

RECEIVED

December 2, 2015

OHM Holdings, LLC Attn: Mr. Brian Cass W229N2494 Hwy F Waukesha, WI 53186



RE:

Supplemental Investigation and Vapor Mitigation Report

Success, Inc. One Hour Martinizing

2262 South 108th Street West Allis, Wisconsin FID # 241287530

BRRTS # 02-41-246246

Dear Mr. Cass:

Environmental Forensic Investigations, Inc. (EnviroForensics) is pleased to provide this Supplemental Investigation and Vapor Mitigation Report for activities conducted at the Success, Inc. property located at 2262 South 108th Street, West Allis, Wisconsin (Site).

EnviroForensics completed the investigation and vapor mitigation activities to continue compliance with Chapter NR 716 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code (WAC), and in response to the July 17, 2015 Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) letter, *Approval of Environmental Consultant Selection and Scope of Work*.

BACKGROUND AND SITE CONDITIONS

The Site is located at 2262 South 108th Street in West Allis, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, at the northeast corner of South 108th Street and West Lincoln Avenue. The Site and surrounding area are depicted on the attached **Figure 1**. The Site is occupied by a one-story slab-on-grade building that houses a dry cleaning operation. An alley and apartment building (10710 West Lincoln Avenue) are located east of the Site. A commercial building is located north of the Site at 2248 South 108th Street.

The Site investigation has been ongoing since 1995. In response to a request for case closure submitted by ARCADIS in May 2014, the WDNR requested additional investigation and vapor mitigation. The following specific actions were requested:

1. Further investigate impacts on the north adjacent property by collecting a water sample from the basement sump;

Document: 6406-0122

Environmental Forensic Investigations, Inc.

N16 W23390 Stone Ridge Drive, Suite G, Waukesha, WI 53188

Phone: 262-290-4001 • Fax 317-972-7875



- 2. Conduct a vapor intrusion (VI) assessment and collect a sample of sump water at the east adjacent property;
- 3. Install a sub-slab depressurization (SSD) system at the Site building;
- 4. Install a SSD system on the north adjacent property; and
- 5. Prepare a letter report summarizing the results of the supplemental investigation and vapor mitigation activities.

ARCADIS prepared a scope of work dated January 9, 2015 to address WDNR's requests. Subsequently, OHM Holdings selected EnviroForensics as their environmental consultant to continue work at the Site. EnviroForensics prepared a cost estimate to complete the tasks listed above, and submitted the cost estimate to WDNR via email on July 15, 2015. The costs were approved in the July 17, 2015 letter.

SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION AND VAPOR MITIGATION ACTIVITIES

The supplemental investigation and vapor mitigation activities were conducted by EnviroForensics personnel and subcontractors from September 8 through September 11, 2015.

2248 South 108th Street Investigation

One (1) water sample designated '6406-2248-SUMP' was collected from the sump in the basement of the 2248 South 108th Street building, designated as the Marinello building in past reports. The sample was collect using a peristaltic pump and new, disposable tubing. The sample was submitted to a state-certified laboratory for analysis of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) according to EPA Test Method 8260B.

10710 West Lincoln Avenue Investigation

One (1) water sample designated '6406-10710-SUMP' was collected from the sump in the basement of the 10710 West Lincoln Avenue building, a four-family apartment building. The sample was collect using a peristaltic pump and submitted to a state-certified laboratory for analysis of VOCs according to EPA Test Method 8260B.

A VI assessment was also performed at the 10710 West Lincoln Avenue building. The assessment consisted of a building survey and the collection of paired sub-slab vapor and indoor air samples. Sampling activities were performed in consideration of the applicable methods in WDNR Publication RR-800: *Addressing Vapor Intrusion at Remediation & Redevelopment Sites in Wisconsin*; and RR-986: *Sub-Slab Vapor Sampling Procedures*, July 2014. The VI assessment procedures are detailed below.



Building Survey

A visual inspection was conducted for cracks or other penetrations in the concrete basement floor (i.e. floor drains, sumps, etc.) that could act as direct conduits for impacted vapors to migrate into the occupied space. Basement walls were also visually inspected for cracks and penetrations of subsurface utilities that may be conduits for vapors to migrate into the buildings. This information was incorporated into the sample port placement strategy to avoid damage to subslab utilities and reduce the possibility of "short circuiting", which could have biased sample results.

Indoor/Outdoor Air Sampling

Indoor air samples were collected prior to sub-slab vapor sampling to eliminate the possibility of sub-slab vapors from entering the building and influencing the indoor air sample results. Indoor air samples were collected from the basement (6406-10710-IA-B), first floor (6406-10710-IA-1), and second floor (6406-10710-IA-2) hallways of the building. An outdoor air sample was also collected to evaluate background conditions. The outdoor air sample was collected along the west wall of the building, which was up-wind at the start of sampling.

The indoor air samples were collected from the breathable space (3-5 feet above the floor) using 6-liter vacuum canisters, regulated to withdraw a time-integrated sample over a 24-hour period. The vacuum canisters were individually-certified clean by the analytical laboratory for quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) purposes.

Weather data, including temperature, wind speed, wind direction, humidity, barometric pressure, and rainfall was acquired from the nearest fixed weather station throughout the 24-hour sampling period to evaluate potential effects on the samples.

A total of four (4) 6-liter vacuum canisters were submitted to EnvisionAir Laboratories, Inc. of Indianapolis, Indiana (EnvisionAir) under appropriate chain-of-custody procedures, for analysis of select chlorinated volatile organic compounds (CVOCs) according EPA Method TO-15.

Sub-Slab Vapor Sampling

Following the completion of indoor air sampling activities, two (2) Vapor PinTM sub-slab vapor sampling ports were installed in the basement. One (1) sampling port was installed near the center, and one (1) sampling port was installed in the northwest part of the basement. To ensure that representative sub-slab vapor samples were collected, leak testing was performed. Testing the integrity of the sample ports was conducted using the water dam method, and the integrity of



the sampling train was confirmed via a negative pressure test. The vapor sampling ports were abandoned after sampling by removing the ports and sealing the holes with cement.

Two (2) sub-slab vapor samples designated 6406-10710 SS-1 and 6406-10710 SS-2 were collected from the sampling ports. The samples were collected in batch-certified 1-Liter vacuum canisters connected to the ports using compression fittings and Teflon-lined polyethylene tubing. Vacuum canisters were fitted with regulators to restrict flow rates to less than 200 ml/minute.

Two (2) 1-liter vacuum canisters were submitted to EnvisionAir for analysis of select CVOCs according to EPA Method TO-15. All samples were shipped under the appropriate chain-of-custody procedures.

Site Building and 2248 South 108th Street Vapor Mitigation

EnviroForensics contracted Vapor Protection Services of Indianapolis, Indiana (VPS) to design and install SSD systems in the Site building and the 2248 South 108th Street building. The installation report for both systems is provided in **Attachment 1**.

As can be seen in the photographs included in the installation report, cracks in the building floor slabs were repaired with cement prior to testing. At Marinello's, a basement sump was sealed. These actions were taken to prevent vapor intrusion from these breaches in the floor slab.

Each system is comprised of three (3) extraction points connected via 4-inch PVC piping to a single fan capable of depressurizing the entire sub-slab space. The exhaust point for each fan is positioned above the roofline of each building. Pressure field extension (PFE) measurements were collected in each building to confirm the effectiveness of each SSD system. The measurements, illustrated on pages 4 and 5 of the installation report, indicated a vacuum equal to or greater than 0.019 inches of water at each test point. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) recommends a negative pressure of 0.02 inches of water be induced across the entire slab to be fully protective. The PFE data indicate that the installed SSD systems are operating at EPA-recommended design criteria.

SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATION RESULTS

The analytical results of water samples collected from the sumps at 2248 South 108th Street and 10710 West Lincoln Avenue are summarized and compared to WDNR groundwater standards on the attached **Table 1**. The laboratory analytical report is provided in **Attachment 2**.

As can be seen in **Table 1**, sample 6406-2248-SUMP collected at Marinello's contained tetrachloroethene (PCE) and vinyl chloride at concentrations of 81 micrograms per liter (μ g/L) and 3.6 μ g/L, respectively, which are above the WDNR enforcement standards of 5 μ g/L and 0.2



 μ g/L, respectively. Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene was detected above the WDNR preventive action limit of 7 μ g/L at a concentration of 33 μ g/L. No other VOCs were detected in sample 6406-2248-SUMP. Sample 6406-10710-SUMP collected at the apartment building did not contain any VOCs above laboratory detection limits.

The 10710 West Lincoln Avenue VI assessment sample results are summarized and compared to WDNR standards in **Table 2** (attached). The laboratory analytical reports associated with the VI assessment samples are provided in **Attachment 2**.

PCE was detected in sub-slab vapor samples 6406-10710 SS-1 and 6406-10710 SS-2 at concentrations of 276 and 63.8 micrograms per cubic meter ($\mu g/m^3$), respectively. These concentrations are below the vapor risk screening level for residential and small commercial buildings of 1,400 $\mu g/m^3$. No other target CVOCs were detected in the sub-slab vapor samples. The target CVOCs were not detected in any of the indoor air samples.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The apartment building located at 10710 West Lincoln Avenue did not contain concentrations of chlorinated solvents above regulatory standards in the media tested.

The SSD systems installed at the Site building and the Marinello building have induced negative pressure beneath the entire floor slab of each building at levels recommended by the EPA.

The sump sample collected from the Marinello building contained PCE and vinyl chloride at concentrations above groundwater enforcement standards.

Although all Site groundwater monitoring wells have been previously abandoned, past consultant reports indicate that the direction of groundwater flow is to the northwest. The detection of PCE beneath the north adjacent property (Marinello building) indicates that groundwater impacts have spread off-Site in the down-gradient direction. The groundwater impacts may intersect utility lines along 108th Street and may also have spread to additional commercial properties to the north. The utility lines could act as preferential pathways for further migration of groundwater and/or vapor impacts.

EnviroForensics recommends that a work scope and cost estimate be developed to complete the following additional activities:

- Obtain detailed subsurface utility information from all appropriate sources;
- Investigate utility corridors along South 108th Street for CVOC impacts;



- Conduct a vapor intrusion assessment at 2234 South 108th Street, two properties north of the Site (see **Figure 1**). If this property has a basement sump, then a water sample should also be collected;
- Collect a confirmation indoor air sample from the 2248 South 108th Street basement as recommended in the WDNR vapor intrusion guidance; and
- Prepare long-term operation, maintenance, and monitoring (OM&M) plans for the SSD systems.

If the results of the recommended additional investigation work indicate that all exposure pathways have been addressed, then an updated case closure request should be submitted.

We appreciate the opportunity to work with you on this project. If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to call me at (414) 982-3988.

Sincerely,

Environmental Forensic Investigations, Inc.

Wayne Fassbender, PG, PMP

Senior Project Manager

Attachments

cc: John Hnat, WDNR Project Manager



TABLES

TABLE 1 SUMP SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS SUMMARY

One Hour Martinizing

2262 South 108th Street, West Allis, Wisconsin

| Sample Identification | Sample Date | Tetrachloroethene | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | Vinyl Chloride |
|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| 6406-2248-SUMP | 9/8/2015 | 81 | 33 | 3.6 J |
| 6406-10710-SUMP | 9/8/2015 | <0.49 | <0.45 | <0.17 |
| Enforcement Standa | rd | 5 | 70 | 0.2 |
| Preventive Action Li | mit | 0.5 | 7 | 0.02 |

Notes:

Only detected compounds are listed

All results reported in units of micrograms per liter (µg/L)

J = Estimated concentration above the method detection limit and below the reporting limit

Bolded values are above method detection limits

Bolded and orange shaded values exceed the Enforcement Standard

Bolded and blue shaded values exceed the Preventive Action Limit



TABLE 2 VAPOR INTRUSION ASSESSMENT RESULTS SUMMARY - 10710 W. LINCOLN AVE

One Hour Martinizing 2262 South 108th Street, West Allis, Wisconsin

| Sample Identification | Sample Location | Sample Date | Tetrachloroethene |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Indoor Air Resi | dential Vapor Action L | evel | 42 |
| 6406-10710-IA-B | Basement | 9/10/2015 | <3.19 |
| 6406-10710-IA-1 | First Floor | 9/10/2015 | <3.19 |
| 6406-10710-IA-2 | Second Floor | 9/10/2015 | <3.19 |
| 6406-10710-OA | Outdoor | 9/10/2015 | <3.19 |
| Sub-Slab Vapor Reside | ential Vapor Risk Scree | ening Level | 1,400 |
| 6404-10710-SS-1 | Basement | 9/10/2015 | 276 |
| 6404-10710-SS-2 | Dasement | 9/10/2015 | 63.8 |

Notes:

Vapor Risk Screeing Levels were calcuated according to the procedures described in WDNR Publication RR-800

Only detected compounds are listed

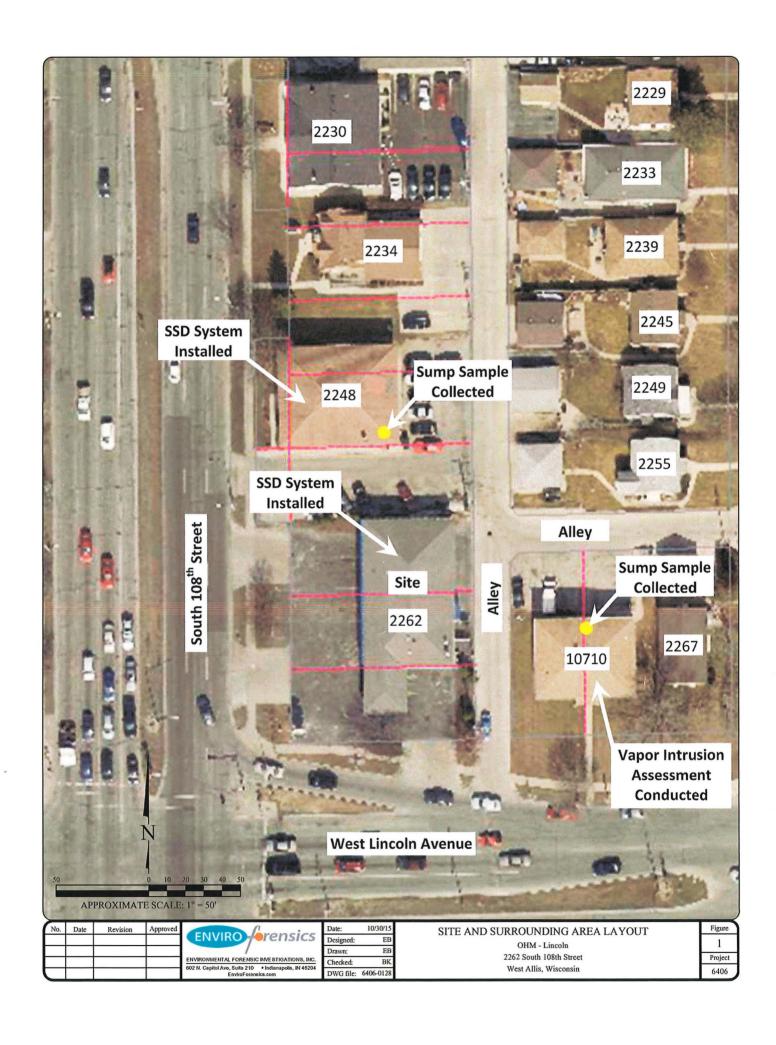
All concentrations reported in untis of micrograms per cubic meter (µg/m³)

Bolded values are above method detection limits





FIGURES





ATTACHMENT 1

SUB-SLAB DEPRESSURIZATION SYSTEM INSTALLATION REPORT



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Prepared for:

Kyle Heimstead and Wayne Fassbender EnviroForensics

Site:

2248 & 2262 South 108th St. West Allis, WI 53227

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INSTALLATION REPORT

September 30, 2015

VPS Proposal No. 201504186 Sub-Slab Depressurization System (SSDS) 2248 & 2262 South 108th St. West Allis, WI 53227

Mr. Kyle Heimstead Mr. Wayne Fassbender EnviroForensics N16 W23390 Stone Ridge Drive, Suite G Waukesha, WI 53188 (612) 210-3374

Vapor Mitigation System Installation Report 2248 & 2262 South 108th St. West Allis, WI 53227

Date of SSDS Installation: September 8-11, 2015

Vapor Protection Services (VPS) is pleased to provide a Vapor Mitigation System Installation Report that summarizes the scope of services performed at 2248 & 2262 South 108th St. West Allis, WI 53227 (Site). The scope of services performed at the Sites is detailed in VPS Proposal No. 201504186 and is noted below.

Scope of Service at 2248 South 108th St.:

- VPS utilized a sub-slab depressurization system (SSDS) and RadonAway Models GP501 Fan to depressurize the soil beneath approximately 3000 square foot concrete slab to meet performance criteria.
- The SSDS utilizes (3) Extraction points, approximately 130' of 4 inch schedule 40 PVC piping, and (1) model GP501 with u-tube manometers.
- The fan was hardwired to a dedicated circuit breaker in an existing electrical panel with dedicated on/off switches located next to the mitigation fan.
- Run Time meter was installed.

Scope of Service at 2262 South 108th St:

- VPS utilized a sub-slab depressurization system (SSDS) and RadonAway Models GP501 Fan to depressurize the soil beneath approximately 3100 square foot concrete slab to meet performance criteria.
- The SSDS utilizes (3) Extraction points, approximately 110' of 4 inch schedule 40 PVC piping, and (1) model GP501 with u-tube manometers.
- The fan was hardwired to a dedicated circuit breaker in an existing electrical panel with dedicated on/off switches located next to the mitigation fan.
- Run Time meter was installed.

Please Note:

- A figure depicting the SSDS layout is included as Figure 1 and 2.
- Photos taken during the installation have been included as **Attachment 1**.
- VPS's radon mitigation certification is included as **Attachment 2**.
- VI Mitigation Installation Checklist is included as Attachment 3.
- O & M manual is included as Attachment 4.
- Annual Operating Costs is included as Attachment 5.
- RadonAway fan 5 year warranty is included as **Attachment 6.**
- MSDS sheet is included as Attachment 7.

Conclusion:

VPS submits this report as written and visual documentation that the contracted work scope for vapor mitigation as detailed in Proposal No. 201504186 was successfully completed to the approval of EnviroForensics at Site. Please do not hesitate to contact me with any questions you might have regarding this report.

