# **LUST Investigation Field Procedures Workplan**

1404 S Webster Avenue – LUST 1404 S Webster Avenue Green Bay (Village of Allouez), Wisconsin

August 22, 2016 by METCO WDNR File Reference #: 03-05-560082 PECFA Claim #: 54301-2504-04



This document was prepared by:

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August 22, 2016

WDNR BRRTS#: 03-05-560082 PECFA Claim #: 54301-2504-04

Lee Amundson 6426 Nero Lane Sobieski, WI 54171

Dear Ms. Amundson,

Enclosed is our "LUST Investigation Field Procedures Workplan" concerning the 1404 S Webster Avenue - LUST site in Green Bay, Wisconsin. This document outlines the procedures and the methods used to conduct such an investigation.

Please note that there is also an ERP case associated with this address (BRRTS #02-05-514372) due to a former dry cleaner operation at the property. The subject of this investigation is the LUST case only.

A copy of this workplan will be sent to the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources for review.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to you on this project. Should you have any questions or require additional information, do not hesitate to contact our La Crosse office.

Sincerely,

Jason T. Powell Staff Scientist

C: Alex Edler – WDNR

Zu T. Rowell

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## **OBJECTIVES**

## Requirements of the WDNR

A Site Investigation is required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) by authority of Section 292.11 of the Wisconsin Statutes. According to the WDNR, any soil that tests over 10 ppm Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) or Diesel Range Organics (DRO) requires an investigation. Any soil that tests over the Chapter NR720 Groundwater RCLs, Direct Contact RCLs, or Soil Saturation Values an investigation and possible remediation. Any groundwater that tests over the Preventive Action Limits (PAL) or Enforcement Standards (ES) for compounds listed in Chapter NR140 of the Wisconsin Statutes requires an investigation and possible remediation. For a further explanation of WDNR rules and regulations, see Appendix D.

# Requirements of the PECFA Program

According to rules adopted in May 2006, the maximum allowable cost for an initial Site Investigation shall be no more than \$20,000 unless pre-approved by PECFA. All consultant and commodity service costs must not exceed the PECFA Usual and Customary Charges.

## **Purpose of Document**

This document briefly outlines all methods and procedures used by METCO personnel concerning "Site Investigations". These guidelines are strictly followed unless changed by managing personnel, site conditions, or project situations. All changes will be clearly noted.

All work conducted by METCO is undertaken in accordance with approved methods and regulations of the WDNR Bureau for Remediation and Redevelopment.

This document is site specific and will always be on-site during the project.

# INTRODUCTION

### Site Name

1404 S Webster Avenue – LUST BRRTS #03-05-560082

Please note that there is also an ERP case associated with this address (BRRTS #02-05-514372) due to a former dry cleaner operation at the property. The subject of this investigation is the LUST case only.

### Site Address

1404 S Webster Avenue Green Bay (Village of Allouez), Wisconsin

## **Legal Description**

NW ¼, SE ¼, Section 1, Township 23 North, Range 20 East, Brown County

### **Contact or Client**

Lee Amundson 6426 Nero Lane Sobieski, WI 54171 (920) 639-4141

# **WDNR Project Manager**

Alex Edler WDNR Northeast Region 2984 Shawano Avenue Green Bay, WI 54313 (920) 662-5149

### Consultant

METCO Ronald J. Anderson, P.G. Jason T. Powell 709 Gillette Street, Suite 3 La Crosse, WI 54603 (608) 781-8879

### SITE BACKGROUND

## **Facility**

The subject property operated as a gas station from approximately the 1930s until the 1950s. In the late 1970s, two 2,000-gallon gasoline USTs were removed from the subject property. A dry cleaner operated at the subject property from approximately 1972 until 1988. Currently the property is occupied by a tattoo parlor.

On December 19, 2012, Omni Associates conducted a WDNR lead investigation in the area of the subject property. During the investigation, four Geoprobe borings were completed in the area of the subject property with four groundwater samples collected for VOC analysis. Petroleum compounds were detected in the groundwater sample from B-4, which was conducted along S Webster Avenue and adjacent to the subject property. Based on the levels of petroleum contamination found in the groundwater sample from B-4, the WDNR opened a LUST case (BRRTS #03-05-560082) at the 1404 S Webster Avenue property on February 11, 2013.

An open ERP case also exists at the subject property (BRRTS #02-05-514372) concerning the former dry cleaner that operated on the property. A closed LUST site, Knothole Bookstore (BRRTS #03-05-002199), exists approximately 80 feet to the east of the subject property, across S Webster Avenue. The Knothole Bookstore LUST site was closed in January 2006 with residual soil and groundwater contamination. Based on the results of the Knothole Bookstore investigation, it appears that the 1404 S Webster Avenue and the Knothole Bookstore sites may potentially have commingled groundwater contamination plumes for the petroleum related compounds.

# Potential Risks and Impacts

The subject property and surrounding properties are all served by the Village of Allouez municipal water system. The primary water supply for the Village of Allouez comes from the City of Manitowoc. However, the Village of Allouez has two emergency back up wells, the closest being located approximately 3,900 feet to the east-southeast of the subject property.

The village has knowledge of only one private well within the village limits. This well is located on the Schroeder's Flowers property and is located at least 650 feet to the south of the subject property. However, the well at Schroeder's Flowers is a non potable well that is used for watering flowers in the greenhouses. Schroeder's Flowers is connected to the municipal water supply for its potable water supply.

METCO is not currently aware of any other impacts, receptors, risks, or local problems associated with the subject property.

# SITE CONDITIONS

# **Topography**

According to the USGS Hydrologic Atlas, Allouez is located in the eastern portion of the Fox-Wolf River Basin. This area is characterized by relatively flat plains with some generally north-south ridges. The topography and drainage of this area is controlled by the topography of the bedrock surface, and modified by glacial erosion and deposition.

The elevation of the site is approximately 630 feet above Mean Sea Level (MSL). See Appendix A for site location.

# Geology

Native unconsolidated materials in this area generally consist of inter-bedded sand and clay (glacial lake deposits). The unconsolidated materials are underlain by dolomite bedrock at approximately 50 to 100 feet below ground surface.

# Hydrology

The nearest surface water is the Fox River, which exists approximately 1,700 feet to the west of the subject property.

# Hydrogeology

Based on data collected from the nearby Knothole Bookstore LUST site, groundwater is expected to exist at approximately 20 to 25 feet below ground surface. Local groundwater flow is expected to be generally toward the north to slightly northwest.

## SCOPE OF WORK

## **LUST Investigation**

An investigation consists of collecting samples of soil and groundwater for analysis by a laboratory for compounds related to petroleum products. The WDNR requires that the investigation determine the degree and extent of contaminants in these mediums, which is commonly referred to as "defining the contaminant plume". Further background information will also be collected to

assist in the investigation.

# **Drilling Project**

METCO has proposed 14 to 16 boreholes to be completed on/off site. METCO has also proposed 6 to 8 monitoring wells to be installed on/off site.

The goal of the Drilling Project is to complete the following:

- 1. Determine general subsurface geotechnical characteristics.
- 2. Verify, through sampling, the horizontal and vertical extent of soil and groundwater contamination.
- 3. Install monitoring wells in an arrangement that fully defines the horizontal and vertical extent of groundwater contamination.
- Develop the monitoring wells.
- 5. Collect at least two rounds of groundwater samples from the monitoring wells.
- 6. If conditions warrant, perform slug tests on at least one monitoring well.

## **Report Preparation**

The final report, prepared by METCO, will include background information, observations, procedures, methods, field data, laboratory analysis, site maps, data analysis, risk assessment, conclusions, and recommendations concerning all activities conducted for this project. This report will be submitted to the client and the WDNR for review and discussion.

# METCO PROCEDURES AND METHODS

# **Drilling**

Drilling is conducted with a track or truck mounted hollow stem auger/direct push drill rig. To penetrate any unconsolidated materials, work is conducted in accordance with ASTM D-1452 "Soil Investigation and Sampling by Auger Boring". If bedrock is encountered and cannot be penetrated with auger boring, an accepted air-rotary drilling procedure will be used.

Sampling unconsolidated materials is done using hydraulically driven unit that advances 2-inch diameter, 4 or 5-foot long, stainless steel rods into the subsurface. At desired depths, either a soil or water sample can be collected. A 4-foot or 5-foot long, ½ or 1-inch diameter soil sampler is advanced to the sampling location. Continuous soil samples are collected and brought to the

surface for analysis.

All borings are properly abandoned to ground level using bentonite clay.

### **PID Screening**

Each of the samples, for headspace analysis, are placed in a clean, clear, plastic Ziploc bag. These containers are to be filled ¼ full. All containers are the same size and filled to the same volume. The containers are then sealed.

Once collected and sealed, samples are shaken for 30 seconds to break apart soil clods. They are then allowed to establish headspace. The following table is used to determine headspace equilibration time.

Outside temperature / Time to establish headspace

<ul><li>&lt;40 deg</li></ul>	ı. F	40 minutes
• 41-55 de	eg. F	20 minutes
• 56-69 de	eg. F	10 minutes
<ul> <li>&gt;70 dea</li> </ul>	. F	5 minutes

To take readings, the PID probe is inserted into the plastic bag halfway between the sample and the highest meter response recorded. The samples are screened with a Model DL-102 HNU Meter equipped with a 10.6 eV lamp. Metered calibration is done at the beginning of each workday. Other notes taken are as follows:

- 1. Temperature and weather conditions.
- 2. Date of last factory calibration.
- 3. Field calibration gas used and concentration.
- 4. Date and time of last calibration.
- 5. Instrument gain setting.
- 6. Erratic instrument readings.
- 7. Cleaning or repairs performed in the field.
- 8. Sample moisture (saturated, wet, moist, damp, dry).
- 9. Petroleum odors or staining of samples.
- 10. Any instrument quenching.
- 11. Other relevant information.

# **Monitoring Wells**

Groundwater monitoring well installations are completed under the direction of a METCO hydrogeologist and in accordance with Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Chapter NR141, "Groundwater Monitoring Well Requirements." The monitoring wells are constructed of flush-threaded, two-inch inside diameter schedule 40 or 80 polyvinyl chloride (PVC) piping. Ten-foot well screens with 0.010-inch slots are installed approximately 5 to 6 feet into the watertable. A uniform washed sand is installed around the well screens to serve as a filter pack. Granular bentonite is used above the filter pack to provide a surface seal. Steel, locking protective well casings are cemented in at each well. Any variances from NR141 will be reported to the WDNR.

Each well is developed by alternately surging and purging with a clean polyethylene bailer for 20 to 30 minutes to remove fines from the well screen, after which ten well volumes are removed using a submersible pump.

Groundwater level measurements are obtained using an electronic water level indicator. All measurements are recorded to the nearest 0.01-foot. The probe is thoroughly washed between measurements.

At least two rounds of samples are collected using a bottom loading, disposable, polyethylene bailer and disposable polyethylene cord. Approximately four well volumes are purged from each well before collecting samples.

Depending on site conditions and groundwater sampling results, slug tests may be conducted on at least one of the monitoring wells to determine hydrogeologic parameters (hydraulic conductivity, transmissivity, and flow velocity). During the slug test, groundwater in a monitoring well is displaced using a solid plastic slug, while water levels are recorded using a transducer and data logger. Water levels are recorded until the water level in the well returns to equilibrium. Slug test data is evaluated using the Bouwer and Rice method.

# **Well Elevation Survey**

All wells are surveyed to the nearest 0.01-foot MSL by a qualified surveying company.

# Sample Analysis

Environmental samples are collected to minimize both soil disturbance and exposure of the sample to the air.

Field observations such as soil characteristics, petroleum odors, product sheens, and staining associated with the samples are continuously noted throughout sampling.

The amount of sample taken, the size of the container used, and the type of sample preservation used, will depend on the laboratory contracted and for which parameters the soil samples are analyzed. See Appendix C for LUST Sample Guidelines.

All collected samples are stored in a cooler that maintains a temperature of, at most, 4 degrees Celsius. The coolers are accompanied by a complete chain of custody and are delivered to the laboratory within two days of sampling.

The WDNR document, "LUST Analytical and Quality Assurance Guidance, July 1993" is referenced in determining what parameters in which the soil and water samples will be analyzed, and the amount of duplicates/blanks required.

# **Quality Assurance/Quality Control/Waste Management**

All drilling and sampling equipment advanced into the subsurface is cleaned between sampling locations. This consists of washing with a biodegradable Alconox solution and rinsing with potable water. Wash and rinse water are disposed of atop an isolated area of asphalt for evaporation or discharged into a local storm sewer.

Drill cuttings, field screened as being contaminated, are contained in 55-gallon DOT barrels, characterized, and properly disposed of by METCO and/or client.

Development and purge waters are contained in 55 gallon DOT barrels, characterized, and properly disposed of by METCO and/or the client. Disposal options will depend on the amount of water, type of contaminants, and concentration of contaminants. All wastewater contaminants and disposal activities are recorded with complete documentation submitted to the WDNR.

### **Variances**

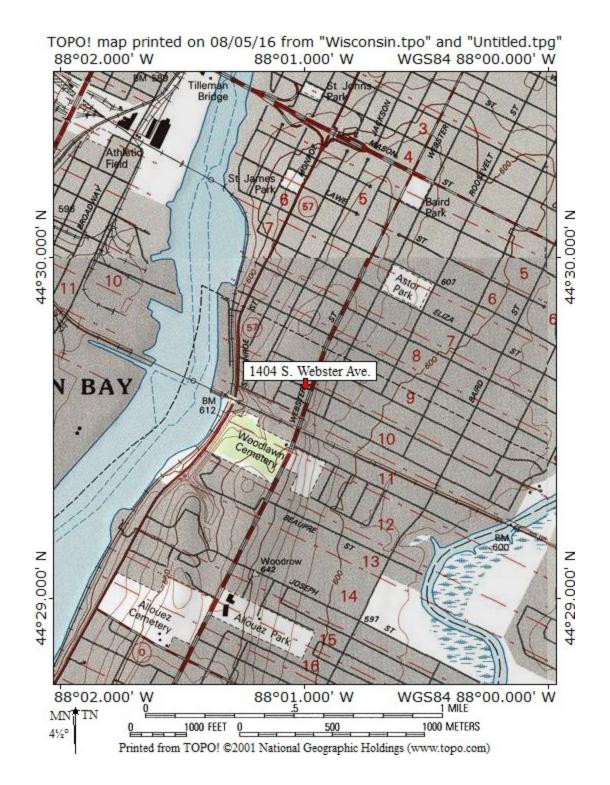
We are not aware of any variances needed at this time.

# SCHEDULE FOR INVESTIGATION PROJECT

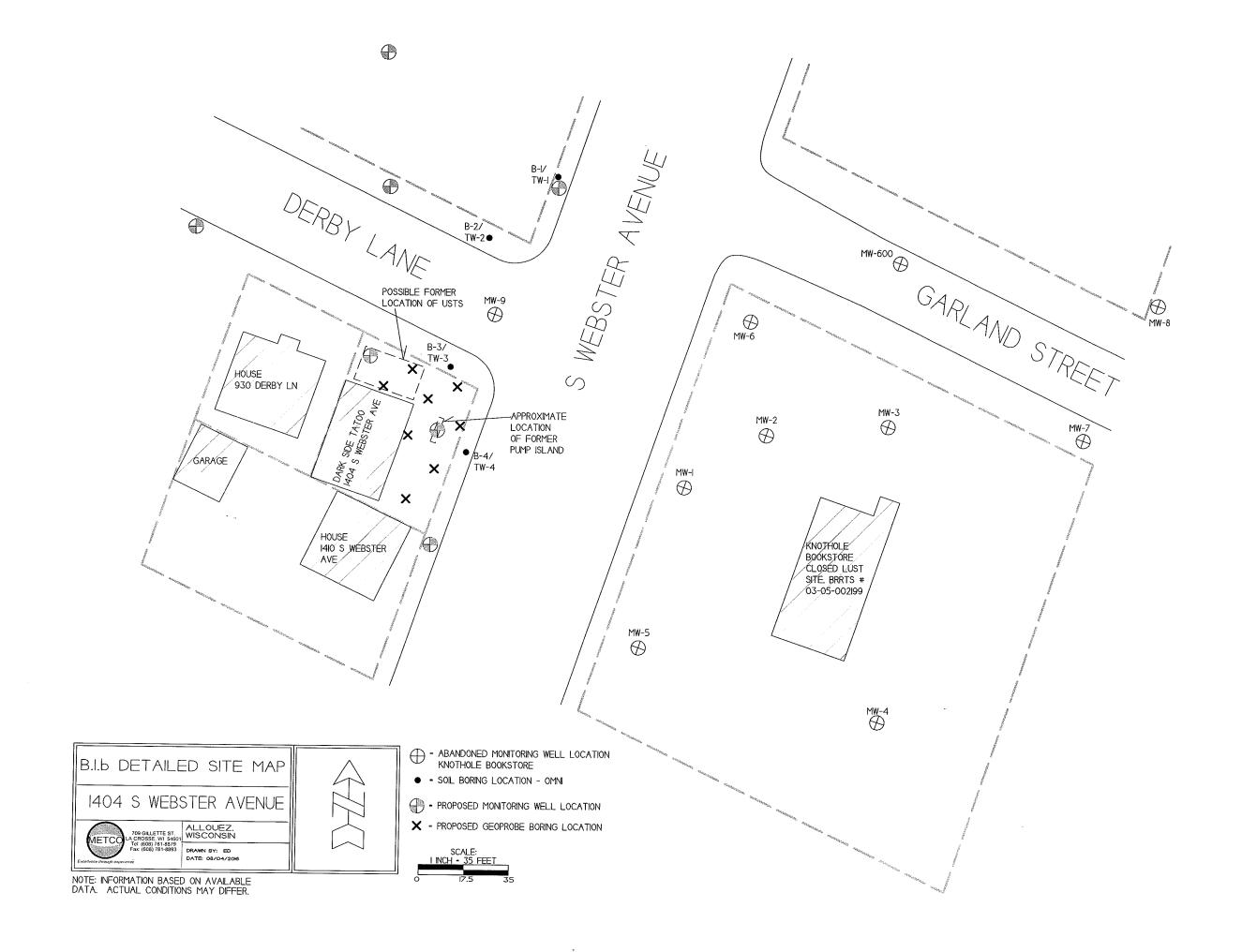
The following is a checklist of activities that have been, or will be completed, concerning the LUST Investigation, along with an estimated time frame. A typical LUST Investigation takes approximately 2 to 6 months. The investigation may take up to 12 months if bedrock or groundwater is contaminated.

