamogeton robbinsii	Potamogeton spirillus	Potamogeton zosteriformis	Sagitaria sp. (rosette)	Scho enoplectus acutus	Schoenoplectu	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisneria americana	KNOWN 1	POT HB 1	101	POT HB 2	Filamentous Algae
289	45.4999269 45.4999162	-89.1744921	0				DEEP																																	Ī					I	I			
291 292	45.4999056 45.4998949	-89.1715484 -89.1700766	0		-		DEEP																																	+					+	+	+	+	_
293	45.4998842	-89.1686048	7	Roc	sk i	Pole	DEEP																																	I		İ			İ	İ	I	I	
294	45.4998735	-89.167133	3	Roc	Т	Pole							+				-	-												-									_	-	+	+	+		╁	+	+	+	-
295 296	45.5013821 45.5013722	-89.234823 -89.2333511	1 6	Muc	Т	Pole Pole			1				1							1								3							1		1			L				1	İ	İ	1		
297	45.5013624	-89.2318792	6	Muc	k i	Pole							1	-													1								3		1			-	-	-	-		╀	+	+	4	_
298 299	45.5013524 45.5013425	-89.2304074 -89.2289355	6 9	Muc	Т	Pole Pole			1				1			1											1								3		1					t			t	t	\dagger	+	-
300	45.5013326	-89.2274636	6	Muc	k I	Pole							1							1							1										2			L				1	ļ	Į	ļ		
301	45.5013226 45.5013026	-89.2259918 -89.223048	3 1	San		Pole Pole				2						1																						1		+				1	+	\dagger	+	+	-
303	45.5012926	-89.2215762	Ť	San	-	Pole																										1			2		2			L				Ľ	I	I	I]	
304	45.5012826	-89.2201043		San	Т	Pole							2															1												-				-	+	+	+	+	\dashv
305	45.5012725 45.5012624	-89.2186324 -89.2171606		Roc		Pole							2																											L					İ	İ	İ		
307	45.5012523	-89.2156887			+		DEEP																																	-					+	\downarrow	+	4	4
308	45.5012422 45.5012321	-89.2142169 -89.212745	0	L	1		DEEP						1	1																									L	t	İ	t	İ	t	İ	1	†	1	
310	45.5012219	-89.2112731	0				DEEP																																	L		-			L	Ŧ	Ŧ	4	4
311	45.5012118 45.5012016	-89.2098013 -89.2083294	0				DEEP									1																								+				+	+	\dagger	+	+	\dashv
313	45.5011914						DEEP																																	I					I	I	I]	
314	45.5011811	-89.2053857	0		+		DEEP						+				-	-												-									_	-	+	+	+		╁	+	+	+	\dashv
315 316	45.5011709 45.5011606	-89.2039139 -89.202442	0				DEEP																																	İ					İ	İ	İ		
317	45.5011503	-89.2009702	0		1		DEEP						-	-																										-	-	-	-		╀	+	+	4	4
318	45.50114 45.5011297	-89.1994983 -89.1980265	0		t		DEEP						+			1																										t			t	t	\dagger	+	+
320	45.5011193	-89.1965546	0		1		DEEP																																	I					Į	Į	Į	_	
321 322	45.501109 45.5010986	-89.1950828 -89.1936109		Roc		Pole	DEEP									1																								+				+	+	\dagger	+	+	\dashv
323	45.5010882	-89.1921391		San	Т	Pole																																		I					Į	I	I	_	
324	45.5010778	-89.1906672	5	Roc	:k i	Pole							+				-	-												-									_	-	+	+	+		╁	+	+	+	\dashv
325 326	45.5010673 45.5010569	-89.1891954 -89.1877235	0				DEEP																																						İ	İ	1		
327	45.5010464	-89.1862517	0		1		DEEP						-	-																										-	-	-	-		╀	+	+	4	4
328 329	45.5010359 45.5010254	-89.1847798 -89.183308	0		t		DEEP						+			1																										t			t	t	\dagger	+	+
330	45.5010149		0				DEEP																																	L		-			L	Ŧ	Ŧ	4	4
331	45.5010043	-89.1803643 -89.1788925	0		+		DEEP						+		1																									-		+			+	t	\dagger	+	\dashv
333		-89.1774206					DEEP																																	I					I	I	I]	
334 335		-89.1759488			+		DEEP						+				-	-												-									_	-	+	+	+		╁	+	+	+	\dashv
336		-89.1744769 -89.1730051					DEEP																																	L					İ	İ	I		
337		-89.1715333			+		DEEP						+				_	_											_	_									_	-	-	+	-		╁	+	+	+	4
338		-89.1700614 -89.1685896			F	Rope	DEEP																																						İ	İ	1		
340		-89.1671178		Roc	Т	Pole							_			-																								-		-			+	Ŧ	+	4	4
341 342		-89.1656459 -89.234809		Roc		Pole Pole		v					1	1	1	_													_							H	1	H	H	\pm		t		l	+	$^{+}$	\dagger	†	_
343	45.5024073	-89.2333371	6	Muc	k I	Pole			1			7	1	Ţ	4	1													1						3			L		F					Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	4	4
344 345		-89.2318652 -89.2303933		Muc	Т				1 3			\dashv	1	+	+																			1	3		1			+	H	+	H		+	+	+	+	\dashv
346		-89.2289214		Muc	Т	Pole			1			1	1	1	1												1								3		1			Į	ļ		ļ		Į	Ŧ	ļ	1	\exists
347		-89.2274495		Muc		Pole						\dashv	+	+	\dashv	\dashv			-									-	-									H	H	╁	+	+	+	H	+	+	+	+	\dashv
348		-89.2259776 -89.2245057		San		Pole			2				1	1	1					1															1		1	1		İ	t	ļ	t	1	Į	‡	1	1	
350		-89.2215619									4	\dashv	+	+	\dashv	4	4	4	4		2							4	\dashv	4									-	╀	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	4	\dashv
351 352	45.5023176 45.5023075	-89.22009 -89.2186181		San		Pole Pole							1	1																			1					L	L	t	İ	t	İ	t	İ	1	1	1	_
353	45.5022975	-89.2171462	6	Roc		Pole						7	1	Ţ	7	1																								F	ļ	I	ļ		F	Ŧ	Ŧ	4	4
354 355		-89.2156744 -89.2142025			\dagger		DEEP					\dashv	+	+	+	\dashv	1	1											\dashv	1						-		H	H	+	+	t	+	t	+	+	+	+	\dashv
356		-89.2127306			1		DEEP					1	1	1	1																									Į	ļ		ļ		Į	Ŧ	ļ	1	\exists
357 358		-89.2112587 -89.2097868		-	+		DEEP					+	+	+	\dashv	+																		-						+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	4
358		-89.2097868 -89.2083149			1		DEEP						1	1	1																									İ	ļ	İ	ļ		ļ	‡	#	1	\exists
360	45.5022264	-89.206843	0		_		DEEP							_	_																							_	<u> </u>	L	_		_	L	L	L	_		_

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Point Number	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	рертн	SEDIMENT	POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myriophyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis	Elector considers	Excess canadarius	Soetes sp.	lincis palocamis	Lemna trisulca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas flexilis	Nitella sp.	Nuphar variegata	Nymphaea odorata	Phragmites australis	Pontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus Potamogeton friesii	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	Potamogeton pusillus	Potamogeton richardson ii	Potamogeton robbinsii	Potamogeton spirillus	Potamogeton zosteriformis	Sagitaria sp. (rosette)	Scho enoplectus acutus	Scho enoplectus tabern aen	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisneria americana	KNOWN_1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae
361	45.5022162		0			DEEP																																				H			
362 363	45.5022059 45.5021956	-89.2038993 -89.2024274	0			DEEP																																							
364	45.5021854		0			DEEP						-		+		-	-																									H			
365 366	45.502175 45.5021647	-89.1994836 -89.1980118	0			DEEP						t		t		t	t															1										П	_		_
367	45.5021544		0			DEEP																																				П	=		_
368 369	45.502144	-89.195068	0			DEEP						+		+		+	+																									Н	_		_
370	45.5021336 45.5021232	-89.1935961 -89.1921243	0			DEEP DEEP																																				◨			
371	45.5021128		0			DEEP						-		+		+	-																									H			
372 373	45.5021024 45.5020919	-89.1891805 -89.1877086	0			DEEP								t																												П			_
374	45.5020814		0			DEEP																																				H			
375 376	45.5020709 45.5020604	-89.1847649 -89.183293	0			DEEP																																				П			
377	45.5020499		0			DEEP																																							
378	45.5020393	-89.1803493	0			DEEP																																				H			
379 380	45.5020288 45.5020182	-89.1788774 -89.1774055	0			DEEP					ı	t		t																												П			
381	45.5020076	-89.1759337	0			DEEP																																				П	=		_
382 383	45.5019969 45.5019863		5	Rock								+		+		+	+																									Н	_		_
384	45.5019756		0	KUUK	Fole	DEEP																																				┛			
385	45.5019649		0			DEEP						-		+		+	-																									H			=
386	45.5019542 45.5019435		11	Sand	Pole	DEEP																																				Πİ			
388	45.5019328	-89.1656306	6	Rock	Pole																																					H			
389 390	45.5034522 45.5034423	-89.2347949 -89.233323	6	Muck	Pole			1				+		+				1													1	1		1							2	Н	_	1	\exists
391	45.5034324		6	Muck	Pole			1																							1	1										┛			
392	45.5034225		7	Muck	Pole			1						_															1		1	1		1								H			
393	45.5034126 45.5034027		6	Muck	Pole			1			1	1													1						1	1		1							2	П			
395	45.5033927		12	Muck	Pole																																					H			
396 397	45.5033827 45.5033727	-89.2244915 -89.2230196	6	Sand	Pole	TERRESTRIAL					+							1																1							2	П			
398	45.5033727	-89.2230196 -89.2200757	4	Rock	Pole	TERRESTRIAL																																							
399	45.5033426		6	Rock										_																												H			
400	45.5033325 45.5033224	-89.2171319 -89.21566	0	Sand	Pole	DEEP																																							
402	45.5033123		0			DEEP								-																												H			
403 404	45.5033021 45.503292	-89.2127162 -89.2112442	0			DEEP																																				Н			_
405	45.5032818	-89.2097723	0			DEEP																																				J			
406	45.5032716		0			DEEP																																				Н	_		\dashv
407		-89.2068285 -89.2053566				DEEP																																							
409		-89.2038847				DEEP				-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-								-						-	4				L	-				H		4	\dashv
410		-89.2024128 -89.2009409				DEEP				\dashv	\dagger	\dagger	+	\dagger	+	\dagger	+	+			H					+						\dashv						\vdash				\dashv		H	\dashv
412		-89.199469	0			DEEP																																				H	\exists		
413	45.5031997		0		-	DEEP		H		-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-			Н								-	H		-	-					-				Н	\dashv	٦	\dashv
414		-89.1965252 -89.1950533	0			DEEP					1	1	t	1	t	l	İ															1										╛			╛
416		-89.1935814	0			DEEP				-	+	+	+	4	+	+	F	L		L						-	L					4						L				H		4	\dashv
417		-89.1921094 -89.1906375	0			DEEP DEEP			H	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	H	+			H					+			-			\dashv				-		\vdash	-			\dashv		\dashv	\dashv
419		-89.1891656				DEEP				1			1	ļ	1	1	ļ										L															I			I
420		-89.1876937	0			DEEP				+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+									+						\dashv					H	-				Н			\dashv
421 422	45.5031165 45.503106	-89.1862218 -89.18475	0			DEEP					t	\dagger	t	t	t	t	t	T							H	+						1						t				\dashv		٦	\exists
423	45.5030955	-89.1832781	0			DEEP				1	1	Ţ	1	ļ	1	ļ	I									1																П			J
424		-89.1818062				DEEP				+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	<u> </u>								+						\dashv	4				H	+				H	-	\dashv	\dashv
425 426		-89.1803343 -89.1788624	0			DEEP					1	1	t	1	t	t	t															1										╛			╛
427	45.5030532	-89.1773905				DEEP				4	#		-	1	-	1									Ц	\perp						_										H	=	=	\dashv
428 429		-89.1759186 -89.1744467				DEEP			H	+	+	+	+	\dagger	+	+	+	+			H					+			-			\dashv						\vdash				\dashv		٦	\dashv
430	45.5030213		0			DEEP				1	1	ļ	1	İ	1	İ	İ																									J	I		I
431	45.5030107		0			DEEP				+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-								\perp						\dashv					H	-				\dashv		\dashv	\dashv
432	45.503	-89.170031	0	1	<u> </u>	DEEP	1						L_	L				1_	<u> </u>	1	Ш				Ш		<u> </u>		L	Ш					_	1	<u>L</u>	1	1		<u> </u>				

								spicatum	demersum		ularis	retris	usis.	a me		snd		era	eckii	sibiricum			ita	stralis	data	mplifolius	oliosus	riesii	gramineus	linoensis	vraelongus	vusillus	ichardsonii	obbinsii	pirillus	osteriformis.	osette)	s acutus	Scho enoplectus tabernaemontani	ırycarpum	hiza	aris	aricana			Ī	gae
Point Number	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	DEPTH	SEDIMENT		POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myriophyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Elodea canadensis	numpemba	Isoetes sp.	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna trisulca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas flexilis	Nitella sp.	Nuphar variegata	Phragmites australis	Pontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton friesii	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	Potamogeton pusillus	Potamogeton richardsonii	Potamogeton robbinsii	Potamogeton spirillus	Potamogeton zosteriformis	Sagitaria sp. (rosette)	Scho enoplectus acutus	Schoenoplectu	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisneria americana	KNOWN_1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae
433	45.5029893 45.5029785		6	Ros	ck	Pole	DEEP							1																														E			\perp
435	45.5029678 45.502957	-89.1656153 -89.1641435	4	Ros	ck	Pole																																								İ	
437	45.5044872	-89.2347809 -89.233309	5	Mus	ck	Pole Pole						-		+	-		-		-			-			+		1							1									-	H		+	\vdash
439	45.5044675	-89.233309 -89.231837	6	Mus	T	Pole			1			1	1												İ	1							1	3		1		L								İ	
440	45.5044576 45.5044476		7	Mus		Pole Pole			1			+			-		-								+	1								3				-						\vdash		+	\vdash
442	45.5044377	-89.2274212	8	Mus	Т	Pole			1			1	1												İ	1					_		1	1		1		L								İ	
443 444	45.5044277 45.5044177	-89.2259492 -89.2244773	6	Mus	Т	Pole			1			+	1		-		-								+								1	1		1		-					1	\vdash		+	\vdash
444	45.5044077	-89.2244773 -89.2230053	6	Sar	T	Pole			1				1								1				İ									1				L							1	İ	
446 447	45.5043977 45.5043776		6	Sar	-	Pole Pole				1		-	1	1	+	+	+	+			1	-			ł								-	1	+	1	1						1	H			\vdash
447	45.5043675		8	Sar		Pole							2								1				İ	1						1						L							L	İ	
449 450	45.5043574			Sar	nd	Pole			1				1		_		_								-									1		1								\vdash		+	\vdash
450	45.5043473 45.5043372	-89.2141737 -89.2127017					DEEP																																							İ	
452	45.504327	-89.2112298	0		+		DEEP					+	_	+	-	-	-	-	-						-									-	-			-	_				-	H	-	+	\vdash
453 454	45.5043169 45.5043067	-89.2097578 -89.2082859	0				DEEP																																							İ	
455	45.5042964		0		+		DEEP					+	_	+	-	-	-	-	-						-									-	-			-	_				-	H	-	+	\vdash
456 457	45.5042862 45.504276	-89.205342 -89.2038701	0				DEEP																																							L	
458	45.5042657		0		+		DEEP					-	_		_		_								-									-				-						L	-	-	
459 460	45.5042554 45.5042451	-89.2009262 -89.1994543	0				DEEP																																							t	
461	45.5042348	-89.1979824	0		4		DEEP						_		_		_								-																			L		-	\perp
462 463	45.5042244 45.5042141	-89.1965104 -89.1950385	0		+		DEEP						1		1	1	1	1	1		1				t								1		1												+
464	45.5042037	-89.1935666	0		1		DEEP																																					L		L	
465 466	45.5041933 45.5041829	-89.1920946 -89.1906227	0		+		DEEP					1																																		+	
467	45.5041724	-89.1891508	0		1		DEEP																																					L		L	
468 469	45.504162 45.5041515	-89.1876789 -89.1862069	0		+		DEEP								1		1																													+	+
470	45.504141	-89.184735	0				DEEP								1		1																													I	
471 472	45.5041305 45.5041199	-89.1832631 -89.1817912	0		+		DEEP					+			-		-		1						+																		+			-	+
473	45.5041094				I		DEEP																																							I	
474 475	45.5040988 45.5040882	-89.1788473 -89.1773754	0		+		DEEP					+			-		-		1						+																		+			-	+
476		-89.1759035					DEEP																		İ																		I			I	
477 478		-89.1744316 -89.1729596			+		DEEP					1	_	+	-	-	-	-	4						+									-	-					<u> </u>			-	H		+	\vdash
479		-89.1729596		1			DEEP																																							İ	
480		-89.1700158 -89.1685439			+		DEEP								_		_								-																			\vdash		+	\vdash
481		-89.1685439 -89.167072				Rope	DEEP																		İ													L							L	İ	
483		-89.1656001		Ros											_		_								-																			\vdash		+	\vdash
484	45.5055223	-89.1641281 -89.2347669		Ros		Pole Pole			1																									1		1										İ	
486		-89.2332949				Pole			2			+	_	+	-	-	-	-	-						-	1					1			-	-	1		-	_				-	H	-	1	\vdash
487		-89.2318229 -89.230351		Mui		Pole Pole			1				1												İ	1								3		1									L	t	\Box
489		-89.228879		Mui					2			+	1	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	\dashv	4	+		+			\vdash				-	1	1	-	1		<u> </u>						\vdash	-	1	\vdash
490 491		-89.227407 -89.225935		Mui		Pole Pole			1				1													1							1	2		1							3				
492	45.5054528	-89.2244631	10	Mui	ck	Pole						+	+	+	-		-		-		\dashv	-	+		+			\vdash				-	-	-				<u> </u>						\vdash	-	1	+
493 494		-89.2229911 -89.2215191		Mui		Pole Pole							1	_						_	1			t	İ	t	L	H				1	_			1		L	L	t	L	L	Ħ		L	t	†
495	45.5054227	-89.2200471	4	Ros	ck	Pole	-					1	1	1	4	1	4	1	4	1	7	1	1		F							4	J	7	1				F				L	F		1	H
496 497		-89.2185752 -89.2171032				Pole Pole		<u> </u>	H			_+	_	\dagger	_	_	_	_			1	1	_	-		ŀ						_1	_	_	_			\vdash	H	H			H		H	H	+
498	45.5053925	-89.2156312	10	Sar			-					1	2	1	4	1	4	1	4	1	1	1	1		F							1	J	7	1				F				L	F		1	H
499 500		-89.2141593 -89.2126873			†		DEEP	<u> </u>	H			_+	_	\dagger	_	_	_	_			_	_	_	-		ŀ							_	_	_			\vdash	H	H			H		H	H	+
501	45.5053621	-89.2112153	0		1		DEEP					1	7	1	7		7		\exists	1		1		I	ļ								7	7					F					F			\blacksquare
502	45.5053519 45.5053417	-89.2097434 -89.2082714			†		DEEP	<u> </u>	H			_+	_	†	_	_	_	_			_	_	_	-		ŀ							_	_	_			\vdash	H	H			H		H	H	+
504		-89.2067994					DEEP								_[_[[Ţ							I						L	L	L			Ĺ	$\overline{\Box}$	Ĺ	Ĺ	LĪ

