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PHASE I AND II ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT JACK'S SERVICE AND MINI MART PROPERTY USH 141, MARINETTE COUNTY MIDDLE INLET, WISCONSIN

WDOT PROJECT #1490-11-01

PREPARED FOR WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MADISON, WISCONSIN

> PREPARED BY RMT, INC. MADISON, WISCONSIN

> > JUNE 1991



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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

The Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WDOT) is planning to conduct highway improvements to United States Highway (USH) 141 from Crivitz to Wausaukee, beginning in 1993. As a part of this improvement project (WDOT Project # 1490-11-01), the WDOT will be conducting work along the USH 141 right-of-way, located in Middle Inlet, Wisconsin, approximately 400 feet north of the County Trunk Highway (CTH) "X" and USH 141 intersection.

The USH 141 right-of-way borders the Jack's Mini Mart property owned by Jack Kapalczynski (Middle Inlet, Wisconsin 54148). Figure 1-1 shows the approximate property location. Because the WDOT had information that indicated this property is an active gasoline station, the WDOT retained RMT, Inc. (RMT), to perform a Phase I and II Environmental Assessment of the WDOT right-of-way property adjacent to the Jack's Mini Mart property.

1.2 Purpose and Scope

The objective of this Phase I and II Environmental Assessment was to provide the WDOT with information with respect to potential environmental liabilities associated with the WDOT right-of-way adjacent to the Jack's Mini Mart property. The purpose of this report is to present the findings and conclusions of the environmental assessment.

The scope of services performed for this project included the following:

- Reviewed available site information supplied by the WDOT.
- Interviewed available persons who are knowledgeable about past and present activities at the site.
- Reviewed the WDOT site and the Jack's Mini Mart site for evidence of spills or leaks, such as discolored soils, barren ground, vegetative stress, unusual odors, disturbed soils, surface debris; and for indications of the presence of underground storage tanks (USTs). Site photographs were taken to document the condition of the property at the time the investigation was conducted.



- Reviewed contiguous land uses to visually identify possible sources of surface migration of hazardous constituents onto the WDOT property.
- Reviewed the National Priorities List (NPL) and available Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Index System (CERCLIS) listings for known or suspected contaminated sites within 1 mile of the subject property.
- Reviewed the Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations (WDILHR) UST data base, the State of Wisconsin Spills Report, and the WDNR Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) Case Tracking System listing for information on USTs on the Jack's Mini Mart property.
 - Contacted state and local agencies to obtain the following information (if available):
 - Correspondence regarding environmental issues at the Jack's Mini Mart property (enforcement actions, compliance inspections, hazardous material/waste activities, spills, etc.).
 - List of active and inactive municipal waste landfills to determine if the Jack's Mini Mart property was previously a known municipal waste disposal site.
 - Aerial photographs of the property.
- Subcontracted with Environmental and Foundation Drilling, Inc. (EFD), of Madison, Wisconsin, to drill and sample two soil borings.
- Coordinated the location and clearing of underground utilities and conduits.
- Prepared a site-specific Health and Safety plan.
- Observed and documented the drilling of two soil borings in the WDOT rightof-way adjacent to the Jack's Mini Mart property, conducted field-screening of soil samples with an Hnu photoionization detector (PID), and collected soil samples for laboratory analysis.
- Described soil samples according to the Unified Soil Classification System, and prepared soil boring log forms.
- Laboratory-analyzed soil samples that had the highest PID reading for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as gasoline and TPH as diesel.
- Laboratory-analyzed one ground water sample for BTEX compounds.
- Evaluated the field and laboratory testing results.

2. FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

- 1. The Jack's Mini Mart property is located approximately 400 feet north of the intersection of CTH "X" and USH 141 in Middle Inlet, Wisconsin, and currently consists of an approximately 100-foot by 150-foot lot which contains a building (the gasoline station and mini mart), four USTs, and a pump island.
- 2. The Jack's Mini Mart property has operated as a gasoline station since 1946. Mr. Jack Kapalczynski has owned and operated the property since 1978. Aerial RP RESIDENCE photographs of the site in 1958 and 1968 confirm the presence of the building.
- З. Contiguous property uses are as follows:
 - To the north is a private residence owned by Mr. Jack Kapalczynski.
 - To the south is a small creek.
 - To the west is a vacant lot.
 - To the east are private residences, the creek, and the Baldor Electrical Motor Service Company.
- 4. At the time of the site visit, the only visual evidence of spills or leaks on the Jack's Mini Mart property was some minor surface staining in front of the garage service door.
- 5. At the time of the site visit, four USTs were identified. These include the following: DILHR LIST DILHR LIST (3-21-91) LISTS UNDER UNDER "JACKS STANDARD"
 - One 2,000-gallon UST containing regular leaded gasoline, buried to the south of the existing building. The UST was installed in 1981.
 - One 3,000-gallon UST containing unleaded gasoline, buried to the south of the existing building. The UST was installed in 1977.
 - Two empty 550-gallon USTs manifolded together, buried to the north of the existing building. These USTs were installed in 1946, and have not been in use since Mr. Kapalczynski has operated the gasoline station (1978).
 - According to Mr. Jack Kapalczynski, the present owner, the site has been used as a gasoline station since 1946, and has had three owners since then.
 - According to the Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations (WDILHR) data base, there are no USTs registered for the Jack's Mini Mart property.
 - 8. A review of the WDNR spills data base indicated that no reported spills have occurred at the Jack's Mini Mart or adjacent WDOT properties, or in the immediate vicinity. However, Mr. Kapalczynski stated that a gasoline tanker truck had tipped over across USH 141 approximately 11 years ago. No documentation of that spill could be obtained.

