

# **GLRI Workplan for Cooperative Agreement<sup>1</sup>**

## **1. Project Title**

Superior Slips Feasibility and Preliminary Design

## **2. Project Funding Request**

Federal Request \$ 1,170,000, Applicant contribution \$630,000<sup>2</sup>

## **3. Applicant Name and Address**

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources  
101 S. Webster St.  
PO Box 7921  
Madison, WI 53707

## **4. Project Manager**

Joe Graham  
810 W. Maple St.  
Spooner, WI 54801  
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## **5. Project Location**

**HUC8:** 04010201

**HUC12:** 040102011604

**Representative Lat/Long:** 46.734085°N, -92.113406°W

### **Place of Performance**

<b>City</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Zip Code</b>	<b>Congressional District</b>	<b>State</b>	<b>Primary or Secondary</b>
Superior	Douglas	54880	7	WI	Primary
Spooner	Washburn	54801	7	WI	Secondary
Ashland	Ashland	54806	7	WI	Secondary
Madison	Dane	53707	2	WI	Secondary
Green Bay	Brown	54313	8	WI	Secondary

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<sup>1</sup> Document prepared using GLRI Workplan Template for Cooperative Agreement 04/01/2021

<sup>2</sup> Contribution levels are based on a 65% Federal : 35% Nonfederal Sponsor cost share, consistent with the Great Lakes Legacy Act (GLLA), 33 U.S.C. § 1268(c)(11)

## **6. Project Duration:**

September 1, 2021 to September 30, 2023

09/01/2021-09/30/2021 (FFY21)<sup>3</sup>

10/01/2021-09/30/2022 (FFY22)

10/01/2022-09/30/2023 (FFY23)

## **7. Project Abstract:**

This project includes preparing feasibility studies, preliminary designs, and associated tasks, such as partner recruitment and source control evaluations, for remediating contaminated sediments in the Superior Slips within the St Louis River Area of Concern (SLRAOC). DNR will complete this work through a combination of in-house staff and the administration of professional service contracts. State funds will be used to provide 35% of the project's costs, consistent with the Great Lakes Legacy Act (GLLA), 33 USC § 1268(c)(11). This project will contribute to removing beneficial use impairments (BUIs) when the EPA implements the remedial actions under future project agreements.

## **8. Problem Statement**

The Superior Slips are in the SLRAOC and collectively include four slips in Superior, Wisconsin: Tower Avenue, General Mills, Oil Barge Dock, and Hallet Dock 8/C. Reiss Coal. For more than 135 years, the Superior Slips have been a mainstay for shipments of fossil fuels (petroleum and coal), grain, and various industrial activities. This legacy of use has resulted in sediment contamination and documented impacts from petroleum, coal, heavy metals, and organotins.

The Great Lakes National Program Office (GLNPO) of the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) completed characterization of sediment quality within the Superior Slips under an existing cooperative agreement. The results of these and earlier efforts provide multiple lines of evidence that sediment contamination in these slips contributes to one or more BUIs. Accordingly, the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) for the SLRAOC includes specific management actions to remediate these four slips. Management actions to remediate the contaminated sediments in the Superior Slips are among the last significant pieces of work to be done under the RAP. The identification, selection, and ultimate implementation of remedial actions for contaminated sediment in the slips will reduce the concentration, mass, mobility, toxicity, and volume of contamination that contributes to BUIs and presents risks to human and ecological receptors or serves as a continued source of water quality impairments. The feasibility and preliminary design work under this proposal will move these slips toward remediation to address BUIs related to sediment contamination, contributing to the eventual delisting of the SLRAOC.

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<sup>3</sup> FFY – Federal Fiscal Year (October 1 to September 30)

## **9. Proposed Work**

Work to be executed under this cooperative agreement will accomplish all efforts necessary to evaluate the technical, economic, and regulatory feasibility of various remedial alternatives, select remedial actions, and prepare preliminary design items, including but not limited to, basis of design memoranda. In addition, the work includes all associated tasks to move sites towards remedial construction, such as the solicitation of public input, project partner recruitment, identification of applicable permits, archeological and historic resource surveys, source control evaluations, and the identification and planning to address data gaps for pre-design investigations. These efforts will include contractor support to develop work plans, draft, and final FS reports, QAPPs, preliminary remedial design items, and interrelated technical memoranda or reports.

WDNR will develop scopes of work for the project, and coordinate contractor procurement, bid review, selection, award, and oversight during project implementation. WDNR will coordinate document review with GLNPO, manage invoicing and payment, and develop and submit progress reports and deliverables to EPA/GLNPO and WDNR record systems. Project deliverables will meet both GLNPO and WDNR requirements while minimizing duplication to the extent practicable. With contractor support, DNR will host, facilitate, attend, and participate, as applicable, in project technical meetings, public meetings, teleconferences, webinars, and so forth, as necessary to effectuate project output and outcomes. Each year, DNR will also attend GLNPO's AOC conference and a contaminated sediment conference to network, communicate about the project and stay abreast on new and developing technologies for possible application.

## **10. Identify EPA's Substantial Involvement Role**

**Cooperative Agreement:** The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources will have the technical and contracting lead for this effort, with EPA providing technical support and timely review or approval of the field sampling plans, QAPPs, and reports or technical memoranda. EPA will approve QAPPs and the final FS document(s). EPA will lead coordination with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (THPO). EPA will also assist with partner recruitment and may lead such efforts where necessary to facilitate future implementation of remedial actions.

## **11. Project Results & Measuring Progress**

Progress of the project will be measured and monitored by achieving specific outputs according to the timeline of project milestones in Section 14 of this work plan. Table 1 shows the outputs (activities/efforts/work products) for the project.

**Table 1. Outputs**

	<b>Output*</b>
1	Preparation of scopes of work and requests for proposals for FS and PD
2	Execution of contracts for professional services
3	Evaluations of sources and recontamination potential, and the identification of any necessary source control measures (1 to 4 evaluations)
4	Draft feasibility study <sup>4</sup> report(s) (1 to 4 reports)
5	Archeological surveys and reports (1 or more reports)
6	Public participation meeting(s) on remedial alternatives and preliminary determination(s) of effect under Section 106 NHPA (1 or more meetings)
7	Recruit additional project partners for remedial action, where feasible; measured as the number of contacts and meetings with potential partners or communications with EPA about their assistance with this task.
8	Final feasibility study report(s). (1 to 4 reports) <sup>5</sup>
9	Publish a class 1 public notice under Wis. Stats ch. 985, on selected remedial actions per Wis. Admin. Code ch. 714. (1 to 4 notices)
10	Technical meetings, conference calls, and webinars to effectuate the project (number and frequency to vary based on project needs)
11	Public information meetings on selected remedies, contingent on public interest (0 or more meetings)
12	Semi-annual cooperative agreement reporting
13	Section 106 deliverables (see Section 12 of this work plan)
14	Final preliminary design deports <sup>6</sup> (e.g., basis of design memoranda)
15	DNR remediation program staff attendance and participation at EPA's annual Great Lakes AOC conference and the International Conference on the Remediation and Management of Contaminated Sediments (Battelle Conference)
16	Final cooperative agreement reporting

\*DNR will complete outputs for each site, that is, each slip, though individual slips may be combined into one or more reports or outputs. For example, there may be one to four feasibility study reports for the four Superior Slips, depending on willing project partners or other considerations.

## Outcomes

The efforts of this project will further progress towards the remediation of contaminated sediments for four management actions in the SLRAOC. Specifically, management actions 5.21, 5.22, 5.23, and 5.29. Completing the remedial actions in the Superior slips will further progress towards the removal of five BUIs: restrictions on dredging, degradation of benthos, loss of fish

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<sup>4</sup> Feasibility studies will follow requirements of Wis. Stats. Ch. 292, Wis. Admin. Code Chs. NR 700 to 754, and the substantive elements of EPA guidance.

<sup>5</sup> A remedial action options report (RAOR) prepared under Wis. Admin Code Ch. NR 722 and approved by DNR is substantially equivalent to an EPA feasibility study and record of decision for remedy implementation.

<sup>6</sup> Remedial design documents will be prepared to meet Wis. Admin. Code Ch. NR 724 and EPA requirements to the extent practicable.

and wildlife habitat, beach closings and body contact, and fish consumption advisories. This project also contributes to the eventual delisting of the SLRAOC.

## **12. Section 106 Deliverables**

DNR will provide the deliverables below to support compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA). It is expected that the completed FS/PD project will transition to EPA for an EPA-led design-build effort under future project agreement(s). Hence, EPA would undertake the lead role for coordination with the SHPO and THPO.

- Delineate the area of potential effects (APE), map, or site figure
- Identify previous archaeological surveys or documentation of historic properties (also for nearby relevant areas) and share draft and final report(s)
- Conduct desktop or field surveys as appropriate and share the draft report(s)
  - o Appropriate field surveys may include:
    - Phase 1 archeological survey (walk thru)
    - Underwater survey CHIRP side-scan sonar
- Identify any historic properties and share draft and final report(s)
- Identify relevant consulting parties if appropriate for the project.
- Involve public – both before and after determination of effect as appropriate and identify how the public was involved (deliverable).
- Submit report(s) of investigation along with SHPO consultation form to EPA for review
- Develop a project-specific letter template for SHPO and THPO communications incorporating relevant site-specific information describing APE, identifying any historic properties, and a preliminary determination
- EPA to coordinate directly with SHPO and applicable parties/tribes using draft letter template provided by DNR contractor

## **13. Relevance to EPA Strategic Plan and the GLRI Action Plan III**

This project relates to Goal 1 (A Cleaner, Healthier Environment) and Objective 1.2 (Provide for Clean and Safe Water.) of the FY2018-22 US EPA Strategic Plan. This project aims to further progress towards implementing four sediment remediation management actions identified in the SLRAOC as necessary to remove BUIs and eventually delist the St. Louis River AOC. This project is related to the Toxic Substances and Areas of Concern Focus Area under GLRI Action Plan III. It will advance the protection and restoration of the Great Lakes ecosystem.

The applicable measures of progress under the GLRI Action Plan III are in Table 2. While the project may not achieve a numerical result for these measures, it supports these measures by making progress towards completing four SLAOC management actions and the eventual removal of up to five BUIs.

**Table 2 - GLRI Action Plan III Measures of Progress**

#	<b>Measure of Progress</b>
1.1.1	Areas of Concern where all management actions necessary for delisting have been implemented.
1.1.2	Beneficial Use Impairments removed in Areas of Concern.

#### 14. Project Milestones

**Table 3 - Project Milestones**

Fiscal Year	Timeline	Milestone (key milestones in bold)
FFY21	<b>09/01/2021</b>	<b>Begin contractor procurement</b>
	09/15/2021	Preparation of scopes of work and requests for proposals
FFY22	10/30/2021	Semi-annual progress report 1
	<b>11/01/2021</b>	<b>Award professional services contracts and begin FS</b>
	04/01/2022	Initiate partner recruitment
	04/30/2022	Semi-annual progress report 2
	05/01/2022	Begin archeological surveys
	10/30/2022	Semi-annual progress report 3
	<b>09/30/2022</b>	<b>Draft feasibility study report(s)</b>
FFY23	09/30/2022	Section 106 NHPA deliverables to EPA
	10/01/2022	Select remedies, final FS report(s), and class 1 public notices
	<b>10/15/2022</b>	<b>Public input on proposed remedial actions</b>
	<b>03/31/2023</b>	<b>Final feasibility study report(s) - begin preliminary design</b>
	04/30/2023	Semi-annual progress report 4
	06/30/2023	Draft preliminary design items
	<b>09/30/2023</b>	<b>Final preliminary design items</b>
FFY24 (Closeout)	<b>09/30/2023</b>	<b>Complete partner recruitment</b>
	10/30/2023	Semi-annual progress report 5
	01/28/2024	Final cooperative agreement reporting (120 days after grant expiration)

#### 15. Appendices and Attachments

Great Lakes Legacy Act Project Proposal to US EPA for Feasibility Study and Preliminary Design for Sediment Remediation in the Superior Slips, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, May 2021

## **16. Budget Narrative**

- a) **Personnel (\$162,608 over 2.083-year CA period)** – Personnel costs for this project include both project management, technical, and support staff as follows:
1. Project Manager (Graham) - \$36/hr @ 1,040 hrs/yr for a total of \$37,440/yr or \$78,000 over the life of the cooperative agreement (CA). The Project Manager (PM) will be responsible for the overall implementation of the project and deliverables including, but not limited to, procurement of contractors, scheduling and overseeing the work of contractors, managing project budget, review and approval of contractor deliverables and invoices, and corresponding with EPA, stakeholders, and other programs. The PM will coordinate and lead selection committees for consulting services related to the project. The PM is also the point of contact for the grant and the project.
  2. Project Engineer (Inman) - \$40/hr @ 208 hrs/yr for a total of \$8,320/yr or \$17,333 over the life of the CA. The Project Engineer (PE) will assist with preparing and reviewing procurement documents and contractor deliverables. The PE will help prepare and review source control evaluations and provide technical review expertise when needed to review remedial technologies, approaches, and design items. In addition, the PE will serve on the selection committee for the review and selection of consultants providing professional services to the project.
  3. Sediment Team Leader (Webb) - \$36/hr @ 104 hrs/yr for a total of \$3,744/yr or \$7,800 over the life of the CA. The Sediment Team Coordinator will support the development and review of procurement and technical documents related to the project. They will also serve on the selection committee.
  4. Geologist (Hunt) - \$36/hr @ 104 hrs/yr for a total of \$3,744/yr or \$7,800 over the life of the PA. The Geologist will support the development and review of procurement and technical documents related to the project. The Geologist will prepare and review source control evaluations and also serve on the selection committee.
  5. Program Manager (Saari) - \$42/hr @ 208 hr/yr for a total of x \$8,736/yr or \$18,200 over the life of the CA. The Program Manager will oversee the PM and Geologist, provide management support, and attend meetings with EPA and potential project partners.
  6. Technical Section Chief (Fassbender)- \$43/hr @ 156 hr/yr for a total of \$6,708/yr or \$13,975 over the life of the CA. The Technical Section Chief will oversee the PE and Sediment Team Leader and the broader project related to the Wisconsin AOC program, provide management support, and attend meetings with EPA and potential project partners.
  7. Grant & Contract Manager (Fox) - \$36/hr @ 260 hrs/yr for a total of \$9,360/yr for a total of \$19,500 over the life of the CA. The Grant and Contract Manager will oversee internal and EPA grant processing and reporting, oversee contracting, payments and

draws, coordinate scope of work development, requests for proposals, execution of contracts, invoicing, and budget tracking.

- b) **Fringe (\$77,500 over the CA)** – The approved fringe rate for the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources for state FY22 is 47.66%. The fringe rate has varied over the last five years, with a high of 48.3%, and a low of 45.44%.
- c) **Travel (\$26,440 over the CA)** – Travel costs for this project include:
  - 1. In-State travel for the project manager, technical, and support staff: estimated at 4,000 mi/yr @ \$0.545/mi or for a total of \$2,180/yr or \$4,360 over the CA. The estimate assumes a total of 17 trips by four to five DNR staff, to and from the primary and secondary places of performance listed in Section 5 above, for one to six meetings, site inspections, contractor interviews, consultant selection committee meetings, public meetings, and meetings with EPA or potential project partners.
  - 2. Per Diem for staff in-state travel is estimated at 12 per diems/yr at \$120/per diem for a total of \$1,440/yr or \$2,880 over the CA.
  - 3. Out-of-state travel for meeting with EPA/GLNPO or potential project partners in Chicago, Illinois to prepare for implementation of project output: estimated at one trip/yr by three staff at \$1,600 per trip for a total of \$1,600/yr or \$3,200 over the life of the CA.
  - 4. EPA Great Lakes AOC Meeting (Great Lakes state) - Travel for PM and one other staff to network, stay engaged about the AOC program and share project work with others. DNR estimates two trips/year at \$1,000 each for a total of \$2,000 per year or \$6,000 over the project.
  - 5. Battelle Sediment Conference (Nashville, TN) - Travel for PM and one other staff to network, expand knowledge of new and developing technologies, and find solutions for potential application to the project. DNR estimates two trips/year x \$2,500 each for a total of \$5,000/yr or \$10,000 over the project.
- d) **Supplies (\$2,184 over the CA)** – The budget for supplies includes office and related supplies (\$830) and software licenses for specialized software, such as CAD and ArcGIS (\$1,354), necessary to support the project.
- e) **Equipment** – This CA includes no equipment costs.
- f) **Construction** – This CA includes no equipment costs.

- g) **Contractual (\$1,392,681 over the CA)** – Contractual costs will cover professional services procured by DNR under one to three contracts for feasibility studies and preliminary design support, archeological survey(s), and a CHIRP side-scan sonar survey. The estimated contractual costs are in Table 3.