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Point Number	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	рертн	SEDIMENT	POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myriophyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis	Elodea canadensis	Equisetum fluviatile	Isoeles sp.	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna trisulca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas flexilis	Nitelia sp.	Nuphar variegata Nymphaea odorata	Phragmites australis	Pontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	Potamogeton pusillus	Potamodeton robbinsii	Potamogeton spirillus	Potamogeton zosteriformis	Sagitaria sp. (rosette)	Scho enoplectus acutus	Scho enoplectus tabern aemontan	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisneria americana	KNOWN_1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae
505	45.5053212	-89.2053275	0			DEEP																																		4		_	
506	45.505311 45.5053007	-89.2038555 -89.2023835	12	Sand	Pole	DEEP																																			1		
508	45.5052904	-89.2009116	0			DEEP													-																					_	_	_	_
509	45.5052801 45.5052698	-89.1994396 -89.1979677	0			DEEP																																					
511	45.5052595	-89.1964957	0			DEEP																																		4	4	4	
512 513	45.5052491 45.5052387	-89.1950238 -89.1935518	0			DEEP																																		+	+	\dashv	_
514	45.5052283	-89.1920798	0			DEEP																																					
515	45.5052179	-89.1906079	0			DEEP																																		-	-	+	_
516 517	45.5052075 45.505197	-89.1891359 -89.187664	0			DEEP																																					
518	45.5051865	-89.186192	0			DEEP						+																		-										4	\dashv	_	_
519 520	45.505176 45.5051655	-89.1847201 -89.1832481	0			DEEP													1																					+	+	_	_
521	45.505155	-89.1817762	0			DEEP																																		1			
522 523	45.5051444 45.5051338	-89.1803042 -89.1788323	0			DEEP				+	+	+	H					\dashv	+	1	+	H		H	+	+	+		H	+	ł	+		-					H	+	+	\dashv	\dashv
524	45.5051232	-89.1773603	0			DEEP				1											ļ				1					1										1	_	_	
525	45.5051126		0			DEEP					+		-													+				+	+									+	+	-	-
526 527	45.505102 45.5050914	-89.1744164 -89.1729445	0			DEEP						t																		İ	L									1	1		
528	45.5050807	-89.1714725	0			DEEP						-																		-	-									4	4	_	_
529 530	45.50507 45.5050593	-89.1700006 -89.1685287	0			DEEP																								+										+	+	1	_
531	45.5050486		0			DEEP																																			1		
532	45.5050378 45.5050271	-89.1655848 -89.1641128	11		Pole																																			+	-	-	_
533	45.5065573	-89.2347529	5	Muck	Pole		v				1							1							1														3				
535	45.5085474	-89.2332809	6	Muck	Pole			1			1													1		-				3										_	_	_	_
536 537	45.5065375 45.5065276	-89.2318089 -89.2303368	7	Muck	Pole			1			1													1						2	:	1								1	7	_	_
538	45.5065177	-89.2288648	6	Muck	Pole			1			1																			3		1								4	_		
539 540	45.5065078 45.5064978	-89.2273928 -89.2259208	7	Muck	Pole			1			3																			1 1		3								+	+	-	-
541	45.5064878	-89.2244488	9		Pole																											1											
542 543	45.5064778 45.5064678	-89.2229768 -89.2215048	11		Pole						+		-													+				+	+									+	+	-	_
543	45.5064577	-89.2215048 -89.2200328	0	Rock	Pole	DEEP																																					
545	45.5064477	-89.2185608	8	Sand	Pole							-																												_	_	_	_
546 547	45.5064376 45.5064275	-89.2170889 -89.2156169	8	Sand	Pole						1								1	1																			2	1	7	_	_
548	45.5064174	-89.2141449	0			DEEP																																		4	4	4	
549 550		-89.2126729 -89.2112009				DEEP																								+	+									-	+	+	_
551	45.5063869					DEEP																																					
552		-89.2082569				DEEP				+	+	+					-	\dashv	-	+	+	H		H	-	-			\vdash	+	-			+					Н	+	+	\dashv	\dashv
553 554	45.5063665 45.5063563	-89.2067849 -89.2053129		Rock	Pole	DEEP					1	Ţ																		1										#	╛	\exists	
555	45.506346			Rock				H		+	+	+	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	H		H	\downarrow	\perp	-		\sqcup	+	-	-	-						H	+	4	\dashv	4
556 557		-89.2023689 -89.2008969			Pole Rope					1	t	t	L	L						1	t				1	t	L			t	t	L	L	L						1	_	_	
558	45.5063152	-89.199425	14		Rope							F	Ī	L				-	-	Į				HĪ	$-\Gamma$	-							L	F					H	\dashv	J	4	4
559 560	45.5063048 45.5062945					DEEP					+	\dagger	t	H	H		1	+	\dashv	1	+	H		H	\dashv	+	t		\vdash	+	t	t	H	H					H	+	\dashv	+	7
561	45.5062841	-89.195009	0			DEEP														ļ																				1	_	4	\exists
562	45.5062737		0			DEEP				+	+	+	-				4	-	\dashv	+	+			H	+	+	\vdash		\vdash	+	+	\vdash		-					H	\dashv	+	\dashv	4
563 564	45.5062633 45.5062529	-89.192065 -89.190593				DEEP					1	Ţ																		1										#	╛	\exists	
565		-89.1891211				DEEP				+	+	+	-				-	-	\dashv	+	+				+	+	\vdash		\vdash	+	+	\vdash		-					Н	+	+	\dashv	4
566 567		-89.1876491 -89.1861771			L	DEEP	L			_	1	t	l	L	L				_			Ħ		H		_	t	L	Lt	†	ŀ	t	L	t							_	_	\exists
568	45.506211	-89.1847051	0			DEEP				T	\parallel	F		L				4	Ţ	Ţ	-			П	Ŧ	\bot			H	F			L						Н	4	J	4	4
569 570	45.5062005 45.50619	-89.1832331 -89.1817612	0			DEEP				+	+	+	ŀ					\dashv		1	-			H	-	+			H	+	-			\vdash					Н	+	+	\dashv	ㅓ
571		-89.1802892				DEEP				1		L															L			1		L								1	1	1	
572	45.5061689					DEEP				+	+	+	ŀ	H			-	\dashv	\dashv	1	+	H		H	+	+	+		H	+	+	+	H	H					H	+	\dashv	+	+
573 574		-89.1773452 -89.1758733				DEEP						t																		İ	L									1	1		
575	45.506137					DEEP				-	+	+	-						\dashv	1	+				-	+	-		\vdash	+	+	-		-					Н	4	4	4	4
576	45.5061264	-89.1729293	0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	DEEP	L	Ш				1	1		<u> </u>							Ш		Ш			1	L	Ш			1		1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		ᆚ	\perp	\perp	┙

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Point Number	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	рертн	SEDIMENT	POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myriophyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis Eleocharis palustris	Elod ea canadens is	Equisetum fluviatile	Isoetes sp.	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna trisulca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas flexitis	Nitella sp.	Nuphar variegata Nymphaea odorata	Phragmites australis	Pontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	Potamogeton pusillus	Potamogeton richardsonii	Potamogeton robbinsii	Potamogeton spirillus	Potamogeton zosteriformis	Sagitaria sp. (rosette)	Scho enoplectus acutus	Scho enoplectus tabern aemontan	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisneria americana	KNOWN_1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae
577	45.5061157		0			DEEP																																				4	4	_
578 579	45.506105 45.5060943		0			DEEP																																				1		
580	45.5060836	-89.1670414	0			DEEP																										4	_									4	4	
581	45.5060729 45.5060621	-89.1655695 -89.1640975	0	Sand	Pole	DEEP													+													1	+									+	+	-
583	45.5060513	-89.1626255	4	Rock	Pole																																					1	Į	_
584	45.5075923 45.5075825	-89.2347388 -89.2332668	2	Sand	Pole			1			1								+	1									1			1								2		+	+	\dashv
586	45.5075726	-89.2332000 -89.2317948	6	Muck	Pole			2			1																						1									1		
587	45.5075627		8	Muck	Pole			1			1																						1									+	4	_
588 589	45.5075527 45.5075428		10	Muck	Pole			1																						1			1											_
590	45.5075328	-89.2259067	11	Muck	Pole						-	-																														4	4	_
591 592	45.5075228 45.5075128	-89.2244346 -89.2229626	15	Muck	Rope																									1			1									+	+	=
593	45.5075028	-89.2214906	0			DEEP													1												1		1									7	1	4
594 595	45.5074928 45.5074827	-89.2200186 -89.2185465	9	Rock	Pole	DEEP				+	╁	╁	H					+	+	+	+			H	+	+	H			-	1	+	\dashv		\dashv						+	+	+	\dashv
596	45.5074726		8	Sand	Pole	555				1																							1									#	_	1
597 598	45.5074625 45.5074524	-89.2156025 -89.2141305	8	Sand	Pole	DEEP		1										_	1	2												-	-							1	_	+	+	-
599	45.5074423	-89.2126584	0			DEEP																																					1	
600	45.5074321	-89.2111864	0			DEEP											_		+	-							-			4		4	4	_								+	+	-
601	45.5074219 45.5074117	-89.2097144 -89.2082424	0			DEEP																																						
603	45.5074015		0			DEEP																										4	_									4	4	
604	45.5073913 45.5073811	-89.2052983 -89.2038263	6	Rock	Pole														+													1	+									+	+	_
606	45.5073708		6	Rock	Pole																																					1]	
607	45.5073605	-89.2008823	15		Rope												_		+											4		+	+	_								+	+	_
608	45.5073502 45.5073399	-89.1994103 -89.1979383	0			DEEP																																						
610	45.5073295	-89.1964663	0			DEEP											_		4	-							-			_		4	4	_								+	4	_
611	45.5073191 45.5073088	-89.1949942 -89.1935222	0			DEEP																																				+	1	_
613	45.5072984	-89.1920502	0			DEEP																																				Į	Į	_
614	45.5072879 45.5072775	-89.1905782 -89.1891062	0			DEEP												1																							1	+	+	_
616	45.507267	-89.1876342	0			DEEP																																				1]	
617	45.5072566	-89.1861622	0			DEEP											_		+											4		+	+	_								+	+	_
618	45.5072461 45.5072355	-89.1846902 -89.1832182	0			DEEP																																						
620	45.507225		0			DEEP											_		4	-							-			_		4	4	_								+	4	_
621		-89.1802742 -89.1788022				DEEP												1												1											1	+	+	\exists
623		-89.1773302				DEEP																																				1	Į	
624		-89.1758582	0			DEEP													+													1	+									+	+	\dashv
625 626		-89.1743862 -89.1729142	0			DEEP																											1									#	1	
627		-89.1714422				DEEP				+	\vdash	\vdash						-	+	-	-				+	+	1				1	-	\dashv		-						-	+	+	\dashv
628		-89.1699702 -89.1684982				DEEP					L	L							1							†																\pm	1	
630	45.5071186	-89.1670262	13		Rope					- -	F	F	L	L		_	-	4	4	4		L			\parallel	-				4	4	\dashv	4	-	4						4	4	4	4
631		-89.1655542 -89.1640822		Rock						+			H					\dashv	+	+	+				+	+	H			-	1	+	+		1	1					\dashv	+	\dashv	٦
633		-89.1626102		Rock															1												ļ											7	4	\exists
634		-89.2347248 -89.2332528	1	Sand				3			-	-		-		1		\dashv	+	_	1 1				+	+				+	1	-	1			-	1	1			\dashv	+	\dashv	\dashv
635 636		-89.2332528 -89.2317807	4	Sand						1	L	L															L					1	1		1							#	⇉	
637		-89.2303086		Muck				1		+	3	\vdash						\dashv	+	+	+				+	+				+	+	-	1		-	4					\dashv	+	+	+
638		-89.2288366 -89.2273645		Muck Sand						1	Ė	Ė	L						1		t		L		\perp	t	t				1											1	1	
640	45.5085679	-89.2258925	15		Rope						L	L		L		J		Ţ	4	1				H	$-\Gamma$	+	F			Ţ	Ţ	\blacksquare	4		4	4					Ţ	4	Į	_
641	45.5085579 45.5085479	-89.2244204 -89.2229484	10	Sand						+	1				H				\dashv	1	-		H		+	+	\vdash	-			1	-	+		\dashv			H		H		+	\dashv	+
643		-89.2214763		Sand							L	L							1	1												1	1									#]	4
644 645		-89.2200043 -89.2185322			Pole Pole					+	2				Н			1	1	+	+				+	+	-			-	+	-	1		\dashv	-				1	\dashv	+	+	\dashv
646		-89.2185322 -89.2170602			Pole						L	L							1	1							L					1	1									1	⇉	
647		-89.2155881			Pole					+	\vdash	\vdash	L		H	_	-	-	+	1		H	L		+	+			H	-	-	4	4	-	-					H	-	+	4	4
648	45.5084874	-89.2141161	8	Sand	Pole	l	L	Ш			1	1_	L	L	Ш				1	2		<u> </u>	L	Ш				<u>L</u>	Ш		1		1							Ш		1	Ш	$_{\perp}$

