



ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTATION & REMEDIATION

KPRG and Associates, Inc.

REMEDIAL ACTION EXEMPTION REQUEST
MW-30 SECOND INJECTION

August 21, 2023

Mr. Binyoti Amungwafor
Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources
2300 N. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Drive
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53212

VIA DNR PORTAL

KPRG Project No. 11717

Re: Former Navistar/RMG Foundry
1401 Perkins Ave., Waukesha, WI 53186
FID# 268005430, BRRTS# 02-68-098404

Dear Mr. Amungwafor:

On behalf of Navistar, Inc. (Navistar), KPRG and Associates, Inc. (KPRG) is submitting a NR 140.28(5) temporary exemption request to perform a second injection of a chemical oxidant (sodium persulfate) for groundwater treatment within the bedrock. KPRG is seeking an injection exemption request to perform a smaller second injection based on the results of the previously performed injection in June 2022. This injection exemption request is a renewal of the original request and schedule extension. The original NR 140.28(5) temporary exemption request was approved on March 27, 2020 and a previous extension request expired on April 6, 2023. The intent is to complete the work in the fall of 2023.

Pursuant to s. NR 140.28(5), a temporary exemption is required for the injection of a remedial material as part of a remedial action for groundwater. This letter is serving as our exemption request under NR 140.28(5) and addresses the requirements of NR 140.28(5)(b). This exemption request addresses the following NR 140.28(5)(c) exemption prerequisites:

- The remedial action for restoring contaminated soil or groundwater, and any infiltrated or injected contaminated water and remedial material, shall achieve the applicable response objectives required by s. NR 140.24(2) or 140.26(2) within a reasonable period of time.
- The type, concentration and volume of substances or remedial material to be infiltrated or injected shall be minimized to the extent that is necessary for restoration of the contaminated soil or groundwater and be approved by the department prior to use.
- Any infiltration or injection of contaminated water or remedial material into soil or groundwater will not significantly increase the threat to public health or welfare.

14665 West Lisbon Road, Suite 2B Brookfield, Wisconsin 53005 Telephone 262-781-0475 Facsimile 262-781-0478

- No uncontaminated or contaminated water, substance or remedial material will be infiltrated or injected into an area where a floating non-aqueous phase liquid is present in the contaminated soil or groundwater.
- There will be no expansion of soil or groundwater contamination, or migration of any infiltrated or injected contaminated water or remedial material, beyond the edges of previously contaminated areas, except that infiltration or injection into previously uncontaminated areas may be allowed if the department determines that expansion into adjacent, previously uncontaminated areas is necessary for the restoration of the contaminated soil or groundwater, and the requirements of subd. 1. will be met.
- All necessary federal, state and local licenses, permits and other approvals are obtained and all applicable protection requirements will be complied with.

This exemption request also addresses the following requirements under NR 140(5)(d):

- The remedial action design, operation and soil and groundwater monitoring procedures to insure compliance with the requirements under par.(c) and applicable criteria under this paragraph.
- The level of pre-treatment for contaminated groundwater prior to re-infiltration or reinjection.
- The types and concentrations of substances or remedial material being proposed for infiltration or injection.
- The volume and rate of infiltration or injection of contaminated groundwater or remedial material.
- The location where the contaminated groundwater or remedial material will be infiltrated or injected.

In addition, a WPDES general permit for groundwater remedial operation has been submitted and was approved on March 27, 2020 and that general permit is valid until June 30, 2023. As part of this injection exemption request, an extension of the WPDES permit is also being sought. This permit is required since treatment material will be injected into impacted groundwater.

Site Investigation Summary

There have been several phases of site assessment and investigation work at this site starting in 1993 and with the most recent submittal, being a Revised Additional Site Investigation Work Plan dated May 3, 2019. The various phases of site investigation have identified the primary constituent of concern to be trichloroethene (TCE) and its breakdown products. The residual impacts are primarily within pockets of soil in the southwest parking lot, the parking lot south of the facility (between Raymond St. and The Strand), in and near the core room, and also

within groundwater. The pockets of soil in the southwest parking lot and parking south of the facility have been remediated.