<b>Table 3. DNR Professional Services Contracts</b>		<b>Estimated Amount</b>
1	Feasibility studies and preliminary remedial design support	\$ 1,292,681
2	Phase 1 Archeological Survey (desktop & field) Wisconsin Historical Society - Museum and Archeology Program using existing MOU with DNR	\$ 25,000
3	Underwater archeological survey Compressed High-Intensity Radiated Pulse (CHIRP) side-scan sonar	\$ 75,000
<b>TOTAL CONTRACTUAL (ESTIMATED)</b>		<b>\$ 1,392,681</b>
<b>DNR Cost Share**</b>		<b>\$ 630,000</b>
<b>EPA Grant item G. Contracts Total**</b>		<b>\$ 762,681</b>

\*\*Note - Cost share levels are determined using line item l), Total Project Cost, and shown in lines m) and n)

- h) **Other (\$1,875 over the CA)** – This line item includes direct costs that do not fit into other categories: costs for IT support, telecommunications, conference calls, and web meetings, estimated at \$900/yr for a total of \$1,875 over the life of the CA.
- i) **Total Direct Charges (\$1,663,288 over the CA)** – Sum of items a) through h).
- j) **Indirect Charges (\$36,712 over the CA)** – The budget includes the federally negotiated approved FY21 indirect rate of 15.29% of Personnel (a) and Fringe (b).
- k) **EPA-led Contracts (\$100,000 over the CA)** – To facilitate partner recruitment for future remedial actions, GLNPO will contract partnership development support services to build voluntary relationships with parties that the DNR may regulate. This line item estimates \$50,000/yr for EPA contractor support for a total of \$100,000 over the life of the CA.
- l) **Total Project Cost (\$ 1,800,000 over the CA)** – This line item is the total project cost, including both EPA and DNR contributions (line items i + j + k).
- m) **DNR Cost Share (\$630,000 over the CA)** – DNR cash contribution of \$630,000 under line item g) Contractual using sediment bonding authority for contractor procurement and services in FFY21 and FFY22. This amount would reduce the EPA grant amount needed in FFY21 and FFY22. This amount is estimated using a total project cost of \$1,800,000 and a nonfederal cost-share level of 35%.

- n) **Grant Amount (EPA Cost Share) (\$1,170,000 over the CA)** – Estimates of EPA amounts needed by DNR each FFY, assuming a 65% federal cost-share and a \$1,800,000 total project cost. Funding would be awarded incrementally, with cash upfront in FFY21 to support contract procurement, as shown in Table 4.

<b>Table 4. Budget Summary</b>						
<b>Object Class</b>	<b>FFY21 (Sept)</b>	<b>FFY22</b>	<b>FFY23</b>	<b>Total CA Funds</b>	<b>DNR Cost Share</b>	
a. Personnel (1.000 FTE)	\$ 6,504	\$ 78,052	\$ 78,052	\$ 162,608		
b. Fringe Benefits	\$ 3,100	\$ 37,200	\$ 37,200	\$ 77,500		
c. Travel*	\$ 2,000	\$ 12,220	\$ 12,220	\$ 26,440		
d. Supplies**	\$ 84	\$ 1,050	\$ 1,050	\$ 2,184		
e. Equipment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
f. Construction	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
g. DNR Contractual	\$ 1,292,681	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 1,392,681	\$ 630,000	
h. Other - phones, PC charges, etc.***	\$ 75	\$ 900	\$ 900	\$ 1,875		
i. Total Direct Charges	\$ 1,304,444	\$ 229,422	\$ 129,422	\$ 1,663,288		
j. Indirect Charges	\$ 1,468	\$ 17,622	\$ 17,622	\$ 36,712		
k. EPA Contractual	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 100,000		
l. Total Project Cost	\$ 1,305,912	\$ 297,044	\$ 197,044	\$ 1,800,000		
m. DNR Cost Share (35%)	\$ 530,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 630,000		
<b>n. Grant Amounts - EPA Share (65%)</b>	<b>\$ 775,912</b>	<b>\$ 197,044</b>	<b>\$ 197,044</b>	<b>\$ 1,170,000</b>		

\*Travel includes mileage to sites. Also included is travel time for meetings as well as the EPA AOC and Battelle Conferences

\*\*Supplies include office supplies, printers, and fax machines.

\*\*\*Other includes IT support, telecommunications, conference calls, and web meetings.

## 17. Expedited Spending and Sufficient Progress in the use of GLRI Funds

The Wisconsin DNR expects that awarded funds will be spent in a timely manner as outlined by the protocols below.

1. Contracts will include terms and conditions that require the selected contractors to invoice DNR every month for work completed. Contractors will also be required to detail scopes appropriate for a single-year timeframe.
2. DNR will submit quarterly draw requests against the CA.
3. Semi-annual reporting will include a detailed breakdown of the budget, including expenditures during the reporting period, expenditures to date, remaining funds, and spending projection for the following reporting period.

## **Appendices**

### A. Budget Detail

**Appendix A. Budget Detail**

		<b>FFY21 (1 month)</b>	<b>FFY22</b>	<b>FFY23</b>	<b>Total Funding over 2.083 year CA</b>	<b>DNR Cost Share</b>
<b>A. Personnel</b>	<b>FTE/yr</b>					
1. Project Manager (Graham) @ \$36/hr x 20 hrs/wk x 52 wks/yr	0.500	\$ 3,120	\$ 37,440	\$ 37,440	\$ 78,000	
2. Advanced Engineer (Inman) @ \$40/hr x 4 hrs/wk x 52 wks/yr	0.100	\$ 693	\$ 8,320	\$ 8,320	\$ 17,333	
3. Sediment Team Leader (Webb) @ 36/hr x 2 hrs/wk x 52 wks/yr	0.050	\$ 312	\$ 3,744	\$ 3,744	\$ 7,800	
4. Geologist (Hunt) @ \$36/hr x 2hrs/wk x 52 wks/yr	0.050	\$ 312	\$ 3,744	\$ 3,744	\$ 7,800	
5. Program Manger (Saari) @ \$42/hr x 4 hrs/wk x 52 wks/yr	0.100	\$ 728	\$ 8,736	\$ 8,736	\$ 18,200	
6. Technical Section Chief (Fassbender) @ \$43/hr x 3 hrs/wk x 52 wks/yr	0.075	\$ 559	\$ 6,708	\$ 6,708	\$ 13,975	
8. Grants & Contracts Manager (Fox) @ \$36/hr x 5 hrs/wk x 52 wk/yr	0.125	\$ 780	\$ 9,360	\$ 9,360	\$ 19,500	
	<b>TOTAL PERSONNEL</b>	<b>1.000</b>	<b>\$ 6,504</b>	<b>\$ 78,052</b>	<b>\$ 78,052</b>	<b>\$ 162,608</b>
<b>B. Fringe</b>						
WDNR Fringe Rate (47.66%)		\$ 3,100	\$ 37,200	\$ 37,200	\$ 77,500	
	<b>TOTAL FRINGE</b>	<b>\$ 3,100</b>	<b>\$ 37,200</b>	<b>\$ 37,200</b>	<b>\$ 77,500</b>	
<b>C. Travel</b>						
1. In State travel for project manager, technical and support staff: 4,000 mi/yr @ \$0.545/mi		\$ -	\$ 2,180	\$ 2,180	\$ 4,360	
2. Per diems for staff travel (hotel, meals, parking as required): 12 per diems @ \$120/per diem		\$ -	\$ 1,440	\$ 1,440	\$ 2,880	
3. Out of State (EPA/GLNPO meetings) travel for project staff: 1 trip per yr x \$1,600/trip		\$ -	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,600	\$ 3,200	
4. EPA Great Lakes AOC Meeting (Great Lakes state)Travel for Project Manager plus 1 Project Staff: 2 trips/year x \$1,000 each		\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 6,000	
5. Battelle Sediment Conference (Nashville, TN) Travel for Project Manager and 1 Project Staff: 2 trips/year x \$2,500 each		\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 10,000	
	<b>TOTAL TRAVEL</b>	<b>\$ 2,000</b>	<b>\$ 12,220</b>	<b>\$ 12,220</b>	<b>\$ 26,440</b>	
<b>D. Supplies</b>						
Office and related supplies to support project		\$ 30	\$ 400	\$ 400	\$ 830	
Software (CAD, ArcGIS)		\$ 54	\$ 650	\$ 650	\$ 1,354	
	<b>TOTAL SUPPLIES</b>	<b>\$ 84</b>	<b>\$ 1,050</b>	<b>\$ 1,050</b>	<b>\$ 2,184</b>	
<b>E. Equipment</b>						
N/A						
	<b>TOTAL EQUIPMENT</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	
<b>F. Construction</b>						
NA						
	<b>TOTAL CONSTRUCTION</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	
<b>G. Contractual</b>						
1. Feasibility and preliminary remedial design support services		\$ 1,292,681			\$ 1,292,681	
2. Phase 1 Archeological Survey (desktop & field) Wisconsin Historical Society (existing MOU with DNR)			\$ 25,000		\$ 25,000	
3. CHIRP side-scan sonar survey			\$ 75,000		\$ 75,000	
	<b>TOTAL CONTRACTUAL</b>	<b>\$ 1,292,681</b>	<b>\$ 100,000</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1,392,681</b>	<b>\$ 630,000</b>
<b>H. Other</b>						
IT support, telecommunications, conference calls, web meetings.		\$ 75	\$ 900	\$ 900	\$ 1,875	
	<b>TOTAL OTHER</b>	<b>\$ 75</b>	<b>\$ 900</b>	<b>\$ 900</b>	<b>\$ 1,875</b>	
<b>I Direct Charges (sum of lines A to H)</b>						
	<b>TOTAL DIRECT</b>	<b>\$ 1,304,444</b>	<b>\$ 229,422</b>	<b>\$ 129,422</b>	<b>\$ 1,663,288</b>	
<b>J Indirect Charges</b>						
Fed Negotiated Indirect Rate (15.29%)		\$ 1,468	\$ 17,622	\$ 17,622	\$ 36,713	
	<b>TOTAL INDIRECT</b>	<b>\$ 1,468</b>	<b>\$ 17,622</b>	<b>\$ 17,622</b>	<b>\$ 36,712</b>	
<b>K. EPA-Led Contracts</b>						
EPA contractor support for partner development		\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 100,000	
	<b>TOTAL EPA CONTRACTS</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 50,000</b>	<b>\$ 50,000</b>	<b>\$ 100,000</b>	
<b>L. Total Project Cost</b>		<b>\$ 1,305,912</b>	<b>\$ 297,044</b>	<b>\$ 197,044</b>	<b>\$ 1,800,000</b>	
	<b>TOTAL PROJECT COST</b>	<b>\$ 1,305,912</b>	<b>\$ 297,044</b>	<b>\$ 197,044</b>	<b>\$ 1,800,000</b>	
<b>M. DNR Cost Share (35% nonfederal)</b>		<b>\$ 530,000</b>	<b>\$ 100,000</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 630,000</b>	
	<b>TOTAL DNR COST SHARE</b>	<b>\$ 530,000</b>	<b>\$ 100,000</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 630,000</b>	
<b>N. Grant Amount (EPA Share 65% federal)</b>		<b>\$ 775,912</b>	<b>\$ 197,044</b>	<b>\$ 197,044</b>	<b>\$ 1,170,000</b>	

**Great Lakes Legacy Act Project Proposal to US EPA  
for Feasibility Study and Preliminary Design for  
Sediment Remediation in the Superior Slips**

**Superior, Wisconsin**

**St Louis River Area of Concern**

**Submitted by**

**State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources**

**Draft May 2021**

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## **Executive Summary**

The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) is requesting Great Lakes Legacy Act (GLLA) support to develop a project agreement for completing Feasibility Studies (FS) and Preliminary Designs (PD) for the Superior Slips in the St. Louis River Area of Concern (SLRAOC). The Superior Slips collectively include four slips in Superior, Wisconsin: Tower Avenue Slip, General Mills Slip, the Oil Barge Dock slip, and Hallet Dock 8/C. Reiss Coal slip.

Multiple lines of evidence obtained through site characterization efforts indicate that levels of sediment contaminants in these slips contribute to one or more beneficial use impairments (BUI). Accordingly, the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) for the SLRAOC includes specific management actions to remediate contaminated sediments in these four slips.

DNR proposes to lead this phase of the work and will procure professional services to complete the FS and PD. As the non-federal sponsor, DNR will utilize state funds to provide 35% of the project's costs. Modifications of the project agreement, or separate pacts with additional partners, are envisioned for completion of design and remedial construction with a transition to EPA lead for future phases of the work.

Management actions to remediate contaminated sediments in the Superior Slips are among the last significant areas of work to be done under the RAP. The work in this proposal is a priority for removing BUIs and the eventual delisting of the SLRAOC.

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## **I. Project Title**

Feasibility Study and Preliminary Design for Sediment Remediation in the Superior Slips

## **II. Objectives**

1. Develop feasibility studies<sup>1</sup> for the following Superior Slips:
  - a. Tower Avenue Slip
  - b. General Mills Slip
  - c. Oil Barge Dock Slip
  - d. Hallet Dock 8 / C. Reiss Coal Slip
2. Recruit additional project partners where feasible
3. Solicit public input on proposed remedial action(s) for each slip
4. Select remedial action(s) for each slip
5. Prepare remedial actions options reports<sup>2</sup>
6. Develop scoping and planning documents for pre-design investigations, as necessary
7. Prepare basis of design technical memoranda<sup>3</sup> for each slip
8. Prepare GLLA project proposal(s) with any recruited partners for design or design and construction of remedial actions

## **III. Justification**

For more than 135 years, the Superior Slips have been a mainstay for shipments of fossil fuels (petroleum and coal), grain, and various industrial activities (Sigma 2019). This legacy of use has resulted in sediment impacts from petroleum, coal, heavy metals, and organotins.

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<sup>1</sup> Feasibility studies will follow requirements of Wis. Stats. Ch. 292, Wis. Admin. Code Chs. NR 700 to 754, and the substantive elements of EPA guidance.

<sup>2</sup> A remedial action options report (RAOR) prepared under Wis. Admin Code Ch. NR 722 and approved by DNR is substantially equivalent to an EPA feasibility study and record of decision for remedy implementation.

<sup>3</sup> Remedial design documents will be prepared to meet Wis. Admin. Code Ch. NR 724 and EPA requirements.

The Great Lakes National Program Office (GLNPO) of the U.S Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) characterized sediments in the Superior Slips in 2015 (EA 2016). DNR assessed the macroinvertebrate communities present in 2018 (DNR 2020). In 2020, DNR completed sediment characterization efforts in the Superior Slips along with benthic toxicity and bioaccumulation testing using GLRI funds under a cooperative agreement with the EPA. These efforts are compiled in the 2020 report (EA 2021) and are included with this proposal. The resulting chemical characterization, biological community, toxicity, and bioaccumulation results provide multiple lines of evidence of impacts from contaminated sediment in these slips.

Appendix 1 (Tables A<sub>1-3</sub> to D<sub>1-3</sub>) includes sediment chemistry summary statistics and comparisons to Wisconsin's Consensus-Based Sediment Quality Guidelines for benthic sediment quality, SLRAOC-specific sediment background threshold values, and Wis. Admin. Code ch. NR 720 residual contaminant levels (RCLs) for direct contact with soil (human health levels). Multiple contaminants exceed levels of concern for human health or the environment in the Superior Slips. Elevated levels of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), heavy metals<sup>4</sup>, dioxin, and the organotin tributyltin (TBT) are present in one or more slips (EA 2021). Biological effects are evident in poor macroinvertebrate community ratings (DNR 2018) and statistically significant toxicity test results (EA 2021). Organotin bioaccumulation was found in the General Mills and Tower Avenue slips

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<sup>4</sup> Metals present at elevated concentrations include: arsenic, copper, lead, mercury, nickel, silver, and zinc.

(EA 2021). Table 1 below summarizes the available lines of evidence for the four Superior Slips.

Figures showing the distribution of contamination in the slips are in Appendix 2. Appendix 3

includes the locations of benthic toxicity tests and results.

**Table 1 – Contaminated sediment lines of evidence for the Superior Slips**

Slip	Sediment Chemistry <sup>5</sup>	Benthic Toxicity <sup>6</sup>	Bioaccumulation <sup>7</sup>	Benthic Community <sup>8</sup>	Dredging Disposal Restriction <sup>9</sup>
Tower Avenue	>>PEC: PAHs, PCBs, metals, mercury, TBT	Significant Effects	Organotin	Poor	Benzo(a)pyrene, PCBs, lead and mercury
General Mills	>>PEC: PAHs, lead, PCBs, dioxin, TBT >MEC: metals & mercury	Significant Effects	Organotin	Poor	Benzo(a)pyrene and Dioxin
Oil Barge Dock	>>PEC: VOCs, PAHs, arsenic & lead	Significant Effects	None indicated for analyses performed	Poor	Benzo(a)pyrene and lead
Hallet Dock 8/ C. Reiss Coal	>PEC: nickel >MEC: PAHs & lead	Significant Effects	None indicated for analyses performed	Poor	None

The sediment contamination in the slips poses a concern for ecological receptors, human health, and acts as a continued source of water quality impairments. The potential for resuspension of

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<sup>5</sup> Consensus Based Sediment Quality Guidelines for benthic toxicity. PEC – probable effects concentration. MEC – midpoint effects concentration.

<sup>6</sup> See EA 2021 for details, specifically Table 6-1 and Figures 5-4 & 5-5 for effects on survival, growth, or reproduction.

<sup>7</sup> Statistically significant accumulation of mercury or organotin in *L. variegatus*. Dioxin & PCB bioaccumulation not evaluated due to available tissue volumes

<sup>8</sup> Trimetric Index (TMI) rating of “Poor”, details in DNR 2018.