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oint Number	LATITUDE	ONGITUDE	рертн	SEDIMENT	POLE_ROPE	сомментѕ	Myriophyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis Floodharis pallietris	Elodea canadensis	Equisetum fluviatile	Isoetes sp.	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna trisulca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas flexilis	Nitella sp.	Nuphar varlegata Nymphaea odorata	Phragmites australis	Pontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton friesii	Potamogeton illinoensis	otamogeton praelongus	Potamogeton pusillus	Potamogeton richardsonii	Potamogeton robbinsii	Potamogeton spirillus	Potamogeton zosteriformis	Sagitaria sp. (rosette)	Scho enoplectus acutus	Scho enoplectus tabernaemontan	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisneria americana	KNOWN_1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae
649	45.5084773	-89.212644	0	0)		DEEP	_		Ü					_				_	_	_			Ĺ											0)	0)	0)	0)	0)	_	-	Ì	_	_	_
650	45.5084671 45.508457		0			DEEP																																						_
652	45.5084468		0			DEEP					+																						4									_	_	_
653 654	45.5084366 45.5084263	-89.2067558 -89.2052838	9	Sand	Pole	DEEP					t								1														1									7	7	_
655	45.5084161	-89.2038117	5	Rock	Pole						1																													1		4		1
656 657	45.5084058 45.5083955	-89.2023397 -89.2008676	3	Rock	Pole						1		1																		1	1	1									\dashv	+	_1_
658	45.5083852		5	Rock	Pole																																							
659 660	45.5083749 45.5083645		6	Rock	Pole Pole						-																															+	-	_
661	45.5083542		0	TKOUK	1 010	DEEP																																			_			
662 663	45.5083438 45.5083334		0			DEEP					\perp																					-										+		=
664	45.508323	-89.1920354 -89.1905634	0			DEEP																																						
665	45.5083125		0			DEEP	-			+	+	-	-					-	\dashv	-		-			\vdash		+	-		+	\dashv	1	4								\dashv	+	-	4
666	45.5083021 45.5082916		0			DEEP					t	L	t	L					1	1						t	İ	t			1										╛	╛	1	
668	45.5082811		0			DEEP				+	+		<u> </u>						-	-[\perp		L		Н			<u> </u>		-	-	4	-{									4	=	=
669	45.5082706 45.50826	-89.1832032 -89.1817312	0			DEEP																																						
671	45.5082495		0			DEEP						-																														4	_	4
672 673	45.5082389 45.5082283	-89.1787871 -89.1773151	0			DEEP																										1										+	+	1
674	45.5082177		0			DEEP																																			_			
675 676	45.5082071 45.5081964		0			DEEP																																				+	-	-
677	45.5081858		0			DEEP																																			_	1	_	
678 679	45.5081751 45.5081644		0			DEEP					-	+																													_	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv
680	45.5081536		0			DEEP																																			1	4		=
681	45.5081429 45.5081321	-89.1655389 -89.1640669	11	Sand	Pole						t								1														1									7	7	_
683	45.5081213		9	Rock	Pole						-																															4		
684	45.5096525 45.5096426		5	Sand	Pole						t							1	1	1									1				1									7	7	_
686	45.5096327	-89.2302945	7	Sand																																						4	4	_
687	45.5096228 45.5096129		11	Muck	Pole		1				H																															7		_
689	45.5096029	-89.2258783	12	Muck	Pole																																					4	4	_
690 691	45.5095929 45.5095829	-89.2244062 -89.2229341	3	Sand	Pole			2			1							1	1												1		1							1	1			
692	45.5095729	-89.221462 -89.21999	7	Sand							1								1	1				1							1	-	-								_	4	_	\dashv
693 694		-89.2185179									ľ									2									1		1		1							2	#			
695		-89.2170458		Sand					1											2												1								1		4	_	_
696		-89.2155737 -89.2141016	7	Sand					1		1							1		1													1							1	╛	╛	1	
698		-89.2126296	0			DEEP	-			+	+	-	-		H			-	\dashv	1	+		L			+	-	-		\dashv	\dashv	1	-								\dashv	\dashv	-	\dashv
700		-89.2111575 -89.2096854				DEEP					t	L	t	L					1	1						t	İ	t			1										╛	╛	1	
701		-89.2082134				DEEP	-			+	+	-	-		H		4		\dashv	-	+	-	L			+	+	-		-	\dashv	1	\dashv	4		4					\dashv	\dashv	+	\dashv
702		-89.2067413 -89.2052692			Rope						t	L	L	L					1	1							İ	L			1										╛	╛	1	
704		-89.2037971		Sand			-			+	1	1	\vdash				4	-		1	+				\vdash	+		\vdash		\dashv	+	+	\dashv	4		4				1	\dashv	4	=	\dashv
705 706	45.5094408 45.5094306	-89.2023251 -89.200853	6								1		t						1	1			L			t		t			1										1	╛		
707	45.5094202		6	Sand			H			+	1	ŀ	-					1	1	1	+	-	H		H	-	-	-		+	+	1	\dashv							1	\dashv	\dashv	+	\dashv
708		-89.1979089 -89.1964368		Rock															1													1]	\exists		
710		-89.1949647				DEEP	-			+	+	-	-		H		4		\dashv	-	+	-	L			+	+	-		-	\downarrow	4	\dashv	4		4					\dashv	\dashv	+	\dashv
711		-89.1934927 -89.1920206				DEEP					t															t	t					1									1			
713		-89.1905485				DEEP				+	1							-	\dashv	-	-	-			\vdash		-			+	+	-	-								\dashv	4	4	4
714		-89.1890765 -89.1876044	0			DEEP	L			\pm	t	t	t	L	Ħ						1	L	L	L		⇟	İ	t	L		\exists										╛	╛		
716	45.5093266	-89.1861324	0	F		DEEP	F	П	4	-	F	F	F	F	H	П		J	\dashv	Ŧ	+	l	L	L	H	-[F	F	F	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	J		4					П	J	J	4	=
717 718		-89.1846603 -89.1831882		L		DEEP	<u> </u>				ľ	l	l	L								<u> </u>	L	L			ľ	l	L												_	_		
719	45.5092951	-89.1817162	0			DEEP				7									7		I										4	7	7								4	4	4	_
720	45.5092845	-89.1802441	0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	DEEP	<u> </u>	Ш				<u> </u>	L							\perp			L	1	Ш			_	_												\perp	\perp		

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Point Number	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	DEРТН	SEDIMENT	POLE_ROPE	сомментѕ	Myriophyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis Eleocharis palustris	Elodea canadensis	Equisetum fluviatile	Isoeles sp.	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna trisulca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas flexilis	weeled sp.	Nymphaea odorata	Phragmites australis	Pontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton irresii Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	Potamogeton pusiflus	Potamogeton richardsonii	Potamogeton robbinsii	Potamogeton zosteriformis	Sagitaria sp. (rosette)	Schoenonlactus acutus	Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani	minusconing military and	sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	KNOWN 1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae
721	45.5092739	-89.1787721	0			DEEP																																			I	I	F
722 723	45.5092633 45.5092527	-89.1773 -89.175828	0			DEEP																																			İ	İ	
724	45.5092421		0			DEEP												4																			-				+	+	₩
725 726	45.5092314 45.5092208	-89.1728838 -89.1714118	0			DEEP												1																								\pm	
727	45.5092101	-89.1699397	0			DEEP																																		_	1	1	\sqsubseteq
728 729	45.5091994 45.5091887	-89.1684677 -89.1669956	0			DEEP DEEP				+								1																							+	+	\vdash
730	45.5091779	-89.1655236	0			DEEP																																			Ţ	I	L
731	45.5091671	-89.1640515	10																																						+	+	-
732 733	45.5091564 45.5091456	-89.1625795 -89.1611074	10	Rock	Pole																																						
734	45.5106974	-89.2346968	4	Sand	Pole			2	1						1			1			1								1		1						-			1	+	+	₩
735 736	45.5106876 45.5106777	-89.2332246 -89.2317525	5	Muck	Pole			1			1							1		1									1		1	1		,			t			1	+	+	T
737	45.5106678	-89.2302804	8	Muck	Pole			1																								2									1	Į	L
738 739	45.5106578 45.5106479	-89.2288083 -89.2273362	11		Pole			H	-	+	1					-	\dashv	1	+	+	+				+	+			H	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	1
740	45.5106379	-89.2258641	10		Pole					1							1			1	1				1	T								1	1	1	1		1	1	ļ	ļ	L
741	45.5106279	-89.224392	14		Rope						-							+																	+					+	+	+	⊬
742 743	45.5106179 45.5106079	-89.2229199 -89.2214478		Rock	Pole			1			1							1	1	1					2						1												
744	45.5105979	-89.2199757	5	Sand	Pole					-	-	-						4			2										1 1	1			-		-			1	-	-	₩
745 746	45.5105878 45.5105777	-89.2185036 -89.2170315	8	Sand	Pole						1								1 :	3				1	1						1	1					t			1	1	+	\vdash
747	45.5105676	-89.2155593	6	Sand	Pole						1								1 :	2				1																1	1	Į	
748 749	45.5105575 45.5105474	-89.2140872 -89.2126151				DEEP				+								+																			+				+	+	╁
750	45.5105474	-89.211143			Rope	DEEP																																			I	I	
751	45.510527	-89.2096709	6	Sand	Pole						-	-							1	2						-														-	+	+	┡
752 753	45.5105168 45.5105066	-89.2081988 -89.2067267	15	Rock	Pole																																				-	\dagger	1
754	45.5104964	-89.2052546	14		Rope																																			_	1	1	\sqsubseteq
755 756	45.5104861 45.5104759	-89.2037825 -89.2023104	5	Rock	Pole						+							+																			ł			+	+	+	+
757	45.5104449	-89.1978942	3	Rock	Pole														1																						L	L	L
758 759	45.5104346		4	Rock	Pole						-							+																	+					+	+	+	⊬
760	45.5104242 45.5104138	-89.19495 -89.1934779	0			DEEP DEEP																																					
761	45.5104034	-89.1920058	0			DEEP												4									-										-				+	+	₩
762 763	45.510393 45.5103826	-89.1905337 -89.1890616	6	Sand	Pole	DEEP													1												١,										-	\dagger	1
764	45.5103721	-89.1875895	5	Sand	Pole																																			1	1	1	1
		-89.1861174 -89.1846454		Sand	Pole	DEEP					+		1					+	1																		+			1	+	+	1
767		-89.1831733				DEEP																																			Ţ	I	L
768		-89.1817012				DEEP					-							+																	+					+	+	+	⊬
769 770	45.5103195 45.510309	-89.1802291 -89.178757				DEEP DEEP				1								1														t	t	t	t	t	1			t	t	t	
771	45.5102984	-89.1772849	0			DEEP		Н		-	1	-				-	+	+	-	+			L		-	-				-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash
772		-89.1758128 -89.1743408				DEEP		H			t	t	L			_	_	_		⇟	1	L	L			┇	t	L			t	t	t	t	t	t	1		⇟	İ	t	İ	t
774	45.5102665	-89.1728687	0			DEEP		П								1	7	4	1	I			F		7	\perp			П	1	Ŧ	F		I	I	I	Ŧ	1			F	F	F
775 776		-89.1713966 -89.1699245				DEEP		Н	-	+	-	-				+	+	+	+	+	+				+	+	H			+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	\parallel	+	+	+	\vdash
777	45.5102344		0			DEEP				1							1	1		1	1				1	T								1	1	1	1		1	1	ļ	ļ	L
778		-89.1669804				DEEP				-						+	+	+	+						+	+	-			-	-				+		+	-	-	+	+	+	\vdash
779		-89.1655083 -89.1640362				DEEP												1									L								t		1		t	t	t	t	L
781	45.5101914	-89.1625641	7	Sand				Н		\parallel						4	4	4	$-\parallel$	1		L			-		F	L		\downarrow	1	1	1	1	+	1	4	\downarrow	-	+	F	F	F
782 783		-89.1610921 -89.2346827		Sand	1			Н	2	+					Н	\dashv	\dashv	1		+			H	Н	\dashv	+			H	+			+		+	+	\dagger	+		1	+	+	+
784		-89.2332106		Sand	1			2	1	1	1				1		1	1	1	1											1	1			1		1		_	1	Į	Į	L
785		-89.2317384		Sand			٧		1	+	1	-				-	\dashv	1	1	+	+				1	+	\vdash			+	1	1	+	+	+	+	+	+	ŀ	1	1	+	+
786 787	45.5117028 45.5116929			Muck					1	1	1						1	1		t											T			İ	t	İ	1		t	İ	İ	t	
788	45.5116829			Muck				Н	4	+	-	\vdash				\dashv	\dashv	+	+	+	+		L		\dashv	+	-		Н	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	\vdash
789 790	45.511673 45.511663	-89.2258499 -89.2243778		Muck						1	L	t		L				╛	1	1	t		L			t	L				1	t	l	İ	l	İ	1		İ	İ	İ	İ	L
791	45.511653	-89.2229056	0			DEEP				$-\Gamma$		F				4	Ţ	4	$-\Gamma$	Ţ					Ţ	F	L			Ţ	Ţ			F	\bot	F	Ŧ	Ţ	I	F	F	F	Ļ
792	45.5116429	-89.2214335	0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	DEEP						_	<u> </u>																												丄	丄	L

oint Number	ATITUDE	оматгире	#	SEDIMENT	POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myriophyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis Eleocharis palustris	Elodea canadensis	Equisetum fluviatile	Isoeles sp.	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna trisulca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Nitella sp.	Nuphar variegata	Nymphaea odorata	Phragmites australis	Pontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus Potamogeton friesii	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton Illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	Potamogeton pusillus	Potamogeton richardsonii	Posamogeton robbinsii	ejunojirejen uopenumo i	office from the second	Schoenoplectus acutus	Scho enoplectus tabern aemontani	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Valisneria americana	KNOWN_1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae	
793	45.5116329	-89.2199614	, рертн	Sand		COMB	Myrio	Cerat	Chars	Eleoc	Elode	Equis	Isoete	June	Lem	Lem	Mega	Myrio	Nitel I	Nuph	Nymp	Phrag	Ponte	Potan	Potan Potan	Potan	Potan	Potan	Potan	Potan	Poten	o do	1	School S	Scho	Sparg	Spiro	nuici	Vallis	KNOV	POT	POT	Filam	1
794	45.5116228	-89.2184892	5	Sand	Pole				1		ļ								2															ļ					1			ļ	F	-
795 796	45.5116128 45.5116027	-89.2170171 -89.215545	7	Sand	Pole				2		1								3												1								1			L	T	
797 798	45.5115925 45.5115824	-89.2140728 -89.2126007	0		Rope	DEEP																											ł	+	+							+	-	-
799	45.5115624	-89.2126007 -89.2111286	4	Sand	Pole				1		1																								ļ				1			ļ	I	1
800 801	45.5115621 45.5115519	-89.2096565 -89.2081843	3	Sand	Pole				2		1		1																					l					1			\vdash	+	-
802	45.5115417	-89.2067122	3	Sand	Pole				2																														1			L		
803 804	45.5115314 45.5115212	-89.2052401 -89.203768	3	Sand	Pole				1		1		1						1																t				1					
805	45.5114696	-89.1964073	3	Rock	Pole															-																						-		-
806 807	45.5114593 45.5114489	-89.1949352 -89.1934631	0	Rock	Pole	DEEP																																				İ	L	
808	45.5114385	-89.191991	0			DEEP									4																		+									-	-	
809	45.511428 45.5114176	-89.1905189 -89.1890468	3	Sand	Pole																																		1			İ	1	1
811 812	45.5114071 45.5113967	-89.1875746 -89.1861025	4	Rock	Pole				1						_																		+	+								-	1	
813	45.5113862	-89.1846304	5	Sand	Pole				1							1	1	1	1	ļ						İ				1	Ţ	ļ	1	1	ļ				1		İ	I	1	1
814 815	45.5113756 45.5113651	-89.1831583 -89.1816862	4	Sand					1																								+	+					1			H	1	1
816	45.5113546	-89.1802141	0			DEEP																																				L	L	1
817 818	45.511344 45.5113334	-89.178742 -89.1772698	0			DEEP											+			t										+	t		t		t	+			+			H	H	1
819	45.5113228	-89.1757977	0			DEEP																																				L		1
820 821	45.5113121 45.5113015	-89.1743256 -89.1728535	0			DEEP																											t									H	+	1
822	45.5112908	-89.1713814	0			DEEP																																				I]
823 824	45.5112801 45.5112694	-89.1699093 -89.1684372	0			DEEP																																				L		
825	45.5112587	-89.1669651	0			DEEP									4															-			+		+							-	₩	-
826 827	45.5112479 45.5112372	-89.165493 -89.1640209	14		Rope	DEEP																																					L	=
828	45.5112264	-89.1625488	3	Sand	Pole										-		+			-						-				+	-		+		+	-			-			-	-	-
829 830	45.5127675 45.5127576	-89.2346687 -89.2331965	3	Sand	Pole			1	1		1							1		1			1		1	1			1					1			1		1		1			-
831	45.5127478	-89.2317244	4	Sand					2		1							1	1											-			+	+								\vdash	-	1
832 833	45.5127378 45.5127279	-89.2302522 -89.22878	10		Pole			2																							İ											İ	L	
834 835	45.512718 45.512708	-89.2273079 -89.2258357	12		Pole																												+	+								-	╁	
836	45.512698	-89.2243635	8	1				1			1							1		İ											Ī								2			İ	I	
837 838		-89.2228914 -89.2214192			Pole Rope						1									-										+	1		1						1			╁	\vdash	1
839	45.5126679	-89.2199471	9	Sand	Pole											1	1	1	1	ļ				Ц		L				1	1	l	1	1	1							ļ	ļ	1
840 841		-89.2184749 -89.2170027			Pole Pole		Н		1								+		2	+				H						+	+	+	+		+	+	-		1	-	1	+	+	-
842	45.5126377	-89.2155306	0			DEEP	П				F				7	7	7	Ŧ	Ŧ	I				П					1	Ŧ	Ŧ	I	Ŧ	Ŧ	I	I			I		F	F		1
843 844		-89.2140584 -89.2125863			Rope	DEEP											1		t	t	L					L				1	t	t	t	1	t	t	L	L	t	L	L	t	t	1
845	45.5126073	-89.2111141	6				Н								-		+	-	+	H				H	\perp					+	+	-	+	+	+	-			-			L	L	1
846 847		-89.2081698 -89.2066977		Sand				1			1					1	1	1	t	t						t			1	1	t	ľ	1	t	t	t			t		L	İ	t	1
848		-89.2052255 -89.1949205			Pole Pole		Н				-					-	+	-	2	+				Н	-		-			+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-		1	-	1	-	\vdash	-
849 850		-89.1949205 -89.1934483			Pole												1	1		L										1		l	1		İ							t	L	1
851		-89.1919762 -89.190504			Pr.		Н	1			H				+	+	+	+	+	+	+			Н	+	H			1	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-		+	-	H	+	\vdash	1
852 853		-89.190504 -89.1890319		Sand							L						1	1	1	t	L	1				l				1	#	l	#	1	1	İ			1		L	12	İ	1
854 855		-89.1875597 -89.1831433	0	Rock	Polo.	NONNAVIGABLE (PLANTS)	Н				-					1	+	1	1	+	+				+	+			-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	\vdash	\vdash	1
856	45.5124001	-89.1816712	5	Rock	Pole											1	1	1	1	ļ						L				1	#	1	1	1	1						L	ļ	ļ	1
857 858		-89.180199 -89.1787269			Pole		H		2				1		+		+	-	1	+		Н		H	-	+		H		+	+	ŀ	+	+	+	+	-		1	-	-	+	\vdash	1
859	45.5123684	-89.1772548	6	Sand	Pole						I					1	1	1	1	ļ						l				1	1	1	1	1	ļ						I	I	Į	1
860 861		-89.1757826 -89.1743105		Sand	Pole	DEEP	H				-					1	+	+	+	H	-				+	-			1	+	\dagger		+	+	+	+	-		+	-	\vdash	\vdash	\vdash	1
862	45.5123365	-89.1728384	0			DEEP										1	1		ļ	ļ										1	1		1	ļ	ļ							Į	Į	1
863 864		-89.1713662 -89.1698941	0			DEEP					1						†	_		ŀ						ŀ	<u> </u>		_	_			\parallel	╁	╁	1	1		1	1	1	H	\dagger	1