Geology

The geology beneath the site consists of up to approximately 13 feet of fill material underlain by unconsolidated glacial deposits. The fill materials are generally a mixture of sandy clay, sand and gravel, crushed limestone and some intermingled foundry sands. The underlying glacial deposits are primarily outwash sand and gravels with some intermixed silt and clay. The glacial deposits are underlain by Silurian bedrock and is encountered at depths of approximately 10 to 20 feet bgs at the site. The weathered surface of the dolomite can range up to several feet in thickness.

The underlying Silurian bedrock is part of the Niagara dolomite (Mudrey, et al, 1982). The Niagara dolomite is an aquifer, which is underlain by the Maquoketa Shale. The Maquoketa Shale is a regional confining layer, which is underlain by sandstone aquifers. In the vicinity of the proposed treatment areas (near the core room), bedrock is encountered at roughly 13 feet below ground surface (bgs).

Hydrogeology

The water table beneath the property varies, depending on location, from approximately 2 to 19 feet bgs. Within the area of the proposed remedial action, depth to groundwater is generally between 14 feet and 15 feet bgs. Groundwater flow is generally in a westerly direction with a hydraulic gradient of approximately 0.013 ft/ft.

Potential Receptors

There are no water supply wells located within the Silurian dolomite within 1,000 feet of the subject site and the injection locations. The former Navistar/RMG Foundry facility is serviced by City of Waukesha's water supply, storm sewer, and sanitary sewer. The injection will occur below the depths of all utilities.

Second Injection Proposal Specifications

Saturated Zone

The proposed remedial action to be implemented as part of this request to achieve the applicable response objectives required by s. NR 140.26 is the in-situ injection of sodium persulfate. The injection will be accomplished using the same injection wells that were installed to conduct the first injection. Sixteen (16) of the original injection wells will be reused and these wells are shown on Figure 1 in Attachment 1. Thirteen (13) of the injection wells that will be utilized extend up to forty (40) feet below ground surface (bgs) with a treatment interval of 20 feet bgs to 40 feet bgs providing for treatment through the residually impacted saturated zone. Three (3) of the injection wells that will be utilized extend up to sixty (60) feet bgs with a vertical treatment zone from 20 feet bgs to 60 feet bgs. The selected treatment chemistry will be injected through the wells into the surrounding formation.

A packer system will be used in the 60 feet deep injection wells. The packer system will be raised through the vertical treatment zone in five-foot intervals while simultaneously injecting the treatment chemistry into the formation. The total volume, pressure and rate of

treatment chemistry injected into each injection well will be monitored and amended according to field conditions to maximize effectiveness. The anticipated operating pressure for the injection is 20-60 pounds per square inch (psi) and the maximum operating pressure is 100 psi, which should not create secondary permeability within the subsurface.

Sodium persulfate is identified as the preferred treatment chemistry for TCE and has been shown to successfully breakdown TCE and its associated breakdown products in saturated soils. Sodium persulfate is a stable, highly soluble material, which generates the sulfate radical when activated, which is a very strong oxidant that is capable of oxidizing volatile organic compounds. The proposed remediation product is Klozur® by PeroxyChem. Klozur® is a sodium persulfate product mixed with water, and is activated using ferrous iron, sodium hydroxide, lime or hydrogen peroxide. The byproduct of the persulfate reaction is sodium monosulfate that subsequently breaks down into sulfate ions, which is the end of the reaction.

The appropriate chemistry and associated dosing requirements are based upon the target remediation goal for groundwater that is set by the promulgated Enforcement Standards (ESs) for each specific compound. Based upon preliminary estimates, approximately 550 gallons of 18% catalyzed sodium persulfate will be injected into the 40 feet deep injection wells and approximately 1,000 gallons of 18% catalyzed sodium persulfate will be injected into the 60 feet deep injection wells. The total volume of material to be injected is anticipated to be 10,150 gallons. The previously mentioned injection parameters may be altered based upon field conditions; however only the minimum amount of activated sodium persulfate will be used that is necessary to achieve the response objectives as required by s. NR 140.26(2) and subsequently s. NR 140.24(2).

The injection wells will remain in place until closure has been granted, at which time they will be abandoned along with the other onsite monitoring wells.