<sup>9</sup> Dredging disposal is considered a restriction if contaminant concentrations would preclude unrestricted placement on an industrial property (above Residual Contaminant Level for industrial direct contact)

sediment contaminants by ship propellers and bow thrusters and extreme weather events is omnipresent. Humans can be exposed to sediment contamination when working or recreating in the harbor, for example, pulling anchors, commercial diving, fishing, paddling, or when sediment is dredged and placed onshore. However, consumption of fish from the St Louis River is a more complete and significant exposure pathway. The St. Louis River and Superior harbor have site-specific fish consumption advisories for mercury and PCBs from the Superior Entry to the dam at Fond du Lac, MN<sup>10</sup>. A site-specific advisory is applied where exceptions to the statewide safe-eating guidelines are necessary due to locally elevated levels in fish. Ongoing research by the U.S. Geological Survey implicates legacy mercury from sediment as the source of the elevated mercury levels found in fish from the St. Louis River estuary (Jenssen et al., 2021).

Contaminated sediments in the Superior Slips contribute directly or indirectly to the following BUIs: restrictions on dredging, degradation of benthos, loss of fish and wildlife habitat, beach closings and body contact, and fish consumption advisories. The characterization and remediation of contaminated sediments in the four Superior Slips are priority actions in the SLRAOC RAP (RAP 2020). Remediation of contaminated sediments in the Tower Avenue Slip, General Mills Slip, Oil Barge Dock Slip, and Hallet Dock 8 / C. Reiss Coal Slip are listed as management actions 5.29, 5.23, 5.22, and 5.21 (RAP 2021). Completing the objectives identified

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<sup>10</sup> Choose Wisely, A Guide for Eating Fish in Wisconsin, 2020-2021, Wisconsin DNR, PUB-FH-824 2020

in Section II above will facilitate necessary progress towards remediation of contaminated sediment and the eventual removal of associated BUIs, resulting in the delisting of the AOC.

## **IV. Approach and Methods**

DNR seeks GLLA support to complete feasibility study (FS) and preliminary design (PD) work for the Superior Slips. DNR proposes to lead these efforts in close collaboration with EPA. The tasks for the approach and methods include:

1. Procure contractor support for professional services necessary to complete FS/PD tasks.
2. Develop conceptual site models, remedial action objectives, and preliminary remedial goals for each slip.
3. Evaluate structural or other impediments to remediation, such as the geotechnical stability of dock walls and structures and the presence of utility crossings or other potential objects.
4. Identify volumes and areas of contamination for action in each slip.
5. Complete evaluations of historical sources and recontamination potential from significant ongoing sources and identify any necessary source control measures.
6. Evaluate the technical, economic, and regulatory practicability of options to restore the environment and adequately address risks.
7. Identify remedial alternatives, or combinations of options, for evaluation, including no action, dredging, capping, monitored natural recovery, and in-situ/ex-situ treatment.
8. Develop draft feasibility studies for the four Superior Slips.
9. Recruit additional project partners, where feasible.
10. Solicit public input on proposed remedial action(s) for each slip.
11. Finalize cleanup goals and select remedial action(s) for each slip.
12. Prepare remedial action options reports and identify any data gaps.
13. Develop scoping and planning documents for pre-design investigations, as necessary.

14. Prepare basis of design technical memoranda for each slip.
15. Prepare GLLA project proposal(s) with any recruited partners to design or design and construct remedial actions as future phases toward remediation.
16. Continue collaboration with EPA and other project partners on design or design and construction of selected remedial actions for each slip.

## **V. Impact Assessment**

The identification, selection, and ultimate implementation of remedial actions for contaminated sediments in the Superior Slips will reduce the concentration, mass, mobility, toxicity, and volume of contamination that contributes to BUIs and presents risks to human and ecological receptors. The FS/PD phase of the project will move these sites toward remediation to address sediment-related BUIs, contributing to BUI removal and eventual delisting of the SLRAOC.

## **VI. Stakeholder Involvement**

DNR has been working with USEPA GLNPO on the characterization of sediments in the Wisconsin portion of the SLRAOC and will continue working with EPA to remediate contaminated sediments in the Superior Slips. With GLNPO support, DNR expects to engage the City of Superior, Port of Superior, riparian landowners, and potentially responsible parties for recruitment as project partners to complete the design and implementation of remedial actions. The DNR will conduct public meetings and outreach to obtain input on remedial alternatives from local stakeholders, the broader group of AOC stakeholders, and tribal rights holders in cooperation with EPA.

## **VII. Timeline**

A timeline for major and intermediate milestones is below. Target dates may change as the project proceeds.

<b>Target Date</b>	<b>Milestone</b>
30 Jun. 2021	Finalize project agreement between GLNPO and DNR
15 Jul. 2021	Solicit professional services contractor for FS and PD
01 Sept. 2021	Award contract and begin FS
31 Dec. 2021	Complete draft FS report(s)
28 Feb. 2022	Complete public participation and remedy selection
31 Mar. 2022	Issue final FS/remedial action option report(s)
30 May 2022	Draft preliminary design (PD)/basis of design memo(s)
30 Jun. 2022	Complete PD/basis of design memos
01 Jul. 2022	GLLA application for Phase II (design or design/remedial action)

## **VIII. Budget**

The anticipated cost to complete feasibility and preliminary design tasks are \$1,500,000. DNR will contribute 35% of the total project cost and has reserved \$525,000 in state funding for this effort. DNR may supplement its contribution with labor or other in-kind contributions in support of the project. DNR proposes to take the lead in contracting professional services to complete the feasibility study and preliminary design during phase 1 of the project. DNR anticipates that one or more future GLLA project applications will be needed to complete remedial design(s) and construct the four Superior Slips' corrective action(s). The lead role for project administration will transition from DNR to GLNPO at an appropriate time under agreements for future project phases.

## **IX. Area of Concern (AOC) Documentation**

The Superior Slips are located within the St. Louis River AOC (Figure 1), and the RAP identifies these sites as a priority for action. Remediation of contaminated sediments in the Tower Avenue Slip, General Mills Slip, Oil Barge Dock Slip, and Hallet Dock 8 / C. Reiss Coal Slip are listed as management actions 5.29, 5.23, 5.22, and in the SLRAOC RAP (Figure 2).

## **References**

**DNR 2003.** Consensus-Based Sediment Quality Guidelines Recommendations for Use & Application. Interim Guidance RR-088. December 2003.

**DNR 2020.** 2018 St. Louis River Beneficial Use Impairment Monitoring, Assessment of Benthic Macroinvertebrates and Sediment Toxicity, Technical Report, November 2020.

**DNR In progress.** DNR Technical Memorandum, Background Threshold Values for Sediment Contaminants in the St. Louis River Area of Concern, in progress.

**EA 2016.** EA Engineering, Science, and Technology, Inc., PBC (EA). 2016. Site Characterization Report Assessment of Contaminated Sediment Superior Waterfront Characterization, St. Louis River and Bay Area of Concern, Superior, Wisconsin. February.

**EA 2021.** Site Investigation Report Characterization of Sediments in the North End District and Clough Island St. Louis River and Bay Area of Concern, Superior, Wisconsin. Draft submitted March. DNR Contract: 37000-0000012861. GLRI Grant ID: GL-00E02392.

**RAP 2020.** MPCA & WDNR. St Louis River Area of Concern 2020 Remedial Action Plan  
[https://widnr.widen.net/content/tsmr1ygmbp/pdf/GW\\_SLR\\_RAP2020.pdf](https://widnr.widen.net/content/tsmr1ygmbp/pdf/GW_SLR_RAP2020.pdf)

**MAL 2021.** St Louis River Area of Concern (SLRAOC) Remedial Action Plan (RAP) Management Action List, Revised 4/5/2021

**Sigma 2019.** Historic Records Screening Reports for Identification of Sources and PRPs for Superior Sediment Sites, WDNR PO 37000-0000010657, The Sigma Group, November 2019

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2020

**Janssen et al. 2021.** Sarah E. Janssen, Joel C. Hoffman, Ryan F. Lepak, David P. Krabbenhoft, David Walters, Collin A. Eagles-Smith, Greg Peterson, Jacob M. Ogorek, John F. DeWild, Anne Cotter, Mark Pearson, Michael T. Tate, Roger B. Yerdley, Marc A. Mills, *Examining historical mercury sources in the Saint Louis River estuary: How legacy contamination influences biological mercury levels in Great Lakes coastal regions*, Science of The Total Environment, Volume 779, July 2021, 146284, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2021.146284>

Wisconsin Public Radio coverage of fish consumption advisories/legacy mercury,  
<https://www.wpr.org/historic-pollution-driving-higher-mercury-concentrations-fish-within-st-louis-river>

## **Figures**

Figure 1 – St Louis River Area of Concern

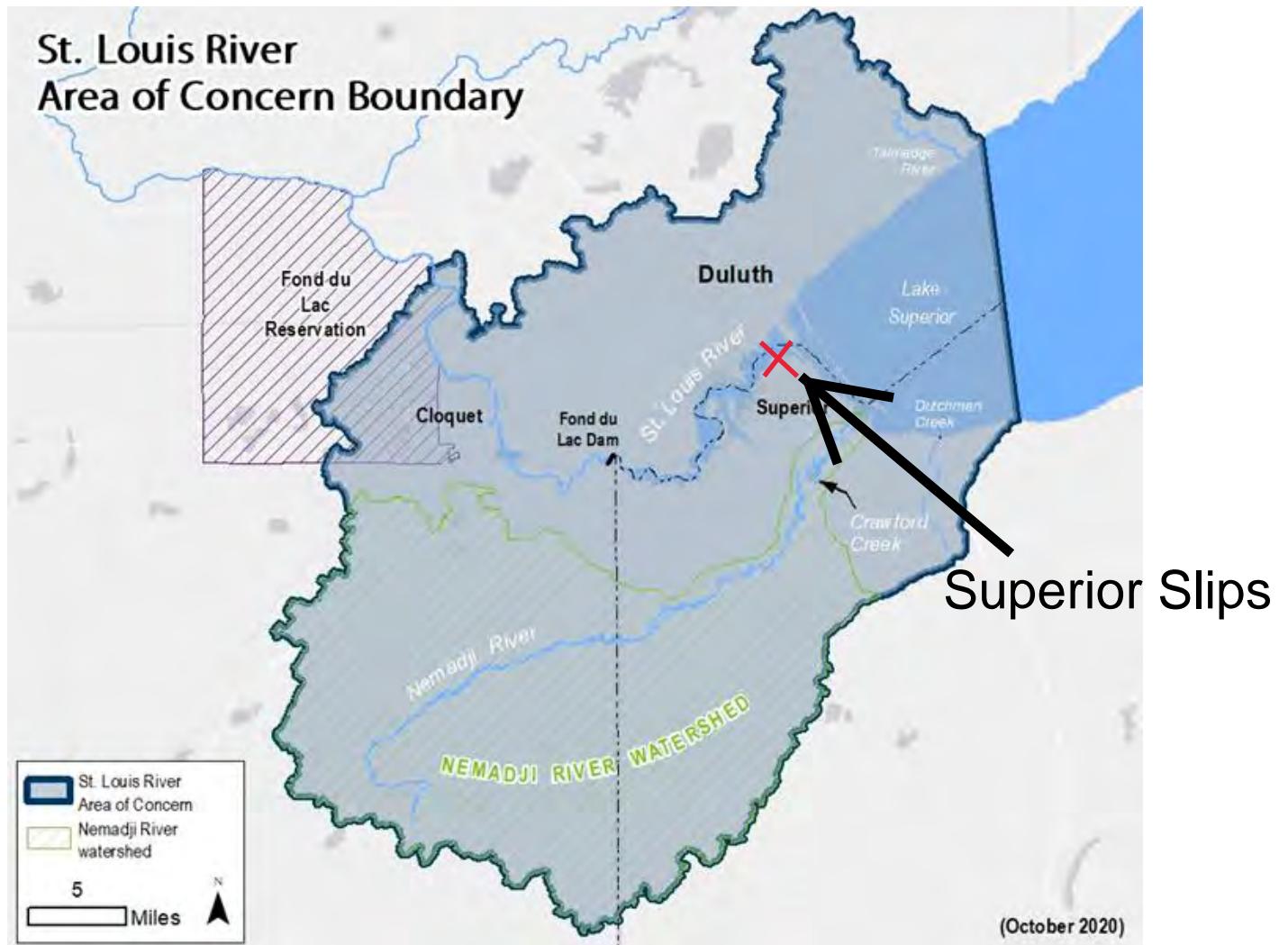
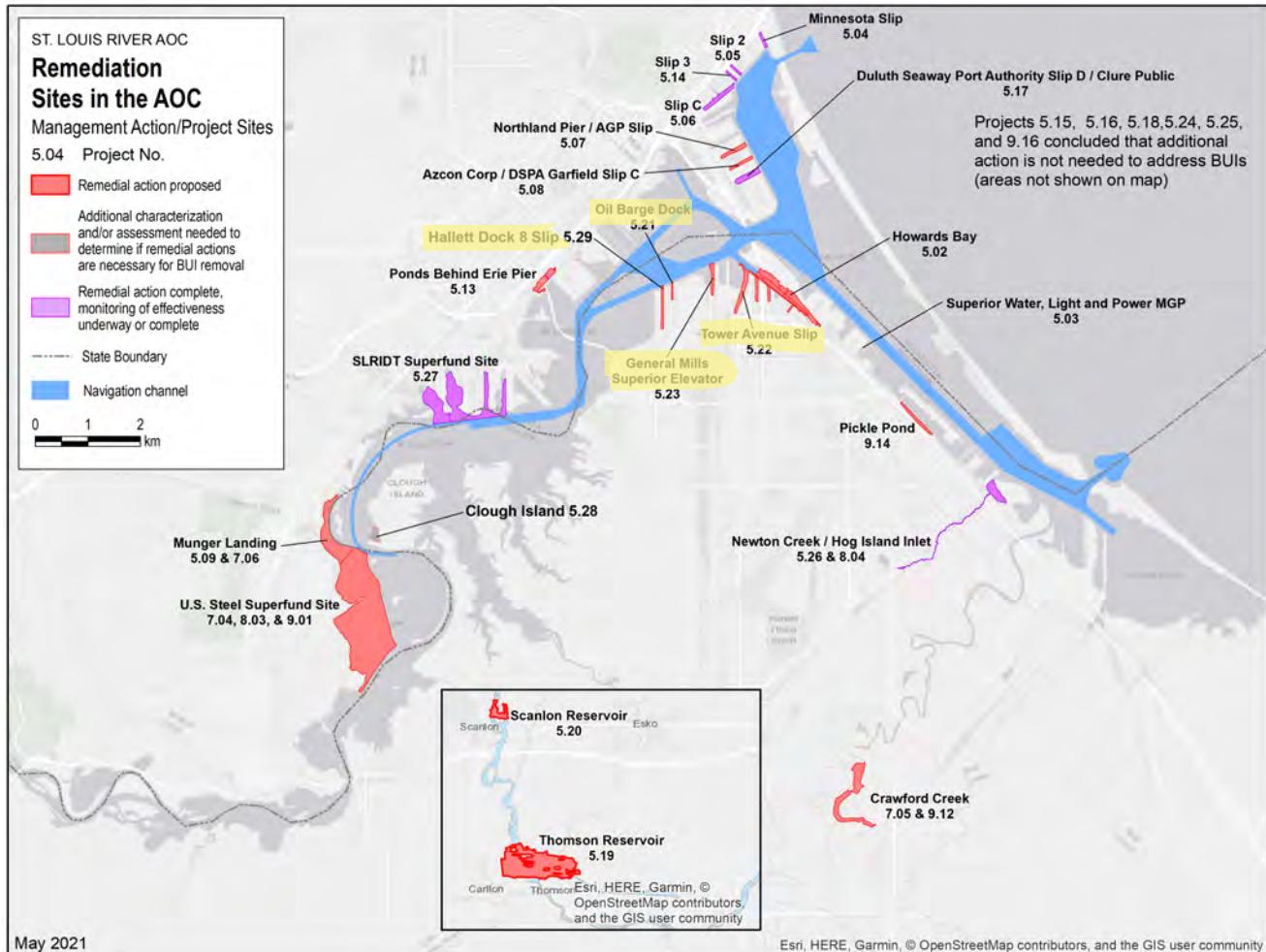


Figure 2 – Remediation Sites in the St Louis River AOC (Superior Slips highlighted)



## **Appendices**

## **Appendix 1 Summary of Sediment Chemistry Data**

## **Appendix 1**

### **A - Tower Avenue Slip Summary Tables**

1. Sediment Chemistry Summary Statistics
2. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to Sediment Quality Guidelines
3. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to NR 720 Soil RCLs