Point Number	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	рертн	SEDIMENT	POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myrlo phyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Elo dea canaden si s	Equisetum fluviatile	Isoetes sp.	Juncus pelocarpus	Lemna trisulca	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myrio phyl lum si bir icum	Najas flexilis	Nitella sp.	Nuphar varlegata	Nymphaea od orata	Phragmites australis	Pontederia cordata Potamonaton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton friesii	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	Potamogeton pusillus	Potamogeton richardsonii	Potamogeton robbinsii	Dotamogacon aparales	Company Company	Soft percentage (10 settle)	A	Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisneria americana	KNOWN_1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae
865 866	45.5123044 45.5122937		0			DEEP															t					l											1	1	1	1				1		
867 868	45.512283 45.5122722		0	Sand	Pole	DEEP					+	-									+			+											+		+	+	+	-				4	_	_
869	45.5122722		3	Sand	Pole																																Ţ	1	1	1				1		
870 871	45.5137927 45.5137828	-89.2331825 -89.2317103	1 4	Sand	Pole			1	1		1	1									+			1	1	+			1				1		+	١.	+	+	+	+				+	-	_
872	45.5137729	-89.2302381	5	Sand	Pole			2	1										1																		ļ	Į	1	1		1			4	
873 874	45.5137629 45.513753	-89.2287659 -89.2272937	7	Sand	Pole			1										1	1		1										1		1		+		t	+	+	+		1		+		-
875	45.513743	-89.2258215	8	Sand				1				1							1		_		-									-	-		_	-	Ŧ	7	1	4		-		4	4	
876 877	45.513733 45.513723	-89.2243493 -89.2228771	5	Sand	Pole			1				1								1																	1		1			1				
878	45.513713	-89.221405	6	Sand	Pole															1	_												1		-		+	+	-	+		1			4	_
879 880	45.513703 45.5136929	-89.2199328 -89.2184606	2	Rock	Pole				1											2																	1	1	1	1				1		
881	45.5136828	-89.2169884	4	Sand					2		+									1	-			+				1							+		+	+	+	-				_	_	_
882 883	45.5136727 45.5136626		0	Sand	Pole	DEEP																															İ	İ	1	1						
884 885	45.5136525 45.5136423	-89.2125718 -89.2110997	15		Rope	DEEP			-	\dashv	+	1				+			+		\dashv	+	+	+	+	-						+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	\dashv	-	\dashv
886	45.5136321	-89.2096275	14		Rope	DEEP																															Į	Ī	1	1				1		
887 888	45.5136219 45.5136117	-89.2081553 -89.2066831	13		Pole						1								1		+		+	1		t						+	t		+	+	\dagger	t	+	+	1	1		+	+	_
889	45.5136015	-89.2052109	13	Muck	Pole																4																Į	1	1	4				1	_	
890 891	45.5135912 45.5135189		10	Sand	Pole				1	1										1															+	1	+	-	+	+		1		-	_	-
892	45.5135085	-89.1919614	0			DEEP															_		-									-	-			-	Ŧ	7	1	4		-		4	4	
893 894	45.5134981 45.5134877		4	Sand					1																												1	v	1			1		_		
895	45.513414	-89.1787118	3	Rock	Pole																														-		+	+	-	+		-			4	_
896 897	45.5134034 45.5133928		3	Rock	Pole																							1		1							İ	1	1	I						
898 899	45.5133822 45.5133715	-89.1742954 -89.1728232	5	Sand							+										+			+	1	+		1		1		1			+		+	+	+	+		1		-	_	_
900	45.5133715		16		Rope																																Į	Ī	1	1				1		
901	45.5133502 45.5133395	-89.1698789 -89.1684067	0			DEEP															+																+	-	+	+				+		-
903	45.5133287	-89.1669346	0			DEEP															4																Į	1	1	4				1	_	
904	45.513318 45.5133072	-89.1654624 -89.1639902	2	Sand	Pole	DEEP															1																t	+	+	+				+		
906	45.5148178	-89.2316962	2	Sand							1									1	4			_									1		+	-	+	-	4	+				_		
907	45.5148079 45.514798	-89.230224 -89.2287518	3	Rock																1													1			1			1			1				
909		-89.2272795 -89.2258073		Sand				3			-							1	1		\dashv			-											_		+	+	4	+		1		4		
910		-89.2258073 -89.2243351		Sand				1										1	1														2	Į.			İ	İ	1	1		1				
912 913		-89.2228629 -89.2213907	4		Pole Pole						1									1															+	1	+	_	+	+		1		-	_	
914	45.514738	-89.2199185	5	Sand	Pole				1		1	1							1	1	1		1	1								1	1		1		‡	ļ	7	7		1	1	1	4	4
915 916		-89.2184462 -89.216974			Pole Pole		L	L	1		_	1				_			_	1	_	$\frac{1}{2}$	\exists	_	1	$^{+}$	t	L			1	1			╁	1	\dagger	\pm	_	\pm	_	1		1		\exists
917	45.5147077	-89.2155018	10	Sand	Pole																-		-									-	-			-	Ŧ	7	1	4		-		4	4	4
918		-89.2140296 -89.2125574			Rope						1								1		1		1	1	\dagger	t						1	\dagger	İ	#	1	#	#	1	#	1			1		1
920		-89.2110852			Rope					\mathbb{H}	+	1				\dashv			\dashv	1	+	+	+	+	+	+						+	+	╁	+	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv	-	1	+	+	\dashv
921		-89.209613 -89.2081408		Muck	Rope																1												İ				İ	1	1	1				1		
923 924		-89.2066686 -89.2051964			Pole Pole					H	+	1				\dashv			\dashv	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+					+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv		+	+	=	\dashv
925		-89.2037242		Sand					2	1	1	1							1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ļ		1			1	1	Ţ	ļ	1	1	Ŧ	ļ	#	#	1	1	1	1	_	4
926 927		-89.1934187 -89.1919465		Rock	Pole Pole					\vdash	+	1				-			\dashv	1	\dashv	+	+	+	+	+	+					+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv	-	1	\dashv	=	\dashv
928	45.5145331	-89.1904743	12	Muck	Pole						1	1							1		1		1	1	1	ļ						1	1		1	1	Ŧ	Ŧ	7	7	1		1	4	4	4
929 930		-89.1890022 -89.1757524		Muck			F	1	1		_								_	_	_	1	\pm	_	_	t					H	\pm	1		t	_	+	+	+	+	_		_	_		_
931	45.5144172	-89.1742802	2	Sand	Pole				1		7	7	4	1		7	4	4	7	1	7	1	7	7	Ŧ	I						7	Ŧ	I	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	7	7	7	1	7	4	4	4
932		-89.172808 -89.1713358			Pole Pole				1		1			1							1		1	1		l						1		t	1		1	\pm	1	\pm		1		_		
934	45.5143852	-89.1698637	5	Sand	Pole					H	4	-[-			\dashv	1	\parallel	+	+	4	+	+	1					+	+	-	+	+	+	+	4	+	1	4		4	1	4
935 936 937	45 5143638	-89.1683915 -89.1669193 -89.1654471 -89.1639749	0		Pole	DEEP	E			H	1	1							1		#	ŧ	t		ļ	ŧ						#	ŧ	ŧ	#	ŧ	‡	#	#	⇟	1	╡	1	╛	=	=

Point Number	АПТИВЕ	LONGITUDE	рертн	SEDIMENT	POLE_ROPE	COMMENTS	Myrio phyllum spicatum	Ceratophyllum demersum	Chara spp.	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Eruientum finistin	dolarini iluwatiw	SOEWS Sp.	Juneus percearpus	Lemna turionifera	Megalodonta beckii	Myriophyllum sibiricum	Najas flexilis	Nitella sp.	Nuphar variegata	Nymphaea odorata	Phragmites australis	Pontederia cordata	Potamogeton amplifolius	Potamogeton foliosus	Potamogeton friesii Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton illinoensis	Potamogeton praelongus	Potamogeton pusillus	Potamogeton richardsonii	Potamogeton robbinsii	Potamogeton spirillus	Potamogeton zosteriformis	Sagitaria sp. (ro sette)	Schoenoplectus acutus	Schoenop lectus tabernaemontani	Sparganium eurycarpum	Spirodela polyrhiza	Utricularia vulgaris	Vallisneria americana	KNOWN_1	POT_HB_1	POT_HB_2	Filamentous Algae
939 940 941 942	45.5158429 45.515833 45.5158231	-89.2302099 -89.2287376 -89.2272654 -89.2257931	2 3	Sand	d Pol d Pol d Pol		2	1	1 1	ш !	1				1	_	2	2	z	z	z	z		۵.			1			_			_	1	s	1 1 1	s	8	S	_	1	¥			
943 944 945 946 947	45.5158031 45.5157931 45.5157831 45.515773	-89.2243209 -89.2228486 -89.2213764 -89.2199042 -89.2184319	2 3 4	Sand Sand Sand	d Pol d Pol d Pol d Pol			1	1		1						1	1									1							1		1 1 1					1				
948 949 950 951	45.5157529 45.5157428 45.5157327 45.5157225	-89.2169597 -89.2154874 -89.2140152 -89.212543	10 14 15	Muck	k Pol	e .			1				ļ						Ė								1				2	1		1							1		Ⅎ		Ξ
952 953 954 955	45.5157124 45.5157022 45.515692 45.5156818	-89.2110707 -89.2095985 -89.2081263 -89.206654	13 13 13	Muck Muck Muck	k Pol k Pol k Pol k Pol	b																																					▋		Ξ
956 957 958 959	45.5156715 45.5156613 45.515651 45.5155786	-89.2051818 -89.2037096 -89.2022373 -89.1919317	11 6 2	Sand Sand Sand	k Pol d Pol d Pol d Pol))																												1							2				Ξ
960 961 962 963	45.5155681 45.5155577 45.5155472 45.5155368	-89.1904595 -89.1889873 -89.1875151 -89.1860428	11 9	Muck Muck Muck	d Pol k Pol k Pol k Pol	1										1															1	1		1							1	1		1	
964 965 966 967 968	45.515388 45.5168581	-89.1683762 -89.166904 -89.1654318 -89.2272512	2	Sand	d Pol				1										1														1			1					1		=		Ξ
969 970 971 972	45.5168381	-89.2257789 -89.2243067 -89.2228344 -89.2213621 -89.2198899	3	Sano	d Pol				1		1		1			Ė		1 1					1				1	1			F	1				1					1		=	=	Ξ
973 974 975 976	45.516798 45.5167879 45.5167778	-89.2184176 -89.2169453 -89.2154731	11 13	Muck Muck	k Pol))		1				1						1												1	1			1		1					1		╡	=	Ξ
977 978 979 980	45.5167575 45.5167474 45.5167372 45.516727	-89.2125285 -89.2110563 -89.209584 -89.2081117	14 12 13	Muck Muck Muck	k Pol k Pol k Pol k Pol	b																																							
981 982 983 984	45.5167066 45.5166963 45.516686	-89.2086395 -89.2051672 -89.203695 -89.2022227	12 10 4	Sand	k Pol d Pol d Pol	1			1										2															1							1		=		
985 986 987 988 989	45.5165927 45.5165823 45.5165718 45.5165613	-89.1904447 -89.1889724 -89.1875002 -89.1860279 -89.1845557	9 8 6	Muck Muck Muck	k Pol k Pol k Pol k Pol	1		1 2			-					1									1							1 1 2		1							2 1 1		Ⅎ	1	Ξ
990 991 992 993	45.5178732 45.5178632 45.5178531 45.5178431	-89.2242924 -89.2228201 -89.2213479 -89.2198756	2 3	Sand Sand Sand	d Pol	1			1 1 2	1	1	1										1					1				1				1	1 1 1					1				
994 995 996 997	45.5178128 45.5178027	-89.2184033 -89.216931 -89.2154587 -89.2139864	13	Muck	k Pol	1		1	1		1								1								1					1		1		1					2				
998 999 1000 1001 1002	45.5177824 45.5177722 45.517762	-89.2125141 -89.2110418 -89.2095695 -89.2080972 -89.2066249	13 14 12	Muck	k Pol Rog	e .																																					╡		Ξ
1002 1003 1004 1005 1006	45.5177416 45.5177313 45.5177211	-89.2051527 -89.2036804 -89.2022081 -89.1904298	12	Muck Muck Sand Sand Muck	k Pol k Pol d Pol			1	2										1						1									1							1 1		╡	▋	Ξ
1007 1008 1009 1010	45.5176277 45.5176173 45.5176068 45.5175963	-89.1889575 -89.1874853 -89.186013 -89.1845407	5	Muck Muck	k Pol k Pol k Pol	1		1								1	1	1							1							1									3 2 3			1	Ξ
1011 1012 1013 1014	45.5188479	-89.2198613 -89.2183889 -89.2169166 -89.2154443 -89.213972	II 11	Sano Sano Muck Sano	k Pol	2			1									1	1									1						1		1							=		Ξ
1015 1016 1017 1018 1019	45.5188276 45.5188174 45.5188073	-89.2124997 -89.2110273 -89.209555	3 4 14	Rock	d Pol	1			1		1							Ė	1															1		1					1 1		=		Ξ
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APPENDIX F

WDNR Fisheries Studies

Panfish Survey and bluegill stocking evaluation on Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin during 2005.