Respectfully Submitted,

Nick Martinez

Director of Technical Services

nick@vaporprotection.com

Vapor Protection Services®

6544 Ferguson Street

Indianapolis, IN 46220

317.252.5295

www.vaporprotection.com

NRPP Certification #106792 RMT

Indiana Mitigator License #RTM 00633

Indianapolis Contractor License #0555673

Figure 1
System Layout



Prepared for: EnviroForensics

Kyle Heimstead & Wayne Fassbender

Site: 2248 S. 108th St. W. Allis, WI 53227

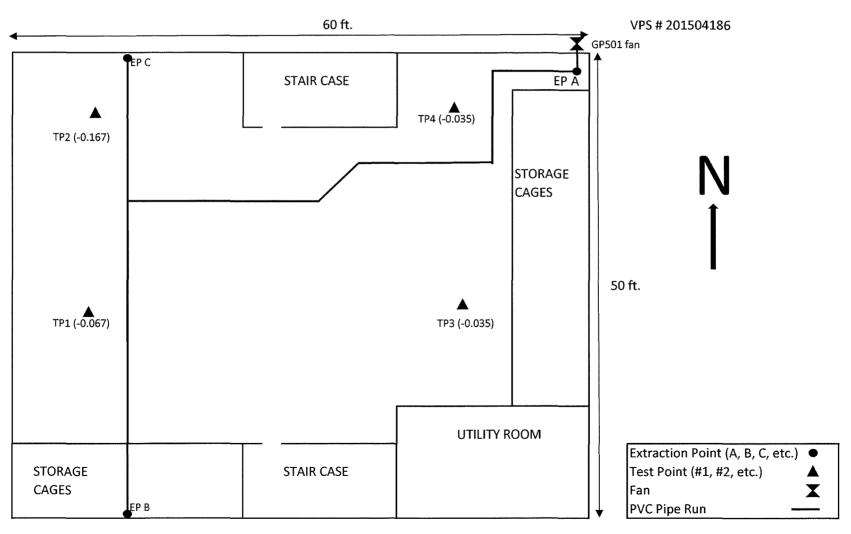


Figure 2
System Layout

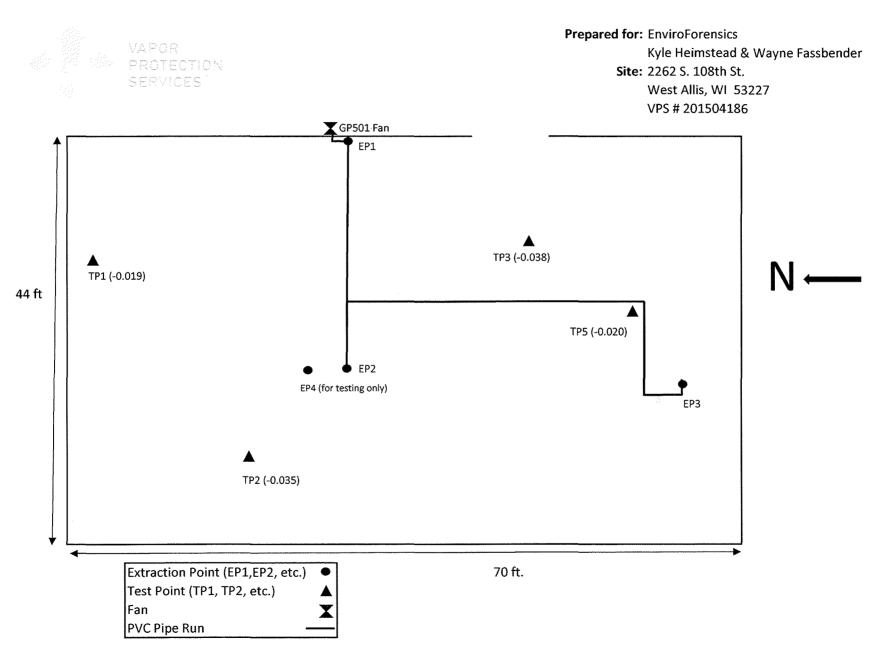


Figure 1 & 2 **Pre-Install PFE Readings**

Company:

EnviroForensics

Contact Name:

Kyle Heimstead/ Wayne Fassbender

Proposal #:

201504186

Pre-Install PFE Readings

Site Address: 2262 South 108th St., W. Allis, WI 53227

| Test Point | Ext. Point 1 | Ext. Point 2 | Ext. Point 3 | Ext. Point 4 |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| TP 1 | -0.012 | -0.015 | | -0.008 |
| TP 2 | -0.003 | -0.016 | -0.001 | -0.037 |
| TP 3 | -0.028 | -0.004 | -0.002 | -0.010 |
| | | | | |
| TP 5 | -0.002 | -0.001 | -0.140 | -0.003 |

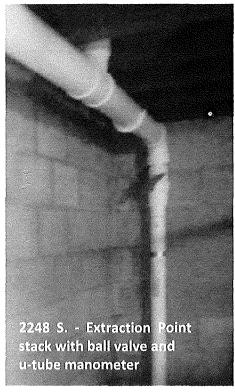
Site Address: 2248 South 108th St., W. Allis, WI 53227

| Test Point | Ext. Point A | Ext. Point B | Ext. Point C |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| TP 1 | 0.000 | -0.049 | -0.062 |
| TP 2 | -0.002 | -0.008 | -0.017 |
| TP 3 | -0.014 | -0.010 | -0.380 |
| TP 4 | -0.020 | -0.004 | -0.013 |

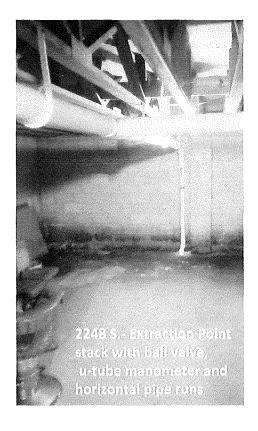
Please note that the above readings are in "inches of water".

Attachment 1 Installation Photos



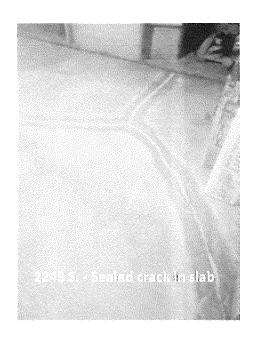








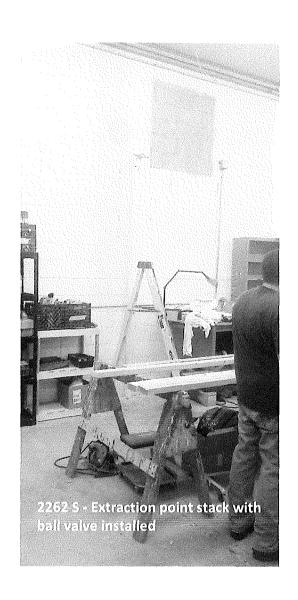
Attachment 1 (cont'd) Installation Photos







Attachment 1 ((cont'd)) Installation Photos





Attachment 2 Mitigation Certifications



National Radon Profusincy Program



Nicolas Martinez

Residential Measurement Provider

ID Number: 107225 RT Expiration 08/31/2017

Fig. roctions validity of this certification call (800) 269-4174. Verification of adherence to state and local regulations is advised, See reverse for specific certification designations.

National Radon Fronciscosy Program



Nicolas Martinez

Residential Mitigation Provider

To confirm validity of this certification call (600) 769-4174. Vertication of adherence to state and local regulations is advised. See reverse to specific certification designations.

Attachment 2 (cont'd) Mitigation Certification

Midwest Universities Radon Consortium

Regional Radon Training Center

Founded in conparation with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Acknowledges

NICOLAS MARTINEZ

Completed 16 Hours of Training in the

Advanced Mitigation Diagnostics

February 22-23, 2014 Nashville, Tennessee

DEPT A BUTTONES

William), Angell
Professor and Director
Middle Malaborites William Coloradiales

rdiana State Department of Health

2 S. Meridian Street, 44. Teligrampelie, Indiana Aslini (1975) 1864.

Primary Radon Tester License

NICOLAS MARTINEZ

William C., Van Ness H. M.D. State Wealth Controllerat Judiana State Department of Health

Midwest Universities Radon Consortium

Regional Radon Training Center

Founded in cooperation with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency



Acknowledges

NICOLAS MARTINEZ

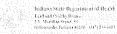
Completed 16 Hours of Training in the

Chemical Vapor Intrusion Mitigation

February 24-25, 2014 Nashville, Tennessee

, Never Advection i

William I, Angell Professor and Orector Hibrast Universities Radon Consortium



Radon Mitigator License

| The state of Santa and Santa | 化化二二二甲酰二二烷二二甲 | Fight lex |
|------------------------------|---------------|------------|
| R15100633 | Active | 12/31/2015 |

NICOLAS MARTINEZ

Gregory W. Larkin Gregory N. Larkin S.M. F.A.A.L.P. Nyth Health Consolishiner Indonia State Department of Health

Attachment 3 Installation hecklist



Company: **EnviroForensics** Name: **Kyle Heimstead**

2248/2262 S.108th St. Address:

West Allis, WI 53227

Proposal Number: 201504186

> 9/8/15-9/11/15 Date:

GP501 (2) Fan Make/Model:

| VI Mitigation Installation Checklist | | | |
|--|-----|----|-----|
| Piping | Yes | No | N/A |
| Are all pipes solid schedule 40 PVC? | Χ | | |
| Are all pipe connections permanently sealed? | Х | | |
| Are the system pipes supported by existing ductwork, piping, or any | | | |
| equipment? | | Х | |
| Do any of the system pipes obstruct windows, doors or service access points? | | Х | |
| Are horizontal pipe supports installed at 6-4 foot increments? | Х | | |
| Are vertical pipe runs supported properly in accordance to building code? | Х | | |
| Extraction point vertical pipes supported and sealed permanently? | Х | | |
| Do Horizontal pipes slope toward extraction pits for condensate drainage? | Х | | |
| Are permanent test ports installed on extraction point suction pipes? | | Х | |
| Fans | | | |
| Is the fan level and properly supported to prevent unnecessary vibration? | Χ | | |
| Does the fan have a condensate by-pass installed? | Х | | |
| Has the fan been mounted to piping using flexible connections? | Х | | |
| Is the exhaust vent pipe at least 10 feet above grade, 10 feet from any doors or | | | |
| windows, and 2 feet above the top of any opening into the conditioned space? | | | |
| whiteows, and 2 reet above the top of any opening into the conditioned space: | Χ | | |
| If vent pipe exits through a roof penetration, does it extend at least 12 inches | | | |
| above the surface? | | | Х |
| If vent pipe runs along the exterior wall, is it supported by brackets placed at | | | |
| least every 8 feet? | Χ | | |
| Is the vent stack made of schedule 40 PVC piping? | Χ | | |
| Vapor Barrier | | | |
| I crawl space(s) free or debris and obstruction that may prevent proper | | | |
| installation of vapor retarder or sub-slab depressurization system? | | | Х |
| Has sub-membrane depressurization system been installed? | | | Х |
| Was 6mil or thicker reinforced skrim used as the vapor retarder? | | | Х |
| Are heavy traffic areas and/or storage areas protected from tears and punctures | | | |
| by carpet or heavy felt padding? | | | Х |
| Are all membrane seams overlapped at least 12 inches and sealed properly? | | | Х |
| Has the membrane been secured to walls with tape, furring strips, and/or caulk? | | | х |
| Has a perforated/slotted pipe been installed under the membrane and above | | | |
| the soil for proper de-pressurization? | | _ | Х |
| Does suction pipe have permanent test port installed? | | | Х |
| Are all utility, foundation, or other penetrations sealed properly? | | | Х |

Attachment 3 (cont'd) Installation hecklist

| Has electrical wiring/switching been performed by a licensed electrician? | · · |
|--|-----|
| | |
| Is the fan's power supply shutoff switch mounted in a weather tight enclosure? X | |
| Is the circuit breaker clearly labeled "Vapor Mitigation System"? | |
| Has a run-time meter been installed, and is it in a weather tight enclosure? | |
| Has a KW meter been installed? | |
| Sump Pit | |
| Is there a sump pit(s) in the basement or crawl space? | |
| Does sump pit have impermeable cover attached with proper sealant? | |
| Are sump lid penetrations properly sealed? | |
| Has sump pit been used as an extraction point? | |
| Does sump lid have a clear view port for pump/pit observation and | |
| maintenance? X | |
| Labels and Monitors | |
| Does each suction pipe have a u-tube manometer or magnehelic gage to | |
| measure pressure? X | |
| Does each suction pipe have a permanent test port? | |
| Has an audible alarm to inform of possible system malfunction been installed? | |
| Are labels placed on pipes, membrane(s), and prominent locations to identify | ļ |
| system components? X | |
| Does label include name and number of person(s) to contact in case of system | , |
| emergency? X | |
| Testing and Sealing | |
| Has PFE testing been completed to verify system performance? | |
| Has foundation been smoke tested after mitigation system installation? | |
| Have leaks in slab, walls or membrane been sealed properly? | |
| Report | |
| Has an as built drawing been completed depicting system installation? | |
| Have all test point reading been recorded and inserted into the drawing? | |
| Has the system installation been recorded with photographs? | |
| | |
| Notes: | |
| | |
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| | |

Attachment 4 Vapor Mitigation System Operation and Maintenance

We advise consultants, maintenance personnel or property owners to conduct routine visual inspections of all SSDS to verify that vapor mitigation system components are operating properly. The inspection should include but not be limited to the following:

- Observe the u tube or magnehelic gauges for pressure indication; a pressure of '0' indicates that there is a problem with system piping or fan operation.
- Observe the mitigation fan(s) and note any abnormal sounds or noises coming from the fan including buzzing, scraping, rattling, or et cetera. If any abnormal noises or sounds are audible, contact VPS.
- Most mitigation fans are factory sealed and designed to be maintenance free for the life of the fan. Should the fan's casing be opened or the factory seal broken, any service warranty may be voided. Factory maintenance documentation has been provided to consultant with recommended schedule for maintenance of fans if required.
- Inspect the PVC piping of the system for damage or cracks. If any damage occurs to the PVC piping, contact VPS Piping supports and Hangers should also be inspected for wear and integrity.
- Roof penetrations for system exhaust piping should be inspected to assure no moisture or other intrusion is apparent.
- Sub-membrane depressurization system (SMDS) components should also be periodically inspected to assure proper performance. Should a vapor barrier or membrane become damaged, loss of system pressure can occur affecting overall system performance. Tears should be repaired properly using approved methods.
- Any significant changes to building or structure can and may affect system performance. VPS should be advised of planned changes beforehand to avoid any possible performance issues or system failure.

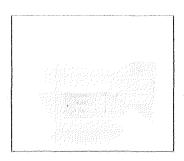
Contact VPS for Additional Service & Maintenance should any occasion arise that may causes concern that the SMDS is not functioning properly as vapor intrusion may no longer be mitigated to meet performance criteria provided to VPS by consultant.

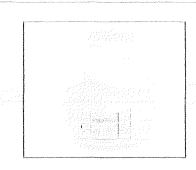
Attachment 5 ANNUAL OPERATING COSTS

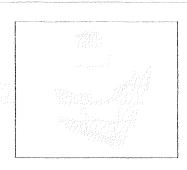
| RADONAWAY FANS | AVERAGE KWH | AVERAGE COST PER YEAR |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| RP140 | \$0.0894 | \$13.31 |
| RP145 | \$0.0894 | \$42.29 |
| RP260 | \$0.0894 | \$48.55 |
| RP265 | \$0.0894 | \$88.50 |
| RP380 | \$0.0894 | \$101.03 |
| SF180 | \$0.0894 | \$42.29 |
| GP201 | \$0.0894 | \$39.16 |
| GP301 | \$0.0894 | \$56.39 |
| GP401 | \$0.0894 | \$66.57 |
| GP500 | \$0.0894 | \$78.31 |
| GPS01 | \$0.0894 | \$82.23 |
| XP151 | \$0.0894 | \$40.72 |
| XP201 | \$0.0894 | \$43.07 |
| XP261 | \$0.0894 | \$66.57 |
| HS2000 | \$0.0894 | \$164.46 |
| HS3000 | \$0.0894 | \$117.47 |
| HS5000 | \$0.0894 | \$250.61 |
| FANTECH FANS | | |
| HP2133 | \$0.0894 | \$13.31 |
| HP2190 | \$0.0894 | \$56.78 |
| HP175 | \$0.0894 | \$42.68 |
| HP190 | \$0.0894 | \$56.78 |
| HP220 | \$0.0894 | \$92.80 |
| PLASTEC VENTILATION | | |
| STORM 12 | | \$250.00 |
| PLASTEC 20 | | \$250.00 |



The World's Leading Radon Fan Manufaturer







GP/XP/XR Series Installation & Operating Instructions

Please Read And Save These Instructions

DO NOT CONNECT POWER SUPPLY UNTIL FAN IS COMPLETELY INSTALLED. MAKE SURE ELECTRICAL SERVICE TO FAN IS LOCKED IN "OFF" POSITION. DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING FAN.

- 1. **WARNING!** Do not use fan in hazardous environments where fan electrical system could provide ignition to combustible of flammable materials.
- 2. WARNING! Do not use fan to pump explosive or corrosive gases.

 See Vapor Intrusion Application Note #AN001 for important information on VI applications. RadonAway.com/vapor-intrusion
- 3. **WARNING!** Check voltage at the fan to insure it corresponds with nameplate.
- 4. **WARNING!** Normal operation of this device may affect the combustion airflow needed for safe operation of fuel burning equipment. Check for possible backdraft conditions on all combustion devices after installation.
- 5. NOTICE! There are no user serviceable parts located inside the fan unit. Do NOT attempt to open. Return unit to the factory for service.
- 6. All wiring must be performed in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association's (NFPA)"National Electrical Code, Standard #70"-current edition for all commercial and industrial work, and state and local building codes. All wiring must be performed by a qualified and licensed electrician.
- 7. **WARNING!** Do not leave fan unit installed on system piping without electrical power for more than 48 hours. Fan failure could result from this non-operational storage.
- 8. WARNING TO REDUCE THE RISK OF FIRE, ELECTRIC SHOCK, OR INJURY TO PERSONS, OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING:
 - a) Use this unit only in the manner intended by the manufacturer. If you have questions, contact the manufacturer.
 - b) Before servicing or cleaning unit, switch power off at service panel and lock the service disconnecting means to prevent power from being switched on accidentally. When the service disconnecting means cannot be locked, securely fasten a prominent warning device, such as a tag, to the service panel.

RadonAway

Saber Way | Ward Hill, MA 018 G

P/N1N014_REV1 9/13

RadonAway

Attachment 6 (cont'd) Fan Warranty

Installation & Operating Instructions IN014 Rev J

| XP/XR S | Series | GP Seri | ies |
|---------|-------------|---------|-------------|
| XP101 | p/n 23008-1 | GP201 | p/n 23007-1 |
| XP151 | p/n 23010-1 | GP301 | p/n 23006-1 |
| XP201 | p/n 23011-1 | GP401 | p/n 23009-1 |
| XR261 | p/n 23019-1 | GP501 | p/n 23005-1 |

1.0 SYSTEM DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The GP/XP/XR Series Radon Fans are intended for use by trained, professional, certified/licensed Radon mitigators. The purpose of this instruction is to provide additional guidance for the most effective use of a fan. This instruction should be considered as a supplement to EPA/radon industry standard practices, state and local building codes and state regulations. In the event of a conflict, those codes, practices and regulations take precedence over this instruction.

1.2 ENVIRONMENTALS

The GP/XP/XR Series Fans are designed to perform year-round in all but the harshest climates without additional concern for temperature or weather. For installations in an area of severe cold weather, please contact RadonAway for assistance. When not in operation, the fan should be stored in an area where the temperature is never less than 32 degrees F. or more than 100 degrees F.

1.3 ACOUSTICS

The GP/XP/XR Series Fan, when installed properly, operates with little or no noticeable noise to the building occupants. The velocity of the outgoing air should be considered in the overall system design. In some cases the "rushing" sound of the outlet air may be disturbing. In these instances, the use of a RadonAway Exhaust Muffler is recommended.

1.4 GROUND WATER

In the event that a temporary high water table results in water at or above slab level, water may be drawn into the riser pipes thus blocking air flow to the GP/XP/XR Series Fan. The lack of cooling air may result in the fan cycling on and off as the internal temperature rises above the thermal cutoff and falls upon shutoff. Should this condition arise, it is recommended that the fan be turned off until the water recedes allowing for return to normal operation.

1.5 SLAB COVERAGE

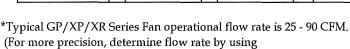
The GP/XP/XR Series Fan can provide coverage up to 2000+ sq. ft. per slab penetration. This will primarily depend on the sub-slab material in any particular installation. In general, the tighter the material, the smaller the area covered per penetration. Appropriate selection of the GP/XP/XR Series Fan best suited for the sub-slab material can improve the slab coverage. The GP & XP Series have a wide range of models to choose from to cover a wide range of subslab material. The higher static suction fans are generally used for tighter subslab materials. The XR Series is specifically designed for high flow applications such as stone/gravel and drain tile. Additional suction points can be added as required. It is recommended that a small pit (5 to 10 gallons in size) be created below the slab at each suction hole.

