

*Engineers  
Planners  
Economists  
Scientists*

INVESTIGATION OF AN  
ABANDONED CITY OF WAUSAU  
LANDFILL

for

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF  
NATURAL RESOURCES

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by

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GLT187/17

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GLT187/14

# INVESTIGATION OF AN ABANDONED CITY OF WAUSAU LANDFILL

## INTRODUCTION

In October 1985, CH2M HILL began a limited investigation of an abandoned City of Wausau Landfill for the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR). This landfill is in the NW 1/4, SE 1/4, Section 23, T29N, R7E, City of Wausau, Marathon County (Figure 1).

## OBJECTIVES

The objective of this investigation is to determine if contaminants from the landfill are entering the groundwater. Ultimately, the DNR is concerned about contaminants from the landfill affecting the City of Wausau water supply wells.

## SCOPE

The scope of the investigation was defined by the DNR and included:

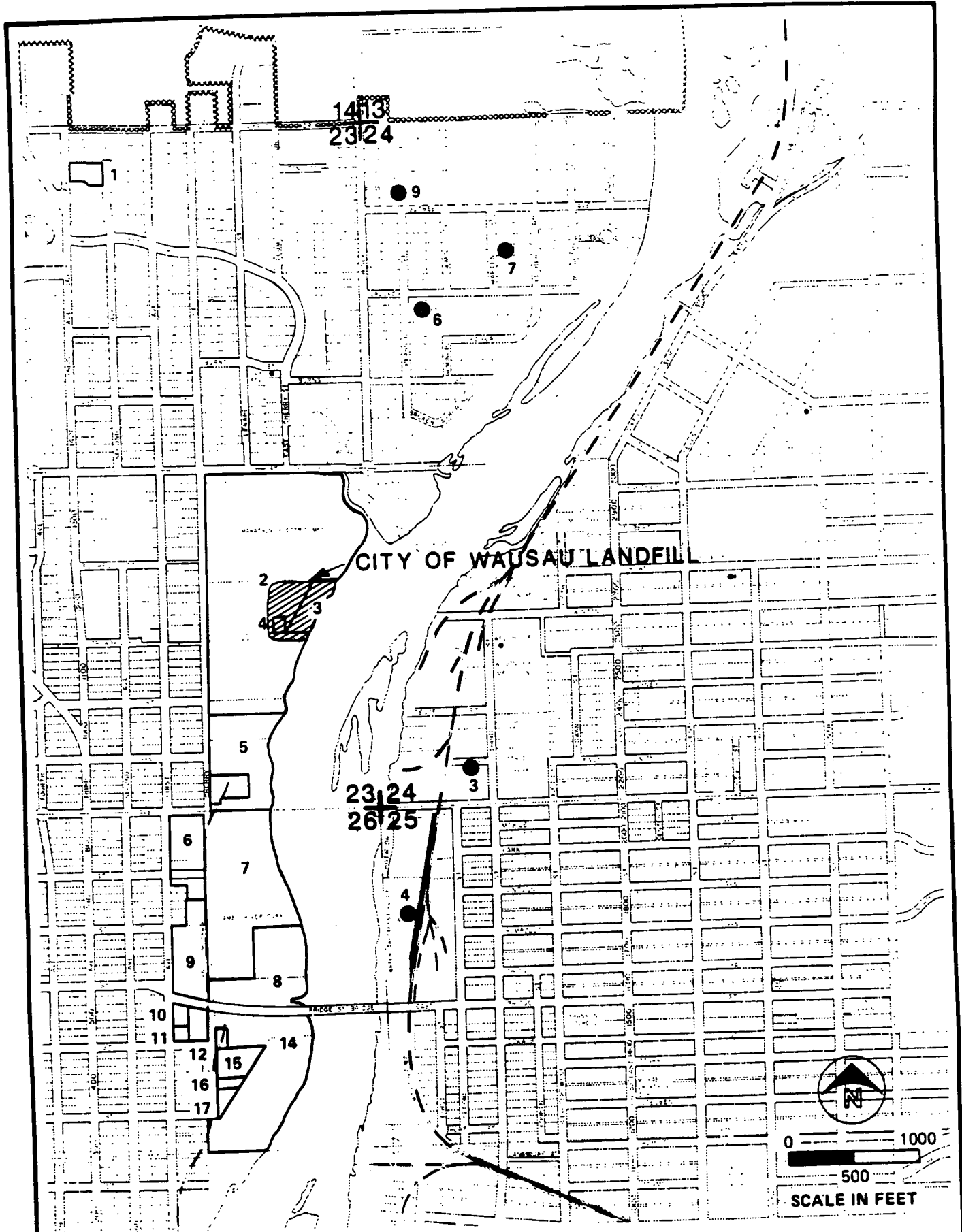
- o A review of existing information available from the DNR, the City of Wausau, and published hydrogeologic information concerning the landfill, its operating history, its environmental setting, and documented contamination
- o A hydrogeologic investigation in which six monitoring wells and three piezometers were to be installed
- o Collection and analysis of groundwater and soil samples to determine if VOC contamination exists
- o Analysis and reporting of data.

A copy of the DNR scope of work and CH2M HILL's work plan are included in Appendix A. Because of difficult drilling conditions, Gary Kulibert, the DNR's project manager, agreed to modify the scope to require installation of only one piezometer. Metals analyses, which were not included in the original scope of work, were performed on some of the soil and water samples because of foundry sand recovered from one boring.

## BACKGROUND INFORMATION

### PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

In 1985, the Weston-Sper Technical Assistance Team prepared



**LEGEND**

- CITY OF WAUSAU WELL
- ▨ 3 INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY BOUNDARY  
(Refer to Table 1 for Owner)

23|24  
26|25 SECTION CORNER

**FIGURE 1.**  
**Location Map.**



Table 1  
 MANUFACTURING LAND OWNERSHIP WITHIN  
 ONE-HALF MILE OF MARATHON ELECTRIC

<u>Map No.</u>	<u>Owner</u>	<u>Type of Activity on Property</u>
1	George A. Digman	Insulation Firm
2	Marathon Electric Mfg.	
3	City of Wausau	Vacant Land
4	Wisconsin Public Services Corp.	Electric Substation
5	Schuette Building Center, Inc.	Lumber Yard and Building Materials Storage
6	Employers Mutual Insurance Co.	Offices and parking
7	Equitable Life Mortgage & Realty Invest.	Fiberboard containers
8	James River-Dixie Northern, Inc.	Fiberboard Containers and Printing
9	Mortenson Lumber Co.	Lumber yard
10	C.J. Crooks	Bakery Outlet
11	James A. Gierl Po-Jo Enterprises	Equipment Rental Communications Equipment
12	C.J. Crooks	Canned Goods Outlet
13	Gerritt Vander Geest	
14	S.W.E.D. Design Structures, Inc. L.C./B&K Enterprises, Inc.	Stucco and stone
15	Commonwealth Telephone Co.	Truck storage (GTE)
16	Northway Rental	Communications Rental/ Tree Experts
17	United Machine Company	Machine/Welding Shop

NOTES:

- 1) Map number refers to Figure 1.
- 2) Ownership determined from tax assessor's files.
- 3) Type of business refers to current business conducted on property, where known.

a report for the U.S. EPA of their investigation of volatile organic contamination in the Wausau water supply wells. Part of this investigation included the installation and sampling of monitoring wells and a seismic refraction survey in the area of city well No. 6.

Several reports from the University of Wisconsin Extension, Geological and Natural History Survey provided general background concerning the geology and hydrogeology of the site.

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

The City of Wausau landfill is located on the west bank of the Wisconsin River in an abandoned sand and gravel quarry. It appears that the quarry was filled to the existing ground surface, then any depressions in the surrounding area were filled to form a flat surface. The approximate boundary of the landfill is shown in Figure 2. This boundary is based on an aerial photograph taken on September 28, 1948.

The elevation across the site ranges from 1,218 feet msl on the west to 1,210 feet msl at the top of the river bank (Figure 2), which slopes steeply to the river. The water level in the river is controlled by a dam located about 5 miles south of the landfill.

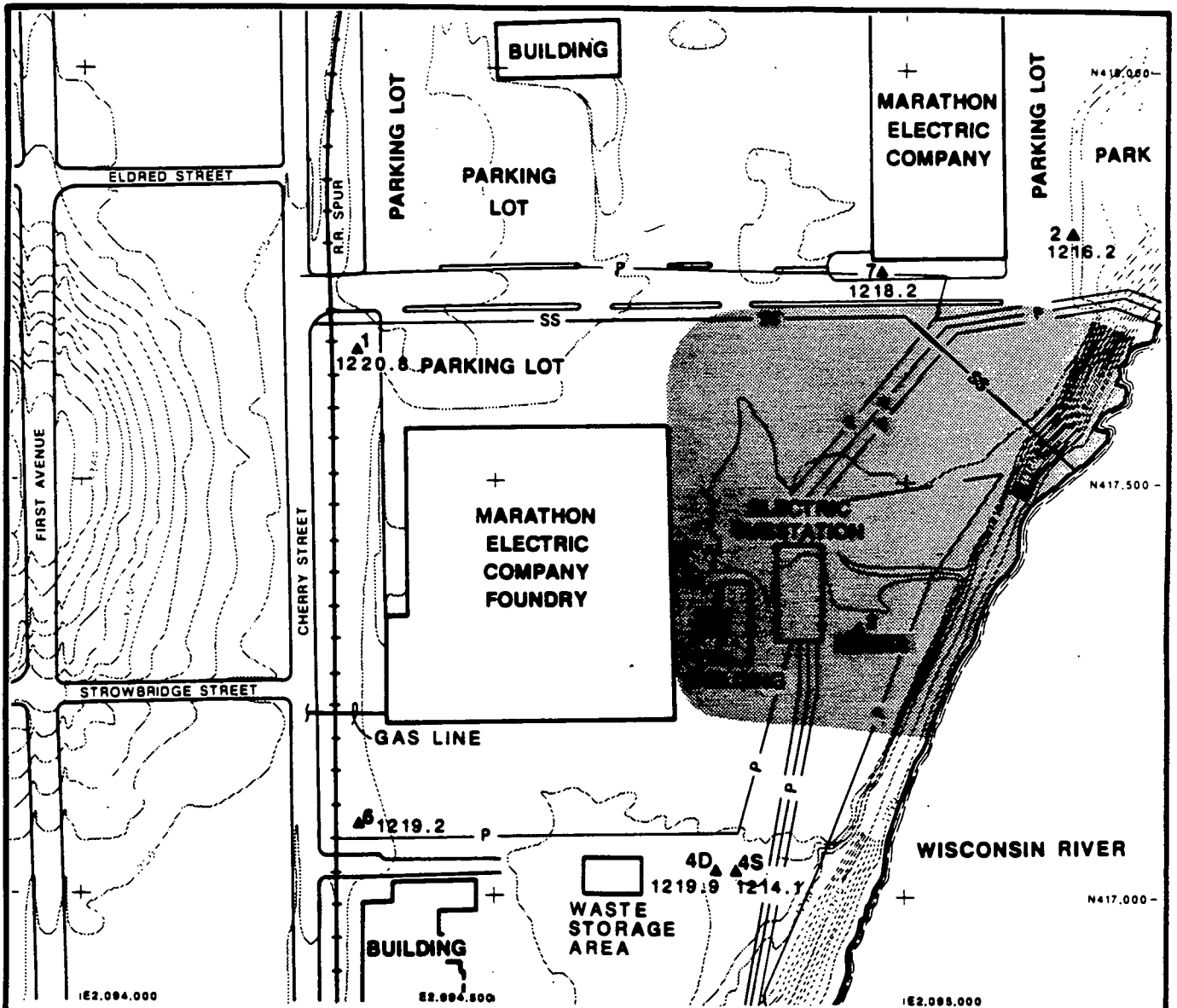
Most of the landfilled area was purchased from the City of Wausau by Marathon Electric in 1965 to provide space for parking and plant expansion. In 1969 a foundry was constructed on the southwest part of the property. This foundry was expanded to the east in 1978. To the east of the foundry, Wisconsin Public Services has an electric substation. To the north and northeast of the foundry are parking lots paved with a few inches of asphalt. As indicated in Table 1 and Figure 1, the City of Wausau retains title to the part of the filled area adjacent to the Wisconsin River.

#### SITE HISTORY






The landfill operated from about 1948 to 1955. During this time the landfill received residential, industrial, and commercial wastes from Wausau. People have reported seeing barrels of industrial wastes buried in the landfill (DNR, undated). There is no documentation of the amounts and types of wastes landfilled or the method of landfilling employed. Tires, demolition debris, and miscellaneous wastes were observed along the river bluff south of the landfilled area. The area north of the landfill that is currently occupied by Marathon Electric Company's offices was the site of a sawmill until about 1948 when it was purchased by its present owner.

In 1982, groundwater on the east side of the Wisconsin River was determined to be contaminated. Later it was discovered

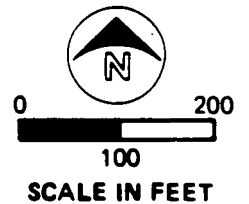




**LEGEND**

-  APPROXIMATE AREA OF LANDFILL
-  TOPOGRAPHIC CONTOURS  
2' CONTOUR INTERVAL
-  OVERHEAD POWERLINES
-  STORM SEWER
-  PIEZOMETER OR MONITORING WELL  
1220.2 WITH ELEVATION OF GROUND  
SURFACE IN FEET MSL

**NOTE:** Topography from orthophotographic mapping for City of Wausau SE 1/4 Section 23 T29N, R7E prepared by Aero-Metric Engineering, Inc.



**FIGURE 2.**  
Boring Location Plan.



that well No. 6 (Figure 1), located about one-third mile northeast of the landfill, was contaminated with trichloroethylene (TCE) in the 70 to 260 parts per billion (ppb) range. Monitoring wells around well No. 6 did not detect TCE in significant concentrations. As a result of this observed contamination, potential sources, including the landfill, came under investigation.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The landfill is located on the west bank of the Wisconsin River. The soils underlying the site are outwash and alluvial sand and gravel. Bedrock underlying the site is Cambrian syenite, a rock type similar to granite with less quartz (La Berge and Meyers, 1983). The bedrock on the east side of the river is a Cambrian age rhyolite. The contact between the syenite and rhyolite is buried beneath the sand and gravel deposits the Wisconsin River valley.

Depth to the rock in the area is variable because of erosion and faulting of the bedrock. Bedrock outcrops were observed to the west of the site and a bedrock topography map based on seismic and drilling data has indicated that a bedrock ridge trending northwest-southeast may exist northeast of the site (Weston, 1985). The depth to rock in the Wisconsin River valley may be as much as 160 feet.

Both the sand and gravel deposits and the bedrock produce potable water in the Wausau area. The water supply for the City of Wausau comes from high-yield wells completed at depths of approximately 100 feet in the sand and gravel along the Wisconsin River. Well locations are shown in Figure 1. This aquifer, forming a strip about 1/2-mile wide along the Wisconsin River, has a maximum potential yield to fully developed wells in the range of 10 to 500 gallons per minute (gpm). From an area just north of the landfill and extending south through Wausau, Rothschild, and Schofield is a wider area with maximum potential yields in the 500 to 1,000 gpm range (Lippert and Hennings, 1981). Recharge to this aquifer is primarily from surface infiltration. Some recharge may also come from the underlying bedrock aquifer.