Waterbody Identification Code 1579900



John Kubisiak Senior Fisheries Biologist Rhinelander February, 2006





Your purchase of fishing equipment and motor boat fuel supports boating access and Sport Fish Restoration.

Panfish Survey and bluegill stocking evaluation on Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin during 2005.

John Kubisiak Senior Fisheries Biologist February, 2006

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A panfish netting survey of Pelican Lake was conducted during June, 2005. I evaluated relative abundance and population parameters of panfish species, and measured the contribution of 34,670 bluegill stocked by Pelican Lake Property Owners Association during October, 2004. Pelican Lake has a diverse, high-quality panfish fishery. Panfish species found include black crappie, bluegill, pumpkinseed, bluegillxpumpkinseed hybrids, yellow perch, rock bass and a few black and yellow bullheads. Panfish abundance was high, with good size structure. Bluegill showed very strong abundance with a catch rate of 60 per net night. Bluegill were growing about a year ahead of the regional average and annual mortality was low at 51%. Stocked bluegill showed minimal contribution to the population, comprising only 0.27 % of the bluegill catch. I recommend continuing to manage Pelican Lake for a diverse fishery including walleye, muskellunge, northern pike, bass and panfish. Fish populations show adequate natural reproduction, and no stocking is currently needed.

Lake and location:

Pelican Lake, Oneida County, T35N R10E Sec23. Located in south-east Oneida County in the towns of Enterprise and Schoepke. The City of Pelican Lake is located on the east shore of the lake. Pelican Lake is part of the Upper Wisconsin River watershed and is drained by the Pelican River.

Physical/Chemical attributes (Andrews and Threinen 1966):

Morphometry: 3,585 acres, maximum depth 39 feet. Outlet dam raises the water level about 2 feet.

Watershed: 10 square miles, including 361 acres of wetlands.

Lake type: Drainage. Two unnamed streams feed the lake; outlet is controlled by a low-head dam and is

the source of the Pelican River.

Basic water chemistry: Soft – alkalinity 39 mg/l, conductance 104 μmhos.

Water clarity: Clear water of moderate transparency.

Littoral substrate: 40% sand, 30% muck, 20% gravel and some rubble.

Aquatic vegetation: Submerged vegetation moderate in density.

Winterkill: None.

Boat landings: Two asphalt and concrete ramps with parking for 63 vehicles with trailers and 63 additional vehicles; one asphalt ramp and one gravel ramp with roadside parking.

Other features: Shoreline 95% upland with bog and meadow wetlands adjoining a limited portion of the lake basin. Rusty crayfish are present.

<u>Purpose of Survey</u>: Assess status of panfish and non-game species and develop management recommendations.

Dates of fieldwork: Panfish netting June 6 - 10 2005.

INTRODUCTION

Walleye fry were stocked in Pelican Lake at least as early as 1933, while walleye fingerlings were stocked fairly regularly from 1942 to 1976. Muskellunge fry were stocked as early as 1934 and fingerlings were stocked during 1938 through 1998 (Table 1). In years past, it was common to stock on top of naturally reproducing populations and to "plant-back" fry or fingerlings in years when eggs were taken for DNR hatcheries. However, recent studies indicate that walleye stocking to supplement natural reproduction is usually ineffective (Li et al. 1996). Other risks associated with stocking include genetic, fish health and aquatic invasive species issues. Genetic issues associated with stocking fish are described in Fields et al. (1997); they recommend: "If there is substantive natural reproduction...fish should not be introduced from any source." Fish health risks include a variety of pathogens and parasites (e.g., Heterosporis sp.) that may be introduced with the fish. Health inspections required by Wisconsin Department of Agriculture and Consumer Protection (DATCP, the agency that regulates private hatcheries in Wisconsin) are a step in the right direction, although no health inspection can detect everything. Currently, health inspections of private hatcheries that stock fish in Wisconsin waters are not required annually and testing is not required for all pathogens of concern (e.g., testing for largemouth bass virus is not required, despite a 2001 fish health advisory issued by DATCP). The list of potential non-native and aquatic invasive species that could potentially be introduced from a fish-stocking event includes plants (e.g., Eurasian water milfoil), mussels (e.g., zebra mussel), zooplankton (e.g., spiny water flea) and fish (e.g., round gobi, green sunfish).

It is against current DNR policy to permit walleye stocking in lakes with adequate natural reproduction because the potential risks outweigh the benefits. Nevertheless, Pelican Lake Property Owners Association (PLPOA) established a 'Pelican Lake Stocking Fund', financed by a large raffle. Their initial goal was to stock walleyes. However, when the WDNR Fisheries Biologist refused to authorize walleye stocking, the PLPOA turned towards panfish stocking as an alternative. Perch stocking was permitted in 2001-03. At the same time, large naturally-reproduced perch yearclasses were documented in 2002 and 2004. The PLPOA requested a permit to stock bluegill beginning in 2004, but I withheld permission pending the results of a baseline netting survey in August, 2004. After the netting results showed good adult bluegill numbers, size structure and growth rates, a permit was granted the PLPOA to stock bluegill on condition that the stocked fish be fin clipped to allow a more thorough evaluation of the Pelican Lake bluegill population and the relative contribution of stocked bluegill to the population (i.e., the present study). Additional stocking would only be permitted if the bluegill population showed low abundance (i.e., a netting catch rate less than 15 per net night) and stocked bluegill contributed to the population (i.e., if stocked fish contribute 10% or more of the 2005 bluegill catch).

BACKGROUND

A netting survey during August 3 to 7, 1945 found good numbers of walleye, perch and rock bass, along with northern pike, crappie, smallmouth bass, sunfish, sucker and lawyer (burbot). "The [length] distribution sheet shows that Pelican Lake has a good supply of fish. Muskies are known to be present though none were taken in the nets. Minnows, fry, crayfish and insects are abundant, indicating adequate forage for game fish." (Churchill 1945)

Unpublished data summaries indicate that three crews conducted 189 net-lifts on Pelican Lake during April 18 -27 1948, likely for spawning operations. Catch per net night included 110 walleye, 0.81 northern pike, 0.053 muskellunge, 17 perch and 0.72 suckers (Table 2). Other species recorded by one or two crews on 71 of the net lifts include 0.25 rock bass per net night, 0.38 lawyer (burbot) and 1.76 crappies (74 net lifts).

Various netting summaries from April and May spawning operations during 1953-57, 1960, 1973, 1975 and 1976 are contained in the file, but the panfish catch and the amount of effort were only recorded sporadically. However, the data summary from a netting survey during September 26-30, 1955 (42 net-

2

Table 1. Fish stocking record during 1975 through 2005 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin.

Year	Species	Size	Number	Comments
1975	walleye	lg fingerling	20,000	
1976	walleye	lg fingerling	20,000	
1976	muskellunge	lg fingerling (10 inch)	1,390	
1977	muskellunge	lg fingerling (11 inch)	2,369	
1980	muskellunge	lg fingerling (8 inch)	2,500	
1981	muskellunge	lg fingerling (12 inch)	890	
1982	muskellunge	lg fingerling (11 inch)	2,500	
1984	walleye	fry	3,000,000	
1984	muskellunge	lg fingerling (9 inch)	1,186	
1985	muskellunge	lg fingerling (11 inch)	2,500	
1986	muskellunge	lg fingerling	1,176	
1988	muskellunge	lg fingerling (11 inch)	2,500	
1988	muskellunge	lg fingerling	1,000	Permit to Dave's Musky Club
1989	muskellunge	lg fingerling	750	Permit to Dave's Musky Club
1989	muskellunge	lg fingerling (9-11 inch)	2,210	
1991	muskellunge	lg fingerling	910	
1991	muskellunge	lg fingerling (10.4 inch)	1,750	
1991	walleye	fry	400,000	Mole Lake
1993	muskellunge	lg fingerling	2,500	
1996	muskellunge	fry (0.5 inch)	100,000	
1996	muskellunge	lg fingerling (10.8 inch)	2,500	
1998	muskellunge	lg fingerling (12 inch)	2,500	
1999	walleye	fry	440,000	Mole Lake
2000	walleye	fry	460,000	Mole Lake
2000	smallmouth bass	lg fingerling	250	PLPOA
2000	largemouth bass	lg fingerling	250	PLPOA
2001	yellow perch	adult	12,000	PLPOA
2002	yellow perch	adult	20,000	PLPOA
2003	yellow perch	adult (5.5 inch)	22,250	PLPOA
2004	bluegill	adult (4.2 inch)	34,670	PLPOA

nights) gives numbers of panfish rounded to the nearest 50 or 100 fish (Table 2). Six nets set during October 3-5, 1973 (presumably 12 net-nights) found moderate catches of 11 species, dominated by black crappie (11 per net night) and yellow perch (4 per net night, Table 2)

A seine haul was made on August 10, 1955 with a 2000 by 14 foot (fishing depth) seine. A number of fish were counted and measured, including 57 walleyes, 63 northern pike and 1 muskellunge. An estimated 15,000 fish were released, consisting of 80% crappies and perch, 15% sunfish and bluegills and 5% suckers. According to Burdick (1956), "...the seine catch ranks among the highest ever obtained in the area." Growth rates were characterized as normal for young walleyes but below average for older fish, while crappies and perch were growing about average (Burdick 1956).

Bullheads were removed from Pelican Lake by seining during 1954. Bullhead removals were conducted during 1959 through about 1986, initially by commercial fishermen and (after around 1980) by volunteers. A May 21, 1959 sample of 514 bullheads ranged from 8.1 to 13.3 inches with an average length of 10.4 inches. Fifty-one of the bullheads (species not identified) were aged using dorsal spines, and the results indicate that 39% of the bullheads were age 2, 51% were age 3 and 10% were age 4 (Priegel, 1960)

Table 2. Catch per unit effort of gamefish and panfish species during historic and current netting surveys of Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin. Netting catch rates are reported as number of fish per net night. If available, mean lengths are given with number of fish measured (N) in parentheses.

species	Apr 18-27 1948	Sep 26-30 1955	Oct 3-5 1973	Aug 2-3 2004	June 6-10 2005
walleye	110 14.2" (N = 114)	2.3	1.8 16.3" (N = 21)	0.5 6.3" (N= 1)	0.3
largemouth bass	0	0.5	2.0 15" (N = 1) 3" (N = 3)	0	0.1
smallmouth bass	0	0	0.25 16.8" (N = 3)	0	0.5
muskellunge	0.053	0	0.33 37.5" (N = 4)	0	0.1 26.0" (N = 3)
northern pike	0.81 18.8" (N = 40)	0.3	0.25 16.4" (N = 3)	0.5 11.3" (N = 1)	0.9
bullheads		2.2		0.5 7" (N = 1)	1.0 9.7" (N = 31)
black crappie	1.76 7.2" (N = 29)	79	11 9.1" (N = 72) 3" (N = 60)	3.0 8.7" (N = 6)	5.0 8.1" (N = 191)
bluegill		62	2.2 6.9" (N = 10) 2.5" (N = 16)	107.5 5.1" (N = 50)	60.0 5.7" (N = 267)
hybrid bluegill xpumpkinseed				1.5 6.1" (N = 3)	1.6 6.4" (N = 53)
pumpkinseed ('sunfish')			0.50 5.0" (N = 6)	28.5 4.3" (N = 49)	6.9 5.3" (N = 214)
rock bass	0.25		2.5 6.8" (N = 18) 2.5" (N = 12)	14.5 5.1" (N = 26)	8.7 6.5" (N = 292)
white bass			0.08 13.0" (N = 1)	0	0
yellow perch	17 9.5" (N = 112)	20	4.0 6.8" (N = 8)	186.5 5.3" (N = 50)	7.8 6.8" (N = 235)

A shocking survey was conducted on July 6, 1960. Most of the shoreline was shocked from the west side of Antigo Island to the west shore of Outlet Bay. Large numbers of perch of all sizes were noted. "The other panfish were quite abundant but not in anywhere near the numbers of the perch." (Morehouse 1960) Moderate numbers of larger bullheads and walleyes were also noted, along with large numbers of lake shiners (species was not identified). The report recommended "With the continuation of the good perch population in Pelican Lake, because of the size and fertility of it, it is recommended that the lake be continued on the muskellunge stocking quota and stocked at a high rate. In those years when walleye spawning is necessary there, an additional bolster to the walleye population can be accomplished through the re-stocking of a percent of the spawn taken." (Morehouse 1960) This recommendation changed in the Oneida County annual report: "With the heavy harvest of perch that is normally experienced here during the winter months, and with other panfish populations in reasonable numbers, and the fact that no young of the year walleyes were noted, it is recommended that Pelican Lake be stocked with walleye fingerling again in 1961 followed by muskellunge stocking in 1962 to keep the panfish and forage populations in control...Commercial removal of bullheads is to be continued."

Periodic single-day angler creel-checks were conducted in 1954, 56, 58, 59, 60, 63, 64 and 67. All but one were during the ice-fishing period. A full (9-month) creel survey was conducted during May 5 1990 through March 1 1991, excluding November. The 1990-91 survey estimated total annual fishing effort of 62.3 hours per acre, nearly double the 1990-2001 Oneida County average of 33.7 hours per acre. Catch was focused on yellow perch (110,462 caught), bluegill (58,995), and black crappie (22,995). Catch of all game species combined was estimated at 26,173, dominated by walleye and northern pike.

Mark-recapture population estimates of the adult walleye population were conducted by WDNR in 1990 and by Great Lakes Indian Fish and Wildlife Commission (GLIFWC) in 1995, 96, 98 and 2001. Estimated walleye populations averaged 2.4 and ranged from 1.2 to 3.0 adults per acre. Fall young-of-year surveys were conducted by WDNR in 1984, 86, 87, 90 and 2002; by GLIFWC in 1988 and 1991 through 2001 [Sakagoan Chippewa Band (Mole Lake) assisted in 2001] and by WDNR and Mole Lake (one boat each) in 2003 through 2005. Young-of-year walleye catch in fall surveys during 1990 through 2005 (average of 44.7 young-of-year per mile) compares favorably with other regional lakes supported by natural reproduction over the same period (32.4 per mile).

A summer baseline survey with late-summer netting and fall shocking was conducted during 2004. The summer netting consisted of eight mini-fyke nets (3/16 inch bar-measure mesh with 1" exclusion netting to keep out predator fish and turtles) and two full-size fyke nets (1/2 and 3/4 inch mesh). Nets were fished for one night, August 2 – 3, 2004. Mini-fyke catch of minnow and darter species was very good, with 12 forage species represented including high catches of bluntnose minnow and johnny darter. The mini-fyke nets held moderate to good numbers of largemouth and smallmouth bass, while high catches of young-of-year yellow perch, johnny darter and Iowa darter indicated strong reproduction by Percids in 2004. Bluegill catch was low, with no young-of-year in the nets. This was consistent with other lakes in the region: the cold summer apparently caused a very poor 2004 yearclass. Panfish catch in the two full-size nets was very high at 107.5 bluegill and 186.5 perch per net night (Table 2).

METHODS

2012

Two of three shipments of bluegill stocked during October, 2004 (26,431 of 34,671 total fish) were marked by clipping half the left-ventral fin. The fish were held in two large net pens in the lake until they could be clipped. Clipping was performed by PLPOA volunteers and DNR staff. Clipping took about 2.5 hours on each day and about 300 fish were clipped per person per hour. Average length of bluegill in the two shipments was 4.8 and 4.1 inches. Mortality was 30 and 289 bluegill, respectively. Physical appearance of fish in the first shipment was very good. In contrast, a number of fish in the second shipment had poor color, cloudy eyes and generally looked stressed. The majority of stocked fish appeared healthy, but some

fish from the second shipment that were in poor condition swam or floated away from the clipping site and are not included in the 289 that died immediately. Other fish species mixed in with the stocked bluegill include pumpkinseed, yellow bullhead, fathead minnow (not native to Pelican Lake), green sunfish (not native to Pelican Lake) and bluegillxgreen sunfish hybrid.

Seven standard (3/4" bar mesh) and one small-mesh (1/2" bar mesh) fyke nets were set June 6. These nets targeted panfish and were fished through June 10. All bluegills were individually examined for presence of a fin clip. Length or length category (nearest half-inch) was recorded for a random sample of about 250 individuals for each panfish species. Age structures (scales) were removed from ten panfish per species, per half-inch group.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Bluegill

June, 2005 fyke net catch of bluegill was excellent, at 60 per net night (Table 2). In Oneida County, June bluegill catch rates were about 20 to 80 per net night during recent surveys (an exception was Booth Lake, with 290 stunted bluegill per net night). Catch rates range as low as single digits in drawdown reservoirs, where water-level fluctuations during spawning result in low-density bluegill populations but excellent growth rates and size structure (Coon 1998). Bluegill catch rates above 100 per net night are considered high density and are commonly associated with stunted populations (Snow 1990). The Pelican Lake bluegill catch far exceeded my benchmark of 15 per net night that would indicate a relatively low bluegill population. It was nearly identical to the bluegill catch in 1955 (Table 2).