Remedial Action Monitoring

To monitor groundwater quality conditions after the proposed injections, quarterly groundwater monitoring will continue following the injection in accordance with the previously approved RAP. The groundwater sampling will be performed on 24 existing monitoring wells, which are NMW-1, NMW-3R, NMW-7, NMW-8R, NMW-9, MW-9D, MW-9D2, MW-11, MW-13, MW-15, MW-23, MW-24, MW-24D, MW-25, MW-26, MW-30, MW-31, MW-36, MW-37, MW-38, MW-39, MW-43, MW-44, and MW-55. Newly installed monitoring well MW-56 will be added to this list. The samples will be sent to Pace Analytical for analysis under a completed chain-of-custody. Within one month of completing the injection event, groundwater sampling (including groundwater elevation measurement) will be performed at wells NMW-9, MW-11, MW-13, MW-15, MW-25, MW-36, MW-39, and MW-56. These wells will also be involved in the quarterly groundwater sampling that will occur post-injection.

The injection for treatment of TCE is not expected to create a vapor concern since the injections will take place below surface areas capped by asphalt, where the asphalt acts as a vapor barrier.

Field activities will be logged and documented during the injections.

Inventory of Injection Wells

The Inventory of Injection Wells form, 3300-253, is enclosed in Attachment 2

Underground Injection Approval Checklist

The Underground Injection Approval Request Checklist Summary is in Attachment 3.

Navistar and KPRG appreciate the constructive relationship and dialogue with the WDNR regarding this site. We look forward to continue working cooperatively in moving this site forward to obtain closure. If you have any questions, please call us at 262-781-0475.

Sincerely,
KPRG and Associates, Inc.



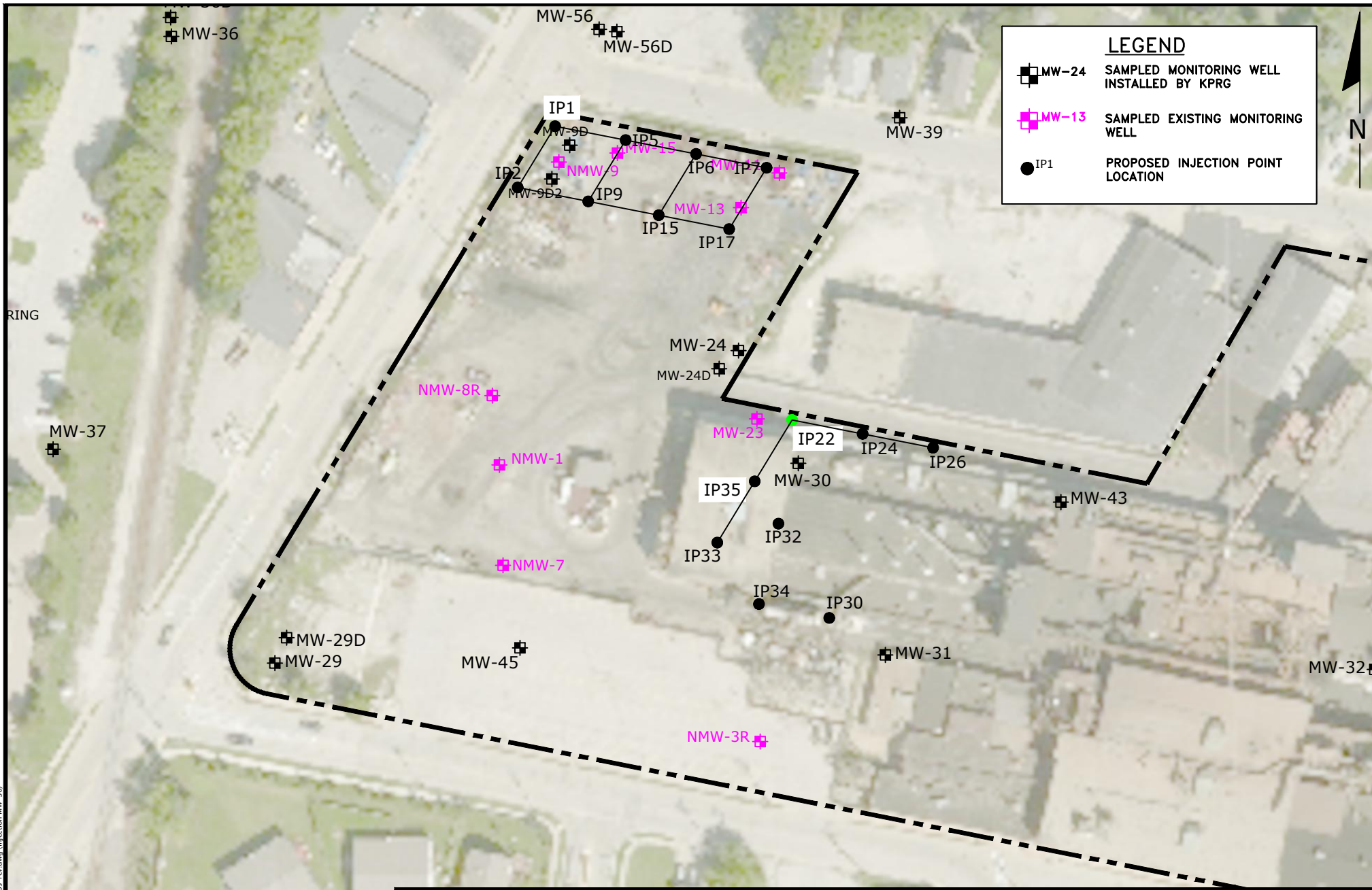
Joshua D. Davenport, P.E.
Senior Project Engineer

