RESULTS OF SOIL VAPOR EXTRACTION **PILOT-SCALE TEST**

PREPARED FOR **COOK COMPOSITES AND POLYMERS** SAUKVILLE, WISCONSIN

> **PREPARED BY** RMT, INC. MADISON, WISCONSIN

> > **SEPTEMBER 1993**



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In pursuing final closure of a former hazardous waste incinerator at its Saukville, Wisconsin, facility, Cook Composites and Polymers (CCP) retained RMT, Inc. (RMT), to conduct two soil vapor extraction (SVE) tests on June 15, 1993. The results of the tests indicate that SVE is an effective technique for removing volatile organic contaminants from unsaturated soil at the former hazardous waste incinerator area.

Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) were removed from the soils of the former hazardous waste incinerator area, in the 10⁻⁴ to 10⁻⁵ lb/ft³ range, which is moderately high compared to other sites.

The water table was encountered 5 to 6 feet below grade, which is 2 to 5 feet higher than normal. The unusually high water table limited the rate of airflow through the soil, and a radius of influence could not be determined for design of the well spacing. The low air flow rate achieved with the high water table would limit the total mass removed over time.

RMT recommends monitoring the groundwater levels on a monthly basis until the levels decrease to previous levels. The radius of influence could then increase levels of vacuum, which would form the basis for the final design.

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Section 1

1.1 Background

CCP is pursuing final closure of a former hazardous waste incinerator at the Saukville, Wisconsin, facility (Figure 1). RMT was retained by CCP to conduct pilot-scale tests to determine the efficiency of SVE to address residual soil contamination at the site.

This report was prepared to satisfy Condition #4 of the September 14, 1992, closure plan modification conditional approval issued by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR).

1.2 Purpose and Scope

The purposes of this work were to complete pilot-scale tests on two new soil vapor extraction (SVE) wells, to monitor influence with two new soil vapor monitoring wells, and to procure information on the effectiveness of treating the impacted soils in the incinerator area with SVE. This information would be used for designing a full-scale SVE system in the former hazardous waste incineration area if the technology was shown to be effective.

The scope of the work included the following activities:

- Installed four SVE/vacuum monitoring (VM) wells within the affected area, to a depth of 10 feet
- Collected and laboratory-analyzed seven soil samples from the SVE borings
- Collected and performed moisture content, Atterberg limit, and grain-size distribution on seven soil samples from the SVE borings
- Using a vacuum blower, induced a vacuum on the SVE wells and measured the subsequent flow rate and the induced vacuum on the VM wells, which are screened above the water table
- Extracted subsurface air samples for on-site analysis by a Photovac 10S50 portable gas chromatograph (GC)
- Recorded wellhead vacuum and flow rates throughout the test
- Examined the effectiveness of SVE technology to remove residual volatile organic compounds (VOCs) from the soil

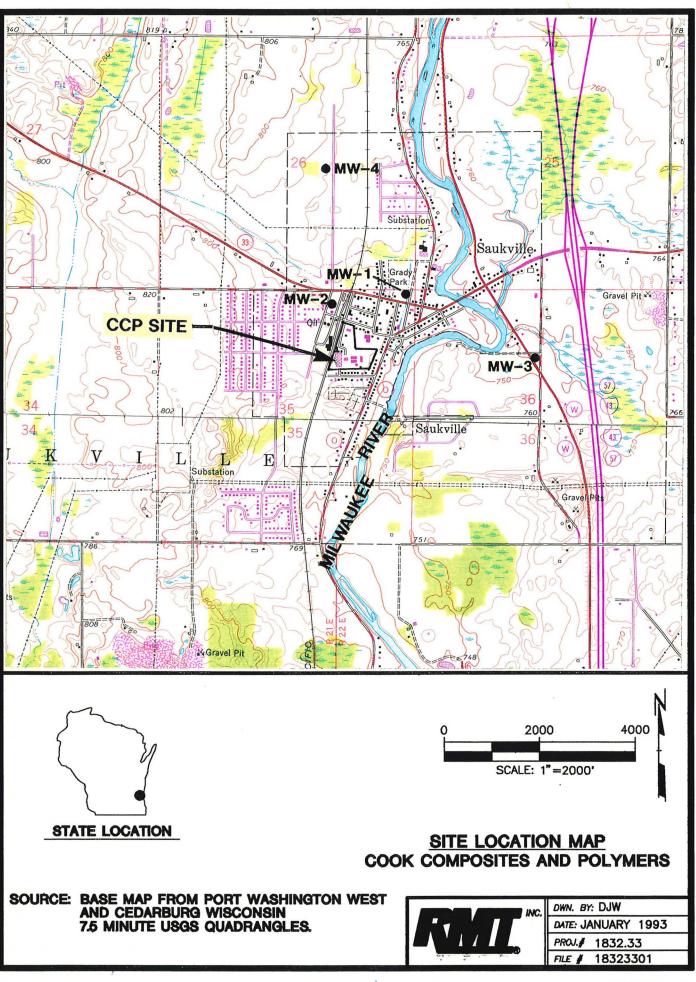


FIGURE 1

Section 2 RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the limited results gained from the SVE pilot tests, it appears that VOCs can be extracted at comparatively high concentrations under reasonable source vacuum conditions. RMT recommends that CCP monitor groundwater elevations for the next 6 months on a weekly basis to determine when the high groundwater levels recede to historical levels. RMT recommends performing an additional pilot test at that time to substantiate data for a final remedial design.

If the groundwater does not recede to historical levels after 6 months, CCP will contact the WDNR to discuss the next course of action.

Section 3 DISCUSSION

3.1 Well Installation

Two SVE wells and two VM wells were installed June 14, 1993, by Environmental & Foundation Drilling, Inc. (EF&D). The two SVE wells were installed in the former hazardous waste incinerator area, and the two VM wells were located strategically for monitoring vacuum level from both SVE wells. Figure 2 contains well locations, and Appendix A contains well construction logs and soil boring logs.

RMT had planned to install the two SVE wells in the unsaturated zone of the soils, where historical groundwater levels were 8 to 10 feet below grade (RMT, 1993). During drilling of the SVE and VM wells, the groundwater was encountered between 5 and 6 feet below grade. With the above-normal rainfall this year, the water table appears to have risen 2 to 5 feet. During installation of the two SVE wells, RMT collected seven soil samples for laboratory analysis of VOCs 8020, moisture content, Atterberg limit, and grain-size distribution. See Appendix B for laboratory results and Appendix C for soil characteristics.

3.2 Field Procedures

Two SVE pilot tests were conducted on June 15, 1993. Each wellhead (VE-1 and VE-2) was equipped with instrumentation to monitor airflow rate, vacuum, and temperature during testing. Each well was also equipped with a sample port for collection of air samples during the test. A small explosion-proof regenerative blower was connected to each well and was used to extract air from the subsurface of the incinerator area.

One measure of the performance of the SVE system is to measure vacuum in the soils at a distance from the vapor extraction wells. It is possible to measure vacuum in soils at a distance from the air extraction well by taking vacuum readings in surrounding wells. The measured vacuums at a distance can be used to determine whether soil vapor is being induced to flow toward the vapor extraction well. The maximum distance (from the vapor extraction well) from which soil vapor is induced toward the well is called the "radius of influence." The radius of influence is dependent on the vacuum developed in the vapor extraction well so that, typically, the higher the vacuum, the greater the radius of influence.

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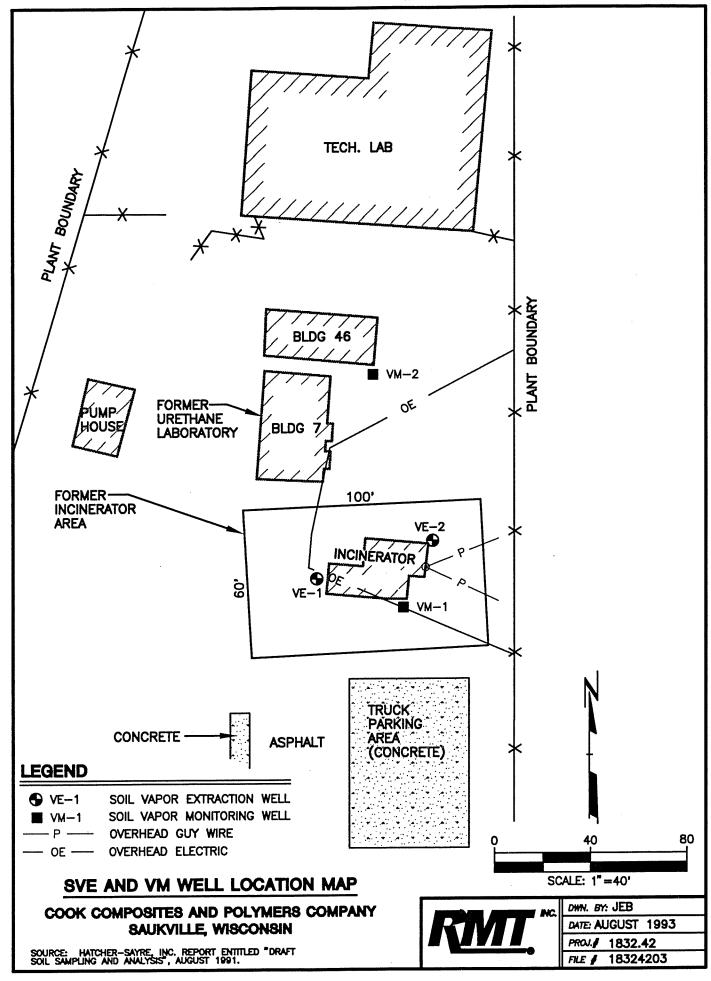


FIGURE 2

Soil off-gas samples were collected from each vapor extraction well during each pilot test. Gas was collected in a 200-mL glass sampling bottle using a vacuum hand pump. The bottle was then sampled using a gas-tight syringe, which was injected into a portable GC for analysis. The GC was calibrated for the compounds of interest (BTEX).