On either side of the sand and gravel aquifer, the crystalline bedrock is the major aquifer, producing maximum yields of less than 20 gpm. To the west of the landfill about a mile, this maximum yield drops to less than 5 gpm (Lippert and Hennings, 1981).

Groundwater levels in the sand and gravel aquifer appear to be closely related to levels in the Wisconsin River. Fluctuations in the river level are quickly reflected in nearby monitoring wells (Kulibert, personal communication). Water levels in monitoring wells have also been related to pumping

from the City of Wausau water supply wells. While monitoring water levels in a well about 1,000 feet south of the water supply well, the Weston-Sper Technical Assistance Team correlated 6- to 12-inch fluctuation in static water levels to pumping that had occurred within the previous hour at city well No. 6 (Weston, 1985).

Figure 3 shows the generalized water table contours, consisting of both the bedrock and sand and gravel aquifers. Just north of the landfill, the contours show that groundwater flow is from the northwest to the river. At the landfill, the flow is due east through the landfill to the river.

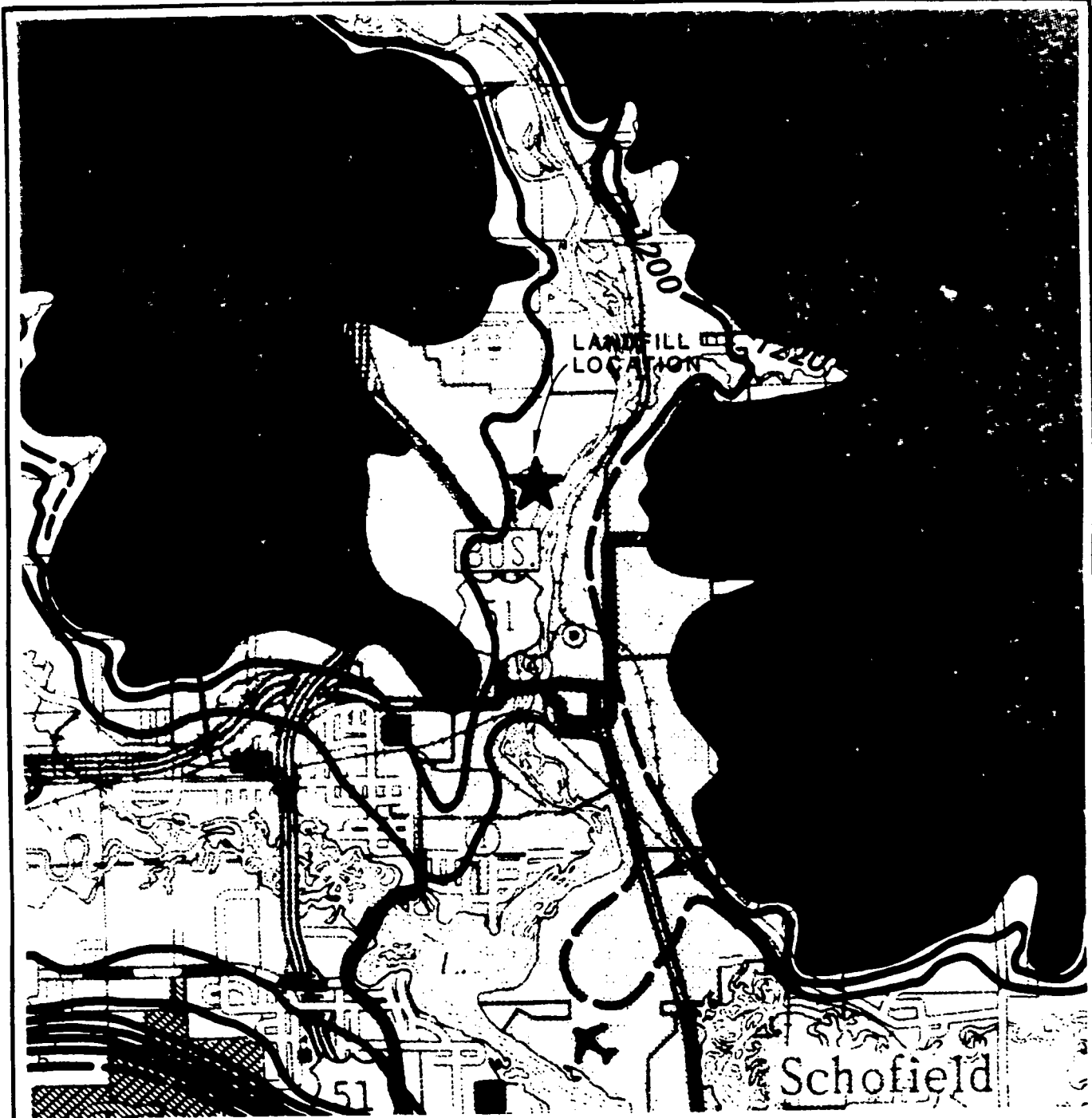
#### FIELD INVESTIGATIONS

Between November 11 and November 14, 1985, six monitoring wells and one piezometer were installed at the locations shown in Figure 2. Drilling was performed by Twin Cities Testing of Wausau. The borings for monitoring wells 1, 2, 3, 4D, and 7 were advanced using 3.25-inch inside diameter hollow stem augers and a CME-45 drill rig. Soil samples were collected with a standard split-spoon sampler according to ASTM D1586 (Appendix B). The split-spoon sampler was washed in trisodium phosphate (TSP) and water between samples and the drill rig and drilling equipment were steam cleaned between each boring.

Borings 4D and 6 were advanced using mud rotary techniques and a CME-55 drill rig. Bentonite mud was used to keep the borehole open and to remove cuttings. Soil samples were collected with a split-spoon sampler in boring 4D every 5 feet from 35 to 45 feet and every 10 feet to the total depth of 106 feet. The sampler was rinsed with TSP and water between samples and the drill rig was steam cleaned prior to drilling each hole. Logs of the borings are in Appendix C.

The dense granular materials encountered in the borings made it impractical to collect undisturbed soil samples. Because of boulders or cobbles encountered at boring locations 1 and 6, the deep borings planned for these locations were not drilled.

During the drilling program, it was necessary to use drilling water from three different sources, because of contamination in local water supplies. Samples of the drilling water were taken to Zimpro Laboratory in Rothschild for analysis (Table 2). Water from all three sources was used for drilling mud in boring 6. Boring 4D was advanced using only water from Lotz Readimix. In the remaining borings, water was only used to hydrate the bentonite pellets and to mix the backfill slurry. The source of water used in these monitoring wells is indicated on the piezometer installation sketches (Appendix C).



**EXPLANATION**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| Elevation of water table, 20-ft. interval<br>Datum is mean sea level | Half interval, 10-ft.                     |
| Areas with 40 ft. interval   | Direction of ground-water movement        |
| Probable location of water table                                     | Ground-water divide, approximate location |
| Inferred location of water table                                     | Probable ground-water divide              |
| Location of water table unknown,<br>insufficient data                | Federal/state lands                       |

*Data have not been field checked.*

SOURCE: Lippelt & Hennings, 1981

**FIGURE 3.**  
**REGIONAL GROUNDWATER CONTOURS.**



TABLE 2  
VOC DATA FOR DRILL WATER  
(ug/l)

	DETECTION LIMIT	TRIP BLANK	WB-HSA-1	WB-HSA-2	WB-HSA-3	WB-ROT-1	WB-ROT-2	WB-ROT-4
Chloroform	0.1	ND	68.4	0.1	0.1	70.6	0.2	ND
Dibromochloromethane	0.1	ND	0.2	ND	ND	0.2	ND	ND
Dichlorobromomethane	0.1	ND	4.5	ND	ND	4.2	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	0.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.4	ND
Tetrachloroethylene	0.1	ND	0.1	ND	ND	0.1	0.3	0.1
Toluene	0.1	ND	ND	0.4	0.2	0.5	1.2	ND
Trichloroethylene	0.1	ND	1.0	ND	ND	0.4	ND	ND
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.7	ND
Dichloromethane	0.1	3.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
WATER SOURCE		Zimpro	Wausau	Lotz	Lotz	Wausau	Weston	Lotz

NOTES: Zimpro = Zimpro Analytical Services in Rothschild, Wisconsin  
Wausau = City of Wausau water supply  
Lotz = Lotz Readimix, heated water from City of Wausau supply  
Weston = City of Weston water supply

Representative samples of each formation encountered were sent for physical analysis. The analyses are described in

Appendix B. The results of the analyses are summarized in Table 3 and the data sheets are in Appendix D.

The monitoring wells were installed with approximately 10 feet of screen below the current water table and 5 feet of screen above the water table to monitor fluctuations of the water table. The piezometer was installed with 5 feet of screen at the bottom of the boring. Well installation sketches are in Appendix C.

At least 100 gallons of water was pumped from each monitoring well. At wells 4D and 6, a volume of water was removed to equal at least five times that used in drilling the hole. The flow from all wells, except 1S, was free of sediment.

## RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

### HYDROGEOLOGY

The material removed from the borings was primarily sand that appear to be glacial outwash or alluvial deposits from the Wisconsin River. Profiles through the borings are presented in Figures 4 and 5. Locations of the profiles are shown in Figure 6. The soil ranged from fine sand to coarse sand and gravel. Cobbles and boulders were encountered in borings 1 and 6. These may be colluvial deposits from the granite bedrock or alluvial deposits. The cuttings from the rotary rig at the bottom of boring 6 looked like chips from the granite bedrock, which may indicate that the bottom of this boring was at or near the top of rock.

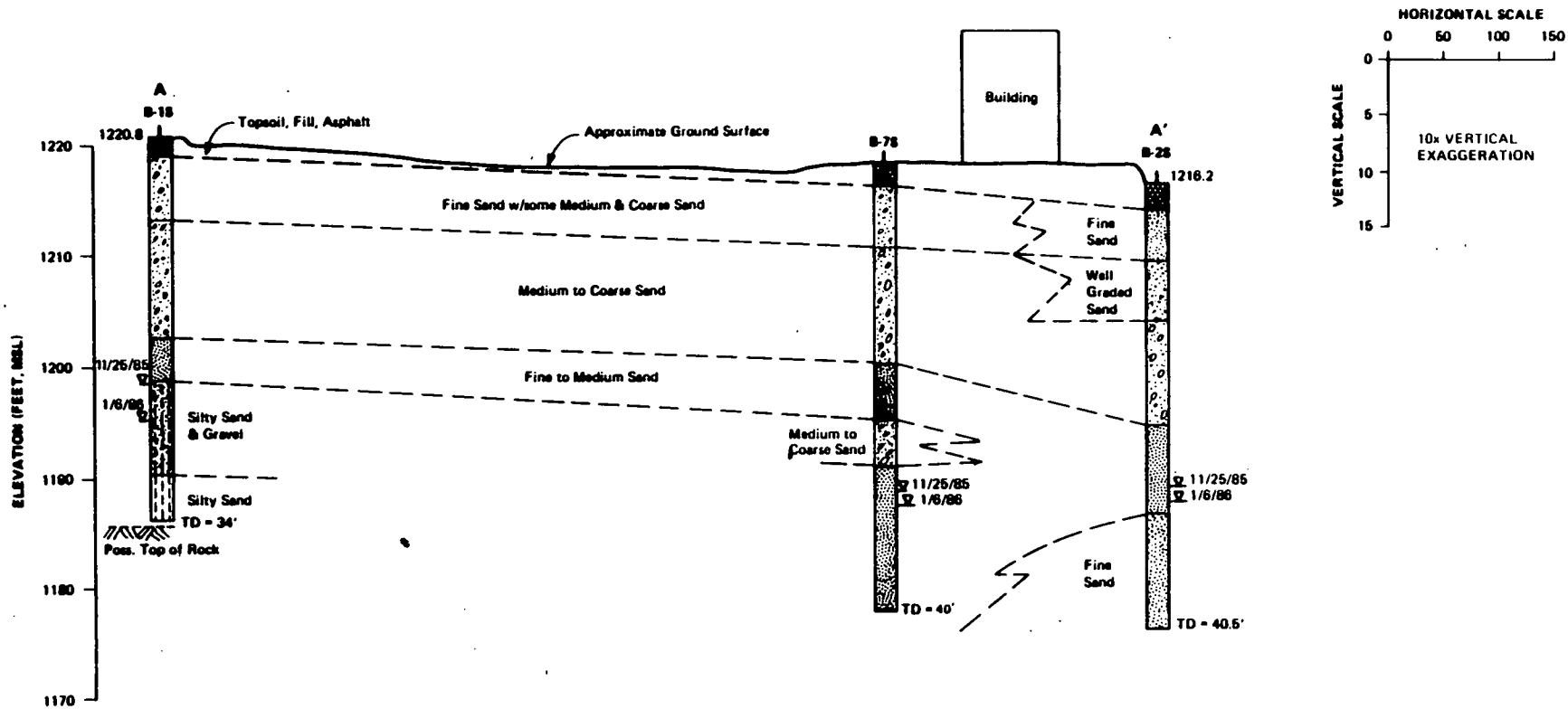
With the exception of the silty sand and gravel in boring 1S, the soils recovered from the boreholes contained less than 5 percent fine material (clay or silt). Most of the samples were poorly graded sand. All of the borings encountered fine to very fine sand near the bottom of the hole. Calculated permeabilities, based on the grain size analyses ranged from  $7 \times 10^{-2}$  to  $5 \times 10^{-3}$  centimeters per second, with the poorly graded coarser sand and gravel being near the high end of this range.

Fill was encountered at locations 3 and 4. The fill at location 4 included rubbish and what appeared to be foundry sand.