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- 9. The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) Area Office in Marinette, Wisconsin, does not have a file regarding environmental problems at the Jack's Mini Mart property. Furthermore, the WDNR is not aware of any environmental problems in the vicinity of the Jack's Mini Mart property.
- 10. The property is not an NPL, CERCLIS, EERP, LUST, or abandoned landfill site.
- Based on available information, the closest known waste disposal site to the WDOT 11. property is the Town of Middle Inlet Landfill, which is approximately 1.5 miles from the Jack's Mini Mart property.
- GW 12. Two soil borings were drilled in the WDOT right-of-way. Borings were drilled to a depth of 8.5 feet, and ground water was encountered at approximately 7 feet below the ground surface.
- 13. Field-screening of soil samples during the installation of two soil borings (B-1 and B-2) in the WDOT right-of-way bordering the Jack's Mini Mart property revealed detected concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs). Results of the field-screening are as follows:
 - 0 to 60 parts per million by volume (ppmv) in boring B-1.
 - 0 to 180 ppmv in boring B-2.
- One soil sample from boring B-1 and two soil samples from boring B-2 were analyzed 14. for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as gasoline and diesel. Results of the analyses are as follows:
 - The TPH as diesel samples did not result in detected concentrations.
 - The TPH as gasoline samples from boring B-1 did not result in detected concentrations.
 - One of the two TPH as gasoline samples analyzed from boring B-2, sample B-2,1, taken from 1 to 3 feet, had detected concentrations of TPH as gasoline of 97 mg/kg.
- 15. benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes, respectively.

PIDS

- 16. Based upon field observations and field-screening results, there is evidence that limited soil contamination may exist at or near the surface in soils on the WDOT right-WOT NEAR TANKS MINOR SPILL? of-way adjacent to the Jack's Mini Mart property.
- 17. Based upon field observations and the results of laboratory analysis of a ground water sample, there is evidence of ground water contamination in the WDOT right-of-way adjacent to the Jack's Mini Mart property.

18. A Phase I and II environmental site assessment was conducted concurrently by RMT under a separate Scope of Service at the Webers Mahogany Ridge property (located approximately 400 feet south on USH 141). Although field-screening results indicated the presence of petroleum contamination, TPH as gasoline and as diesel were not detected in the soil samples analyzed. Furthermore, no detected concentrations of BTEX were identified in the ground water samples collected and analyzed from the WDOT right-of-way adjacent to the Webers Mahogany Ridge Property.

3. RECOMMENDATIONS

The results of the soil sampling and analysis indicate the presence of petroleumcontaminated soils and ground water on the WDOT right-of-way adjacent to the Jack's Mini Mart property. The WDOT has indicated that USH 141 improvement activities will not require excavation to a depth greater than 4 feet. Since evidence of contamination was observed at a depth between 1 and 3 feet, contamination could be encountered in the WDOT right-of-way during the planned construction activities, unless construction activities are changed. RMT recommends that further investigations be conducted to determine the source of contamination and to delineate the nature and extent of the contamination. The additional investigation would likely include drilling six to eight soil borings and installing approximately three ground water monitoring wells.

WHO WOULD PERFORM THIS WORK? DOT?

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4. **DISCUSSION**

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4.1 Phase | Activities

4.1.1 General Approach

In conducting the Phase I activities of the environmental assessment, RMT representatives reviewed USH 141 plan sets and other information supplied by the WDOT; visited the site; interviewed persons knowledgeable about the site; reviewed Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) files; and reviewed local, county, state, and federal information.

4.1.2 Site Visit

On March 28, 1991, RMT representatives visited the site and reviewed the property. The Jack's Mini Mart property is located on the west side of USH 141, approximately 400 feet north of the USH 141 and CTH "X" intersection in Middle Inlet, Wisconsin.

The Jack's Mini Mart property consists of approximately a 100-foot by 150-foot parcel. The property contains a building (the gasoline station and mini mart), four USTs (located in front of the building), and a pump island. Figure 4-1 contains a map of the Jack's Mini Mart site, and Appendix A contains site photographs.

Contiguous property uses are residential, commercial, and agricultural. To the north is a private residence owned by Mr. Kapalczynski. To the south and southeast is a small creek. Approximately 400 feet south is the Webers Mahogany Ridge property, a former gasoline station. To the west are vacant wooded lots. To the east are privates residences and the Baldor Electrical Motor Service Company. The land in the surrounding area is used for commercial, agricultural, and residential purposes.