Lengths were recorded for a random sample of 267 bluegill. Bluegill length peaked at 5 to 6 inches, with an average of 5.7 inches (Figure 1). A few 8 to 9.5 inch bluegill were found in most nets. Age analysis found bluegill as old as 11+, and indicated that Pelican Lake bluegill are growing about a year ahead of the regional average (Figure 2, Table 3). Based on this sample, 30% of the bluegill population was quality (\geq 6 inch) size (i.e., RSD₆ = 30%) and 6% was preferred (\geq 8 inch) size (RSD₈ = 6%).

Total annual mortality of the Pelican Lake bluegill population was estimated at 51%, using a catch curve (Figure 3). Panfish populations generally have high mortality rates because of their role as forage for many other species. Coble (1988) reported that seven annual mortality estimates for bluegill populations from five lakes in the upper Midwest averaged 70% and ranged from 59 to 87%. The relatively low mortality rate and fast growth measured in Pelican Lake indicate very good survival to larger sizes.

Bluegill Stocking Evaluation

Each bluegill captured in fyke nets was examined for fin clips by pulling the ventral fins away from the body. Of 1,944 bluegill captured during June netting, 4 possessed a fin clip. Stocked fish contributed 0.27% of the bluegill catch, even after expanding to account for 8,240 fish stocked without a clip. This is well short of the 10% benchmark I set as an indication that stocking contributed to the population.

Other Panfish Species

June net catch was dominated by bluegill, as is typical during early June netting. Crappies and perch are typically caught during April and May but net poorly during in June. However, June netting on Pelican Lake produced moderate catches of rock bass, yellow perch, pumpkinseed and black crappie (Table 2, Figures 4-7). Rock bass and pumpkinseed had stable length-frequencies (Figures 4 and 6), suggesting consistent recruitment. Yellow perch showed a strong yearclass of 5.5 to 7.5 inch fish (Figure 5), most likely 3-year-old fish from an abundant 2002 yearclass observed during fall shocking that year. Perch

6

smaller than about 6 inches are able to slip through the fyke net mesh, so another abundant yearclass from 2004 was not captured. The 2004 yearclass of perch was observed in 2004 mini-fykes and during 2004 and 2005 fall shocking. The black crappie length distribution (Figure 7) suggests dominance by a single yearclass, which is typical for crappies.

Figure 1. Length-frequency of bluegill during 2005 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin.

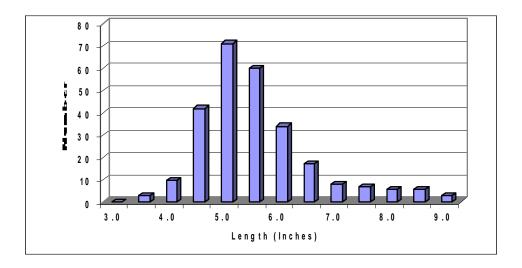
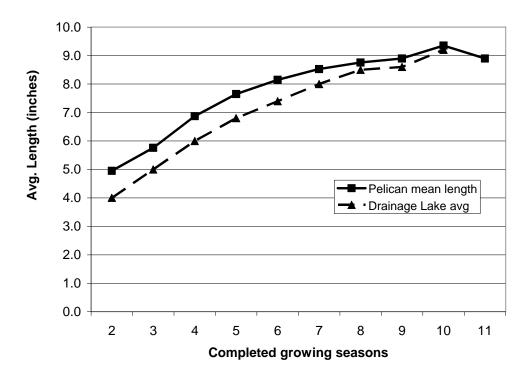


Figure 2. Length-at-age of bluegill in Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin during 2005 vs. Wisconsin River Headwaters regional average.



2012

Table 3. Bluegill length-at-age in Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin during 2005. The Pelican Lake aged subsample was weighted against the length-frequency to ensure representative results

	Number	Pelican	Drainage
Age	of fish	avg length	lake avg
2	34	5.2	4.0
3	26	5.7	5.0
4	10	6.7	6.0
5	8	7.6	6.8
6	6	7.9	7.4
7	7	8.6	8.0
8	7	8.7	8.5
9	7	8.8	8.6
10	4	9.2	9.2

Figure 3. Bluegill catch curve (log of weighted catch by age) from Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin during 2005. Regression line is weighted by the number of fish in each age class and indicates a total annual mortality of 51%.

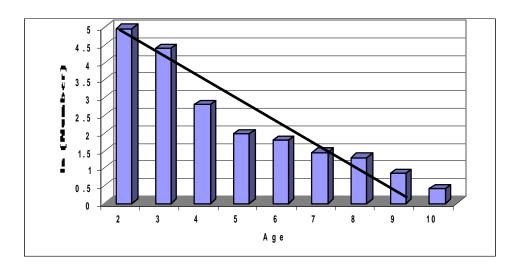


Figure 4. Length-frequency of rock bass during 2005 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

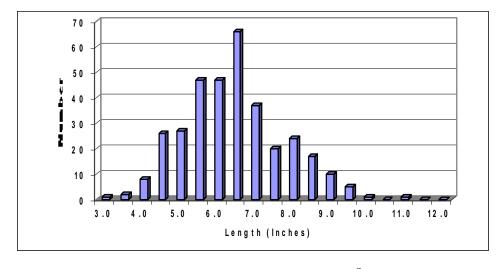


Figure 5. Length-frequency of yellow perch during 2005 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

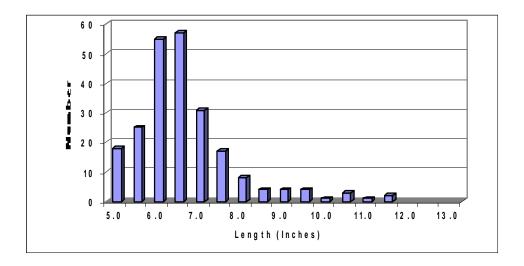


Figure 6. Length-frequency of pumpkinseed during 2005 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

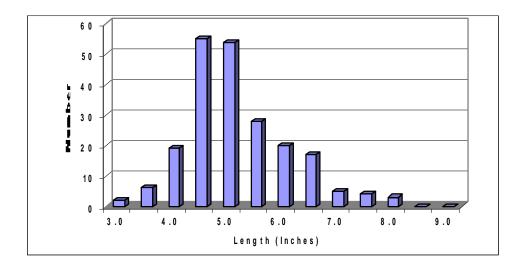
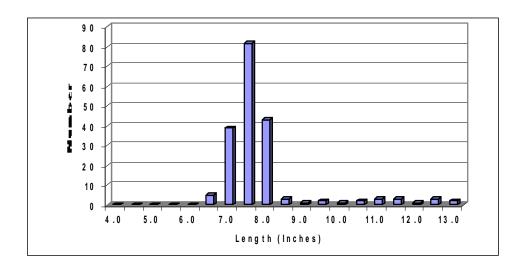


Figure 7. Length-frequency of black crappie during 2005 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.



MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

Despite high bluegill abundance, their growth rates and size structure were above average. This indicates that the gamefish populations are in balance and are providing adequate predation on panfish. I recommend continuing to manage Pelican Lake for a diverse fishery, including panfish, walleye, northern pike and quality-size bass and muskellunge. The stocking evaluation showed negligible contribution of stocked fish to the Pelican Lake bluegill population. No stocking is currently recommended for any species of fish.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Steve Timler and Pelican Lake Property Owners Association volunteers Ben Mott, Gina Javurek, Mike Schwartz, Ed Gengler and Bob Mott assisted in June netting. I especially appreciate the coordination efforts of Ben Mott. I assigned bluegill ages from scales. Aaron Nelson entered and summarized data.

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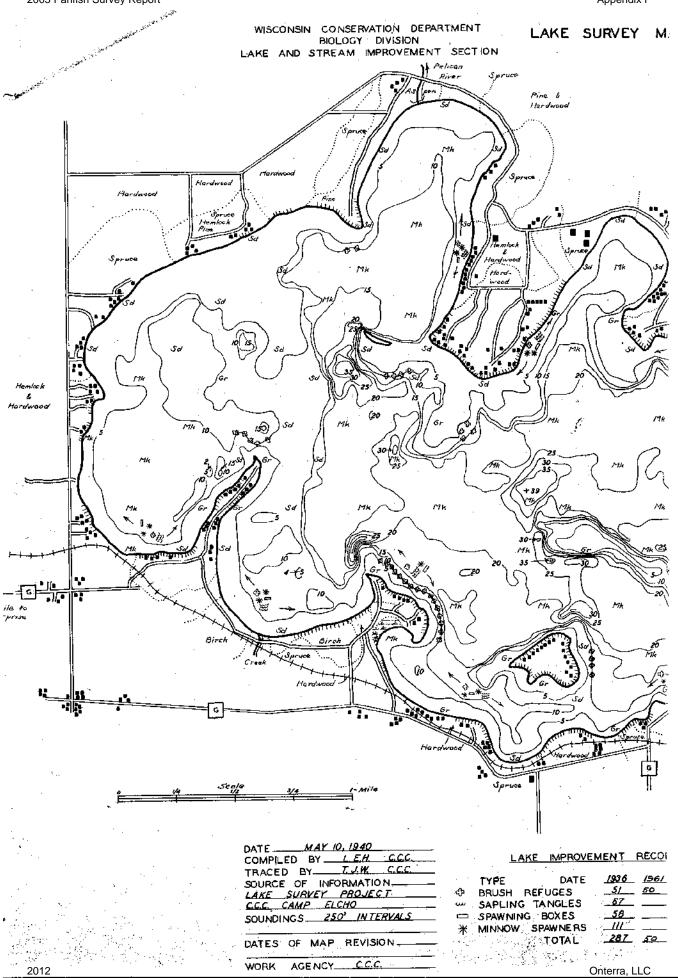
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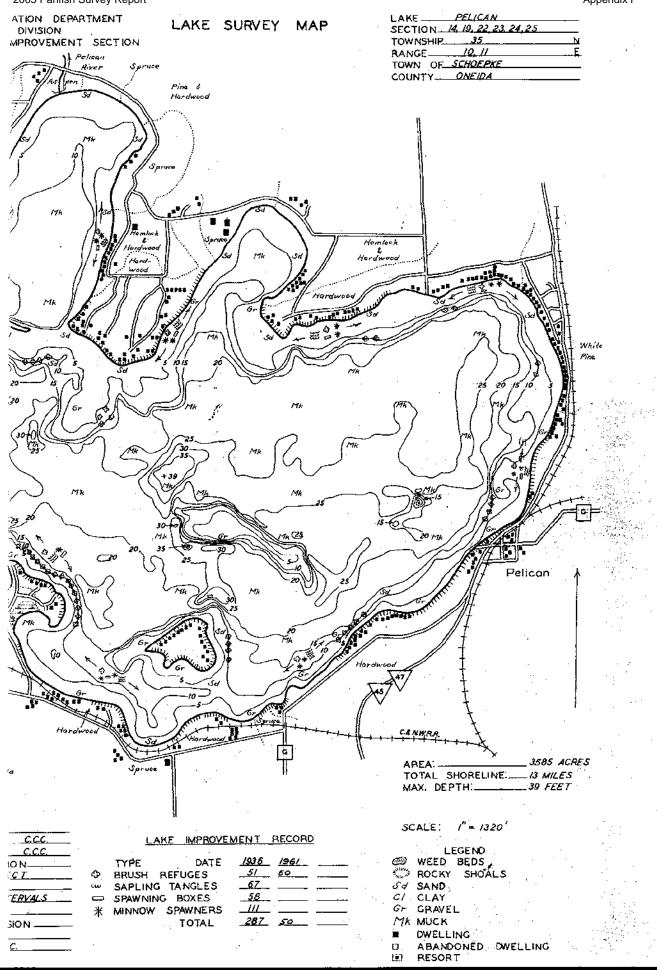
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Comprehensive Fisheries Survey of Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin during 2011.

Waterbody Identification Code 1579900



John Kubisiak Senior Fisheries Biologist Rhinelander January, 2012





Your purchase of fishing equipment and motor boat fuel supports boating access and Sport Fish Restoration.

Comprehensive Fisheries Survey of Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin during 2011.

John Kubisiak Senior Fisheries Biologist January, 2012

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A comprehensive fisheries survey was conducted in Pelican Lake during spring and fall, 2011. We found good populations of gamefish including walleye (population estimate, PE = 2.4 adults per acre), northern pike (PE = 1.5 adults per acre), largemouth bass (0.53 adults per acre), smallmouth bass and muskellunge. The game species had good size and appeared to be in excellent condition. Panfish species were also abundant, with moderate to good size structure. We found high catches of bluegill, pumpkinseed and black bullhead, moderate catches of rock bass, bluegill x pumpkinseed hybrids, yellow perch and black crappie and lower numbers of yellow bullhead and white bass. Non-game species in the catch include burbot, creek chub, golden shiner, Iowa darter, troutperch and white sucker. I recommend continuing to manage Pelican Lake for quality size potential and a diverse fishery including trophy muskellunge, walleye, northern pike, largemouth bass, smallmouth bass, and panfish.

Lake and location:

Pelican Lake, south-west Oneida County, T35N R10E Sec14. Pelican Lake is in the towns of Enterprise and Schoepke, about 12 miles southeast of Rhinelander. The community of Pelican Lake (unincorporated) lies on its east shore. Pelican is part of the Upper Wisconsin River watershed. It is fed by three unnamed tributaries, and several other small or intermittent streams are not marked on topographic maps. A dam maintaining 6 feet of head and owned by Wisconsin Valley Improvement Company (WVIC) regulates the Pelican River outlet, which drains to Wisconsin River in Rhinelander. The Pelican Lake reservoir maximum elevation is 1591.98 ft MSL with a summer minimum of 1591.49 ft (April 1 to October 31) and a winter minimum of 1589.98 ft (November 1 to March 31). (Sam Morgan, WVIC, personal communication).

<u>Physical/Chemical attributes</u> (Andrews and Threinen 1966): **Morphometry:** 3,585 acres with maximum depth of 39 feet.

Watershed: 10 square miles, including 361 acres of adjoining wetlands.

Lake type: Drainage with a low-head dam at the outlet.

Basic water chemistry: Soft – alkalinity 39 mg/l, conductance 104 μmhos.

Water clarity: Clear water of moderate transparency.

Littoral substrate: 40% sand, 30% muck, 20% gravel and some rubble.

Aquatic vegetation: moderate; dense in some areas. Eurasian watermilfoil was discovered in 2010;

curly-leaf pondweed and phragmites are present.

Winterkill: none.

Boat landing: Two concrete ramps with parking for 63 vehicles with trailers and 63 additional vehicles (numbers not verified). One asphalt and two gravel ramps with roadside parking. Several resorts provide access at private ramps.

Other features: Shoreline 95% upland with bog and meadow wetlands adjoining a limited portion of the lake.

<u>Purpose of Survey</u>: Assess status of game and panfish species and develop management recommendations.

<u>Dates of fieldwork</u>: Walleye netting, April 27 – May 3 2011. Muskellunge netting May 6-17 2011 Panfish netting, June 6-10 2011. Electrofishing May 4, May 17, May 24, June 9 and September 22, 2011.

BACKGROUND

Pelican Lake has the only white bass population in the area. It was most likely initiated by transferring live fish from the Lake Winnebago system. White bass fry, fingerlings and adults were transferred to inland lakes during 13 of the years between 1891 and 1914 (Wisconsin Fish Commission 1914), but the receiving waters are not listed for 1909 and later. On May 13 1898, 500 adult white bass were stocked in Pelican Lake, "Forest County" (Commissioners of Fisheries 1899). Superintendent James Nevin summarized the white bass stocking in the 1895-96 Commissioners report:

"WHITE BASS

Each year since the commission has been provided with a [railroad] car, a quantity of full grown white bass have been distributed to the summer resort lakes of the state. During the last season of distribution, thirteen thousand five hundred of this species were planted. The fish were obtained from Lake Winnebago, and were on the eve of spawning when planted.

The white bass is a very clean and handsome fish. It takes the hook readily during the summer months and is considered gamy by the angler. As a food fish it ranks little below the black bass. Its weight ranges from one to three pounds. Altogether, it is pre-eminently adapted for stocking summer resort lakes, and will afford the angler, whether lady, child or sportsman, more pleasure and amusement than any other fish that the commission can plant." (Commissioners of Fisheries 1897).