Based on the groundwater and river level measurements on November 15 and 25, 1985 (Table 4 and Figure 6), it appears that the groundwater generally flows from northwest to southeast toward the river. The gradient to the west of the landfill is much greater than that under the landfill, which may be reflecting the change in transmissivity from the frac-

TABLE 3  
MECHANICAL ANALYSES OF SOILS

Boring Number	Sample Number	Depth (feet)	QUANTITY OF MATERIAL IN SAMPLE					Moisture Content	USCS	Comments
			Gravel	Cse Sand	Med Sand	Fine Sand	Fines			
1S	S-3	9.5 to 11	8.7%	16.8%	44.5%	27.4%	2.6%	9.53%	SP	
1S	S-5	19.5 to 21	0.0%	0.2%	45.6%	52.3%	1.7%	14.99%	SP	
1S	S-6	23.5 to 25	25.5%	14.3%	18.7%	17.6%	24.9%	13.87%	GM	Test run with less sample mass than required by ASTM
2S	S-3	9 to 10.5	31.9%	18.0%	36.0%	11.0%	3.1%	6.78%	SW	
3S	S-3	9.5 to 11	32.4%	17.1%	36.0%	9.5%	5.0%	4.45%	SW	
3S	S-4	14.5 to 16	2.1%	3.9%	44.0%	48.0%	2.0%	9.56%	SP	
3S	S-6	24.5 to 26	0.0%	0.0%	21.0%	78.2%	0.8%	5.38%	SP	
4S	S-4	14.5 to 16	9.2%	8.6%	31.2%	48.2%	2.8%	6.97%	SP	
4S	S-5	19.5 to 21	30.1%	16.9%	37.2%	10.6%	5.2%	4.21%	SW	
4D	S-2	39.5 to 41	8.0%	2.0%	52.2%	42.2%	2.8%	17.40%	SP	
4D	S-7	84.5 to 86	0.0%	0.1%	15.9%	80.7%	3.3%	21.59%	SP	
7S	S-5	19.5 to 21	9.6%	15.4%	46.0%	26.4%	2.6%	6.64%	SP	
7S	S-7	29.5 to 31	0.1%	0.3%	35.8%	63.1%	0.7%	19.26%	SP	



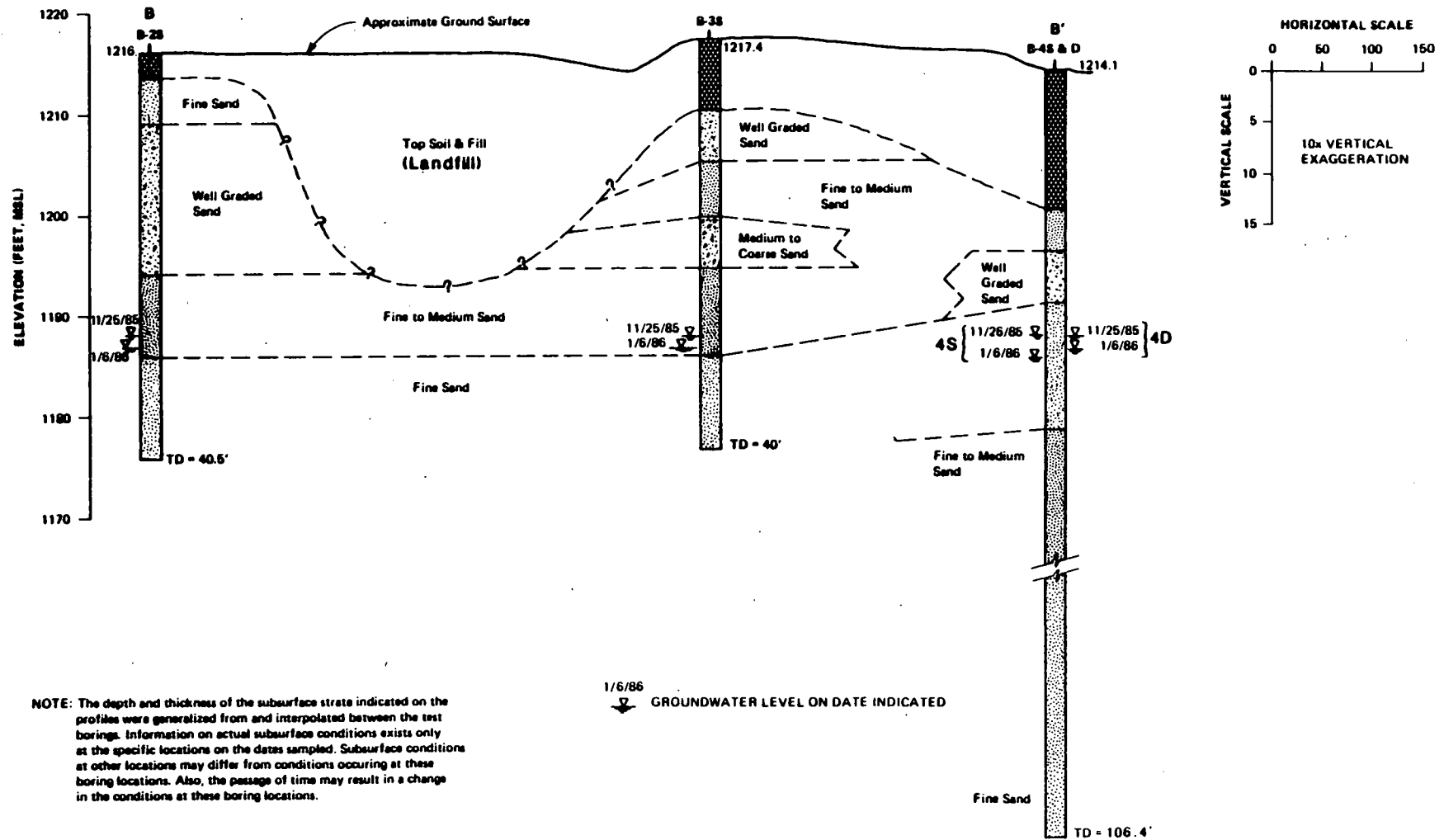
NOTE: The depth and thickness of the subsurface strata indicated on the profiles were generalized from and interpolated between the test borings. Information on actual subsurface conditions exists only at the specific locations on the dates sampled. Subsurface conditions at other locations may differ from conditions occurring at these boring locations. Also, the passage of time may result in a change in the conditions at these boring locations.

11/25/85  
□ GROUNDWATER LEVEL ON DATE INDICATED

FIGURE 4.  
Geologic Profile A-A'







NOTE: The depth and thickness of the subsurface strata indicated on the profiles were generalized from and interpolated between the test borings. Information on actual subsurface conditions exists only at the specific locations on the dates sampled. Subsurface conditions at other locations may differ from conditions occurring at these boring locations. Also, the passage of time may result in a change in the conditions at these boring locations.

1/6/86  
 GROUNDWATER LEVEL ON DATE INDICATED

FIGURE 5.  
 Geologic Profile B-B'



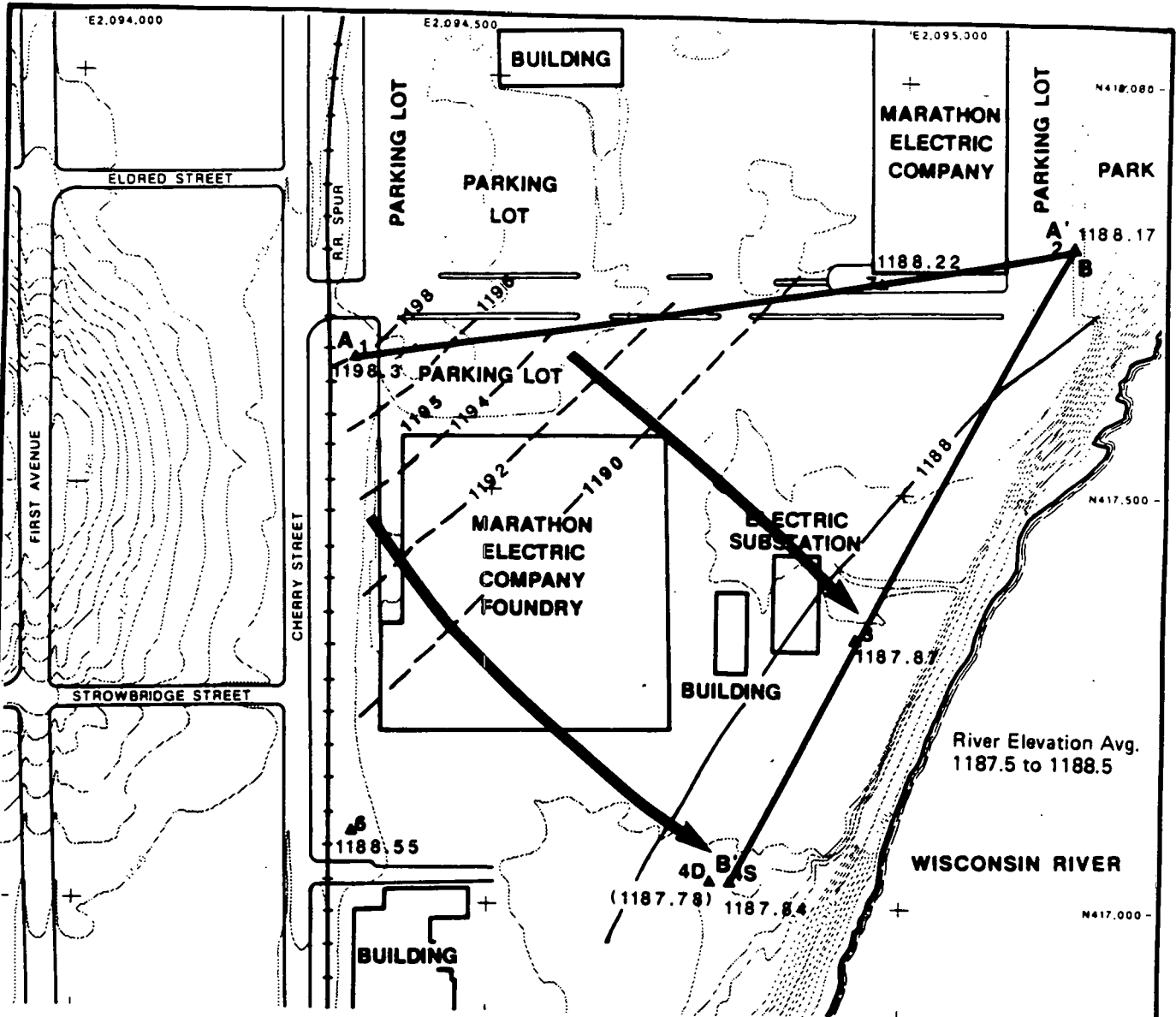
TABLE 4  
WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENTS

WELL NUMBER	CASING HEIGHT (feet)	ELEVATION (feet, MSL)				WATER DEPTH FROM TOP OF CASING			GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (feet, MSL)		
		TOP OF CASING	TOP OF PVC	TIP OF SCREEN	GROUND SURFACE	11/15/85	11/25/85	1/06/86	11/15/85	11/25/85	1/06/86
1S	2.9	1223.75	1223.64	1190.9	1220.8	24.42	25.41	28.67	1199.33	1198.34	1195.08
2S	3.1	1219.28	1219.17	1178.3	1216.2	30.23	31.11	32.26	1189.05	1188.17	1187.02
3S	2.9	1220.31	1220.14	1178.5	1217.4	31.41	32.44	33.61	1186.9	1187.87	1186.7
4S	2.8	1216.92	1216.76	1181.9	1214.1	28.50	29.08	31.28	1188.42	1187.84	1185.64
4D	2.8	1218.49	1216.26	1109.4	1213.9	*	28.71	30.11	*	1187.78	1186.38
6S	2.7	1221.89	1221.63	1179.7	1219.2	30.57	33.34	34.72	1191.32	1188.55	1187.17
7S	2.8	1221.01	1220.91	1182.2	1218.2	31.88	32.79	33.80	1189.13	1188.22	1187.21

NOTES:

Refer to Figure 2 for well locations.

- \* The groundwater level for 4D was not determined on 11/15/85 because the well had not had time to equilibrate after drilling.

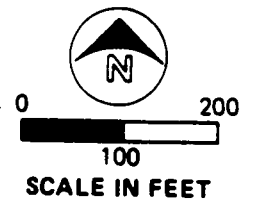


**LEGEND**

1187.64 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION ON NOVEMBER 25, 1985

**A A'** PROFILE LOCATION

 GROUNDWATER FLOW PATH



**FIGURE 6.**  
Groundwater Contours  
November 25, 1985.



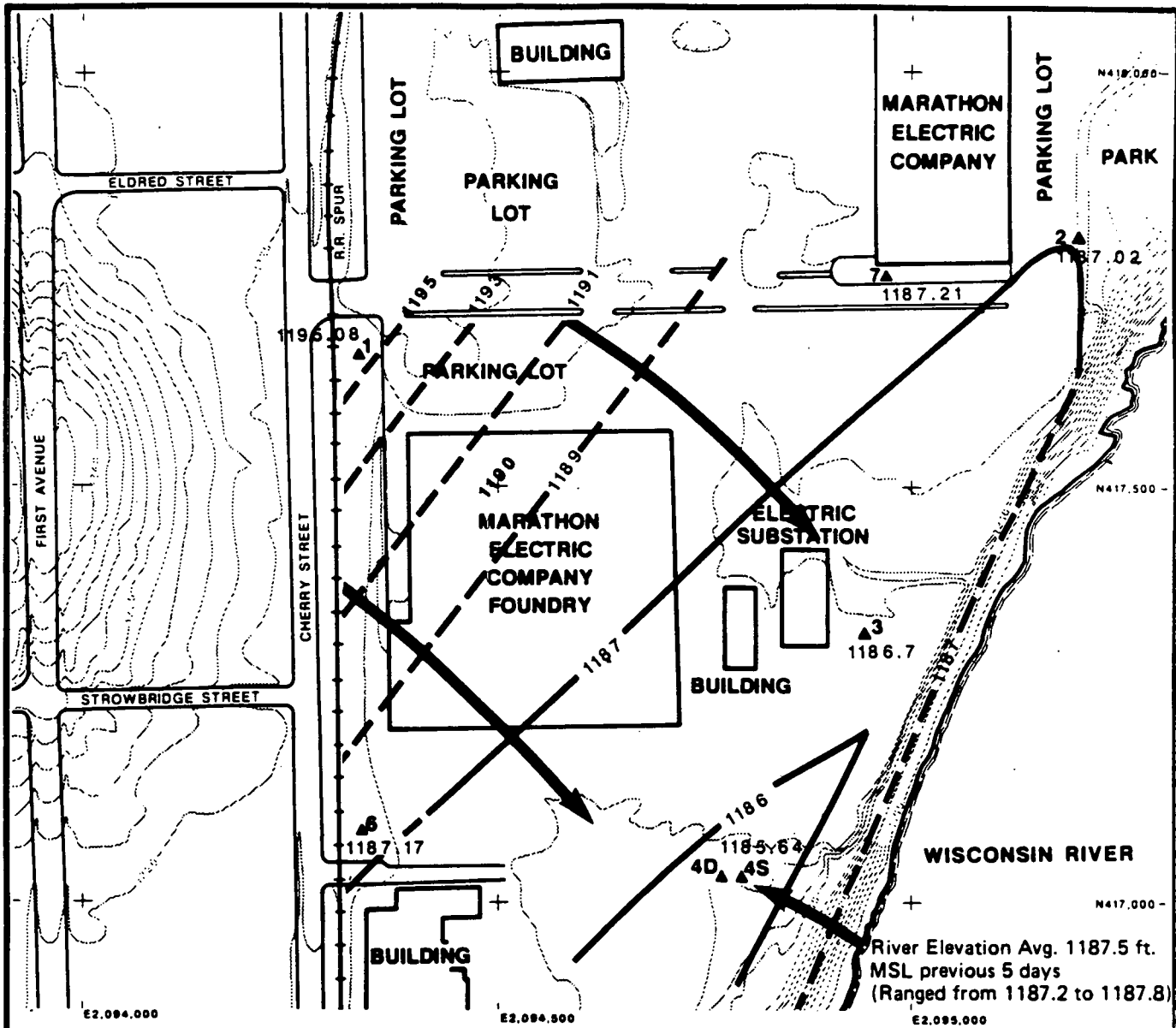
tured bedrock aquifer to the sand and gravel aquifer in the river valley. The groundwater and river level measurements on January 6, 1986 (Figure 7), indicate that groundwater flow has a similar direction as in November. On January 6, river water may have been recharging a portion of the aquifer. Such recharge may occur during periods of high river stage. With the snow covered, frozen ground to prevent recharge from the surface, recharge from the river might have been more obvious than in other seasons. It would be necessary to monitor the water levels through at least one year to determine the relationship between the river water levels and the groundwater levels, and to estimate the extent of local river bank recharge which may occur during high river stages. The steep groundwater gradient to the northwest is consistent with the regional contours shown in Figure 3. The only well nest, 4S and 4D, exhibited an upward gradient at the time of the January water level measurements. This may be the result of the upward gradient from regional discharge to the river.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

Soil samples and drilling water samples were collected during the drilling program. The drilling water was only analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOC's). The soil samples were analyzed for VOC's and three samples, including two of the suspected foundry sand and one upgradient sample, were analyzed for metals. The results of the drilling water and soils analyses are in Tables 2 and 5, respectively.