**Table A1 - Tower Avenue Slip.. Sediment Chemistry Summary Statistics**

Surface (0-15cm)										
Chemical	Units	# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	27	27	0	1,121	19,532	7,689	7,745	9,274	15,069
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	27	27	0	85	1,500	533.5	510	647	1,052
Total PCBs <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	22	22	0	10	197	89.86	92	146	159.5
Copper	mg/kg	36	36	0	15.4	97.3	53.43	55.95	60	90.75
Lead	mg/kg	36	36	0	15	123	57.4	54.55	66	102
Mercury	mg/kg	36	22	14	0.055	0.17	0.106	0.0955	0.0978	0.163
Nickel	mg/kg	36	36	0	13.7	42.4	30.29	32.75	32.4	38.98
Silver	mg/kg	36	4	32	0.18	0.23	0.2	0.19	0.17	0.22
Zinc	mg/kg	36	36	0	65.2	279	162.3	162	180	251.8
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	8	8	0	4.33	20.28	14.72	17.44	18.49	19.66
Tributyltin	µg/kg	19	5	14	1	33	7.88	1.4	11.72	7.17

Subsurface (>15cm)										
Chemical	Units	# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	94	94	0	12.8	239,790	28,658	9,734	39,338	117,980
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	94	79	15	5.8	13,000	1,966	980	2,233	6,235
Total PCBs <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	52	38	14	4.4	4,140	211.5	93	499	258.3
Copper	mg/kg	108	108	0	7.2	151	51.82	40.85	58	127.9
Lead	mg/kg	108	108	0	2.9	2,070	117.7	61.55	144	331.3
Mercury	mg/kg	108	74	34	0.035	11.3	1.356	0.465	1.778	5.17
Nickel	mg/kg	108	108	0	9.4	43.7	23.86	23.95	25.1	36.53
Silver	mg/kg	108	54	0	0.12	5.5	1.34	0.96	1.18	3.03
Zinc	mg/kg	108	108	0	17.5	732	185.9	136	212	541.3
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	5	5	0	0.25	19.08	10.54	13.86	17.69	18.04
Tributyltin	µg/kg	36	12	24	2.6	64	10.77	5.85	14.16	18.5

All Intervals										
Chemical	Units	# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	121	121	0	12.8	239,790	23,979	8,489	31,017	101,720
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	121	106	15	5.8	13,000	1,601	725	1,790	6,200
Total PCBs <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	74	60	14	4.4	4,140	166.90	93	377	218
Copper	mg/kg	144	144	0	7.2	151	52.22	43.5	57	118
Lead	mg/kg	144	144	0	2.9	2,070	102.6	60.95	140	312.9
Mercury	mg/kg	144	96	48	0.035	11.3	1.07	0.28	1.368	3.255
Nickel	mg/kg	144	144	0	9.4	43.7	25.47	25.4	26.6	37.84
Silver	mg/kg	144	58	86	0.12	5.5	1.26	0.88	0.94	2.74
Zinc	mg/kg	144	144	0	17.5	732	180	142.5	200	498.5
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	13	13	0	0.25	20.28	13.11	13.87	16.3	19.56
Tributyltin	µg/kg	55	17	38	1	64	9.92	5.2	11.42	19.2

**Notes:**

1. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean
2. Total PAHs - total polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons based on sum of 18 PAHs
3. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene
4. PCBs - polychlorinated biphenyls
5. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors.

**Table A2 - Tower Avenue Slip. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to Sediment Quality Guidelines**

Surface (0-15cm)								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	19,532	9,274	15,069
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	1,500	647	1,052
Total PCBs <sup>8</sup>	µg/kg	60	368	676	108	197	146	159.5
Copper	mg/kg	32	91	150	50	97.3	60	90.75
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	123	66	102
Mercury	mg/kg	0.18	0.64	1.1	0.59	0.17	0.0978	0.163
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	42.4	32.4	38.98
Silver	mg/kg	1.6	1.9	2.2	NA	0.23	0.17	0.22
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	279	180	251.8
DF TEQ Fish <sup>9</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	20.28	18.49	19.66
Tributyltin	µg/kg	0.52	1.73	2.94	NA	33	11.72	7.17

Subsurface (>15cm)								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	239,790	39,338	117,980
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	13,000	2,233	6,235
Total PCBs <sup>8</sup>	µg/kg	60	368	676	108	4,140	499	258.3
Copper	mg/kg	32	91	150	50	151	58	127.9
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	2,070	144	331.3
Mercury	mg/kg	0.18	0.64	1.1	0.59	11.3	1.778	5.17
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	43.7	25.1	36.53
Silver	mg/kg	1.6	1.9	2.2	NA	5.5	1.18	3.03
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	732	212	541.3
DF TEQ Fish <sup>9</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	19.08	17.69	18.04
Tributyltin	µg/kg	0.52	1.73	2.94	NA	64	14.16	18.5

All Intervals								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	239,790	31,017	101,720
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	13,000	1,790	6,200
Total PCBs <sup>8</sup>	µg/kg	60	368	676	108	4,140	377	218
Copper	mg/kg	32	91	150	50	151	57	118
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	2,070	140	312.9
Mercury	mg/kg	0.18	0.64	1.1	0.59	11.3	1.368	3.255
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	43.7	26.6	37.84
Silver	mg/kg	1.6	1.9	2.2	NA	5.5	0.94	2.74
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	732	200	498.5
DF TEQ Fish <sup>9</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	20.28	16.3	19.56
Tributyltin	µg/kg	0.52	1.73	2.94	NA	64	11.42	19.2

Notes:

applicable cleanup level

exceeds MEC or background

exceeds PEC

exceeds 2x PEC

exceeds 5x PEC

1. TEC - threshold effect concentration

2. MEC - midpoint effect concentration

3. PEC - probable effect concentration

4. BTV (95/95UTL) - background threshold value for St. Louis River AOC sediments using 95/95 upper tolerance limit

5. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean

6. Total PAHs - total polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons based on sum of 18 PAHs

7. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene

8. PCBs - polychlorinated biphenyls

9. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors.

**Table A3 - Tower Avenue Slip. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to NR 720 Soil RCLs**

Surface (0-15cm)								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	1,500	647	1,052
Total PCBs <sup>5</sup>	µg/kg	9.4	234	967	NA	197	146	159.5
Copper	mg/kg	92	3,130	46,700	35	97.3	60	90.75
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	123	66	102
Mercury	mg/kg	0.21	3.13	3.13	NA	0.17	0.0978	0.163
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	42.4	32.4	38.98
Silver	mg/kg	0.85	391	5,840	NA	0.23	0.17	0.22
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	279	180	251.8
DF TEQ Fish <sup>6</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	20.28	18.49	19.66
Tributyltin	µg/kg	NA	19	246	NA	33	11.72	7.17

Subsurface (>15cm)								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	13,000	2,233	6,235
Total PCBs <sup>5</sup>	µg/kg	9.4	234	967	NA	4,140	499	258.3
Copper	mg/kg	92	3,130	46,700	35	151	58	127.9
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	2,070	144	331.3
Mercury	mg/kg	0.21	3.13	3.13	NA	11.3	1.778	5.17
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	43.7	25.1	36.53
Silver	mg/kg	0.85	391	5,840	NA	5.5	1.18	3.03
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	732	212	541.3
DF TEQ Fish <sup>6</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	19.08	17.69	18.04
Tributyltin	µg/kg	NA	19	246	NA	64	14.16	18.5

All Intervals								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	13,000	1,790	6,200
Total PCBs <sup>5</sup>	µg/kg	9.4	234	967	NA	4,140	377	218
Copper	mg/kg	92	3,130	46,700	35	151	57	118
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	2,070	140	312.9
Mercury	mg/kg	0.21	3.13	3.13	NA	11.3	1.368	3.255
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	43.7	26.6	37.84
Silver	mg/kg	0.85	391	5,840	NA	5.5	0.94	2.74
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	732	200	498.5
DF TEQ Fish <sup>6</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	20.28	16.3	19.56
Tributyltin	µg/kg	NA	19	246	NA	64	11.42	19.2

Notes:

5.8 Exceedances of Ind DC RCL

1. Wis. Admin. Code NR 720 residual contaminant levels for the protection of groundwater.

2. Wis Admin. Code NR 720 residual contaminant levels for direct contact with soil for industrial and non-industrial land uses.

3. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean

4. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene

5. PCBs - polychlorinated biphenyls

6. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors; soil RCLs are for 2,3,7,8-TCDD

## **Appendix 1**

### **B - General Mills Slip Summary Tables**

1. Sediment Chemistry Summary Statistics
2. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to Sediment Quality Guidelines
3. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to NR 720 Soil RCLs

**Tabel B1 - General Mills Slip. Sediment Chemistry Summary Statistics**

Surface (0-15cm)										
Chemical	Units	# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	16	16	0	579.40	10,750	4,789	3,910	6,208	10,685
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	16	16	0	37	500	270.4	210	345	492.5
Total PCBs <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	10	10	0	6	41	21.8	19	28.87	37.4
Copper	mg/kg	19	19	0	9.40	70	33.84	33.60	40.11	55.42
Lead	mg/kg	19	19	0	6.5	32.8	20.63	20	23.92	32.62
Mercury	mg/kg	19	6	13	0.052	0.16	0.0917	0.0760	0.0802	0.133
Nickel	mg/kg	19	19	0	12	32.4	23.99	23.1	26.59	32.22
Zinc	mg/kg	19	19	0	35.2	148	99.58	97	113.1	140.8
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	4	4	0	7.81	53.89	27.79	24.73	50.44	49.89
Tributyltin	µg/kg	13	3	10	4.5	19	12.5	14	11.77	16

Subsurface (>15cm)										
Chemical	Units	# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	55	55	0	12.86	146,140	20,415	14,095	40,671	56,297
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	55	46	9	1	8,000	1,297	760	2,212	3,230
Total PCBs <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	13	11	2	3.7	650	100.9	36	299.4	378.8
Copper	mg/kg	61	61	0	6.3	129	40.55	39.7	46.21	85.8
Lead	mg/kg	61	61	0	2.3	345	54.17	47.5	68.15	155
Mercury	mg/kg	61	35	26	0.049	0.67	0.22	0.2	0.224	0.45
Nickel	mg/kg	61	61	0	8.5	28.5	17.82	17.8	18.9	26.4
Zinc	mg/kg	61	61	0	15.3	408	135.9	131	155.1	271
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tributyltin	µg/kg	29	6	23	0.58	81	23.46	14.15	19.34	26

All Intervals										
Chemical	Units	# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	71	71	0	12.86	146,140	16,894	10,663	28,366	50,695
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	71	62	9	1	8,000	1,032	575	1,218	2,900
Total PCBs <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	23	21	2	3.70	650	63.22	30	180.3	183.2
Copper	mg/kg	80	80	0	6.3	129	38.96	36.85	43.5	78.87
Lead	mg/kg	80	80	0	2.3	345	46.2	29.25	55.59	132.2
Mercury	mg/kg	80	41	39	0.049	0.67	0.201	0.160	0.189	0.412
Nickel	mg/kg	80	80	0	8.5	32.4	19.29	19.6	20.41	29.5
Zinc	mg/kg	80	80	0	15.3	408	127.3	120	142.4	265.3
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	4	4	0	7.81	53.89	27.79	24.73	50.44	49.89
Tributyltin	µg/kg	42	9	33	0.58	81	19.81	14	15.3	22.8

Notes:

1. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean
2. Total PAHs - total polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons based on sum of 18 PAHs
3. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene
4. PCBs - polychlorinated biphenyls
5. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors.

**Tabel B2 - General Mills Slip. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to Sediment Quality Guidelines**

Surface (0-15cm)								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	10,750	6,208	10,685
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	500	345	492.5
Total PCBs <sup>8</sup>	µg/kg	60	368	676	108	41	28.87	37.4
Copper	mg/kg	32	91	150	50	70	40.11	55.42
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	32.8	23.92	32.62
Mercury	mg/kg	0.18	0.64	1.1	0.59	0.16	0.0802	0.133
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	32.4	26.59	32.22
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	148	113.1	140.8
DF TEQ Fish <sup>9</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	53.89	50.44	49.89
Tributyltin	µg/kg	0.52	1.73	2.94	NA	19	11.77	16

Subsurface (>15cm)								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	146,140	40,671	56,297
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	8,000	2,212	3,230
Total PCBs <sup>8</sup>	µg/kg	60	368	676	108	650	299.4	378.8
Copper	mg/kg	32	91	150	50	129	46.21	85.8
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	345	68.15	155
Mercury	mg/kg	0.18	0.64	1.1	0.59	0.67	0.224	0.45
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	28.5	18.9	26.4
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	408	155.1	271
DF TEQ Fish <sup>9</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	NA	NA	NA
Tributyltin	µg/kg	0.52	1.73	2.94	NA	81	19.34	26

All Intervals								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	146,140	28,366	50,695
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	8,000	1,218	2,900
Total PCBs <sup>8</sup>	µg/kg	60	368	676	108	650	180.3	183.2
Copper	mg/kg	32	91	150	50	129	43.5	78.87
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	345	55.59	132.2
Mercury	mg/kg	0.18	0.64	1.1	0.59	0.67	0.189	0.412
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	32.4	20.41	29.5
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	408	142.4	265.3
DF TEQ Fish <sup>9</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	53.89	50.44	49.89
Tributyltin	µg/kg	0.52	1.73	2.94	NA	81	15.3	22.8

Notes:

- applicable cleanup level
- exceeds MEC or background
- exceeds PEC
- exceeds 2x PEC
- exceeds 5x PEC

1. TEC - threshold effect concentration
2. MEC - midpoint effect concentration
3. PEC - probable effect concentration
4. BTV (95/95UTL) - background threshold value for St. Louis River AOC sediments using 95/95 upper tolerance limit
5. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean
6. Total PAHs - total polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons based on sum of 18 PAHs
7. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene
8. PCBs - polychlorinated biphenyls
9. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors.

**Tabel B3 - General Mills Slip. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to NR 720 Soil RCLs**

Surface (0-15cm)								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	500	345	492.5
Total PCBs <sup>5</sup>	µg/kg	9.4	234	967	NA	41	28.87	37.4
Copper	mg/kg	92	3,130	46,700	35	70	40.11	55.42
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	32.8	23.92	32.62
Mercury	mg/kg	0.21	3.13	3.13	NA	0.16	0.0802	0.133
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	32.4	26.59	32.22
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	148	113.1	140.8
DF TEQ Fish <sup>6</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	53.89	50.44	49.89
Tributyltin	µg/kg	NA	19	246	NA	19	11.77	16

Subsurface (>15cm)								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	8,000	2,212	3,230
Total PCBs <sup>5</sup>	µg/kg	9.4	234	967	NA	650	299.4	378.8
Copper	mg/kg	92	3,130	46,700	35	129	46.21	85.8
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	345	68.15	155
Mercury	mg/kg	0.21	3.13	3.13	NA	0.67	0.224	0.45
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	28.5	18.9	26.4
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	408	155.1	271
DF TEQ Fish <sup>6</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tributyltin	µg/kg	NA	19	246	NA	81	19.34	26

All Intervals								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	8,000	1,218	2,900
Total PCBs <sup>5</sup>	µg/kg	9.4	234	967	NA	650	180.3	183.2
Copper	mg/kg	92	3,130	46,700	35	129	43.5	78.87
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	345	55.59	132.2
Mercury	mg/kg	0.21	3.13	3.13	NA	0.67	0.189	0.412
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	32.4	20.41	29.5
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	408	142.4	265.3
DF TEQ Fish <sup>6</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	53.89	50.44	49.89
Tributyltin	µg/kg	NA	19	246	NA	81	15.3	22.8

Notes:

5.8 Exceedances of Ind DC RCL

1. Wis. Admin. Code NR 720 residual contaminant levels for the protection of groundwater.

2. Wis Admin. Code NR 720 residual contaminant levels for direct contact with soil for industrial and non-industrial land uses.

3. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean

4. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene

5. PCBs - polychlorinated biphenyls

6. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors; soil RCLs are for 2,3,7,8-TCDD

## **Appendix 1**

### **C - Oil Barge Dock Slip Summary Tables**

1. Sediment Chemistry Summary Statistics
2. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to Sediment Quality Guidelines
3. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to NR 720 Soil RCLs

**Table C1 - Oil Barge Dock Slip. Sediment Chemistry Summary Statistics**

Chemical	Units	Surface (0-15cm)									
		# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	21	3	18	0.48	110	73.49	110	99.62	110	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	21	3	18	0.44	120	73.48	100	100.8	120	
Benzene	µg/kg	21	2	19	19	130	74.5	74.5	92.98	130	
Xylenes, total	µg/kg	21	4	17	0.6	950	445.9	416.5	337.3	770	
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	21	21	0	1,439	60,340	11,477	4,742	26,186	37,764	
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	21	21	0	92	2,900	512.3	260	831.4	1,400	
Total PCBs <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	8	7	1	3	78	26.86	21	60.44	59.45	
Arsenic	mg/kg	21	21	0	4.7	16.8	9.03	8.2	10.25	14.7	
Copper	mg/kg	21	21	0	15.4	65.1	31.23	30.5	35.86	55	
Lead	mg/kg	21	21	0	14.6	219	46.16	34.1	62.6	86.3	
Nickel	mg/kg	21	21	0	7.6	43.60	26.28	31.9	36.99	40.3	
Zinc	mg/kg	21	21	0	28.8	264	131.5	142	153.1	200	
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	5	5	0	0.77	11.37	7.19	10.1	12.01	11.3	

Chemical	Units	Subsurface (>15cm)									
		# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	117	5	112	92	130	112	110	47.35	152	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	117	5	112	87	120	109	120	31.93	120	
Benzene	µg/kg	117	10	107	17	850	320.3	164.5	90.34	184	
Xylenes, total	µg/kg	117	12	105	2.9	2,100	668.4	375.0	279.5	724	
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	117	117	0	12.27	93,410	8,734	1,073	15,412	41,702	
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	117	86	31	1.5	2,200	310.2	155	381.3	1,020	
Total PCBs <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	5	4	1	12	112	40	18	120.4	93.8	
Arsenic	mg/kg	117	117	0	1.6	132	8.6	3.6	15.03	36.3	
Copper	mg/kg	117	117	0	2.3	70	19.02	14.9	21.22	52	
Lead	mg/kg	117	117	0	1.9	1,610	43.88	8.4	105.2	140	
Nickel	mg/kg	117	117	0	5.8	37.3	16.3	15.6	17.22	26.04	
Zinc	mg/kg	117	117	0	10.7	289	77.84	58.4	87.06	197	
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

Chemical	Units	All Intervals									
		# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	138	8	130	0.48	130	97.56	110	47.22	151.50	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	138	8	130	0.44	120	95.68	110	35.3	120	
Benzene	µg/kg	138	12	126	17	850	279.3	104.5	81.62	183	
Xylenes, total	µg/kg	138	16	122	0.6	2,100	612.8	375	256	771.5	
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	138	138	0	12.27	93,410	9,152	2,030	15,230	41,521	
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	138	107	31	1.5	2,900	349.9	190	436.2	1,115	
Total PCBs <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	13	11	2	3	112	31.64	21	65.75	91.6	
Arsenic	mg/kg	138	138	0	1.6	132	8.66	4	14.14	29.04	
Copper	mg/kg	138	138	0	2.3	70	20.88	16.6	23.31	52.6	
Lead	mg/kg	138	138	0	1.9	1,610	44.23	15.35	96.56	139.8	
Nickel	mg/kg	138	138	0	5.8	43.6	17.82	16	18.91	34.41	
Zinc	mg/kg	138	138	0	10.7	289	86.01	62.3	107.4	200.2	
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	5	5	0	0.77	11.37	7.19	10.1	12.01	11.3	

**Notes:**

1. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean

2. Total PAHs - total polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons based on sum of 18 PAHs

3. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene

4. PCBs - polychlorinated biphenyls

5. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors.

**Table C2 - Oil Barge Dock Slip. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to Sediment Quality Guidelines**

Surface (0-15cm)								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	23		23	NA	110	99.62	110
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	31	61	90	NA	120	100.8	120
Benzene	µg/kg	57	84	110	NA	130	92.98	130
Xylenes, total	µg/kg	25	38	50	NA	950	337.3	770
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	60,340	26,186	37,764
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	2,900	831.4	1,400
Total PCBs <sup>8</sup>	µg/kg	60	368	676	108	78	60.44	59.45
Arsenic	µg/kg	10	21	33	NA	16.8	10.25	14.7
Copper	mg/kg	32	91	150	50	65.1	35.86	55
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	219	62.6	86.3
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	43.60	36.99	40.3
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	264	153.1	200
DF TEQ Fish <sup>9</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	11.37	12.01	11.3

Subsurface (>15cm)								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	23		23	NA	130	47.35	152
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	31	61	90	NA	120	31.93	120
Benzene	µg/kg	57	84	110	NA	850	90.34	184
Xylenes, total	µg/kg	25	38	50	NA	2,100	279.5	724
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	93,410	15,412	41,702
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	2,200	381.3	1,020
Total PCBs <sup>8</sup>	µg/kg	60	368	676	108	112	120.4	93.8
Arsenic	µg/kg	10	21	33	NA	132	15.03	36.3
Copper	mg/kg	32	91	150	50	70	21.22	52
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	1,610	105.2	140
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	37.3	17.22	26.04
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	289	87.06	197
DF TEQ Fish <sup>9</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	NA	NA	NA

All Intervals								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	23		23	NA	130	47.22	151.50
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	31	61	90	NA	120	35.3	120
Benzene	µg/kg	57	84	110	NA	850	81.62	183
Xylenes, total	µg/kg	25	38	50	NA	2,100	256	771.5
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	93,410	15,230	41,521
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	2,900	436.2	1,115
Total PCBs <sup>8</sup>	µg/kg	60	368	676	108	112	65.75	91.6
Arsenic	µg/kg	10	21	33	NA	132	14.14	29.04
Copper	mg/kg	32	91	150	50	70	23.31	52.6
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	1,610	96.56	139.8
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	43.6	18.91	34.41
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	289	107.4	200.2
DF TEQ Fish <sup>9</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	11.37	12.01	11.3

Notes:

- applicable cleanup level
- exceeds MEC or background
- exceeds PEC
- exceeds 2x PEC
- exceeds 5x PEC

1. TEC - threshold effect concentration
2. MEC - midpoint effect concentration
3. PEC - probable effect concentration
4. BTV (95/95UTL) - background threshold value for St. Louis River AOC sediments using 95/95 upper tolerance limit
5. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean
6. Total PAHs - total polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons based on sum of 18 PAHs
7. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene
8. PCBs - polychlorinated biphenyls
9. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors.

**Table C3 - Oil Barge Dock Slip. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to NR 720 Soil RCLs**

Surface (0-15cm)								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	1,168	376,000	376,000	NA	110	99.62	110
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	144	3,740	3,740	NA	120	100.8	120
Benzene	µg/kg	5.1	1,600	7,070	NA	130	92.98	130
Xylenes, total	µg/kg	3,960	260,000	260,000	NA	950	337.3	770
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	2,900	831.4	1,400
Total PCBs <sup>5</sup>	µg/kg	9.4	234	967	NA	78	60.44	59.45
Arsenic	µg/kg	584	677	3,000	8,000	16.8	10.25	14.7
Copper	mg/kg	92	3,130	46,700	35	65.1	35.86	55
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	219	62.6	86.3
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	43.60	36.99	40.3
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	264	153.1	200
DF TEQ Fish <sup>6</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	11.37	12.01	11.3

Subsurface (>15cm)								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	1,168	376,000	376,000	NA	130	47.35	152
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	144	3,740	3,740	NA	120	31.93	120
Benzene	µg/kg	5.1	1,600	7,070	NA	850	90.34	184
Xylenes, total	µg/kg	3,960	260,000	260,000	NA	2,100	279.5	724
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	2,200	381.3	1,020
Total PCBs <sup>5</sup>	µg/kg	9.4	234	967	NA	112	120.4	93.8
Arsenic	µg/kg	584	677	3,000	8,000	132	15.03	36.3
Copper	mg/kg	92	3,130	46,700	35	70	21.22	52
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	1,610	105.2	140
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	37.3	17.22	26.04
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	289	87.06	197
DF TEQ Fish <sup>6</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	NA	NA	NA

All Intervals								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	1,168	376,000	376,000	NA	130	47.22	151.50
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	µg/kg	144	3,740	3,740	NA	120	35.3	120
Benzene	µg/kg	5.1	1,600	7,070	NA	850	81.62	183
Xylenes, total	µg/kg	3,960	260,000	260,000	NA	2,100	256	771.5
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	2,900	436.2	1,115
Total PCBs <sup>5</sup>	µg/kg	9.4	234	967	NA	112	65.75	91.6
Arsenic	µg/kg	584	677	3,000	8,000	132	14.14	29.04
Copper	mg/kg	92	3,130	46,700	35	70	23.31	52.6
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	1,610	96.56	139.8
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	43.6	18.91	34.41
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	289	107.4	200.2
DF TEQ Fish <sup>6</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	11.37	12.01	11.3

Notes:

5.8 Exceedances of Ind DC RCL

1. Wis. Admin. Code NR 720 residual contaminant levels for the protection of groundwater.

2. Wis Admin. Code NR 720 residual contaminant levels for direct contact with soil for industrial and non-industrial land uses.

3. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean

4. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene

5. PCBs - polychlorinated biphenyls

6. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors; soil RCLs are for 2,3,7,8-TCDD

## **Appendix 1**

### **D - Hallet Dock 8 / C. Reiss Coal Slip Summary Tables**

1. Sediment Chemistry Summary Statistics
2. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to Sediment Quality Guidelines
3. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to NR 720 Soil RCLs

**Table D1 - Hallet Dock 8/ C. Reiss Coal Slip. Sediment Chemistry Summary Statistics**

Surface (0-15cm)										
Chemical	Units	# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	8	8	0	1,162	20,464	8,133	6,693	13,280	19,989
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	8	8	0	57	1,300	537.80	465	877.90	1,300
Lead	mg/kg	8	8	0	4.5	23.4	12.95	14.2	17.18	21.27
Mercury	mg/kg	8	4	4	0.05	0.083	0.063	0.0595	0.064	0.0764
Nickel	mg/kg	8	8	0	9.2	22.4	13.19	12.35	15.85	19.25
Zinc	mg/kg	8	8	0	26.6	90.3	50.79	49.45	63.5	78.89
DF TEQ Fish <sup>4</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	4	4	0	3.34	4.39	3.74	3.62	4.3	4.30

Subsurface (>15cm)										
Chemical	Units	# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	30	30	0	12	22,090	3,733	282	10,996	17,527
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	30	23	7	1.4	1,400	257.4	44	614	1,001
Lead	mg/kg	30	30	0	2.3	106	14.99	6	30.82	32.05
Mercury	mg/kg	30	14	16	0.031	0.23	0.0816	0.071	0.0897	0.133
Nickel	mg/kg	30	30	0	6.3	49.9	14.19	12.1	16.9	29.08
Zinc	mg/kg	30	30	0	12.5	141	46.14	29.3	61.7	109.4
DF TEQ Fish <sup>4</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

All Intervals										
Chemical	Units	# of Samples	# of Detects	# of NDs	Min	Max	Mean	Median	95%UCL <sup>1</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>2</sup>	µg/kg	38	38	0	12	22,090	4,660	1,307	7,872	20,316
BaP <sup>3</sup>	µg/kg	38	31	7	1	1,400	329.7	93	691	1,300
Lead	mg/kg	38	38	0	2.3	106	14.56	9.6	20.8	31.65
Mercury	mg/kg	38	18	20	0.031	0.23	0.0774	0.0655	0.0822	0.109
Nickel	mg/kg	38	38	0	6.3	49.9	13.98	12.35	16.15	24.59
Zinc	mg/kg	38	38	0	12.5	141	47.12	37.05	57.17	95.59
DF TEQ Fish <sup>4</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	4	4	0	3.34	4.39	3.74	3.62	4.3	4.3

**Notes:**

1. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean
2. Total PAHs - total polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons based on sum of 18 PAHs
3. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene
4. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors.

**Table D2 - Hallet Dock 8/ C. Reiss Coal Slip Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to Sediment Quality Guidelines**

Surface (0-15cm)								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	20,464	13,280	19,989
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	1,300	877.90	1,300
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	23.4	17.18	21.27
Mercury	mg/kg	0.18	0.64	1.1	0.59	0.083	0.064	0.0764
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	22.4	15.85	19.25
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	90.3	63.5	78.89
DF TEQ Fish <sup>8</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	4.39	4.3	4.30

Subsurface (>15cm)								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	22,090	10,996	17,527
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	1,400	614	1,001
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	106	30.82	32.05
Mercury	mg/kg	0.18	0.64	1.1	0.59	0.23	0.0897	0.133
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	49.9	16.9	29.08
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	141	61.7	109.4
DF TEQ Fish <sup>8</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	NA	NA	NA

All Intervals								
Chemical	Units	TEC <sup>1</sup>	MEC <sup>2</sup>	PEC <sup>3</sup>	BTV (95/95UTL) <sup>4</sup>	Max	95%UCL <sup>5</sup>	95%ile
Total PAH <sup>6</sup>	µg/kg	1,610	12,205	22,800	7,820	22,090	7,872	20,316
BaP <sup>7</sup>	µg/kg	150	800	1,450	710	1,400	691	1,300
Lead	mg/kg	36	83	130	75	106	20.8	31.65
Mercury	mg/kg	0.18	0.64	1.1	0.59	0.23	0.0822	0.109
Nickel	mg/kg	23	36	49	38	49.9	16.15	24.59
Zinc	mg/kg	120	290	460	210	141	57.17	95.59
DF TEQ Fish <sup>8</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	0.85	11	22	24	4.39	4.3	4.3

Notes:

- applicable cleanup level
- exceeds MEC or background
- exceeds PEC
- exceeds 2x PEC
- exceeds 5x PEC

1. TEC - threshold effect concentration
2. MEC - midpoint effect concentration
3. PEC - probable effect concentration
4. BTV (95/95UTL) - background threshold value for St. Louis River AOC sediments using 95/95 upper tolerance limit
5. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean
6. Total PAHs - total polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons based on sum of 18 PAHs
7. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene
8. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors.

**Table D3 - Hallet Dock 8/ C. Reiss Coal Slip. Comparison of Sediment Chemistry Data to NR 720 Soil RCLs**

Surface (0-15cm)								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	1,300	877.90	1,300
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	23.4	17.18	21.27
Mercury	mg/kg	0.21	3.13	3.13	NA	0.083	0.064	0.0764
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	22.4	15.85	19.25
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	90.3	63.5	78.89
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	4.39	4.3	4.30

Subsurface (>15cm)								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	1,400	614	1,001
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	106	30.82	32.05
Mercury	mg/kg	0.21	3.13	3.13	NA	0.23	0.0897	0.133
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	49.9	16.9	29.08
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	141	61.7	109.4
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	NA	NA	NA

All Intervals								
Chemical	Units	GW Pathway RCL <sup>1</sup>	Non-Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Ind DC RCL <sup>2</sup>	Soil BTV	Max	95%UCL <sup>3</sup>	95%ile
BaP <sup>4</sup>	µg/kg	470	115	2,110	NA	1,400	691	1,300
Lead	mg/kg	27	400	800	52	106	20.8	31.65
Mercury	mg/kg	0.21	3.13	3.13	NA	0.23	0.0822	0.109
Nickel	mg/kg	13.1	1,550	22,500	31	49.9	16.15	24.59
Zinc	mg/kg	NA	23,500	100,000	150	141	57.17	95.59
DF TEQ Fish <sup>5</sup>	ng TEQ/kg	NA	4.8	21.8	NA	4.39	4.3	4.3

Notes:

5.8 Exceedances of Ind DC RCL

1. Wis. Admin. Code NR 720 residual contaminant levels for the protection of groundwater.

2. Wis Admin. Code NR 720 residual contaminant levels for direct contact with soil for industrial and non-industrial land uses.