The GC was operated following procedures set forth in the Photovac, Inc., instruction manual. Gas standards were prepared by appropriately diluting the headspace over the pure solvent. Quality assurance and control measures for gas analysis are included in Appendix D.

3.3 Results

Two separate pilot tests were conducted over a 3-hour period, each producing similar results. The first pilot test (VE-1) was located at the west end of the incinerator area and was started at 9:30 a.m. For this test, a higher vacuum (approximately 40 inches water column) was applied and it induced a flow rate of approximately 45 scfm. After 2 hours, the vacuum level had to be reduced due to the increase in water level in the well, which caused water to be drawn through the vacuum blower. A reduction to 21 inches of water column reduced the flow rate to approximately 40 scfm, but did not reduce the water level in the well. A limited vacuum was observed at VM-1 during this test, approximately 25 feet away. Six off-gas samples, which were collected routinely throughout the test, contained measurable concentrations of BTEX.

The second pilot test (VE-2), located at the east end of the incinerator area, was started at 1 p.m. For this test, a lower vacuum (approximately 22 inches water column) was applied, which induced a flow rate of approximately 33 scfm, to try to reduce the effect on the water table level. However, even at the low vacuum rate, the water level in the vapor extraction well increased. After 1.5 hours of operation and with groundwater levels already increasing, the vacuum was increased to 35 inches of water column at an approximate flow rate of 44 scfm so that the effect of increased vacuum levels on off-gas concentrations could be observed. During the test, no vacuum was observed at the VM wells or at VE-1. Six off-gas samples, which were collected throughout the test, contained measurable concentrations of BTEX.

For a summary of both pilot tests and operational logs, see Appendix E. For the analytical results, see Appendix F.

3.4 Interpretation of Test Results

The test results indicate that BTEX compounds are extractable through soil vacuum extraction in the incinerator area of the CCP Plant. Off-gas concentration ranged from 10⁻⁴ to 10⁻⁵ pounds (total BTEX)/cf of air, which are moderately high compared to other sites.

Both pilot tests indicated limited or no radius of influence of the vacuum from the vapor extraction wells. RMT believes that this is due to the atypically high groundwater levels. It is believed that, due to the excessive rainfalls this year in the Saukville area, the groundwater level has gone from 8 to 10 feet below grade to 5 to 6 feet below grade. Because of the high water level, a reduced vacuum had to be used, thus limiting the radius of influence. A review of the water levels in the VE wells indicated that the water table elevation was probably partially obstructing the screened interval of the wells during the pilot test.

The consequence of the high water table is that SVE technology will be only marginally effective. The site geology and the off-gas BTEX concentrations suggest that the technology will be capable of removing VOCs, but inducing sufficient air flow will not be possible as long as high groundwater persists. Thus, the following options appear to be available:

- Put the design and construction of a "full-scale" system "on hold" until water levels subside. At that time it would be possible to repeat the test, confirm the radial influence, design additional wells if necessary, specify equipment, and construct a final system with a higher level of assurance of success.
- Make a "best guess" at future performance, install a system now, and forego startup and operation until water levels subside. This is a somewhat riskier option since, although there are positive indications of likely success, there are uncertainties over radial influence and the extent to which (and the amount of time until) water levels will return to historic levels.
- "Dewater" the area to improve system efficiency. This would require the installation of a shallow well point or trench system to lower the water table by up to several feet across a broad area. This would be potentially feasible but would incur significant additional costs.

RMT believes that Option 1 is preferable at this time, assuming that regulatory acceptance can be obtained. Since the in-place soils do not pose an imminent threat, the added risks and costs incurred by Options 2 and 3, respectively, do not appear necessary.

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The emissions resulting from the pilot tests were at low enough levels that an air emission permit was not required for the test. The maximum potential emission rate without a permit is 5.7 pounds per hour (NR 406.04). However, during initial operation, a reduced flow rate may be required at VE-1 in order to stay within the 15-pound-per-day/3.1-pound-per-hour limit. During the pilot test, a total of 15 pounds of organics were discharged over the approximate 5 hours of testing. The results of each pilot test summarizing cumulative emissions are presented in Appendix E.

Section 4

REFERENCES

RMT, Inc. 1992. Closure Plan Modifications, Cook Composites and Polymers. April 1992.

RMT, Inc. 1993. Semivolatiles Investigation Report for Closure of the Former Hazardous Waste Incinerators and Storage Area at Cook Composites and Polymers. January 1993.

RESULTS OF SOIL VAPOR EXTRACTION PILOT TESTSEPTEMBER 1993COOK COMPOSITES AND POLYMERSFINAL

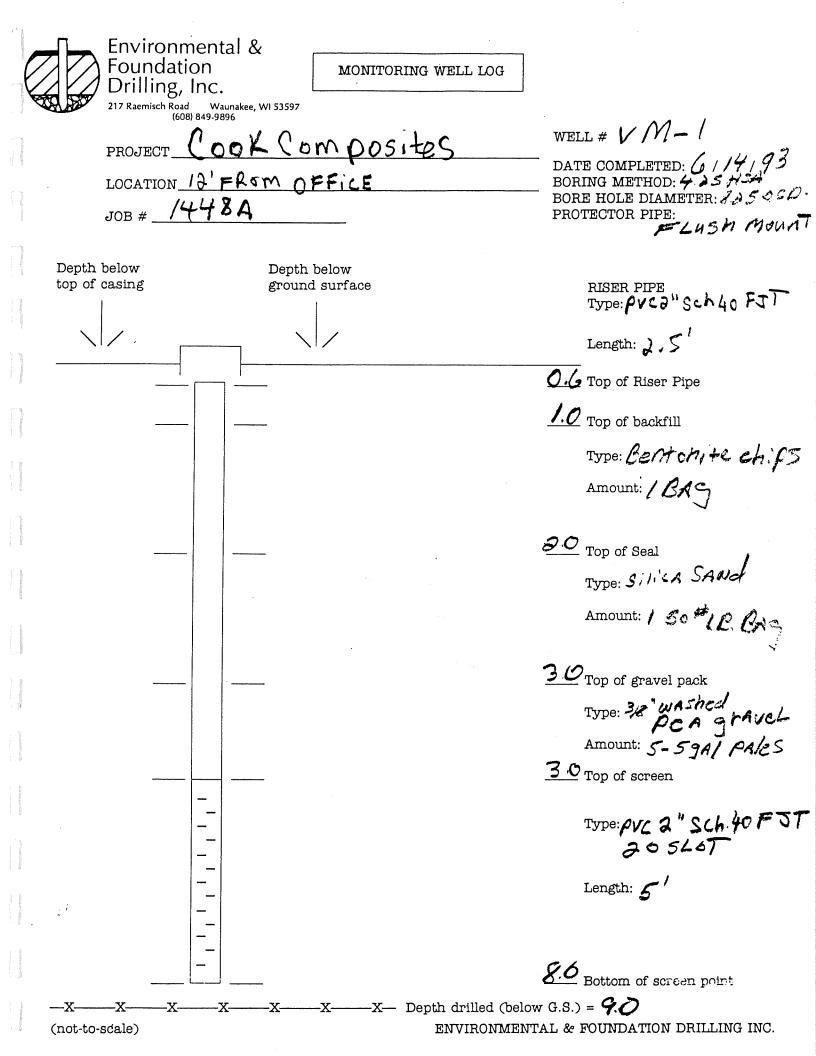
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APPENDIX A