On November 25, 1985 and January 6 and 7, 1986, groundwater samples were collected for field analysis of pH, conductivity, and temperature (Table 6), and laboratory analysis of VOC's, COD, hardness, alkalinity, and dissolved iron. Samples from wells 4S, 4D, and 1 were analyzed for phenols, arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, selenium, mercury, silver, and hardness. The results of the laboratory analyses are in Tables 7 and 8. Only contaminants that were detected in at least one sample are listed in the tables. Table 9 contains standards, criteria, and guidelines for drinking water that could be compared to the results of the groundwater analyses.

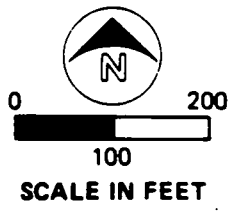
Several of the contaminants detected in the groundwater samples exceeded drinking water standards, criteria, and guidelines. Carbon tetrachloride was detected in the January sample from well 3 at a level that exceeded the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) maximum contaminant levels (MCL) and the U.S. EPA Health Advisory for chronic exposure of a 10-kilogram (kg) individual. It should be noted that carbon tetrachloride was not detected in any of the samples during the November sampling round.



**LEGEND**

1187.84 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION ON JANUARY 6, 1986

 GROUNDWATER FLOW PATH



**FIGURE 7.**  
Groundwater Contours  
January 6, 1986.



TABLE 5  
SUMMARY OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF SOIL  
(ug/g)

	SL-B2-24	SL-HSA-3	SL-HSA-4
Cyanide	<0.11	<0.11	<0.09
Arsenic	1.02	2.16	3.42
Barium	24.2	26.3	24.7
Cadmium	<0.081	<0.077	<0.082
Chromium	2.87	2.15	1.58
Lead	1.73	3.92	6.21
Mercury	<0.008	<0.009	<0.010
Selenium	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Silver	0.144	<0.096	<0.102
Total Solids, %	96.18	92.71	84.65
Boring Number	2	4S	4S
Sample Depth	24 to 26.5	14.5 to 16	29.5 to 31

NOTES: Results expressed on a dry weight basis  
except Total Solids

ug/g = mg/kg = ppm

< = "less than" detection limit which varied  
with sample size

TABLE 6  
page 1 of 2  
SAMPLING DATA  
11/25/85

ARRIVED ON SITE AT 7:40  
WEATHER: CLOUDY, 9 DEGREES F

WELL NUMBER	DEPTH TO WATER *		PURGE VOLUME		SAMPLING TIME	pH	CONDUCT. (uMHOS)	TEMP (degree C)
	11/15/85	11/25/85	CALC **	ACTUAL				
1	24.42	25.41	6.7	5 <sup>1</sup>	11:30	6.37	200	12
2	30.23	31.11	9	9	13:45	6.0	225	12
3	31.41	32.44	7.9	8	15:20	6.0	650	10
4S	28.5	29.08	5.35	6	16:10	6.0	1100	8
4D	28.5	28.71	64.5	70	15:30	6.0	215	10
6	30.57	33.34	9.25	7	15:45	6.0	215	8
7	31.88	32.79	6.9	9	12:40	6.0	135	12

NOTES

\* MEASURED FROM TOP OF CASING

\*\*BASED ON 5 WELL VOLUMES FROM WATER LEVEL ON 11/15/85 (gallons)

<sup>1</sup> PURGED TO CONSTANT CONDUCTIVITY

OVA READINGS WERE TAKEN AT ALL WELLS. THE BACKGROUND OVA READING RANGED FROM 1 TO 5 PPM (ODORS FROM THE PLANT MAY HAVE AFFECTED THE READINGS). ALL OF THE WELLS EXCEPT WELL 6, WHICH HAD A READING OF 6 PPM, WERE IN THE 0 TO 5 PPM RANGE.

TABLE 6  
page 2 of 2  
FIELD SAMPLING DATA  
1/06/86

ARRIVED ON SITE AT 9:20  
WEATHER: CLOUDY, 10 DEGREES F  
OVERNIGHT: CLEAR, -12 DEGREES F

WELL NUMBER	DEPTH TO WATER *		PURGE VOLUME		SAMPLING TIME	pH	CONDUCT. (uMHOS)	TEMP (degree C)
	11/15/85	1/06/86	CALC **	ACTUAL				
1	24.42	28.67	6.7	1.5	10:10 D	6.95	200	7
2	30.23	32.26	9	9	11:55	6.09	225	10
3	31.41	33.61	7.9	5.5	14:00	6.27	600	6
4S	28.5	31.28	5.35	5	16:00	6.07	800	8
4D	28.5	30.11	64.5	65	10:55 D	5.96	250	6
6	30.57	34.72	9.25	10	15:30	6.10	190	5
7	31.88	33.80	6.9	5	14:15	5.69	205	8.5
BLANK					10:30 D	6.56	15	6

NOTES

\* MEASURED FROM TOP OF CASING

\*\*BASED ON 5 WELL VOLUMES FROM WATER LEVEL ON 11/15/85  
(gallons)

1 PURGED ON 1/06/86 BY PUMPING TWICE UNTIL DRY THEN WAITING FOR RECOVERY

2 BACKED UP WITH pH PAPER

OVA READINGS WERE TAKEN AT ALL WELLS. THE BACKGROUND OVA READING RANGED FROM 4 TO 5 PPM. ALL OF THE WELLS HAD READINGS WITHIN THE BACKGROUND RANGE.



TABLE 7  
 CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF GROUNDWATER  
 NOVEMBER 25, 1985

	DETECTION LIMIT	TRIP BLANK	FIELD BLANK	WELL 1	WELL 2	WELL 3	WELL 4D	WELL 4S	WELL 6	WELL 7
VOCs (ug/l)										
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroform	0.1	ND	ND	ND	1.1	66	1.4	ND	ND	0.8
Dibromochloromethane	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dichlorobromomethane	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.4	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.3	ND	ND	ND	3.7	ND	1.4	9.3	ND	ND
Dichloromethane	0.2	0.6	0.8	ND	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.6	1.6	1.2
Ethylbenzene	0.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethylene	0.1	ND	ND	ND	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.1	ND
Toluene	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.5	0.3	ND	ND	11.5
Trichloroethylene	0.1	ND	ND	ND	280	6.9	19.7	2.0	ND	10.7
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.2	ND	ND
OTHER (mg/l)										
Alkalinity, as										
Calcium Carbonate	20		ND	56	34	268	66	433	66	39
Hardness, as Calcium										
Carbonate	1.0		ND	74.1	123.0	491.0	151.0	755.0	61.0	88.0
COD	10		ND	12	ND	17	ND	56	ND	ND
Dissolved Iron	0.004		ND	0.077	0.004	ND	0.212	0.012	0.263	0.005
Barium	0.030		0.044	ND	---	---	ND	0.200	---	---
Lead	0.050		0.285	0.192	---	---	0.122	ND	---	---

NOTES:

ND Analyzed but not detected

--- No analysis performed

TABLE 8  
 CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF GROUNDWATER  
 JANUARY 6-7, 1986

	DETECTION LIMIT	TRIP BLANK	FIELD BLANK	WELL 1	WELL 2	WELL 3	WELL 4D	WELL 4S	WELL 6	WELL 7
VOCs (ug/l)										
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	98	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chloroform	0.1	ND	ND	ND	1.0	57.8	1.1	ND	0.1	0.9
Dibromochloromethane	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dichlorobromomethane	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.4	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.3	ND	ND	ND	3.0	ND	2.5	11.4	ND	ND
Dichloromethane	0.2	ND	0.4	ND	2.0	0.2	ND	0.2	ND	0.2
Ethylbenzene	0.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethylene	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.3	ND	1.1	0.1	ND
Toluene	0.1	ND	ND	0.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.1	ND	ND	ND	2.0	ND	0.1	ND	ND	18.4
Trichloroethylene	0.1	ND	ND	ND	1058	5.0	24.6	2.6	ND	12.7
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.5	ND	ND
OTHER (mg/l)										
Alkalinity, as										
Calcium Carbonate	20		---	39	38	228	58	324	50	35
Hardness, as Calcium										
Carbonate	1.0		---	36.0	94.0	326.0	143.0	401.0	52.0	98.0
COD	10		---	24	ND	ND	ND	33	ND	ND
Dissolved Iron	0.004		0.007	0.197	0.162	0.074	1.290	0.098	0.101	0.039

NOTES:

ND Analyzed but not detected

--- No analysis performed

Table 9  
STANDARDS, CRITERIA AND GUIDELINES FOR DRINKING WATER  
(ug/L)

	Wisconsin Groundwater Quality Standards		Safe Drinking Water Act				1980 CWA Ambient Water Criteria Quality (adjusted for drinking water <sup>d</sup> )		U.S. EPA Health Advisories <sup>e</sup>			
	Enforcement	Preventive	Primary MCL	Proposed	Final	Proposed	Toxicity 10 <sup>-6</sup>	Risk 10 <sup>-6</sup>	1-day 10-kg	10-day 10-kg	Chronic	
				Primary MCL <sup>b</sup>	Primary RMCL	Primary RMCL <sup>c</sup>					10-kg	70-kg
Carbon Tetrachloride				5	0			0.42	4,000	160	71	500
Chloroform			100 <sup>a</sup>					0.19				
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.5	0.05		5	0			0.94	740	740	740	2,600
1,2-Dichloroethene						70			2,720	2,720	1,000	3,500
Dichloromethane	150	15						0.19	13,300	1,500		
Ethylbenzene						680	2,400		21,000	21,000		
Tetrachloroethene	1	0.1						0.8		34,000	1,940	6,800
Toluene	343	68.6				2,000			18,000	6,000		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	200	40		200	200		15,000		140,000	35,000	35,000	12,500
Trichloroethene	1.8	0.18		5	0			2.8				
Vinyl Chloride	0.015	0.005		1	0			2	2,600	2,600	13	46

<sup>a</sup> Wisconsin Groundwater Quality Standards from Chapter NR140.

<sup>b</sup> Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) - Primary Interim, Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCL's) - Enforceable drinking water standards not entirely health based.

<sup>c</sup> SDWA Proposed Final MCL's - Enforceable drinking water standards proposed currently for volatile organic compounds (VOC's) with other chemicals to follow over time.

<sup>d</sup> SDWA Proposed and Final Recommended Maximum Contaminant Levels (RMCL) - Nonenforceable health goals for drinking water set at a level representing "no known or anticipated adverse effects on the health of persons ... allows an adequate margin of safety."

<sup>e</sup> SDWA Health Advisories (HA's) - Short-term risk assessments for noncarcinogen end points of toxicity. Considered to be exposure levels which will result in adverse health effects over a specified short time period (1 day, 10 day, longer term).

EPA has used the 10-day Health Advisory as a factor in decision making for contaminated drinking water incidents.

<sup>f</sup> Clean Water Act (CWA) Ambient Water Quality Criteria (AWQC) Adjusted - Criterion to protect human health adjusted to account for drinking water only (excludes fish ingestion).

<sup>g</sup> SDWA Secondary MCL's - Welfare based drinking water quality goals.

a) Based on MCL for total trihalomethanes.

b) Proposed November 13, 1985  
50FR 46902

c) Proposed November 13, 1985  
50FR 46936

d) Adjusted so that drinking water is the only source of contaminant Superfund Public Health Evaluation Manual. U.S. EPA, 1985.

e) From the Office of Water, U.S. EPA.

The 0.4 ug/L of 1,2-dichloroethane in the samples from well 4S exceeded the State of Wisconsin Groundwater Standard for preventive measures.

The level of tetrachloroethene in the sample taken from well 4S during January exceeded the State of Wisconsin Enforcement standards and the Clean Water Act (CWA) criteria for the  $10^{-6}$  cancer risk. The criteria in Table 9 have been adjusted to account for drinking the water; the component of the criteria that accounts for consuming fish that live in contaminated water has been removed. The CWA criteria for the  $10^{-6}$  cancer risk is based on a 70-kg individual drinking the contaminated water for 70 years. The state preventive standard for tetrachloroethane was met or exceeded in at least one sample taken from wells 2, 3, 6, and 4D. SDWA

The levels of trichloroethylene (TCE) in water from wells 2, 3, 4D, and 7 exceeded all standards, criteria, and guidelines. The levels detected in 4S exceeded the state's preventive standard.

The levels of vinyl chloride, detected in well 4S exceeded the CWA criteria for the  $10^{-6}$  cancer risk and the state standards.

#### ANALYSIS

The analytical results of the groundwater taken from some of the monitoring wells contained the chlorinated volatile compounds TCE, dichloroethylene (DCE), and vinyl chloride. TCE may biodegrade in the anaerobic environment in the subsurface to form the cis and trans isomers of 1,2-dichloroethylene, which may degrade to vinyl chloride (Mackay, et al., 1985).

At concentrations exceeding their solubility in water, compounds with specific gravities greater than water (1.63 for TCE, and 1.46 for DCE) would tend to sink into the aquifer. Further, these compounds would fall vertically in the aquifer, despite horizontal components in groundwater flow (Mackay, et al., 1985). The tendency to sink would be complemented if the dense compound were spilled in a groundwater recharge area, where there would be a downward gradient. Once the compounds are in the subsurface they may degrade and they may go into solution slowly, reducing the contaminant concentration at one point while dispersing the compound and its degradation products with groundwater movement.

The contaminants observed in the monitoring wells were at concentrations greatly below their solubilities in water. The denser contaminants in the groundwater, such as TCE, could be from a variety of sources, including:

- o Groundwater moving through the landfill
- o Unidentified filled areas
- o A large spill in which the immiscible portion sank into the aquifer
- o Small spills near or upgradient from the landfill

A large spill could affect groundwater quality if it occurred either near the landfill or some distance away. Further, it could affect groundwater quality for some time as it slowly disperses and is transported with the groundwater.

Vinyl chloride, a degradation product of TCE with a specific gravity of 0.91, was detected in well 4S. The less dense vinyl chloride would not sink into an aquifer, but rather would go into solution and move with the aquifer in a relatively small spill, or would "float" on top of the water table if the amount released exceeded its solubility limit in water. Alternatively, the vinyl chloride could be the result of the degradation of TCE carried in the groundwater to this point, where it may be rising because of its low specific gravity or because of upward groundwater gradients at this discharge point.