Concurrent with this investigation, but under a separate Scope of Services, RMT conducted a Phase I and II environmental site assessment at the Webers Mahogany Ridge property (located approximately 400 feet south of the Jack's Mini Mart property). Petroleum



contamination was not detected in the soil or ground water samples analyzed. However, fieldscreening of soil samples revealed the presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

During the site visit, the RMT representatives viewed the subject property for indications of the presence of an UST, such as vent or fill pipes. Four USTs were identified. Two of the four USTs located on the property are currently in use. All four USTs are located on the east side of the building; two are north of the building, and two are south of the building. They are approximately 60 to 65 feet from the centerline of USH 141, and are approximately within 5 feet from the WDOT right-of-way. The pump island is located east of the building, approximately 10 feet from the WDOT right-of-way.

The property was also viewed for evidence of spills or leaks. At the time of the site visit, minor surface staining in front of the garage service door was the only evidence of spills on the Jack's Mini Mart property or on the WDOT right-of-way.

4.1.3 Site History

In an effort to investigate previous land uses of the Jack's Mini Mart property, aerial photographs were reviewed by RMT from the years 1958 and 1968. A review of these photographs indicated that the site has not changed significantly in appearance since 1958.

During an interview, Mr. Jack Kapalczynski, the current property owner, stated that he purchased the property and business in 1978. The property has been operated as a gasoline station since 1946. The original owner was a Mr. Louis Policello. Mr. Policello built the gasoline station in 1946. The two USTs manifolded together located on the northeast side of the property are the original USTs installed by Mr. Policello. Mr. Policello sold the property to a Mr. Ralph Lapetina in 1978. Mr. Lapetina installed the 3,000-gallon unleaded UST in 1978. According to Mr. Kapalczynski, he purchased the property after Mr. Lapetina's death in 1978. Mr. Kapalczynski installed the 2,000-gallon regular UST in 1981. The 2,000-gallon and 3,000-

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gallon USTs are the only USTs currently in use on the property. Mr. Kapalczynski stated that they are empty, and that he planned on removing the two original USTs in the near future.

4.1.4 Regulatory Review

On March 27, 1991, RMT representatives visited the WDNR Marinette Area Office in Marinette, Wisconsin, to review files for the Middle Inlet area. While at the Marinette office, RMT representatives spoke with Mr. Matt Hostak regarding known environmental problems in the subject area. At that time, Mr. Hostak indicated that he was unaware of any environmental problems at the Jack's Mini Mart property.

A review of the Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations (WDILHR) data base indicated that there are no USTs registered with the WDILHR for the Jack's Mini Mart property.

A review of available information indicated that neither the WDOT right-of-way property nor the Jack's Mini Mart property is an NPL, CERCLIS, EERP, LUST, or abandoned landfill site.

A review of the WDNR spills data base indicated that no reported spills have occurred at the Jack's Mini Mart or adjacent WDOT right-of-way properties, or in the immediate vicinity.

Based on a review of available information, the closest waste disposal site to the WDOT property is the Middle Inlet Landfill located in Middle Inlet, Wisconsin, which is located approximately 1.5 miles from the Jack's Mini Mart property.

4.2 Phase II Activities

4.2.1 Boring and Sampling Program

To investigate if there was evidence of petroleum contamination associated with the former gasoline station on the Jack's Mini Mart property which could potentially be impacting the WDOT right-of-way, two soil borings (B-1 and B-2) were drilled in the WDOT right-of-way bordering the Jack's Mini Mart property. Figure 4-1 and photographs provided in Appendix A show the approximate locations of the soil borings. During the drilling of these borings, soil samples were collected at 2.5-foot intervals and field-screened with an Hnu photoionization detector for the presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

A description of the soil sampling procedure is contained in Appendix B. Appendix C contains the boring logs for borings B-1 and B-2, Appendix D contains boring abandonment forms, and Appendix E contains the soil sample chain-of-custody forms.

4.2.2 Geology

The soils underlying the Jack's Mini Mart property from a depth of 0 to 8 feet generally consist of a brown fine silty sand with trace amounts of fine gravel. The soil was visually classified as fill from a depth of 0 to approximately 3.5 feet. Below a depth of 3.5 feet, the soil is poorly graded sand (SP). Surface material from a depth of 0 to 0.8 feet at borings B-1 and B-2 is fill material consisting of fine to medium gravel used to construct the shoulder of the highway. A slight fuel-like odor was detected in the soil sample collected from a depth of 6 to 8 feet at boring B-2.

Ground water was encountered in both borings at a depth of approximately 7 feet. Soil boring logs are included in Appendix C.

4.2.3 Sampling and Analysis Program

Soil and ground water samples were selected for laboratory analysis based upon fieldscreening results and visual observation. The soil sample from each boring which had the highest field-screening result was laboratory-analyzed for TPH using USEPA Method 8015 (modified), and for TPH as diesel using USEPA Method 8100 (modified) according to the California Method. If no VOCs were detected during field-screening, the soil sample collected at the ground water interface was selected for analysis.

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One ground water sample, collected from the boring which had the highest soil sample field-screening results, was laboratory-analyzed for BTEX according to USEPA Method 602/8020. Ground water samples were collected from within the hollow-stemmed augers using a clean bailer.

4.2.4 Sampling and Analysis Results

The results of the laboratory analyses and field-screening are summarized in Table 4-1. The laboratory data sheets are contained in Appendix F.