WELL CONSTRUCTION AND BORING LOGS

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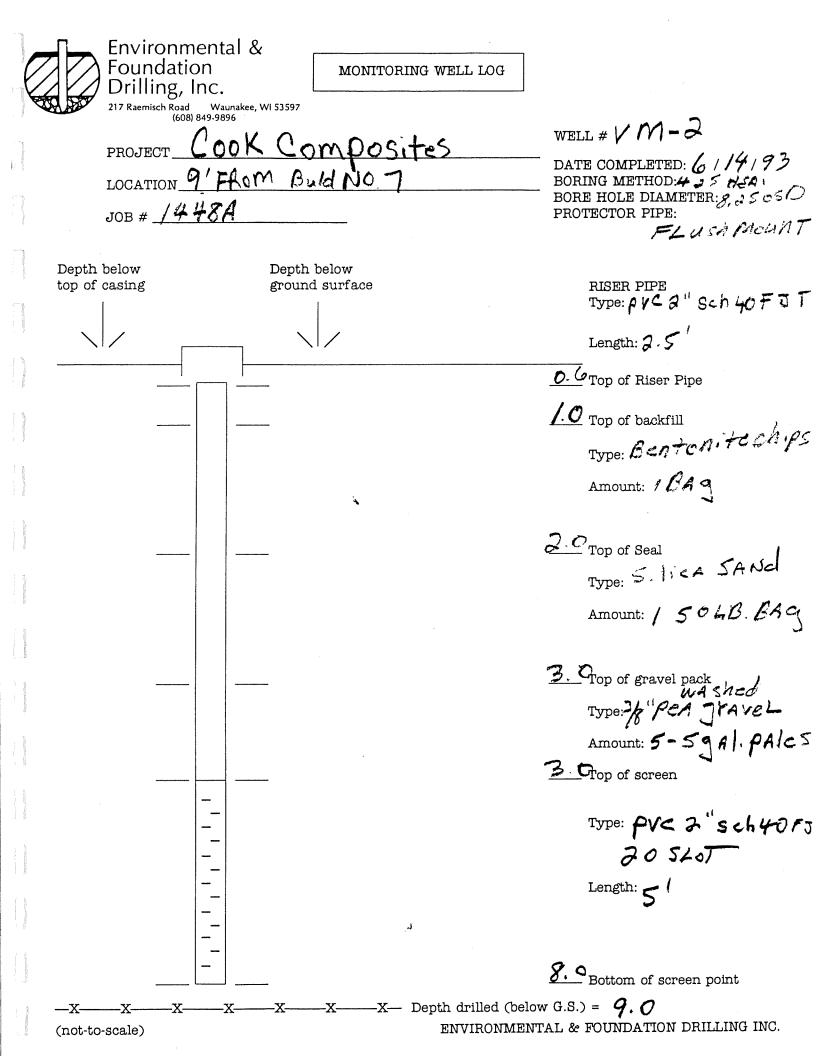
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| | | Amount: / BAG chips |
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| | · | 30 Top of gravel pack Type: 3 PEA gravel Amount: 6 - 5 gal. Pales |
| | | <u>3</u> . Orop of screen Type: PVC 4" WIRERAP Sch. 80 20 SLOT |
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| ——XXXX | XXXXDepth drilled (t | S. Bottom of screen point below G.S.) = 9.0 IENTAL & FOUNDATION DRILLING INC. |

| Foundation Drilling, Inc. SOIL BORING | LOG BORING # VE-2 |
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| Facility License, Permit or Monitoring Number | | Wis. Unique Well Number DNR Well Number or Date Well Installed |
| Type of Well Water Table Observation Well ■ 11 Piezometer □ 12 | St. Plane ft. N, ft. E Section Location of Waste/Source | Date Well Installed . <u>0 6 / 1 4 / 9 3</u> |
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| Is Well A Point of Enforcement Std. Application? | Location of Well Relative to Waste/Source u Upgradient s Sidegradient d Downgradient n Not Known | Lonnie McCauley Environmental & Foundation Drilling, Inc. |
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| 13. Sieve analysis attached? □ Yes ■ No | 4. Material b | etween well casing & protective pipe: Bentonite |
| 14. Drilling method used: Rotary 🗆 5 0 | | Annular space seal |
| Hollow Stem Auger H 4 1 Other | | Other □ bace seal: a. Granular Bentonite Lbs/gal mud weight Bentonite-sand slurry □ |
| 15. Drilling fluid used: Water 🗆 0 2 Air 🗆 0 1 | L | Lbs/gal mud weight Bentonite slurry 3 1 % Bentonite |
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| NR 141, Wis. Ad. dode. In accordance with ch. 144, W day of violation. In accordance with ch. 147, Wis. Stats | Vis. Stats., failure to file this form may result in a forfe s., failure to file this form may result in a forfeiture of | as required by chs. 144, 147 and 160, Wis. Stats., and ch. iture of not less than \$10, nor more than \$5000 for each not more that \$10,000 for each day of violation. NOTE: |
| Shaded areas are for DNR use only. See instructions fo | or more information including where the completed for | m should be sent. |
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| State of Wisconsin Route to: Department of Natural Resources Solid Waste | | MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION Form 4400-113A Rev. 4-90 |
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| Env. Response | & Repair 🗆 Underground Tanks 🖾 Othe | r □ Well Name |
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| | d 🗆 Downgradient n 🗆 Not Known | |
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| D. Surface seal, bottomft MSL orft | | Additional protection? |
| [12. USCS classification of soil near screen: | | If yes, describe: |
| GP GM GC GW SW SP | | Bentonite 3 0 |
| SM 🗆 SC 🗆 ML 🔳 MH 🗆 CL 🗆 CH 🗆 | | |
| Bedrock 🗆 | | |
| Bedrook | | Other 🗆 |
| | - 一 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 | aterial between well casing & protective pipe: |
| 13. Sieve analysis attached? 🗆 Yes 🔳 No | | Bentonite 🗆 3 0 |
| | | Annular space seal 🗖 |
| 14. Drilling method used: Rotary 🗆 5 0 | | |
| Hollow Stem Auger 🔳 4 1 | | nular space seal: a. Granular Bentonite 3 3 |
| Other 🗆 | 3. Au | $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$ |
| | | Lbs/gal mud weight Bentonite-sand slurry [] 3 5 |
| 15. Drilling fluid used: Water □ 0 2 Air □ 0 1 | | Lbs/gal mud weight Bentonite slurry 🗆 3 1 |
| | | % Bentonite Bentonite-cement grout 🗆 5 0 |
| Drilling Mud 🗆 0 3 None 🔳 9 9 | ' | |
| | | |
| 16. Drilling additives used? 🛛 Yes 🔳 No | | Tremie pumped 🗆 0 2 |
| Describe | | Gravity I 0 8 |
| | | |
| 17. Source of water (attach analysis): | | ntonite seal: a. Bentonite granules ■ 3 3 . □ ¼ in. □ ⅓ in. □ ½ in. Bentonite pellets □ 3 2 |
| 17. Source of water (attach analysis). | ₩ ₩ / Þ | |
| | | Other |
| | 〇〇日 日本 1 / 17. Fi | ne sand material: Manufacturer, product name and mesh size |
| E. Bentonite seal, top ft. MSL or1 \cdot 0 ft | | . Portage, Silica, Fine |
| | | . Volume added 50# ft ³ |
| F. Fine sand, top ft. MSL or _ 2.0 ft | | Iter pack material: Manufacturer, product name and mesh size |
| | | |
| G. Filter pack, top fl. MSL or $\underline{3} \cdot \underline{0}$ ft | | |
| $G. The pack, to p = 1 = 1 = 10 \text{ mod} \text{ of } 1 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 10$ | | |
| | 9.W | ell casing: Flush threaded PVC schedule 40 🔳 2 3 |
| H. Screen joint, top ft. MSL or5.0 ft. | | Flush threaded PVC schedule 80 🛛 2 4 |
| | | Other 🗆 🔅 |
| I. Well bottom ft. MSL or8.0 ft | | creen Material: PVC |
| | | |
| J. Filter pack, bottom ft. MSL or9.0 f | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| \sim 5. The pack, bottom 222.2 is more of 22.2 i | | Continuous slot 🗆 0 1 |
| | | Other 🗆 |
| K. Borehole, bottom ft. MSL or9 . $0 f$ | | b. Manufacturer <u>Northern Air</u> |
| | | c. Slot size: 0.010 in. |
| L. Borehole, diameter $\underline{8} \cdot \underline{3}$ in. | | d. Slotted Length: $4 \cdot 6$ ft. |
| | | ackfill material (below filter pack): None \Box 1 4 |
| M. O.D. well casing $\underline{2} \cdot \underline{2}$ in. | П. В | ······································ |
| NI. O.D. well casing $\underline{2} \cdot \underline{2}$ in. | | Flint Sand Other |
| | , | |
| N. I.D. well casing $\underline{2} \cdot \underline{0}$ in. | | |
| | | |
| ų i | | |
| | forme in Anna and a second of the | at of my knowledge |
| I hereby certify that the information on/this | form is true and correct to the be | st of my knowledge. |
| Signature //// | Firm | |
| | Fnuiro | nmental & Foundation Drilling, Inc. |
| Blance terminate bit Video of this from and active to the | annronriate DNP office listed at the top of th | is form as required by chs. 144, 147 and 160, Wis. Stats., and ch. |
| riease complete opin fildes of this form and return to the | Zia Stata failuna ta fila thia farma ana ana ta | a forfeiture of not less than \$10, nor more than \$5000 for each |
| INK 141, WIS. AG. LOGG. In accordance with cn. 144, W | is, stats, failure to the this form may result in | iture of not more that \$10,000 for each day of violation NOTE: |

day of violation. In accordance with ch. 147, Wis. Stats., failure to file this form may result in a forfeiture of not more that \$10,000 for each day of violation. NOTE: Shaded areas are for DNR use only. See instructions for more information including where the completed form should be sent.