- 1) METCO submits a LUST Investigation Project proposal to client (done).
- 2) Proposal acceptance by client. METCO notifies the WDNR that a consultant has been contracted (done).
- 3) Client obtains PECFA Packet and Site Eligibility Letter from PECFA (done).
- 4) METCO submits a LUST Investigation Field Procedures Workplan to client and WDNR for review and approval (8/22/16).
- 5) METCO conducts Drilling Project (1 month). More than one field mobilization may be needed to complete project depending on complexity of the site and project (1 month to receive lab results).
- 6) METCO develops/surveys the installed monitoring wells and collects. Round 1 groundwater samples for laboratory analysis (1 month to receive lab results).
- 7) METCO collects Round 2 groundwater samples for laboratory analysis (1 month to receive lab results).
- 8) METCO completes any additional work that is needed, such as slug tests (1 month).
- 9) METCO prepares a LUST Investigation report that contains all collected data and submits to the client and WDNR (3-6 months).
- 10) If no further investigation work is required, METCO will apply for "site closure" with the WDNR. Upon closure, METCO will complete the PECFA Application and submit for reimbursement (reimbursement takes 3 to 6 months).
- 11) If further investigation and/or remediation is required METCO will provide further assistance.

# **APPENDIX A/SITE MAPS**



# B.1.a LOCATION MAP CONTOUR INTERVAL 10 FEET 1404 S. WEBSTER AVE. – GREEN BAY, WI SEAMLESS USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS ON CD-ROM



# **APPENDIX B/INVESTIGATION CHECKLIST**

# SITE INVESTIGATION CHECKLIST Revised February 1992 PUBL-SW-115

This checklist was prepared by the Department of Natural Resources. It lists the necessary information to include in a site investigation report, for investigations conducted in accordance with guidelines prepared by the Emergency and Remedial Response Section, of the Bureau of Solid and Hazardous Waste Management, Wisconsin DNR. Sites include those where actions are conducted under the LUST, Spills and Environmental Repair programs. If some of this information is not submitted the report should clearly state why it is omitted. More complete information regarding site investigations is available in the Department's "Guidance on Conducting Environmental Response Actions".

The purpose of the site investigation is to 1) define the extent and degree of contamination and 2) to provide a basis for choosing a remedial action alternative. The narrative portion of the investigation report should clearly address these goals.

The Department strongly recommends that the site investigation report follow the sequence of information listed here. This will allow for a quick completeness check and more timely review of submittals. Incomplete reports will not be reviewed until all the necessary information has been received. The following information should be included in the site investigation, (as appropriate to each case):

1.	INTRODU	CTION/COVER LETTER
•		
	1.	Project title
	2.	Purpose of report and desired department action
	3.	Client(s)
	4.	Author(s), with signatures
	5.	Scope of Services
	6.	Dates the work was performed
	7.	Date of report
	8.	Subcontractors employed by the consultant
11.	GENERAL	and BACKGROUND INFORMATION
1.	General	Information
۸.	Identif	y the owner/operator and/or person(s) responsible: (include all applicable)
	1.	name
	2.	address
	3.	day phone number
	4.	contact person (name)
	5.	address
	6.	phone number
	7.	verification of ownership: photocopy of deed or exact legal description of property
В.	Specify	the site of contamination:
	1.	name
	2.	phone number
	3.	specific location (street corner, miles from an intersection, etc)
		a. legal address (street address if applicable, do not supply just a P.O. Box #)
		<ul> <li>b. location of impacted properties by latitude and longitude, to an accuracy of seconds, at a minimum (preferred method) or State Plane coordinate system</li> </ul>
******		c. location of impacted properties by quarter, quarter, section, township, range, civil township, county, or other locational criteria if site(s) are not within the Public Land Survey system
—	4.	type of operation: gas station, tank farm, private residence, manufacturer, etc.
C.	Site Loc	eation Maps
	1.	General Location Map
		locate on a USGS topographic base map (include quadrangle name, series and scale)
		locate on a plat map, if applicable
	2.	Local Base Map: the map must be drawn to scale and include the following items. Other
		reatures may also be needed:
		a. bar scale
		b. North arrow
		c. legend
		d. location of benchmark used
		e. origin of horizontal grid eveter

	3.	Including Site Specific Features: more than one map may be appropriate, use the local map for the base map (These maps may be used for several purposes.)
_		<ul> <li>a. location of discharge on site or facility, for example, the location of (former) tank and pump islands and piping</li> </ul>
		b. location of all buildings on site
		c. locations of public utilities, appropriately marked
		d. property boundaries
		e. location of all soil borings and wells (monitoring wells and potable wells)
		f. location of soil vapor points
		g. locations of where field screenings and lab confirmation samples were taken
		h. nearby/neighboring structures and private wells (within 1200 feet)
		i. any nearby surface waters (within map scale)
<del></del>		j. roads and paved areas, and other access areas
<u> </u>		k. known and potential sources of contamination
_		I. known and potential receptors m. limits of excavation
	,	m. limits of excavation
2.	Site Ba	ckground
۸.	General	Site Information
	1.	site description, including features like:
		- number of tanks/containers
		- volume/size of tanks/containers
		- tank/container contents, past and present
		- tank/container age, installation dates
		- tank/container construction materials
		- presence and type of leak detection
	_	- presence and type of secondary containment
	2.	general site construction history
	3.	any past reports of spills, or other incidents
	4. 5.	periods of nonoperation
	٠,	proximity of sensitive sites such as schools, homes, private or public wells, etc.
В.	Descrip	tion of Discharge Incident
	1.	type of hazardous substances discharged, known or suspected (released, spilled, lost, etc.)
	2.	approximate amounts discharged
_	3.	location of impact
	4.	dates of discharge
_	5.	local problems associated with discharge, e.g. vapors in homes, well contamination, etc.
	6.	known receptors
c.	Imposto	
٠.	Impacts	existing impacts to himse health enfaty validage and the envisement
	2.	existing impacts to human health, safety, welfare and the environment any impacts to adjacent or nearby buildings, wells or other structures
	3.	names and addresses of owners of adjacent properties, if those properties have been
		adversely impacted by the hazardous substance discharge
D.	Past Ac	tivities, Monitoring and Testing
	1.	dates of site activities, duration and type and potential amounts of discharges
_	2.	description of emergency actions taken and of interim actions taken, including dates
	3.	record of activities conducted at the site which had potential to cause contamination
	4.	inventory record system data
	5.	summary of monitoring results, including:
		- product monitoring records according to ILHR 10
		- groundwater monitoring
		- surface water monitoring
		- soil monitoring
		- sediment monitoring
	6.	- atmospheric monitoring
	o. 7.	records of testing, repair, removal or replacement, including dates
	1.	tank/container/line integrity testing method
		method testing firm
		dates
		results
		1 6047 60
E.	Hazardou	us Waste Generation
	1.	hazardous waste manifest
	2	Use hazardaye useta avar gangrated on stored an cita?

F.		iption of Tank/Container and Soil Removal Activities
	1.	description of soil conditions in the area of the tank/container excavation or in area of
	2	discharge
	2. 3.	volume of (contaminated) soils removed from the excavation location of stockpiled contaminated soils
	4.	type of impermeable base for stockpiled soils
	5.	type of impermeable cover for stockpiled soils
	6.	if excavation was backfilled, what was used as fill?
_	7.	final deposition of soil excavated, where and how were they used? (daily cover, backfill
		on/off site, roasted, buried, etc.)
	8.	condition of tanks, lines, pumps (corrosion, visible leaks, etc?)
	9.	product (other than petroleum) or waste delivery or storage systems
G.		se Information
	1. 2.	current and past land uses of site and neighboring properties
	٠.	description of zoning of property and adjacent properties
3.	Enviro	onmental Analysis
Α.	Site H	listorical Significance
	1.	impacts or potential impacts to significant historical or archeological features due to any
	_	response activities or the discharge itself
	2.	presence of buildings greater than 50 years old on or next to discharge site
В.	Presen	ce of "Sensitive" Environmental Receptors
٠.	1.	wildlife habitat
	2.	state or federal threatened or endangered species
	3.	sensitive or unique ecosystems or species
	4.	areas of special natural resource interest
_	5.	other surface waters and wetlands, as appropriate
c.		y (use maps as appropriate)
	1.	geologic origin, nature and distribution of bedrock
	2.	geologic origin, nature and distribution of overlying soils
	3.	thicknesses of various strata (consolidated and unconsolidated)
	4. 5.	depth to bedrock
	6.	geophysical characteristics
	7.	soil types and texture soil descriptions to include:
	• •	- structure
_		- mottling
		- voids
		- layering
		- lenses
		- geologic origin
—		- Unified Soil System Classification
		- grain size distribution, if applicable
		- evidence of secondary permeability
-		- odor, if evident
_	8.	- staining, if evident
_	٠.	<pre>bedrock descriptions, if impacted:     rock type</pre>
_		- grain size
		- bedding thickness
		- presence of fractures
		- orientation of fractures
		- Sedimentary structures
		- secondary porosity/solutional features
	•	- other
	9. 10.	topography
	10.	site hydrology, including
		- intermittent and ephemeral streams,
		- drain tile systems, - surface waters
		- Surface waters
		- location of floodway and floodplain (this may be best located on a site map)
D.	Hydroge	ology
	1.	depth to water table
	2.	flow directions, seasonal variations

		3.	horizontal and vertical gradients
• •		4.	hydraulic characteristics: (define as field test results or non-field estimates)
			hydraulic conductivity, variation
			transmissivity
			storativity
•		5.	aquifer definition:
			size
			use
			presence of aquitards
		6.	local and regional recharge or discharge area(s)
		7.	potentiometric surface
		8.	location, seasonal variation of groundwater divides
*		9.	location and extent of perched groundwater
		10.	local and regional groundwater quality
		11.	hydraulic connection between aquifers
		12.	saturated thickness of aquifer
	-	13.	estimates of flow volume passing below the discharge site/facility (include calculations in
		1/	the appendices)
		14. 15.	drillers logs which indicated any abnormal drilling difficulties
		16.	isoconcentration maps other
		10.	other
<i>*</i>	· III.	RESULT	S .
	1.	Contan	inant Migration Pathway and Receptor Assessment
•			
	۸.	Potent	ial Vapor and Product Migration Pathways (include depth of burial and construction material)
		1.	Sewer times
		2.	Storm sewers
	*****	3.	buried power cables
*		4. 5.	buried telephone lines tile lines
		6.	
		7.	more permeable soil lenses Water lines
		8.	road beds
		9.	foundations
		10.	other
	_	<u>.</u>	
	В.	Potent	ial Receptors of Contamination (description of impacts or potential impacts, if applicable)
		1. 2.	buildings on site
	<u> </u>	3.	neighboring basements/buildings
		4.	nearby wells (locations must be provided on a map)
	*********	5.	nearby surface waters, including wetlands critical habitats
		6.	endangered species
		7.	outstanding resource waters
		8.	exceptional resource waters
		9.	sensitive or unique ecosystems
		10.	other
	c.		ial Health Impacts
		1.	danger of explosion
	-	2.	contaminated private wells
	G======	3.	contaminated public water supply wells
		4.	exposure to vapors
	-	5.	dermal exposure
		6.	other
	.2.	Samplin	g and Analysis Results (figures and tables should be used, but general trends and the overall
		CTUCUGE	ion should be in narrative form) Provide units of measurement for all results. Describe or the following information for each media impacted:
	٨.	soil ch	emistry results, per parameter, per location
		1.	field screening results with locations identified
	***************************************	2.	laboratory (confirmation) sample results with locations identified
	·	3.	any indication of contamination of soils encountered (staining, odor, etc.)
*	В.	groundu	
	٠.	1.	ater sample results, per parameter, per well, over time laboratory results
		2.	trends analysis
•			· ·

		•
•		
	3.	compliance evaluation with NR 140 groundwater standards, if applicable
c.	soil v	apor results (define type of survey used)
	1.	by parameter
	2.	per location
D.	sampli	ng results from other media impacted by the discharge
	1.	parameters
	2.	locations
3.	Sampli	ng Methods Used (for each media impacted, lists provided for soil and groundwater only)
٨.	Soils:	
	1.	description of sample collection method
	2.	field screening or analytical instrument type used lamp strength
		calibration
		operating procedure
	3.	sample container
	4.	temperature at which the sample was collected
	5.	time allowed for PID or FID samples to achieve at least 70° F, and location
В.	Ground	water
	1.	method and instruments used to obtain sample
	2.	any indication of contamination noticed in field
	3.	whether the well was purged or not, why and how, and amount removed
	4. 5.	drilling method used
	6.	monitoring well construction features abandonment methods
	•	a. boreholes
		b. monitoring wells
	_	c. excavations
	7.	survey methods
	8. 9.	sample container size sample description
	· •	- turbid
		- clear
		- sheen
	4.0	- free product
<del></del>	10.	other '
c.	Vapors/	Ambient Air
	1.	description of sample collection method
	2.	field screening, if conducted
	3.	sample container
4.	Quality	Control-and Quality Assurance
••	-uacity	Control and additity Assurance
A.	General	QA/QC (for all media impacted)
	1.	name and address of laboratory
	2.	laboratory certification number
	3.	number of blanks, with results: - field blanks
		- trip blanks
		- lab spikes
		- split samples
	_	- replicate spikes
	4.	name and training of person collecting the samples (including certification, if applicable)
8.	Field to	
	1.	nstrument Quality Control (for all media impacted) instrument make, model and lamp energy
	2.	limitations of field screening instruments
		- temperature changes
		- humidity changes
	3.	- other
	3. 4.	any repairs to the instrument
	5.	field instrument calibration measures conducted time and frequency or schedule of field instrument calibration
	6.	composition of the calibration gas used (calibration product ?)
	7.	calibration curves used
	8.	correction factor if one was used