As part of this project, manufacturing property ownership within one-half mile of the landfill was investigated to locate other sources of contamination observed at the site. The property boundaries are shown in Figure 1 and the owner and type of business at the property, where known, is noted in Table 1. With the exception of Marathon Electric, it does not appear that there are any businesses upgradient of the landfill that could be contributing to the observed contamination. This does not rule out former businesses in the area, spills along the railroad tracks, or old filled areas. Additional monitoring wells and observation of groundwater levels, well pumping patterns, and river levels over an extended period would be necessary to determine if Marathon Electric is responsible for the observed contaminant levels. With the additional information, it may be difficult to determine if the contamination is due to Marathon Electric, the landfill, or an unknown source.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

The monitoring well network detected contaminants on the north side of the landfill. Additional well nests would be needed to determine if the contamination is coming from the landfill, or is coming onto the site from other sources. The well nests should be placed to the north of the Marathon Electric Company property. The nests should include monitoring wells in the top of the water table and at least one deeper piezometer.

To get an accurate feel for the groundwater flow patterns, it would be necessary to monitor groundwater and river levels for at least one year. The flow patterns should be further refined by taking concurrent water level measurements in other monitoring wells on the west side of the Wisconsin River.

Contaminants that have or are leaving the landfill through the groundwater or the storm sewer (Figure 2) may be in the sediments adjacent to the landfill. The contaminants detected in the monitoring wells are of greater density than water and are attracted to organic material as would be found in the sediments. Since the Wisconsin River is dammed south of the site, the slower moving water might have allowed the contaminants to settle into the sediment. The sediment could be adversely affecting aquatic life and surface water quality and should be sampled. Samples should also be collected upstream of the landfill to provide background contaminant levels.

Since the extent and source of the observed contamination have not been identified, applicable remedial actions cannot be identified.

#### LIMITATIONS

This report has been prepared for exclusive use by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources specifically for investigating the release of contaminants from the City of Wausau Landfill. The analyses and recommendations contained in this report are based, in part, on the data obtained from borings. Borings indicate conditions only at specific locations and times, and only to the depths penetrated. They do not necessarily reflect variations that may exist between locations. If variations in subsurface conditions from those described are noted during additional investigations, recommendations in this report may need to be reevaluated.

CH2M HILL is not responsible for any claims, damages, or liability associated with interpretation of subsurface data or reuse of the subsurface data or engineering analyses without the express written authorization of CH2M HILL.

#### REFERENCES

Department of Natural Resources, undated, Preliminary Assessment Narrative for Marathon Electric, formerly City of Wausau Municipal Landfill Site.

Kulibert, Gary, personal communication to Shara McBee on October 22, 1985.

La Berge, L.G., and E.P. Meyers. "Precambrian Geology of Marathon County, Wisconsin." Wisconsin Geological and Nat-

ural History Survey Information Circular Number 45. 1983.

Lippet, I.D. and R.G. Hennings. "Irrigable Lands Inventory--Phase I Groundwater and Related Information." Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey Miscellaneous Paper 81-1. 1981.

Mackay, D.M., V. Roberts, and J.A. Cherry. "Transport of Organic Contaminants in Groundwater, in Environ. Sci. Technol. Vol. 19, No. 5, 1985.

Weston-Sper Technical Assistance Team. "Hydrogeological Investigation of Volatile Organic Contamination in Wausau, Wisconsin, Municipal Wells." Prepared for U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. April 1985.

Wisconsin Valley Improvement Co., Wisconsin River Levels at Bridge Street Gauge in Wausau for November 20, 1985 through November 27, 1985 and January 1 through 8, 1986.

GLT187/12

Appendix A  
SCOPE OF WORK AND WORK PLAN



**Scope of Work**  
**For the Investigation of an Abandoned City of Wausau Landfill**

This is the scope of work for the investigation of an abandoned City of Wausau landfill. The landfill is located in the NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , Section 23, T29N, R7E, City of Wausau, Marathon County. The site is now occupied by Marathon Electric Company and is a parking lot for the firm.

I. Description of Work and Products. The contractor agrees to provide the following to the satisfaction of the Department:

A. Provide consultant services to investigate the contamination of the Wausau water supply by investigating the environmental impact of the abandoned landfill. The consultant will be expected to conduct the investigation, compile an Existing Conditions Report, and submit the report to the Department, using acceptable engineering methods and in conformance with the provisions of NR 180.06(1)(c).

1. The Existing Conditions Report shall include, at a minimum:

- a. A plan sheet based upon a recent Department of Transportation air photo indicating the existing buildings, roads, water supplies, property ownership, etc., within a 1/2-mile radius of Marathon Electric.
- b. A plan sheet indicating the existing surface features of the area within  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile of the landfill. The plan shall include 2 ft. topographic contours based upon the City of Wausau topographic maps and a minimum scale of one inch = 200 feet. The surface feature plans shall also indicate existing buildings, property boundaries, roads, and water supplies, etc.

In conjunction with the topographic survey, a permanent on-site benchmark shall be installed for vertical and horizontal control. All elevations shall be related to USGS datum, and all monitoring points shall be vertically located to msl to the nearest .01 foot and horizontally to the nearest foot.

- c. Two plan sheets showing geologic cross sections passing through the borings, indicating topography, boring locations, soils, bedrock, and stabilized groundwater level readings.
- d. A plan sheet indicating groundwater contours and vertical gradients, superimposed on the topographic survey indicated in I.A.1b.

- e. Plan sheets showing cross sections (two north/south, two east/west) passing through the borings (or based upon geophysical investigation using the recommended technique to illustrate the existing topography, boring locations, soils, bedrock, water level readings and waste disposal areas.
  - f. A result and discussion section discussing the extent of contamination, the potential for further degradation of the groundwater, the potential source of the contamination, additional work required, and the need for and type of remedial action indicated.
  - g. An appendix containing all raw data such as boring logs, well logs, soil tests, water level and groundwater quality measurements, laboratory quality assurance data, etc.
  - h. Ten copies of the report shall be provided to the Department's North Central District Office.
- B. The consultant may be called upon for legal testimony in a court of law.
- C. Field Investigations.
- 1. Prior to beginning the field investigation an organizational meeting shall be held between the consultant and Department personnel to clarify all issues related to the project.
  - 2. Perform a geophysical survey of the area comprising the adjacent abandoned landfill using resistivity or another technique recommended by the consultant and approved by the Department. The purpose of the survey will be to identify soils, water levels, contaminant plumes, fill or waste disposal areas, and provide guidance for location of the soil borings and monitoring well installations.
  - 3. Soil borings shall be performed to define soil, groundwater conditions and, where appropriate, bedrock depth.

The purpose for the borings and well installations is to assess the level of contamination by volatile organic compounds. Drilling methods and materials shall be utilized which allow for a VOC and inorganic chemical determination of the soil and groundwater.

- a. A total of 6 borings will be required, three to a depth of 40 feet below the groundwater table and one boring to bedrock. These borings will be used for the installation of 6 monitoring wells.

- b. Soil samples shall be collected from the borings, well installations, and piezometers using standard undisturbed soil sampling technique. Soil samples shall be collected at a maximum of every five feet and at the surface of any soil layer encountered.
- c. Soils shall be classified according to the unified soil classification system, using a grain size distribution and mechanical and hydrometer analysis.
- d. All soil samples shall be preserved for possible future analysis of volatile organic chemicals (VOCs).
- e. Boring logs for each boring shall be provided, with special note made of appearance and odor of each sample.

4. Monitoring Well/Piezometer Installation.

- a. A total of 6 monitoring wells and 3 piezometers shall be installed at locations approved by the Department.
- b. Construction of the wells and piezometers shall conform to the Department's draft monitoring well installation guidelines.
- c. Monitoring wells will utilize a 15-foot screen, 10 feet placed into the groundwater and 5 feet above.
- d. Piezometers will utilize a five-foot well screen, scaled just above the bedrock.
- e. Selected soil samples obtained during the piezometer installation may be analyzed for VOCs. Samples shall be collected every five feet and at any soil layer encountered. All samples will be preserved for future VOC analysis.
- f. All wells and piezometers shall be properly developed, and the development procedures shall be documented.
- g. Well construction logs shall be provided for each well. The top of each well casing shall be surveyed to msl datum.

5. Environmental Monitoring.

- a. All soil and groundwater quality analysis shall be done using EPA Standard Methods. Quality control and assurance data (including the results of the trip blanks, duplicate analysis, and spiked recovery analysis and detection limits) shall be provided for all analyses.

- b. Eighteen soil samples (to be selected by the Department with consultants advice) shall be analyzed for volatile organic carbon compounds. The analysis of additional soil samples may be requested.
- c. Three sets of groundwater samples shall be obtained from each monitoring point and analyzed for VOCs, pH, temperature, conductivity, COD, hardness, alkalinity, and dissolved iron. The three sets of samples shall be taken 14 days apart. The Department shall be notified of the sampling and provided with the opportunity to obtain split samples.

## II. Department Support

- A. The Department shall assign a project manager to serve as the official representative of the Department and to resolve, in writing, any problems or policy issues.
- B. The Department shall be responsible for all public information activities associated with the project.

## II. SCOPE OF SERVICES

This scope of work sets forth the requirements for developing an assessment of the environmental impacts associated with the abandoned City of Wausau landfill located in Section 23, T29N, R07E, City of Wausau, Marathon County.

- (I) **Consultant Responsibilities:** The Consultant agrees to provide the services necessary to adequately investigate the environmental impacts of the abandoned City of Wausau landfill. The Consultant will be required to conduct the investigation, compile the information into an Existing Conditions Report, and submit 8 copies of the report to the North Central District Office located in Rhinelander and 2 copies to Bureau of Solid Waste Management in Madison. This report shall be prepared using currently accepted hydrogeologic and engineering methods and shall be in conformance with the provisions of NR 180.06(1)(c).
- (A) **The On-Site Field Investigation shall include:**
- (1) Prior to beginning the field investigation organizational meetings shall be held between the Consultant and Department personnel to clarify all issues related to the project.
  - (2) **Site Survey**
    - (a) An existing site conditions plan sheet shall be prepared. A permanent on-site benchmark shall be established for both vertical and horizontal control, and all elevations shall be related to U. S. Geological Survey Datum. The plan sheet shall indicate the locations of the study area, site boundaries, property boundaries, filled areas, buildings, water supply wells, above and below ground utilities, man-made features, surface waters, soil borings, groundwater monitoring wells, and other pertinent information. The plan sheet shall also include a 100 foot survey grid and north arrow.
  - (3) **Soil Borings**
    - (a) The Consultant shall perform 9 soil borings to define the soil, bedrock and groundwater conditions at the site. The locations of the borings must be approved by the project manager prior to installation. The 9 soil borings will also be used to install monitoring wells and piezometers.
    - (b) Where soil conditions permit, soil samples shall be collected utilizing standard undisturbed soil sampling techniques. Samples shall not be composited for testing purposes. Soil samples shall be collected from each soil layer encountered and at maximum 5-foot intervals. All soil samples shall be described.
    - (c) Boring logs shall be recorded for all borings. Each log shall include soil and rock descriptions and method of sampling, sample depth, date of boring, water level measurements and dates, and soil test data. All elevations shall be corrected to USGS datum.

- (d) For each major soil layer encountered, a soil sample shall be analyzed for grain size distribution (mechanical and/or hydrometer as appropriate to the soil type) and classified according to the unified soil classification system.

(4) Monitoring Wells and Piezometer Nests

- (a) The Consultant shall install 6 monitoring wells and 3 piezometers. The locations of the wells must be approved by the project manager prior to installation.
- (b) Monitoring wells will utilize a 15-foot screen, 10 feet placed into the groundwater and 5 feet above.
- (c) Piezometers will utilize a five-foot well screen, the bottom of the screen should be just above bedrock.
- (d) All wells and piezometers shall be properly developed, and the development procedures shall be documented.
- (e) The construction of each well shall be recorded on logs. Well log information shall include the elevations of the pipe top, ground surface, bottom of the boring, well seals and screened interval, and a description of the well construction materials. For each well, the Department's Groundwater Monitoring Well Information Form (Form 4400-89) shall be completed.
- (f) The installation of each well shall conform to the standards set forth in the Department's Bureau of Solid Waste Management document titled Guidelines for Monitoring Well Installation (April 1985).

(5) Environmental Monitoring

- (a) The consultant shall collect and analyze 18 soil samples to determine the concentrations of volatile organic carbon compounds.
- (b) All soil sample results shall be in units of mg/kg on a dry weight basis.
- (c) The method of collecting the soil samples and the locations shall be determined by the project manager prior to commencing work.
- (d) The consultant shall collect and analyze 2 sets of groundwater samples to determine the concentrations of the following constituents: VOC's, ph, COD, temperature, conductivity, hardness, alkalinity, dissolved iron. The second set of groundwater samples shall be collected 30 days after the first round is collected. In the second round of groundwater quality samples the complete volatile organic compound scan will not be required. A maximum of 5 specific compounds will be identified for analysis based on the results of the first round VOC scan.

- (e) The method of collecting the groundwater samples and sample collection interval shall be determined by the project manager prior to commencing work.

(B) The Existing Conditions Report shall include:

(1) Summary Section

- (a) The nature and extent of contamination at the site should be described in a way that establishes a framework for determining remedial objectives and defines criteria for selecting remedial objectives and defines criteria for selecting remedial action alternatives.
- (b) A discussion of the potential for further environmental impact as indicated by the monitoring results.
- (c) A description or tabulation of the relevant environmental criteria and standards that form the need for remedial action.
- (d) A discussion of the remedial action alternatives with clear statements of their advantages and disadvantages. At the end of this comparative analysis, the recommended remedial action should be identified and the reason for its selection given.

(2) Plan Sheets Section

- (a) An existing site conditions plan sheet as required by A.1.a. of this contract.
- (b) A minimum of 4 geologic cross-sections passing through all borings that illustrate existing topography, soil borings, soil classification and other properties, interpreted soil stratigraphy, bedrock, monitoring wells, and stabilized water level readings.
- (c) A water table map based on stabilized water level readings. The existing site conditions plan shall be used as a base for this map.
- (d) A plan sheet based upon a recent Department of Transportation air photo indicating the existing buildings, roads, water supplies, property ownership, etc., within a 1/2 mile radius of Marathon Electric.

(3) Technical Data Section

- (a) All technical data such as boring logs, well logs, soil tests, water level measurements, soil and groundwater analysis, horizontal and vertical groundwater gradients, laboratory quality assurance data, etc.

(II) State of Wisconsin Responsibilities: The State of Wisconsin through the Department of Natural Resources agrees to provide the following support:

(A) The Department will assign a project manager to serve as the official representative of the Department, and who will resolve in writing any problems or policy and procedure issues.

(B) The Department will be responsible for all public information activities associated with the project.

(III) Consultant's Compensation. For services requested above, the Consultant shall be paid on a time and material basis using the rate schedule shown below. Total payments to the Consultant shall not exceed \$45,690 without prior written approval.

Rate Schedule

Employee Time	2.9 times actual salary
Mileage	21.5¢ per mile
Subcontractors	at cost
Meals and Lodging	at cost
Other Direct Project Costs	at cost

All requests for payment must include proper backup material to substantiate the amount requested. Fee amounts are to be itemized by employee or classification as applicable. Reimbursable expenses must be supported by copies of invoices, statements or other office records.