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| Facility/Project Name | □ Haz. Waste □ Wastewater □ & Repair □ Underground Tanks □ Other □ Local Grid Location of Well | Well Name |
|--|--|--|
| Cook Composites/Milwaukee | □ N. □ E. ft. □ Sft. □ W. | VE-1 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Grid Origin Location Lat Long Long | Wis. Unique Well Number DNR Well Num or |
| | St. Plane ft. N, ft. E . | |
| Istance well is From wastersource boundary | Section Location of Waste/Source | E. Well Installed By: (Person's Name & Firm) |
| | 1/4 of1/4 of Sec, T N, R Location of Well Relative to Waste/Source | Lonnie McCauley . |
| 🗆 Yes 🗆 No | u □ Upgradient s □ Sidegradient d □ Downgradient n □ Not Known | Environmental & Foundation Drilling, Inc. |
| A. Protective Pipe, top elevation0.0_ ft. MSL - | | |
| B. Well casing, top elevation $\underline{0} \cdot \underline{6}$ ft. MSL - | 1. Cap & lock | |
| C. Land surface elevation ft. MSL 🥆 | a. Inside di b. Length: | |
| | e. Material | : Steel |
| D. Surface seal, bottom ft MSL or ft. | d. Addition | nal protection? |
| 12. USCS classification of soil near screen: GP □ GM □ GC □ GW □ SW □ SP □ | If yes, | describe: |
| SM □ SC □ ML ■ MH □ CL □ CH □ Bedrock □ | 3. Surface seal | Eentonite ■ Concrete □ Other □ |
| 13. Sieve analysis attached? | 4. Material bet | ween well casing & protective pipe: Bentonite |
| 14. Drilling method used: Rotary □ 5.0 | | Annular space seal |
| Hollow Stem Auger 🔳 4 1 | 5. Annular spa | ce seal: a. Granular Bentonite |
| Other 🗆 🎆 | b | _Lbs/gal mud weight Bentonite-sand slurry |
| 15. Drilling fluid used: Water □ 0 2 Air □ 0 1 Drilling Mud □ 0 3 None ■ 9 9 | d | _Lbs/gal mud weight Bentonite slurry □ _% Bentonite Bentonite-cement grout □ Ft ³ volume added for any of the above |
| 16. Drilling additives used? □ Yes ■ No Describe | | v installed: Tremie □ Tremie pumped □ Gravity ■ |
| 17. Source of water (attach analysis): | 6. Bentonite se b. 24 i | al: a. Bentonite granules 🔳 |
| E. Bentonite seal, top fl. MSL or1.0 fl. | | aterial: Manufacturer, product name and mesh size |
| F. Fine sand, top fl. MSL or2 . 0 fl. | | material: Manufacturer, product name and mesh size |
| G. Filter pack, top ft. MSL or3. 0 ft. | | Gravel |
| H. Screen joint, top ft. MSL or <u>5</u> . 0 ft. | 9. Well casing: | : Flush threaded PVC schedule 40 Flush threaded PVC schedule 80 |
| I. Well bottom fl. MSL or 8 . 0 fl. | | Other 🗆 |
| | | |
| J. Filter pack, bottom ft. MSL or $\underline{9} \cdot \underline{0}$ ft. | | Continuous slot |
| K. Borehole, bottom ft. MSL or $\underline{9} \cdot \underline{9}$ ft. | | Cacturer Northern Air |
| L. Borehole, diameter $\underline{8} \cdot \underline{3}$ in. | c. Slot siz d. Slotted | i Length: $-\frac{4}{4}$. |
| M. O.D. well casing $\underline{4} \cdot \underline{2}_{-}$ in. | | terial (below filter pack): None □ int Sand Other ■ |
| N. I.D. well casing $\underline{4} \cdot \underline{0}_{-}$ in. | | |
| hereby certify that the information or this | form is true and correct to the best of m | v knowledge |
| Signature | Firm | y NIGWIEUGE. |
| - Deti- | Environmen | tal & Foundation Drilling, Inc. |
| Please complete both kides of this form and return to the | appropriate DNR office listed at the top of this form as | required by chs. 144, 147 and 160, Wis. Stats., and ch |

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| | & Repair 🗆 Undergrou Local Grid Location of V | | | Well Name | |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|
| Cook Composites/Milwaukee | ft. □ S | N. | 🗆 E. | VE-2 | |
| acility License, Permit or Monitoring Number | 0.10.11 | | 1 | Wis. Unique Well Number | DNR Well Nun |
| Fype of Well Water Table Observation Well ■ 11 Piezometer □ 12 | St. Plane | ft. N, | ft. E . | Onique Weil Number | 3 |
| | Section Location of Was 1/4 of1/4 of Sec. | te/Source | DE.V | Well Installed By: (Person's Na | ame & Firm) |
| s Well A Point of Enforcement Std. Application? | Location of Well Relativ | e to Waste/Source s □ Sidegradient | | Lonnie McCauley Environmental & Foundation | Drilling, Inc. |
| A. Protective Pipe, top elevation0.0_ ft. MSL ~ | | | | | |
| B. Well casing, top elevation $\underline{0} \cdot \underline{6}$ ft. MSL $\overline{}$ | | | b & lock? tective cover | pipe: | Yes 🗆 |
| C. Land surface elevation ft. MSL | | | Inside diame Length: | ster: | $\underline{8} \cdot \underline{0}$ |
| D. Surface seal, bottom ft MSL or ft. | | c. | Material: | | Steel 📕 Other 🗆 |
| 12. USCS classification of soil near screen: GP □ GM □ GC □ GW □ SW □ SP □ | | d. | Additional p If yes, desc | rotection? cribe: | □ Yes □ |
| SM □ SC □ ML ■ MH □ CL □ CH □ Bedrock □ | | 3. Sur | face seal: | | Bentonite ■ Concrete □ Other □ |
| 13. Sieve analysis attached? □ Yes No | | 4. Ma | terial between | n well casing & protective pip | |
| 14. Drilling method used: Rotary □ 5 0 Hollow Stem Auger ■ 4 1 | | | nular space se | | unnular space seal Other Granular Bentonite |
| Other 🗆 | | b. | Lb | s/gal mud weight Ben | tonite-sand slurry 🛛 |
| 15. Drilling fluid used: Water □ 0 2 Air □ 0 1 Drilling Mud □ 0 3 None ■ 9 9 | | d. | % | s/gal mud weight Bentonite Bento Ft ³ volume added for an | nite-cement grout 🛛 |
| 16. Drilling additives used? □ Yes ■ No Describe | | f. | How inst | alled: | Tremie □ Tremie pumped □ Gravity ■ |
| 17. Source of water (attach analysis): | | | ntonite seal: | □ %a in. □ ½ in. | Bentonite granules Bentonite pellets Other |
| E. Bentonite seal, top fl. MSL or1.0 fl. | · | 7. Fin a. | Portage, S | al: Manufacturer, product n ilica, Fine | ame and mesh size |
| F. Fine sand, top fl. MSL or2 . 0 fl. | | b. 8. Filt | er pack mate | rial: Manufacturer, product r | name and mesh size |
| G. Filter pack, top ft. MSL or $\underline{3} \cdot \underline{0}$ ft. | | в. | | added <u>300#</u> ft ³ | |
| H. Screen joint, top ft. MSL or $\underline{5} \cdot \underline{0}$ ft. | | 9. We | ll casing: | | PVC schedule 40 □ PVC schedule 80 ■ |
| I. Well bottom ft. MSL or 8 . 0 ft. | | 10. Ser | een Material | PVC | Other 🗆 |
| J. Filter pack, bottom ft. MSL or8.0 ft. | | a | . Screen Ty | ype: | Factory Cut ■ Continuous slot □ |
| K. Borehole, bottom ft. MSL or $\underline{9} \cdot \underline{0}$ ft. | | 1 | . Manufactu | rer Northern Air | Other 🗆 |
| L. Borehole, diameter <u>8</u> . <u>3</u> in. | | d | . Slot size: . Slotted Lei | | 0. <u>0</u> <u>1</u> _ <u>4</u> . |
| M. O.D. well casing $\underline{4} \cdot \underline{2}_{-}$ in. | | 11. Ba | ckfill materia Flint S | l (below filter pack): Sand | None 🗆 Other 🔳 |
| N. I.D. well casing $\underline{4} \cdot \underline{0}_{-}$ in. | Y CALL | - | | | |
| \sim 11 | | | | | |
| hereby certify that the information on this | form is true and co | | t of my ki | nowledge. | |
| Signature | | Firm Enviro | onmental | & Foundation Dr | illing, Inc. |
| | | isted at the ten of this | . former on an an | uired by chs. 144, 147 and 16 | O Wie Chate and al |