1.6 CONDENSATION & DRAINAGE

Condensation is formed in the piping of a mitigation system when the air in the piping is chilled below its dew point. This can occur at points where the system piping goes through unheated space such as an attic, garage or outside. The system design must provide a means for water to drain back to a slab hole to remove the condensation. The GP/XP/XR Series Fan MUST be mounted vertically plumb and level, with the outlet pointing up for proper drainage through the fan. Avoid mounting the fan in any orientation that will allow water to accumulate inside the fan housing. The GP/XP/XR Series Fans are NOT suitable for underground burial.

For GP/XP/XR Series Fan piping, the following table provides the minimum recommended pipe diameter and pitch under several system conditions.

| Pi | pe | Minimum | Rise per Foot | t of Run* |
|----|-----|---------|---------------|-----------|
| D | ίa. | @25 CFM | @50 CFM | @100 CFM |
| 4 | " 1 | ./8" | 1/4" | 3/8" |
| 3 | 1 | ./4" | 3/8" | 1 1/2" |



the chart in the addendum.)

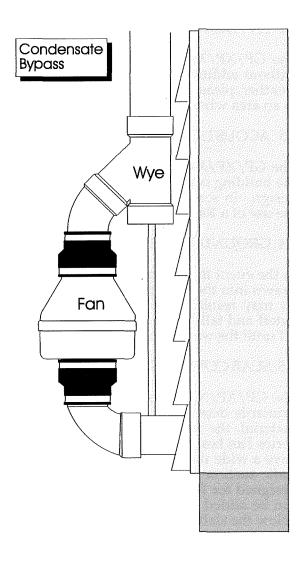
Under some circumstances in an outdoor installation a condensate bypass should be installed in the outlet ducting as shown. This may be particularly true in cold climate installations which require long lengths of outlet ducting or where the outlet ducting is likely to produce large amounts of condensation because of high soil moisture or outlet duct material. Schedule 20 piping and other thin-walled plastic ducting and Aluminum downspout will normally produce much more condensation than Schedule 40 piping.

The bypass is constructed with a 45 degree Wye fitting at the bottom of the outlet stack. The bottom of the Wye is capped and fitted with a tube that connects to the inlet piping or other drain. The condensation produced in the outlet stack is collected in the Wye fitting and drained through the bypass tube. The bypass tubing may be insulated to prevent freezing.

1.7 SYSTEM MONITOR & LABEL

A System Monitor, such as a manometer (P/N 50006-1) or audible alarm (P/N 28001-2) is required to notify the occupants of a fan system malfunction. A System Label (P/N 15022) with instructions for contacting the installing contractor for service and also identifying the necessity for regular radon tests to be conducted by the building occupants, must be conspicuously placed where the occupants frequent and can see the label.





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1.8 ELECTRICAL WIRING

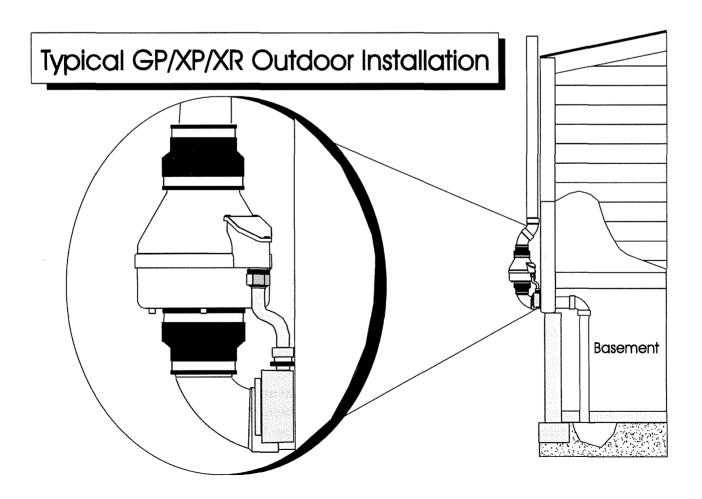
The GP/XP/XR Series Fans operate on standard 120V 60 Hz. AC. All wiring must be performed in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association's (NFPA)"National Electrical Code, Standard #70"-current edition for all commercial and industrial work, and state and local building codes. All wiring must be performed by a qualified and licensed electrician. Outdoor installations require the use of a U.L. listed watertight conduit. Ensure that all exterior electrical boxes are outdoor rated and properly sealed to prevent water penetration into the box. A means, such as a weep hole, is recommended to drain the box.

1.9 SPEED CONTROLS

The GP/XP/XR Series Fans are rated for use with electronic speed controls, however, they are generally not recommended. If used, the speed control recommended is Pass & Seymour Solid State Speed Control Cat. No. 94601-I.

2.0 INSTALLATION

The GP/XP/XR Series Fan can be mounted indoors or outdoors. (It is suggested that EPA recommendations be followed in choosing the fan location.) The GP/XP/XR Series Fan may be mounted directly on the system piping or fastened to a supporting structure by means of optional mounting bracket.



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2.1 MOUNTING

Mount the GP/XP/XR Series Fan vertically with outlet up. Insure the unit is plumb and level. When mounting directly on the system piping assure that the fan does not contact any building surface to avoid vibration noise.

2.2 MOUNTING BRACKET (optional)

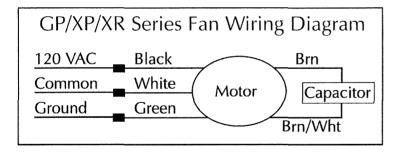
The GP/XP/XR Series Fan may be optionally secured with the integral mounting bracket on the GP Series fan or with RadonAway P/N 25007-2 mounting bracket for an XP/XR Series Fan. Foam or rubber grommets may also be used between the bracket and mounting surface for vibration isolation.

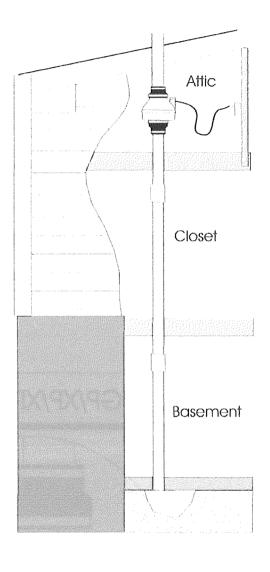
2.3 SYSTEM PIPING

Complete piping run, using flexible couplings as means of disconnect for servicing the unit and vibration isolation.

2.4 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

Connect wiring with wire nuts provided, observing proper connections (See Section 1.8):





2.5 VENT MUFFLER (optional)

Install the muffler assembly in the selected location in the outlet ducting. Solvent weld all connections. The muffler is normally installed at the end of the vent pipe.

2.6 OPERATION CHECKS AND ANNUAL SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

| Verify all connections are tight and leak-free. |
|--|
| Insure the GP/XP/XR Series Fan and all ducting is secure and vibration-free. |
| Verify system vacuum pressure with manometer. Insure vacuum pressure is within normal operating range and less than the maximum recommended operating pressure. |
| (Based on sea-level operation, at higher altitudes reduce by about 4% per 1000 Feet.) (Further reduce Maximum Operating Pressure by 10% for High Temperature environments) See Product Specifications. If this is exceeded, increase the number of suction points. |

Verify Radon levels by testing to EPA protocol.

Page 5 of 8 IN014 Rev

XP/XR SERIES PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

The following chart shows fan performance for the XP & XR Series Fan:

| Typical CFM Vs Static Suction "WC | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------|-----|------|------|-------|------|-------|------|--|
| | <u>0"</u> | .25" | .5" | .75" | 1.0" | 1.25" | 1.5" | 1.75" | 2.0" | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| XP101 | 125 | 118 | 90 | 56 | 5 | _ | - | - | - | |
| XP151 | 180 | 162 | 140 | 117 | 78 | 46 | 10 | - | - | |
| XP201 | 150 | 130 | 110 | 93 | 74 | 57 | 38 | 20 | - | |
| XR261 | 250 | 215 | 185 | 150 | 115 | 80 | 50 | 20 | - | |

| Maximum Recommended Operating Pressure* | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| XP101 | 0.9" W.C. | (Sea Level Operation)** | | | |
| XP151 | 1.3" W.C. | (Sea Level Operation)** | | | |
| XP201 | 1.7" W.C. | (Sea Level Operation)** | | | |
| XR261 | 1.6" W.C. | (Sea Level Operation)** | | | |

*Reduce by 10% for High Temperature Operation
**Reduce by 4% per 1000 feet of altitude

| | Power Consumption @ 120 VAC | |
|-------|-----------------------------|--|
| XP101 | 40 - 49 watts | |
| XP151 | 45 - 60 watts | |
| XP201 | 45 - 66 watts | |
| XR261 | 65 - 105 watts | |

XP Series Inlet/Outlet: 4.5" OD (4.0" PVC Sched 40 size compatible)

XR Series Inlet/Outlet: 5.875" OD

Mounting: Mount on the duct pipe or with optional mounting bracket.

Recommended ducting: 3" or 4" Schedule 20/40 PVC Pipe

Storage temperature range: 32 - 100 degrees F.

Normal operating temperature range: -20 - 120 degrees F.

Maximum inlet air temperature: 80 degrees F.

Size: 9.5H" x 8.5" Dia.

Weight: 6 lbs. (XR261 - 7 lbs)

Continuous Duty Thermally Protected Class B Insulation 3000 RPM

Rated for Indoor or Outdoor Use



Page 6 of 8 IN014 Rev

GP SERIES PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

The following chart shows fan performance for the GP Series Fan:

| Typical CFM Vs Static Suction "WC | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------|-----|------|------------|------------|------|------|--|
| | 1.0" | 1.5 | 2.0" | 2.5" | 3.0" | 3.5" | 4.0" | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| GP501 | 95 | 87 | 80 | <i>7</i> 0 | 5 <i>7</i> | 30 | 5 | |
| GP401 | 93 | 82 | 60 | 38 | 12 | - | - | |
| GP301 | 92 | 77 | 45 | 10 | _ | - | - | |
| GP201 | 82 | 58 | 5 | - | - | - | - | |

| Maximum Recommended Operating Pressure* | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| GP501 | 3.8" W.C. | (Sea Level Operation)** | | | |
| GP401 | 3.0" W.C. | (Sea Level Operation)** | | | |
| GP301 | 2.4" W.C. | (Sea Level Operation)** | | | |
| GP201 | 1.8" W.C. | (Sea Level Operation)** | | | |

*Reduce by 10% for High Temperature Operation **Reduce by 4% per 1000 feet of altitude

| | Power Consumption @ 120 VAC | |
|-------|-----------------------------|---|
| GP501 | 70 - 140 watts | |
| GP401 | 60 - 110 watts | • |
| GP301 | 55 - 90 watts | |
| GP201 | 40 - 60 watts | |

Inlet/Outlet: 3.5" OD (3.0" PVC Sched 40 size compatible)

Mounting: Fan may be mounted on the duct pipe or with integral flanges.

Weight: 12 lbs.

Size: 13H" x 12.5" x 12.5"

Recommended ducting: 3" or 4" Schedule 20/40 PVC Pipe

Storage temperature range: 32 - 100 degrees F.

Normal operating temperature range: -20 - 120 degrees F.

Maximum inlet air temperature: 80 degrees F.

Continuous Duty Class B Insulation 3000 RPM

Thermally Protected

Rated for Indoor or Outdoor Use

LISTED Electric Fan UL Std. 507

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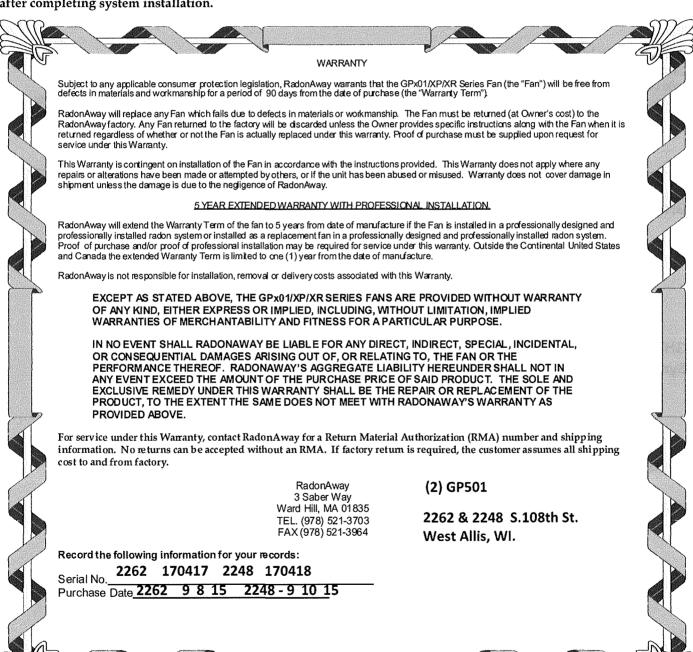
Attachment 6 (cont'd) Fan Warranty IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO INSTALLER

Inspect the GPx01/XP/XR Series Fan for shipping damage within 15 days of receipt. Notify RadonAway of any damages immediately. Radonaway is not responsible for damages incurred during shipping. However, for your benefit, Radonaway does insure shipments.

There are no user serviceable parts inside the fan. Do not attempt to open. Return unit to factory for service.

Install the GPx01/XP/XR Series Fan in accordance with all EPA standard practices, and state and local building codes and state regulations.

Provide a copy of this instruction or comparable radon system and testing information to the building occupants after completing system installation.



Attachment 7 S S Sheet





Material Name: OATEY PURPLE OR CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED

* * * Section 1 - Product and Company Identification * * *

MSDS #1402E

Part Numbers: Purple – 30755(TV), 30756(TV), 30757(TV), 30758, 30759, 30927 Clear - 30749, 30750, 30751, 30752, 30753, 30754, 31652, 31653

Manufacturer Information

Oatey Co. 4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135 Phone: 216-267-7100

For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.

* * * Section 2 - Hazards Identification * * *

GHS Classification:

Flammable Liquids - Category 2

Acute Toxicity Oral - Category 4

Acute Toxicity Dermal - Category 4

Acute Toxicity Inhalation - Category 4

Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure - Category 3

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Symbol(s)







Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Material Name: OATEY PURPLE OR CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Avoid breathing fume/gas/mist/vapors.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

If on skin (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

* * * Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients * * *

| CAS# | Component | Percent |
|----------|---------------------|---------|
| 78-93-3 | Methyl ethyl ketone | 25-40 |
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | 25-40 |
| 108-94-1 | Cyclohexanone | 15-30 |
| 109-99-9 | Tetrahydrofuran | 15-30 |

* * * Section 4 - First Aid Measures * * *

First Aid: Eyes

If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

First Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove dried cement with hand cleaner or baby oil.

Material Name: OATEY PURPLE OR CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED

First Aid: Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

First Aid: Inhalation

If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

* * * Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures * * *

General Fire Hazards

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

Extinguishing Media

Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None.

Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored.

* * * Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures * * *

Recovery and Neutralization

Stop leak if it can be done without risk.

Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other noncombusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers.

Emergency Measures

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment

Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways.

Prevention of Secondary Hazards

None

Material Name: OATEY PURPLE OR CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED

Section 7 - Handling and Storage * * *

Handling Procedures

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all SDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

Storage Procedures

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers closed when not in

Incompatibilities

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Component Exposure Limits

Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH: 500 ppm TWA

750 ppm STEL

OSHA: 1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA

Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

ACGIH: 200 ppm TWA

300 ppm STEL

OSHA: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA

300 ppm STEL; 885 mg/m3 STEL

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH: 20 ppm TWA

50 ppm STEL

Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route

50 ppm TWA; 200 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 25 ppm TWA; 100 mg/m3 TWA

Potential for dermal absorption

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: 50 ppm TWA

100 ppm STEL

Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route

OSHA: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA

250 ppm STEL; 735 mg/m3 STEL

Print Date: 9/27/2012

Material Name: OATEY PURPLE OR CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED

Engineering Measures

Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces.

Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Personal Protective Equipment: Hands

Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as 4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

No additional protective equipment needed.

* * * Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties * * *

Appearance: Purple or clear Odor: Ether-like

Physical State:LiquidpH:NAVapor Pressure:145 mmHg @ 20°CVapor Density:2.5Boiling Point:151°F (66°C)Melting Point:NA

Solubility (H2O): Negligible Specific Gravity: 0.84 +/- 0.02 @ 20°C

Evaporation Rate: (BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0 **VOC:** 99.96%

Octanol/H2O Coeff.: ND Flash Point: 14-23°F (-10 to -5°C)

Flash Point Method: CCCFP Upper Flammability Limit 11.8

(UFL):

Lower Flammability Limit 1.8 Burning Rate: ND

(LFL): Auto Ignition: ND

* * * Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information * * *

Chemical Stability

This is a stable material.

Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible Products

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

Material Name: OATEY PURPLE OR CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED

* * * Section 11 - Toxicological Information * * *

Acute Toxicity

Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

Acetone (67-64-1)

Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg

Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Inhalation LC50 Mouse 32 g/m3 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 2737 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 6480 mg/kg

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 10.7 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 8000 ppm 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 800 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 948 mg/kg

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 53.9 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 180 mg/L 1 h; Oral LD50 Rat 1650 mg/kg

Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property/Stimulativeness

May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation.

Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage/ Stimulativeness

Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.

Potential Health Effects: Ingestion

Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

Potential Health Effects: Inhalation

Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization

This product is not reported to have any skin sensitization effects.

Generative Cell Mutagenicity

Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian assays. Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

A: General Product Information

In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

Print Date: 9/27/2012

Attachment 7 (cont'd)

S S Sheet

Material Name: OATEY PURPLE OR CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED

B: Component Carcinogenicity

Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans IARC: Monograph 71 [1999]; Monograph 47 [1989] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

Reproductive Toxicity

Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone and tetrahydrofuran has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ toxicity repeat exposure effects.

Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

* * * Section 12 - Ecological Information * * *

Ecotoxicity

A: General Product Information

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

B: Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity

Acetone (67-64-1)

| Test & Species | | Conditions |
|--------------------------------|------------------|------------|
| 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss | 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L | |

96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 6210 - 8120 mg/L

[static]

96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus 8300 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna 10294 - 17704 mg/L

[Static]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna 12600 - 12700 mg/L

Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Test & Species Conditions

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 3130-3320 mg/L

[flow-through]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna >520 mg/L
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna 5091 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna 4025 - 6440 mg/L

[Static]

Material Name: OATEY PURPLE OR CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

Test & Species Conditions

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 481-578 mg/L [flow-

through]

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 8.9 mg/L

96 Hr EC50 Chlorella vulgaris 20 mg/L 24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna 800 mg/L

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

Test & Species Conditions

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 1970-2360 mg/L

[flow-through]

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 2700-3600 mg/L

[static]

24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna 5930 mg/L

Persistence/Degradability

No information available for the product.

Bioaccumulation

No information available for the product.

Mobility in Soil

No information available for the product.

* * * Section 13 - Disposal Considerations * * *

Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

* * * Section 14 - Transportation Information * * *

DOT Information

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal):

Shipping Name: Flammable Liquid, n.o.s (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone)

UN #: 1993 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II

Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal):

Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

IMDG Information

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal):

Shipping Name: Flammable Liquid, n.o.s (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone)

UN #: 1993 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II

Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal):

Shipping Name: Flammable Liquid, n.o.s (Limited Quantity)

UN #: 1993 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II

Material Name: OATEY PURPLE OR CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED

Required Label(s): None (Limited Quantities are expected from labeling)

* * * Section 15 - Regulatory Information * * *

Regulatory Information

US Federal Regulations

Component Analysis

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

Acetone (67-64-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

State Regulations

Component Analysis - State

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

| Component | CAS | CA | MA | MN | NJ | PA | RI |
|---------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | 78-93-3 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No |
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No |

Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

| Component | CAS# | Minimum Concentration |
|---------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 1 % |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | 78-93-3 | 1 % |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | 0.1 % |
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | 1 % |

Additional Regulatory Information

A: General Product Information

This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. Under normal use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No Significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. The use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 will minimize exposure to these chemicals.