9/13/85

ATTACHMENT A

INTRODUCTION

On August 21, 1985, the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) requested that CH2M HILL prepare a cost estimate for a limited investigation of the City of Wausau Landfill located under a parking lot owned by Marathon Electric Company. The scope of work prepared by the WDNR is included in Appendix A.

In this work plan, the tasks outlined by WDNR are further defined and a cost estimate is provided. CH2M HILL has reorganized the tasks as follows:

- Task 1-Assemble Project Team
- Task 2-Evaluate Existing Data
- Task 3-Prepare Health and Safety Plan
- Task 4-Hydrogeologic Investigation
- Task 5-Environmental Monitoring
- Task 6-Report Preparation

The following sections provide further definition of these tasks and budgets for each task.

OBJECTIVES

The primary objectives of this investigation are to:

- o Determine, within the scope specified by the WDNR, the potential for and types of contaminants that may be leaving the City of Wausau Landfill, the extent of any existing contamination, and the potential for contamination of the Wausau water supply.
- o Identify potential remedial actions that might be required at this site.
- o Evaluate the need for additional investigations based on existing data and data generated by this investigation.

All tasks and subtasks are directed toward accomplishment of these objectives.

SITE INVESTIGATION

TASK 1-ASSEMBLE PROJECT TEAM

This task provides time for coordination between the WDNR and CH2M HILL in meetings, meeting preparation, and telephone

conferences. The estimated budget allows for 2 people to attend 3 meetings with the WDNR. In one of these meetings, the boring location plan and monitoring well installation details will be determined by CH2M HILL and WDNR. One meeting was budgeted for a trip to Wausau and the other two meetings were budgeted for trips to Madison. An additional three mandays were budgeted for meeting preparation and telephone conferences.

#### TASK 2-EVALUATE EXISTING DATA

To most efficiently execute this investigation, it will be necessary to obtain available information concerning the landfill, its operating history, its environmental setting, and documented contamination. This information will be requested from the WDNR offices in Madison and Rhinelander and from the City of Wausau. During this task, a topographic map of the site will be obtained from the City of Wausau and aerial photography will be obtained from the Wisconsin Department of Transportation.

The budget for this task allows one data collection trip to Wausau and Rhinelander. Also budgeted are five days to evaluate the data and summarize the site history and environmental setting.

#### TASK 3-PREPARE HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

A health and safety assessment will be conducted to determine if the site has potentially hazardous chemical exposure levels in the air or dangerous physical features. The resultant information will be used to select and implement adequate warnings and safeguards for investigators or other onsite visitors. All available site information will be examined to select possible sources of hazardous air emissions and potentially hazardous areas. A site visit will be conducted in conjunction with the data gathering trip to Wausau.

The health and safety assessment will be used to develop a site health and safety plan that will specify the field monitoring to be performed and the protective gear to be worn by site investigators and visitors. The plan will focus on the use of personal protective equipment to minimize exposure to hazardous materials through inhalation or direct contact when performing work on or near the site.

#### TASK 4-HYDROGEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION

The hydrogeologic investigation will be conducted to:

- o Identify the horizontal and vertical extent of groundwater contamination to the detail allowed by the limits of the scope of this investigation

- o Acquire geologic, hydrogeologic and analytical data sufficient for a general assessment of potential future groundwater contamination
- o Gather data that will assist in determining potential remedial actions
- o Determine the scope and need for additional hydrogeologic investigations

The hydrogeologic investigation has been divided into the following subtasks:

- Subtask 4.1-Install Groundwater Monitoring System
- Subtask 4.2-Surveying
- Subtask 4.3-Monitor Groundwater Levels
- Subtask 4.4-Analysis of Hydrogeologic Data

#### Subtask 4.1-Install Groundwater Monitoring System

The purpose of this subtask is to drill borings, sample soil and install monitoring wells and piezometers. The locations for the monitoring wells and piezometers will be determined by CH2M HILL and the WDNR after additional site data have been obtained (Task 2). The monitoring wells and piezometers will be constructed according to the WDNR's draft monitoring well installation guidelines, unless variances from these guidelines are requested of and approved by the WDNR.

A total of six monitoring wells and three piezometers will be installed. For the purposes of this proposal, it was assumed that the three piezometers will be installed in bedrock at a depth of 100 feet, and the six monitoring wells will be installed 10 feet below the water table (assumed to be 15 feet below the ground surface). Soil samples will be collected in all borings at 5-foot intervals and five feet of rock core will be recovered from the three deep borings. This will result in an estimated 450 feet of drilling with standard penetration testing, 15 feet of rock drilling, and 450 feet of monitoring well or piezometer installation.

Borings will be logged by a geologist or hydrogeologist. Soil samples will be preserved for index testing. The index testing may include grain size distribution or Atterberg limits tests. For this cost estimate, it has been assumed that 10 Atterberg limits and 15 grain size analyses will be performed.

After the monitoring wells and piezometers have been installed, they will be developed by surging, overpumping, or airlifting to establish good hydraulic connection with the surrounding soil. Once the wells have been fully developed, aquifer response tests may be performed to obtain in situ measurements of aquifer hydraulic conductivity.

#### Subtask 4.2-Surveying

A permanent on-site benchmark will be established to provide horizontal and vertical control of monitoring locations. The elevation will be related to USGS datum.

Once all the monitoring wells are properly installed, their locations and elevations will be surveyed. Vertical elevations will be obtained to the nearest 0.01 foot for the top of riser, top of protective casing, and ground surface at each well.

#### Subtask 4.3-Monitor Groundwater Levels

The water level monitoring program will define water table gradients in the vicinity of the landfill and assess surface water and groundwater relationships. Water levels will be measured from the top of the standpipe using a steel tape, stainless steel popper, or an electric water level indicator. Measurements will be made to the nearest 0.01 foot. Groundwater and surface water level measurements will be taken at the time that the two sets of water quality samples are collected (Task 5). Travel expenses are included with those for Task 5.

#### Subtask 4.4-Analysis of Hydrogeologic Data

This subtask will be performed to compile and analyze the data from this investigation and other investigations that could provide insight to the hydrogeology and potential for contaminant migration from this landfill. Two north-south cross sections and two east-west cross sections will be prepared during this subtask. The direction(s) of groundwater flow will be analyzed to the extent allowed by this investigation.

#### TASK 5-ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

Groundwater samples will be collected twice from each of the monitoring wells and piezometers for field or laboratory analysis. The first round of samples will be analyzed for VOC's, pH, temperature, conductivity, COD, hardness, alkalinity, and dissolved iron. The second round of sampling will occur 30 days after the first round. Analyses will be the same except that a maximum of 5 specific compounds will be selected for analysis rather than all VOC's.

Eighteen of the soil samples collected from the soil borings will be selected by the WDNR with recommendations from CH2M HILL to be analyzed for VOC's.

The samples will likely be sent to Zimpro of Rothschild, WI for analysis. The sampling program described above will result in

18 groundwater samples plus 2 blank samples and 2 duplicate samples for a total of 22 groundwater samples. Eighteen soil samples plus 2 duplicates and 1 blank sample will be submitted for a total of 21 soil samples.

#### TASK 6-REPORT PREPARATION

The findings of this investigation will be summarized in a report of existing site conditions. This report will follow the requirements of the scope of work prepared by the WDNR and any additional items that are required to adequately present the data generated in this investigation. The report will include a section discussing the extent of contamination, the potential for degradation of the groundwater, an analysis of the landfill as a potential source of contamination, recommendations for additional work, and potential remedial actions for the site.

Raw data generated during the investigation will be included in appendices to the report. Eight copies of the report will be provided to the WDNR's North Central District Office in Rhinelander and 2 copies will be provided to the Bureau of Solid Waste Management in Madison.

#### PROJECT COST

The estimated cost to complete this project is broken down in Table 1. The assumptions used to arrive at this estimate were stated in the previous discussion. If a task or subtask appears to be going over budget or if CH2M HILL feels that the scope change is necessary to meet the objectives of this investigation, the WDNR's project manager will be contacted for a resolution of the matter in question.

Appendix B  
DESCRIPTION OF FIELD METHOD

## DESCRIPTION OF FIELD AND LABORATORY METHODS

### Standard Penetration Test

Representative samples of materials encountered in the borings were obtained at 5-foot intervals with a standard 2-inch outside diameter split-spoon sampler, following the requirements of the Standard Penetration Test (ASTM D 1586). This test is used to characterize the consistency or density of in-place soil by measuring the penetration resistance expressed as "blow counts". The blow count is the number of blows required to advance a standard split-spoon sampler 6 inches with a 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches. The sampler is driven 18 inches, and the blow count is recorded for each 6-inch increment. The sum of the second and third increments is referred to as the N-value. Low N-values indicate soft or loose deposits, while high N-values are indicative of hard or dense materials. After the sampler has been driven and the blow counts recorded, the sampler is withdrawn from the boring to recover a disturbed soil sample.

Soil samples were examined in the field and visually classified in approximate accordance with the visual-manual procedure for description of soils (ASTM D2488). Sampling intervals and classification of soil samples are presented in the boring logs. Field soil boring logs were revised as necessary based on laboratory testing and office examination.

### Natural Water Contents

The moisture content of the soil at the time of sampling is determined in the laboratory in general accordance with ASTM D 2216.

### Grain Size Analyses

Grain size analyses are performed to help classify the soil and to determine the suitability of the soil for use as backfill material. Grain size distributions are determined by sieve analysis and hydrometer analysis in approximate accordance with ASTM D 422. The percent of soil material finer than the No. 200 sieve is determined in approximate accordance with ASTM D 1140.

Appendix C  
BORING LOGS AND PIEZOMETER  
INSTALLATION SKETCHES



# BORING AND TEST PIT LOG LEGEND:

## SAMPLE TYPE:

- B - BAG SAMPLE
- J - JAR SAMPLE
- S - SPLIT BARREL (ASTM D1586  
UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)
- W - WASH SAMPLE
- ST - SHELBY TUBE
- OT - OSTERBERG TUBE
- NX - DIAMOND CORE BARREL

## STANDARD PENETRATION TEST:

6"-6"-6" - THE NUMBER OF BLOWS FOR THREE 6-INCH INCREMENTS  
REQUIRED FROM A 140-LB HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES TO DRIVE A  
STANDARD 2-INCH O.D. SPLIT-BARREL SAMPLER (ASTM D1586)

(N) - THE SUM OF BLOWS FOR THE SECOND AND THIRD 6-INCH  
INCREMENTS

## NOTES:

1. THE BORING AND/OR TEST PIT LOGS AND RELATED INFORMATION DEPICT  
SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS ONLY AT THE SPECIFIC LOCATIONS AND DATES  
INDICATED. SOIL CONDITIONS AND WATER LEVELS AT OTHER LOCATIONS  
MAY DIFFER FROM CONDITIONS OCCURRING AT THESE BORING AND/OR  
TEST PIT LOCATIONS. ALSO, THE PASSAGE OF TIME MAY RESULT IN A  
CHANGE IN THE CONDITIONS AT THESE LOCATIONS.
2. BORINGS AND/OR TEST PITS WERE LOGGED IN THE FIELD BY A CH2M HILL  
ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST OR GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. SAMPLES WERE  
EXAMINED AND VISUALLY CLASSIFIED IN APPROXIMATE ACCORDANCE WITH  
ASTM D2488.

**BORING AND TEST PIT  
LOG LEGEND**



RECEIVED  
Wis. Dept. of Natural Resources

December 24, 1985

DEC 30 1985

N. C. Dist. Hdqtrs.  
RHINELANDER, WI

Gary--

We just received the Zimpro data, so I thought that I would send it for your information. I couldn't remember if I sent you the boring logs, so copies are included, along with well installation sketches and form 4400. The Guidelines for Monitoring Well Installation did not indicate which DNR office should receive the form 4400, so contact me if it needs to be sent to a different office.

*Shara*



RECEIVED  
DEC 23 1985  
CH2M HILL-GLO

December 18, 1985

Ms. Shara Mount McBee  
CH2M Hill  
310 W. Wisconsin Ave.  
Suite 700  
P.O. Box 2090  
Milwaukee, WI 53201

Dear Shara:

Attached are the results for the samples taken during the month of November in the Wausau area.

The VOC analysis was done according to EPA Method 601, a purge and trap/gas chromatographic method using PID (9.5 eV) and Hall detectors in series for detection and quantitation.

The soil samples analyzed for VOC's were done according to the low level method for soil/sediment samples. This involves taking a weighed portion of soil, adding a specific amount of reagent water to it and analyzing by EPA Method 601 as for the water samples.

The VOC results for the water samples appear in Tables 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 and are expressed in ug/l. Table 3 contains the VOC results for the soil samples, results are based on the dry weight of the soil and expressed in ng/g.

Analysis of alkalinity, hardness, COD, cyanide and phenols were done in accordance with EPA methods. Arsenic and selenium were done by furnace AA and mercury by cold-vapor AA methods. All other metals were analyzed by ICP emission spectroscopy. Results for the soil biomass (Table 7) are expressed in ug/g on a dry weight basis. Detection limits vary slightly for the soil samples because the sample size varied.

Ms. Shara Mount McBee  
December 18, 1985  
Page 2

Results for the water samples (Table 8) are expressed in  
mg/l.

If you have any questions, please call.

Sincerely,

ZIMPRO INC.