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APPENDIX B

SVE WELL SOIL LABORATORY RESULTS



SAMPLE NARRATIVE VOLATILE ORGANIC GC ANALYSIS

PROJECT NAME: CCP PROJECT NUMBER: 1832.42 SAMPLE NUMBER(S): 1724-004 ANALYSIS TYPE: 8020 DATE: 07/12/93

Sample number 1724-004 had surrogate^{*} recoveries that were outside acceptable limits. The recoveries achieved in the analyses were as follows:

| Sample Number | Surrogate | Recovery Analysis 1 (%) | Recovery Analysis 2 (%) | Acceptable Recovery (%) | Analysis Reported |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1724-004 | 1,4-Difluorobenzene 3-Chlorotoluene | 99 316 | 85 132 | 45-121 44-118** | 2nd |

- * Surrogates are organic compounds that are similar to analytes of interest in chemical composition, extraction, and chromatography, but that are not normally found in environmental samples. These compounds are spiked into all blanks, standards, samples, and spiked samples before analysis (USEPA SW846 9/86 3rd edition).
- ** There can be a number of reasons for surrogate "failure." It is not uncommon to encounter "low" surrogate recoveries during the analysis of soil samples because some soil constituents (i.e., clays) have an affinity to absorb the surrogate compounds. "High" surrogate recovery (more <u>apparent</u> surrogate is measured than what was added to the sample) can be caused by other compound(s) in the sample eluting at the same time as the surrogate, or more commonly encountered, by a relatively dirty sample being analyzed with many non-targeted compounds, which elute through the gas chromatograph column and effectively raise the "baseline" measure. In this case, sample VE-1 3.5-5.5', had a relatively clean chromatogram, and the apparent "high" surrogate recovery was probably a result of a single non-target compound co-eluting with the 3-chlorotoluene (there was also evidence of a few other nontarget compound peaks present in other areas of the chromatogram). Because of this, we believe that the measured amounts of ethylbenzene and xylene are not substantively affected by the "high" surrogate recovery in sample VE-1 3.5-5.5' and that the data are usable for the objectives of this study.

RMT. Inc., 744 Heartland Trail, P. O. Box 8923, Madison, WI 53708-8923, Phone: 608-831-4444, Fax: 608-831-7530



CLIENT: CCP _ SAMPLE #: 1724-003 PROJECT #: 01832.42 WORK ORDER #: 1724 WI DNR LAB ID: 113138520

REPORT DATE: 07/12/93 COLLECTION DATE: 06/14/93 STATION ID: VE-1 1-3'

| PARAMETER | RESULT | UNITS |
|---------------------|--------|---------------|
| Benzene | <220 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Toluene | <220 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Chlorobenzene | <220 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Ethylbenzene | 420 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Yylene, total | 11000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | <220 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | <220 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | <220 | ug/kg dry wt. |

7/12/93 Approval Signature



CLIENT: CCP SAMPLE #: 1724-004 PROJECT #: 01832.42 WORK ORDER #: 1724 WI DNR LAB ID: 113138520

REPORT DATE: 07/12/93 COLLECTION DATE: 06/14/93 STATION ID: VE-1 3.5-5.5'

| PARAMETER ======= | RESULT | UNITS ===== | |
|----------------------|--------|----------------|--|
| Benzene | <56 F | ug/kg dry wt. | |
| Toluene | <56 F | ug/kg dry wt. | |
| Chlorobenzene | <56 F | ug/kg dry wt. | |
| Ethylbenzene | 180 F | ug/kg dry wt. | |
| Xylene, total | 1900 F | ug/kg dry wt. | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | <56 F | ug/kg dry wt. | |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | <56 F | ug/kg dry wt. | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | <56 F | ug/kg dry wt. | |

7/12/93 Kan P. Mach Approval Signature



CLIENT: CCP SAMPLE #: 1724-005 PROJECT #: 01832.42 WORK ORDER #: 1724 WI DNR LAB ID: 113138520

REPORT DATE: 07/12/93 COLLECTION DATE: 06/14/93 STATION ID: VE-1 6-8'

| PARAMETER ======= | RESULT | UNITS ===== |
|---|--|--|
| Benzene Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene Xylene, total 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | <6000 12000 <6000 37000 160000 <6000 <6000 | ug/kg dry wt. ug/kg dry wt. |

Approval Signature 7/12/93



CLIENT: CCP SAMPLE #: 1724-006 PROJECT #: 01832.42 WORK ORDER #: 1724 WI DNR LAB ID: 113138520

REPORT DATE: 07/12/93 COLLECTION DATE: 06/14/93 STATION ID: VE-1 8.5-10.5'

| PARAMETER ======== | RESULT ===== | UNITS ===== |
|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Benzene | <6000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Toluene | 24000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Chlorobenzene | <6000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Ethylbenzene | 35000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Xylene, total | 160000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | < 6000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 6000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | < 6000 | ug/kg dry wt. |

7/12/83 Moach Approval Signature



CLIENT: CCP _ SAMPLE #: 1724-007 PROJECT #: 01832.42 WORK ORDER #: 1724 WI DNR LAB ID: 113138520

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REPORT DATE: 07/12/93 COLLECTION DATE: 06/14/93 STATION ID: VE-2 1-3'

VOLATILE ORGANIC ANALYSIS REPORT

| PARAMETER ======= | RESULT | UNITS ===== |
|----------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Benzene | <290000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Toluene | <290000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Chlorobenzene | <290000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Ethylbenzene | 600000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Xylene, total | 3100000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | <290000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | <290000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | <290000 | ug/kg dry wt. |

Approval Signature 7/12/93

744 Heartland Trail, P.O. Box 8923, Madison, WI 53708-8923, Phone:(608) 831-4444



CLIENT: CCP _ SAMPLE #: 1724-008 PROJECT #: 01832.42 WORK ORDER #: 1724 WI DNR LAB ID: 113138520

REPORT DATE: 07/12/93 COLLECTION DATE: 06/14/93 STATION ID: VE-2 3.5-5.5'

| PARAMETER ======= | RESULT | UNITS ===== |
|----------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Benzene | <280000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Toluene | <280000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Chlorobenzene | <280000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Ethylbenzene | 840000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| Xylene, total | 3900000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | <280000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | < 280000 | ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | <280000 | ug/kg dry wt. |

Approval Signature 7/12/93



CLIENT: CCP _ SAMPLE #: 1724-009 PROJECT #: 01832.42 WORK ORDER #: 1724 WI DNR LAB ID: 113138520

REPORT DATE: 07/12/93 COLLECTION DATE: 06/14/93 STATION ID: VE-2 6-8'

| PARAMETER | RESULT | UNITS |
|--|--|---|
| Benzene Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene Xylene, total 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | <110000 <110000 <110000 300000 1200000 <110000 <110000 | ug/kg dry wt. ug/kg dry wt. ug/kg dry wt. ug/kg dry wt. ug/kg dry wt. ug/kg dry wt. ug/kg dry wt. |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | <110000 | ug/kg dry wt. |

7/12/93 Approval Signature



Organic GC Data Qualifier Sheet

| B(n) | Analyte present in the method blank. If the processes that were applied to the sample were applied to the method blank, the value of the analyte in the method blank would likely be "n". |
|------|---|
| С | Elevated detection limit (see Case Narrative). |
| Е | Analyte concentration exceeds calibration range (see Case Narrative). |
| F | Repeated surrogate failure (see Case Narrative). |
| H(n) | Analysis performed "n" days past holding time. |
| NR | Not required. |
| P | Sample vial used for previous analysis. |
| R | Relative percent difference high (see Case Narrative). |
| т | Retention time variance; analyte identification not confirmed. |
| W | Sample received with headspace. |

Effective 06/15/93

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FINAL ·

APPENDIX C

SVE WELL SOIL CHARACTERISTICS

RMT Soils Laboratory - Moisture Content Determination

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| PROJECT:CO | CP | | | | | Ъу | date |
|--|--------|---|---|--|--|---|----------------------------|
| JOB #:18 | 832.42 | | Tech: Input: | DEO DLH | 06/21/93 06/22/93 | QC DLH QA | <u>6-23-</u> 93 6-28-93 |
| BORING SA | AMPLE | DEPTH | TARE | WET WT | DRY WT | % MOISTURE | |
| VE - 1 VE - 1 VE - 1 VE - 2 VE - 2 VE - 2 VE - 2 VE - 2 | | 1-3' 3.5-5.5' 6-8' 1-3' 3.5-5.5' 6-8' 8.5-10.5' | 84.78 83.30 84.18 86.81 86.56 87.43 86.70 | 340.93 255.73 255.42 203.08 380.56 352.40 235.32 | 321.35 233.30 240.11 188.99 330.18 329.23 211.35 | 8.3 15.0 9.8 13.8 20.7 9.6 19.2 | |