The results of the field-screening reveal detected concentrations of VOCs. Samples collected from boring B-1 had readings below background concentrations with the exception of sample 3, from 6 to 8 feet, which had a detected concentration of 60 ppmv. Samples collected from boring B-2 had detected concentrations in sample 1, from 1 to 3 feet, at 7.4 ppmv; less than detect in sample 2, from 3.5 to 5.5 feet, and in sample 3, from 6 to 8 feet, at 200 ppmv. A slight fuel-like odor was detected in the soil sample collected from boring B-2 at a depth of 6 to 8 feet. It should be noted that field-screening provides a qualitative evaluation of samples to be selected for laboratory analysis, and is not intended to provide a quantitative measure of the level of contamination.

The results of the laboratory analyses conducted on soil samples revealed detected concentrations of TPH as gasoline of 97 mg/kg from boring B-2 at a depth of 1 to 3 feet.

The ground water sample collected and analyzed revealed detected concentrations of 5,600 μ g/L (ppb), 13,000 μ g/L, <500 μ g/L, and 6,600 μ g/L for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes, respectively. It should be noted that, because the ground water sample was obtained from inside the auger after drilling, the sample may not be representative of ground water at the site. The results of the analyses provide a qualitative indication of the presence of potential contamination, and are not intended to provide a quantitative measure of the level of contamination.

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			TAE	BLE 4-1						
	SUMMARY OF FIELD-SCREENING AND LABORATORY ANALYSES RESULTS									
				Soils	·					
	Samı (Boring #,	ple ID Sample #)	Sample Depth (ft)	Hnu Reading (ppmv) ¹	TPH as Gasoline (mg/kg)	TPH as Diesel (mg/kg)				
	B-1,	S-1	1-3	ND						
	B-1,	S-2	3.5-5.5	ND						
B-1, S-3			6-8	60	< 6.0	< 10.0				
B-2, S-1			1-3	7.4	97	< 10.0				
	B-2,	S-2	3.5-5.5	1.6						
	B-2,	S-3	6-8	200	< 6.0	< 10.0				
Ground Water										
		Comple		ŀ	ıg/L					
	Sample I.D.	Depth (ft)	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes				
	B-2	7.0	5,600	13,000	< 500	6,600				
	 ND = not detected. ¹ Results of the headspace analysis conducted during field-screening. Units are parts per million by volume, based on isobutylene calibration. 									

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Based upon the results of the field-screening and the laboratory analyses, there is evidence that soils and ground water which were sampled from the WDOT right-of-way adjacent to the Jack's Mini Mart property are contaminated with the petroleum compounds analyzed. RMT recommends that further investigation be conducted to determine the source and extent of the contamination.

5. DISCUSSION OF POTENTIAL FUTURE INVESTIGATION

The results of the Phase I and Phase II Environmental Assessment indicate that petroleum contamination is present in the soil and ground water on the WDOT right-of-way. Recommended follow-up investigative work is described below.

Phase III Investigation

The vertical and areal extent of soil and ground water contamination within the WDOT right-of-way is not known. The contamination is suspected to have resulted from spills and/or releases associated with USTs present at the Jack's Mini Mart property. If additional characterization is undertaken, either by the WDOT or by other parties, the following program is recommended:

- 1. Installation of 6 to 10 soil borings in the area of contamination, and analysis of one soil sample from each boring for gasoline range organics, diesel range organics, petroleum VOCs (EPA Method 8020), and compositional concentrations of lead. The purpose of these borings would be to characterize the areal extent of contamination.
- 2. Installation of approximately four ground water monitoring wells to establish local ground water flow conditions and help determine the extent of impacts to ground water. One round of ground water samples would be analyzed for gasoline range organics, diesel range organics, petroleum VOCs (EPA Method 8020 and 8021), and compositional concentrations of lead.
- 3. It is recommended that private water supply wells located in areas of potential ground water contamination be identified, sampled, and analyzed for VOCs concurrent with the recommended investigation above. In light of potential access restrictions for private entities, and uncertainties regarding the location of the source of the contamination, the WDNR should consider conducting the recommended private well identification, sampling, and analysis.

Costs for the field, subcontract, analytical data evaluation, and report writing work

associated with this Phase III program (excluding the recommended private well survey) would

range from \$24,000 to \$29,000 (costs may be higher if bedrock drilling is necessary).

A Phase III investigation conducted solely in the WDOT right-of-way would likely limit

the adequacy of information necessary to determine local ground water flow direction and the

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extent of soil contamination. Therefore, should the WDOT choose to undertake the additional investigation, it may wish to consider obtaining the consent of area property owners for the installation of monitoring wells and soil borings on their property.

Owners and operators of underground petroleum products storage systems may be eligible for coverage under the Wisconsin Department of Industry, Labor and Human Relations (WDILHR) Petroleum Environmental Cleanup Fund Act (PECFA) for reimbursement of costs incurred in investigating, assessing, remediating, removing, and/or monitoring contamination caused by the discharge of a petroleum product. Owners of eligible leaking underground storage tanks may be provided coverage up to \$1,000,000, with a \$5,000 deductible. Information regarding PECFA eligibility and funding can be obtained from the WDILHR by calling (608) 267-4545 or (608) 267-7538.