	9.	results of any calibration checks
	10.	time of day and ambient temperature when calibrations, calibration curves or calibration
_		checks were completed
	11.	time and temperature that a second se
	11.	time and temperature that samples were equilibrated if the outside temperature is below
		60°F at the time of field analysis
C.	Field	Sampling and Transportation Quality Control and Assurance (for all media impacted)
	1.	sample type
	2.	sample location and associated field and laboratory identification
_	3.	sampling technique used
	4.	
		sampling techniques used to minimize exposure of samples to the atmosphere
	5.	date and time of sampling
	6.	field preservation performed
	7.	date and time of preservation or extraction
	8.	decontamination procedures used during the site investigation
	9.	deviations from standard operating procedures
	10.	chinains from standard operating procedures
	10.	shipping time and technique
_		
D.	Labora	tory Receipt and Analysis (for all media impacted)
_	1.	chain of custody forms (4400-151)
	2.	time and date of receipt of samples by the laboratory
	3.	sample condition on receipt by the laboratory including
		- the temperature of the samples and
		the temperature of the samples and
	,	- Whether the samples were properly sealed
	4.	time and date of analysis
	5.	method of analysis
	6.	laboratory detection limit
	7.	sample results with units of measurement
	8.	accuracy and precision of replicate spikes
<del></del>	9.	recitify on percent recovery of metals with
	, ·	results or percent recovery of matrix spikes with every batch of samples not to exceed
		eight hours
-		
5.	Invest	igative Wastes (for all media impacted, to include but which is not limited to contaminated
	water i	from excavations, borings, purge water, rinse waters from decontamination procedures, extra
	sample)	) and the state of the decourter procedures, extra
	•	
	۸.	analytical regulate (horandous determination of the in-
-		analytical results (hazardous determination, if listed?)
	В.	ultimate disposal
	C.	other
IV.	SUMMARY	AND EVALUATION OF RESULTS (Analysis of Degree and Extent of Contamination)
		the state of contamination)
	1.	degree and extent of soil contamination
	ż.	degree and extent of soit contamination
		degree and extent of groundwater contamination
	3.	degree and extent of contamination of other media impacted
	4.	known or potential impacts to receptors, such as water supply wells
	4.	Vapor migration potential
	5.	impacts from seepage into basements, utility lines, surface waters
	6.	difficulties experienced during the investigation of the investigation o
		difficulties experienced during the investigation
	7.	unanticipated or questionable results
	8.	details needing emphasis
٧.	CONCLUS	IONS
	SOUTCE	and type of release defined
	soil an	d groundwater contamination adequately defined?
	funthan	a growth marker contamination adequately defined?
		study needed
		remediation needed
	known or	potential impacts from the release defined?
	clean si	ite, ready for case closure
	other	
VI.	DECOMPL:	IDATIONS .
41.	RECOMMEN	IVA! IUNS
1.	Investig	pation Incomplete
	continue	ed monitoring
	addition	nal investigation
	u	mr intestifacing
2	Dam. 12 1	
2.	Kemedial	Action Alternatives (provide description of alternatives) e.g.:
	remediat	ion method (to be) swed for conteminated:

		•
•		
	•	
		soil removal, treatment and disposal
		soil venting
	_	product recovery
		groundwater extraction and treatment
		insitu biological treatment
		other actions (define)
	3.	Other
	٠.	work plans for further action
		construction proposals for further action
		pilot study, other treatability studies
		schedules for further actions
		required permits
		air quality
		wastewater discharge
	VII.	FIGURES
	<b>V</b> 11.	r i dukes
		1. Site Maps
		~ location maps (regional and local)
		- water table and/or potentiometric surface maps
		- isoconcentration maps
·,		- surface water depth maps
		- bedrock and soil type and distribution maps
		2. Flow Cross Sections 3. Extent of Contamination in Soil
		4. Extent of Contamination in Groundwater (Isoconcentration)
		5. Locations of Potential Receptors
		6. Geologic Cross-Sections
		a. geologic setting
		b. boring location
		c. soil classification
		d. analytical sampling
		e. monitoring well locations
		f. water table
		<ul> <li>g. extent of contaminant plume</li> <li>h. concentrations at referenced date and point</li> </ul>
	-	i. sampling intervals (for soil and groundwater)
	_	<ul> <li>j. of excavation walls showing location of field screening and/or analytical results,</li> </ul>
		as appropriate
		7. Photographs (NO black and white photocopies)
	VIII.	TABLES
		1 Coundinates Chemistry Decults
		<ol> <li>Groundwater Chemistry Results</li> <li>Soil Chemistry Results</li> </ol>
		3. Analytical Methods Used
		4. Standards for Comparison and Compliance Determinations (Tables with compliance standards
		should be combined with analytical results for comparison)
		5. Geologic and Hydrogeologic Results
		6. Groundwater Elevations
		7. Screening Results
		8. Other
	ıx.	ADDENDICES (up to the subles)
	17.	APPENDICES (up to the author)
		1. Table giving data for compounds found, such as:
		Chemical formula, Molecular weight, Ionic potential, Solubility,
		Vapor pressure, Henry's Law Constant, Kow
		<ol><li>References used to support methods or provide standards methods, including previous reports</li></ol>
		3. All raw data
		4. All documentation on forms: (DNR form number)
		a. soil boring logs (4400-122)
		b. monitoring well construction logs (4400-113A)
		c. soil boring/well abandonment forms (3300-58)
		d. chain of custody forms
		e. lab/chemistry results f. groundwater monitoring well information form (4400-89)
		<ul> <li>f. groundwater monitoring well information form (4400-89)</li> <li>g. monitoring well development form (4400-1138)</li> </ul>
		5. Variances (for well construction, hazardous waste storage requirements, etc.)

*******	6.	Well logs of all impacted wells and potentially impacted wells within 1200° of the discharge site (locate wells on a map)
	7.	All calculations and assumptions
	8. 9.	Landfill receipts for disposed soil Regional hydrogeological information references used
	,.	Regional Hydrogeological information references used

Other information that may be needed includes: - access

- public information plan health and safety plan

# **APPENDIX C/LUST SAMPLING GUIDELINES**

### LUST and Petroleum Analytical and QA Guidence July 1993 Revision

Petroleum Substance Discharged	Analysis of Samples Collected for UST Tank Closure Assessments	Solid Waste Program Requirements for Soils to be landfilled <sup>5</sup>	Site Investigation, Pretreatment and Posttreatment Sample Analysis <sup>11</sup>
Regular Gasoline	GRO <sup>2</sup>	Free Liquids <sup>6</sup> GRO Benzene <sup>7</sup> Pb <sup>7</sup> Haz. Waste Deter. <sup>8</sup>	GRO VOC/PVOC <sup>15</sup> Pb <sup>12</sup>
Unleaded Gasoline; Grades 80 100, and 100 LL (Low Lead) Aviation Fuel	GRO <sup>2</sup>	Free Liquids <sup>6</sup> GRO Benzene <sup>7</sup> Pb <sup>7</sup> Haz. Waste Deter. <sup>8</sup>	GRO PVOC
Diesel; Jet Fuels; and No's 1, 2, and 4 Fuel Oil	DRO³	Free Liquids <sup>6</sup> DRO Benzene <sup>7</sup> Haz. Waste Deter. <sup>8</sup>	DRO <sup>3</sup> PVOC PAH <sup>13</sup> <sup>14</sup>
Crude Oil; Lubricating Oils; No. 6 Fuel Oil	DRO <sup>3</sup>	Free Liquids <sup>6</sup> DRO Haz. Waste Deter. <sup>8</sup>	DRO <sup>3</sup> PAH <sup>13</sup> <sup>14</sup>
Unknown Petroleum	GRO <sup>7</sup> and DRO <sup>3 4</sup>	Free Liquids <sup>6</sup> GRO and DRO Pb, Cd <sup>7</sup> Haz. Waste Deter. <sup>8</sup> CN <sup>19</sup> S <sup>2 10</sup>	GRO and DRO <sup>3 4</sup> VOC/PVOC <sup>15</sup> PAH <sup>13 14</sup> Pb, Cd <sup>12</sup>
Waste Oil	DRO³	Free Liquids <sup>6</sup> DRO Pb, Cd <sup>7</sup> Haz. Waste Deter. <sup>8</sup> CN <sup>19</sup> S <sup>2 10</sup>	DRO <sup>3</sup> VOC/PVOC <sup>15</sup> PAH <sup>13</sup> <sup>14</sup> PCBs <sup>16</sup> Pb, Cd <sup>12</sup>

### Abbreviations:

- GRO Gasoline Range Organics, Determined by the Wisconsin Modified GRO Method
- DRO Diesel Range Organics, Determined by the Wisconsin Modified DRO Method
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds (See Section 11.1 for a list of VOC compounds)
- PVOC Petroleum Organic Compounds ( See Section 11.2 for a list of PVOC compounds)
- PAH Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (See Section 11.3 for a list of the PAH compounds)
- PCBs Polychlorinated Biphenyls
- Pb Lead

# **SYNERGY ENVIRONMENTAL LAB – Sample Bottle Requirements**

# TABLE 1 SAMPLE & PRESERVATION REQUIREMENTS FOR WATER and DRINKING WATER SAMPLES

		ATER SAMPLES	
Test	Original Sample Container	Preserved	Holding Time to Analysis
WET CHEMISTRY			
Alkalinity SM2320B/EPA 310.2	250 mL HDPE	4°C	14 days
Ammonia EPA 350.1	250 mL HDPE	4°C, pH<2 with H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	28 days
BOD, cBOD SM5210B	500 ml HDPE	4°C	48 hrs.
COD EPA 410.4	500 ml HDPE	4°C, pH<2 with H₂SO <sub>4</sub>	28 days
Chloride EPA 300.0/EPA 325.2	250 mL HDPE	4°C	28 days
Cyanide SW846 9012A/SM4500-CN-C	1000 mL HDPE	4°C, pH>12 with NaOH	14 days
Flashpoint SW846 1010	250 mL HDPE	4°C	28 days
Fluoride EPA 300.0	250 mL HDPE	4°C	28 days
Hardness SW846 6010B	250 mL HDPE	4°C, pH<2 with HNO₃	180 days
TKN EPA 351.2	1 Liter HDPE	4°C, pH<2 with H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	28 days
Nitrate EPA 300.0	250 mL HDPE	4°C	48 hours
Nitrate+Nitrite EPA 300.0	250 mL HDPE	4°C, pH<2 with H₂SO <sub>4</sub>	28 days
Nitrite EPA 300.0	250 mL HDPE	4°C	48 hours
Oil & Grease EPA 1664	1 Liter Glass	4°C, pH<2 with H₂SO₄	28 days
Organic Carbon SW846 9060/ EPA 415.1	40 ml Glass	4°C, pH<2 with H₂SO <sub>4</sub> or HCL	28 days
Phenol, Total EPA 420.1	1 Liter Glass	4°C, pH<2 with H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	28 days
Phosphorus, Total EPA 365.3	250 mL HDPE	4°C, pH<2 with H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	28 days
Sulfate EPA 300.0	250 mL HDPE	4°C	28 days
Total Dissolved Solids EPA 160.1	250 ml HDPE	4°C	7 days
Total Solids EPA 160.3	250 ml HDPE	4°C	7 days
Total Suspended Solids EPA 160.2	250 mL HDPE	4°C	7 days
METALS			7 days
Metals	250 mL HDPE	4°C, pH<2 with HNO <sub>3</sub>	6 months
Mercury SW8467470/EPA 245.1	250 mL HDPE	4°C, pH<2 with HNO <sub>3</sub>	28 days
ORGANICS			20 00/0
Semivolatiles SW846 8270C	Liter amber glass, collect 2 for one of the samples submitted.	4°C	7 days extr. 40 days following extr
PAH SW846 8270C	Liter amber glass, collect 2 for one of the samples submitted	4°C	7 days extr. 40 days following extr
PCB SW846 8082	Liter amber glass, collect 2 for one of the samples submitted.	4°C	7 days extr. 40 days following extr
DRO, Modified DNR Sep 95	Liter amber glass with     Teflon lined cap	4°C, 5 mL 50% HCI	7 days extr. 40 days following extr
VOC'S SW846 8260B/EPA524.2	(3) 40 mL glass vials with Teflon lined septum caps	4°C, 0.5 mL 50% HCl, No Headspace	14 days
GRO/VOC	(4) 40 mL glass vials with Teflon lined septum caps	4°C, 0.5 mL 50% HCl prior to adding sample to jar	14 days
GRO, Modified DNR Sep 95	(2) 40 mL glass vials with Teflon lined septum caps	4°C, 0.5 mL 50% HCl prior to adding sample to jar	14 days
GRO/PVOC	(2) 40 mL glass vials with Teflon lined septum caps	4°C, 0.5 mL 50% HCl prior to adding sample to jar	14 days
PVOC	(2) 40 mL glass vials with Teflon lined septum caps	4°C, 0.5 mL 50% HCl prior to adding sample to jar	14 days
	1 77 7		ı. f

All samples are to be cooled to 4°C until tested. HDPE = High Density Polyethylene.

# **SYNERGY ENVIRONMENTAL LAB – Sample Bottle Requirements**

# TABLE 2 SAMPLE & PRESERVATION REQUIREMENTS FOR SOIL SAMPLES

	Original		Holding Tim	es from Date	and Time of Co	ollection
Test	Sample Container	Preserved	Solvent Addition	Shipping	Extraction	Analysis
METALS						
Metals	2 oz glass or soil cup	4°C	NA	NA	NA	180 days
Mercury SW846 7471	2 oz glass or soil cup	4°C	NA	NA	NA	28 days
Chromium Hexavalent SM3500-Cr	2 oz glass or soil cup	4°C	NA	NA	NA	24 hours
ORGANICS						
Any combinations of GRO, VOC, PVOC	1- tared VOC vial with 10 mls methanol, 13 grams of soil collected with syringe	4°C, 1:1 with methanol	Immediately	4 days	21 days	21 days
DRO, Modified	1- tared VOC vial, 13 grams of soil collected with syringe jar	4°C, Hexane	10 days	4 days	47 days	47 days
PAH, SW846 8270C	2 oz glass untared	4°C	NA	NA	14 days	40 days
Semivolatile SW846 8270C	2 oz glass untared	4°C	NA	NA	14 days	40 days
PCB SW846 8082	2 oz glass untared	4°C	NA	NA	14 days	40 days

All samples are to be cooled to 4°C until tested.

# APPENDIX D/WDNR DOCUMENTS

NR140 Substance		Fed MCL (ug/l) (If Red MCL>ES)		RCL-gw (mg/kg) DF=1	Use 2, or input the calculated site-specific DF 2.00	INPUT NUMERIC Site Flag E = Data Max Individual (mg/kg) Exceedance!	Type BRRTS No. Here (If Known). Assess groundwate levels separately.
Acetochlor	34256-82-1	-	7	5.58E-03	1.12E-02	( a va) (Exceedance)	revers separately.
Acetone	67-64-1	-	9000	1.85E+00	3.69E+00	* X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	
Alachlor Aldicarb	15972-60-8	2	2	1.65E-03	3.30E-03		
Aluminum	116-06-3	3	10	2.49E-03	4.99E-03		
Antimony	7429-90-5		200	3.01E+02	6.01E+02		
Anthracene	7440-36-0	6	6	2.71E-01	5.42E-01	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Arsenic	120-12-7	-	3000	9.84E+01	1.97E+02		
Atrazine, total chlorinated residues	7440-38-2 1912-24-9	10	10	2.92E-01	5.84E-01	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
Barium	7440-39-3	3	3	1.95E-03	3.90E-03		
Bentazon	25057-89-0	2000	2000	8.24E+01	1.65E+02		
Benzene	71-43-2	5	300 5	6.59E-02	1.32E-01		
Benzo(a)pyrene (PAH)	50-32-8	0.2	0.2	2.56E-03	5.12E-03		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (PAH)	205-99-2	0.2	0.2	2.35E-01	4.70E-01		
Beryllium	7440-41-7	4	0.2 4	2.40E-01	4.80E-01		
Boron	7440-42-8	4	1000	3.16E+00	6.32E+00		
Bromodichloromethane (THM)	75-27-4	80	0.6	3.20E+00	6.40E+00		
Bromoform (THM)	75-25-2	80	1	1.63E-04	3.26E-04		
Bromomethane	74-83-9	CU	4.4	1.17E-03	2.33E-03		
Butylate	2008-41-5	-	10	2.53E-03	5.06E-03	可能 おおかまさお デ <u>ザル 知</u> Paintala (3.8) 4月 2月 3日	
Cadmium	7440-43-9	5	400 5	3.88E-01	7.76E-01	Record of the second of the se	
Carbaryl	63-25-2	5	Į.	3.76E-01	7.52E-01		
Carbofuran	1563-66-2	40	40	3.64E-02	7.27E-02		
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	40	40	1.56E-02	3.12E-02		
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	5	1000	2.97E-01	5.93E-01		
Chloramben	133-90-4	-	5	1.94E-03	3.88E-03		
Chlorodifluoromethane	75-45-6	-	150	3.63E-02	7.27E-02		
Chloroethane	75-00-3		7000	2.89E+00	5.79E+00		
Chloroform (THM)	67-66-3	80	400 6	1.13E-01	2.27E-01		
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	-	l l	1.67E-03	3.33E-03		
Chloromethane	74-87-3		30	2.95E-02	5.90E-02		
Chromium (total)	7440-47-3	100	100	7.76E-03	1.55E-02		
Chrysene (PAH)	218-01-9	-	0.2	1.80E+05	3.60E+05	Re-	assess if Cr-VI present
Cobalt	7440-48-4	-	40	7.25E-02	1.45E-01		
Copper	7440-50-8	1300	1300	1.81E+00	3.62E+00		
yanazine	21725-46-2	-	1	4.58E+01 4.68E-04	9.16E+01		
yanide, free	57-12-5	200	200	2.02E+00	9.37E-04		
acthal (DCPA)	1861-32-1	-	70	8.56E-02	4.04E+00		
,2-Dibromoethane	106-93-4	0.05	0.05	1.41E-05	1.71E-01		
bromochloromelhane (THM)	124-48-1	80	60	1.60E-02	2.82E-05		
-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)	96-12-8	0.2	0.2	8.64E-05	3.20E-02 1.73E-04	700 at 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
ibutyl phthalate	84-74-2	-	1000	2.52E+00	5.04E+00		
icamba	1918-00-9	-	300	7.76E-02			
2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	600	600	5.84E-01	1.55E-01 1.17E+00		
3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	-	600	5.76E-01	1.17E+00		
1-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	75	75	7.20E-02	1.44E-01	2000 AND 2000 AND	
chlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	-	1000	1.54E+00	3.08E+00		
1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	-	850	2.42E-01	4.84E-01		•
2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	5	5	1.42E-03	2.84E-03		
-Dichloroethylene	75-35-4	7	7	2.51E-03	5.02E-03		
Dichloroethylene (cis)	156-59-2	70	70	2.06E-02	4.12E-02		
Dichloroethylene (trans)	156-60-5	100	100	2.94E-02	5.88E-02		
chlorophenoxyacetic acid (2.4-D)	94-75-7	70	70	1.81E-02	3.62E-02		
-Dichloropropane	78 <b>-</b> 87-5	5	5	1.66E-03	3.32E-03		
Noropropene (cistians) (Yelone)	<b>542-75-</b> 6	-	0.4	1.43E-04	2.85E-04		
-ethylhexyl) phthalate	117-81-7	6	6	1.44E+00	2.88E+00		
nethoate	60-51-5	-	2	4.51E-04	9.02E-04		
-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	-	0.05	6.76E-05	1.35E-04		
Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	-		6.88E-05	1.38E-04		
otoluene, Total Residues 2	25321-14-6	-		6.89E-05	1.38E-04		
oseb	88-85-7	7		6.15E-02	1.23E-01		
Dioxane (p-dioxane)	123-91-1	-	_ {	6.18E-04	1.23E-01 1.24E-03		
in (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	1746-01-6	0		1.50E-05			
	72-20-8	2	_ 1	8.08E-02	3.00E-05		
rin	759-94-4	-		1.32E-01	1.62E-01		
rin C					2.64E-01	389623	
	100-41-4	700	700	7.85F-01	4 575 . 00	Chip to be well and a district	
C	100-41-4 60-29-7	700	1	7.85E-01 2.24F-01	1.57E+00		
C lbenzene	60-29-7	-	1000	2.24E-01	4.47E-01		
C  benzene  ther (Diethyl Ether)		-	1000 : 14000 :				