RMT Soils Laboratory - Atterberg Limit Determination

PROJECT: CCP By Date 6-25-92
 Tech:
 DEO
 06/21/93
 QC
 ////./

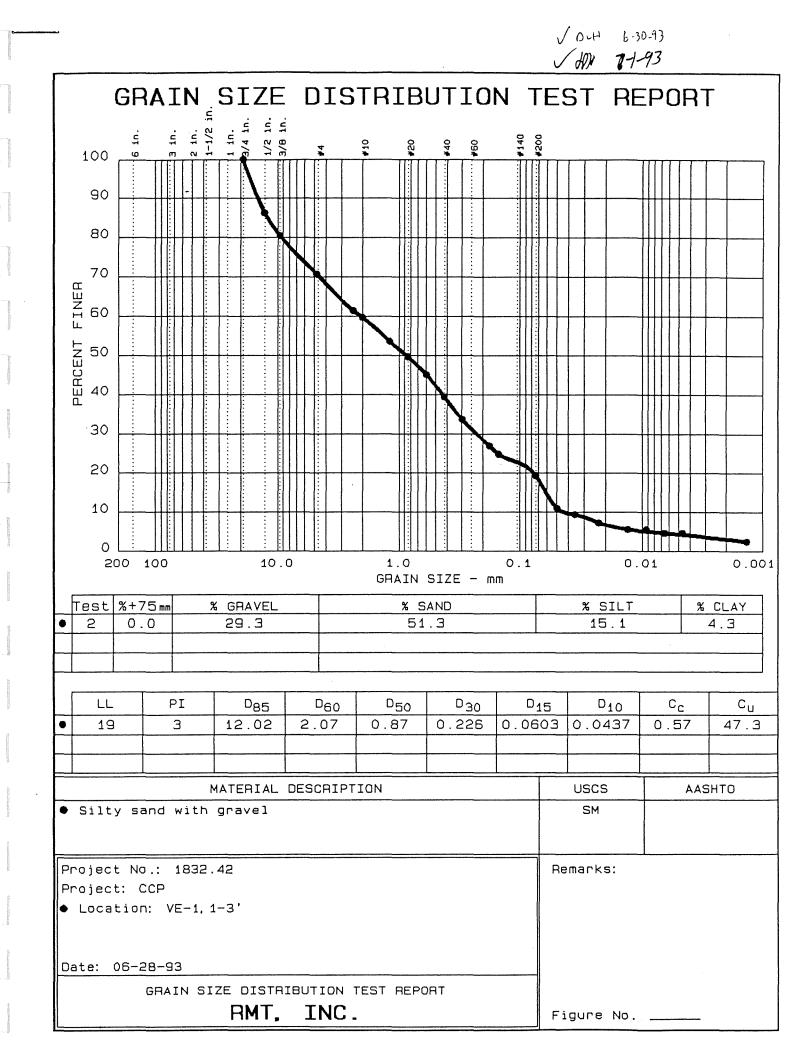
 JOB #:
 1832.42
 Input:
 DLH
 06/25/93
 QA
 ////
 6-28-93 | BORING VE-1 DEPTH 1-3' BORING: VE-1 DEPTH: 1-3' & WATER | LL 19 i Natural LIQUID OVEN PLASTIC | PL Moisture |---LIMIT----| LL LIMIT | PI 16 I 3 | | CLASS ML | 114.59 +-----+ TARE 115.39 114.57 BLOWS 24 24 24 142.10 143.02 137.81 138.45 WET WT 188.52 178.39 DRY WT % WATER 19.0 19.0 15.9 -----+ | BORING VE-1 | | DEPTH 3.5-5-5' BORING: VE-1 DEPTH: 3.5-5-5' | € WATER Natural LIQUID OVEN PLASTIC | PL Moisture |---LIMIT----| LL LIMIT | PI 22 | LL 16 | 6 | | CLASS CL-ML | 114.93 +----+ TARE 116.34 115.07 BLOWS 26 28 143.12 143.69 138.39 138.65 183.23 173.68 WET WT DRY WT 21.6 21.7 16.3 % WATER | BORING VE-1 | DEPTH 6-8' BORING: VE-1 DEPTH: 6-8' & WATER 15 | | LL Natural LIQUID OVEN PLASTIC PL Moisture |---LIMIT---- LL LIMIT PI 0 1 NP CLASS NP I 114.01 115.13 23 23 NO P.L. TARE +----+ BLOWS 143.16 147.18 WET WT 139.36 142.95 DRY WT 14.8 15.1 % WATER

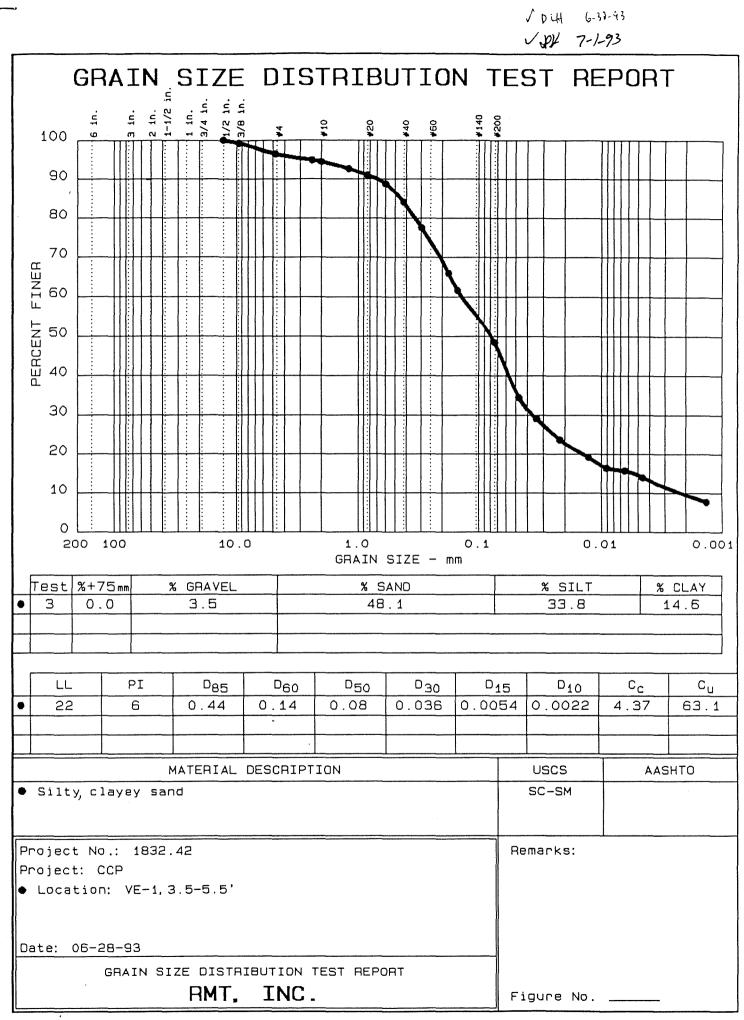
RMT Soils Laboratory - Atterberg Limit Determination