Attachment 7 (cont'd)

S S Sheet

Material Name: OATEY PURPLE OR CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED

B: Component Analysis - Inventory

| Component | CAS# | TSCA | CAN | EEC |
|---------------------|----------|------|-----|--------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | Yes | DSL | EINECS |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | 78-93-3 | Yes | DSL | EINECS |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | Yes | DSL | EINECS |
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | Yes | DSL | EINECS |

* * * Section 16 - Other Information * * *

Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration., NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

Literature References

None

Other Information

NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, we cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly do not make warranties, nor assume any liability for its use.

End of Sheet

Print Date: 9/27/2012





Print Date: 9/26/2012

Material Name: OATEY PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GRAY CEMENT - LO-VOC FORMULA

* * * Section 1 - Product and Company Identification * * *

MSDS #1102E

Part Numbers: Clear 30850, 30863, 30876(TV), 30882, 31008(TV), 31011, 31950, 31951, 31952, 31953 Gray 30349, 31093, 31094, 31095, 31105, 31118, 31978, 31979, 31980, 31981, 32050, 32051, 32052, 32210, 32211

Manufacturer Information

Oatey Co. 4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135 Phone: 216-267-7100

For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.

* * * Section 2 - Hazards Identification * * *

GHS Classification:

Flammable Liquids - Category 2
Acute Toxicity Oral - Category 4
Acute Toxicity Dermal - Category 4
Acute Toxicity Inhalation - Category 4
Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A
Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure - Category 3

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

Symbol(s)







Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Material Name: OATEY PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GRAY CEMENT - LO-VOC FORMULA

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Avoid breathing fume/gas/mist/vapors.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response

If on skin (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

* * * Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients * * *

| CAS# | Component | Percent |
|-------------|--|---------|
| 109-99-9 | Tetrahydrofuran | 40-60 |
| 108-94-1 | Cyclohexanone | 10-25 |
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | 10-25 |
| 9002-86-2 | PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer) | 12-20 |
| 78-93-3 | Methyl ethyl ketone | 5-15 |
| 112945-52-5 | Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free | 1-4 |

* * * Section 4 - First Aid Measures * * *

First Aid: Eyes

If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

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|--------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|

Material Name: OATEY PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GRAY CEMENT - LO-VOC FORMULA

First Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove dried cement with hand cleaner or baby oil.

First Aid: Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

First Aid: Inhalation

If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

* * * Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures * * *

General Fire Hazards

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

Extinguishing Media

Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None.

Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored.

* * * Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures * * *

Recovery and Neutralization

Stop leak if it can be done without risk.

Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other non-combusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers.

Emergency Measures

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment

Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways.

Prevention of Secondary Hazards

None

Material Name: OATEY PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GRAY CEMENT - LO-VOC FORMULA

* * * Section 7 - Handling and Storage * * *

Handling Procedures

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. Other: "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all SDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

Storage Procedures

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Incompatibilities

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

* * * Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection * * *

Component Exposure Limits

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: 50 ppm TWA

100 ppm STEL

Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route

OSHA: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA

250 ppm STEL; 735 mg/m3 STEL

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH: 20 ppm TWA

50 ppm STEL

Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route

OSHA: 50 ppm TWA; 200 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 25 ppm TWA; 100 mg/m3 TWA

Potential for dermal absorption

Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH: 500 ppm TWA

750 ppm STEL

OSHA: 1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA

PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer) (9002-86-2)

ACGIH: 1 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)

Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

ACGIH: 200 ppm TWA

300 ppm STEL

OSHA: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA

300 ppm STEL; 885 mg/m3 STEL

Print Date: 9/26/2012

Material Name: OATEY PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GRAY CEMENT - LO-VOC FORMULA

Engineering Measures

Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces.

Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Personal Protective Equipment: Hands

Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as 4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

No additional protective equipment needed.

* * * Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties * * *

Appearance: Clear or Gray

Odor: Ether-like
Physical State: Liquid

pH: NA

Vapor Pressure: 145 mmHg @ 20°C Vapor Density: 2.5

Boiling Point: 151°F (66°C) Melting Point: NA

Solubility (H2O): Negligible Specific Gravity: 0.94 +/- 0.02 @ 20°C

Evaporation Rate: (BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0 **VOC:** 80-84% Maximum 510 g/L per

SCAQMD Test Method 316A.

Octanol/H2O Coeff.: ND Flash Point: 14-23°F (-10 to -5°C)

Flash Point Method: CCCFP Upper Flammability Limit 11.8

(UFL):

Lower Flammability Limit 1.8 Burning Rate: ND

(LFL): Auto Ignition: ND

* * * Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information * * *

Chemical Stability

This is a stable material.

Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible Products

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

Material Name: OATEY PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GRAY CEMENT - LO-VOC FORMULA

* * * Section 11 - Toxicological Information * * *

Acute Toxicity

Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 53.9 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 180 mg/L 1 h; Oral LD50 Rat 1650 mg/kg

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 10.7 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 8000 ppm 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 800 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 948 mg/kg

Acetone (67-64-1)

Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg

Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Inhalation LC50 Mouse 32 g/m3 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 2737 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 6480 mg/kg

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)

Oral LD50 Rat 3160 mg/kg

Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property/Stimulativeness

May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation.

Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage/ Stimulativeness

Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.

Potential Health Effects: Ingestion

Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

Potential Health Effects: Inhalation

Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization

This product is not reported to have any skin sensitization effects.

Generative Cell Mutagenicity

Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian assays. Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic.

Print Date: 9/26/2012

Material Name: OATEY PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GRAY CEMENT - LO-VOC FORMULA

Carcinogenicity

A: General Product Information

In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

B: Component Carcinogenicity

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans IARC: Monograph 71 [1999]; Monograph 47 [1989] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer) (9002-86-2)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

IARC: Supplement 7 [1987]; Monograph 19 [1979] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)

IARC: Monograph 68 [1997] (listed under Amorphous silica) (Group 3 (not classifiable))

Reproductive Toxicity

Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone and tetrahydrofuran has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ toxicity repeat exposure effects.

Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

* * * Section 12 - Ecological Information * * *

Ecotoxicity

A: General Product Information

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

B: Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

Test & Species Conditions

Material Name: OATEY PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GRAY CEMENT - LO-VOC FORMULA

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas

1970-2360 mg/L

[flow-through]

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas

2700-3600 mg/L

[static]

24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna

5930 mg/L

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

Test & Species

Conditions

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas

481-578 mg/L [flow-

through]

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas

8.9 mg/L

96 Hr EC50 Chlorella vulgaris

20 mg/L

24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna

800 mg/L

Acetone (67-64-1)

Test & Species

Conditions

96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss

4.74 - 6.33 mL/L 6210 - 8120 mg/L

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas

[static]

96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus

8300 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna

10294 - 17704 mg/L

[Static]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna

12600 - 12700 mg/L

Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Test & Species

Conditions

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas

3130-3320 mg/L [flow-through]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna

>520 mg/L 5091 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna

4025 - 6440 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna

[Static]

Persistence/Degradability

No information available for the product.

Bioaccumulation

No information available for the product.

Mobility in Soil

No information available for the product.

* * * Section 13 - Disposal Considerations * * *

Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

US EPA Waste Number & Descriptions

Material Name: OATEY PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GRAY CEMENT - LO-VOC FORMULA

Component Waste Numbers

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

RCRA: waste number U213 (Ignitable waste)

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

RCRA: waste number U057 (Ignitable waste)

Acetone (67-64-1)

RCRA: waste number U002 (Ignitable waste)

Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

RCRA: waste number U159 (Ignitable waste, Toxic waste)

200.0 mg/L regulatory level

Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

* * * Section 14 - Transportation Information * * *

DOT Information

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives

UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II

Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal):

Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

IMDG Information

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal):

Shipping Name: Adhesives

UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II

Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives

UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II

Required Label(s): None (Limited Quantites are expected from labeling)

* * * Section 15 - Regulatory Information * * *

Print Date: 9/26/2012

Regulatory Information

US Federal Regulations

Material Name: OATEY PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GRAY CEMENT - LO-VOC FORMULA

Component Analysis

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

Acetone (67-64-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

State Regulations

Component Analysis - State

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

| Component | CAS | CA | MA | MN | NJ | PA | RI |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No |
| PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer) | 9002-86-2 | No | No | No | Yes | No | No |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | 78-93-3 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No |

This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. Under normal use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No Significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. The use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 will minimize exposure to these chemicals.

Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

| Component | CAS# | Minimum Concentration |
|---------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | 1 % |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | 0.1 % |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 1 % |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | 78-93-3 | 1 % |

Material Name: OATEY PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GRAY CEMENT - LO-VOC FORMULA

Additional Regulatory Information

Component Analysis - Inventory

| Component | CAS# | TSCA | CAN | EEC |
|--|-------------|------|-----|--------|
| Tetrahydrofuran | 109-99-9 | Yes | DSL | EINECS |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | Yes | DSL | EINECS |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | Yes | DSL | EINECS |
| PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer) | 9002-86-2 | Yes | DSL | ELINCS |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | 78-93-3 | Yes | DSL | EINECS |
| Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free | 112945-52-5 | No | DSL | No |

* * * Section 16 - Other Information * * *

Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration., NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

Literature References

None

Other Information

NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

Disclaimer:

Page 11 of 11

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, we cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly do not make warranties, nor assume any liability for its use.

End of Sheet

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date Issued: 08/03/2007 MSDS No: 68101 Date Revised: 03/07/2008 Revision No: 2

3300 Colors

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: 3300 Colors

MANUFACTURER

Geocel Corporation P.O. Box 398 Elkhart IN 46515-0398

Product Stewardship: 574-264-0645

24 HR. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

ChemTel - 800-255-3924

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

IMMEDIATE CONCERNS: This product is irritating to the eyes and skin. Thermal decomposition/burning may produce toxic gases and fume. Closed containers may rupture when exposed to high temperatures, or when the product has been contaminated with water.

Avoid breathing hot mists and vapors. This product contains a respiratory and skin sensitizer. Causes respiratory tract irritation and may cause allergic respiratory reaction. May cause permanent respiratory damage. Product vapors are potentially irritating to skin. May cause allergic skin reaction and dermatitis.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: This product may cause irritation to the eyes. May cause temporary corneal injury.

SKIN: Skin contact may cause irritation. Isocyanates may react with skin protein and moisture to cause itching, reddening, swelling, scaling or blistering. Individuals previously sensitized to this material may experience these sysptoms from exposure to very small amounts of liquid or vapor.

INGESTION: May cause irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, throat and digestive tract.

INHALATION: Single large does, and/or repeated exposures, may lead to sensitization to diisocyanates or polyisocyanates (asthma or asthma-like symptoms), causing an individual to experience adverse effects at exposure levels well below exposure limits or guidelines. Symptoms may include chest tightness, wheezing, shortness of breath, coughing or asthmatic attack, and may be delayed up to several hours. Extreme asthmatic reactions can be life threatening. Once sensitized, an individual may experience adverse symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air or other irritants. Sensitization can last several months, years or be permanent in some cases.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Visual effects may include eye irritation, blurred vision, diplopia, changes in color perception, restricition of visual fields, and complete blindness.

SKIN: Irritation of the skin.

INGESTION: Diarrhea.

INHALATION: Irritation of upper respiratory tract, asthmatic symptoms, chest tightness, breathing difficulty, coughing, short throat.

TARGET ORGAN STATEMENT: The lungs and skin may be targeted and damaged by components of the product. Eyes.

HEALTH HAZARDS: This product contains Methylene Diphenyl Isocyanate (MDI) which is a potential skin sensitizer and has been shown to alter cells in certain experiments. Although inconclusive, these cellular changes are thought to indicate potential carcinogenicity. Risk to your health depends on duration and concentration of exposure.

COMMENTS: Signs and symptoms of overexposure to this product include headache, irritation of upper respiratory tract, asthmatic symptoms, chest tightness, breathing difficulty, coughing, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, eye irritation, skin irritation, diarrhea.

| Chemical Name | Wt.% | CAS | EINECS |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Xylenes (o-,m-,p- Isomers) | 1 - 5 | 001330-20-7 | 215-535-7 |
| Ethyl Benzene | 0.5 - 1.5 | 000100-41-4 | |
| Methylene Disphenyl Isocyanate | 0.1 - 1 | 000101-68-8 | 202-966-0 |

4, FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention or advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing to prevent further skin exposure and dispose of properly. In situations involving considerable skin contact, place the contaminated person in a deluge shower for at least 15 minutes. For minor exposures, wash thoroughly with soap and clean water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

INGESTION: If ingested, get immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately for a large dose exposure or if cough or other symptoms develop. Administer oxygen or artifical respiration as needed.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Eyes: Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, apply antibiotic/steroid preparation as needed. Skin: This product contains a skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burn. Ingestion: Treat symptomatically.

Inhalation: This material contains a known pulmonary sensitizer.

Any individual experiencing dermal or pulmonary sensitization should be removed from exposure to any diisocyanate. May aggravate existing heart conditions, particularly those with abnormal heart rhythms. If overexposure to the solvents in this product is suspected, testing should include nervous system and brain effects including recent memory, mood, concentration, headaches and altered sleep patterns. Liver and kidney function should be evaluated. This material, if aspirated into the lungs, may cause chemical pneumonitis; treat the affected person appropriately.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASHPOINT AND METHOD: 74.4°C (166°F)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam. Water spray (fog).

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Additional decomposition products include oxides of nitrogen, amines, hydrogen cyanide and isocyanate-containing compounds.

EXPLOSION HAZARDS: None known.

FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT: Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus.

SENSITIVE TO STATIC DISCHARGE: Not known.

SENSITIVITY TO IMPACT: Not known.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILL: Wearing the personal protective equipment designated in Section 8, carefully contain the spill and transfer to the appropriate container for disposal. Do not discharge to lakes, streams, ponds, or sewers. Dispose of in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations.

LARGE SPILL: Wearing the personal protective equipment designated in Section 8, carefully contain the spill and transfer to the appropriate container for disposal. Do not discharge to lakes, streams, ponds, or sewers. Dispose of in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations. Ventilate well while cleanup is in process and until fumes dissipate.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

WATER SPILL: Isolate spill area. Stop discharge if safe to do so. Stop material from entering sewers or water streams. Scrape up polyurethane and deposit into appropriate containers.

LAND SPILL: Isolate spill area. Stop discharge if safe to do so. Stop material from contaminating soil. Scrape up polyurethane and deposit into appropriate containers.

HANDLING: Wash hands thoroughly after handling, especially before eating, drinking, smoking, and using restroom facilities. Wash contaminated goggles, face shields, and gloves. Professionally launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not breathe vapors, mists or dusts. Do not breathe fumes generated when the material is overheated or burned. Use adequate ventilation. Wear respiratory protection if the material is heated, sprayed, used in a confined space or if exposure limit is exceeded. This product can produce asthmatic sensitization. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior allergic reactions to isocyanate must avoid fumes from this product. Wear appropriate protective equipment to avoid contact with skin and eyes.

STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat, ignition sources and direct sunlight. Water contamination should be avoided. Cool location should be 60-80 degrees F or 15-30 degrees C.

COMMENTS: Attention! Follow label warnings even after container is emptied since empty containers may retain product residues. Do not reuse empty container for food, clothing, or products for human or animal consumption, or where skin contact can occur.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

| OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPO | NENTS (29 CFR | 1910.12 | 00) | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | EXPOSURE LIMITS | | | | | |
| | | OSHA PEL | | ACGI | H TLV | | |
| Chemical Name | | ppm | mg/m³ | ppm | mg/m ³ | | |
| | TWA | 100 | 435 | 100 | 434 | | |
| Xylenes (o-,m-,p- Isomers) | STEL | | | 150 | 651 | | |
| | TWA | 100 | 435 | 100 | 434 | | |
| Ethyl Benzene | STEL | | | 125 | 543 | | |
| Methylene Disphenyl Isocyanate | TWA | | | 0.005 | 0.051 | | |

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use local exhaust or general ventilation where the potential exists to exceed the PEL or TLV exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles when handling this material.

SKIN: Wear appropriate clothing to minimize skin contact with this product.

RESPIRATORY: Avoid breathing vapor and/or mists. If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection. High airborne concentrations may necessitate the use of self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a supplied air respirator.

OTHER USE PRECAUTIONS: Eyewash fountains and emergency showers should be readily available.

COMMENTS: Wash hands thoroughly after each use, especially before eating or smoking. Good personal hygiene practices should always be followed.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Paste

ODOR: Solvent
COLOR: Various
pH: Not Applicable

PERCENT VOLATILE: 4

FREEZING POINT: NA = Not Applicable

FLASHPOINT AND METHOD: 74.4°C (166°F)

DENSITY: 11.22 **(VOC):** 3.900 %

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE: Yes

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Yes

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal conditions but will react slightly with water to release some heat and carbon dioxide. The reaction is not violent. Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and in high temperature (800°F) low oxygen atmospheres such as in fire situations, hydrogen cyanide may be released.

POLYMERIZATION: Hazardous polymerization can occur with elevated temperatures or contact with water.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid strong acids. Avoid amines, strong bases, alcohols and metallic hydrides.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Unknown due to the complex nature of this material. Fumes from complete or incomplete combustion may include carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, water vapor, oxides of nitrogen and a wide variety of innocuous or toxic fumes. Additional decomposition products include oxides of nitrogen, amines, hydrogen cyanide and isocyanate-containing compounds.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EYE EFFECTS: Irritating to the eyes.

SKIN EFFECTS: Irritating to the skin.

CARCINOGENICITY

| Chemical Name | IARC Status |
|---------------|-------------|
| Ethyl Benzene | 2B |

Notes: This product contains Methylene Diphenyl Isocyanate (MDI). MDI is not listed by the NTP, IARC or regulated by OSHA as a carcinogen. However, it has been shown to alter cells in certain experiments. Although inconclusive, these cellular changes are thought to indicate potential carcinogenicity.

REPEATED DOSE EFFECTS: Single large does, and/or repeated exposures, may lead to sensitization to diisocyanates or polyisocyanates (asthma or asthma-like symptoms), causing an individual to experience adverse effects at exposure levels well below exposure limits or guidelines. Symptoms may include chest tightness, wheezing, shortness of breath, coughing or asthmatic attack, and may be delayed up to several hours. Extreme asthmatic reactions can be life threatening. Once sensitized, an individual may experience adverse symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air or other irritants. Sensitization can last several months, years or be permanent in some cases. Chronic exposure may cause lung damage, including fibrosis and decreased lung function, which may be permanent.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Organic solvents produce slight to moderate toxicity to aquatic life. Insufficient data exists to evaluate the effect on plants, birds or land animals.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)

OTHER SHIPPING INFORMATION: Generators must consult DOT laws and regulations to ensure the product is being transported appropriately.

COMMENTS: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

CFR Part 370 and is subject to the requirements of sections 311 and 312 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986:

FIRE: Yes PRESSURE GENERATING: No REACTIVITY: No ACUTE: Yes CHRONIC: Yes

313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS: This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and 40 CFR372. CAS #: 101-68-8 MDI, CAS #: 1330-20-7 Xylene and CAS #100-41-4 Ethyl Benzene.