NR140 Substance	NR 140 CAS	Fed MCL (ug/l) (If Red, MCL>ES)	NR 140 ES (ug/l)	RCL-gw (mg/kg) DF=1	Use 2, or input the calculated site-specific DF >	2.00	INPUT NUMERIC Site Data Max (mg/kg)	Flag E = Individual Exceedance
Fluoride	7782-41-4	4000	4000	6.01E+02		1.20E+03	(1.3.13)	Exceedance
Fluorotrichloromethane	75-69-4	-	3490	2.23E+00		4.47E+00		
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	-	1000	2.02E-01		4.04E-01		
Heptachlor	76-44 <b>-</b> 8	0.4	0.4	3.31E-02		6.62E-02		4 T
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.2	0.2	4.08E-03		8.16E-03		sta.
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	1	1	1.26E-02		2.52E-02	······································	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	-	600	4.22E+00		8.44E+00		
Lead	7439-92-1	15	15	1.35E+01		2.70E+01		
Lindane	58-89 <b>-</b> 9	0.2	0.2	1.16E-03		2.32E-03		
Manganese	7439-96-5	-	300	1.96E+01		3.91E+01		4.E
Mercury	7439-97-6	2	2	1.04E-01		2.08E-01	<del></del>	<u> </u>
Methanol	67-56-1	-	5000	1.01E+00		2.03E+00		
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	40	40	2.16E+00		4.32E+00		
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	5	5	1.28E-03		2.56E-03		
Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)	78-93-3	-	4000	8.39E-01				
Methyl isobulyl ketone (MIBK)	108-10-1	-	500	1.13E-01		1.68E+00		<u> </u>
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	1634-04-4		60	1.35E-02		2.26E-01		
Metolachlor/s-Metolachlor	51218-45-2		100	1.17E-01		2.70E-02		
Metribuzin	21087-64-9	-	70			2.34E-01		
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	-	i	2.14E-02		4.28E-02		
Monochiorobenzene	108-90-7	100	40	8.08E-01		1.62E+00		
Naphthalene		100	100	6.79E-02		1.36E-01		
	91-20-3	-	100	3.29E-01		6.59E-01		7.77 4.39
Nickel	7440-02-0	-	100	6.50E+00		1.30E+01		
-Nitrosodiphenylamine (NOPA)	86-30-6	-	7	3.82E-02		7.64E-02		
entachlorophenol (PCP)	87-86-5	11	1	1.01E-02		2.02E-02		
henol	108-95-2	-	2000	1.15E+00		2.30E+00		
icloram	1918-02-1	500	500	1.39E-01		2.78E-01		
ychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	1336-36-3	0.5	0.03	4.69E-03		9.38E-03		
rometon	1610-18-0	-	100	4.75E-02		9.49E-02		
ropazine	139-40-2		10	8.86E-03		1.77E-02		
yrene (PAH)	129-00-0		250	2.72E+01		5.45E+01		
yridine	110-86-1	-	10	3.44E-03		6.87E-03		
elenium	7782-49-2	50	50	2.60E-01		5.20E-01		
ilver	7440-22-4	-	50	4.25E-01		8.50E-01		
mazine	122-34-9	4	4	1.97E-03		3.94E-03		100
yrene	100-42-5	100	100	1.10E-01		2.20E-01		100
tiary Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	75-65-0	-	12	2.45E-03				그만 선생님
1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	_	70	2.67E-02		4.90E-03	, 4 .ut	
2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	-	0.2	7.80E-05		5.33E-02	: ,98°	
rachloroethylene (PCE)	127-18-4	5	5			1.56E-04		
trahydrofuran	109-99-9		50	2.27E-03		4.54E-03		
allium	7440-28-0	2	2	1.11E-02		2.22E-02		
luene	108-88-3	1000	1	1.42E-01		2.84E-01	· .	
xaphene	8001-35-2		800	5.54E-01		.11E+00		
•		3	3	4.64E-01		9.28E-01		
.4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	70	70	2.04E-01		1.08E-01		
,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	200	200	7.01E-02	1	.40E-01	70,410	
,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	5	5	1.62E-03	3	3.24E-03		, affirm
hloroethylene (TCE)	79-01-6	5	5	1.79E-03	3	.58E-03		r. and Hill
characheranya assure sea (3 4 f-TP/Sdree)	93-72-1	50	50	2.75E-02	5	.50E-02	3.4	Treasure to
3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	-	60	2.60E-02		.20E-02		
luralin	1582-09-8	-	7.5	2.48E-01		.95E-01		
Renternes 11,2,2- and 1,3 5- combined: 95-63	3-6 / 108-67-8	-	480	6.90E-01		38E+00	and the	a jegar
nadium	7440-62-2		1		•			
yl chloride	75-01-4	2	0.2	6.90E-05	1	.38E-04		
					,			

Type BRRTS No. Here (If Known). Assess groundwater levels separately.

- -----> If web-calculator result or Csat exceeds 10% by weight (the ceiling limit concentration defined in RSL Users Guide), Not-to-Exceed D-C RCL defaults to 100,000 ppm.
- 1. Enter data in yellow cells. Numeric only values under "INPUT Site Data." For ND, use detection limit. Do not type '-', 'NA' nor 'space bar.' Leave purple cells "as is."
- 2. After completing data entry, See Summary in Row 872.

### Site Name:

Sample ID:

							Comparison	/ Hazard Index /	Cumulative Cancer Ris
25 28 28 20 20 20 27 8 10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20					77.000 BETT - BETT				Target CR used: 1:00E-06
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1									
		No sol		Not-To-Exce			Flag E ≡	Hazard	
Contaminant	GAS Number	NC RCL (mg/kg)	C RCL (mg/kg)	D-i RCL (mg/k		INPUT Site Data	Individual	Quotient (HQ)	Cancer Risk (CR) fro
Benzene	71-43-2	111	1.49	1.49	g) Dasis Ca	(mg/kg)	Exceedance	! from Data	Data
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	4220	7.47	7.47	ca		The second secon		
Toluene	108-88-3	5300	1 - 1 - 1	818	Csat		***************************************		
Xylenes	1330-20-7	890	1 mm <u>1</u>	258	Csat				
Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1634-04-4	23800	59.4	59.4	ca				
Dichloroethane, 1,2-	107-06-2	46.7	0.61	0.61	ca		Carlotte Roma Carlotte		
Dibromoethane, 1,2-	106-93-4	107	0.05	0.05	ca				
Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	95-63-6	89.8	-	89.8	nc				
Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	108-67-8	782		182	Csat			<del>                                     </del>	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	188	5.15	5.15	ca			1	
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	-	0.01	0.01	ca				
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	3440	-	3440	nc		n jara da karana ya na karana kar		
Anthracene	120-12-7	17200	-	17200	nc				
Benzfalanthracene	56-55-3	-	0.15	0.15	ca				
Benzo(j)fluoranthene	205-82-3	_	0.38	0.38	ca				
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	205-99-2		0.15	0.15	ca				
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	207-08-9		1.48	1.48	ca				
Chrysene	218-01-9		14.8	14.8	ca				
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	53-70-3	-	0.01	0.01	ca				
Dibenzo(a,e)pyrene	192-65-4	-	0.04	0.04	ca				
Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene, 7,12-	57-97-6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ô	0	ca				
luoranthene	206-44-0	2290	-	2290	nc				
luorene	86-73-7	2290		2290	nc				
ndeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	193-39-5		0.15	0.15	ca				
Methylnaphthalene, 1-	90-12-0	4010	15.6	15,6	ca				
fethylnaphthalene, 2-	91-57-6	229		229	nc				2000 St. 1000 St. 100
litropyrene, 4-	57835-92-4	-	0.38	0.38	ca		**************************************		
Pyrene	129-00-0	1720		1720	nc				
Same and the control of the control	*** ** *								
ead and Compounds	7439-92-1	400	- :	400	nc				
Committee Commit					~				
	*								
3-14-563925			Exceedance	ce Count / Haz	ard Index / Cum	nulative Cancer Risk:	Q	0.00 <b>E</b> +00	0.0 <u>F</u> +00
				To Pas	s, data must m	eet all these criteria:	Exceedance H	II ≤ C 1.00E+00	umulative CR ≤ 1e-05
				Bottom-Line:		So	oil Data Entry Ne	eeded!	

# Site-specific

Resident Screening Levels (RSL) for Soil

ca=Gancer.nc=Noncancer, ca\* (Wherenc SL < 100 x ca SL),

ca\*\* (Wherenc SL < 10 x ca SL), max=SL exceeds ceiling limit (see User's Guide), sat=SL exceeds csat,

Smax=Soil SL exceeds ceiling limit and has been substituted with the max value (see User's Guide),

Ssat=Soil inhalation SL exceeds csat and has been substituted with the csat

	Chronic	RfC	Ket	_	_	۵	_		_																				_			_	۵		_
	Chronic	RfC	(, m/gm)	3.00E-02	9.00E-03	7.00E-03	1.00E+00	ı	200 6	3.00E+00	ı	1	į	ı	1	1	1		ı		1	ı	1	1	ı	ţ	,	· L	3.00E-03	1	•	5.00E+00	7.00E-03	1	1.00E-01
	Chronic	RfO €	ij L	_	_	S				-																∢	_		_			_		S	_
	Chronic	IOK RtD Ref (ma/kg-dav)	(dan Swell)	4.00E-03	9.00巨-03	6.00E-03	1.00E-01	1	,	CO = OO 9	0.00E-02	3.00E-01	ı	i	1	1	,	1	,	,	' '	· L	4.00E-02	4.00E-02	ı	7.00E-02	4.00E-03	CO 300 C	4.00L-02	ı	3.00E-02	8.00E-02	•	1.00E-02	2.00E-01
	=	R S	į .	<u> </u>	_	_	U		U			(	) ر	، ر	, ر	U	U	U	U	ر	) ر	)			U			C	) (	ر					
Inhalation	Unit Pict	(ug/m <sup>3</sup> )-1	, , ,	7.00E-U0	0.UUE-U4	2.60E-05	2.50E-06	,	2.60E-07	ı		. L	1.10E-04 1.10E-04	10101	1.10E-03	1.10E-04	1.10E-04	1.10E-05	1.20E-03	1.10E-03	7.10F-02	1	ı		1.10E-04	ı	t	3.40F-05	1 10E-04	1.101.04	ı	r	t	,	ı
	S T C	Ref.	_			_	U		U			/ 4/	; (	) –	- }	> ?	\$	≥	≥	U	U			3	>	2			C	)					
Ingestion	Ţ	Mutagen? VOC? (mg/kg-day) 1	5 50E_02	2.30E.02	2.50E.00	3.10E-02	1.105-02	r	1.80E-03	,	,	7 30E-01	1.20F+00	7 30E+00	7 305 01	7.30E-01	/ .3UE-UZ	7.30E-03	7.30E+00	1.20E+01	2.50E+02		,	7 30E 04	7.30E-01	2.30E-02	Ī	•	1.20E+00	)	ı	ı		1	1
		5 VOC?	Yes	Αρς	> \ \ \	3 ;	res	0 Z :	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	o N	Š	Z	2 2	2 2	0 Z	%	Š	°N	8 S	Yes	2	2 >	ָר :	Yes	Yes	Š	Yes	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	} >	ר - >	G ;	y es
		Mutager	Š	Š	o Z	2	2 2	2 -	02	Š	%	Yes	N <sub>o</sub>	Yes	Yes	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	3 3	Yes	Yes	S S	Yes	8	S S	Yes		2 2	9 7	o Z	S N	2 2	No No	S		2 2	2
	CAS	Number	71-43-2	106-93-4	107-06-2	100-41.4	7439-92-1	1-20 00+7	1034-04-4	83-32-9	120-12-7	56-55-3	205-82-3	50-32-8	205-99-2	207-08-9	218-010	2-10-01-2	53-70-3	192-65-4	57-97-6	206-44-0	86-73-7	193-39-5	90-12-0	91.57 6	0-70-16	91-20-3	57835-92-4	129-00-0	108-88-3	95-63-6	108-67-8	1330-20-7	200
		Chemical	benzene	Dibromoethane, 1,2-	Dichloroethane, 1,2-	Ethylbenzene	Lead and Compounds	Methyl tert-Butyl Fther (MTBE)	Acenaphtheno	יייייי שלאומוש וע	Aninracene	Benz[a]anthracene	Benzo(j)fluoranthene	Benzo[a]pyrene	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Chrysene	Dihenzfa hlanthracese	Diberto(20)	Dimothylbone/-/-	Ellioganthons	riuoranimene	Fluorene	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	Methylnaphthalene, 1-	Methylnaphthalene. 2-	Naphthalene	Nitropius	nicopyrefie, 4-	Fyrene	Toluene	Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	Xylenes	

# Site-specific

Resident Screening Levels (RSL) for Soil
ca=Cancer. nc=Noncancer, ca\* (Where nc SL < 100 x ca SL).
ca\*\* (Where nc SL < 10 x ca SL), max=SL, exceeds ceiling limit (see User's Guide), sat=SL exceeds csat.
Smax=Soil SL exceeds relined limit and the book of the state o