cc: Mr. Mark Drews, WDNR
Mr. Ferdinand Alito, Navistar
Mr. Chris Perzan, Navistar




Attachments

ATTACHMENT 1

Figure



LEGEND

-  MW-24 SAMPLED MONITORING WELL INSTALLED BY KPRG
-  MW-13 SAMPLED EXISTING MONITORING WELL
-  IP1 PROPOSED INJECTION POINT LOCATION

RING

T:\C:\projects\Newstate Drawings\11717 SI Maps-rec.dwg (Injection MW-30)



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K P R G KPRG and Associates, inc.

14665 West Lisbon Road, Suite 1A Brookfield, Wisconsin 53005 Telephone 262-781-0475 Facsimile 262-781-0478
414 Plaza Drive, Suite 106 Westmont, Illinois 60559 Telephone 630-325-1300 Facsimile 630-325-1593

GROUNDWATER 2ND INJECTION LOCATIONS MAP

RMG WAUKESHA FOUNDRY
1401 PERKINS AVE, WAUKESHA, WI

Scale: 1" = 100' Date: May 23, 2023

KPRG Project No. 11717 FIGURE 1

ATTACHMENT 2

Inventory of Injection Wells

This information is collected under the authority of the Safe Drinking Water Act.

Notice: Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR 144.26 Inventory Requirements): owners or operators of all injection wells authorized by rule shall submit inventory information to an approved State Underground Injection Control Program. Personal information collected on this form will be used for inventory purposes. Information will be made accessible to requesters under Wisconsin's Open Records laws (s. 19.32 to 19.39, Wis. Stats.) and requirements.

Date Prepared (Year, Month, Day) 2023, August 21	Facility ID Number 268005430	Transaction Type (Please check one of the following) <input type="checkbox"/> Deletion <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Entry Change <input type="checkbox"/> First Time Entry <input type="checkbox"/> Replacement
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Facility Name and Location

Last Name RMG Foundry	First	MI	Latitude: DEG MIN SEC N	Longitude: DEG MIN SEC W
Street Address / Route Number 1401 Perkins Ave.			Township 7 N	Range 19 E
City / Town Waukesha		State WI	ZIP Code 53186	County Waukesha
			Tribal Land <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
			Section 35	¼ Section SW

Legal Contact

Type <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Owner <input type="checkbox"/> Operator	Last Name Alido	First Ferdinand	MI	Telephone Number (incl. area code) (331) 332-6364
Organization Navistar, Inc.			Ownership	
Street / P.O. Box 2701 Navistar Dr.			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> County / Local Government <input type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> Federal <input type="checkbox"/> Specify Other _____	
City / Town Lisle		State IL	ZIP Code 60532	