*Mary C. Christie-Heuser*

Mary C. Christie-Heuser  
Instrumentation Chemist

MCCH/lrs

cc: J.W. Barr  
J.R. Salkowski

Table 1  
 CH<sub>2</sub>M Hill  
 VOC Analysis (ug/l)  
 November 12, 1985

	Detection Limit	WB-HSA-1	WB-ROT-1	WB-HSA-2
Benzene	0.2	X	X	X
Bromoform	0.5	X	X	X
Bromomethane	1.0	X	X	X
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.1	X	X	X
Chlorobenzene	0.1	X	X	X
Chloroethane	1.0	X	X	X
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	2.0	X	X	X
Chloroform	0.1	68.4	70.6	0.1
Chloromethane	6.0	X	X	X
Dibromochloromethane	0.1	0.2	0.2	X
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X
Dichlorobromomethane	0.1	4.5	4.2	X
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.1	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.3	X	X	X
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.5	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.3	X	X	X
Dichloromethane	0.2	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.5	X	X	X
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.3	X	X	X
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	X	X	X
Ethylbenzene	0.2	X	X	X
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.1	X	X	X
Tetrachloroethylene	0.1	0.1	0.1	X
Toluene	0.1	X	0.5	0.4
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.1	X	X	X
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.1	X	X	X
Trichloroethylene	0.1	1.0	0.4	X
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	X	X	X
Zimpro Analytical No.		14932	14933	14939

X = Analyzed but not detected

Table 2  
 CH<sub>2</sub>M Hill  
 VOC Analysis (ug/l)  
 November 14, 1985

	<u>Detection Limit</u>	<u>WB-HSA-3</u>	<u>WB-ROT-2</u>	<u>WB-ROT-4</u>
Benzene	0.2	X	X	X
Bromoform	0.5	X	X	X
Bromomethane	1.0	X	X	X
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.1	X	X	X
Chlorobenzene	0.1	X	X	X
Chloroethane	1.0	X	X	X
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	2.0	X	X	X
Chloroform	0.1	0.1	0.2	X
Chloromethane	6.0	X	X	X
Dibromochloromethane	0.1	X	X	X
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X
Dichlorobromomethane	0.1	X	X	X
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.1	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.3	X	X	X
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.5	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.3	X	X	X
Dichloromethane	0.2	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.5	X	X	X
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.3	X	X	X
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	X	X	X
Ethylbenzene	0.2	X	0.4	X
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.1	X	X	X
Tetrachloroethylene	0.1	X	0.3	0.1
Toluene	0.1	0.2	1.2	X
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.1	X	X	X
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.1	X	X	X
Trichloroethylene	0.1	X	X	X
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	X	0.7	X
Zimpro Analytical No.		14983	14984	14985

X = Analyzed but not detected

Table 3  
 CH<sub>2</sub>M Hill  
 Soils  
 VOC Analysis (ng/g)  
 November 19, 1985

	Detection Limit	SL-B2-24	SL-B4S-34	SL-HSA-2	SL-HSA-3	SL-HSA-4
Benzene	0.8	X	X	X	X	X
Bromoform	2.0	X	X	X	X	X
Bromomethane	4.0	X	X	X	X	X
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
Chlorobenzene	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
Chloroethane	4.0	X	X	X	X	X
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	8.0	X	X	X	X	X
Chloroform	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
Chloromethane	24.0	X	X	X	X	X
Dibromochloromethane	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1.2	X	X	X	X	X
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1.2	X	X	X	X	X
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.2	X	X	X	X	X
Dichlorobromomethane	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.2	X	X	X	X	X
1,1-Dichloroethylene	2.0	X	X	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloroethylene	1.2	X	X	X	X	X
Dichloromethane	0.8	1.2	53.5	2.2	4.4	9.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	2.0	X	X	X	X	X
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.2	X	X	X	X	X
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	4.0	X	X	X	X	X
Ethylbenzene	0.8	X	X	X	X	X
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
Tetrachloroethylene	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
Toluene	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
Trichloroethylene	0.4	X	X	X	X	X
Vinyl Chloride	2.0	X	X	X	X	X
Zimpro Analytical No.		15069	15070	15071	15072	15073

X = Analyzed but not detected

Table 4  
 CH<sub>2</sub>M Hill  
 VOC Analysis (ug/l)  
 November 19, 1985

	<u>Detection Limit</u>	<u>Trip Blank</u>
Benzene	0.2	X
Bromoform	0.5	X
Bromomethane	1.0	X
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.1	X
Chlorobenzene	0.1	X
Chloroethane	1.0	X
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	2.0	X
Chloroform	0.1	X
Chloromethane	6.0	X
Dibromochloromethane	0.1	X
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X
Dichlorobromomethane	0.1	X
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.1	X
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.3	X
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.5	X
1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.3	X
Dichloromethane	0.2	3.0
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.5	X
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.3	X
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	X
Ethylbenzene	0.2	X
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.1	X
Tetrachloroethylene	0.1	X
Toluene	0.1	X
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.1	X
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.1	X
Trichloroethylene	0.1	X
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	X

Zimpro Analytical No.

15074

X = Analyzed but not detected



Table 5  
 CH<sub>2</sub>M Hill  
 VOC Analysis (ug/l)  
 November 25, 1985

	<u>Detection Limit</u>	<u>Trip Blank</u>	<u>Field Blank</u>	<u>Well 1</u>	<u>Well 2</u>	<u>Well 3</u>
Benzene	0.2	X	X	X	X	X
Bromoform	0.5	X	X	X	X	X
Bromomethane	1.0	X	X	X	X	X
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.1	X	X	X	X	97.
Chlorobenzene	0.1	X	X	X	X	X
Chloroethane	1.0	X	X	X	X	X
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	2.0	X	X	X	X	X
Chloroform	0.1	X	X	X	1.1	66.
Chloromethane	6.0	X	X	X	X	X
Dibromochloromethane	0.1	X	X	X	X	X
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X	X	X
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X	X	X
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X	X	X
Dichlorobromomethane	0.1	X	X	X	X	X
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.1	X	X	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.3	X	X	X	X	X
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.5	X	X	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.3	X	X	X	3.7	X
Dichloromethane	0.2	0.6	0.8	X	0.5	0.4
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.5	X	X	X	X	X
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.3	X	X	X	X	X
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	X	X	X	X	X
Ethylbenzene	0.2	X	X	X	X	X
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.1	X	X	X	X	X
Tetrachloroethylene	0.1	X	X	X	0.4	0.4
Toluene	0.1	X	X	X	X	X
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.1	X	X	X	2.5	X
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.1	X	X	X	X	X
Trichloroethylene	0.1	X	X	X	280.	6.9
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	X	X	X	X	X
Zimpro Analytical No.		15222	15223	15215	15216	15217

X = Analyzed but not detected

Table 6  
 CH<sub>2</sub>M Hill  
 VOC Analysis (ug/l)  
 November 25, 1985

	<u>Detection Limit</u>	<u>Well 4D</u>	<u>Well 4S</u>	<u>Well 6</u>	<u>Well 7</u>
Benzene	0.2	X	X	X	X
Bromoform	0.5	X	X	X	X
Bromomethane	1.0	X	X	X	X
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.1	X	X	X	X
Chlorobenzene	0.1	X	X	X	X
Chloroethane	1.0	X	X	X	X
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	2.0	X	X	X	X
Chloroform	0.1	1.4	X	X	0.8
Chloromethane	6.0	X	X	X	X
Dibromochloromethane	0.1	X	X	X	X
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X	X
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X	X
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.3	X	X	X	X
Dichlorobromomethane	0.1	X	X	X	X
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.1	X	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.3	X	0.4	X	X
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.5	X	X	X	X
1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.3	1.4	9.3	X	X
Dichloromethane	0.2	0.4	0.6	1.6	1.2
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.5	X	X	X	X
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.3	X	X	X	X
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	X	X	X	X
Ethylbenzene	0.2	X	X	X	X
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.1	X	X	X	X
Tetrachloroethylene	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	X
Toluene	0.1	X	X	X	X
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.1	0.3	X	X	11.5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.1	X	X	X	X
Trichloroethylene	0.1	19.7	2.0	X	10.7
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	X	2.2	X	X
Zimpro Analytical No.		15218	15219	15220	15221

X = Analyzed but not detected

Table 7

CH<sub>2</sub>M Hill  
Soil Borings

	<u>SL-B2-24</u>	<u>SL-HSA-3</u>	<u>SL-HSA-4</u>
Cyanide, ug/g	<0.11	<0.11	<0.09
Arsenic, ug/g	1.02	2.16	3.42
Barium, ug/g	24.2	26.3	24.7
Cadmium, ug/g	<0.081	<0.077	<0.082
Chromium, ug/g	2.87	2.15	1.58
Lead, ug/g	1.73	3.92	6.21
Mercury, ug/g	<0.008	<0.009	<0.010
Selenium, ug/g	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Silver, ug/g	0.144	<0.096	<0.102
Total Solids, %	96.18	92.71	84.65
Analytical No.	15069	15072	15073

Note: Results expressed on a dry weight basis except  
Total Solids

ug/g = mg/kg = ppm

< = "less than" detection limit varied with sample  
size

Table 8  
Well Water Samples  
CH<sub>2</sub>M Hill

	<u>Detection Limit</u>	<u>Field Blank</u>	<u>Well #1</u>	<u>Well #2</u>	<u>Well #3</u>	<u>Well #4D</u>	<u>Well #4S</u>	<u>Well #6</u>	<u>Well #7</u>
Alkalinity, mg/l as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	20.	X	56.	34.	268.	66.	433.	66.	39.
Hardness, mg/l as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	1.0	X	74.1	123.	491.	151.	755.	61.	88.
COD, mg/l	10.	X	12.	X	17.	X	56.	X	X
Diss. Fe, mg/l	0.004	X	0.077	0.004	X	0.212	0.012	0.263	0.005
Arsenic, mg/l	0.005	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Barium, mg/l	0.030	0.044	X	-	-	X	0.200	-	-
Cadmium, mg/l	0.004	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Chromium, mg/l	0.017	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Lead, mg/l	0.050	0.285	0.192	-	-	0.122	X	-	-
Mercury, mg/l	0.0004	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Selenium, mg/l	0.005	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Silver, mg/l	0.005	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Cyanide, mg/l	0.020	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Total Phenols, mg/l	0.050	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Analytical No.		15223	15215	15216	15217	15218	15219	15220	15221

X = Analyzed but not detected

- = Not analyzed

Facility Name		Facility ID Number		Date		Completed By (Name and Firm)																	
City of Wausau, Local Well				12/03/85		Staff: [unclear] / CH2M Hill																	
Well Name	Well ID Number (DNR No.)	Well Location	N	S	E	W	Date Established	Well Casing		Elevations			Reference		Screen		Type of Well (✓)						
								Diam.	Type	Top of Well Casing	Ground Surface	Screen Top	MSL (✓)	Site Datum (✓)	Length	Material	Well Depth	PIE	OW	PW	LVS	Other	
1		417,660	✓				11/11/85	2"	P	1229.5	1220.8	1205.9	✓		15'	PVC	30.9		✓				
		2,094,335				✓																	
2		417,810	✓				11/11/85	2"	P	1219.17	1216.2	1193.3	✓		15'	PVC	40.5'		✓				
		2,095,205				✓																	
3		417,330	✓				11/12/85	2"	P	1220.81	1217.4	1193.5	✓		15'	PVC	39.5'		✓				
		2,094,945				✓																	
4S		417,035	✓				11/13/85	2"	P	1216.76	1214.0	1196.9	✓		15'	PVC	35'		✓				
		2,094,775				✓																	
4D		417,035	✓				11/15/85	2"	P	1216.26	1213.9	1114.4	✓		5'	PVC	106'		✓				
		2,094,780				✓																	
6		417,085	✓				11/18/85	2"	P	121.63	1219.2	1194.7	✓		15'	PVC	49.5'		✓				
		2,094,340				✓																	
7		417,775	✓				11/21/85	2"	P	1220.91	1218.2	1190.2	✓		15'	PVC	40'		✓				
		2,094,940				✓																	

Location Coordinates Are:

- Grid System      State Plane Coordinate  
 Northern  
 Central

Received In:

District: \_\_\_\_\_ Area: \_\_\_\_\_ Bureau: \_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

SMS Use:

File Maint. Completed: \_\_\_\_\_ Date

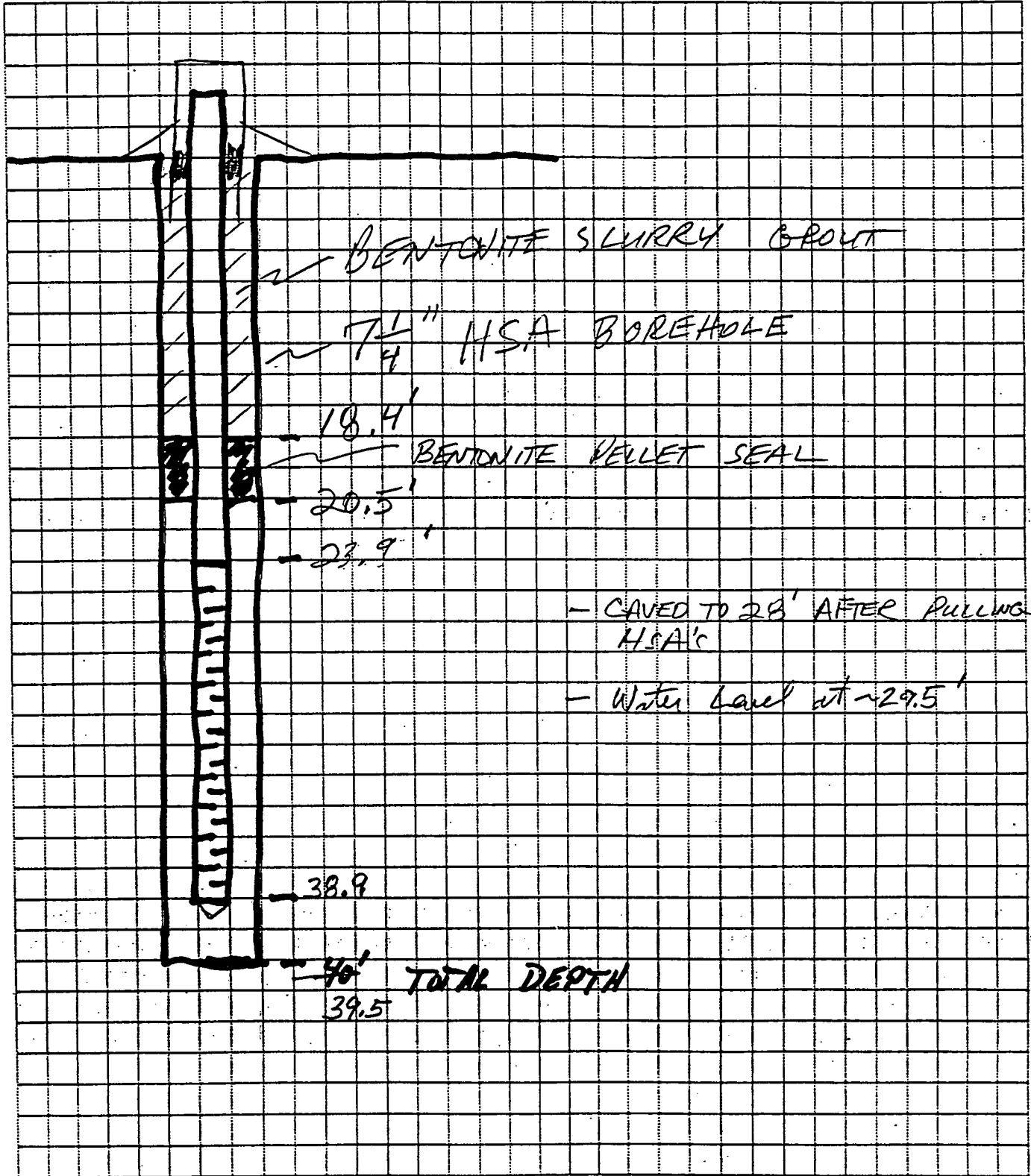
Other: \_\_\_\_\_



### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME Wausau LF. WDNR  
PROJECT NO. L20303, AO  
BORING NO. B-35  
PIEZOMETER NO. B-35

INSTALLED BY IHJ DATE 11/12/85  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_