		Volatilization	Soil Saturation	Particulate Emission	Ingestion SI	Dermal Si	Inhalation	Carcinogenic
Chemical	GIABS ABS RBA	Factor (m³/kg)	Concentration	Factor	TR=1.0E-6	J. TR=1.0E-6	>L TR=1.0E-6	SL TR=1.0E-6
Benzene	τ	(6) LOF L	(העה היי)	(m./kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
Dibromoethane 1.2-	· ·	5.10E+03	1.82E+03	1.56E+09	1.26E+01	ı	1.84E+00	1 60E±00
Dichloroethane 10	,	1.25E+04	1.34E+03	1.56E+09	3.48E-01	1	5 84F-02	5.00E.00
	-	6.60E+03	2.98E+03	1.56E+09	7.64E+00	,	7 13E-01	9.00L-02 6 FOT 04
ריייסיים וצפוןב	; ;	8.18E+03	4.80E+02	1.56E+09	6.32E+01	ı	9.19F+00	8.02E±01
Mother to the part of the state	,	•	1	1.56E+09	t	ı		0.04
Aconomistic (MIBE)		7.08E+03	8.87E+03	1.56E+09	3.86E+02	1	7 645 +04	, F
Acenaphinene	1 0.13 1	2.03E+05	ı	1.56E+09		1 :	10+11+0.	ರ.38⊏+01
Anthracene	1 0.13 1	7.56E+05	•	1 56F±09		ı	ı	1
Benz[a]anthracene	1 0.13 1	6 37F+06		100: F	i l	ſ	ı	
Benzo(j)fluoranthene	1 013 1		t	1.56E+09	2.10E-01	6.29E-01	5.85E+01	1.57E-01
Benzo[a]pyrene	1 0 13	ı	1	1.56E+09	5.79E-01	1.58E+00	3.98E+04	4.24E-01
Benzolbifluoranthene		ı	1	1.56E+09	2.10E-02	6.29E-02	1.44E+03	1.57E-02
Benzofkliftioranthene	0.10	1	ı	1.56E+09	2.10E-01	6.29E-01	1.44E+04	1 57E-01
Chrysene	0.13	t	ı	1.56E+09	2.10E+00	6.29E+00	1.44E+04	1575+00
Dibenzia hianthracene	1 0.13 1	f	ı	1.56E+09	2.10E+01	6.29E+01	1.44E+05	1 57 1 + 01
Dibenzo(a e)nyrene	1 0.13 1	1	1	1.56E+09	2.10E-02	6.29E-02	1.32E+03	1.57E-02
Dimethylbenz(a)anthracca 7 13	0.13	•	•	1.56E+09	5.79E-02	1.58E-01	3.98F+03	4 2/E-02
Eliotanthono	1 0.13 1	t	ı	1.56E+09	6.13E-04	1.84F-03	2.33E+03	4.24E-02
ייטטיטיי	1 0.13 1	•	ı	1.56E+09	,	) ) !	1.0	4.39E-04
ייייין איייין	1 0.13 1	4.06E+05	ı	1.56E+09	•	ı		ı
ilideilo[1,2,3-cdjpyrene	1 0.13 1	1	ı	1.56E+09	2 10E-01	6.29E.01	- L	, l
Methylnaphthalene, 1-	1 0.13 1	8.46E+04	3.94E+02	1.56F+09	2.10E-01	0.435.0 6.555.0	1.44 <u>F</u> +04	1.57E-01
Wethylnaphthalene, 2-	1 0.13 1	8.37E+04	,	1 56E+00	0.101.1	0.00	ı	1./6E+01
Naphthalene	1 0.13 1	6 69F+07		1.300.109	Í	ı	ı	ı
Nitropyrene, 4-	1 0 13	1	ı	1.56E+09	•	1	5.52E+00	5.52E+00
Pyrene		• !	ī	1.56E+09	5.79E-01	1.58E+00	3.98E+04	4 24F-01
Tolliene	. O	3.43E+06		1.56E+09	•			
Trimethylhenace 100	· ·	6.19E+03	8.18E+02	1.56E+09	,	1	,	ı
Trimethylbenzene 12c		1.14E+04	2.19E+02	1.56E+09	ı	1	ı	ı
XV/enes		9.54E+03	1.82E+02	1.56E+09	,	ſ	ŧ	ı
	·	8.28E+03	2.60E+02	1.56E+09	ı	ı		r
						ı		1

# Site-specific

Resident Screening Levels (RSL) for Soil
ca=Cancer, nc=Noncancer, ca\* (Where nc SL < 100 x ca SL),
ca\*\* (Where nc SL < 10 x ca SL), max=SL exceeds ceiling limit (see User's Guide), sat=SL exceeds csat,
Smax=Soil SL exceeds ceiling limit and has been substituted with the max value (see User's Guide),
Ssat=Soil inhalation SL exceeds csat and has been substituted with the csat

Screening Level (mg/kg) 1160E+000ca* 500E-02.ca 652E-001.ca* 652E-001.ca* 652E-01.ca* 400E+02.mc 6338E+03.nc 1.57E-02.ca 1.57E-02.ca 1.57E-02.ca 1.57E-02.ca 1.57E-02.ca 1.57E-02.ca 1.57E-02.ca 1.57E-02.ca 1.57E-02.ca 239E+03.nc 239E+03.nc 239E+03.nc 239E+03.nc 239E+03.nc 239E+03.nc 239E+03.nc 239E+03.nc 1.57E-01.ca 1.57E-01.ca 1.57E-01.ca 1.57E-01.ca 1.57E-03.nc
Inhalation Noncarcinogenic SL SL Adult THQ=1 (mg/kg) (
Dermal SL Adult THQ=1 (mg/kg)
Ingestion SL Adult THQ=1 (mg/kg) 3.34E+03 5.01E+03 8.34E+04 2.50E+05 - 5.01E+04 2.50E+04 3.34E+04 3.34E+04 - 5.84E+04 - 5.84E+04 - 5.84E+04 - 5.84E+04 - 5.84E+04 - 6.67E+03 1.67E+03
Child   Child   Adult   THQ=1   THQ=
Inhalation SL SL Child THQ=1 (mg/kg) 1.60E+02 1.17E+02 4.82E+01 8.53E+03 - - 2.21E+04 - - - 2.09E+02 - - 3.23E+04 8.34E+01
rermal SL Child HQ=1 hQ=1 hQ=1 hQ=1 hQ=1 hQ=1 hQ=1 hQ=1 h
Child   Chil
Chemical Benzene Dibromoethane, 1,2- Dichloroethane, 1,2- Ethylbenzene Lead and Compounds Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) Acenaphthene Anthracene Benzo[j]fluoranthene Benzo[j]fluoranthene Benzo[j]fluoranthene Benzo[j]fluoranthene Benzo[k]fluoranthene Chrysene Dibenzo(a.e)pyrene Dibenzo(a.e)pyrene Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene, 7,12- Fluoranthene Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene Methylnaphthalene, 1- Methylnaphthalene, 2- Naphthalene Nitropyrene, 4- Pyrene Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5- Xylenes

Output:generated 15JUN2016:11:20:47

(22) "Wastewater and sludge storage or treatment lagoon" means a natural or man-made containment structure, constructed primarily of earthen materials for the treatment or storage of wastewater or sludge, which is not a land disposal system.

primarily of earthen materials for the treatment or storage of wastewater or sludge, which is not a land disposal system.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1985, No. 357, eff. 10–1–85; cr. (1m), am. (7), (17) and (18), Register, October, 1988, No. 394, eff. 11–1–88; am. (6), cr. (20h) and (20m), Register, March, 1994, No. 459, eff. 4–1–94; cr. (1s), (10e), (10s), (20k), r. and recr. (12), (13), Register, August. 1995, No. 476, eff. 9–1–95; cr. (14m), Register. October. 1996, No. 490, eff. 11–1–96; am. (20), Register, December. 1998, No. 516, eff. 1–1–99; correction in (9) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., Register. April. 2001, No. 544; CR 02–134; cr. (1u), (1w), (1y) and (20s) Register June 2003 No. 570, eff. 7–1–03; correction in (20) made under s. 13.92 (4) (b) 6. Stats., Register January 2012 No. 673.

### Subchapter II — Groundwater Quality Standards

NR 140.10 Public health related groundwater standards. The groundwater quality standards for substances of public health concern are listed in Table 1.

Note: For all substances that have carcinogenic, mutagenic or teratogenic properties or interactive effects, the preventive action limit is 10% of the enforcement standard. The preventive action limit is 20% of the enforcement standard. The preventive action limit is 20% of the enforcement standard for all other substances that are of public health concern. Enforcement standards and preventive action limits for additional substances will be added to Table 1 as recommendations are developed pursuant to ss. 160.07, 160.13 and 160.15, Stats.

Table 1
Public Health Groundwater Quality Standards

Substance <sup>1</sup>	Enforcement Standard (micrograms per liter – except as noted)	Preventive Action Limit (micrograms per liter – except as noted)
Acetochlor	7	0.7
Acetochlor ethane sulfonic acid + oxanilic acid (Acetochlor - ESA + OXA)	230	46
Acetone	9 mg/l	1.8 mg/1
Alachlor	2	0.2
Alachlor ethane sulfonic acid (Alachlor – ESA)	20	4
Aldicarb	10	2
Aluminum	200	40
Ammonia (as N)	9.7 mg/l	0.97 mg/l
Antimony	6	1.2
Anthracene	3000	600
Arsenic	10	1
Asbestos	7 million fibers per liter (MFL)	0.7 MFL
Atrazine, total chlorinated residues	32	$0.3^{2}$
Bacteria, Total Coliform	$0^{3}$	$0^{3}$
Barium	2 milligrams/liter (mg/l)	0.4 mg/l
Bentazon	300	60
Benzene	5	0.5
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.2	0.02
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.2	0.02
Beryllium	4	0.4
Boron	1000	200
Bromodichloromethane	0.6	0.06
Bromoform	4.4	0.44
Bromomethane	10	1
Butylate	400	80
`admium	5	0.5
'arbary!	40	4
arbo furan	40	8
arbon disulfide	1000	200
arbon tetrachloride	5	0.5
hloramben	150	30
hlordane	2	0.2
nlorodifluoromethane	- 7 mg/l	0.2 0.7 mg/l
nloroethane	400	80
nloroform	6	0.6
nlorpyrifos	2	
Noromethane	30	0.4
romium (total)	100	3
rysene	0.2	10
.,501.0	U.Z	0.02

Published under s. 35.93, Stats. Updated on the first day of each month. Entire code is always current. The Register date on each page
Register July 2015 No. 715

is the date the chapter was last published.

Table 1 – Continued Public Health Groundwater Quality Standards

Pu	iblic Health Groundwater Quality Standa	rds
Substance <sup>1</sup>	Enforcement Standard (micrograms per liter – except as noted)	Preventive Action Limit (microgran per liter – except as noted)
Cobalt	40	8
Copper	1300	130
Cyanazine	1	1.0
Cyanide, free <sup>4</sup>	200	40
Dacthal	70	14
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	0.05	0.005
Dibromochloromethane	60	6
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP)	0.2	0.02
Dibutyl phthalate	1000	100
Dicamba	300	60
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	600	60
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	600	120
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	75	15
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1000	200
1,1-Dichloroethane	850	85
1,2-Dichloroethane	5	0.5
I,1-Dichloroethylene	7	
1,2-Dichloroethylene (cis)	70	0.7
1,2~Dichloroethylene (trans)	100	7
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid (2,4-D)	70	20 7
1,2-Dichloropropane	5	
1,3—Dichloropropene (cis/trans)	0.4	0.5
Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	6	0.04
Dimethenamid/Dimethenamid-P	50	0.6
Dimethoate	2	5
.4-Dinitrotoluene	0.05	0.4
,6-Dinitrotoluene	0.05	0.005
Dinitrotoluene, Total Residues <sup>5</sup>	0.05	0.005
Dinoseb		0.005
,4-Dioxane	7 3	1.4
Dioxin (2, 3, 7, 8–TCDD)		0.3
ndrin	0.00003	0.000003
PTC	2	0.4
	250	50
thylbenzene	700	140
thyl ether	1000	100
thylene glycol	14 mg/l	2.8 mg/l
uoranthene	400	80
uorene uoride	400	80
	4 mg/l	0.8 mg/l
uorotrichloromethane	3490	698
ormaldehyde	1000	100
eptachlor	0.4	0.04
ptachlor epoxide	0.2	0.02
exachlorobenzene	I	0.1
Hexane	600	120
drogen sulfide	30	6
ad	15	1.5
ndane	0.2	0.02
inganese	300	60
reury	2	0.2

Published under s. 35.93, Stats. Updated on the first day of each month. Entire code is always current. The Register date on each page is the date the chapter was last published.

Register July 2015 No. 715

Table 1 - Continued
Public Health Groundwater Quality Standards

Substance <sup>1</sup>	Enforcement Standard (micrograms per liter – except as noted)	Preventive Action Limit (micrograms per liter – except as noted)
Methanol	5000	1000
Methoxychlor	40	4
Methylene chloride	5	0.5
Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)	4 mg/l	0.8 mg/l
Methyl isobutyl ketone (MIBK)	500	50
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	60	12
Metolachlor/s-Metolachlor	100	10
Metolachlor ethane sulfonic acid + oxanilic acid (Metolachlor - ESA + OXA)	1.3 mg/l	0.26 mg/l
Metribuzin	70	14
Molybdenum	40	8
Monochlorobenzene	100	20
Naphthalene	100	10
Nickel	100	20
Nitrate (as N)	10 mg/l	20 2 mg/l
Nitrate + Nitrite (as N)	10 mg/l	2 mg/l
Nitrite (as N)	I mg/I	0.2 mg/l
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	7	0.7
Pentachlorophenol (PCP)	1	0.1
Perchlorate	1	0.1
Phenol	2 mg/l	0.4 mg/l
Picloram	500	100
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	0.03	0.003
Prometon	100	20
Propazine	10	2
Pyrene	250	50
Pyridine	10	2
elenium	50	10
ilver	50	10
imazine	4	0.4
tyrene	100	10
ertiary Butyl Alcohol (TBA)	12	1.2
1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	70	7
1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.2	
etrachloroethylene	5	0.02
etrahydrofuran	50	0.5
nallium	2	10
luene	800	0.4
xaphene	3	160
2,4-Trichlorobenzene	70	0.3
, I – Trichloroethane		14
,2-Trichloroethane	200	40
chloroethylene (TCE)	5	0.5
,5-Trichlorophenoxy-propionic acid 2,4,5-TP)	5 50	0.5 5
,3-Trichloropropane	60	
fluralin	60	12
	7.5	0.75
methylbenzenes	480	96
,2,4- and 1,3,5- combined)		
adium	30	6

#### Table 1 – Continued Public Health Groundwater Quality Standards

Substance <sup>1</sup>	Enforcement Standard (micrograms per liter – except as noted)	Preventive Action Limit (micrograms per liter – except as noted)
Vinyl chloride	0.2	0.02
Xylene <sup>6</sup>	2 mg/l	0.4 mg/l

Appendix I contains Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) registry numbers, common synonyms and trade names for most substances listed in T able 1.

History: Cr. Register, September, 1985, No. 357, eff. 10-1-85; am. table 1, Register, October, 1988, No. 394, eff. 11-1-88; am. table 1, Register, September, 1990, No. 417, eff. 10-1-90; am. Register, January, 1992, No. 433, eff. 2-1-92; am. Table 1, Register, March, 1994, No. 459, eff. 4-1-94; am. Table 1, Register, August, 1995, No. 476, eff. 9-1-95; am. Table 1, Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 1-1-99; am. Table 1, boron, Register, December, 1998, No. 516, eff. 12-31-99; am. Table 1, Register, March, 2000, No. 531, eff. 4-1-00; CR 03-063; am Table 1, Register February 2004 No. 578, eff. 3-1-04; CR 02-095; am. Table 1, Register November 2006 No. 611, eff. 12-1-06; reprinted to correct errors in Table 1, Register January 2007 No. 613; CR 07-034; am. Table 1 Register January 2008 No. 625, eff. 2-1-08; CR 09-102; am. Table 1 Register December 2010 No. 660, eff. 1-1-11.

NR 140.12 Public welfare related groundwater standards. The groundwater quality standards for substances of public welfare concern are listed in Table 2.

Note: For each substance of public welfare concern, the preventive action limit is 50% of the established enforcement standard

Table 2 Public Welfare Groundwater Quality Standards

Substance	Enforcement Standard (milligrams per liter – except as noted)	Preventive Action Limit (milligrams per liter – except as noted)
Chloride	250	125
Color	15 color units	7.5 color units
Foaming agents MBAS (Methylene-Blue Active Substances)	0.5	0.25
Iron	0.3	0.15
Manganese	0.05	0.025
Odor	3	1.5
	(Threshold Odor No.)	(Threshold Odor No.)
Sulfate	250	125
Zinc	5	2.5

History: Cr. Register, September, 1985, No. 357, eff. 10-1-85; am. table 2, Register, October, 1990, No. 418, eff. 11-1-90; am. Table 2, Register, March, 1994, No. 459, eff. 4-1-94.

- NR 140.14 Statistical procedures. (1) If a preventive action limit or an enforcement standard for a substance listed in Table 1 or 2, an alternative concentration limit issued in accordance with s. NR 140.28 or a preventive action limit for an indicator parameter established according to s. NR 140.20 (2) is attained or exceeded at a point of standards application:
- (a) The owner or operator of the facility, practice or activity at which a standard is attained or exceeded shall notify the appropriate regulatory agency that a standard has been attained or exceeded; and
- (b) The regulatory agency shall require a response in accordance with the rules promulgated under s. 160.21, Stats. No response shall be required if it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the appropriate regulatory agency that a scientifically valid determination cannot be made that the preventive action limit or enforcement standard for a substance in Table 1 or 2 has been attained or exceeded based on consideration of sampling procedures or laboratory precision and accuracy, at a significance level of 0.05.
- (2) The regulatory agency shall use one or more valid statistical procedures to determine if a change in the concentration of a substance has occurred. A significance level of 0.05 shall be used for all tests.