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6. **REFERENCES**

- USEPA. 1989. Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Index System (CERCLIS). November 14, 1989.
- USEPA. 1990. National Priorities List. <u>Federal Register</u>. Volume 55, No. 169. August 30, 1990.
- WDILHR. 1990. Underground Storage Tank (UST) Data Base. May 1990.
- WDNR. 1990. Registry of Waste Disposal Sites. February 1990.
- WDNR. 1990. Spills Data Base. March 6, 1990.
- WDNR. 1991. Emergency Environmental Response Project List (EERP). June 1991.
- WDNR. 1991. Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) List. January 3, 1991.

APPENDIX A

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



PHOTO 1 - VIEW OF GAS STATION LOOKING NORTHWEST FROM USH 141



PHOTO 2 - LOCATION OF BORING B-1

APPENDIX B

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SOIL SAMPLING AND FIELD-SCREENING PROCEDURES

APPENDIX B

SOIL SAMPLING AND FIELD-SCREENING PROCEDURES

The soil borings were drilled and sampled by Environmental and Foundation Drilling, Inc. (EFD), of Madison, Wisconsin. Soil borings were advanced using 4 1/4-inch inside diameter (I.D.) hollow-stemmed augers. Soil was sampled at 2.5-foot intervals using ASTM Method 1584-84 for the split-barrel (2-inch I.D. split-spoons) sampling of soils. Split-spoons were washed with a phosphate-free soap and tap water solution, and subsequently rinsed with tap water prior to sampling. Augers were cleaned between boring locations using a pressurized spray of hot water. All soil borings were abandoned by backfilling with coarse granular bentonite.

All soil samples were removed from the split-spoon by the RMT field representative and immediately placed into appropriate containers for field-screening and laboratory analysis. Soil to be analyzed for TPH as gasoline was placed into two 60-mL glass jars. Soil to be analyzed for TPH as diesel was placed into a 500-mL amber glass jar.

Each soil sample collected was classified according to the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS), and sample descriptions were recorded on boring logs.

A soil sample from each split-spoon was screened for volatile organic compounds using an Hnu photoionization detector, with a 10.2 eV probe. The soil sample to be screened was transferred immediately from the split-spoon to a glass jar, to prevent the volatilization of organics. A piece of aluminum foil was quickly placed over the jar opening, and the lid was screwed onto the jar. The sample jar was thoroughly shaken; and, approximately 15 minutes after the sample was collected, the cap of the jar was removed and the probe of the Hnu was inserted through the foil and into the jar. The Hnu probe was inserted into the container for a minimum of 15 seconds, to allow for gas in the jar to enter the Hnu probe. The maximum reading from the analog meter was recorded.

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Sample containers for laboratory analysis were labeled with the boring and sample number, the date, the RMT project number, and the sample collector's name. All samples were placed on ice in a cooler. Chain-of-custody forms were completed and transported with the samples to RMT Laboratories in Madison, Wisconsin.

APPENDIX C

BORING LOGS

		T	LO	G OF	TES	Г BORING	BORING NO. B-1
IV				F	-203 (R 0	1-87)	SHEET NO. 1 OF 1
		PROJEC	CT N.	AME_		WDOT Jack's	PROJECT NO. 10104.01
LOCATION Middle In						le Inlet, WI	INSTALLATION 04/25/91
		CONTR	ACT	OR	E	& F Drilling	_ SURFACE ELEV
		DRILLI	ING N	ИЕТНО	DD	HSA 2 1/4"	BOREHOLE DIA. <u>6 1/4 IN.</u>
	SA	MPLINC	g no	TES		VI	SUAL CLASSIFICATION
INTE	RVAL	RECOV	VERY	MOIS	TURE	AND	GENERAL OBSERVATIONS
NO.	TYPE	N	IN		DEPTH	Hina to modium	CRAVEL (EUL)
						Fine to medium	GRAVEL, (FILL).
1	SS	4	20		-	Fine SAND, son	he silt, trace line gravel, dark brown hy graded loose moist (SM) (FILL)
	1 million			×	_		ly graded, loose, moist, (SWI) (TIEE).
	line Illi						
					-		
2	SS	6	22				
	IIIII				_	Medium SAND,	trace silt, dark yellowish brown 10YR
	line.				5	4/4, poorry grad	lea, moist, (Sr).
					-		
3	SS	4	24		_	Wet below 7.1 f	t.
	I				∇		4
	The second se				₹ -		
						End of Boring a	t 8 Ft.
	H				_		
					10		
					10		
					_		
					_		
					-		
		ester filter			15-		
					_		
					-		
		GENER	AL N	OTES			WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS
DAT	F STAL	TED	1	5 ADD	01	WHILE DRILL	$\nabla \nabla = 71 \text{Ft}$
DAT	E STAP	PI FTFD	4	25 AT	PR 01	AT COMPLETI	ON ¥
RIG	E COM	rtered C	MF-	25 AI	K 71	AFTER DRILL	
CRF	W CHIE	EF	R	Power	'S	CAVE-IN: DATE/TIME	DEPTH
LOG	GED R.	Vaughn	CHE	CKED	D. Graff	WATER: DATE/TIME	DEPTH