EPCRA SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

| Chemical Name | Wt.% | CAS |
|----------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Xylenes (o-,m-,p- Isomers) | 1 - 5 | 001330-20-7 |
| Ethyl Benzene | 0.5 - 1.5 | 000100-41-4 |

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT)

| Chemical Name | Wt.% | CERCLA RQ |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Xylenes (o-,m-,p- Isomers) | 1 - 5 | 100 |
| Ethyl Benzene | 0.5 - 1.5 | 1,000 |
| Methylene Disphenyl Isocyanate | 0.1 - 1 | 5,000 |

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

| Chemical Name | CAS |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Xylenes (o-,m-,p- Isomers) | 001330-20-7 |
| Ethyl Benzene | 000100-41-4 |
| Methylene Disphenyl Isocyanate | 000101-68-8 |

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: This product contains the following product on California's Proposition 65 List: CAS# 100-41-4 Ethyl Benzene.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

PREPARED BY: Technical Staff

REVISION SUMMARY: Revision #: 2 This MSDS replaces the November 12, 2007 MSDS. Any changes in information are

as follows: In Section 1 Approval Date

NFPA STORAGE CLASSIFICATION: Health 2, Flammability 2, Physical Hazard 0

HMIS RATINGS NOTES: Health 2, Flammability 2, Physical Hazard 0, PPE X



CEMENT & CONCRETE PRODUCTS™

RAPID SETTING REPAIR MATERIALS

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (Complies with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200)

SECTION I: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

The QUIKRETE® Companies One Securities Centre 3490 Piedmont Road, Suite 1300

Emergency Telephone Number (770) 216-9580

Atlanta, GA 30329

QUIKRETE® Product Name

Information Telephone Number

(770) 216-9580

MSDS D4

Revision: May-12

RAPID ROAD REPAIR

| Product # |
|-------------------------|
| FIBERED 1242-50, |
| UN-FIBERED 1242-52 |
| EXTENDED 1242-80 |

RAPID HARDENING SAND MIX 1243-50 HYDRAULIC WATER STOP 1126-00 QUICK SETTING CEMENT 1240-00 EXTERIOR USE ANCHORING CEMENT 1245-80, -81 FASTSETTM WATER-STOP CEMENT 1126-00



PRODUCT USE: HYDRAULIC CEMENT-BASED RAPID-SETTING REPAIR MATERIALS

SECTION II - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation, Skin, Ingestion

Acute Exposure: Product becomes alkaline when exposed to moisture. Exposure can dry the skin, cause alkali burns and affect the mucous membranes. Dust can irritate the eyes and upper respiratory system. Toxic effects noted in animals include, for acute exposures, alveolar damage with pulmonary edema.

Chronic Exposure: Dust can cause inflammation of the lining tissue of the interior of the nose and inflammation of the cornea. Hypersensitive individuals may develop an allergic dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity: Since Portland cement and blended cements are manufactured from raw materials mined from the earth (limestone, marl, sand, shale, etc.) and process heat is provided by burning fossil fuels, trace, but detectable, amounts of naturally occurring, and possibly harmful, elements may be found during chemical analysis. Under ASTM standards, Portland cement may contain 0.75 % insoluble residue. A fraction of these residues may be free crystalline silica. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs and





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possibly cancer. There is evidence that exposure to respirable silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of Scleroderma, tuberculosis and kidney disorders.

Carcinogenicity Listings:

NTP:

Known carcinogen

OSHA:

Not listed as a carcinogen

IARC Monographs:

Group 1 Carcinogen

California Proposition 65: Known carcinogen

<u>NTP:</u> The National Toxicology Program, in its "Ninth Report on Carcinogens" (released May 15, 2000) concluded that "Respirable crystalline silica (RCS), primarily quartz dusts occurring in industrial and occupational settings, is *known to be a human carcinogen*, based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity from studies in humans indicating a causal relationship between exposure to RCS and increased lung cancer rates in workers exposed to crystalline silica dust (reviewed in IAC, 1997; Brown *et al.*, 1997; Hind *et al.*, 1997)

<u>IARC:</u> The International Agency for Research on Cancer ("IARC") concluded that there was "sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica in the forms of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources", and that there is "sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of quartz or cristobalite." The overall IARC evaluation was that "crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1)." The IARC evaluation noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances or studies. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." For further information on the IARC evaluation, see <u>IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of carcinogenic Risks to Humans</u>, Volume 68, "Silica, Some Silicates." (1997)

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Symptoms of excessive exposure to the dust include shortness of breath and reduced pulmonary function. Excessive exposure to skin and eyes especially when mixed with water can cause caustic burns as severe as third degree.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: Individuals with sensitive skin and with pulmonary and/or respiratory disease, including, but not limited to, asthma and bronchitis, or subject to eye irritation, should be precluded from exposure. Exposure to crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with increased incidence of scleroderma, Tuberculosis and possibly increased incidence of kidney lesions.

Chronic Exposure: Dust can cause inflammation of the lining tissue of the interior of the nose and inflammation of the cornea. Hypersensitive individuals may develop an allergic dermatitis. (May contain trace (<0.05 %) amounts of chromium salts or compounds including hexavalent chromium, or other metals found to be hazardous or toxic in some chemical forms. These metals are mostly present as trace substitutions within the principal minerals)

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: Individuals with sensitive skin and with pulmonary and/or respiratory disease, including, but not limited to, asthma and bronchitis, or subject to eye irritation, should be precluded from exposure.



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| SECTION III - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|---|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Hazardous Components | CAS No. mg/M³ | PEL (OSHA) TLV (ACGIH) mg/M ³ | | | | | | | |
| Silica Sand, crystalline | 14808-60-7 | 10 %Si0 ₂ +2 | 0.05 (respirable) | | | | | | |
| Portland Cement | 65997-15-1 | 5 | 5 | | | | | | |
| May Contain one or more of the follow | ving ingredients: | | | | | | | | |
| Amorphous Silica | 07631-86-9 | 80 mg/M ³ % SiO ₂ | 10 | | | | | | |
| Calcium Sulfate | 10101-41-4 or 13397-24-5 | 5 | 5 | | | | | | |
| Lime | 01305-62-0 | 5 | 5 | | | | | | |
| Fly Ash | 68131-74-8 | 5 | 5 | | | | | | |
| Calcium Aluminate Cement | 65997-16-2 | 5 | 5 | | | | | | |
| Clay | 01332-58-7 | 5 | 5 | | | | | | |
| Pulverized Limestone | 01317-65-3 | 5 | 5 | | | | | | |

Other Limits: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH). Recommended standard maximum permissible concentration=0.05 mg/M³ (respirable free silica) as determined by a full-shift sample up to 10-hour working day, 40-hour work week. See NIOSH Criteria for a Recommended Standard Occupational Exposure to Crystalline Silica

SECTION IV – First Aid Measures

Eyes: Immediately flush eye thoroughly with water. Continue flushing eye for at least 15 minutes, including under lids, to remove all particles. Call physician immediately.

Skin: Wash skin with cool water and pH-neutral soap or a mild detergent. Seek medical treatment if irritation or inflammation develops or persists. Seek immediate medical treatment in the event of burns.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Seek medical help if coughing and other symptoms do not subside. Inhalations of large amounts of Portland cement require immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, have the victim drink plenty of water and call a physician immediately.

SECTION V - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flammability: Noncombustible and not explosive. **Auto-ignition Temperature:** Not Applicable

Flash Points: Not Applicable



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SECTION VI – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

If spilled, use dustless methods (vacuum) and place into covered container for disposal (if not contaminated or wet). Use adequate ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND STORAGE

Do not allow water to contact the product until time of use. DO NOT BREATHE DUST. In dusty environments, the use of an OSHA, MSHA or NIOSH approved respirator and tight fitting goggles is recommended.

SECTION VIII - EXPOSURE CONTROL MEASURES

Engineering Controls: Local exhaust can be used, if necessary, to control airborne dust levels.

Personal Protection: The use of barrier creams or impervious gloves, boots and clothing to protect the skin from contact is recommended. Following work, workers should shower with soap and water. Precautions must be observed because burns occur with little warning -- little heat is sensed.

WARN EMPLOYEES AND/OR CUSTOMERS OF THE HAZARDS AND REQUIRED OSHA PRECAUTIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT.

Exposure Limits: Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits

SECTION IX - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Appearance: Gray to gray-brown colored powder. Some products contain coarse aggregate.

Specific Gravity: 2.6 to 3.15

Melting Point:

>2700°F

Boiling Point:

>2700°F

Vapor Pressure:

Not Applicable

Vapor Density:

Not Applicable

Evaporation Rate:

Not Applicable

Solubility in Water:

Slight

Odor:

Not Applicable

SECTION X - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Material when mixed with water will react with Aluminum and

other alkali and alkaline earth elements liberating hydrogen gas.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-products: None

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur.

Condition to Avoid: Keep dry until used to preserve product utility.



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SECTION XI – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Ingestion

Toxicity to Animals:

LD50: Not Available LC50: Not Available

Chronic Effects on Humans: Conditions aggravated by exposure include eye disease, skin

disorders and Chronic Respiratory conditions. **Special Remarks on Toxicity:** Not Available

SECTION XII - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Not Available **BOD5 and COD:** Not Available

Products of Biodegradation: Not available

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: Not available

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available

SECTION XIII – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: The packaging and material may be land filled; however, material should be covered to minimize generation of airborne dust. This product is <u>not</u> classified as a hazardous waste under the authority of the RCRA (40CFR 261) or CERCLA (40CFR 117&302).

SECTION XIV - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT/UN Shipping Name: Non-regulated DOT Hazard Class: Non-regulated Shipping Name: Non-regulated

Non-Hazardous under U.S. DOT and TDG Regulations

SECTION XV – OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION

US OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200: Considered hazardous under this regulation and should be included in the employers hazard communication program

SARA (Title III) Sections 311 & 312: Qualifies as a hazardous substance with delayed health effects

SARA (Title III) Section 313: Not subject to reporting requirements **TSCA (May 1997):** All components are on the TSCA inventory list

Federal Hazardous Substances Act: Is a hazardous substance subject to statues promulgated under the subject act

California Regulation: WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.



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Canadian Environmental Protection Act: Not listed

WHMIS Classification: Considered to be a hazardous material under the Hazardous Products Act as defined by the Controlled Products Regulations (Class D2A, E- Corrosive Material) and subject to the requirements of Health Canada's Workplace Hazardous Material Information (WHMIS). This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulation (CPR). This document complies with the WHMIS requirements of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA) and the CPR.

| | SECTION XVI – OTHER INFORMATION |
|----------------|---|
| HMIS-III: Hea | alth – 0 = No significant health risk |
| | 1 = Irritation or minor reversible injury possible |
| | 2 = Temporary or minor injury possible |
| | 3 = Major injury possible unless prompt action is taken |
| | 4 = Life threatening, major or permanent damage possible |
| Flammab | • |
| | 1 = Material must be preheated before ignition will occur |
| | 2 = Material must be exposed to high temperatures before ignition |
| | 3 = Material capable of ignition under normal temperatures |
| | 4 = Flammable gases or very volatile liquids; may ignite spontaneously |
| Physical Haz | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | 1 = Material normally stable but may become unstable at high temps |
| | 2 = Materials that are unstable and may undergo react at room temp |
| | 3 = Materials that may form explosive mixtures with water |
| A11 14 | 4 = Materials that are readily capable of explosive water reaction |
| Abbreviations: | Amenda and October and October and the description in the |
| ACGIH | American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists |
| CAS | Chemical Abstract Service |
| CERCLA | , |
| CFR CPR | Code of Federal Regulations |
| DOT | Controlled Products Regulations (Canada) |
| IARC | Department of Transportation |
| MSHA | International Agency for Research Mine Safety and Health Administration |
| NIOSH | National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health |
| NTP | National Toxicity Program |
| OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Administration |
| PEL | Permissible Exposure Limit |
| RCRA | Resource Conservation and Recovery Act |
| SARA | Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act |
| TLV | Threshold Limit Value |
| TWA | Time-weighted Average |
| WHMIS | Workplace Hazardous Material Information System |
| | |

Revision #07-01, supersedes all previous revisions.





CEMENT & CONCRETE PRODUCTS™

Created: 10/25/2006

Last Updated: May 8, 2012

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ATTACHMENT 2 LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORTS

Synergy Environmental Lab, INC.

1990 Prospect Ct., Appleton, WI 54914 *P 920-830-2455 * F 920-733-0631

Invoice #

E29659

WAYNE FASSBENDER ENVIROFORENSICS N16 W23390 STONE RIDGE DRIVE WAUKESHA, WI 53188

Report Date 18-Sep-15

Project Name WEST ALLIS OHM

Project # 6406.1D

.1.0.1. 5

Lab Code

5029659A

Sample ID

6406-10710-SUMP

Sample Matrix Water Sample Date 9/8/2015

Result Unit LOD LOQ Dil Method Ext Date Run Date Analyst Code Organic VOC's Benzene < 0.44 0.44 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR ug/i 1.4 1 Bromobenzene 0.48 1.5 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR < 0.48ug/l Bromodichloromethane < 0.46 ug/l 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR 0.46 1.5 Bromoform < 0.46 0.46 1.5 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR ug/l tert-Butylbenzene < 1.1 ug/l 1.1 3.4 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR sec-Butylbenzene < 1.2 1.2 3.8 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR ug/l < 1 n-Butylbenzene 9/16/2015 ug/l 3.3 1 8260B CJR Carbon Tetrachloride < 0.510.51 1.6 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR ug/l Chlorobenzene < 0.46 0.46 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR ug/l 1.4 Chloroethane < 0.65 ug/l 0.65 2.1 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR Chloroform < 0.43 ug/l 0.43 1.4 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR Chloromethane < 1.9 ug/l 1.9 6 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR 2-Chlorotoluene 0.4 1.3 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR < 0.4 ug/l 4-Chlorotoluene < 0.630.63 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR ug/l 2 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane 4.5 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR < 1.4 ug/l 1.4 0.45 Dibromochloromethane < 0.45ug/l 1.4 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR 1,4-Dichlorobenzene < 0.49 ug/l 0.49 1.6 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR 1,3-Dichlorobenzene < 0.52 ug/l 0.52 1.6 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR < 0.46 0.46 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR 1.2-Dichlorobenzene ug/l 1.5 1 < 0.87 0.87 Dichlorodifluoromethane 2.8 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR ug/l 1 1,2-Dichloroethane < 0.48 ug/l 0.48 1.5 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR 1,1-Dichloroethane < 1.1 ug/l 1.1 3.6 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR 1,1-Dichloroethene < 0.65 ug/l 0.65 2.1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR cis-1,2-Dichloroethene < 0.45 ug/l 0.45 1.4 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR trans-1,2-Dichloroethene < 0.54 ug/l 0.54 1.7 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR 1.37 1,2-Dichloropropane < 0.43ug/l 0.43 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CIR 2,2-Dichloropropane < 3.1 3.1 9.8 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR ug/l 0.42 1,3-Dichloropropane < 0.42 ug/l 1.3 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR Di-isopropyl ether < 0.44 0.44 1.4 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR ug/l EDB (1,2-Dibromoethane) < 0.63 ug/l 0.63 2 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR Ethylbenzene < 0.71 0.71 2.3 1 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR ug/l Hexachlorobutadiene < 2.2 9/16/2015 2.2 7.1 8260B CIR ug/l 1 Isopropylbenzene < 0.82 0.82 2.6 8260B 9/16/2015 CJR ug/l

Project Name WEST ALLIS OHM Invoice # E29659

Project # 6406.1D

Lab Code 5029659A

Sample ID 6406-10710-SUMP

Sample Matrix Water **Sample Date** 9/8/2015

| | Result | Unit | LOD | LOQ I | il | Method | Ext Date | Run Date | Analyst | Code |
|--------------------------------|--------|-------|------|-------|----|--------|----------|-----------|---------|------|
| p-Isopropyltoluene | < 1.1 | ug/l | 1.1 | 3.5 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Methylene chloride | < 1.3 | ug/l | 1.3 | 4.2 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | < 1.1 | ug/l | 1.1 | 3.7 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Naphthalene | < 1.6 | ug/l | 1.6 | 5.2 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| n-Propylbenzene | < 0.77 | ug/l | 0.77 | 2.4 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.52 | ug/l | 0.52 | 1.7 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.48 | ug/I | 0.48 | 1.5 | i | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Tetrachloroethene | < 0.49 | ug/l | 0.49 | 1.5 | i | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Toluene | < 0.44 | ug/l | 0.44 | 1.4 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 1.7 | ug/l | 1.7 | 5.6 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | i |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | < 2.7 | ug/l | 2.7 | 8.6 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.84 | ug/l | 0.84 | 2.7 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.48 | ug/l | 0.48 | 1.52 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Trichloroethene (TCE) | < 0.47 | ug/l | 0.47 | 1.5 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | < 0.87 | ug/l | 0.87 | 2.8 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 1.6 | ug/l | 1.6 | 5 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 1.5 | ug/l | 1.5 | 4.8 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Vinyl Chloride | < 0.17 | ug/l | 0.17 | 0.54 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| m&p-Xylene | < 2.2 | ug/l | 2.2 | 6.9 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| o-Xylene | < 0.9 | ug/l | 0.9 | 2.9 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| SUR - 4-Bromofluorobenzene | 96 | REC % | | | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| SUR - Dibromofluoromethane | 97 | REC % | | | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| SUR - Toluene-d8 | 103 | REC % | | | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| SUR - 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 | 104 | REC % | | | 1 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |

Project Name WEST ALLIS OHM

Project # 6406.1D

Lab Code

5029659B

Sample ID

6406-2248-SUMP

Sample Matrix Water Sample Date 9/8/2015

| Sample Date | 9/8/2015 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------|--------------|-----------|------|------|----------------|----------|------------------------|------------|--------|
| | | Result | Unit | LOD | LOQ | Dil | Method | Ext Date | Run Date | Analyst | Code |
| Organia | | | 0.111 | | | | | | | 1 | |
| Organic | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VOC's | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Benzene | | < 4.4 | ug/l | 4.4 | . 14 | 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Bromobenzene | | < 4.8 | ug/l | 4.8 | 1: | 5 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Bromodichlorome | thane | < 4.6 | ug/l | 4.6 | 1: | 5 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Bromoform | | < 4.6 | ug/l | 4.6 | 1: | 5 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| tert-Butylbenzene | | < 11 | ug/l | 11 | 34 | 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| sec-Butylbenzene | | < 12 | ug/l | 12 | 38 | 3 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| n-Butylbenzene | | < 10 | ug/l | 10 | 33 | 3 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Carbon Tetrachlor | ide | < 5.1 | ug/l | 5.1 | 10 | 5 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Chlorobenzene | | < 4.6 | ug/l | 4.6 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Chloroethane | | < 6.5 | ug/l | 6.5 | 2 | 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Chloroform | | < 4.3 | ug/l | 4.3 | 14 | 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Chloromethane | | < 19 | ug/l | 19 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | | < 4 | ug/l | 4 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | | < 6.3 | ug/l | 6.3 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2-Dibromo-3-chl | | < 14 | ug/l | 14 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Dibromochlorome | | < 4.5 | ug/l | 4.5 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenze | | < 4.9 | ug/l | 4.9 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenze | | < 5.2 | ug/l | 5.2 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenze | | < 4.6 | ug/l | 4.6 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Dichlorodifluorom | | < 8.7 | ug/l | 8.7 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethan | | < 4.8 | ug/l | 4.8 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethan | | < 11 | ug/l | 11 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | - | < 6.5 | ug/l | 6.5 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroetl | | 33 | ug/l | 4.5 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloro | | < 5.4 | ug/l | 5.4 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropa | | < 4.3 | ug/l | 4.3 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropa | | < 31 | ug/l | 31 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropa | ne | < 4.2 | ug/l | 4.2 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Di-isopropyl ether | | < 4.4 | ug/l | 4.4 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | I |
| EDB (1,2-Dibrome | betnane) | < 6.3 | ug/l | 6.3 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Ethylbenzene Hexachlorobutadie | | < 7.1 < 22 | ug/l | 7.1 22 | | | 8260B 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR CJR | 1 1 |
| Isopropylbenzene | ene | < 8.2 | ug/l | 8.2 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| p-Isopropyltoluene | | < 0.2 < 11 | ug/l ug/l | 0.2 11 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Methylene chloride | | < 13 | - | 13 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Methyl tert-butyl e | | < 11 | ug/l ug/l | 11 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Naphthalene | ther (WIDE) | < 16 | ug/l | 16 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| n-Propylbenzene | | < 7.7 | ug/i | 7.7 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachlor | oethane | < 5.2 | ug/l | 5.2 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | i |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachlor | | < 4.8 | ug/l | 4.8 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Tetrachloroethene | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 81 | ug/l | 4.9 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | i |
| Toluene | | < 4.4 | ug/l | 4.4 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2,4-Trichloroben | zene | < 17 | ug/l | 17 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloroben | | < 27 | ug/l | 27 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroeth | | < 8.4 | ug/l | 8.4 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroetha | | < 4.8 | ug/l | 4.8 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Trichloroethene (T | | < 4.7 | ug/l | 4.7 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Trichlorofluorome | | < 8.7 | ug/l | 8.7 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylber | nzene | < 16 | ug/l | 16 | 50 | 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylber | nzene | < 15 | ug/l | 15 | 48 | 3 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Vinyl Chloride | | 3.6 "J" | ug/l | 1.7 | 5.4 | 1 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| m&p-Xylene | | < 22 | ug/l | 22 | 69 | 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| o-Xylene | | < 9 | ug/l | 9 | | | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR · | 1 |
| SUR - 1,2-Dichlor | oethane-d4 | 104 | REC % | | | 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| SUR - 4-Bromoflu | | 116 | REC % | | | 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| SUR - Dibromoflu | | 98 | REC % | | | 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| SUR - Toluene-d8 | | 101 | REC % | | | 10 | 8260B | | 9/16/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Invoice # E29659