Kubisiak (2006) describes previous fisheries surveys. Since that time, Great Lakes Indian Fish and Wildlife Commission estimated an adult walleye population of 2.82 per acre in 2007 and fall electrofishing surveys have been conducted every year except 2009, when the survey was cancelled due to weather. In 2008, Pelican was part of a Michigan State University study of muskellunge spawning habitat (Nohner 2009). An angler creel survey conducted during the 2011-12 gamefish season is reported separately.

METHODS

The ice was mostly out when 14 standard fyke nets (¾-inch mesh, bar measure) were set on April 27, with one more set on April 29, 2011. These nets targeted walleye and northern pike. The nets were pulled on May 3, and effort totaled 88 net-nights. Six nets targeting muskellunge were set on May 6, with another 4 added on May 9. Muskellunge nets were pulled May 16 (4 nets) and May 17, for a total of 94 net-nights. Eight standard ¾-inch nets (except one ½-inch mesh was set to target smaller fish) targeting panfish were set June 6 and pulled June 9 (2 nets) and June 10 for a total of 30 net-nights.

Three electrofishing boats were used to collect gamefish on May 4, two boats on May 17 and 24, June 9 and September 8, 2011. One electrofishing boat on May 4, May 24 and September 8 was supplied by Sakaogan Chippewa Community and ran pulse direct current, while the remaining boats used WDNR-standard alternating current. The entire shoreline was electrofished on May 4 and September 8, while some shoreline was omitted during bass marking runs on the other dates.

Length or length category (nearest half-inch) was recorded for all gamefish and for panfish in June. Adult gamefish captured in spring were given a left-ventral fin clip and juveniles were given a toptail clip for use in mark-recapture population estimates. Age structures (scales or spines) were removed from ten fish per species, per half-inch group. Age data are not available at this writing.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Walleye

During walleye netting, 1,420 walleye were captured in 6 nights, including 74 recaptures, at a rate of 18.2 walleye per net night (Table 1). The electrofishing sample on May 4 yielded 186 walleye (11.3 fish per mile), including 11 juveniles. Adult walleye showed good size centered on about 15 inches (Figure 1). The mark-recapture population estimate of 8,632 adult walleye (± 1,742 SD), or 2.4 per acre, is below the predicted value of 3.2 per acre for a 3,585-acre lake supported by natural reproduction. However, it is within the 95% prediction interval of 1.0 to 9.7 per acre and is similar to past surveys on Pelican Lake (Figure 2). The consistently low proportion of adults less than 12 inches (Figure 2) suggests that walleye in Pelican Lake delay maturity until a larger size.

Fall surveys provide an index of walleye recruitment, the number of young fish moving into the population. A long-term Pelican Lake dataset of fall catch of young-of-year (yoy, born the previous spring and typically 4-8 inches in length, Figure 3) and age-1 walleye (two summers old, typically 8-11 inches) encompasses 25 of the 27 years from 1985 through 2011. These data show fairly consistent walleye recruitment, averaging 36.7 yoy (Figure 3) and 11.7 age-1 walleye per mile of shoreline. One moderate to strong yearclass every 3-4 years will sustain a fishable population (1 look for at least 12 yoy or 5 age-1 per mile).

During 1997 through 2005, there was no minimum length limit for walleye on Pelican Lake, but only one fish could be larger than 14 inches. In 2006, the walleye rule reverted to the statewide 15-inch minimum length limit. The no minimum regulation is intended for high-density populations showing slow growth. In contrast, walleye surveys on Pelican show moderate adult densities and growth rates that are average or above.

Fish age and growth is important for management, but verification of age assignments requires known-age fish. During electrofishing on September 22, 2012, all 252 young-of-year walleye (defined by length) were given a complete left-ventral fin clip. This will produce a number of known-age fish that can be used to verify age assignments in future years.

Table 1. Catch per unit effort during a 2011 survey of Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI. Netting catch rates are reported as number of fish per net night, while electrofishing catch rates are number of fish per mile of shoreline. Blank cells during shocking runs indicate a species was not targeted.

species	walleye netting	muskie netting	May 4 shocking	May 17 shocking	May 24 shocking	June 9 shocking	panfish netting
walleye	18.2	1.3	11.3				2.5
largemouth bass	0.13	0.56	5.3	8.9	14.9	3.5	0.32
smallmouth bass	0.14	0.28	0.18	1.5	2.9	0.09	0.79
white bass	0	0.13	0.18	0	0.26		0.54
muskellunge	0.30	0.86	1.1	0.80	0.40		0.21
northern pike	8.1	1.5	3.3				0.48
hybrid pike x muskellunge	0	0	0	0	0.13		0
black bullhead	0.33	3.2					18.9
black crappie	0.22	1.6					5.1
bluegill	2.1	21.8					149.1
hybrid bluegill x pumpkinseed	0	1.6					9.3
burbot	0.82	0.29					0
creek chub	0	0.2					0
golden shiner	0	0.17					0.60
Iowa darter	0.17	0					0
pumpkinseed	0.49	10.2					75.3
rock bass	0.35	2.8					9.3
troutperch	0.375	0.10			•		0
white sucker	1.3	8.5					0.32
yellow bullhead	0.22	1.0					3.4
yellow perch	3.3	9.6					8.3

Table 2. Fish stocking record during 1975 through 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin.

Year	Species	Size	Number	Comments
1975	walleye	lg fingerling	20,000	
1976	walleye	lg fingerling	20,000	
1976	muskellunge	lg fingerling (10 inch)	1,390	
1977	muskellunge	lg fingerling (11 inch)	2,369	
1980	muskellunge	lg fingerling (8 inch)	2,500	
1981	muskellunge	lg fingerling (12 inch)	890	
1982	muskellunge	lg fingerling (11 inch)	2,500	
1984	walleye	fry	3,000,000	
1984	muskellunge	lg fingerling (9 inch)	1,186	
1985	muskellunge	lg fingerling (11 inch)	2,500	
1986	muskellunge	lg fingerling	1,176	
1988	muskellunge	lg fingerling (11 inch)	2,500	
1988	muskellunge	lg fingerling	1,000	Permit to Dave's Musky Club
1989	muskellunge	lg fingerling	750	Permit to Dave's Musky Club
1989	muskellunge	lg fingerling (9-11 inch)	2,210	
1991	muskellunge	lg fingerling	910	
1991	muskellunge	lg fingerling (10.4 inch)	1,750	
1991	walleye	fry	400,000	Mole Lake
1993	muskellunge	lg fingerling	2,500	
1996	muskellunge	fry (0.5 inch)	100,000	
1996	muskellunge	lg fingerling (10.8 inch)	2,500	
1998	muskellunge	lg fingerling (12 inch)	2,500	
1999	walleye	fry	440,000	Mole Lake
2000	walleye	fry	460,000	Mole Lake
2000	smallmouth bass	lg fingerling	250	Pelican L. Prop. Owners Assoc.
2000	largemouth bass	lg fingerling	250	PLPOA
2001	yellow perch	adult	12,000	PLPOA
2002	yellow perch	adult	20,000	PLPOA
2003	yellow perch	adult (5.5 inch)	22,250	PLPOA
2004	bluegill	adult (4.2 inch)	34,670	PLPOA; LV clip on 26,431

Figure 1. Length-frequency of adult walleye during 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

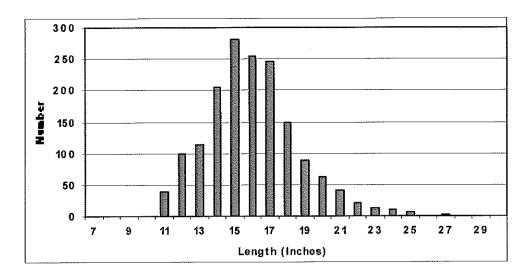


Figure 2. Adult walleye population estimates by length category during 1990 through 2011 on Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

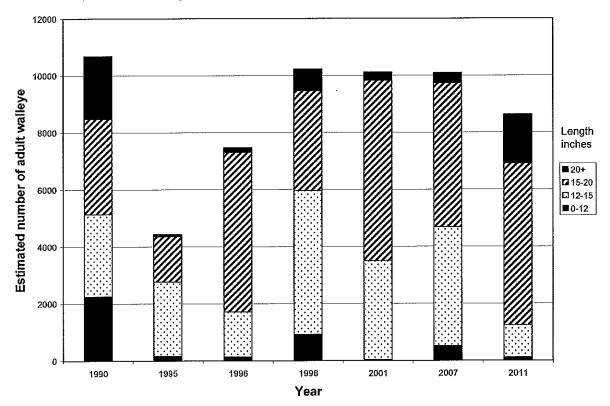
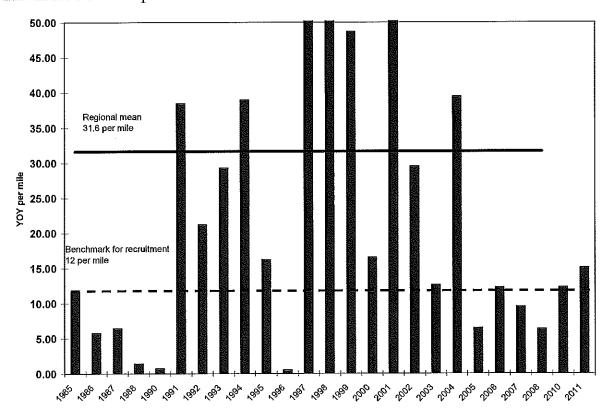


Figure 3. Catch of young-of-year (yoy) walleye per mile of shoreline in fall electrofishing surveys during 1985 to 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI. Catch was 144 per mile in 1997, 136 per mile in 1998 and 136 per mile in 2001.



Largemouth and Smallmouth Bass

The minimum length limit for largemouth and smallmouth bass in Pelican is 18 inches, with a daily bag limit of 1 fish. The goal of this regulation is to increase bass predation on the invasive rusty crayfish, but it has also resulted in a high proportion of larger fish.

We captured 361 largemouth bass during spring sampling, including 25 recaptures of previously-marked fish. The largemouth population (including all fish over 8 inches) was estimated at 1,915 (± 383 SD), or 0.53 per acre, using the Schnabel multiple-capture method (Ricker 1975). This is low density for largemouth bass. Largemouth bass size structure was dominated by a broad range of 12 to 20 inch fish with average length of 15.2 inches (Figure 4). The longest largemouth was 20.2 inches; 79% were 14 inches and larger, while 7.2% were 18 inches and larger.

Seventy-six smallmouth bass (including 7 recaptures and 3 fish smaller than 8 inches) were captured during the survey. Average length was 15.6 inches, with good numbers of fish out to 20 inches. The largest smallmouth was 20.2 inches; 71% were 14 inches and larger, while 23% were at least 18 inches (Figure 5). Too few smallmouth were handled to attempt a population estimate.

Figure 4. Length-frequency of adult largemouth bass during 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin.

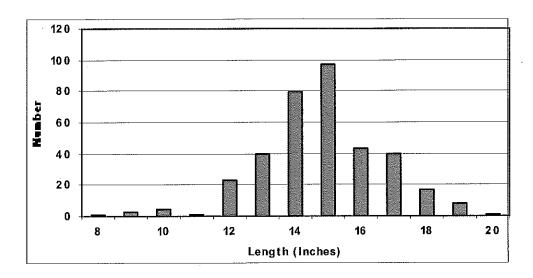
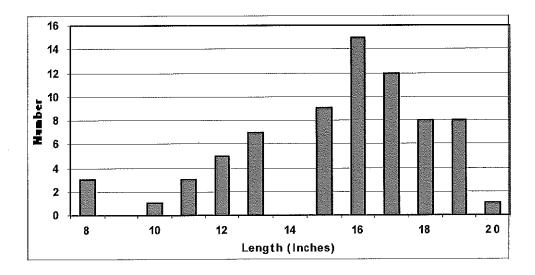


Figure 5. Length-frequency of adult smallmouth bass during 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin.



White Bass

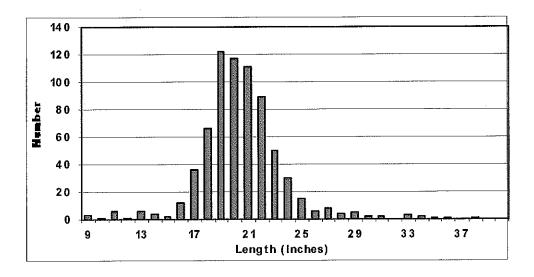
We captured 19 white bass during the survey. White bass lengths spanned a narrow range of 13.4 to 15.7 inches and average length was 14.6 inches. An abundant yearclass of approximately 4-inch fish, along with a handful of larger white bass up to 16 inches was noted during fall, 2010 electrofishing, It is unlikely that the 4-inch fish grew much over the winter, but it is puzzling that only larger fish were captured in 2011.

Northern Pike

We captured 813 northern pike (including 31 recaptures of previously-marked fish and 8 immature fish less than 12 inches in length). The northern pike population (including sexually mature fish and all fish over 12 inches) was estimated at 5,240 (± 941 SD), or 1.5 per acre, using the Schnabel multiple-capture method (Ricker 1975). This is considered low to moderate density for a northern pike population. The male population was estimated at 1.3 (± 0.26) and the females at 0.20 (± 0.07) per acre. Average size of northern pike was 21.0 inches; 5% of pike were 26 inches or larger and only 1.7% exceeded 30 inches (Figure 6). The largest northern pike was a 38.3 inch female.

Lymphosarcoma is a disease of northern pike and muskellunge, evidenced by skin sores or lesions. It is sometimes fatal, and may limit the abundance of these species. Lymphosarcoma has a fairly wide-spread distribution, but it is not evident in every lake in this region. Skin lesions consistent with Lymphosarcoma were reported by anglers in Pelican Lake fish in recent years, and we confirmed the presence of Lymphosarcoma in several Pelican Lake northern pike last spring.

Figure 6. Length-frequency of northern pike during 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County Wisconsin.



Muskellunge

We captured 123 muskellunge during the survey, including 14 recaptures of previously-marked fish and 5 immature fish. Adult muskellunge ranged from 23.5 to 49.1 inches in length (Figure 7). The recapture portion of a mark-recapture population estimate is planned from spring, 2012. Pelican Lake has been identified as a potential source of muskellunge eggs for DNR hatcheries. We collected muskellunge tissue samples from fin clips to allow characterization of the genetic stock. Broodstock collections are rotated among 3-5 lakes, with first egg collection from Pelican scheduled during the spring, 2012 recapture netting.

Muskellunge were last stocked in Pelican Lake 13 years ago, in 1998 (Table 2). In Northern Wisconsin, average length of a 13-year-old male muskellunge is about 39 inches in length, while age-13 females average over 44 inches. Smaller fish in Pelican likely originate from natural reproduction. We captured five immature fish 10.5 to 13.3 inches in length during spring sampling, indicating a natural yearclass in 2010 (Figure 8). A single 11.0-11.4 inch muskellunge captured on September 22, 2011 provides evidence of a yearclass in 2011.

Many muskellunge anglers define a trophy muskellunge as 50 inches or greater in length. A 50-inch minimum length limit was implemented on Pelican Lake in 2007. Across northern Wisconsin, female muskellunge average about 18 years to reach 50 inches, while male muskellunge rarely exceed low 40's. Six Pelican Lake muskellunge aged using cleithral bones showed variable growth rates. The fish were 52.0 and 44.1 inches at age 18; 48.4 and 45.3 inches at age 14, 43.7 inches at age 13 and 44.0 inches at age 12. Ultimate length (i.e., maximum length predicted from growth trajectory by a numerical model, e.g., Casselman 1999) was estimated individually for five of the fish and ranged from 44.0 to 59.2 and averaged 51.0 inches (Matthew Faust, University of Wisconsin, Stevens Point, personal communication). All six can be presumed females although gender is listed as unknown for the 52, 48.4 and 45.3-inch fish.