		7	LC	G OF	TES	TB	ORING	BORING NO	B-2
F-203 (R 01-87)								SHEET NO. 1	OF 1
PROJECT NAME WDO							T Jack's	PROJECT NO.	10104.01
LOCATION Middle Im							let, WI	INSTALLATION	04/25/91
		CONTE	RACT	OR	E	& F	Drilling	SURFACE ELEV.	·
		DRILL	ING N	METHO	DD	Н	sa 2 1/4"	BOREHOLE DIA.	6 1/4 IN.
	SA	MPLING	G NO	TES			VIC		ION
INTE	ERVAL	RECO	VERY	MOIST	TURE]	VIS	CAL CLASSIFICAT	IUN
NO.	TYPE	N	IN		DEPTH	100	AND G	JENERAL OBSERVA	ATIONS
							Fine to medium (GRAVEL, (FILL).	
1	22	0	20		-		Fine SAND, some	e silt, trace clay, trac	e fine gravel,
1		9	20				brown 10YR 5/3,	, poorly graded, loose	e, moist, (SP-SM)
					-		(FILL).		
	Internet				_		Fine SAND trace	silt trace fine grav	el dark vellowish
	CC I	6	24				brown 10YR 4/4,	poorly graded, loose	e, moist, (SP).
2		0	24		-				
	. Illine				~				
	literation and a second se				5-				
							Wat slight solven	at odor at 6 to 8 ft	
3	SS	3	24				wet, slight solven		
	and the second se				¥ -				
	. Hiter								
					_				
	I H				_		End of Boring at	8.5 Ft.	
	I H				10	1			
					_				
					-	$\left\{ \right\}$			
	H					1			
	I H				15-	+			
	I H				-	1			
					_				
	I H				-	+			
	I H				-				
		GENER	AL N	OTES			И	VATER LEVEL OBS	ERVATIONS
DAT	TE STAF	RTED	2	5 APR	91		WHILE DRILLIN	NG ¥7.) Ft.
DAT	TE COM	PLETED)	25 AP	R 91		AT COMPLETIC	DN ¥	
RIG		(CME-	75			AFTER DRILLI	NG	
CRE	W CHIE	EF	B.	Power	S		CAVE-IN: DATE/TIME	DEPTH	
LOC	LOGGED R. Vaughn CHECKED D. Graff						WATER: DATE/TIME	DEPTH	

APPENDIX D

BORING ABANDONMENT FORMS

All abandonment work shall be performed in accordance with the provisions of Chapters NR 111, NR 112 or NR 141, Wis. - Admin. Code, whichever is applicable. Also, see instructions on back.

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION	(2) FACILITY NAME					
Weil/Drillhole/Borehole County	Original Well Owner (If Known)					
Location B-1 Marinette						
= =	Present Well Owner					
$1/4 \text{ of } 1/4 \text{ of Sec.}$; T. N; R. \square W	Jack's Service					
(If applicable)	Street or Route					
Gov't Lot Grid Number	400 Ft. N of CTH "X" & USH 1/1					
Grid Location	City, State, Zip Code					
ft. \Box N. \Box S., ft. \Box E. \Box W.	Crivitz, WI 54114					
Civil Town Name	Facility Well No. and/or Name (If Applicable) WI Unique Well No.					
Crivitz						
Street Address of Well	Reason For Abandonment					
400 Fr. N of CTH "X" & USH 141	Stop potential ground water contamination					
City, Village	Date of Abandonment					
Crivitz	04-25-91					
WELL/DRILLHOLE/BOREHOLE INFORMATION						
(3) Original Well/Drillhole/Berenole Construction Completed On	(4) Depth to Water (Feet) 7, 1					
(D_{2}) (1)	Pump & Pining Removed? Yes INo & Not Applicable					
(Date) 04-23-91	Liner(s) Removed?					
Construction Report Available?	Screen Removed?					
	Casing Left in Place?					
	Into, Explain Inis is a soil boring.					
Borehole						
	Was Casing Cut Off Below Surface?					
Construction Type:	Did Sealing Material Rise to Surface? K Yes No					
Drilled Driven (Sandpoint) Dug	Did Material Settle After 24 Hours? Yes X No					
Other (Specify)	If Yes, Was Hole Recopped? Yes 🔀 No					
	(5) Required Method of Placing Sealing Material					
Formation Type:	Ly Conductor Pipe Gravity					
🖾 Unconsolidated Formation 📃 Bedrock	Image: Conductor Type-Oranty Image: Conductor Type-Oranty Image: Dump Bailer Image: Other (Explain) (6) Sealing Materials For monitoring wells and Image: Dump Bailer Image: Other (Explain) (6) Sealing Materials For monitoring wells and Image: Dump Bailer Image: Other (Explain)					
The ANY IN Devision Casing Dismotor (ing.)						
Total Well Depth (ft.) Casing Diameter (ins.)						
(From groundsurface)						
	Sand-Cement (Concrete) Grout					
Casing Depth (ft.) N/A						
	Clay-Sand Slurry					
Was Well Annular Space Grouted? 🔲 Yes 🛄 No 🛄 Unknown	Bentoniue-Sand Slurry Bentonite - Cement Grout					
If Yes, To What Depth? N/A Feet	Chipped Bentonite					
\mathcal{O}	No. Yards,					
Sealing Material Used	From (FL) To (FL) Sacks Sealant Mix Ratio or Mud Weight					
Granular Bentonite	Surface 8.0 2-50# hada Dress					
	0002-20#_bass_nry					
(X) Commente:						
to comments. <u>This is a soil boring, not a well.</u>						
	(10) EAD DUD AD CAUNTY HEE AND					
(7) Ivanie of Person of Pum Long Sealing work						
Environmental & Foundation Drilling, Inc.	Date Received/inspected District/County					
Signature of Person Doirig Work Date Signed						
17rx 1/ 1/ e1 04-29-91	Keviewer/inspector					
Street of Route Telephone Number						
2 <u>17 Raemisch Road (608) 349-9896</u>	Follow-up Necessary					
City, State, Zip Code						
Waunakee, WI 53597						