- (3) In addition to sub. (2), the following applies when a preventive action limit or enforcement standard is equal to or less than the limit of quantitation:
- (a) If a substance is not detected in a sample, the regulatory agency may not consider the preventive action limit or enforcement standard to have been attained or exceeded.
- (b) If the preventive action limit or enforcement standard is less than the limit of detection, and the concentration of a substance is reported between the limit of detection and the limit of quantitation, the regulatory agency shall consider the preventive action limit or enforcement standard to be attained or exceeded only if:
- 1. The substance has been analytically confirmed to be present in the same sample using an equivalently sensitive analytical method or the same analytical method, and
- 2. The substance has been statistically confirmed to be present above the preventive action limit or enforcement standard, determined by an appropriate statistical test with sufficient samples at a significance level of 0.05.
- (c) If the preventive action limit or enforcement standard is between the limit of detection and the limit of quantitation, the regulatory agency shall consider the preventive action limit or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Total chlorinated atrazine residues includes parent compound and the following metabolites of health concern: 2-chloro-4-amino-6-isopropylamino-s-triazine (formerly deethylatrazine), 2-chloro-4-amino-6-ethylamino-s-triazine (formerly deisopropylatrazine) and 2-chloro-4,6-diamino-s-triazine (formerly diaminoatrazine).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Total coliform bacteria may not be present in any 100 ml sample using either the membrane filter (MF) technique, the presence-absence (P-A) coliform test, the minimal medium ONPG-MUG (MMO-MUG) test or not present in any 10 ml portion of the 10-tube multiple tube fermentation (MTF) technique.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> "Cyanide, free" refers to the simple cyanides (HCN, CN<sup>-</sup>) and /or readily dissociable metal-cyanide complexes. Free cyanide is regulatorily equivalent to cyanide quantified by approved analytical methods for "amenable cyanide" or "available cyanide".

Dinitrotoluene. Total Residues includes the dinitrotoluene (DNT) isomers: 2,3-DNT, 2,4-DNT, 2,5-DNT, 2,6-DNT, 3,4-DNT and 3,5-DNT,

<sup>6</sup> Xylene includes meta-, ortho-, and para-xylene combined

### **APPENDIX E/PROJECT DOCUMENTS**

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State of Wisconsin	
Department of Natural	Rescentes

# SOIL BORING LOG INFORMATION Form 4400-122 Rev. 7-98

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### SOIL BORING LOG INFORMATION Form 4400-122 Rev. 7-98

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Number and Type	Length Au. & d. Recovered (in)	Blow Counts	Depth in Feet	Soil/Rock Description And Geologic Origin For Each Major Unit	uscs	Graphic Log	Well Diagram	PID/PID	Compressive Strength	Moisture	Liquid Limit	Plasticity Index	P 200	RQD/ Commonts
Number And Type	Length		" was   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1111   1		nscs	Grapting	Well Diagram	п4/СТА	Compre	Moistu	Liquid	Plastics Plastics Index	P 200	RQD/ Commo
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State of Wisconsin	
Department of Natural	Resource

# SOIL BORING LOG INFORMATION Form 4400-122 Rev. 7-98

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This form is authorized by Chapters 281, 283, 289, 291, 292, 293, 295, and 299, Wis. Stats. Completion of this form is mandatory. Failure to file this form may result in forfeiture of between \$10 and \$25,000, or imprisonment for up to one year, depending on the program and conduct involved. Including where the completed form should be sent.

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Number and Type	Length Au. & do Recovered (in) @	Blow Counts	Depth in Feet	And	l Geol	ogic C	scriptic Origin Unit	For		USCS	Signary.	Log	Well Diagram	PID/FID	Compressive Strength	Moisture	Liquid	Marticipa	Index	P 200	RQD/ Comments	
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## S. WEBSTER AVENUE CHLORINATED INVESTIGATION

## TABLE 1 SUMMARY OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS **GROUNDWATER SAMPLES**

PARAMETER (µg/L)	ES	PAL	TW1	TW2	TW3	TW4
SAMPLE DATE					19/12	Leaven y Elektron
DETECTED VOCs (ug/l)			<u> </u>			<b>**</b>
BENZENE	5	0.5	0.99 "J"	<2.5	<5	16 "J"
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	0.6	0.06	1.84 "J"	<3.4	<6.8	<13.6
n-BUTYLBENZENE	-	-	<0.9	<4.5	<9	100
CHLOROFORM	6	0.6	4.3	4.9 "J"	9.5"J"	<9.8
cis-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	70	7	3.11	<3.7	11.1 "J"	281
ETHYLBENZENE	700	140	3.6	<3.9	30.8	360
ISOPROPYLBENZENE	-	-	<0.92	<4.6	<9.2	103
n-PROPYLBENZENE	-	-	0.6O "J" ·	<2.95	7.5 "J"	261
NAPHTHALENE	100	10	<120	<10.5	<21	255
TETRACHLOROETHENE	5	0.5	28.9	253	440	93
TOLUENE	800	160	1.23 "J"	<2.65	7.3 "J"	43
TRICHLOROETHENE	5	0.5	7.7	<2.35	32	480
1,2,4-TRIMETHLYBENZENE	480	96	5.1	<4	64	1970
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	(combined)	(combined)	<0.74	<3.7	15 "J"	540
m&p-XYLENE	2,000	400	4.7	<5.5	134	2300
o-XYLENE	2,000	400	<0.8	<4	9.2 "J"	130

ES = enforcement standard

"J" = Analyte detected between the limit of detection and the limit of quantification

 $\frac{II.I}{2300} = \text{sample concentration detected above the preventive action limit}$  = sample concentration detected above the enforcement standard

State of Wisconsin

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Northeast Region Headquarters

2984 Shawano Avenue

Green Bay WI 54313-6727

Scott Walker, Governor Cathy Stepp, Secretary Jean Romback-Bartels, Regional Director Telephone 920-662-5100 FAX 920-662-5413 TTY Access via relay - 711



February 12, 2013

Mr. Mark Amundson 6426 Nero Rd Sobieski WI 54171-9747

Subject:

Reported Contamination at 1404 S Webster Ave-LUST, 1404 S Webster Ave,

Allouez Vil, WI

WDNR BRRTS Activity # 03-05-560082

Dear Mr. Amundson:

On February 11, 2013, Robert Klauk of the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources ("WDNR), on behalf of Mark Amundson, notified the WDNR that petroleum contamination had been detected at the site described above.

Based on the information that has been submitted to the WDNR regarding this site, we believe you are responsible for investigating and restoring the environment at the above-described site under Section 292.11, Wisconsin Statutes, known as the hazardous substances spills law.

This letter describes the legal responsibilities of a person who is responsible under Section 292.11, explains what you need to do to investigate and clean up the contamination, and provides you with information about cleanups, environmental consultants, possible financial assistance, and working cooperatively with the WDNR, Department of Safety and Professional Services (DSPS) or the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (DATCP).

### Legal Responsibilities:

Your legal responsibilities are defined both in statute and in administrative codes. The hazardous substances spill law, Section 292.11 (3) Wisconsin Statutes, states:

RESPONSIBILITY. A person who possesses or controls a hazardous substance which
is discharged or who causes the discharge of a hazardous substance shall take the
actions necessary to restore the environment to the extent practicable and minimize the
harmful effects from the discharge to the air, lands, or waters of the state.



February 12, 2013 Mr. Mark Amundson BRRTS #03-05-560082

Wisconsin Administrative Code chapters NR 700 through NR 749 establish requirements for emergency and interim actions, public information, site investigations, design and operation of remedial action systems, and case closure. Wisconsin Administrative Code chapter NR 140 establishes groundwater standards for contaminants that reach groundwater.

#### Steps to Take:

The longer contamination is left in the environment, the farther it can spread and the more it may cost to clean up. Quick action may lessen damage to your property and neighboring properties and reduce your costs in investigating and cleaning up the contamination. To ensure that your cleanup complies with Wisconsin's laws and administrative codes, you should hire a professional environmental consultant who understands what needs to be done. These are the first steps to take:

- 1. Within the next **30 days,** by March 14, 2013, you should submit <u>written</u> verification (such as a letter from the consultant) that you have hired an environmental consultant. If you do not take action within this time frame, the WDNR may initiate enforcement action against you.
- 2. Within the next **60 days,** by April 14, 2013, your consultant should submit a work plan and schedule for the investigation. The consultant must comply with the requirements in the NR 700 Wis. Adm. Code rule series and should adhere to current WDNR technical guidance documents.

In addition, within 30 days of completion of the site investigation, your consultant should submit a site investigation report to the department or other agency with administrative authority.

For sites with petroleum contamination, when your investigation has established the degree and extent of contamination, your consultant will be able to determine whether the Department of Commerce or the WDNR has authority over the case. For agrichemicals, your case will be transferred to the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection for oversight.

Sites where discharges to the environment have been reported are entered into the Bureau for Remediation and Redevelopment Tracking System ("BRRTS"), a version of which appears on the WDNR's internet site. You may view the information related to your site at any time (<a href="http://dnr.wi.gov/botw/SetUpBasicSearchForm.do">http://dnr.wi.gov/botw/SetUpBasicSearchForm.do</a>) and use the feedback system to alert us to any errors in the data.

If you want a formal written response from the department on a specific submittal, please be aware that a review fee is required in accordance with ch. NR 749, Wis. Adm. Code. If a fee is not submitted with your reports, you should proceed under the advice of your consultant to complete the site investigation and cleanup to maintain your compliance with the spills law and chapters NR 700 through NR 749. **Do not delay the investigation of your site by waiting for an agency response.** We have provided detailed technical guidance to environmental consultants. Your consultant is expected to know our technical procedures and administrative rules and should be able to answer your questions on meeting cleanup requirements.

All correspondence regarding this site should be sent to:

Robert Klauk
Remediation and Redevelopment Program
Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources
2984 Shawano Ave
Green Bay WI 54313-6727
robert.klauk@wisconsin.gov

Unless otherwise requested, please send only one hard copy of plans and reports. In addition to the paper copy, an electronic copy may also be submitted to assist the WDNR with site evaluation and discussions. A hard copy of any attachments sent electronically must be submitted for the information to be included in the site file, regardless of size. To speed processing, correspondence should reference the BRRTS and FID numbers (if assigned) shown at the top of this letter.

### Vapor Intrusion:

Chapter NR 716, Wisconsin Administrative Code outlines the requirements for investigation of contamination in the environment. Specifically, s. NR 716.11(3)(a) requires that the field investigation determine the "nature, degree and extent, both areal and vertical, of the hazardous substances or environmental pollution in all affected media". In addition, section 716.11(5) specifies that the field investigation include an evaluation of the "pathways for migration of the contamination, including drainage improvements, utility corridors, bedrock and permeable material or soil along which vapors, free product or contaminated water may flow".

In order to ensure the vapor intrusion pathway is evaluated, you need to include documentation within the Site Investigation Report that explains how the assessment was done and why the pathway was ruled out. If the pathway cannot be ruled out, then investigation and, if appropriate, remedial action must be taken to address the risk presented prior to submitting the site for closure.

The DNR has developed guidance to help RP's and their consultants comply with the requirements described above. The guidance includes a detailed explanation of how to assess the vapor intrusion pathway and provides criteria which identify when an investigation is necessary. The guidance is available at: <a href="http://dnr.wi.gov/org/aw/rr/archives/pubs/RR800.pdf">http://dnr.wi.gov/org/aw/rr/archives/pubs/RR800.pdf</a>.

## Additional Information for Site Owners:

We encourage you to visit our website at <a href="http://dnr.wi.gov/org/aw/rr">http://dnr.wi.gov/org/aw/rr</a>, where you can find information on selecting a consultant, financial assistance and understanding the cleanup process. You will also find information there about liability clarification letters, post-cleanup liability and more.

Information to help you select a consultant, materials on controlling costs, understanding the cleanup process, and choosing a site cleanup method are enclosed. In addition, Fact Sheet 2 – Voluntary Party Remediation and Exemption from Liability is enclosed and provides information on obtaining protection of limited liability under s. 292.15, Wis. Stats.

If you have questions, call Robert Klauk at 920-662-5161 for more information or visit the RR web site at the address above.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Denise D. Danelski Brownfields Outreach/Environmental Program Associate Remediation & Redevelopment Program

Enclosures:

- 1. Remediation & Redevelopment Program
- 2. CLEAN (Contaminated Lands Environmental Action Network) .
- 3. Environmental Contamination The Basics
- 4. Selecting an Environmental Consultant
- 5. Environmental Services Contractor List
- 6. Fact Sheet 2, VPLE
- 7. Information about PECFA

cc: Robert Klauk - NER

FAX NO. :9203362352

HANSEN'S SOUTH WEBSTER AVENUE DAIRY STORE 8-WM NO/ND/ND/ND/ND MW-601 GARLAND STREET ND/91/55/40/480 SP-3 MW-7 SP-4 NDINDINDINDIND MW-6 2200/820/370/9500/1810 ND/880/410/32/1620 84/290/190/400/1130 E-WM MIV-9 270/190/97/3000/410 MW-2 ALLEY ND/45/100/30/670 MW-1 SP-5 KKOTHOLE ÉCOKSTORE MW-4 MW-5 NDIND/NDIND/ND DNIONIONIONION LEGEND MENITORING WELL SOIL BORING SP-2 SOIL PROBE ND/45/100/30/670 BENZENE/ETHYLBENZENE/NAPHTHALENE/TOLUENE/TRIMETHYLBENZENE APPROXIMATE SCALE DATA OBTAINED 06/11/03 PROJECT KNOTHOLE BOOKS NRP ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS, INC. FIGURE 9-EXTENT OF GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION

TABLE I SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS RESULTS

Parameter				MM-1				WDNR	WDNR
(ppb)	04/02/97	09/12/02	12/11/02	03/26/03	06/11/03	09/16/04	12/16/04	PAL	ES
BENZENE	ND	5.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	СИ	0.5	5
ETHYLBENZENE	96	38	70	230	45	14	43	140	700
MTBE	ND	4.8	12	18	9.4	ND	ND	12	60
NAPHTHALENE	320	130	150	200	100	74	260	8	40
TOLUENE	1500	68	36	330	30	6.7	36	200	1000
TRIMETHYLBENZENES	1550	770	940	870	670	428	1040	96	480
TOTAL XYLENES	7200	2300	2590	4100	560	920	3090	1000	10000
TRICHLOROETHENE	ND	NA	NA.	NA	NA	ND	ND	0.5	5
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ND	NA	АИ	АИ	NA	5.7	ND	0.5	5
TOTAL LEAD	95	NA	NA	NA	АИ	NA	NA	1.5	15

Parameter				MW-2				WDNR PAL	WDNR ES
(ppb)	04/02/97	09/12/02	12/11/02	03/26/03	06/11/03	09/16/04	12/16/04	CAD	25
BENZENE	3100	15	49	220	84	1.8	23	0.5	5
ETHYLBENZENE	1000	46	160	200	290	1.3	66	140	700
MTBE	ND	1.3	5.0	12	6.2	ND	ND	12	60
NAPHTHALENE	410	40	110	240	190	3.9	49	8	40
TOLUENE	7900	44	140	640	400	2.0	61	200	1006
TRIMETHYLBENZENES	2070	2 <b>7</b> 9	810	940	1130	23	236	96	480
TOTAL KYLENES	5400	235	1000	2720	1670	22.1	300	1000	10000
TRICHLOROETHENE	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ND	0.5	5
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.1	ND	0.5	5
TOTAL LEAD	43	АN	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	1.5	15

NOTEA:

NOTEST

Fig. \* parts por billion

MOTES FAL \* MOTES NO 140 Freventive Action Limit

WINE EA \* WORE NO 140 Enforcement Clandard

NE \* Not described

NA \* Dot Complet for

E \* Complet for but not desected above FAL

TABLE I SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS RESULTS

Parameter				MW-3				WDNR	WDNR
(ppc)	04/02/97	09/12/02	12/11/02	03/06/03	06/11/03	09/16/04	12/16/04	PAL	E8
BENZENE	850	180	170	140	270	170	180	0.5	5
ETHYLBENZENE	1500	550	290	240	90	660	800	140	700
MTBE	ND	ND	ND	6,3	МÐ	ND	18	12	60
NASHTHALENE	340	54	52	48	97	130	170	8	40
TOLUENE	8500	2600	1900	200	3000	1900	1600	200	1000
TRIMETHYLBENZENES	1660	550	328	261	410	650	680	96	430
TOTAL XYLENES	6700	3100	1690	650	212C	2180	2080	1000	10000
TRICHLOROSTHENE	ND	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	NA	0.5	5
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ND	NA	NA	NA	NΑ	NА	NA	0.5	5
TCTAL LEAD	11	AN	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.5	15