Project Name WEST ALLIS OHM

Project #

6406.1D

Lab Code Sample ID 5029659C 6406-TB-1

Sample Matrix Water
Sample Date 9/8/2015

| 54mple Date | Result | T124 | LOD | 1.00 | D9 | Madhad | E-4 D-4- | D D. 4. | A Y4 | C. J. |
|--------------------------------|--------|-------|------|------|-----|--------|----------|-----------|---------|-------|
| _ | Result | Unit | LOD | LOQ | IJП | Method | Ext Date | Run Date | Analyst | Code |
| Organic | | | | | | | | | | |
| VOC's | | | | | | | | | | |
| Benzene | < 0.44 | ug/l | 0.44 | 1.4 | . 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Bromobenzene | < 0.48 | ug/l | 0.48 | 1.5 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.46 | ug/l | 0.46 | 1.5 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Bromoform | < 0.46 | ug/l | 0.46 | 1.5 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| tert-Butylbenzene | < 1.1 | ug/l | 1.1 | 3.4 | - 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| sec-Butylbenzene | < 1.2 | ug/l | 1.2 | 3.8 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| n-Butylbenzene | < 1 | ug/l | 1 | 3.3 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | < 0.51 | ug/l | 0.51 | 1.6 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Chlorobenzene | < 0.46 | ug/l | 0.46 | 1.4 | . 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Chloroethane | < 0.65 | ug/l | 0.65 | 2.1 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Chloroform | < 0.43 | ug/l | 0.43 | 1.4 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Chloromethane | < 1.9 | ug/l | 1.9 | 6 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene | < 0.4 | ug/l | 0.4 | 1.3 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | i |
| 4-Chlorotoluene | < 0.63 | ug/l | 0.63 | 2 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane | < 1.4 | ug/l | 1.4 | 4.5 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 0.45 | ug/l | 0.45 | 1.4 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.49 | ug/l | 0.49 | 1.6 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.52 | ug/l | 0.52 | 1.6 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.46 | ug/l | 0.46 | 1.5 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | < 0.87 | ug/l | 0.87 | 2.8 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.48 | ug/l | 0.48 | 1.5 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 1.1 | ug/l | 1.1 | 3.6 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 0.65 | ug/l | 0.65 | 2.1 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 0.45 | ug/l | 0.45 | 1.4 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 0.54 | ug/l | 0.54 | 1.7 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.43 | ug/l | 0.43 | 1.37 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane | < 3.1 | ug/l | 3.1 | 9.8 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane | < 0.42 | ug/l | 0.42 | 1.3 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Di-isopropyl ether | < 0.44 | ug/l | 0.44 | 1.4 | - 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| EDB (1,2-Dibromoethane) | < 0.63 | ug/l | 0.63 | 2 | . 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Ethylbenzene | < 0.71 | ug/l | 0.71 | 2.3 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | < 2.2 | ug/l | 2.2 | | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Isopropylbenzene | < 0.82 | ug/l | 0.82 | 2.6 | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| p-Isopropyltoluene | < 1.1 | ug/l | 1.1 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Methylene chloride | < 1.3 | ug/l | 1.3 | 4.2 | . 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | < 1.1 | ug/l | 1.1 | 3.7 | I | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Naphthalene | < 1.6 | ug/l | 1.6 | | . 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| n-Propylbenzene | < 0.77 | ug/l | 0.77 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.52 | ug/l | 0.52 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.48 | ug/l | 0.48 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Tetrachloroethene | < 0.49 | ug/l | 0.49 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Toluene | < 0.44 | ug/l | 0.44 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 1.7 | ug/l | 1.7 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene | < 2.7 | ug/l | 2.7 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 0.84 | ug/l | 0.84 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.48 | ug/l | 0.48 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Trichloroethene (TCE) | < 0.47 | ug/l | 0.47 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | < 0.87 | ug/l | 0.87 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 1.6 | ug/l | 1.6 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 1.5 | ug/l | 1.5 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| Vinyl Chloride | < 0.17 | ug/l | 0.17 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| m&p-Xylene | < 2.2 | ug/l | 2.2 | | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| o-Xylene | < 0.9 | ug/l | 0.9 | 2.9 | | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| SUR - Toluene-d8 | 106 | REC % | | | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| SUR - 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 | 91 | REC % | | | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| SUR - 4-Bromofluorobenzene | 105 | REC % | | | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |
| SUR - Dibromofluoromethane | 96 | REC % | | | 1 | 8260B | | 9/15/2015 | CJR | 1 |

Project Name WEST ALLIS OHM Project # 6406.1D

Invoice # E29659

"J" Flag: Analyte detected between LOD and LOQ

LOD Limit of Detection

LOQ Limit of Quantitation

Code

Comment

1 Laboratory QC within limits.

All solid sample results reported on a dry weight basis unless otherwise indicated. All LOD's and LOQ's are adjusted for dilutions but not dry weight. Subcontracted results are denoted by SUB in the analyst field.

Authorized Signature

| CHAIN OF | STODY RE | | O 538 | in the second se | * * | Syr | 1er(| | 7 | | المثالث | P.F | Chair Page | | ∵¹. | 274 | Jun. | |
|--|---|-----------------|--|--|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|------|-----------|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|
| Account No Project *: | SC 10 | Quote No.: | | | 1990 | Prospect (| na / 2 (1977) Jr. • Appleton 5 • FAX 920-7 | . Wi 50 | 1914 | i Peri | | (** | <u> </u> | ush / | Analys pted or | sis Dat nly with | g Requi e Requi prior au m Arou | red (horization) |
| Asports To p Company Address City State Zip Phone FAX Lah LO | Sample I.B. Sample I.B. Consider Annual Constructions (*) | Stacks Ander | Invalce for Company Address City State 2 Phone FAX Comp Grab | Fittered Y/fr | No of Containers | Sample Type (Matrix) Sept. | Preservation (1CL) WW. Soil -S | DRO (Mich BRO Sep 95) CRO (Mich GRO Sep 95) | LEAD | | PCR | PVOC (EPA \$901) PVOC + MAPHITIALENE | SULFATE TOTAL SUSPEMPER SOFINS | The state of the s | S-DCBAN-IAIS | | Other A | PID: |
| Sample Integri Met | y - To be complete hod of Shipment: np. of Temp. Blank lot upon receipt: | od by receiving |) lab. | inquished. | | | Time | 0ai **(s) *1// | 5 | Receivi | ed By: | (sign) | | A consignation of the second o | - (** | | Time Z-17 | Date ** -11-15 |



1441 Sadlier Circle West Drive Indianapolis, IN 46239 Ph: 317-351-0885 Fax: 317-351-0882 www.envision-air.com

Mr. Wayne Fassbender Enviroforensics N16 W. 23390 Stone Ridge Dr Suite G Waukesha, WI 53188

September 28, 2015

ENVision Project Number: 2015-529 Client Project Name: 6406 – OHM Lincoln

Dear Mr. Fassbender,

Please find the attached analytical report for the samples received September 15, 2015. All test methods performed were fully compliant with local, state, and federal EPA methods unless otherwise noted. The project was analyzed as requested on the enclosed chain of custody record. Please review the comments section for additional information about your results or Quality Control data.

Feel free to contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding your analytical report or service.

Thank you for your business. EnvisionAir looks forward to working with you on your next project.

Yours Sincerely,

David Norris

Client Services Manager EnvisionAir



1441 Sadlier Circle West Drive Indianapolis, IN 46239 Ph: 317-351-0885

Fax: 317-351-0882 www.envision-air.com

Client Name:

ENVIROFORENSICS

Project ID:

6406 / OHM LINCOLN

Client Project Manager:

W. FASSBENDER

EnvisionAir Project Number: 2015-529

Sample Summary

Canister Pressure / Vacuum

| | | | START | START | | | | | | | <u>Lab</u> |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|------------|
| | | | <u>Date</u> | <u>Time</u> | End Date | End Time | <u>Date</u> | <u>Time</u> | Initial Field | Final Field | Received |
| Laboratory Sample Number: | Sample Description: | Matrix: | Collected: | Collected: | Collected: | Collected: | Received: | Received | (in. Ha) | (in. Ha) | (in. Hg) |
| 15-1945 | 6406-10710-IA-B | Α | 9/9/15 | 10:30 | 9/10/15 | 10:30 | 9/15/15 | 9:30 | -27 | -2.5 | -2.5 |
| 15-1946 | 6406-10710-IA-1 | Α | 9/9/15 | 10:25 | 9/10/15 | 10:25 | 9/15/15 | 9:30 | -29 | -2.5 | -2.5 |
| 15-1947 | 6406-10710-IA-2 | Α | 9/9/15 | 10:20 | 9/10/15 | 10:20 | 9/15/15 | 9:30 | -27 | -3 | -3 |
| 15-1948 | 6406-10710-OA | Α | 9/9/15 | 10:15 | 9/10/15 | 10:15 | 9/15/15 | 9:30 | -30 | -4 | -4 |



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Client Name:

ENVIROFORENSICS

Project ID:

6406 / OHM LINCOLN

Client Project Manager:

W. FASSBENDER

EnvisionAir Project Number:

2015-529

< 13.2

Analytical Method:

Analytical Batch:

TO-15 091515AIR

Client Sample ID:

6406-10710-IA-B

Sample Collection START Date/Time: 09/09/15 10:30

Envision Sample Number:

15-1945

Sample Collection END Date/Time: Sample Received Date/Time:

13.2

09/10/15 10:30

Sample Matrix:

Chloroethane

AIR

09/15/15 9:30

Compounds Sample Results ug/m³ Reporting Limit ug/m³ Flag 4-Ethyltoluene < 492 492 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) < 2050 2050 1,1,1-Trichloroethane < 546 546 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane < 0.34 0.34 1 1,1,2-Trichloroethane < 0.21 0.21 1 1,1-Dichloroethane < 4.05 4.05 1,1-Dichloroethene < 198 198 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene < 0.74 0.74 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene < 4.92 4.92 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) < 0.03 0.03 1 1,2-Dichlorobenzene < 60.1 60.1 1,2-Dichloroethane < 0.400.40 1,2-Dichloropropane < 0.46 0.46 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene < 4.92 4.92 < 0.22 1,3-Butadiene 0.22 1.3-Dichlorobenzene < 60.1 60.1 1,4-Dichlorobenzene < 0.60 0.60 < 1.80 1,4-Dioxane 1.80 2-Butanone (MEK) < 2950 2950 < 20.5 2-Hexanone 20.5 < 2380 Acetone 2380 Benzene < 1.60 1.60 Benzyl Chloride < 0.41 0.41 1 Bromodichloromethane < 0.54 0.54 1 Bromoform 10.3 < 10.3 Bromomethane < 3.88 3.88 Carbon Disulfide < 311 311 0.63 Carbon Tetrachloride < 0.63 Chlorobenzene < 23.0 23.0



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| Compounds | Sample Results ug/ | m ³ Reporting Limit ug/m ³ | <u>Flag</u> |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|-------------|
| Chloroform | < 0.83 | 0.83 | |
| Chloromethane | < 20.6 | 20.6 | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 19.8 | 19.8 | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 4.54 | 4.54 | |
| Cyclohexane | < 5510 | 5510 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 0.85 | 0.85 | |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | < 49.5 | 49.5 | |
| Ethyl Acetate | < 1800 | 1800 | |
| Ethylbenzene | < 8.68 | 8.68 | |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | < 1.07 | 1.07 | |
| Isooctane | < 467 | 467 | |
| m,p-Xylene | < 43.4 | 43.4 | |
| Methylene Chloride | < 41.7 | 41.7 | |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether | < 36.1 | 36.1 | |
| N-Heptane | < 410 | 410 | |
| N-Hexane | < 176 | 176 | |
| o-Xylene | < 43.4 | 43.4 | |
| Propylene | < 172 | 172 | |
| Styrene | < 426 | 426 | |
| Tetrachloroethene | < 3.19 | 3.19 | |
| Tetrahydrofuran | < 295 | 295 | |
| Toluene | < 3770 | 3770 | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 39.6 | 39.6 | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 4.54 | 4.54 | |
| Trichlorethene | < 1.07 | 1.07 | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | < 562 | 562 | |
| Vinyl Acetate | < 176 | 176 | |
| Vinyl Bromide | < 0.44 | 0.44 | |
| Vinyl Chloride | < 1.28 | 1.28 | |
| 4-bromofluorobenzene (surro | ogate) 107% | | |
| Analysis Date/Time: | 9-17-15/18 | 3;29 | |
| Analyst Initials | tjg | | |
| | | | |



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Client Name:

ENVIROFORENSICS

Project ID:

6406 / OHM LINCOLN

Client Project Manager:

W. FASSBENDER

EnvisionAir Project Number:

2015-529

Analytical Method:

TO-15

Analytical Batch:

091515AIR

Client Sample ID:

6406-10710-IA-1

Sample Collection START Date/Time: 09/09/15 10:25 Sample Collection END Date/Time:

09/10/15 10:25

Envision Sample Number:

15-1946 AIR

Sample Received Date/Time:

Sample Matrix:

09/15/15 9:30

| <u>Compounds</u> | Sample Results ug/m³ | Reporting Limit ug/m³ | <u>Flag</u> |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| 4-Ethyltoluene | < 492 | 492 | |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) | < 2050 | 2050 | |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 546 | 546 | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.34 | 0.34 | 1 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.21 | 0.21 | 1 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 4.05 | 4.05 | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 198 | 198 | |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.74 | 0.74 | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 4.92 | 4.92 | |
| 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) | < 0.03 | 0.03 | 1 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 60.1 | 60.1 | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.40 | 0.40 | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.46 | 0.46 | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 4.92 | 4.92 | |
| 1,3-Butadiene | < 0.22 | 0.22 | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 60.1 | 60.1 | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.60 | 0.60 | |
| 1,4-Dioxane | < 1.80 | 1.80 | |
| 2-Butanone (MEK) | < 2950 | 2950 | |
| 2-Hexanone | < 20.5 | 20.5 | |
| Acetone | < 2380 | 2380 | |
| Benzene | < 1.60 | 1.60 | |
| Benzyl Chloride | < 0.41 | 0.41 | 1 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.54 | 0.54 | 1 |
| Bromoform | < 10.3 | 10.3 | |
| Bromomethane | < 3.88 | 3.88 | |
| Carbon Disulfide | < 311 | 311 | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | < 0.63 | 0.63 | |
| Chlorobenzene | < 23.0 | 23.0 | |
| Chloroethane | < 13.2 | 13.2 | |



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| Compounds | Sample Resu | ults ug/m³ | Reporting Limit ug/m³ | Flag |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|------|
| Chloroform | < 0.83 | | 0.83 | |
| Chloromethane | < 20.6 | | 20.6 | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 19.8 | | 19.8 | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 4.54 | | 4.54 | |
| Cyclohexane | < 5510 | | 5510 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 0.85 | | 0.85 | |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | < 49.5 | | 49.5 | |
| Ethyl Acetate | < 1800 | | 1800 | |
| Ethylbenzene | < 8.68 | | 8.68 | |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | < 1.07 | | 1.07 | |
| Isooctane | < 467 | | 467 | |
| m,p-Xylene | < 43.4 | | 43.4 | |
| Methylene Chloride | < 41.7 | | 41.7 | |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether | < 36.1 | | 36.1 | |
| N-Heptane | < 410 | | 410 | |
| N-Hexane | < 176 | | 176 | |
| o-Xylene | < 43.4 | | 43.4 | |
| Propylene | < 172 | | 172 | |
| Styrene | < 426 | | 426 | |
| Tetrachloroethene | < 3.19 | | 3.19 | |
| Tetrahydrofuran | < 295 | | 295 | |
| Toluene | < 3770 | | 3770 | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 39.6 | | 39.6 | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 4.54 | | 4.54 | |
| Trichlorethene | < 1.07 | | 1.07 | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | < 562 | | 562 | |
| Vinyl Acetate | < 176 | | 176 | |
| Vinyl Bromide | < 0.44 | | 0.44 | |
| Vinyl Chloride | < 1.28 | | 1.28 | |
| 4-bromofluorobenzene (surrog | gate) | 107% | | |
| Analysis Date/Time: | 9-1 | 17-15/19:09 | | |
| Analyst Initials | | tjg | | |



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Client Name:

ENVIROFORENSICS

Project ID:

6406 / OHM LINCOLN

Client Project Manager:

W. FASSBENDER

EnvisionAir Project Number:

2015-529

Analytical Method:

TO-15

Analytical Batch:

091515AIR

Client Sample ID:

6406-10710-IA-2

Sample Collection START Date/Time: 09/09/15 10:20

Sample Collection END Date/Time: 09/10/15 10:20

Envision Sample Number:

15-1947 AIR Sample Received Date/Time:

09/15/15 9:30

Sample Matrix:

| Compounds | Sample Results ug/m³ | Reporting Limit ug/m³ | <u>Flag</u> |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| 4-Ethyltoluene | < 492 | 492 | |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) | < 2050 | 2050 | |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 546 | 546 | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.34 | 0.34 | 1 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.21 | 0.21 | 1 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 4.05 | 4.05 | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 198 | 198 | |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.74 | 0.74 | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 4.92 | 4.92 | |
| 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) | < 0.03 | 0.03 | 1 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 60.1 | 60.1 | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.40 | 0.40 | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.46 | 0.46 | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 4.92 | 4.92 | |
| 1,3-Butadiene | < 0.22 | 0.22 | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 60.1 | 60.1 | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.60 | 0.60 | |
| 1,4-Dioxane | < 1.80 | 1.80 | |
| 2-Butanone (MEK) | < 2950 | 2950 | |
| 2-Hexanone | < 20.5 | 20.5 | |
| Acetone | < 2380 | 2380 | |
| Benzene | < 1.60 | 1.60 | |
| Benzyl Chloride | < 0.41 | 0.41 | 1 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.54 | 0.54 | 1 |
| Bromoform | < 10.3 | 10.3 | |
| Bromomethane | < 3.88 | 3.88 | |
| Carbon Disulfide | < 311 | 311 | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | < 0.63 | 0.63 | |
| Chlorobenzene | < 23.0 | 23.0 | |
| Chloroethane | < 13.2 | 13.2 | |