State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources

All abandonment work shall be performed in accordance with the provisions of Chapters NR 111, NR 112 or NR 141, Wis. Admin. Code, whichever is applicable. Also, see instructions on back.

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION		(2) FACI	ITY NAME					
Well/Drillhole/Borehole	County	Origin	al Well Owne	r (lf Known)				
Location B-2	Marinette							
		Presen	t Well Owner	,	<u> </u>			
- 1/4 of - 1/4 of Sec.	; <u>TN; R.</u> W	Jack'	<u>s Servi</u>	e				
(If applicable)	C-'4Nt	Street	or Route					
Grid Location	Grid Number	<u>400 F</u>	t. N of	CTH "X" &	<u>USH 141</u>			
ft. \Box N \Box S.	ft. TE. TW.	Crivi	ta UT	5/11/				
Civil Town Name		Facility	Well No. and	d/or Name (If Ap	plicable) WI Unique Well No.			
Crivitz								
Street Address of Well	· ·	Reason	For Abandor	ment				
400 Ft. N of CTH "X"	<u>USH 141</u>	Stop	potentia	1 ground w	ater contamination			
City, Village			Abandonmer	11				
WELL/DRILLHOLF/BORFHOLF	INFORMATION	04-25	-91					
(3) Original Well/Drillhole/Borehole C	Instruction Completed On	(4) Depth t	o Water (Fee	t) 7.0				
(D_{ate}) $0/-25-01$		Pump	2 Piping Ren	noved?	(es 🔲 No 🕅 Not Applicable			
(200)04-25-55		Liner(s)	Removed?		Yes No L Not Applicable			
Monitoring Well	Construction Report Available?	Screen I	Removed?	ים ים	(es No Not Applicable			
Water Well	🛛 Yes 🗖 No	Casing	Left in Place	, <u> </u>	(es 🔄 No			
Drillhole		If No, E	xplain <u>Th</u> :	<u>is is a soi</u>	<u>l_boring.</u>			
X Borehole		Was Ca						
Construction Type:		Did Sea	ling Material	Rise to Surface?				
Drilled Driven (Sandmoint) Dug	Did Ma	terial Settle A	fter 24 Hours?				
Other (Specify)		If Yes, Was Hole Retopped? Yes X No						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Formation Type:	_	Tr Cone	luctor Pipe-G		onductor Pipe-Pumped			
K Unconsolidated Formation	Bedrock	Dum	Dump Bailer Other (Explain)					
Total Well Depth (ft.) C	asing Diameter (ins.)	(6) Sealing Materials For monitoring wells and						
(From groundsurface)		Neat	Neat Cement Grout monitoring well boreholes only					
			l-Cement (Co	ncrete) Grout				
Casing Depth (ft.) N/A					Bentonite Pellets			
Was Wall Appular Space Courter?	Ver No Unknown		-Sand Slury	1	Bentonite - Cement Grout			
If Yes. To What Depth?	N/A Feet							
				No. Yards.	الا 			
(7) Sealing Materi	il Used	From (Ft.)	To (Ft.)	Sacks Sealant	Mix Ratio or Mud Weight			
		· C		01 Volume				
Granular Bentonite		Surface	8.5	2-50# bas	s Dry			
					2			
<u></u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ļ						
		ļ						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
(8) Comments: This is a su	oil boring, not a well.							
(9) Name of Person or Firm Doing Seali	ng Work	(10)	FOR	DNR OR CO	JUNTY USE ONLY			
Envinonmental & Foundat:	ion Drilling, Inc.	Date	Received/Inst	pected.	Distilet/County			
Signature of Person Doing Work	04-29-91	Revie	wer/Inspecto	r	<u> </u>			
Street of Rdute	Telephone Number		5		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
217 Raemisch Road	(608) 849-9896	Follo	w-up Necess	ary				
City, State, Zip Code								
Waunakee, WI 53597								
	DNR/CO	DUNTY						

APPENDIX E

.