Figure 7. Length-frequency of adult muskellunge during 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

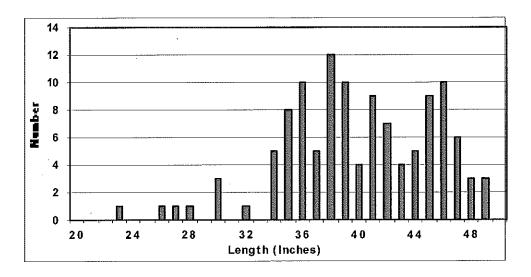
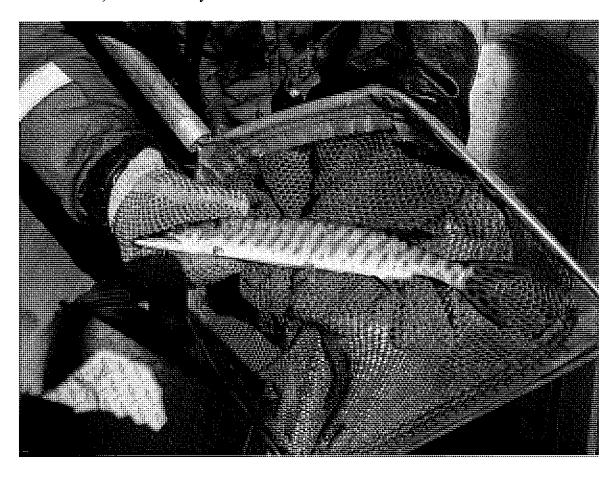


Figure 8. A naturally reproduced 11.9-inch muskellunge captured in a fyke net May 15, 2011 on Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

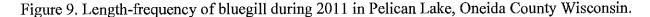


Panfish

Pelican is a lake with moderate depth and fertility and extensive beds of aquatic vegetation, despite the presence of invasive rusty crayfish. These conditions result in fairly high panfish abundance. We found very high June catches of bluegill, pumpkinseed and black bullhead, and moderate numbers of yellow perch and black crappies, which spawn earlier and tend to have higher catches in the earlier netting periods (Table 1). Moderate numbers of bluegill x pumpkinseed hybrids, rock bass and yellow bullhead were also encountered.

June bluegill catch increased dramatically from 60 per net night in a 2005 survey (Kubisiak 2006) to 149 per net night in 2011 and pumpkinseed increased from 7 per net night in 2005 to 75 per net night in 2011. The high 2011 catch may be at least partly due to fish movement due to a warming trend during the 2011 netting, but it also reflects a high panfish population. Bluegill size structure also increased between the two surveys. Average bluegill length increased about ¾-inch, from 5.8 inches in 2005 to 6.5 inches in 2011. The fraction of 7-inch and larger fish doubled from 11% to 24% of the population. The proportion of 8-inch and larger bluegill was low in both surveys, but decreased from 5.7% in 2005 to 0.67% (only 2 of 299 bluegill measured in 2011 were 8 inches or larger, Figure 9).

Yellow perch showed a spike of 4-5 inch fish (Figure 12), likely 2-year-old fish hatched in 2008. The remaining perch were broadly distributed from 5.5 to 9.4 inches, with lower numbers out to 12.4 inches. Black crappie showed an upper size of 13.4 inches, with a strong peak at 8.5 to 9.5 inches likely reflecting a very strong 2007 yearclass (Figure 13). Rock bass size was skewed towards smaller fish, with low numbers over 8 inches (Figure 14). Black bullhead catch was very strong in June panfish nets at 18.9 per net night (Table 1). Size of black bullhead was a broad peak from 8 to 12 inches, with a few larger fish including one that exceeded 14.5 inches (Figure 15).



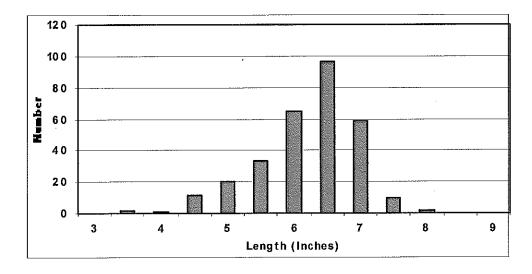


Figure 10. Length-frequency of pumpkinseed during 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

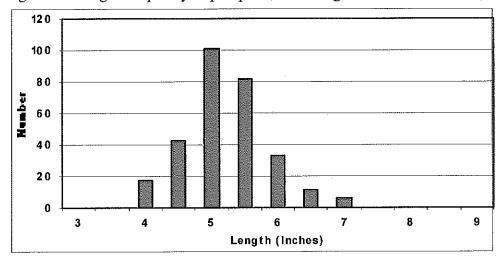


Figure 11. Length-frequency of bluegill x pumpkinseed hybrids during 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

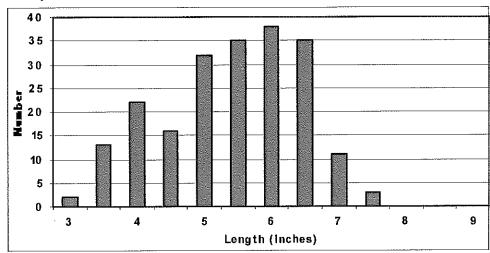


Figure 12. Length-frequency of yellow perch during 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

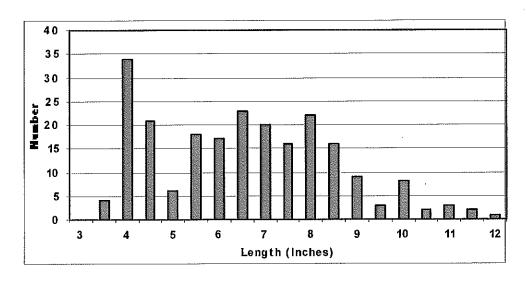


Figure 13. Length-frequency of black crappie during 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

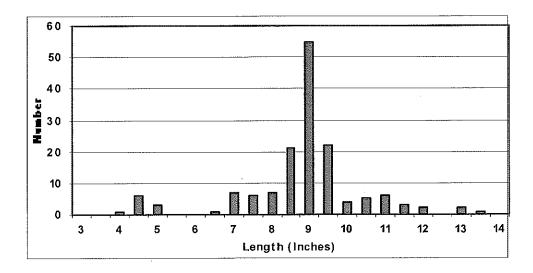


Figure 14. Length-frequency of rock bass during 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.

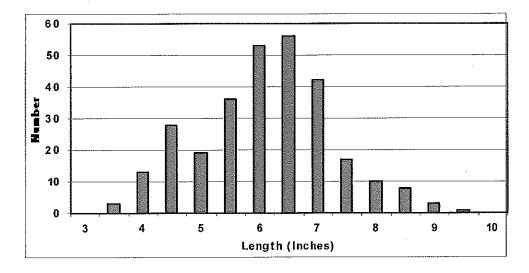
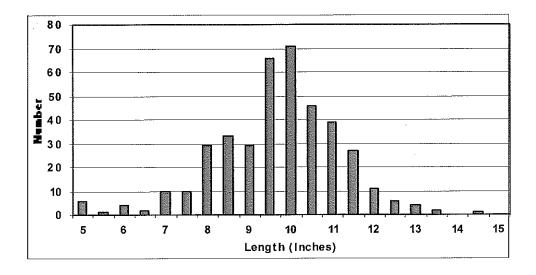


Figure 15. Length-frequency of black bullhead during 2011 in Pelican Lake, Oneida County WI.



MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

Pelican Lake supports a diverse fishery. Walleye, northern pike, largemouth bass, smallmouth bass and muskellunge are all important parts of the gamefish community, with no one species dominating. Size structure of game species was excellent and individual fish were robust. Bluegill and pumpkinseed dominated the panfish catch, while black bullhead, yellow perch, rock bass, hybrid bluegill x pumpkinseed, black crappie and yellow bullhead were moderately abundant, with low numbers of white bass. We found 24% of bluegill were at least 7 inches, 29% of perch were at least 8 inches and 52% of black bullhead were 10 inches or larger. Forage and non-game species include burbot, creek chub, golden shiner, Iowa darter, troutperch and white sucker. Pelican is managed as a mixed fishery with trophy muskellunge and quality size potential of most other species.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Dennis Scholl supervised the field work for this survey using field crews from Antigo, Woodruff and Sokaogon Chippewa Community. Jeff Blonski, Nick Giannola, Steve Gilbert, David Gunderson, Fred Hagstrom, Gilbert Hammer, Jonathon Hansen, Zach Lawson, Kyle McLaughlin, Tanya Meives, Aaron Nelson, Ron Plank, Scott Poler, Mike Preul, Jeff Reissmann, Ben Rolling, Mike Rynski, Dave Seibel, Clint Soulier, Steve Timler, Tim Tobias, Joelle Underwood, Roger Weber and I assisted in the field work. Lake Association volunteers Ed Ericson, Larry Hahn and Bob Mott helped with the fall survey. Mike Coshun calculated the walleye population estimate.

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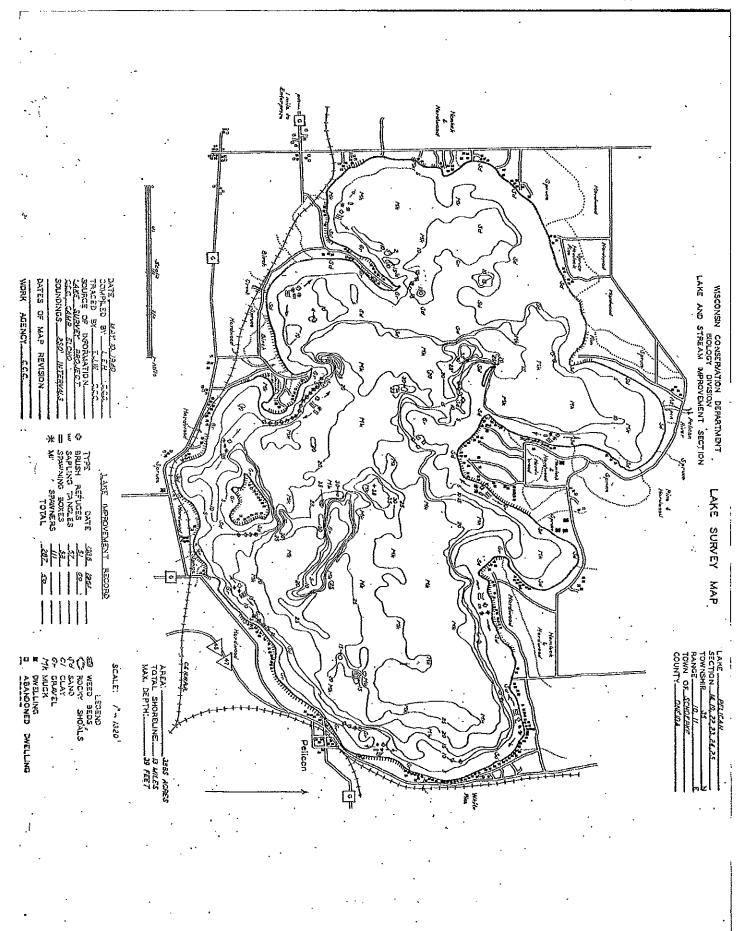
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Cover image courtesy of Oneida County website. www.co.oneida.wi.gov





APPENDIX G

Pelican Lake 2013 EWM Letter Report

Introduction

Eurasian water milfoil (EWM) was first discovered by Onterra ecologists during a June 15, 2011 Early Season (ES) Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS) Survey. An additional survey was completed during August 2011, resulting in numerous *Single or Few Plants*, several *Clumps of Plants*, and a *Highly Dominant* EWM colony being mapped near the CTH Q boat landing (Figure 1). With Onterra's assistance, the Pelican Lake Property Owners Association (PLPOA) successfully secured a Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) AIS-Early Detection and Response (EDR) Grant to fund the monitoring and implementation of the control strategy.

In order to target the EWM located during August 2011, 14.6 acres of Pelican Lake were treated with granular 2,4-D at 3.0 ppm ae by Stantec on May 16, 2012. Post-treatment surveys were conducted by Onterra on September 17, 2012 to determine the treatments efficacy. Only a small number of EWM plants were observed during this survey (Figure 1), indicating that the 2012 treatment had been successful. While a spring 2013 treatment was not proposed, the Pelican Lake Property Owners were prepared mentally and sociologically if a spring survey revealed that the 2012 treatment was not as effective as originally thought and rebounded EWM plants required treatment.

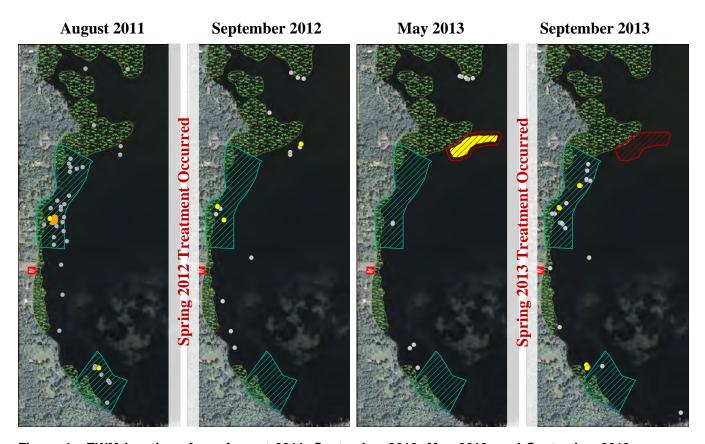


Figure 1. EWM locations from August 2011, September 2012, May 2013, and September 2013 surveys. Gray Point = Single or Few Plants; Yellow Point = Clumps of Plants; Yellow polygon = Dominant Colony. Green Hashed Area = May 2012 Treatment Area, Red Hashed Area = June 2013 Treatment Area

October 2013 1



Pretreatment Confirmation and Refinement Survey

On May 16, 2013, Onterra conducted the EWM Pretreatment Confirmation and Refinement Survey on Pelican Lake. To keep survey costs to a minimum, the Pretreatment Confirmation and Refinement Survey only focused on the bay where the 2012 herbicide treatment took place. Large colonies over 40 feet in diameter were mapped using polygons (areas), while small colonies, clumps of plants, and single plants were mapped using points. EWM occurrences mapped using point-based methodologies where designated as *Single or Few Plants, Clumps of Plants*, or *Small Plant Colonies*. Colonies marked with polygons were designated using a 5- tiered density scale from *Highly Scattered* to *Surface Matting*.

The Pretreatment Confirmation and Refinement Survey located minimal EWM within the 2012 treatment area (Map 1, Figure 1). However, a *Dominant* EWM colony was located to the northeast of the treatment areas, mostly through the aid of a submersed camera. After discussions between the PLPOA, WDNR, and Onterra, a control strategy targeting the densest area of EWM in front of the public access location was permitted. The final treatment strategy included a 40-foot buffer around the colony and targeted the EWM with granular 2,4-D at its maximum application rate (4.0 ppm ae). The treatment was conducted by Stantec, Inc. during the afternoon of May 20, 2013. The applicator reported southern winds at 5-15 mph during the application.

Late-Season EWM Peak-biomass Survey

EWM continues to grow and spread throughout the summer. For this reason, a late-summer EWM survey was conducted to understand the peak growth (peak-biomass) of the EWM population during 2013. On September 13, 2013 Onterra ecologists meandered a few of the more plant-rich parts of Pelican Lake in search of EWM.

During the meander survey, no colonized EWM plants were located within Pelican Lake (Map 2, Figure 1). Within the 2013 herbicide treatment area, no EWM was observed during this post treatment assessment. This indicates that the 2013 herbicide treatment was highly effective at controlling EWM.

The few more EWM occurrences were located in the northern 2012 treatment area than in past surveys, indicated that some amount of regrowth or re-colonization is occurring in this location. Almost no EWM was located within the southern 2012 treatment area; however a few EWM *Clumps of Plants* were located just to the west of this location. The survey also located a several EWM *Single or Few Plants* within Outlet Bay (Map 2).

2013 Conclusions & Discussion

Overall, the 2013 EWM control program on Pelican Lake was met with encouraging results. The 2013 treatment was effective at controlling EWM with no regrowth observed within this area. But as noted above, an increasing amount of low-density EWM has been located within the northern 2012 treatment area.

With the low level of EWM currently existing in Pelican Lake, the proposed 2014 control strategy does not include an herbicide treatment. Volunteer-based hand-harvesting efforts would be extremely beneficial, especially within the shallow bay that was targeted with herbicides in 2013. If EWM



rebounds within 2013 treatment area, the low-density levels may be suitable for hand-removal by volunteers with advanced snorkeling or scuba abilities.

Due to the plethora of native plants within part of the lake displayed in Figure 1, PLPOA volunteers have had difficult locating EWM to conduct hand-harvesting control strategies on. It is proposed that a slightly modified approach be take in 2014 to help guide the volunteer-based activities. The PLPOA would purchase a Garmin GPSMAP 78, capable of being supplied with basemaps created by Onterra. Onterra would conduct an EWM mapping survey during June 2014 and provide the PLPOA with a basemap containing the survey findings. The GPS would guide the volunteer-based hand-harvesting efforts. A late- season EWM survey would be conducted towards the end of the growing season to evaluate the 2014 volunteer-based hand-harvesting efforts, as well as to propose a control strategy (hand-removal and/or herbicide treatment) for 2015.