Well Information

WELL CLASS	WELL TYPE	TOTAL NUMBER OF WELLS	WELL OPERATION STATUS					KEY: DEG = Degree MIN = Minute SEC = Seconds SECT = Section ¼ SECT = Quarter Section AC = Active UC = Under Construction PA = Permanently Abandoned and Approved by State AN = Permanently Abandoned and Not Approved by State TA = Temporarily Abandoned and Not Approved by State
			UC	AC	TA	PA	AN	
	Injection Well	16	X					

Comments (Optional):

ATTACHMENT 3

Underground Injection Approval Request Checklist Summary

UNDERGROUND INJECTION APPROVAL REQUEST CHECKLIST **SUMMARY**

- 1) Have required fees been paid? *YES.*
- 2) Has Water Program been notified regarding project? *YES.*
- 3) Site Investigation Report complete and accurate? *The site investigation is ongoing and continues to be reviewed by the WDNR.*
 - a) List contaminants present at the site. *Based on the site investigation work, the primary contaminants are trichloroethene (TCE) and its related breakdown products.*
 - b) Is measurable free product present? *No.*
 - c) Soil types? *Silt/silty sand. Please see attached Remedial Action Exemption Request dated August 21, 2023, Page 3, Geology.*
 - d) Depth to groundwater? *Please see attached Remedial Action Exemption Request dated August 21, 2023, Page 3, Hydrogeology.*
 - e) Depth to bedrock? *Please see attached Remedial Action Exemption Request dated August 21, 2023, Page 3, Geology. Depth to bedrock ranges from roughly 10 to 20 feet bgs on site. In the vicinity of the proposed injections, depth to bedrock is approximately 13 feet at MPW-23.*
 - f) Potential receptors:
 - a. Supply wells within 100 feet? *No*
 - b. Supply wells within 1,000 feet? *No*
 - c. Other receptors? *No**Please see attached Remedial Action Exemption Request dated August 21, 2023, Page 3, Potential Receptors.*
- 4) Injection proposal specifications

Please refer to the Remedial Action Exemption Request dated August 21, 2023.

 - a) Depth of injectors? *20 to 60 feet below ground surface (bgs).*
 - b) Injection array? *Please see Figure 1 provided as Attachment 1 to the Remedial Action Exemption Request dated August 21, 2023. Construction materials? The injections will be done via drilled injection wells.*

- c) Rate of injection? *This will depend on how the formation will take the injection. Based on work at other sites, a rate of injection between 1 and 3 gallons per minute is anticipated.*
- d) Operating pressure? *This is also formation specific. Based on work at other sites injection pressures are expected to range from 20 to 60 pounds per square inch (psi).*
- e) Calculation of maximum injection pressure possible without creating secondary permeability. *The maximum operating pressure for injection based on the contractor equipment is 100 psi, which should not result in potential secondary permeability issues.*
- f) List and concentration of injected materials. *18% sodium persulfate.*
- g) Source of make-up water. *City of Waukesha.*
- h) Total volume to be injected.
A total volume of approximately 10,150 gallons of 18% catalyzed sodium persulfate will be injected.
- 5) Monitoring proposal specifications
 - a) Adequate vapor and groundwater monitoring well network?
Yes, groundwater monitoring will be performed using the existing well network as outlined in the Remedial Action Exemption Request dated August 21, 2023, Page 4, Remedial Action Monitoring.
 - b) Adequate vapor monitoring plan?
This is not applicable because the impacts are capped by an asphalt parking lot. Please see the Remedial Action Exemption Request dated August 21, 2023, Page 4, Remedial Action Monitoring.
 - c) Adequate groundwater monitoring plan?
Yes, an adequate groundwater monitoring plan is part of the WDNR approved Site Investigation Plan in development of a Remedial Action Plan. Please see the Remedial Action Exemption Request dated August 21, 2023, Page 4, Remedial Action Monitoring.
- 6) Inventory of Injection Well form submitted? *Yes, please see Attachment 2 of the Remedial Action Exemption Request dated August 21, 2023.*