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| Compounds | Sample R | esults ug/m³ | Reporting Limit ug/m³ | <u>Flag</u> |
|------------------------------|----------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Chloroform | < 0.83 | | 0.83 | |
| Chloromethane | < 20.6 | | 20.6 | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 19.8 | | 19.8 | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 4.54 | | 4.54 | |
| Cyclohexane | < 5510 | | 5510 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 0.85 | | 0.85 | |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | < 49.5 | | 49.5 | |
| Ethyl Acetate | < 1800 | | 1800 | |
| Ethylbenzene | < 8.68 | | 8.68 | |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | < 1.07 | | 1.07 | |
| Isooctane | < 467 | | 467 | |
| m,p-Xylene | < 43.4 | | 43.4 | |
| Methylene Chloride | < 41.7 | | 41.7 | |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether | < 36.1 | | 36.1 | |
| N-Heptane | < 410 | | 410 | |
| N-Hexane | < 176 | | 176 | |
| o-Xylene | < 43.4 | | 43.4 | |
| Propylene | < 172 | | 172 | |
| Styrene | < 426 | | 426 | |
| Tetrachloroethene | < 3.19 | | 3.19 | |
| Tetrahydrofuran | < 295 | | 295 | |
| Toluene | < 3770 | | 3770 | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 39.6 | | 39.6 | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 4.54 | | 4.54 | |
| Trichlorethene | < 1.07 | | 1.07 | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | < 562 | | 562 | |
| Vinyl Acetate | < 176 | | 176 | |
| Vinyl Bromide | < 0.44 | | 0.44 | |
| Vinyl Chloride | < 1.28 | | 1.28 | |
| 4-bromofluorobenzene (surrog | gate) | 103% | | |
| Analysis Date/Time: | | 9-17-15/19:49 | | |
| Analyst Initials | | tjg | | |



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Client Name:

ENVIROFORENSICS

Project ID:

6406 / OHM LINCOLN

Client Project Manager:

W. FASSBENDER

EnvisionAir Project Number:

2015-529

Analytical Method:

TO-15

Analytical Batch:

091515AIR

Client Sample ID:

6406-10710-OA

Sample Collection START Date/Time: 09/09/15 10:15

Sample Collection END Date/Time:

09/10/15 10:15

Envision Sample Number:

15-1948 AIR

Sample Received Date/Time:

09/15/15 9:30

Sample Matrix:

| Compounds | Sample Results ug/m³ | Reporting Limit ug/m³ | <u>Flag</u> |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| 4-Ethyltoluene | < 492 | 492 | |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) | < 2050 | 2050 | |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 546 | 546 | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.34 | 0.34 | 1 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.21 | 0.21 | 1 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 4.05 | 4.05 | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 198 | 198 | |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.74 | 0.74 | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 4.92 | 4.92 | |
| 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) | < 0.03 | 0.03 | 1 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 60.1 | 60.1 | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.40 | 0.40 | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.46 | 0.46 | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 4.92 | 4.92 | |
| 1,3-Butadiene | < 0.22 | 0.22 | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 60.1 | 60.1 | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.60 | 0.60 | |
| 1,4-Dioxane | < 1.80 | 1.80 | |
| 2-Butanone (MEK) | < 2950 | 2950 | |
| 2-Hexanone | < 20.5 | 20.5 | |
| Acetone | < 2380 | 2380 | |
| Benzene | < 1.60 | 1.60 | |
| Benzyl Chloride | < 0.41 | 0.41 | 1 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.54 | 0.54 | 1 |
| Bromoform | < 10.3 | 10.3 | |
| Bromomethane | < 3.88 | 3.88 | |
| Carbon Disulfide | < 311 | 311 | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | < 0.63 | 0.63 | |
| Chlorobenzene | < 23.0 | 23.0 | |
| Chloroethane | < 13.2 | 13.2 | |



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| Compounds | Sample R | lesults ug/m³ | Reporting Limit ug/m ³ | Flag |
|------------------------------|----------|---------------|-----------------------------------|------|
| Chloroform | < 0.83 | | 0.83 | |
| Chloromethane | < 20.6 | | 20.6 | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 19.8 | | 19.8 | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 4.54 | | 4.54 | |
| Cyclohexane | < 5510 | | 5510 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 0.85 | | 0.85 | |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | < 49.5 | | 49.5 | |
| Ethyl Acetate | < 1800 | | 1800 | |
| Ethylbenzene | < 8.68 | | 8.68 | |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | < 1.07 | | 1.07 | |
| Isooctane | < 467 | | 467 | |
| m,p-Xylene | < 43.4 | | 43.4 | |
| Methylene Chloride | < 41.7 | | 41.7 | |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether | < 36.1 | | 36.1 | |
| N-Heptane | < 410 | | 410 | |
| N-Hexane | < 176 | | 176 | |
| o-Xylene | < 43.4 | | 43.4 | |
| Propylene | < 172 | | 172 | |
| Styrene | < 426 | | 426 | |
| Tetrachloroethene | < 3.19 | | 3.19 | |
| Tetrahydrofuran | < 295 | | 295 | |
| Toluene | < 3770 | | 3770 | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 39.6 | | 39.6 | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 4.54 | | 4.54 | |
| Trichlorethene | < 1.07 | | 1.07 | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | < 562 | | 562 | |
| Vinyl Acetate | < 176 | | 176 | |
| Vinyl Bromide | < 0.44 | | 0.44 | |
| Vinyl Chloride | < 1.28 | | 1.28 | |
| 4-bromofluorobenzene (surrog | ate) | 101% | | |
| Analysis Date/Time: | | 9-17-15/17:13 | | |
| Analyst Initials | | tjg | | |



1441 Sadlier Circle West Drive Indianapolis, IN 46239 Ph: 317-351-0885

Fax: 317-351-0882 www.envision-air.com

Analytical Report

TO-15 Quality Control Data

EnvisionAir Batch Number:

091515VW

| Method Blank (MB): 4-Ethyltoluene | MB Results (ppbv) < 100 | Reporting Limit (ppbv) 100 | <u>Flags</u> |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) | < 500 | 500 | |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 100 | 100 | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.049 | 0.049 | 1 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.049 | 0.049 | 1 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 1 | 1 | ' |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 50 | 50 | |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 1,2,4-Trichloroberizene | <1 | 1 | |
| 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) | < 0.0041 | 0.0041 | 1 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 10 | 10 | ī |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | <1 | 1 | |
| 1,3-Butadiene | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 1,3-Dutatiene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 10 | 10 | |
| • | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | | | |
| 1,4-Dioxane | < 0.5 | 0.5 1000 | |
| 2-Butanone (MEK) | < 1000 | | |
| 2-Hexanone | < 5 | 5 | |
| Acetone | < 1000 | 1000 | |
| Benzene | < 0.5 | 0.5 | |
| Benzyl Chloride | < 0.08 | 0.08 | 1 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.08 | 0.08 | 1 |
| Bromoform | <1 | 1 | |
| Bromomethane | <1 | 1 | |
| Carbon Disulfide | < 100 | 100 | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Chlorobenzene | < 5 | 5 | |
| Chloroethane | < 5 | 5 | |
| Chloroform | < 0.17 | 0.17 | |
| Chloromethane | < 10 | 10 | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 5 | 5 | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | <1 | 1 | |
| Cyclohexane | < 1600 | 1600 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | < 10 | 10 | |
| Ethyl Acetate | < 500 | 500 | |
| Ethylbenzene | < 2 | 2 | |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Isooctane | < 100 | 100 | |
| m,p-Xylene | < 10 | 10 | |
| Methylene Chloride | < 12 | 12 | |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether | < 10 | 10 | |
| N-Heptane | < 100 | 100 | |
| N-Hexane | < 50 | 50 | |
| o-Xylene | < 10 | 10 | |
| Propylene | < 100 | 100 | |
| Styrene | < 100 | 100 | |
| Tetrachloroethene | < 0.47 | 0.47 | |
| Tetrahydrofuran | < 100 | 100 | |



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Analytical Report

| Method Blank (MB): | MB Results (ppbv) | Reporting Limit (ppbv) | Flags |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------|
| Toluene | < 1000 | 1000 | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 10 | 10 | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 1 | 1 | |
| Trichlorethene | < 0.2 | 0.2 | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | < 100 | 100 | |
| Vinyl Acetate | < 50 | 50 | |
| Vinyl Bromide | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Vinyl Chloride | < 0.5 | 0.5 | |
| 4-bromofluorobenzene (surrogate) | 100% | | |
| Analysis Date/Time: | 9-17-15/15:59 | | |
| Analyst Initials | tjg | | |
| | | | |

| , maryot iintiaio | 99 | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------|------|------|-------|------|
| | | | LCS/D | LCS | LCSD | | |
| LCS/LCSD | LCS Results (ppbv) | LCSD Results (ppbv) | Conc(ppbv) | Rec. | Rec. | RPD | Flag |
| Propylene | 8.81 | 9.01 | 10 | 88% | 90% | 2.2% | |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | 10.9 | 10.2 | 10 | 109% | 102% | 6.6% | |
| Chloromethane | 9.16 | 9.93 | 10 | 92% | 99% | 8.1% | |
| Vinyl Chloride | 9.43 | 10.7 | 10 | 94% | 107% | 12.6% | |
| 1,3-Butadiene | 9.14 | 10.1 | 10 | 91% | 101% | 10.0% | |
| Bromomethane | 10.1 | 11.2 | 10 | 101% | 112% | 10.3% | |
| Chloroethane | 8.95 | 10.1 | 10 | 90% | 101% | 12.1% | |
| Vinyl Bromide | 10.3 | 11.6 | 10 | 103% | | 11.9% | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 10.2 | 11.3 | 10 | 102% | 113% | 10.2% | |
| Acetone | 9.44 | 10.6 | 10 | 94% | 106% | 11.6% | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 10 | 11 | 10 | 100% | 110% | 9.5% | |
| Methylene Chloride | 9.46 | 9.37 | 10 | 95% | 94% | 1.0% | |
| Carbon Disulfide | 8.54 | 9.86 | 10 | 85% | 99% | 14.3% | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 9.18 | 10.3 | 10 | 92% | 103% | 11.5% | |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether | 9.49 | 10.7 | 10 | 95% | 107% | 12.0% | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 9.03 | 10.1 | 10 | 90% | 101% | 11.2% | |
| Vinyl Acetate | 11 | 9.28 | 10 | 110% | 93% | 17.0% | |
| N-Hexane | 8.15 | 9.36 | 10 | 82% | 94% | 13.8% | |
| 2-Butanone (MEK) | 8.59 | 9.57 | 10 | 86% | 96% | 10.8% | |
| cls-1,2-Dichloroethene | 9.32 | 10.3 | 10 | 93% | 103% | 10.0% | |
| Ethyl Acetate | 8.12 | 9.14 | 10 | 81% | 91% | 11.8% | |
| Chloroform | 9.76 | 10.7 | 10 | 98% | 107% | 9.2% | |
| Tetrahydrofuran | 9.34 | 9.96 | 10 | 93% | 100% | 6.4% | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 11.4 | 11.3 | 10 | 114% | 113% | 0.9% | |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 11.3 | 11.5 | 10 | 113% | 115% | 1.8% | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 11.5 | 11.4 | 10 | 115% | 114% | 0.9% | |
| Benzene | 9.69 | 9.95 | 10 | 97% | 100% | 2.6% | |
| Cyclohexane | 8.07 | 8.24 | 10 | 81% | 82% | 2.1% | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 9.44 | 9.82 | 10 | 94% | 98% | 3.9% | |
| Trichlorethene | 10.3 | 10.6 | 10 | 103% | 106% | 2.9% | |
| Bromodichloromethane | 11 | 11.1 | 10 | 110% | 111% | 0.9% | |
| 1,4-Dioxane | 9.33 | 10.2 | 10 | 93% | 102% | 8.9% | |
| Isooctane | 9.26 | 9.44 | 10 | 93% | 94% | 1.9% | |
| N-Heptane | 9.45 | 9.33 | 10 | 95% | 93% | 1.3% | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 10.3 | 10.4 | 10 | 103% | 104% | 1.0% | |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) | 9.83 | 10.1 | 10 | 98% | 101% | 2.7% | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 10.3 | 10.6 | 10 | 103% | 106% | 2.9% | |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 9.99 | 10.5 | 10 | 100% | 105% | 5.0% | |
| Toluene | 9.46 | 9.87 | 10 | 95% | 99% | 4.2% | |
| 2-Hexanone | 9.8 | 10 | 10 | 98% | 100% | 2.0% | |
| Dibromochloromethane | 10.9 | 10.7 | 10 | 109% | 107% | 1.9% | |
| 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) | 9.97 | 10 | 10 | 100% | 100% | 0.3% | |
| Tetrachloroethene | 10.7 | 10.2 | 10 | 107% | 102% | 4.8% | |
| Chlorobenzene | 9.72 | 9.67 | 10 | 97% | 97% | 0.5% | |
| Ethylbenzene | 10 | 9.91 | 10 | 100% | 99% | 0.9% | |
| m,p-Xylene | 19.4 | 19 | 20 | 97% | 95% | 2.1% | |
| Bromoform | 10.7 | 10.6 | 10 | 107% | 106% | 0.9% | |
| | | | | | | | |



Analytical Report

EnvisionAir

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| | | | LCS/D | <u>LCS</u> | LCSD | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|------|------------|-------------|
| LCS/LCSD | LCS Results (ppbv) | LCSD Results (ppbv) | Conc(ppbv) | Rec. | Rec. | <u>RPD</u> | <u>Flaq</u> |
| Styrene | 9.67 | 9.56 | 10 | 97% | 96% | 1.1% | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 9.23 | 9.18 | 10 | 92% | 92% | 0.5% | |
| o-Xylene | 9.6 | 9.59 | 10 | 96% | 96% | 0.1% | |
| 4-Ethyltoluene | 9.6 | 9.29 | 10 | 96% | 93% | 3.3% | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 9.18 | 9.13 | 10 | 92% | 91% | 0.5% | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 9.47 | 9.24 | 10 | 95% | 92% | 2.5% | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 9.06 | 8.78 | 10 | 91% | 88% | 3.1% | |
| Benzyl Chloride | 10.1 | 9.88 | 10 | 101% | 99% | 2.2% | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 9.01 | 8.66 | 10 | 90% | 87% | 4.0% | |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 9.37 | 9.08 | 10 | 94% | 91% | 3.1% | |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 8.8 | 8.42 | 10 | 88% | 84% | 4.4% | |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | 9.1 | 8.52 | 10 | 91% | 85% | 6.6% | |
| 4-bromofluorobenzene (surrogate) | 107% | 106% | | | | | |
| Analysis Date/Time: | 9-17-15/13:23 | 9-17-15/14:48 | | | | | |
| Analyst Initials | tjg | tjg | | | | | |



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Flag Number

Comments
Reporting limit is supported by MDL. TJG

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

EnvisionAir | 1441 Sadlier Circle West Drive | Indianapolis, IN 46239 | Phone: (317) 351-0885 | Fax: (317) 351-0882

| Client: Envire Forensia | ণ্ড | P.O. N | umber: 🝃 | 015838 | | | | -01150 | /An An An | DADASE | TEDC | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|------|--|---|--------------------|----------------------|--|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Report NIG W 23390 S Address: Dave, Suite of Waulusha, Wl | Flore Rids 5- 53(88 | Project 64 | Name or | Number: OHM LI | | | KI. | :QUES | / | PARAME | / / | | | | |
| Report To: W. Fassbund | | | | Vander | | | | | | /// | | | N/I | CIC | NAIR |
| Phone: 317.937.78 | ₹ <i>0</i> | | | (circle if and | | | | /// | / <u>></u> / | | / | | AV | | |
| Invoice Address: Same as above | | Report ug/m | ing Units r | needed: (cire | de) PPMV | | | | | // | Sampling Type: Soil-Gas: Sub-Slab: | | unini ar | vision-air.c | am. |
| Desired TAT: (Please Circle One 1 day 2 days 3 days Std (5 | bus. days) | Media type | : 1LC = 1 Liter 6LC = 6 Liter TB = Tedlar TD = Therm | Canister | e | | 13 m 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | \$ 23 miles 5 / 1 m | | | Indoor-Air: 🗷 | Canister | Pressure / | | OIII |
| Air Sample ID | Media Type | Coll. Date (Grab/Comp | Coll. Time | Coll. Date | Coll. Time | | | | | Canister Serial # | Flow Controller Serial# | Initial Field (in. Hg) | Final Field (in. Hg) | Lab Received (in. Hg) | EnvisionAir Sample Number |
| 6406-10710-IA-B | | 9/9 | 1036 | 9/16 | 1030 | | メ | | | 11089 | ¢7436 | -27 | -2.5 | -2.5 | 15-1945 |
| 1-AI-01F01-30F3 | GLC | a/q | iezs | વાહ | 1035 | | X | | | 91577 | 07301 | -29 | -2.5 | -2.5 | 15-1946 |
| 6406-10710-IA-Z | 660 | 3:/9 | 1020 | alie | 1020 | | ~ | | | 16025 | G 3 (33 | -34 | -3 | -3 | 15-1947 |
| 6406-10718-0A | 666 | 9/9 | 1015 | વાલ | 1015 | | × | | | 91535 | G7256 | -36 | -4 | -4 | 15-1948 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 10-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Comments: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Relino | quished | bv: | | | Date | l Ti | me | | | Red | ceived by: | | Di | ate | Time |



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Mr. Wayne Fassbender Enviroforensics N16 W. 23390 Stone Ridge Dr Suite G Waukesha, WI 53188

September 28, 2015

ENVision Project Number: 2015-530 Client Project Name: 6406 – OHM Lincoln

Dear Mr. Fassbender,

Please find the attached analytical report for the samples received September 15, 2015. All test methods performed were fully compliant with local, state, and federal EPA methods unless otherwise noted. The project was analyzed as requested on the enclosed chain of custody record. Please review the comments section for additional information about your results or Quality Control data.

Feel free to contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding your analytical report or service.

Thank you for your business. EnvisionAir looks forward to working with you on your next project.