Farameter	141			. MM-4				WDMR	WDNR ES
(dqq)	04/02/97	09/12/02	12/11/02	03/26/03	06/11/03	09/16/04	12/16/04	PAL	65
BENZENE	CH	ND	СМ	ND	СИ	NA	NA	0.5	5
ETHYLBENZENE	ND	. ND	ND	ND	СИ	NA	АN	140	700
MTBE	MD	ND	ND	ND	ND	АИ	NA	12	60
NAPHTHALENE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	AN	NA	8	40
TOLUENE	ND	ND	ND	NO	ND	NA	NA	200	1000
TRIMETHYLBENZENES	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	AN	NA	96	480
TOTAL KYLENES	ND	ИD	ND	DИ	ND	AИ	NA	1000	10000
TPICHLORGETHENE	ND	ΝΑ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.5	5
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ND	NA	AN	NA <sub>.</sub>	АМ	NA	NA	C.5	5
TOTAL LEAD	7.2	AN	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.5	15

TABLE I SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS RESULTS

Parameter				MW-5				WDNP	WDMR
(dqq)	04/02/97	09/12/02	12/11/02	03/26/03	06/11/03	09/16/04	12/16/04	PAL	ES
BENZENE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	0.5	5
ETHYLBENZENE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	140	700
MTBE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	АИ	NA	12	60
NAPHTHALENE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	8	40
TOLUENE	ND	NC .	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	200	1000
TRIMETHYLBENZENES	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	96	480
TOTAL XYLENES	ИD	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	1000	10000
TRICHLOROETHENE	ND	АИ	NA	NA	NA	NA	АN	0.5	5
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ND	AИ	NA	N.A	NA	NA	NA	0.5	5
TOTAL LEAD	5.3	NA	ĄИ	AN	NA	NA	NA	1.5	15

Parameter				MW-6				WDNR	WDNR ES
(dqq)	06/25/97	09/12/02	12/11/02	03/26/03	06/11/03	09/16/04	12/16/04	PAL	E5
BENZENE	3700	2000	АИ	2200	2200	1800	2500	0.5	5
ETHYLBENZENE	1500	1100	NA	990	820	130	210	140	700
MTBE	ND	ИD	NA	ND	ИО	ND	ND	12	60
NAPHTHALENE	300	400	АИ	420	370	630	580	8	40
TOLUENE	11000	9400	AИ	10000	9500	5100	7600	200	1000
TRIMETHYLBENZENES	1880	1630	ΝΑ	1770	1810	4100	3400	96	480
TOTAL XYLENES	7700	7300	NA	8100	7800	8000	8200	1000	10000
TRICHLOROETHENE	ИD	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	ИО	0.5	5
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ND	NA	NA	NA	ΝΑ	ИD	ND	0.5	5
TOTAL LEAD	160	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NА	1.5	15

NOTES:

NEW \* posts per fillion

NEW FAL \* WINE NA 140 Preventive Action Limit

WINE FO \* WINE NA 140 Enforcement Standard

NE \* Hor estartished

NE \* B \* Complet for

\* \* Complet for but not detected above FAL

TABLE I SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS RESULTS

Parameter				MW - 7				WDNR	WDNR
(dqq)	06/25/97	09/12/02	12/11/02	03/26/03	06/11/03	09/16/04	12/16/04	PAL	ES
BENZENE	ND	ИО	ND	СИ	ND	NA	NA	C.5	5
ETHYLBENZENE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	АИ	140	700
MTBE	ND	ND	ND	ИD	ND	АИ	NA	12	60
NAPHTHALENE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ИD	АИ	NА	8	40
TOLUENE	ND	N.D.	ND	ND	ND	AN	NA	200	1000
TRIMETHYLBENZENES	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	N.A.	AN	96	480
TOTAL XYLENES	ND	ИД	ND	NS	ND	NA.	NA	1000	10000
TRICHLORGETHENE	ND	NA	AN	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.5	5
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ND	NA	AN	NА	NA	NΑ	NA	0.5	5
TOTAL LEAD	3.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.5	15

Farameter (ppb)				MM-8				WDNR PAL	WDNR ES
(550)	06/23/98	09/12/02	12/11/02	03/26/03	06/11/03	C9/16/04	12/16/04	FAL	Lea.)
BENZENE	CN	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	0.5	5
ETHYLBENZENS	ND	ИО	ИD	ND	ND	АИ	NA	140	700
MTBE	ND	ИD	ND	ND	DN	AИ	NА	12	60
NAPHTHALENE	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	AN	ΝA	6	40
TOLUENE	ND	NC	ND	MD	ND	ΝΑ	NA	200	1000
TRIMETHYLBENZENES	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	9 ć	480
10TAL XYLENES	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	ΝΑ	1000	10000
TRICHLOROETHENE	ОИ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NΑ	NA	0.5	5
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ПП	NА	АИ	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.5	5
TOTAL LEAD	AИ	AN	АИ	AN	NA	NA	NA	1.5	15

ITELE:

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TABLE I SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ANALYSIS RESULTS

Parameter				MM -	- 9				WDNP.	WDNR
(dqq)	06/23/98	10/05/01	09/12/02	12/11/02	03/26/03	06/11/03	09/16/04	12/16/04	PAL	ES
BENZENE	9.5	ND	3.6	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA	0.5	5
ETHYLBENZENE	350	600	49	700	780	880	NA	AN	140	700
MTBE	ND	24	9.3	25	48	43	AN	NA	12	60
NAPHTHALENE	100	270	61	270	330	410	АИ	NA	œ	40
TOLUENE	47	18	5.4	14	15	32	NA	NA	260	1000
TRIMETHYLBENZENES	510	830	309	. 960	1070	1220	AN	NA	96	480
TOTAL XYLENES	2050	3440	1110	4330	4900	5500	NA	NA	1000	10000
TRICHLOROETHENE	43	NΆ	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA	NA	0.5	5
TETRACHLOROETHENE	870	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.5	5
TOTAL LEAD	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	ŊĀ	NA	NA	1.5	15

Parameter	₩-600				WDNR	WONR ES		
(ppb)	09/12/02	12/11/02	03/26/03	06/11/03	09/16/04	12/16/04	PAL	
BENZENE	33	ИD	1500	ND	68	8.0	0.5	5
ETHYLBENZENE	500	3.0	1500	91	330	280	140	700
MTBE.	ND	NO	ND	13	ND	NC	12	60
NAPHTHALENE	340	25	1200	55	260	360	8	40
TOLUENE	1300	3.8	11000	110	700	310	200	1000
TRIMETHYLBENZENES	2460	69	3000	480	1530	2150	96	480
TOTAL XYLENES	5400	43	8800	490	2280	3140	1000	10000
TRICHLOROETHENE	ДŊ	NA	АИ	NA	NA	NA	0.5	5
TETRACHLOROETHENE	NA	AИ	NA	NΑ	NA	NA	0.5	5
TOTAL LEAD	АИ	AИ	NA.	NA	NA	NA	1.5	15

inted:

iph \* pirth per million

LIME FALL - NINE 98 140 Preventive Aution Limit

ALIES E. - NIME 140 Entercement Standard

LI - Nime Asterned

LE - this completed

A \* this Complete for

\* Standard for both oppies for our more detected above PAL

TABLE IV
SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS

#### Groundwater Elevations Obtained 06/11/03

	Top Of Screen	Top Of Casing	Tapth To	Groundwater
<u> 11:11                                </u>	<u>Elevation</u>	Elevation	<u>Groundwater</u>	<ul> <li>Elevation</li> </ul>
11N-1	59.61	99.63'	14.46'	79.67*
MN - 2	98.3 <b>'</b>	98.34"	18.00*	80.34'
1:05-3	85.61	95.64*	20.05'	75.591
77-4	89.01	97.97*	21.761	74.19
.15-5	90.41	99.35*	15.401	73.931
]. [**] — ş²	90.61	100.591	25.241	75.33*
;·:··:- 7	T 0	68.07	10.60'	77.47'
NW-8	77	67.23 <b>'</b>	11.80"	75.43'
239-9	୨୫. <b>୫</b> "	98.60'	23.06"	75.541
$(-1)^{-1} = (-1)^{-1}$	93.31	93.31'	17.66'	75.65'

#### Groundwater Elevations Obtained 03/25/03

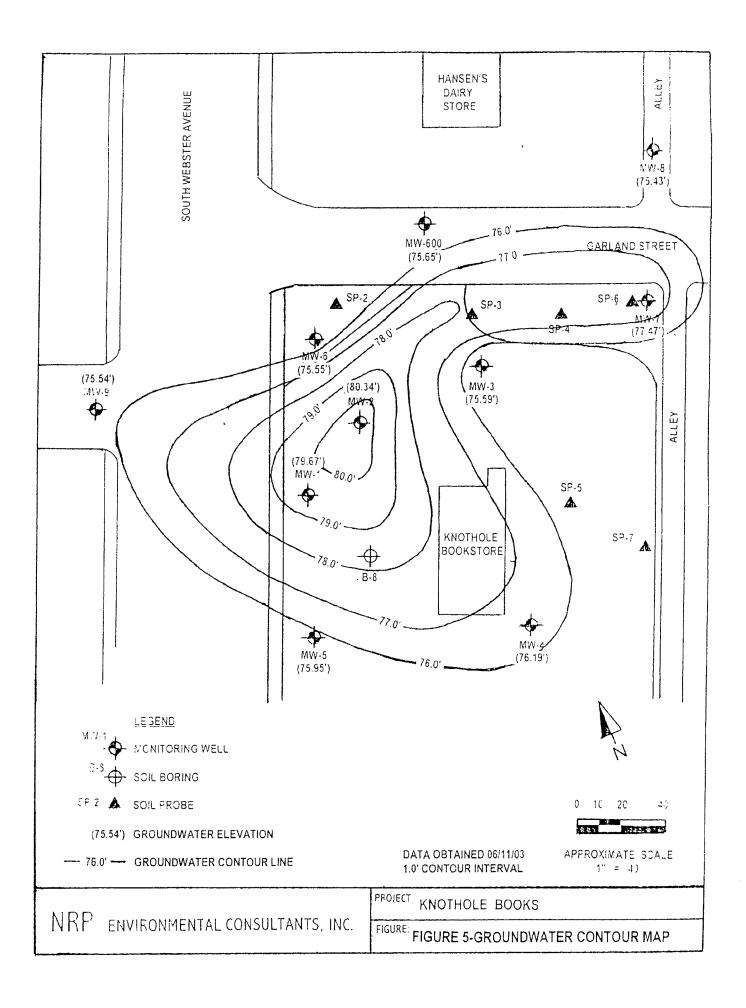
	Top Of Screen	Top Of Casing	Depth To	Groundwater
<u> 2011 보</u>	Elevation	<u>Elevation</u>	<u>Groundwater</u>	<u>Elevation</u>
)::V = 1	83.61	99.63'	22.52'	77.11'
NIW-2	88.3°	98.34'	19.26	79.08'
XXV = 3	£5.6'	95.64'	20.70'	74.94'
NW-4	€ 8 . C'	97.97'	22.49"	75.48*
:: N - 5	89.41	99.35*	24.00'	75.36
NN-6	50.61	100.39'	25.89*	74.70'
70X-7	78.01	85.07*	12.89*	75.381
100-8	77.21	£7.23°	11.83*	75.401
1110-0	88.61	93.60'	23.62'	74.981
1005 - 650 C	43.3'	93.31'	18.65*	74.66'

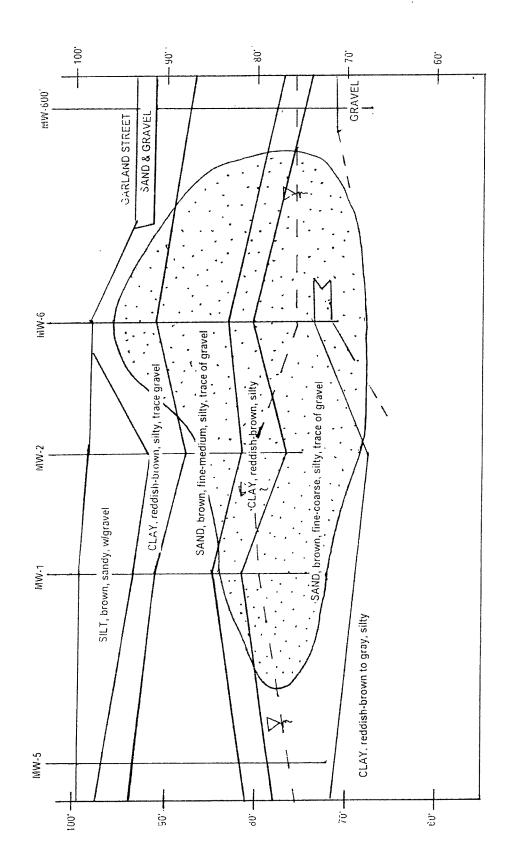
#### Groundwater Elevations Obtained 12/11/02

	Top Of Screen	Top Of Casing	Lepth To	Groundwater
<u> 22-11 #</u>	Elavation	Elevation	<u> Proundwaret</u>	<u>Elevanion</u>
113/-1	রর, % *	99.63'	19.83'	£0.00'
107 - 3	48.3°	98.34"	17.52	80.82"
1197 - 3	43.61	95.64*	12,331	73.651
111/2 - 4	48.01	97.971	21.41	'e.l('
NV-5	F3.41	99.35	33.34*	76.01'
1	90.61	100.591	***	· ·
"	78.21	88. <b>07'</b>	11.301	76.73'
734 - 4	- 7 - 7 t	67.23'	12 4 5 f	74.83'
155-9	88.81	98.601	22.881	75.721
$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right)^{2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{2}$	£3.31	93.31'	17.771	75.541

#### Groundwater Elevations Obtained 09/12/02

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Top Of Otreen <u>Elevation</u>	Top Of Casing Elevation	Depth To Groundwater	Groundwater Elevation
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	99.63'	19.06'	80.55!
'>	5.7.0	33.03	15.35	00.00
11	89.3°	98.341	17.06'	81.281
	33.81	93.641	19.47	^8.17 <b>'</b>
77.	22,21	97.971	21.361	74.61
	->.4*	93.331	02.61	78.44'
$(N + \epsilon)$	≥0.8°	100.391	20.11	76.15'
: "V = "	= 9.0°	88.071	10.93'	77.35'
Trans.	~ ~ . <u>~ </u> *	87.231	11.37	75.26
77-9	98.8°	93.601	22,401	74.20
$(27 + \epsilon, -1) \cdot )$	43.31	93.31'	17.411	75.90"





APPROXIMATE EXTENT OF PETROLEUM CONTAMINATION HORIZONTAL SCALF 1" = 30' VERTICAL SCALE 1" = 10"

FIGURE 7-NORTH-SOUTH GEOLOGIC CROSS-SECTION

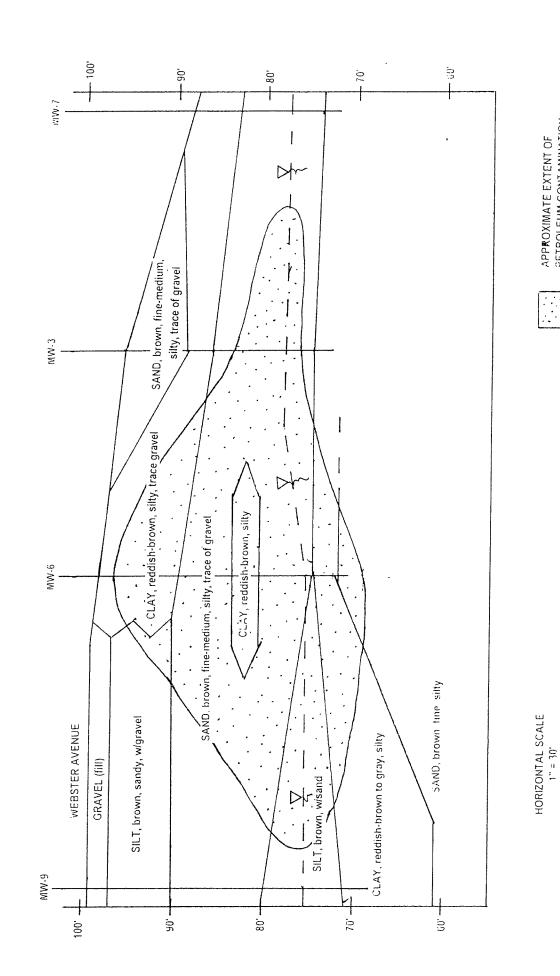


FIGURE 8-EAST-WEST GEOLOGIC CROSS-SECTION

VERTICAL SCALE 1" - 10'