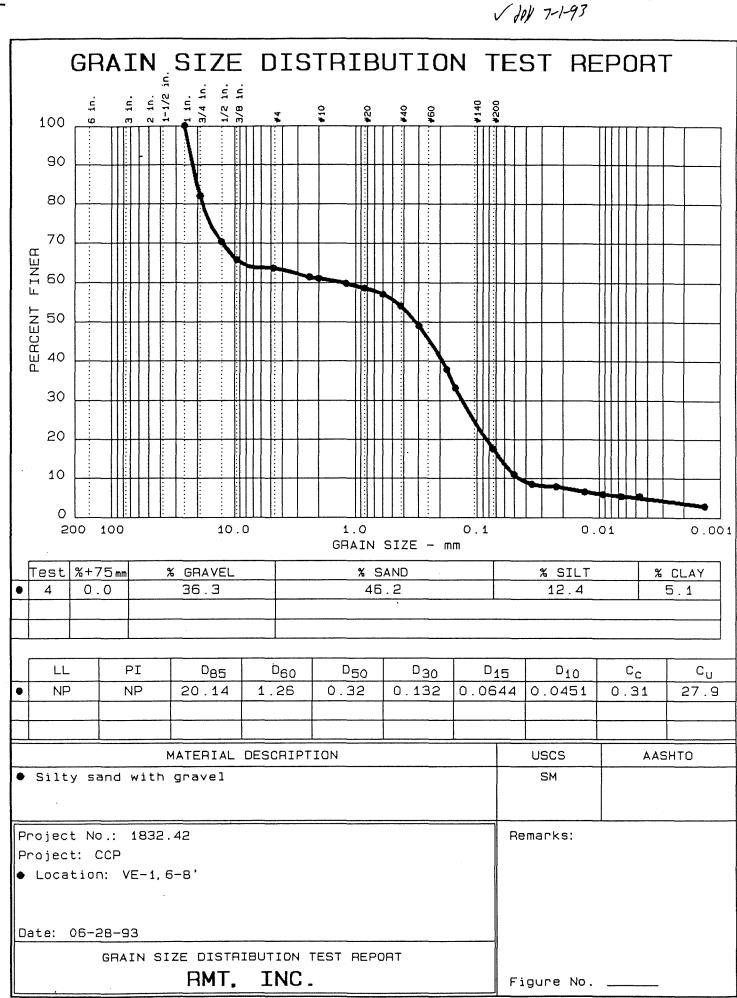
PROJECT: CCP By Date Tech: DEO 06/21/93 QC //JAJ 6-25-53 06/25/93 QA JOB #: 1832.42 Input: DLH 6-28-93 . | BORING VE-2 | DEPTH 1-3' BORING: VE-2 DEPTH: 1-3' | % WATER | LL 41 | Natural LIQUID OVEN PLASTIC | PL Moisture |---LIMIT----| LL LIMIT | PI 25 1 16 | CLASS CL 115.32 +-----+ TARE 115.41 114.36 BLOWS 23 24 140.19 139.12 WET WT 166.74 DRY WT 132.98 131.93 156.57 40.6 40.7 24.7 % WATER ----+ | BORING VE-2 | DEPTH 3.5-5.5' DEPTH: 3.5-5.5' BORING: VE-2 | % WATER 32 | | LL Natural LIQUID OVEN PLASTIC | PL Moisture |---LIMIT----| LL LIMIT | PI 20 | 12 | | CLASS CL | 115.98 +----+ 115.47 114.19 TARE BLOWS 26 26 144.76 142.51 WET WT 171.22 DRY WT 137.62 135.61 162.05 32,4 32,4 % WATER 19.9 ------USE CURSOR------| BORING VE-2 | DEPTH 6-8' BORING: VE-2 DEPTH: 6-8' & WATER 21 | LL Natural LIQUID OVEN PLASTIC | PL Moisture |---LIMIT----| LL LIMIT | PI 18 | 3 | ML | CLASS TARE 115.60 116.35 115.39 +----+ BLOWS 22 24 143.87 142.97 138.87 138.30 WET WT 182.88 172.56 DRY WT 21.2 21.2 % WATER 18.1

RMT Soils Laboratory - Atterberg Limit Determination

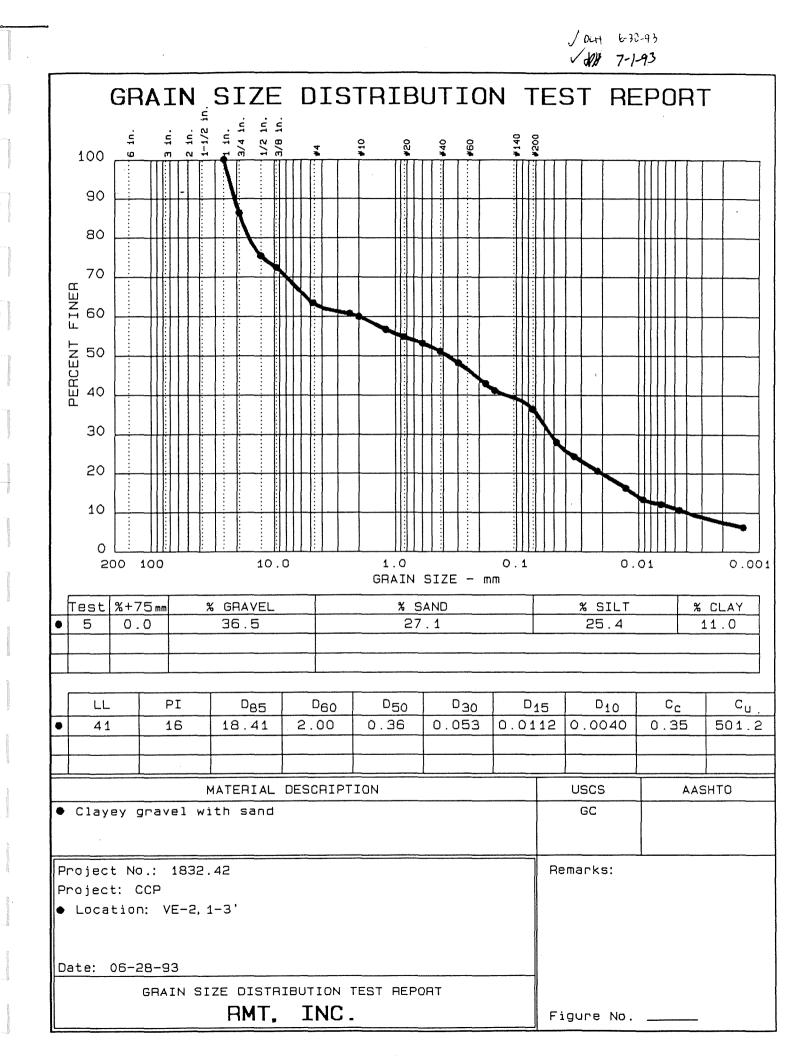
| PROJECT: | CCP | | Tech: | DEO | 06 /21 /03 | 00 | By | Date |
|---------------|----------|--------------|--------------|----------|----------------------|-------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| JOB #: | 1832.42 | | Input: | | 06/21/93 06/25/93 | | 2014 | 6-25-412 6-28-93 |
| | | | | | | + | BORING | VE-2 |
| BORING: | VE-2 | | DEPTH: | 8.5-10.5 | , | | DEPTH % WATER LL | 8.5-10.5' 29 |
| | Natural | LIQ | JTD | OVEN | PLASTIC | | PL | 15 |
| | Moisture | LIM | | LL | LIMIT | | PI CLASS | 14 CL |
| TARE BLOWS | | 115.24 23 | 114.22 24 | | 114.32 | + | | + |
| WET WT | | 144.85 | 144.24 | | 182.22 | | | |
| DRY WT | | 138.22 | 137.51 | | 173.11 | | | |
| % WATER | | 28.6 | 28.8 | | 15.5 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