3. 95%UCL - 95% upper confidence limit of the mean

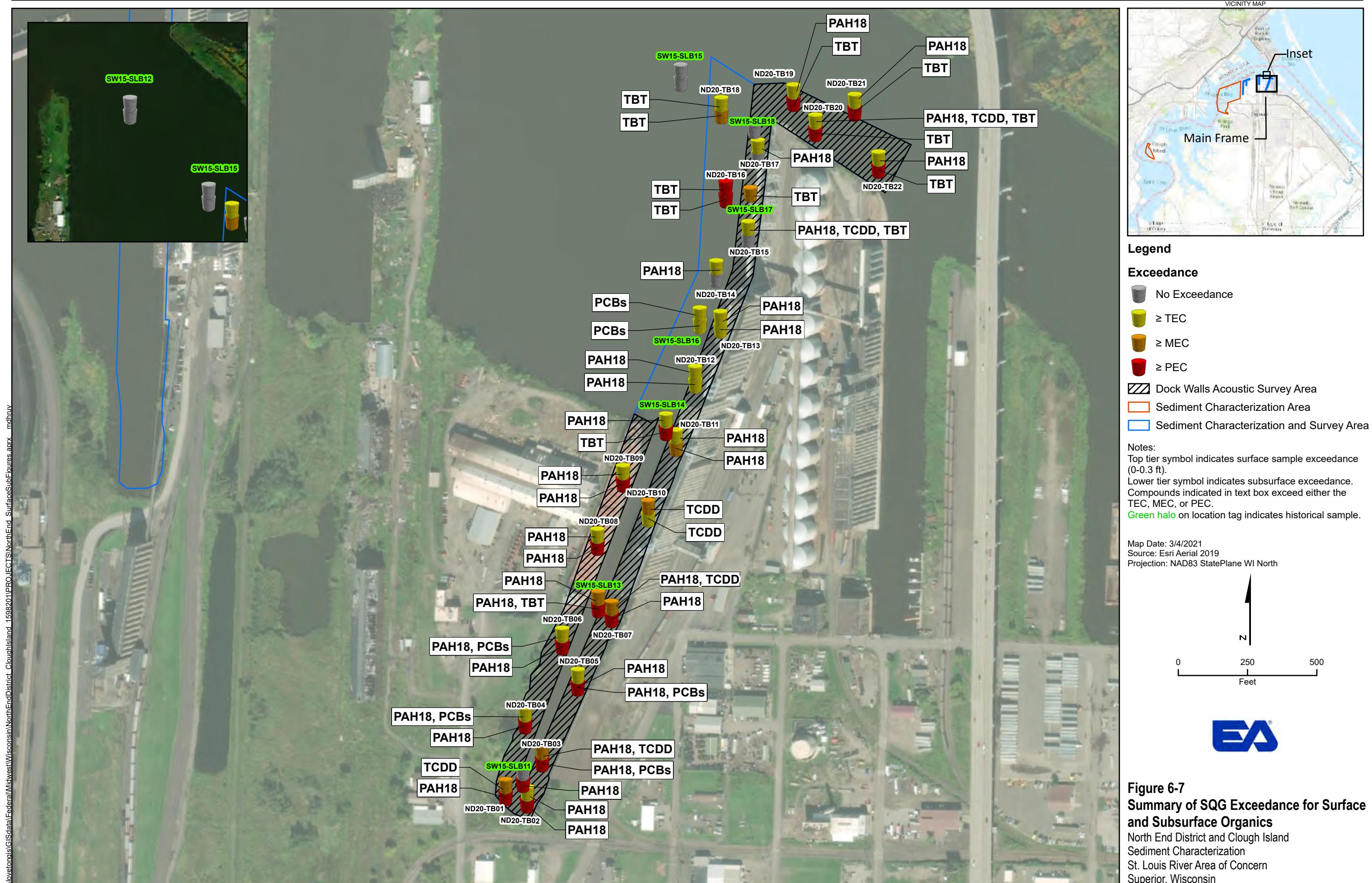
4. BaP - benzo(a)pyrene

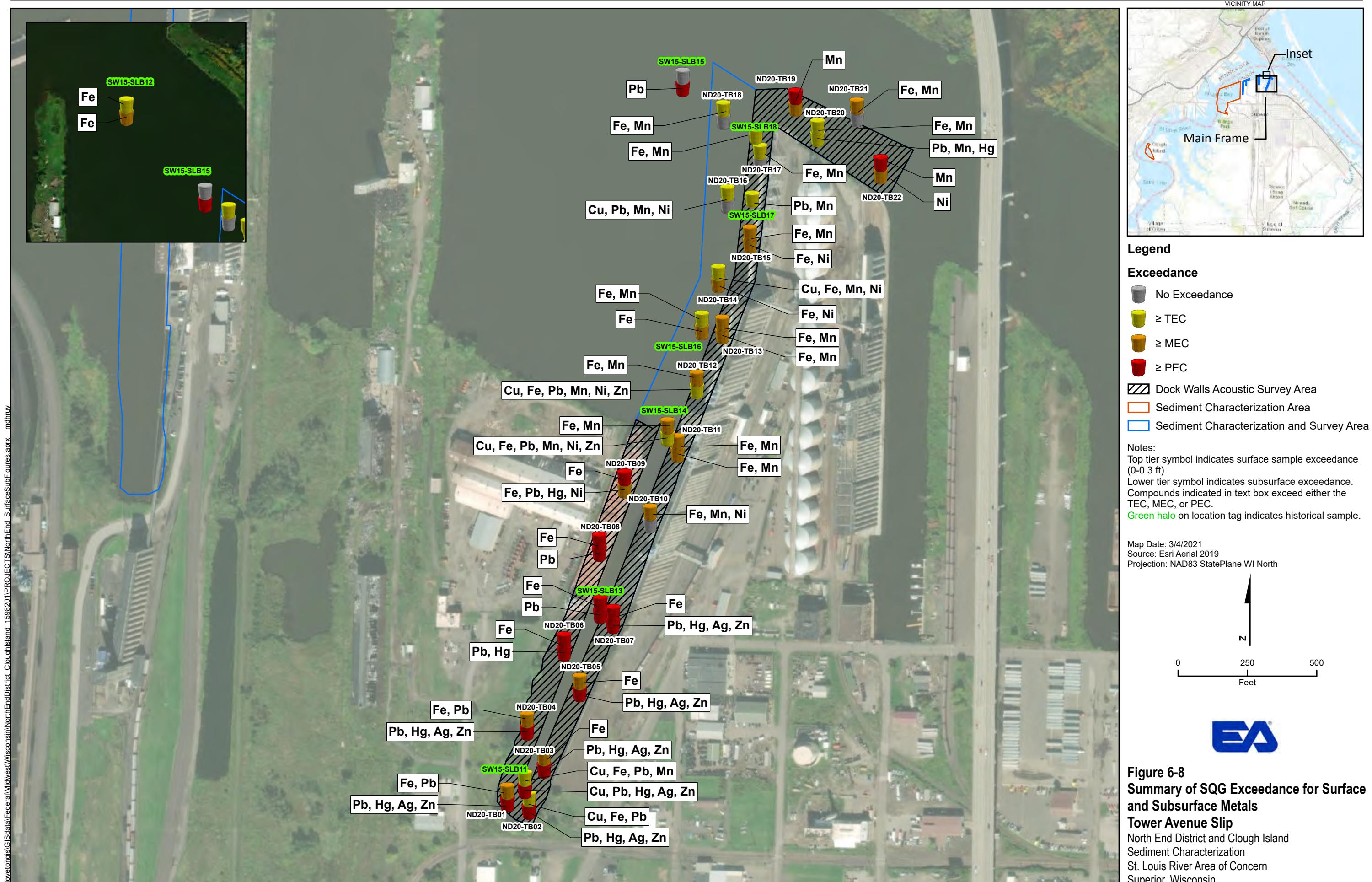
5. DF TEQ Fish - dioxin/furan toxicity equivalency quotient based on 1998 WHO toxicity equivalency factors; soil RCLs are for 2,3,7,8-TCDD

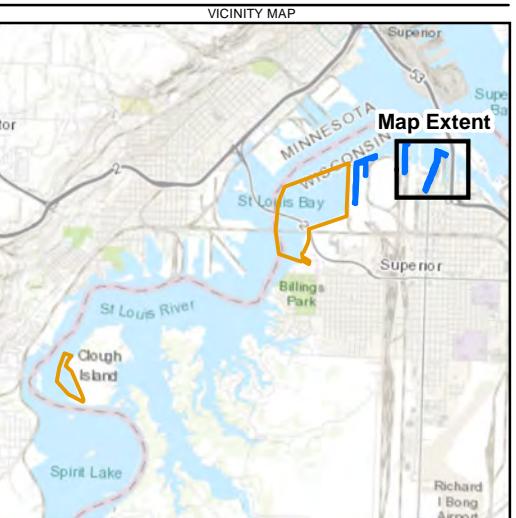
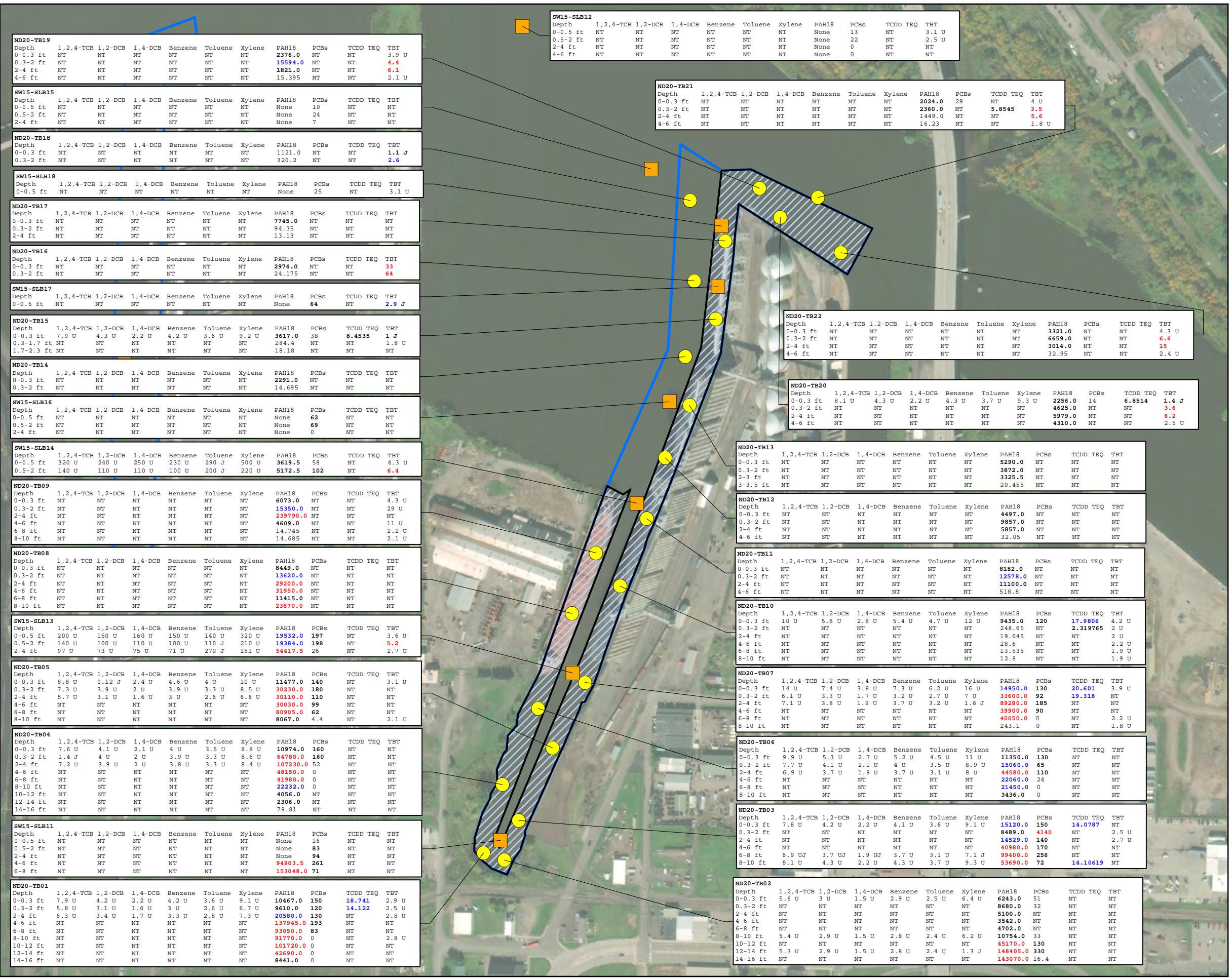
## **Appendix 2 – Contaminant Distribution Figures**

## **Appendix 2 – Contaminant Distribution Figures**

### **Tower Avenue Slip**







**Legend:**

- Yellow circle: Sediment Sample Location
- Orange square: Historical Sediment Sample Location
- Shaded area: Sediment Characterization and Survey Area (39.65 ac)
- Blue shaded area: Dock Walls Acoustic Survey Area (11.28 ac)

**Notes:**

- Sample results are in ug/kg.
- Fish TEQ results are in pg/g.
- Concentrations shown in **BOLD** exceed the TEC.
- Concentrations shown in **blue** exceed the MEC.
- Concentrations shown in **red** exceed the PEC.
- TCDD TEQ in text boxes calculated as Fish TEQ (ND=1/2RL)

**Acronyms:**

- J = Indicates that the concentration is an estimated value.
- U = Indicates the analyte was analyzed for but not detected.
- NT = Not tested.
- ug/kg - Micrograms per kilogram
- pg/g - Picograms per gram
- TEC = Threshold Effect Concentration
- MEC = Midpoint Effect Concentration
- PEC = Probable Effect Concentration

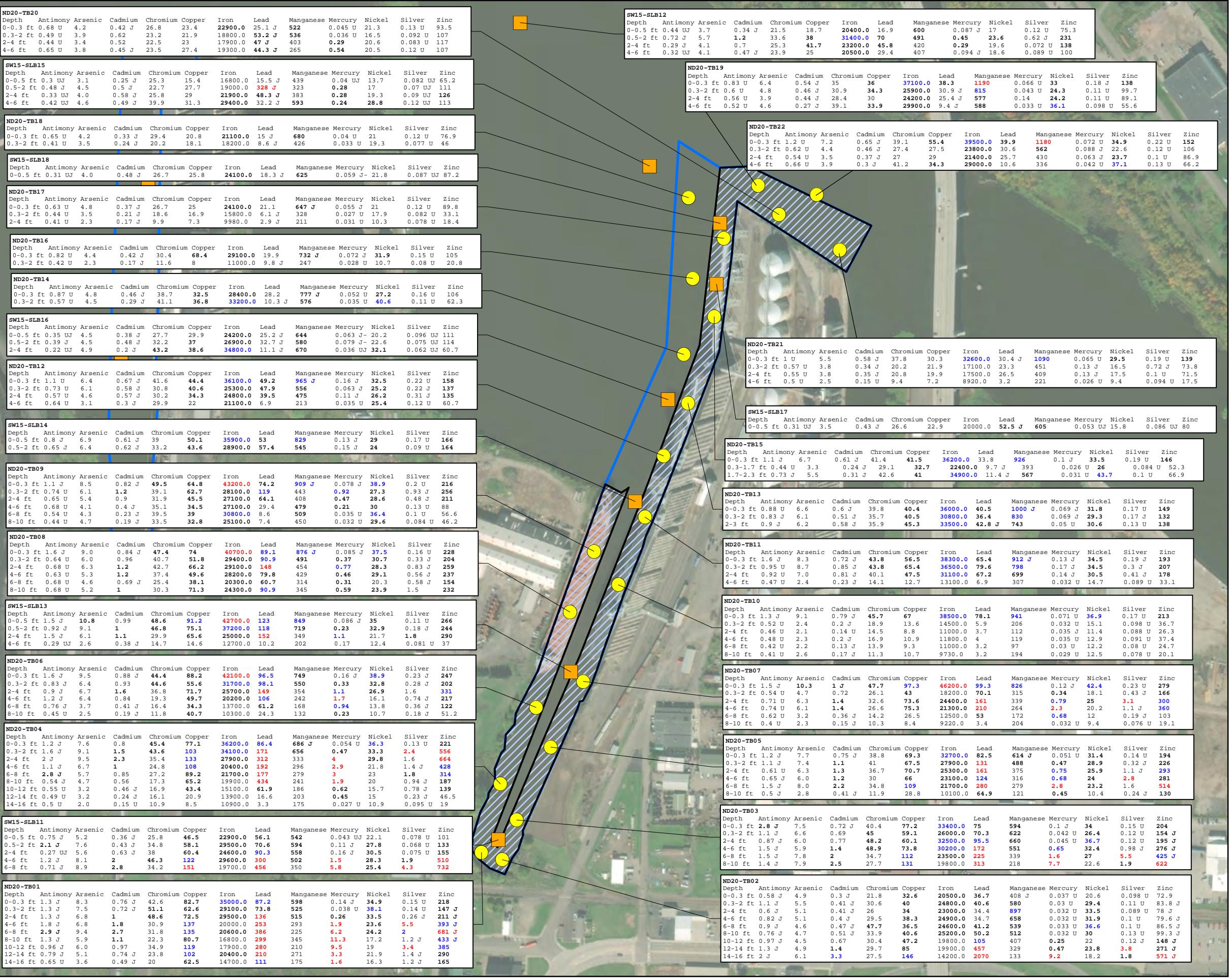
**Map Date:** 3/3/2021  
**Source:** ESRI Basemap 2019, City of Superior 2016  
**Projection:** NAD 1983 State Plane Wisconsin North US Foot

Analyte	Abbreviation	TEC	MEC	PEC
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	1,2,4-TCB	8	13	18
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1,2-DCB	23	23	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1,4-DCB	31	60.5	90
Benzene	Benzene	57	83.5	110
Toluene	Toluene	890	1345	1800
Xylene	Xylene	25	37.5	50
Total PAH18 ND=1/2RL	PAH18	1610	12205	22800
Total PCBs ND=0	PCBs	60	368	676
FISH TEQ (ND=1/2RL)	TCDD TEQ	0.85	11.2	21.5
Tributyltin	TBT	0.52	1.73	2.94