APPROXIMATE EXTENT OF PETROLEUM CONTAMINATION

### APPENDIX F/HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

SAFETY PLAN INFORMATION						
Code: METCO METCO Project No						
Company Name: METCO						
Contact:						
Last Name: Powell	Jason					
Salutation:	First Name:					
	709 Gillette Street, Suite 3					
P.O. Box	Street: Zip Code: 54603-0000					
City: La Crosse	Phone: 781-8879 Fax: (608)781-8893					
Area code: 608	Titolie. 101 0010					
SITE	EINFORMATION					
Site Name: 1404 S Webster Avenue - LUST						
Site 1404 S Webster Avenue	Site Address City: Green Bay					
Address: Site Address State: WI Site Address Zip Code:	54301 Site Address County: Brown					
WDNR Contact: Alex Edler	Fire Dept. Contact: Green Bay					
Project Date: 10/1/2016	Tank Removal Contractor:					
General Contractor: METCO						
TAN	NK INFORMATION					
Tank Sizes\Contents						
Tank 1: 2000 Contents: Gasoline	Age: Removed					
Tank 2: 2000 Contents: Gasoline	Age: Removed					
Tank 3: Contents:	Age:					
Tank 4: Contents:	Age:					
Tank 5: Contents:	Age:					
Tank 6: Contents:	Age:					
	CTIVITY (Check all appropriate)  Install Tank Leak Detection					
	nk Closure Install Fank Leak Detection Install Fank Leak Detection Install Spill Protection					
Petroleum Release Investigation Inst	tall Remedial System 🔲 Install Overfill Protection 🔲					
Leak Detection Testing Install Monotoring Wells Install Kard System U Other						
Background formation stalls Complete Ir						

TYPE OF SITE

#### SITE HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

POTENTAIL HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARDS (check all appropriate)						
Handling\transfer of  * Fire  * Explosions  General Constructio  * Electrical Haz  * Physical Injur  Confined Space Ent  * Explosions  Description of site-s  Underground utilities	on:  zards  y try:   pecific hazards (utilitie	Heavy Equipment:   Noise:   Oxygen Depletion:   Excavation:   * Cave-ins * Falls, slips Poisonous plants:   Other (Specify): s, terrain, etc.):	Snakes: Insects: Rodents: Cold:			
	EVALUATION	OF CHEMICAL HAZARDS (MS	SDS sheets attached)			
NAME	PHYSICAL STATE	ROUTE OF ENTRY	OSHA PEL/TLV	SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE		
1.	Vapor/Liq	Inh/Skin	25-300PPM	Nausea, Irritation		
<ol> <li>Gasoline</li> <li>PCE</li> <li>TCE</li> </ol>	Liqiud/Vapor	Inh/Skin	50 - 300 PPM	Irritation of eyes, nose and throat		
	ON-SITI	E PERSONNEL RESPONSIBILI	TIES			
Team Member  1. Jason Powell  2. Eric Dahl  3. Jon Jensen  4. Matt Michalski		Responsibilities Site Project Mar Hydrogeologist Staff Scientist Hydrogeologist				
	METHOD 1	O CONTROL POTENTIAL HEA	ALTH AND SAFETY HAZARDS			
		MONITORING INSTR	UMENTS			
Combustible Gas Inc	dicator:					
Action Levels 0-10%   FI   No Fx Action Levels Normal: Oxygen Deficient: Oxygen Deficient: Photoionization Detec	21% Less than 21% Less than 19.5%	Evacuat	ealth & Safety Officer e Detector Tubes:			

#### SITE HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT				
Minimum Requirements  1. Hardhat 2. Safety glasses\goggles 3. Steel toes\shank shoes or boots 4. Flame retardant coveralls 5. Hearing protection (muffs or ear plugs)				
Is additional PPE required? yes: no: 🗹				
Additional Requirements Uncoated tyvek coveralls: Saranex tyvek coveralls: Rubber boots:  Overboots: Surgical Inner Gloves: Butyl Neoprene\nitrile outer gloves:  Full face respirators:  * type of catrridge:  * SCBA \ SAR:  Other:  Other:  Other:				
Level of protection designated A: D B: C: D D: D				
SITE CONTROL				
Work Zones  Support Zone: Beyond a 25' Radius of drilling or excavation and upwind of operation  Contamination Reduction Zone: Between 15 foot and 25 foot Radius of drilling or excavation  Exclusion Zone: Within 15 feet Radius of excavation or machine operation				
Site Entry Procedure: Obtain approval and instructions from Project Leader.  Decontaminations Procedures:				
Personnel: Remove protective equipment and wash hands prior to eating.				
Equipment: Wash with brush and Alconox soap and rinsed with portable water.				
Investigation-derived material disposal  Stockpiling: The soils will be placed on and covered with plastic. The client will determine the stockpile location, but will have to be approved by the Project Manager. Soils will be disposed of by the most efficient and cost effective approved method.  DOT drums: Label drums as to content and date filled. Routinely inspect drums for leakage or spills. Place together in area where movement is at a minimum.				
Work Limitations: Daylight hours. No eating, drinking, or smoking in the exclusion zone or the contamination reduction zone.				
Employee Limitations:				
Site Resources Plan Approved by: Shower:				

#### SITE HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

#### **CONTINGENCY PLANNING**

LOCAL RESOURCES Phone Number 911 Ambulance: Green Bay Hospital Emergency Room: St Vincent Hospital (920) 433-0111 (800) 222-1222 Poison Control Center: Milwaukee Police Green Bay 911 911 Green Bay Fire Dept: 800-943-0003 Wisconsin **Hazardous Waste Response Center:** EPA 800-424-8802

Location Address: 1404 S Webster Avebue, Green Bay, WI 54986

#### **EMERGENCY ROUTES (attach maps)**

St Vincent Hospital (835 S Van Buren St, Green Bay, WI 54301) - Turn left onto S Webster Ave and travel north 0.5 miles to Porlier St, turn left onto Porlier St and travel 500 feet west to S Van Buren St, turn right onto S Van Buren St and travel north 300 feet and hospital will be on the right.

Other:

#### **EMERGENCY PROCEDURES**

If an emergency develops at the site, the discoverer will take the following course of action:

\* Notify the proper emergency service (fire, police, etc.) for assistance.

\* Notify other personnel on the site. Notify Project Leader.

\* Contact METCO and the client representative to inform them of the incident as soon as possible.

\* Prepare a summary report of the incident for METCO and the client representative.

ON-SITE ORGANIZATION		PHONE NUMBERS
METCO Project Leader: Jason Powell	work	608-781-8879
	home	608-526-6108
METCO Safety Officer: Linda Eastman	work	1-800-236-0448
Engineer/Architect Contact:	home	(608)489-2236
Client Contact: Lee Amundson		(920) 468-2564
METCO Corporate Contact: Paul Knower	home	(608)489-2659
	work	1-800-236-0448

# DAILY SAFETY PLAN CHECK

- 1. Hard-hat
- 2. Visible fire extinguisher
- 3. Safety glasses
- 4. Hearing protection
- 5. No smoking on site
- 6. Safety data sheet
- 7. Route to hospital
- 8. Barricades (cones, flags, fences, vehicle)
- 9. Emegency phone numbers
- 10. Know where the job site book is

### APPENDIX G/QUALIFICATIONS

### Ronald J. Anderson, P.G.

#### **Professional Titles**

- · Senior Hydrogeologist
- · Project Manager

#### Credentials

- Licensed Professional Geologist in Wisconsin
- · Licensed Professional Geologist in Minnesota
- Recognized by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (Chapter NR712) as a qualified Hydrogeologist
- Certified by State of Wisconsin/DSPS to conduct PECFA-funded LUST projects
- Certified tank closure site assessor (#41861) in Wisconsin
- · Member of the Wisconsin Groundwater Association
- Member of the Minnesota Groundwater Association
- · Member of the Federation of Environmental Technologist, Inc.
- · Member of the Wisconsin Fabricare Institute

#### Education

Includes a BA in Earth Science from the University of Minnesota-Duluth. Applicable courses successfully completed include Hydrogeology, Applied Hydrogeology, Environmental Geology, Geological Field Methods, Geology Field Camp, Geomorphology, Structural Geology, Stratigraphy/Tectonics, Mineralogy/Petrology, Glacial/Quaternary Geology, Geology of North America, Oceanography, General Chemistry, Organic Chemistry, and Environmental Conservation

#### Post-Graduate Education

Includes Personnel Protection and Safety, Conducting Comprehensive Environmental Property Assessments, Groundwater Flow and Well Hydraulics, Effective Techniques for Contaminated Groundwater Treatment, and numerous other continuing education classes and conferences.

#### Work Experience

Includes nine months with the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Leaking Underground Storage Tank Program regulating LUST sites and since June 1990, with METCO as a Hydrogeologist and Project Manager. Duties have included: managing, conducting, and reporting tank closure assessments; property assessment, LUST investigations; spill investigations; agricultural chemical investigations, dry cleaning chemical investigations, general geotechnical/environmental investigations; Geoprobe projects (soil, groundwater, soil gas sampling); drilling projects (soil boring and monitoring wells); and remedial projects. Since 1989, METCO has sampled/consulted over 1,465 environmental sites.

### Jason T. Powell

#### **Professional Title**

· Staff Scientist

#### Credentials

 Recognized by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (Chapter NR712) as a qualified Scientist.

#### **Education**

Includes a BS in Groundwater Management from the University of Wisconsin- Stevens Point. Applicable courses successfully completed include Hydrogeology, Applied Hydrogeology, Environmental Geology, Hydrogeology-Groundwater Flow Modeling, Groundwater Management, Structural Geology, Mineralogy, Glacial Geology, Soils, Soil Physics, Hydrology, Geochemistry, Water Chemistry, Organic Chemistry, General Chemistry, Environmental Issues.

#### **Post-Graduate Education**

40-hour OSHA Hazardous Materials Safety Training course with 8-hour refresher course.

#### **Work Experience**

With METCO since May 1992 as a Geoprobe Assistant and Geoprobe Operator. In June 1995 to July 1996 as a Environmental Technician. In July 1996 as a Staff Scientist. Duties have included: LUST investigations; general geotechnical/environmental investigations; Geoprobe projects (soil, groundwater sampling); drilling projects (soil boring and monitoring wells); remedial projects (sampling, pilot tests, system operation/maintenance) and project management.

#### Eric J. Dahl

#### **Professional Title**

· Hydrogeologist

#### Credentials

- Recognized by the State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (Chapter NR712) as a qualified Hydrogeologist.
- Registered through the Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services as a PECFA consultant (#823519).

#### Education

Includes B.S. in Geology from the University of Wisconsin-Eau Claire. Applicable courses successfully completed include Environmental Geology, Physical Hydrogeology, Chemical Hydrogeology, Computer Modeling in Hydrogeology, Aqueous Geochemistry, Field Geology I and II, Mineralogy and Petrology I and II, Sedimentology and Stratigraphy, Petroleum and Economic Geology, Earth Resources, Earth History, and Structural Geology.

#### **Post-Graduate Education**

40-hour OSHA Hazardous Materials Safety Training course with 8-hour refresher course.

#### Work Experience

With METCO since November 1999 as a Hydrogeologist. Duties have included: Site Investigations, Phase I and Phase II Environmental Site Assessments, Case Closure Requests/GIS Registry, Geoprobe projects (oversight, direction, and sampling), drilling projects/monitoring well installation (oversight, direction, and sampling), soil excavation projects (oversight, direction, and sampling), Geoprobe operation, and operation and maintenance of remedial systems.

### Thomas P. Pignet, P.E.

#### **Professional Titles**

- Chemical Engineer
- Industrial Engineer

#### Credentials

· Licensed Professional Engineer in Wisconsin

#### Education

Undergraduate: B.S. in Chemical Engineering from the University of Wisconsin. Applicable courses include the standard chemistry curriculum - basic, physical, organic, etc. - plus engineering transport phenomena, chemical unit operations (e.g. separations), fluid mechanics, etc.

#### **Post-Graduate Education**

Ph.D. in Chemical Engineering from the University of Minnesota - with applicable special training in absorption & catalysis; M.S. in Industrial Engineering from the University of Wisconsin - Milwaukee - with special emphasis on statistical techniques and data analysis. Applicable further training: continuing education, semester-length courses in [1] Understanding Environmental & Safety Regulation; [2] Hazardous & Toxic Waste Management; plus a number of 1-2 day workshops - Fire & Explosion Safety; Small Quantity Generations of Hazardous Waste.

#### **Work Experience**

Includes ten years as a research chemical engineer with a large chemical manufacturer; one year as process development engineer and demonstration-scale test analyst on a unique coal gasification project; ten years in association with UW-M, teaching and consulting to industry on energy efficiency, waste minimization and productivity improvement. One year working with a small engineering consulting firm on energy, environmental, and process improvement projects, including LUST Investigations and Remediations. With METCO since February 2000. Duties include Remedial Action Plan preparation, pilot test design and performance, remedial systems design and implementation, and general management of METCO's remedial projects.

#### Jon Jensen

#### **Professional Title**

Staff Scientist

#### Credentials

• Registered through the Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services as a PECFA consultant (#1294924 ).

#### Education

Includes B.S. in Geography with and Environmental Science minor from University of Wisconsin – La Crosse: Applicable courses successfully completed include Interpretation of Aerial Photographs, Intro to GIS, Advanced Remote Sensing, Fundamentals of Cartography, Biogeography, and Conservation of Global Environments.

#### **Work Experience**

With METCO since July, 2014 as Staff Scientist. Duties include: soil and groundwater sampling, operation and maintenance of remedial systems, Geoprobe projects (oversight, direction, and sampling), site mapping, data reduction and analysis, and reporting.

### Matthew C. Michalski

#### **Professional Title**

Hydrogeologist

#### Credentials

- Registered through the Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services as a PECFA consultant (#1261443).
- Member of the Wisconsin Groundwater Association
- · Member of the Minnesota Groundwater Association
- Member of the National Groundwater Association
- · Member of the American Institute of Professional Geologist
- · Member of the Geological Society of America

#### Education

Includes B.S. in Geology with an emphasis in Hydrogeology and Water Chemistry from the University of Wisconsin-Eau Claire, completion of Western Michigan University's Hydrogeology Field Camp, a B.S. In Geography from the University of Wisconsin-La Crosse. Applicable courses successfully completed include Hydrogeology, Contaminant Hydrogeology, Aqueous Geochemistry, Geomorphology and Aerial Photograhy interpretation, Sedimentology and Stratigraphy, Structural Geology, Mineralogy and Petrology, Hazardous Waste Operation and Emergency Response, Surface Geophysics, Principles and Practices of Groundwater Sampling and Monitoring, Principles and Practices of Aquifer Testing, Principles of Well Drilling and Installation, Remediation Design and Implementation, Water Resources, Environmental Hazards and Land Use, and Advanced Map Design.

#### **Post-Graduate Education**

40-hour OSHA Hazardous Materials Safety Training course.

### **Work Experience**

With METCO since May 2016 as a Hydrogeologist and from August 2012 to August 2014 as a Staff Scientist. Duties have included: soil and groundwater sampling, Site Investigations, Phase I and Phase II Environmental Site Assessments, Case Closure Requests/GIS Registry, Geoprobe projects (oversight, direction, and sampling), drilling projects/monitoring well installation (oversight, direction, and sampling), and operation and maintenance of remedial systems, site mapping, data reduction and analysis, and reporting.

#### LIST OF ACRONYMS

**AST** - Aboveground Storage Tank

**ASTM** - American Society for Testing and Materials

Cd - Cadmium

**DOT** - Department of Transportation

**DRO** - Diesel Range Organics

ES - Enforcement Standards

gpm - gallons per minute

**GRO** - Gasoline Range Organics

HNU - brand name for Photoionization Detector

**ID** - inside-diameter

**LAST** - Leaking Aboveground Storage Tank

**LUST** - Leaking Underground Storage Tank

MSL - Mean Sea Level

MTBE - Methyl-tert-butyl ether

MW - Monitoring Well

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

NR - Natural Resources

**OD** - outside-diameter

PAH - Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons

**PAL** - Preventive Action Limits

Pb - Lead

**PECFA** - Petroleum Environmental Cleanup Fund

PID - Photoionization Detector

**POTW** - Publicly Owned Treatment Works

ppb ug/kg - parts per billion

ppm mg/kg - parts per million

psi - pounds per square inch

**PVC** - Polyvinyl Chloride

**PVOC** - Petroleum Volatile Organic Compounds

RAP - Remedial Action Plan

scfm - standard cubic feet per minute

**SVE** - Soil Vapor Extraction

**USCS** - Unified Soil Classification System

**USGS** - United States Geological Survey

**UST** - Underground Storage Tank

**VOC** - Volatile Organic Compounds

WDNR - Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources

WPDES - Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System