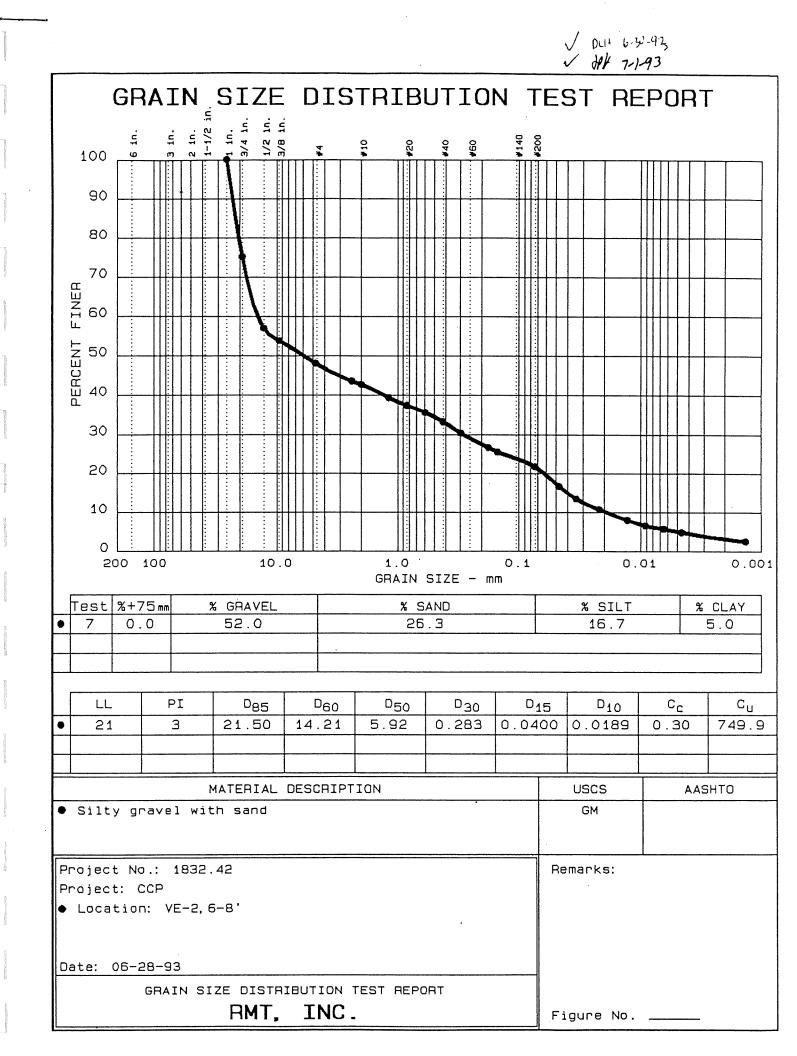


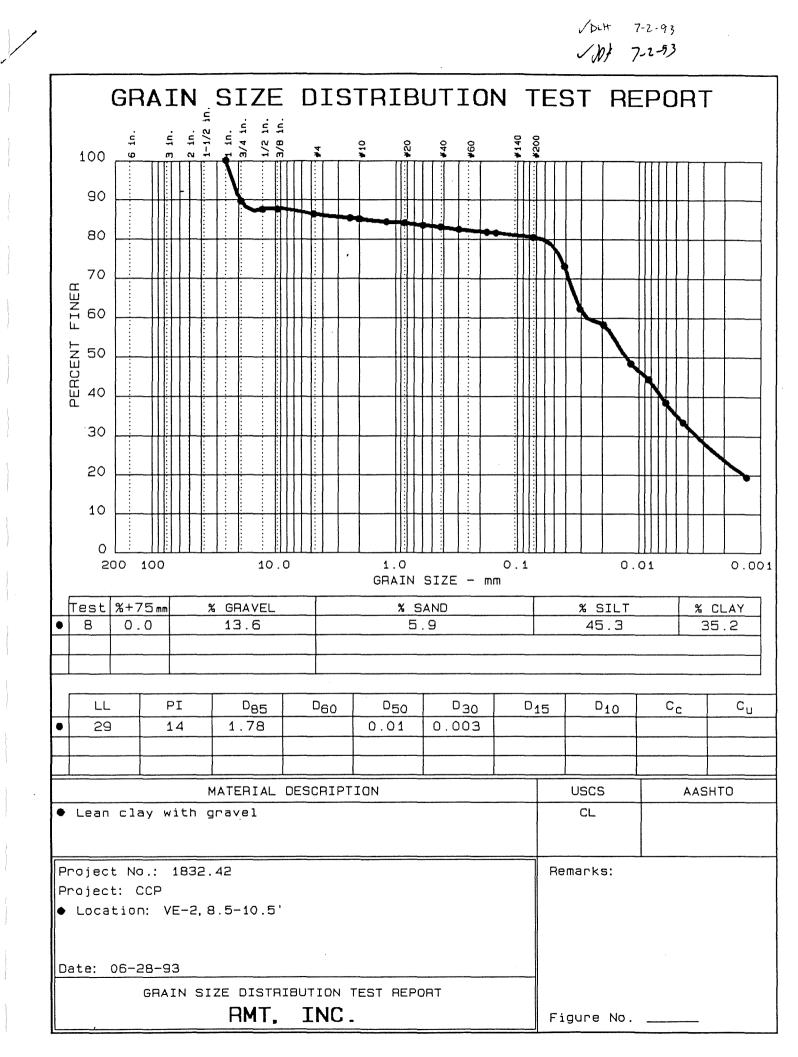




/ PLH 6-30-43







APPENDIX D

GC QUALITY ASSURANCE AND CONTROL MEASURES

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RESULTS OF SOIL VAPOR EXTRACTION PILOT TEST

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APPENDIX E PILOT TESTS AND OPERATIONAL LOGS

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SOIL VAPOR EXTRACTION SYSTEM OPERATIONS LOG

CCP-SAUKVILLE

PROJECT NUMBER: 1832.42

-- CALCULATED DATA ---- CUMULATIVE RECOVERY ---- SYSTEM DATA ---- OFF-GAS ANALYSIS --Total VOC Ethyl-Total Benzene Sample Time W'head System Diff. W'head Benzene Benzene Toluene Xylenes Cum'tive Airflow Em'sion Em'sion Total Run Time Date Vacuum Vacuum Press. Temp. Rate Rate VOC's Benzene (in w.c.)(in w.c.)(in w.c) (deg F) (lb/cf) (lb/cf) (hrs) (lb/hr) (lb/hr) (lbs) (lb/cf) (lb/cf) (cfm) (lbs) -----=============================== VE-1 15-Jun-93 09:30 AM 42 0.60 58 45 42 0.00 15-Jun-93 10:00 AM 40 40 0.59 59 7.9E-06 6.1E-06 3.7E-05 0.50 44 1.4E-01 15-Jun-93 10:30 AM 37 37 0.60 59 9.6E-06 8.3E-06 4.1E-05 1.00 45 1.6E-01 15-Jun-93 11:00 AM 36 36 0.66 59 9.2E-06 7.7E-06 4.0E-05 1.50 47 1.6E-01 15-Jun-93 11:30 AM 36 36 59 7.3E-06 5.1E-06 0.60 3.4E-05 2.00 44 1.2E-01 21 59 40 9.3E-02 15-Jun-93 12:00 PM 21 0.51 5.9E-06 4.6E-06 2.8E-05 2.50 15-Jun-93 12:15 PM 21 21 0.50 59 2.75 40 15-Jun-93 12:25 PM 21 21 0.50 59 7.3E-06 5.4E-06 3.3E-05 2.92 40 1.1E-01 VE-2 15-Jun-93 12:30 PM 21 21 0.36 59 0.00 34 32 1.8E-01 3.9E-04 15-Jun-93 01:00 PM 24 24 0.33 59 2.0E-07 1.6E-05 1.2E-05 6.2E-05 0.50 15-Jun-93 01:30 PM 24 24 0.34 59 2.3E-07 1.8E-05 1.4E-05 33 2.0E-01 4.5E-04 6.9E-05 1.00 24 24 15-Jun-93 02:00 PM 0.34 59 1.9E-05 1.3E-05 33 2.0E-01 4.7E-04 2.4E-07 7.0E-05 1.50 15-Jun-93 02:30 PM 36 36 0.68 59 2.8E-07 2.2E-05 1.5E-05 7.7E-05 2.00 47 3.2E-01 8.0E-04 15-Jun-93 03:00 PM 35 35 0.58 59 2.7E-07 2.1E-05 1.5E-05 7.8E-05 2.50 44 3.0E-01 7.1E-04 15-Jun-93 03:30 PM 35 35

1.2E-05

6.4E-05

3.00

41 2.3E-01 5.4E-04

0.50

59

2.2E-07

1.8E-05

File:SVECCP.WK1 Author:PJG Revision:org

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APPENDIX F ANALYTICAL RESULTS

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PORTABLE GC RESULTS SUMMARY

6/15/93

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Project Name: CCP SAUKVILLE

PROJ. #1832.42

| Note: All Units in lbs/ft ² | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|---------|--|-----------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Sample ID | Benzene | Toluene | Ethyl- benzene | Total Xylene | Total | | | | |
| SVE1 10:00 | | 6.1 E-6 | 7.9 E-6 | 3.7 E-5 | 5.1 E-5 | | | | |
| " 10:30 | | 8.3 E-6 | 9.6 E-6 | 4.1 E-5 | 5.9 E-5 | | | | |
| " 11:00 | | 7.7 E-6 | 9.2 E-6 | 4.0 E-5 | 5.7 E-5 | | | | |
| " 11:30 | | 5.1 E-6 | 7.3 E-6 | 3.4 E-5 | 4.6 E-5 | | | | |
| " 12:00 | | 4.6 E-6 | 5.9 E-6 | 2.8 E-5 | 3.9 E-5* | | | | |
| " 12:00 | | 5.4 E-6 | 7.3 E-6 | 3.3 E-5 | 4.6 E-5 | | | | |
| *GC FLOW-PRES | SSURE ADJUS | ГED | ······································ | | | | | | |
| SVE2 13:00 | 2.0 E-7 | 1.2 E-5 | 1.6 E-5 | 6.2 E-5 | 9.0 E-5 | | | | |
| " 13:30 | 2.3 E-7 | 1.4 E-5 | 1.8 E-5 | 6.9 E-5 | 1.0 E-4 | | | | |
| " 14:00 | 2.4 E-7 | 1.3 E-5 | 1.9 E-5 | 7.0 E-5 | 1.0 E-4 | | | | |
| " 14:30 | 2.8 E-7 | 1.5 E-5 | 2.2 5-5 | 7.7 E-5 | 1.1 E-4 | | | | |
| " 15:00 | 2.7 E-7 | 1.5 E-5 | 2.1 E-5 | 7.8 E-5 | 1.1 E-4 | | | | |
| " 15:30 | 2.2 E-7 | 1.2 E-5 | 1.8 E-5 | 6.4 E-5 | 9.4 E-5 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
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Note: All Units in lbs/ft³

Notes:

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BD = Below detection (using maximum sensitivity of operation conditions described in sampling procedures).

ND = Nondetect (no concentration detected for operation conditions less than maximum sensitivity).