0 200 400  
Feet

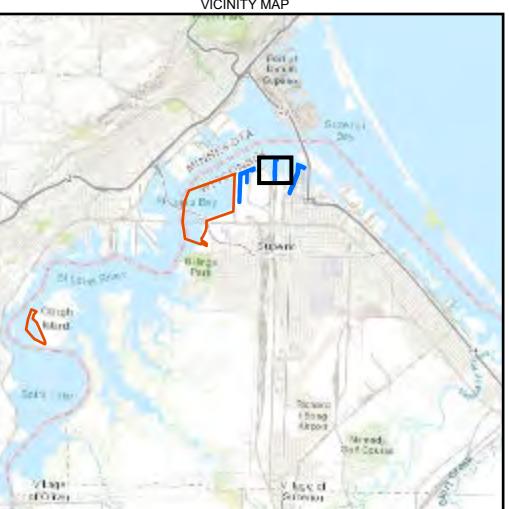
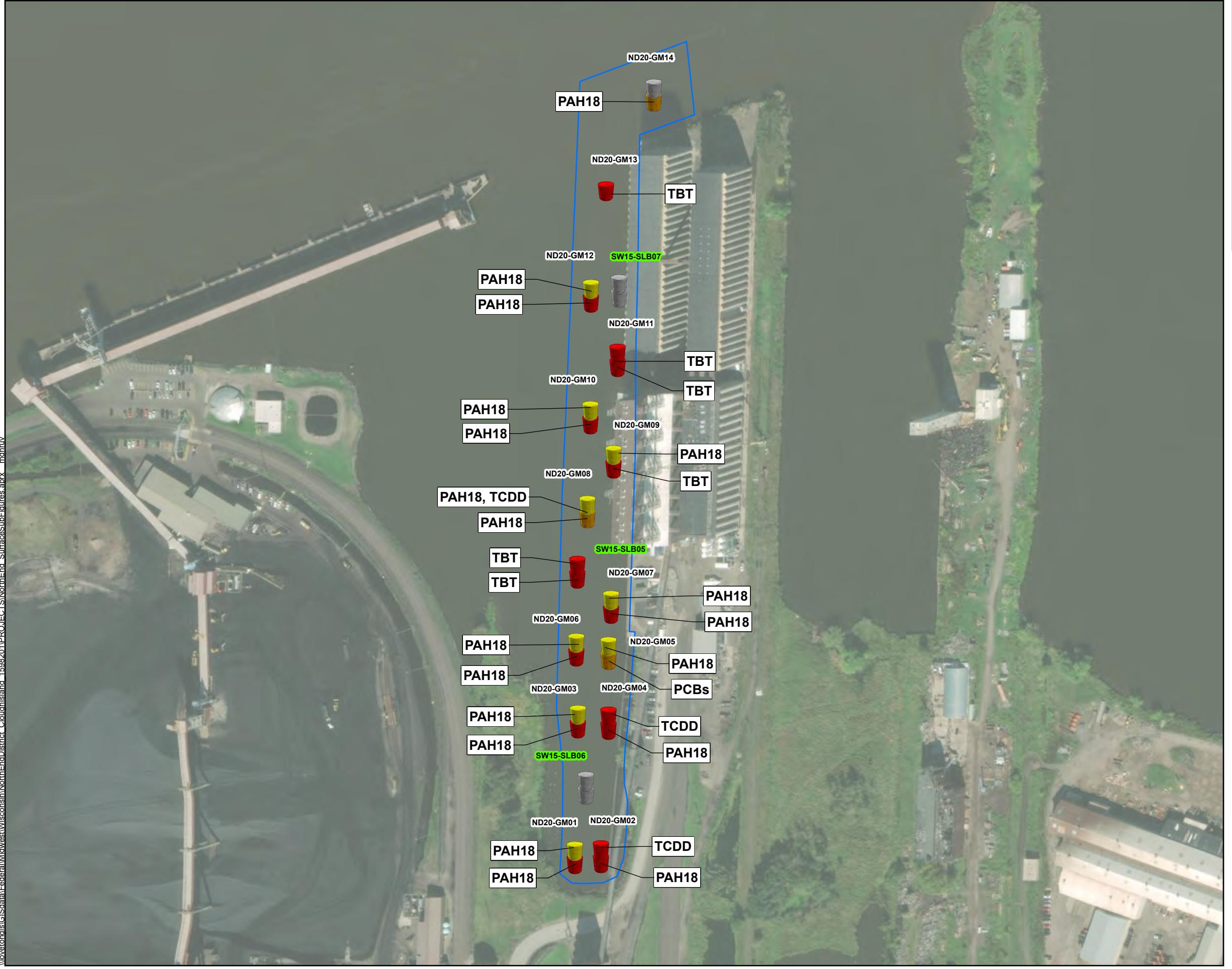


**Figure 4-7**  
**Tower Avenue Slip - Organics**  
**North End District and Clough Island**  
**Sediment Characterization**  
**St. Louis River Area of Concern**  
**Superior, Wisconsin**



## **Appendix 2 – Contaminant Distribution Figures**

### **General Mills Slip**



#### Legend

##### Exceedance

- No Exceedance
- $\geq$  TEC
- $\geq$  MEC
- $\geq$  PEC

Dock Walls Acoustic Survey Area

Sediment Characterization Area

Sediment Characterization and Survey Area

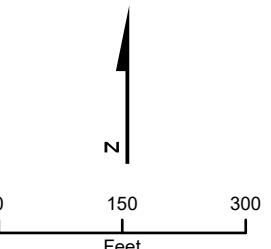
##### Notes:

Top tier symbol indicates surface sample exceedance (0-0.3 ft).

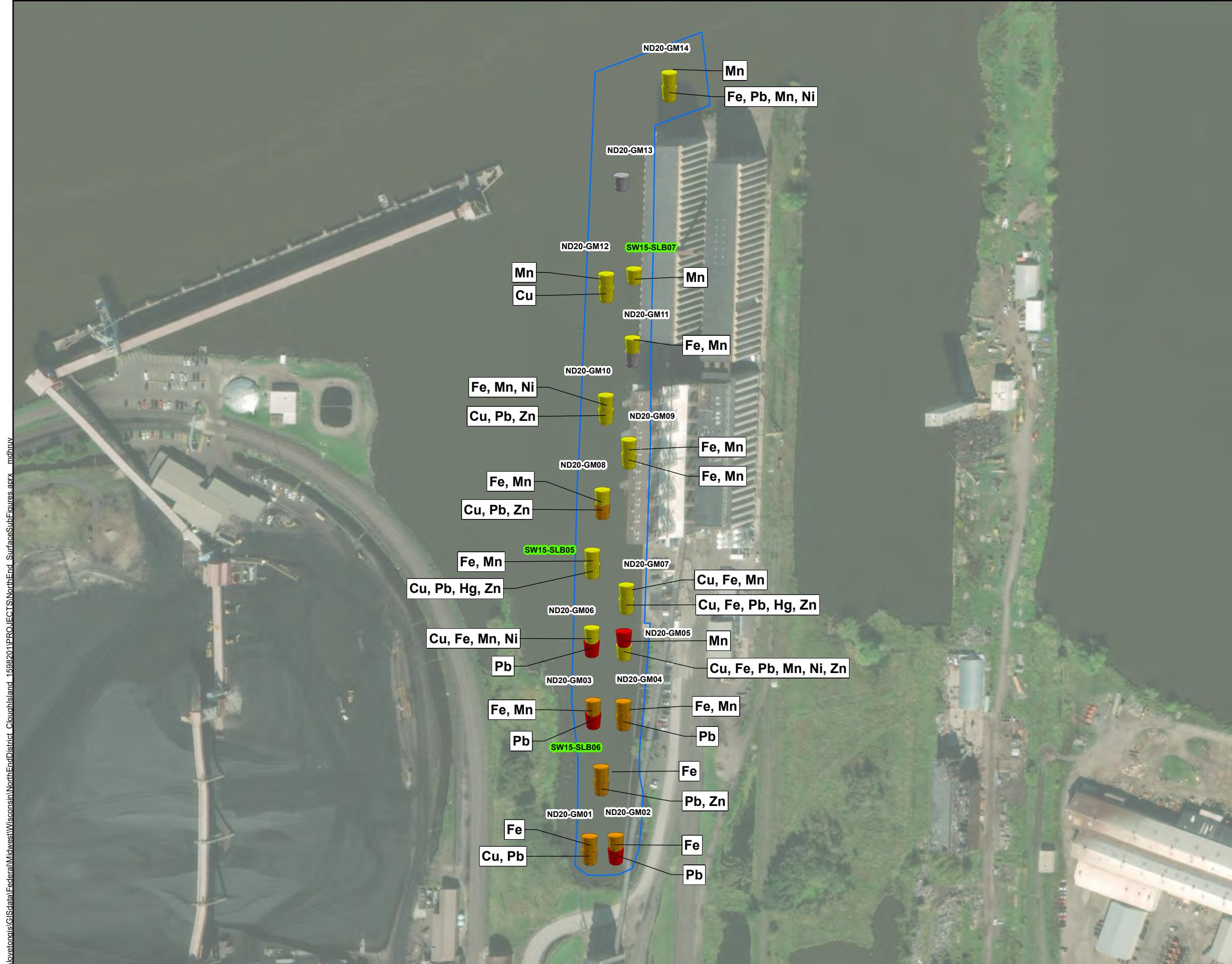
Lower tier symbol indicates subsurface exceedance. Compounds indicated in text box exceed either the TEC, MEC, or PEC.

Green halo on location tag indicates historical sample.

Map Date: 3/4/2021  
Source: Esri Aerial 2019  
Projection: NAD83 StatePlane WI North



**Figure 6-5**  
**Summary of SQG Exceedance for Surface and Subsurface Organics**  
**General Mills Slip**  
North End District and Clough Island  
Sediment Characterization  
St. Louis River Area of Concern  
Superior, Wisconsin



#### Legend

##### Exceedance

- No Exceedance
- $\geq$  TEC
- $\geq$  MEC
- $\geq$  PEC

##### Dock Walls Acoustic Survey Area

##### Sediment Characterization Area

##### Sediment Characterization and Survey Area

##### Notes:

Top tier symbol indicates surface sample exceedance (0-0.3 ft).

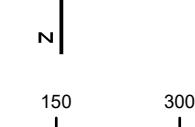
Lower tier symbol indicates subsurface exceedance. Compounds indicated in text box exceed either the TEC, MEC, or PEC.

Green halo on location tag indicates historical sample.

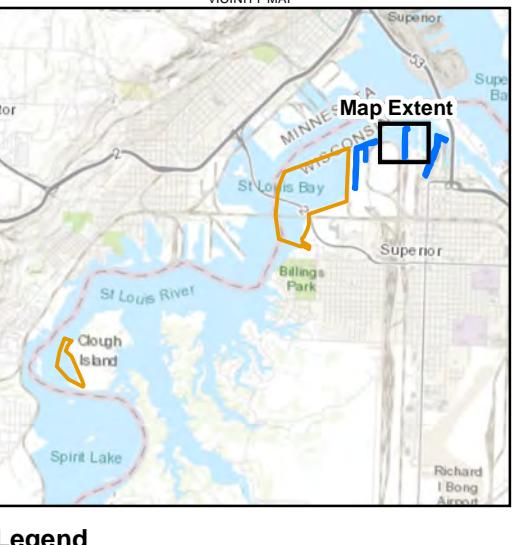
Map Date: 3/4/2021

Source: Esri Aerial 2019

Projection: NAD83 StatePlane WI North



**Figure 6-6**  
**Summary of SQG Exceedance for Surface and Subsurface Metals**  
**General Mills Slip**  
North End District and Clough Island  
Sediment Characterization  
St. Louis River Area of Concern  
Superior, Wisconsin



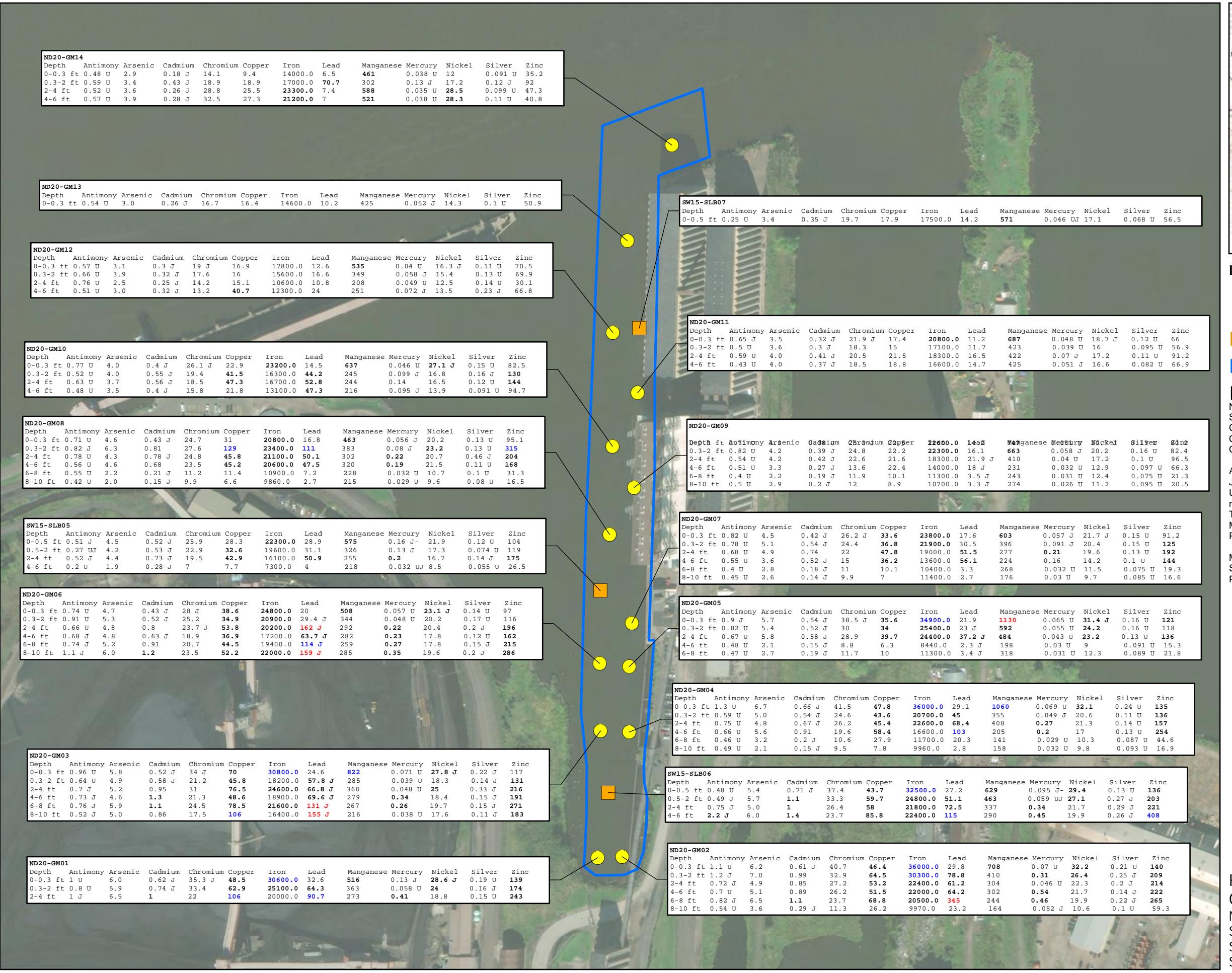
**Notes:**  
Sample results are in ug/kg.  
Fish TEQ results are in pg/g.  
Concentrations shown in **BOLD** exceed the TEC.  
Concentrations shown in **blue** exceed the MEC.  
Concentrations shown in **red** exceed the PEC.  
TCDD TEQ in text boxes calculated as Fish TEQ (ND=1/2RL)

**Acronyms:**  
J = Indicates that the concentration is an estimated value.  
U = Indicates the analyte was analyzed for but not detected.  
NT = Not tested.  
ug/kg - Micrograms per kilogram  
pg/g - Picograms per gram  
TEC = Threshold Effect Concentration  
MEC = Midpoint Effect Concentration  
PEC = Probable Effect Concentration

**Map Date:** 3/3/2021  
**Source:** ESRI Basemap 2019, City of Superior 2016  
**Projection:** NAD 1983 State Plane Wisconsin North US Foot

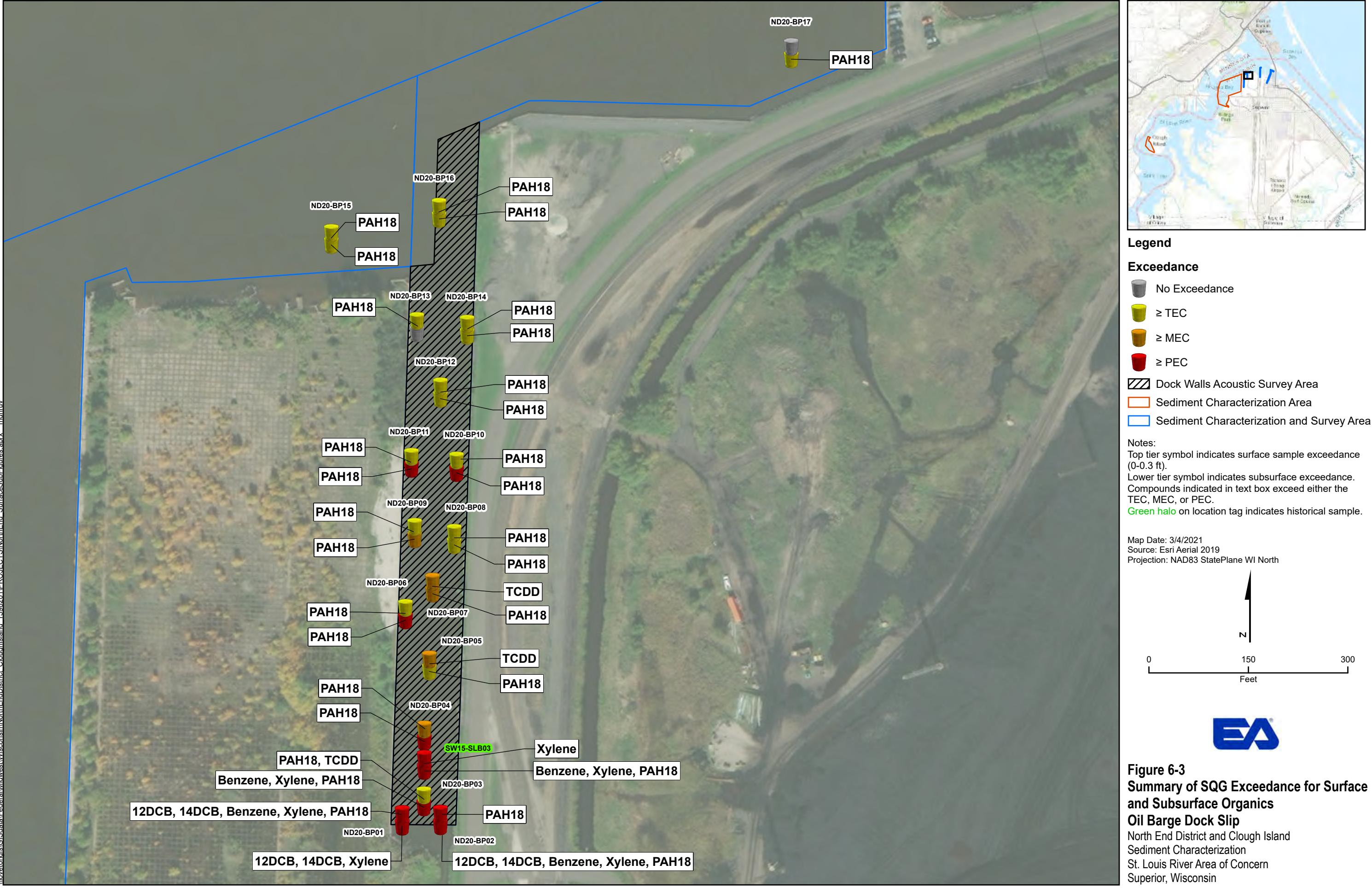
Analyte	Abbreviation	TEC (ug/kg)	MEC (ug/kg)	PEC (ug/kg)