Yours Sincerely,

David Norris

Client Services Manager EnvisionAir



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Client Name:

ENVIROFORENSICS

Project ID:

6406 / OHM LINCOLN

Client Project Manager:

W. FASSBENDER

EnvisionAir Project Number: 2015-530

Sample Summary

Canister Pressure / Vacuum

| | | | START | START | | | | | | | <u>Lab</u> |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|------------|
| | | | <u>Date</u> | <u>Time</u> | End Date | End Time | <u>Date</u> | <u>Time</u> | Initial Field | Final Field | Received |
| Laboratory Sample Number: | Sample Description: | Matrix: | Collected: | Collected: | Collected: | Collected: | Received: | Received | (in. Hg) | (in. Hg) | (in. Ha) |
| 15-1949 | 6406-10710-SS-1 | Α | 9/10/15 | 11:08 | 9/10/15 | 11:12 | 9/15/15 | 9:30 | -27 | -1.5 | -1.5 |
| 15-1950 | 6406-10710-SS-2 | Α | 9/10/15 | 11:27 | 9/10/15 | 11:31 | 9/15/15 | 9:30 | -28.5 | -2 | -2 |



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Client Name:

ENVIROFORENSICS

Project ID:

6406 / OHM LINCOLN

Client Project Manager:

W. FASSBENDER

EnvisionAir Project Number:

2015-530

Analytical Method:

TO-15

Analytical Batch:

092415AIR

Client Sample ID:

6406-10710-SS-1

Sample Collection START Date/Time:

09/10/15 11:08

Sample Collection END Date/Time:

09/10/15 11:12

Envision Sample Number:

15-1949

Sample Received Date/Time:

09/15/15 9:30

Sample Matrix:

AIR

Compounds Sample Results ug/m³ Reporting Limit ug/m³ Flag 4-Ethyltoluene < 4920 4920 2 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) 20500 2 < 20500 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 2 < 5460 5460 1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane < 3.36 1.2 3.36 1,1,2-Trichloroethane < 2.10 2.10 1,2 < 40.5 2 1.1-Dichloroethane 40.5 2 1.1-Dichloroethene < 1980 1980 2 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene < 7.42 7.42 2 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene < 49.2 49.2 1,2 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) < 0.32 0.32 1.2-Dichlorobenzene < 601 601 2 1,2-Dichloroethane < 4.05 4.05 2 2 1,2-Dichloropropane < 4.62 4.62 2 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene < 49.2 49.2 1,3-Butadiene 2 < 2.21 2.21 2 1,3-Dichlorobenzene < 601 601 2 1,4-Dichlorobenzene < 6.01 6.01 2 1,4-Dioxane < 18.0 18.0 2 2-Butanone (MEK) < 29500 29500 2 2-Hexanone < 205 205 2 Acetone < 23800 23800 Benzene < 16.0 16.0 2 Benzyl Chloride < 4.14 4.14 1,2 Bromodichloromethane < 5.36 5.36 1,2 Bromoform < 103 103 2 Bromomethane < 38.8 38.8 2 Carbon Disulfide < 3110 3110 2 2 Carbon Tetrachloride < 6.29 6.29 Chlorobenzene < 230 230 2 Chloroethane < 132 132 2



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| Compounds | Sample Results ug/m³ | Reporting Limit ug/m³ | Flag |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| Chloroform | < 8.30 | 8.30 | 2 |
| Chloromethane | < 206 | 206 | 2 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 198 | 198 | 2 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 45.4 | 45.4 | 2 |
| Cyclohexane | < 55100 | 55100 | 2 |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 8.52 | 8.52 | 2 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | < 495 | 495 | 2 |
| Ethyl Acetate | < 18000 | 18000 | 2 |
| Ethylbenzene | < 86.8 | 86.8 | 2 |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | < 10.7 | 10.7 | 2 |
| Isooctane | < 4670 | 4670 | 2 |
| m,p-Xylene | < 434 | 434 | 2 |
| Methylene Chloride | < 417 | 417 | 2 |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether | < 361 | 361 | 2 |
| N-Heptane | < 4100 | 4100 | 2 |
| N-Hexane | < 1760 | 1760 | 2 |
| o-Xylene | < 434 | 434 | 2 |
| Propylene | < 1720 | 1720 | 2 |
| Styrene | < 4260 | 4260 | 2 |
| Tetrachloroethene | 276 | 31.9 | 2 |
| Tetrahydrofuran | < 2950 | 2950 | 2 |
| Toluene | < 37700 | 37700 | 2 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 396 | 396 | 2 |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 45.4 | 45.4 | 2 |
| Trichlorethene | < 10.7 | 10.7 | 2 |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | < 5620 | 5620 | 2 |
| Vinyl Acetate | < 1760 | 1760 | 2 |
| Vinyl Bromide | < 4.37 | 4.37 | 2 |
| Vinyl Chloride | < 12.8 | 12.8 | 2 |
| 4-bromofluorobenzene (surro | ogate) 115% | | |
| Analysis Date/Time: | 9-25-15/00:21 | | |
| Analyst Initials | tjg | | |
| - | •= | | |



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Client Name: ENVIROFORENSICS

Project ID: 6406 / OHM LINCOLN

Client Project Manager: W. FASSBENDER

EnvisionAir Project Number: 2015-530

Analytical Method: TO-15 Analytical Batch: 092415AIR

Client Sample ID: 6406-10710-SS-2 Sample Collection START Date/Time: 09/10/15 11:27

Sample Collection END Date/Time: 09/10/15 11:31

Envision Sample Number: 15-1950 Sample Received Date/Time: 09/15/15 9:30

Sample Matrix: AIR

| Compounds | Sample Results ug/m³ | Reporting Limit ug/m³ | <u>Flag</u> |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| 4-Ethyltoluene | < 4920 | 4920 | 2 |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) | < 20500 | 20500 | 2 |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 5460 | 5460 | 2 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 3.36 | 3.36 | 1,2 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 2.10 | 2.10 | 1,2 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 40.5 | 40.5 | 2 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 1980 | 1980 | 2 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 7.42 | 7.42 | 2 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | < 49.2 | 49.2 | 2 |
| 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) | < 0.32 | 0.32 | 1,2 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 601 | 601 | 2 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 4.05 | 4.05 | 2 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 4.62 | 4.62 | 2 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 49.2 | 49.2 | 2 |
| 1,3-Butadiene | < 2.21 | 2.21 | 2 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 601 | 601 | 2 |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 6.01 | 6.01 | 2 |
| 1,4-Dioxane | < 18.0 | 18.0 | 2 |
| 2-Butanone (MEK) | < 29500 | 29500 | 2 |
| 2-Hexanone | < 205 | 205 | 2 |
| Acetone | < 23800 | 23800 | 2 |
| Benzene | < 16.0 | 16.0 | 2 |
| Benzyl Chloride | < 4.14 | 4.14 | 1,2 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 5.36 | 5.36 | 1,2 |
| Bromoform | < 103 | 103 | 2 |
| Bromomethane | < 38.8 | 38.8 | 2 |
| Carbon Disulfide | < 3110 | 3110 | 2 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | < 6.29 | 6.29 | 2 |
| Chlorobenzene | < 230 | 230 | 2 |
| Chloroethane | < 132 | 132 | 2 |



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| Chloroform < 8.30 2 Chloromethane < 206 2 cis-1,2-Dichloroethene < 198 198 2 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene < 45.4 2 Cyclohexane < 55100 55100 2 Dibromochloromethane < 8.52 8.52 2 Dichlorodifluoromethane < 495 495 2 Ethyl Acetate < 18000 18000 2 Ethylbenzene < 86.8 86.8 2 Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene < 10.7 10.7 2 Isooctane < 4670 4670 2 m,p-Xylene < 434 434 2 Methylene Chloride < 417 417 2 |
|--|
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene < 198 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene < 45.4 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene < 45.4 |
| Dibromochloromethane < 8.52 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane < 495 |
| Ethyl Acetate < 18000 |
| Ethylbenzene < 86.8 |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene < 10.7 |
| Isooctane < 4670 |
| m,p-Xylene < 434 234 2 |
| |
| Mathylana Chlorida 417 417 |
| |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether < 361 361 2 |
| N-Heptane < 4100 4100 2 |
| N-Hexane < 1760 1760 2 |
| o-Xylene < 434 234 2 |
| Propylene < 1720 1720 2 |
| Styrene < 4260 4260 2 |
| Tetrachloroethene 63.8 31.9 2 |
| Tetrahydrofuran < 2950 2950 2 |
| Toluene < 37700 2 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene < 396 396 2 |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene < 45.4 2 |
| Trichlorethene < 10.7 10.7 2 |
| Trichlorofluoromethane < 5620 5620 2 |
| Vinyl Acetate < 1760 1760 2 |
| Vinyl Bromide < 4.37 4.37 2 |
| Vinyl Chloride < 12.8 12.8 2 |
| 4-bromofluorobenzene (surrogate) 115% |
| Analysis Date/Time: 9-25-15/00:57 |
| Analyst Initials tjg |



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Analytical Report

TO-15 Quality Control Data

EnvisionAir Batch Number:

092415AIR

| Method Blank (MB): | MB Results (ppbv) | Reporting Limit (ppby) | <u>Flags</u> |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| 4-Ethyltoluene | < 100 | 100 | <u> </u> |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) | < 500 | 500 | |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | < 100 | 100 | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | < 0.049 | 0.049 | 1 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | < 0.038 | 0.038 | 1 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | < 1 | 1 | · |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | < 50 | 50 | |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | <1 | 1 | |
| 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) | < 0.0041 | 0.0041 | 1 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 10 | 10 | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | < 1 | 1 | |
| 1,3-Butadiene | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 10 | 10 | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| 1,4-Dioxane | < 0.5 | 0.5 | |
| 2-Butanone (MEK) | < 1000 | 1000 | |
| 2-Hexanone | < 5 | 5 | |
| Acetone | < 1000 | 1000 | |
| Benzene | < 0.5 | 0.5 | |
| Benzyl Chloride | < 0.08 | 0.08 | 1 |
| Bromodichloromethane | < 0.08 | 0.08 | 1 |
| Bromoform | <1 | 1 | |
| Bromomethane | < 1 | 1 | |
| Carbon Disulfide | < 100 | 100 | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Chlorobenzene | < 5 | 5 | |
| Chloroethane | < 5 | 5 | |
| Chloroform | < 0.17 | 0.17 | |
| Chloromethane | < 10 . | 10 | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 5 | 5 | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | < 1 | 1 | |
| Cyclohexane | < 1600 | 1600 | |
| Dibromochloromethane | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | < 10 | 10 | |
| Ethyl Acetate | < 500 | 500 | |
| Ethylbenzene | < 2 | 2 | |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | < 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Isooctane | < 100 | 100 | |
| m,p-Xylene | < 10 | 10 | |
| Methylene Chloride | < 12 | 12 | |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether | < 10 | 10 | |
| N-Heptane | < 100 | 100 | |
| N-Hexane | < 50 | 50 | |
| o-Xylene | < 10 | 10 | |
| Propylene | < 100 | 100 | |
| Styrene | < 100 | 100 | |
| Tetrachloroethene | < 0.47 | 0.47 | |
| Tetrahydrofuran | < 100 | 100 | |
| • | | | |



Method Blank (MB):

Bromoform

EnvisionAir

1441 Sadlier Circle West Drive Indianapolis, IN 46239 Ph: 317-351-0885

<u>Flags</u>

Fax: 317-351-0882 www.envision-air.com

Analytical Report

Reporting Limit (ppbv)

MB Results (ppbv)

| Toluene | < 1000 | 1000 | riays | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------|-------|-----|
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | < 10 | 10 | | | | | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | <1 | 1 | | | | | |
| Trichlorethene | | 0.2 | | | | | |
| | < 0.2 | | | | | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | < 100 | 100 | | | | | |
| Vinyl Acetate | < 50 | 50 | | | | | |
| Vinyl Bromide | < 0.1 | 0.1 | | | | | |
| Vinyl Chloride | < 0.5 | 0.5 | | | | | |
| 4-bromofluorobenzene (surrogate) | 111% | | | | | | |
| Analysis Date/Time: | 9-24-15/20:19 | | | | | | |
| Analyst Initials | tjg | | | | | | |
| LCS/LCSD | LCS Results (ppby) | LCSD Results (ppby) | LCS/D Conc(ppbv) | LCS Rec. | LCSD Rec. | RPD F | lag |
| Propylene | 9.26 | 10.8 | 10 | 93% | 108% | 15.4% | lay |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | 9.59 | 11 | 10 | 96% | 110% | 13.7% | |
| Chloromethane | 8.73 | 10.8 | 10 | 87% | 108% | 21.2% | 3 |
| Vinyl Chloride | 9.36 | 9.32 | 10 | 94% | 93% | 0.4% | |
| 1,3-Butadiene | 10.8 | 10.5 | 10 | 108% | 105% | 2.8% | |
| Bromomethane | 10.8 | 11.6 | 10 | 108% | 116% | 7.1% | |
| Chloroethane | 9.64 | 11.8 | 10 | 96% | 118% | 20.1% | 3 |
| Vinyl Bromide | 11.9 | 10 | 10 | 119% | 100% | 17.4% | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 11.8 | 10.1 | 10 | 118% | 101% | 15.5% | |
| Acetone | 9.9 | 9.05 | 10 | 99% | 91% | 9.0% | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 10.4 | 9.13 | 10 | 104% | 91% | 13.0% | |
| Methylene Chloride | 9.35 | 8.48 | 10 | 94% | 85% | 9.8% | |
| Carbon Disulfide | 9 | 9.01 | 10 | 90% | 90% | 0.1% | |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 9.35 | 8.05 | 10 | 94% | 81% | 14.9% | |
| Methyl-tert-butyl ether | 8.59 | 9.01 | 10 | 86% | 90% | 4.8% | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 9.27 | 8.1 | 10 | 93% | 81% | 13.5% | |
| Vinyl Acetate | 9.88 | 8.65 | 10 | 99% | 87% | 13.3% | |
| N-Hexane | 8.6 | 8.35 | 10 | 86% | 84% | 2.9% | |
| 2-Butanone (MEK) | 9.32 | 9.93 | 10 | 93% | 99% | 6.3% | |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | 9.71 | 8.52 | 10 | 97% | 85% | 13.1% | |
| Ethyl Acetate | 9.7 | 8.16 | 10 | 97% | 82% | 17.2% | |
| Chloroform | 10.3 | 9.11 | 10 | 103% | 91% | 12.3% | |
| Tetrahydrofuran | 8.93 | 9.56 | 10 | 89% | 96% | 6.8% | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 11 | 10.6 | 10 | 110% | 106% | 3.7% | |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 10.2 | 9.82 | 10 | 102% | 98% | 3.8% | |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 10.5 | 10.2 | 10 | 105% | 102% | 2.9% | |
| Benzene | 10.3 | 8.55 | 10 | 103% | 86% | 18.6% | |
| Cyclohexane | 8.86 | 10.1 | 10 | 89% | 101% | 13.1% | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 8.57 | 8.28 | 10 | 86% | 83% | 3.4% | |
| Trichlorethene | 8.91 | 8.85 | 10 | 89% | 89% | 0.7% | |
| Bromodichloromethane | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10 | 105% | 104% | 1.0% | |
| 1,4-Dioxane | 8.3 | 8.52 | 10 | 83% | 85% | 2.6% | |
| Isooctane | 8.79 | 8.33 | 10 | 88% | 83% | 5.4% | |
| N-Heptane | 8.44 | 8.59 | 10 | 84% | 86% | 1.8% | |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 9.46 | 8.69 | 10 | 95% | 87% | 8.5% | |
| 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) | 8.85 | 8.56 | 10 | 89% | 86% | 3.3% | |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 10.4 | 10.1 | 10 | 104% | 101% | 2.9% | |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 9.27 | 8.88 | 10 | 93% | 89% | 4.3% | |
| Toluene | 8.64 | 8.19 | 10 | 86% | 82% | 5.3% | |
| 2-Hexanone | 8.74 | 8.59 | 10 | 87% | 86% | 1.7% | |
| Dibromochloromethane | 10.8 | 10 | 10 | 108% | 100% | 7.7% | |
| 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) | 10.9 | 10.2 | 10 | 109% | 102% | 6.6% | |
| Tetrachloroethene | 8.91 | 8.14 | 10 | 89% | 81% | 9.0% | |
| Chlorobenzene | 9.62 | 8.95 | 10 | 96% | 90% | 7.2% | |
| Ethylbenzene | 10.1 | 9.58 | 10 | 101% | 96% | 5.3% | |
| m,p-Xylene | 21.3 | 21 | 20 | 107% | 105% | 1.4% | |
| Bromoform | 21.3 11.5 | 11 4 | 10 | | 114% | 0.4% | |

11.4

11.5

10

115% 114% 0.9%



Analytical Report

EnvisionAir

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| | | | LCS/D | <u>LCS</u> | LCSD | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|------|------|------|
| LCS/LCSD | LCS Results (ppbv) | LCSD Results (ppbv) | Conc(ppbv) | Rec. | Rec. | RPD | Flag |
| Styrene | 10.2 | 9.73 | 10 | 102% | 97% | 4.7% | |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 9.85 | 9.52 | 10 | 99% | 95% | 3.4% | |
| o-Xylene | 9.9 | 9.36 | 10 | 99% | 94% | 5.6% | |
| 4-Ethyltoluene | 10.2 | 9.63 | 10 | 102% | 96% | 5.7% | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 10.5 | 10.3 | 10 | 105% | 103% | 1.9% | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 10.4 | 9.99 | 10 | 104% | 100% | 4.0% | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 9.36 | 9.15 | 10 | 94% | 92% | 2.3% | |
| Benzyl Chloride | 11 | 10.8 | 10 | 110% | 108% | 1.8% | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 10.8 | 10.9 | 10 | 108% | 109% | 0.9% | |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 10.4 | 10.1 | 10 | 104% | 101% | 2.9% | |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 10.9 | 11.4 | 10 | 109% | 114% | 4.5% | |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | 8.87 | 9.17 | 10 | 89% | 92% | 3.3% | |
| 4-bromofluorobenzene (surrogate) | 116% | 109% | | | | | |
| Analysis Date/Time: | 9-24-15/19:09 | 9-24-15/19:45 | | | | | |
| Analyst Initials | tjg | tjg | | | | | |



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| Flag Number | <u>Comments</u> |
|-------------|--|
| 1 | Reporting limit is supported by MDL. TJG |
| 2 | Reported value is from a 10x dilution. TJG 9-25-15 |
| 3 | RPD is biased high, but recoveries are within control. TJG 9-25-15 |

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

EnvisionAir | 1441Sadlier Circle West Drive | Indianapolis, IN 46239 | Phone: (317) 351-0885 | Fax: (317) 351-0882

| LIIY | ISIOTIAII Į | 17713 | | CIC VVCSL L | Jive III | ulai iape |)115, 114 | ן כנבטד | rnone. (3 | 17) 351-0885 |) Lax. (3 | 11/ 331- | 0002 | | |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------|--|-----------|---------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Client: Envire Ferensia | <u>s</u> | P.O. N | umber:20 | 315838 | | | DEO | HECTER | PARAME | TEDC | 7 | | | | |
| Report NIL W 23390 S Address: Walker Suite 6 | ForeRidge 53188 | Project | Name or | Number: אואר ביאוכ | eln | | ×EQ | JESTEL | /// | // | J | | | | |
| Report To: W. Fassbens | | | ed by: ¼、 | Vandert | feiden | | | / / | /// | | <u>L</u> er | \ | CIC | NAIR | |
| Phone: 3(4.932.38) | 7-O | QA/QC | Required: | (circle if appli | | | | /.s./ | //, | / | SOMETHICS, | AVI | JIC | | |
| Invoice Address: | | Report ug/m | ing Units r | needed: (circ | de) PPMV | | | | // | Sampling Type: Soil-Gas: □ Sub-Slab; > Sub | | www.en | vision-air c | om | |
| Desired TAT: (Please Cizele Unit 1 day 2 days 3 days Std (5 | bus. days) | Media typ | :: 1LC = 1 Liter 6LC = 6 Liter TB = Tedlar TD = Therms | Canister | e | \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | | | | Indoor-Air: □ | Canistei | www.envision-air.com Canister Pressure / Vacuum | | | |
| Air Sample ID | Media Type (see code above) | Coll. Date | Coll, Time (Grab/Comp Start) | Coll. Date (Comp. End) | Coll. Time | | | | Canister Serial # | Flow Controller Serial# | Initial Field (in. Hg) | Final Field (in. Hg) | Lab Received (in. Hg) | EnvisionAir Sample Number | |
| 6406-10710-55-1 | 1 | 9/1e | irag | 9/10 | 1112 | | × | | १३८३ । | NA | -27 | -1.5 | -1,5 | 15-1949 | |
| 6406-10710-55-2 | ILC | 9/10 | 1154 | ₹/\e | 1131 | | <u> </u> | | हप ० मप | WĄ | -28.5 | -2 | -2 | 15-1950 | |
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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Comments: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Relino | quished | by: | | | Date | Ti | me | Ja | Rec | eived by: | | Da | nte | Time 09:30 | |
| | <u> </u> | | | | 111 | J | | Ma | myce | minucu | ~ | | 1600 | | |