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY FORMS

RM			Madise 744 H Phone	on, WI 53717 eartland Trai e (608) 831-4	7 444	Washington, D.C.	A	Santa M	lonica	, CA			Grand Ledg Nashville, 7	je, Ml N	Greenville, SC Schaumburg, IL	
LABORATO			FAX (508) 831-753	30					Sampl	e Typ	ar IGW) ww. sw	Soil, Other)	Nº C)21234 ·
Use Black In	k Only)	Cl	HAIN	OF CU	STOD	Y RECORD	,			····		$\overline{}$	N/N/	NTT	Filtere	d (Yes/No)
Bottles Prep	ared by:	N	Dat 4	e/Time 1-19-91		Office Code: (State)					ort	Ŧ	ŢĂŢ.	\square	Preserved Refrigerated	d (Code) (Yes/No)
Project No. 10/03.01 10/04.01 10056.01	Client: WOOT CRIVITZ							ma	net Inver	A ANY	A V V			Code	9: A - None B - HNO3 C - HoSO4	
RMT Lab NO.	Yr. <u>91</u> Date	Time		Sample	Station IC	D	Total Of Co		NO'		Ż				Comments:	D - NaOH E - <u>AC/</u>
	4-25		B-2	#Z			3	-		2				nu: 340	(10103,01)	SOK
	4-25	-	B-2	#3			3			2			1	114=480	(10103.01)) soic
	425	-	B-2	<u>*4</u>			3		1	2			7	Inu= 500	(10103.01)	SOIL
	4-25	-	B-2	*5			3	-	i	Z				44=480	(10103.01) 5016
	4.25	9:45A	B-2			•	3	3	-	-				~~~~	(10103.01)	WATER
	415	-	B-1	2			3		1	Z				Hru= ND	(10104.01)	SOIL
	4-25	-	B-1	۳Z			3	-	1	2				hu: ND	(10109.01)	Soil
-	9-25	-	B-	23			3	-	1	Z				Haut 60	(10109.01)	SOIL
	4-25	-	B-2.	*			3		1	2			1	44= 7.4	(10109.01)	SAL
	4-25	-	82	* 2		<u> </u>	3	-	1	2				nu= 1,6	(10104.01)	3016
	4-25	-	B-2	43		- <u></u>	3	-	1	2			<u> </u>	14: 200	(10104.01)	Soic
	425	11:204	B-Z				3	3	-					·	(10109,01) WATER
65861	425		T. 8	ANK			3	3	-						(10036-Q1)	LA TER
SAMPLER Relinquished by (Sig. 1		Date/Time 4-25-9/ 7.95-P Shipper Name & #				,) F			Dat	e/Tim	•			SOCIATED WITH S	AMPLES	
Relinquish	od by (Si	g.)		Date/1	ïme	Received by (Sig.	,)			Dat	•/Tim)	1 1	D. MA		
3				1							1			By (F	or Lab Use Only)	
					P1	Shipper Name a	.						. Rec	elpt Temp	Receipt 1	рН
S	ed by (S			Date/	, 1 (T F#	6 Mar Shipper Name &	+ 4	Chr	, I ,	1/25/29	7:0	• ~	Cli	ont P.O. Numbe Disequent Analy	sis:	(Check)
Seal #		at'chd i	ρλ Ο Ι	Recvd, inta	ct by C) Seal #	I	at'chd b	۲C) Re	cvd. li	ntact t		ate Resubmitted	1	

APPENDIX F

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LABORATORY DATA SHEETS



page: 1 of 1

CLIENT: WDOT - CRIVITZ (JACK'S)PROJECT #: 10104.01REPORT DATE: 05/09/91WORK ORDER #: 910429-1010401SAMPLE COLLECTOR: RHV

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

SAMPLE	DATE	STATION ID	GASOLINE	UNITS
======		=======		
65698	04/25/91	B-1 #3	<6.0	mg/kg dry wt.
65699	04/25/91	B-2 #1	97	mg/kg dry wt.
65701	04/25/91	B-2 #3	<6.0	mg/kg dry wt.

March Mark Mieritz, Organic Supervisor

744 Heartland Trail, P.O. Box 8923, Madison, WI 53708-8923, Ph:(608)831-4444



page: 1 of 1

CLIENT: WDOT - CRIVITZ (JACK'S) PROJECT #: 10104.01 REPORT DATE: 05/14/91 WORK ORDER #: 910429-1010401 SAMPLE COLLECTOR: RHV

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS

SAMPLE	DATE	STATION ID	DIESEL	UNITS
======	====	=======		=====
65698 65699 65701	04/25/91 04/25/91 04/25/91	B-1 #3 B-2 #1 B-2 #3	<10.0 <10.0 <10.0	mg/kg dry wt. mg/kg dry wt. mg/kg dry wt.

Mark Mieritz, Organic Supervisor

744 Heartland Trail, P.O. Box 8923, Madison, WI 53708-8923, Ph:(608)831-4444



CLIENT: WDOT - CRIVITZ (JACK'S) SAMPLE #: 65702 REPORT DATE: 05/17/91 PROJECT #: 10104.01 COLLECTION DATE: 04/25/91 WORK ORDER #: 910429-1010401 STATION ID: B-2 SAMPLE COLLECTOR: RHV

VOLATILE ORGANIC ANALYSIS REPORT

RESULT	UNITS
======	
5600 13000 <500	ug/1 ug/1 ug/1
	RESULT ===== 5600 13000 <500 6600

Mark Mieritz, Organic Supervisor

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