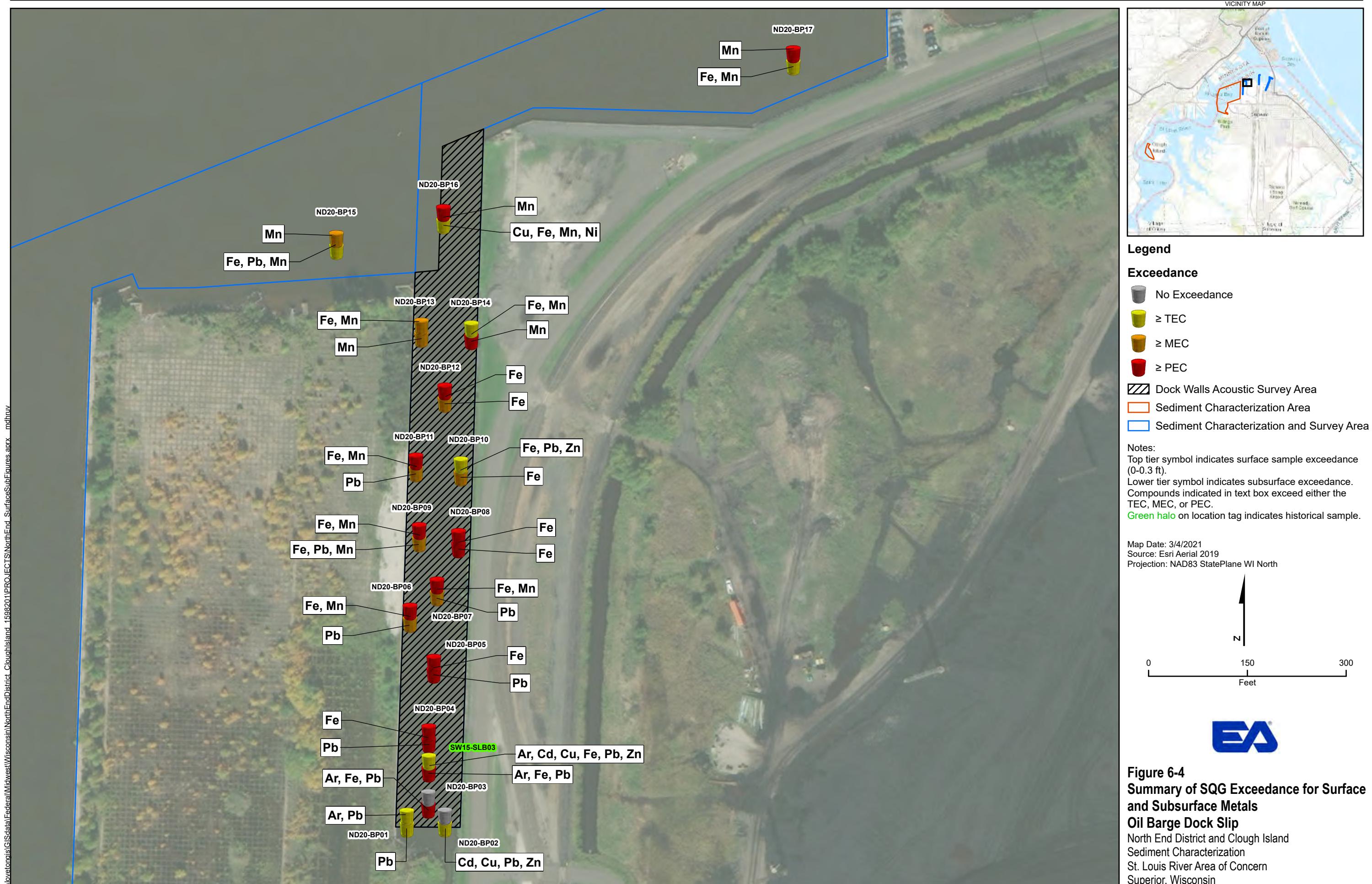
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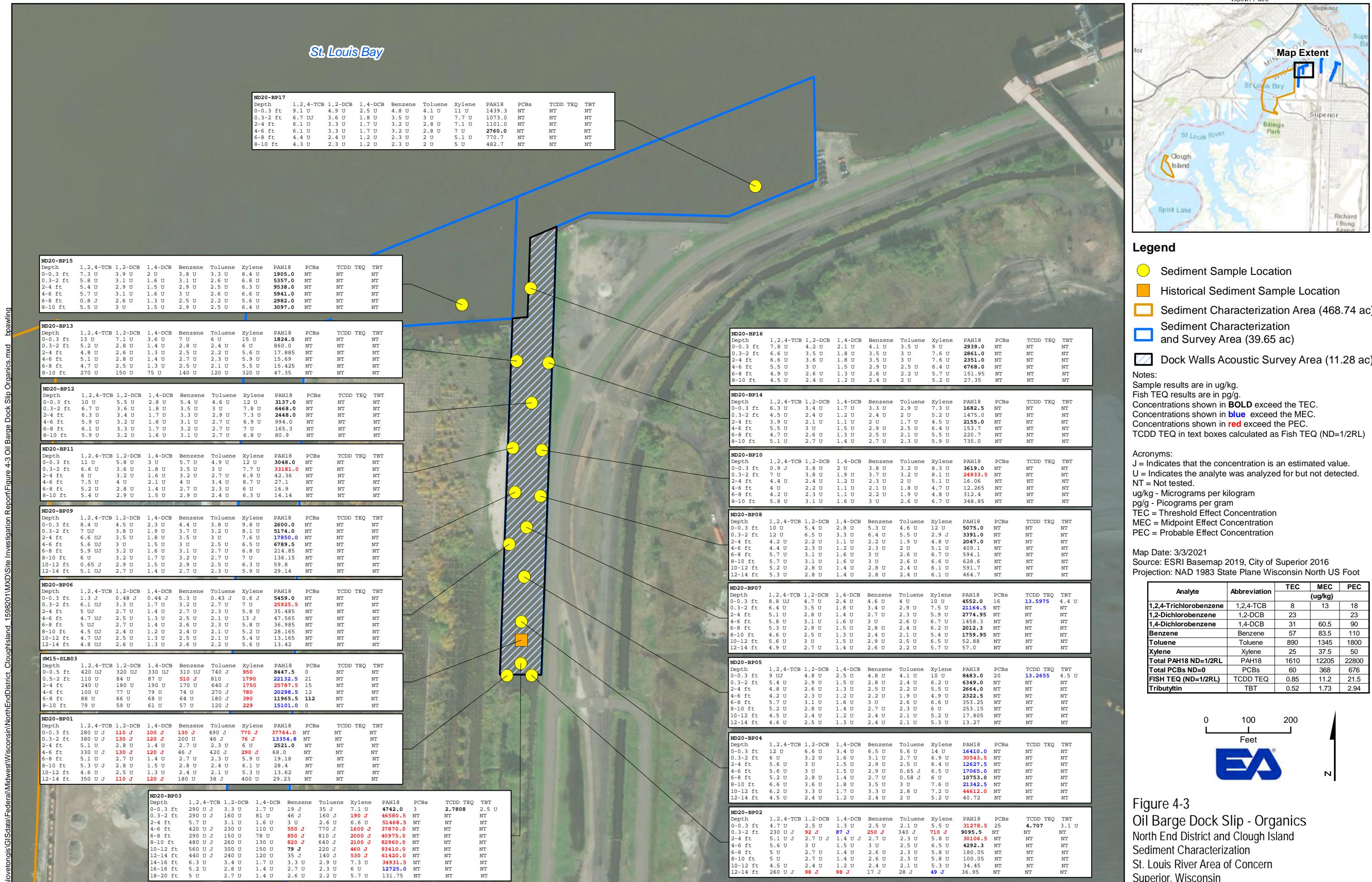


## **Appendix 2 – Contaminant Distribution Figures**

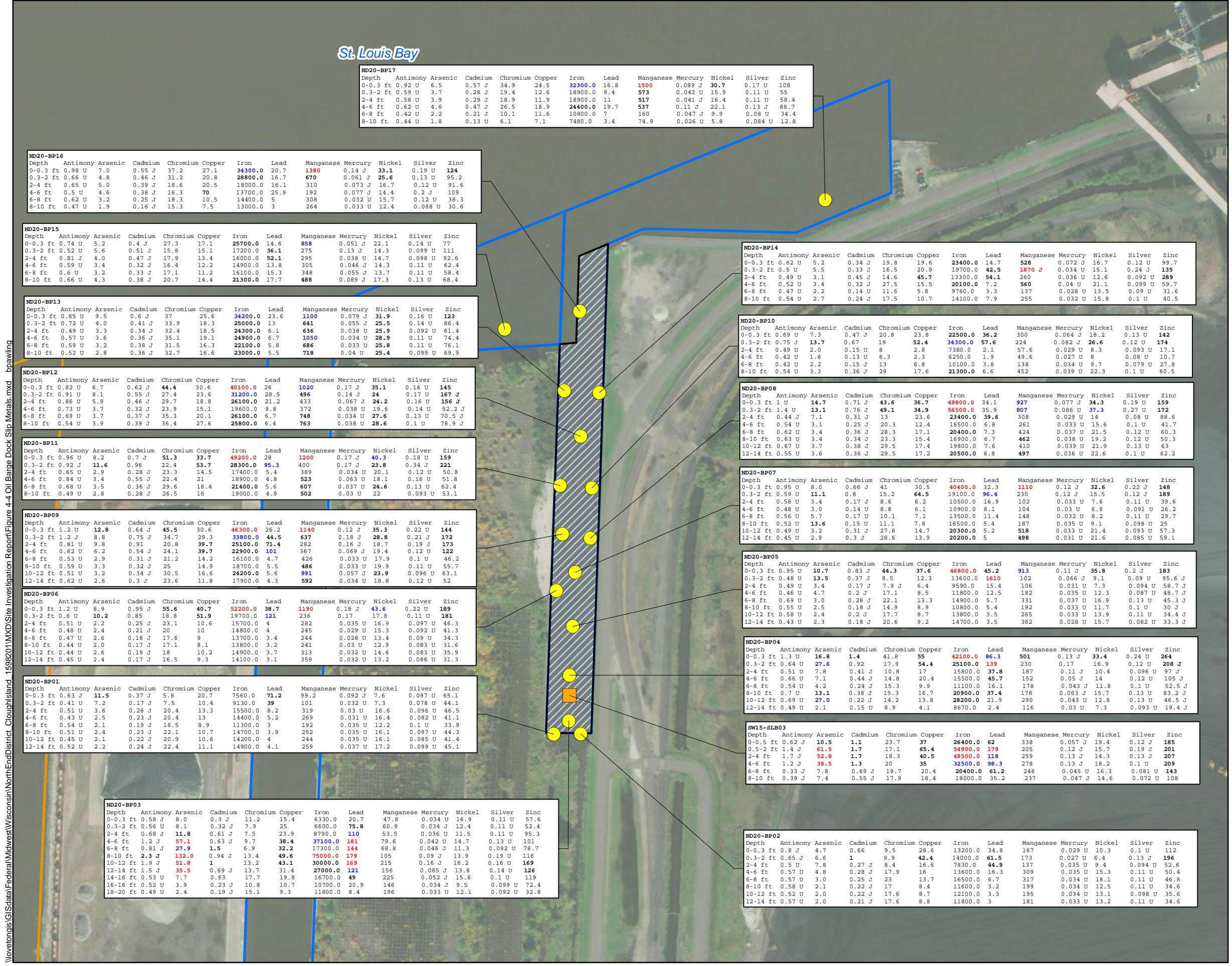
### **Oils Barge Dock**





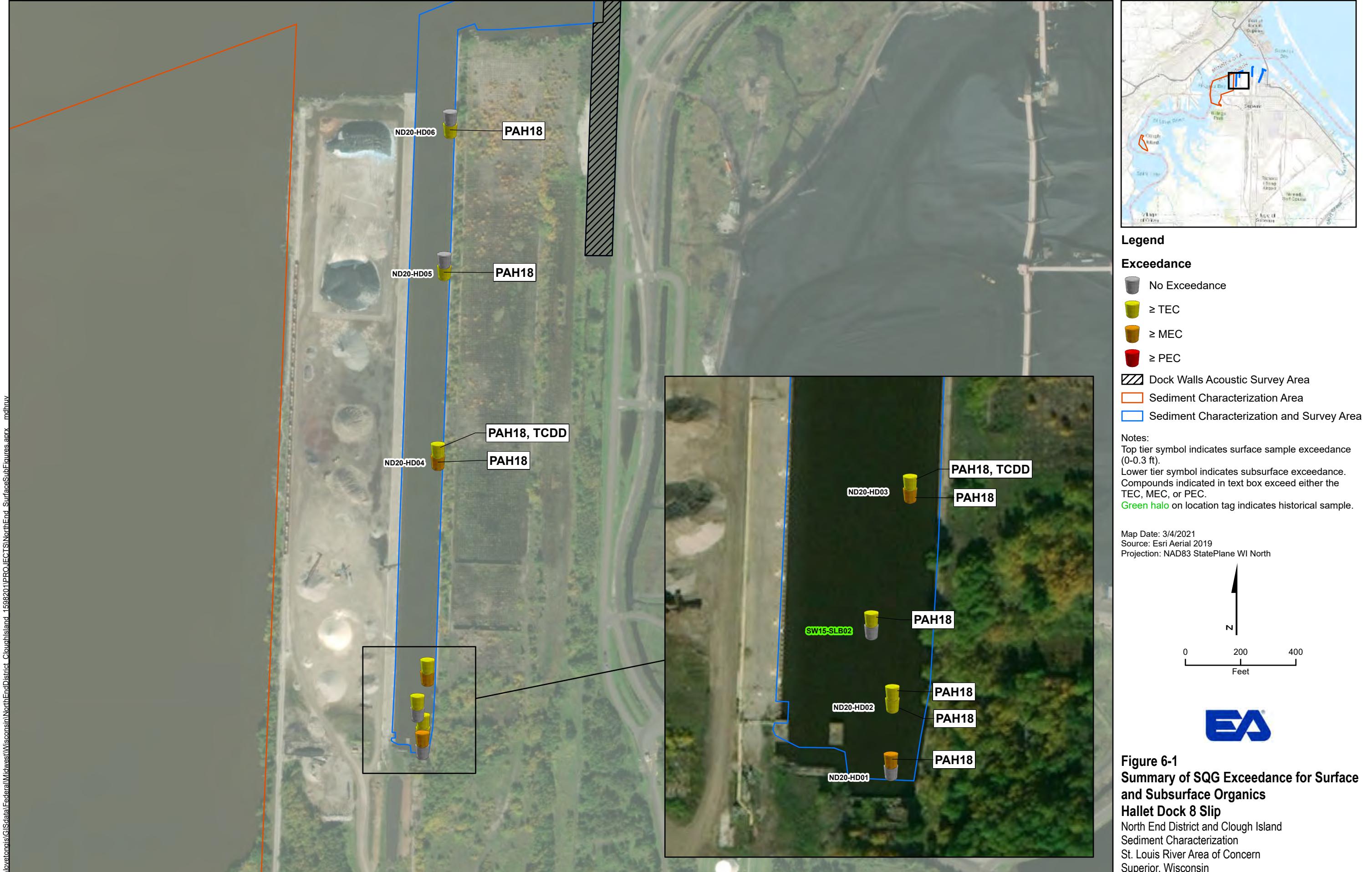


**Figure 4-3**  
**Oil Barge Dock Slip - Organics**  
**North End District and Clough Island**  
**Sediment Characterization**  
**St. Louis River Area of Concern**  
**Superior, Wisconsin**



## **Appendix 2 – Contaminant Distribution Figures**

### **Hallet Dock 8 / C. Reiss Slip**









### **Appendix 3 – Benthic Toxicity Test Locations and Results**