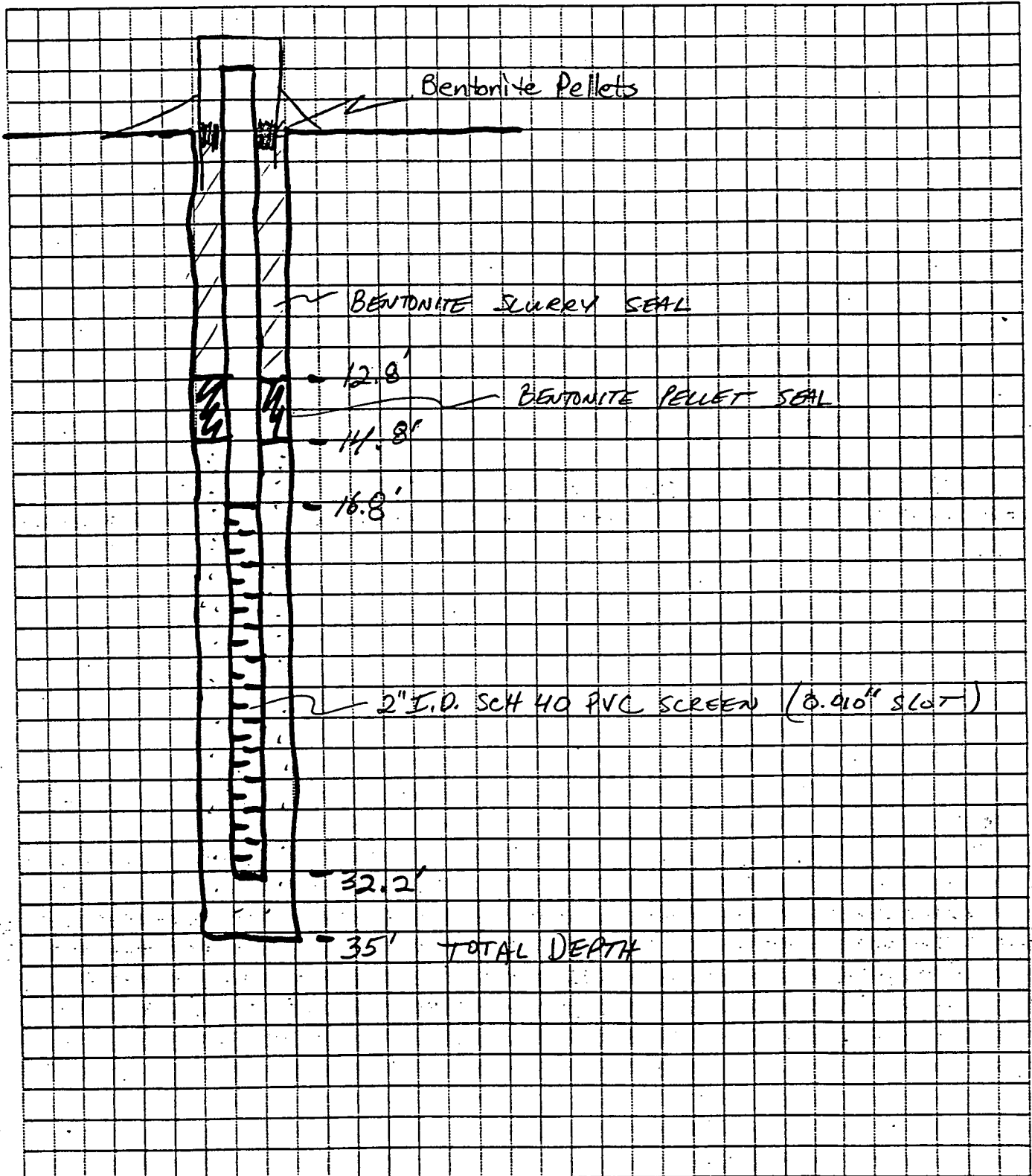




### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME Wausau LF - WDNR  
PROJECT NO. L20303, AD  
BORING NO. B-4S  
PIEZOMETER NO. B-4S

INSTALLED BY I.H. Johnson DATE 11/13/85  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_

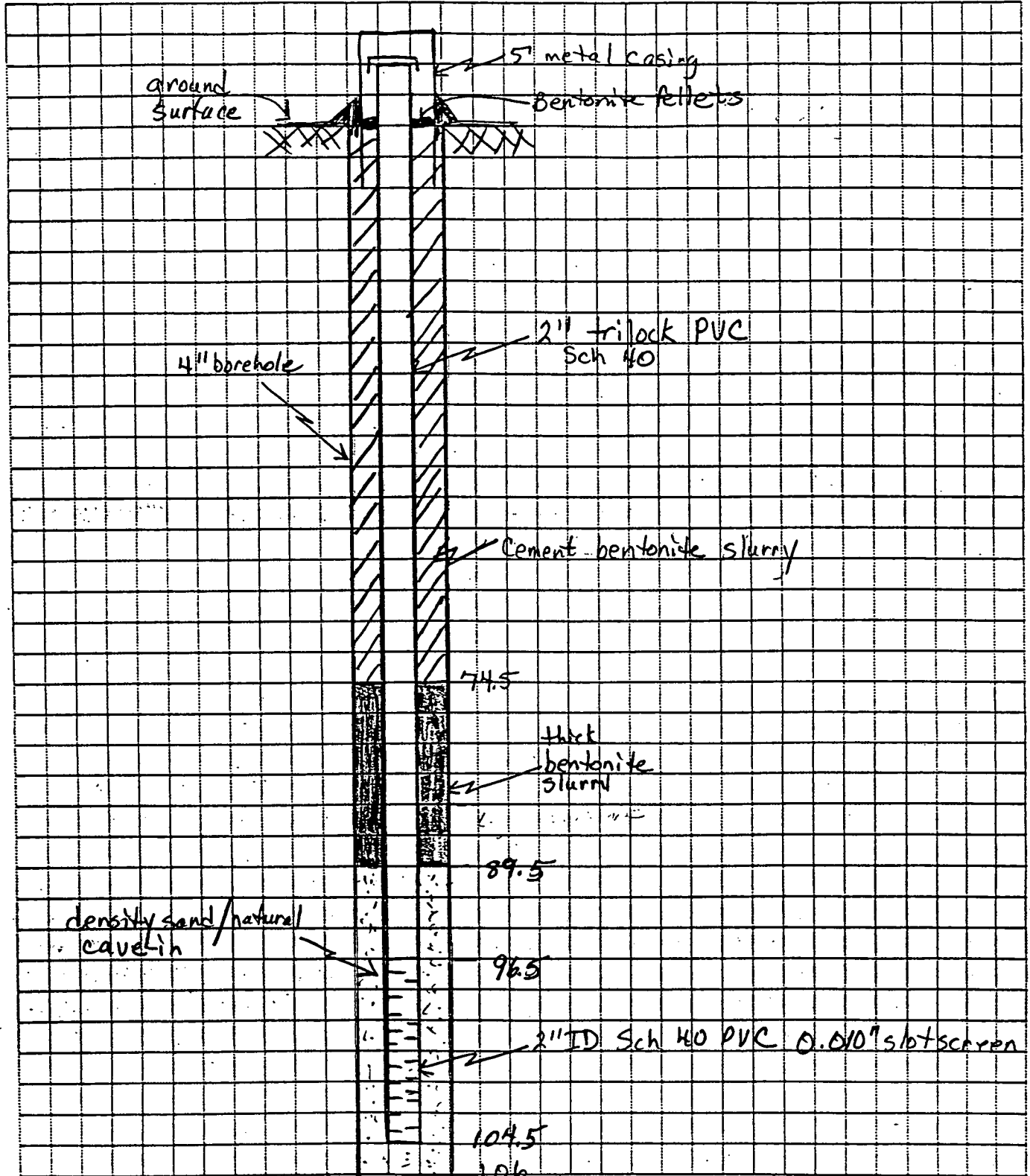




### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME City of Wausau Landfill  
PROJECT NO. L20303.A0  
BORING NO. 4D  
PIEZOMETER NO. \_\_\_\_\_

INSTALLED BY SM McBea DATE 11/15/85  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_



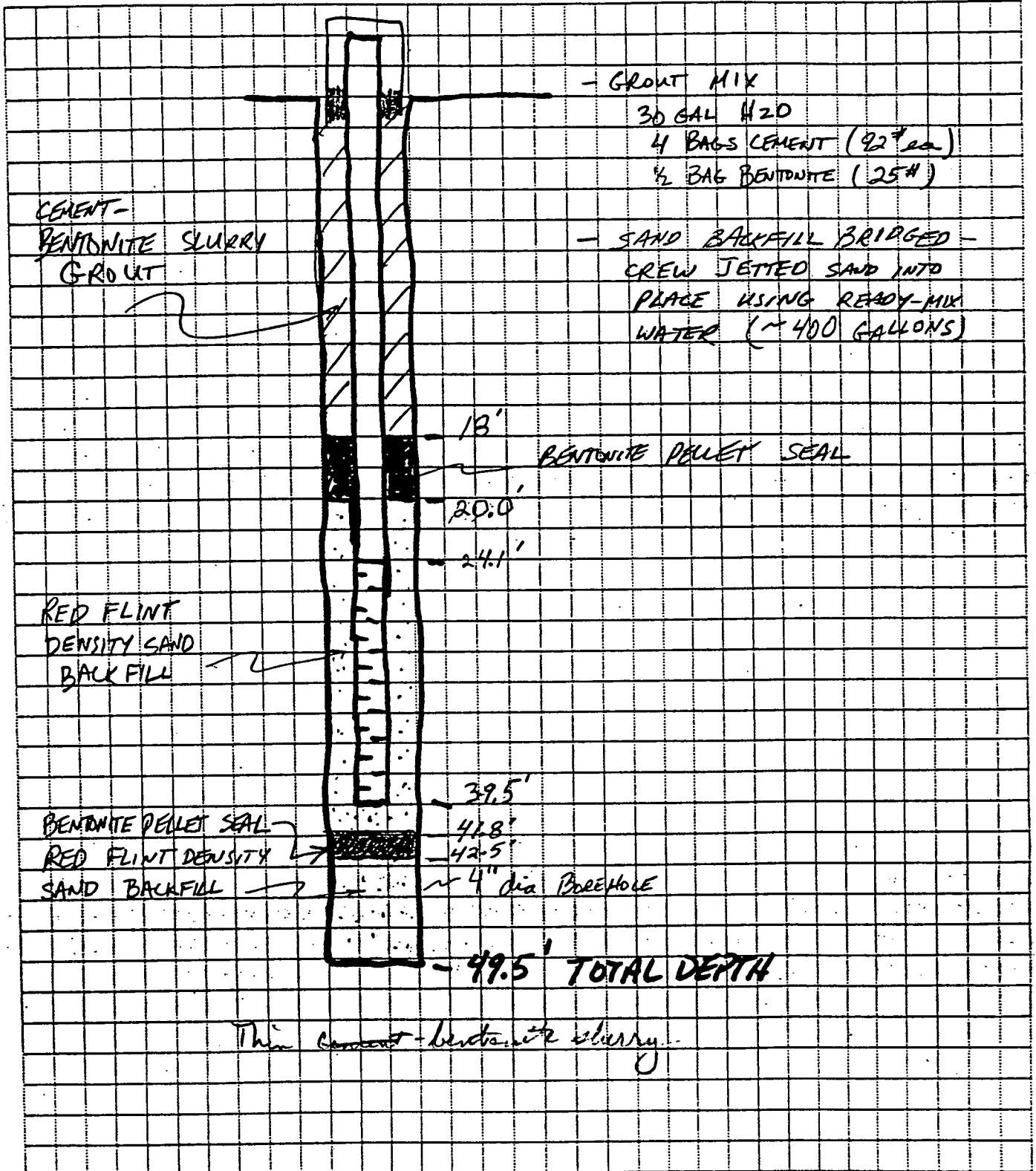




### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME Wausau LF - WDNR  
PROJECT NO. L 20303.A0  
BORING NO. B-6  
PIEZOMETER NO. B-6

INSTALLED BY I.H. Johnson DATE 11/13/85  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_

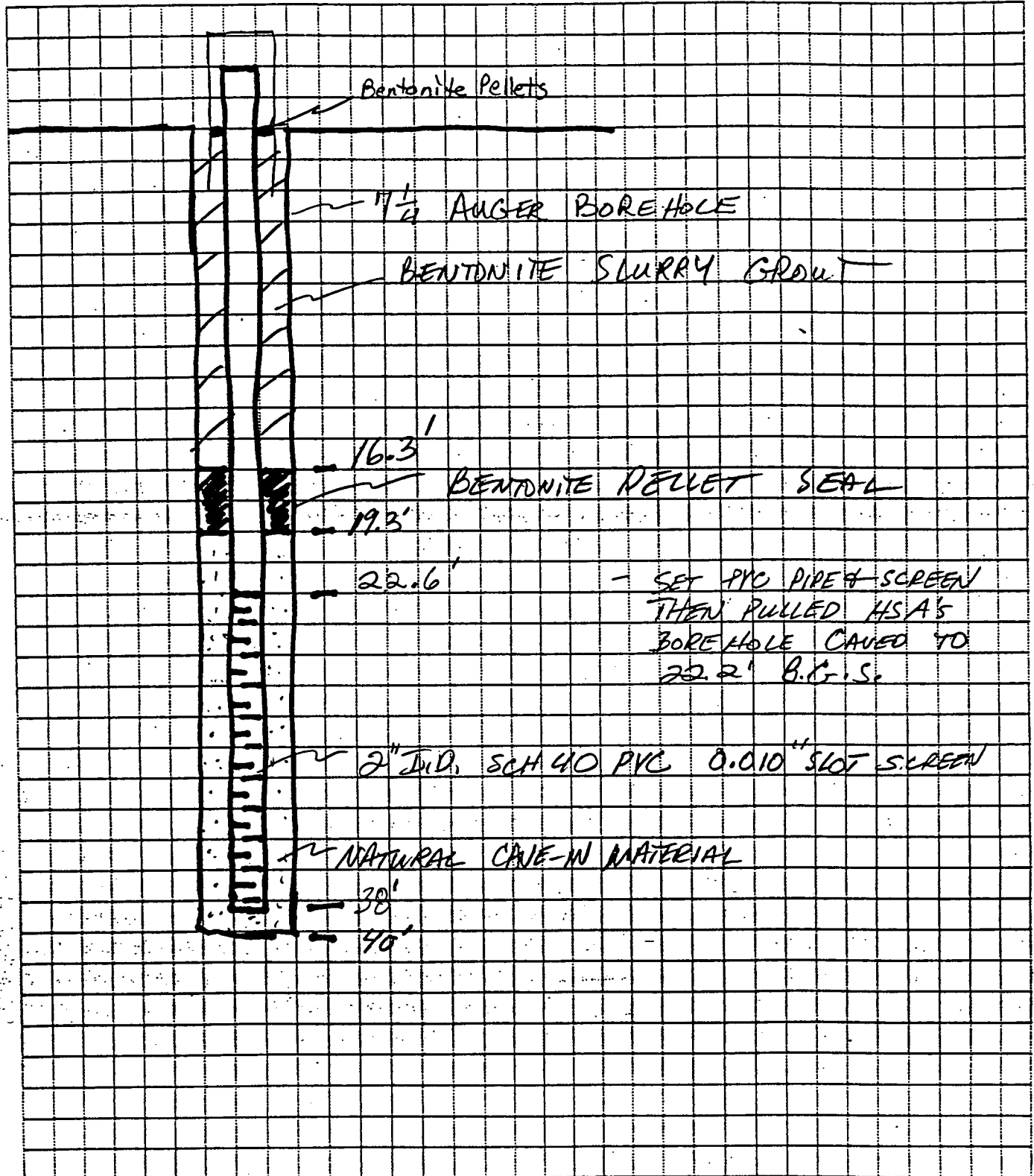




### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME Wausau LF - Wis. DNR  
PROJECT NO. 1 20303.A0  
BORING NO. B-7S  
PIEZOMETER NO. B-7S

INSTALLED BY IHJ DATE 11/12/85  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_

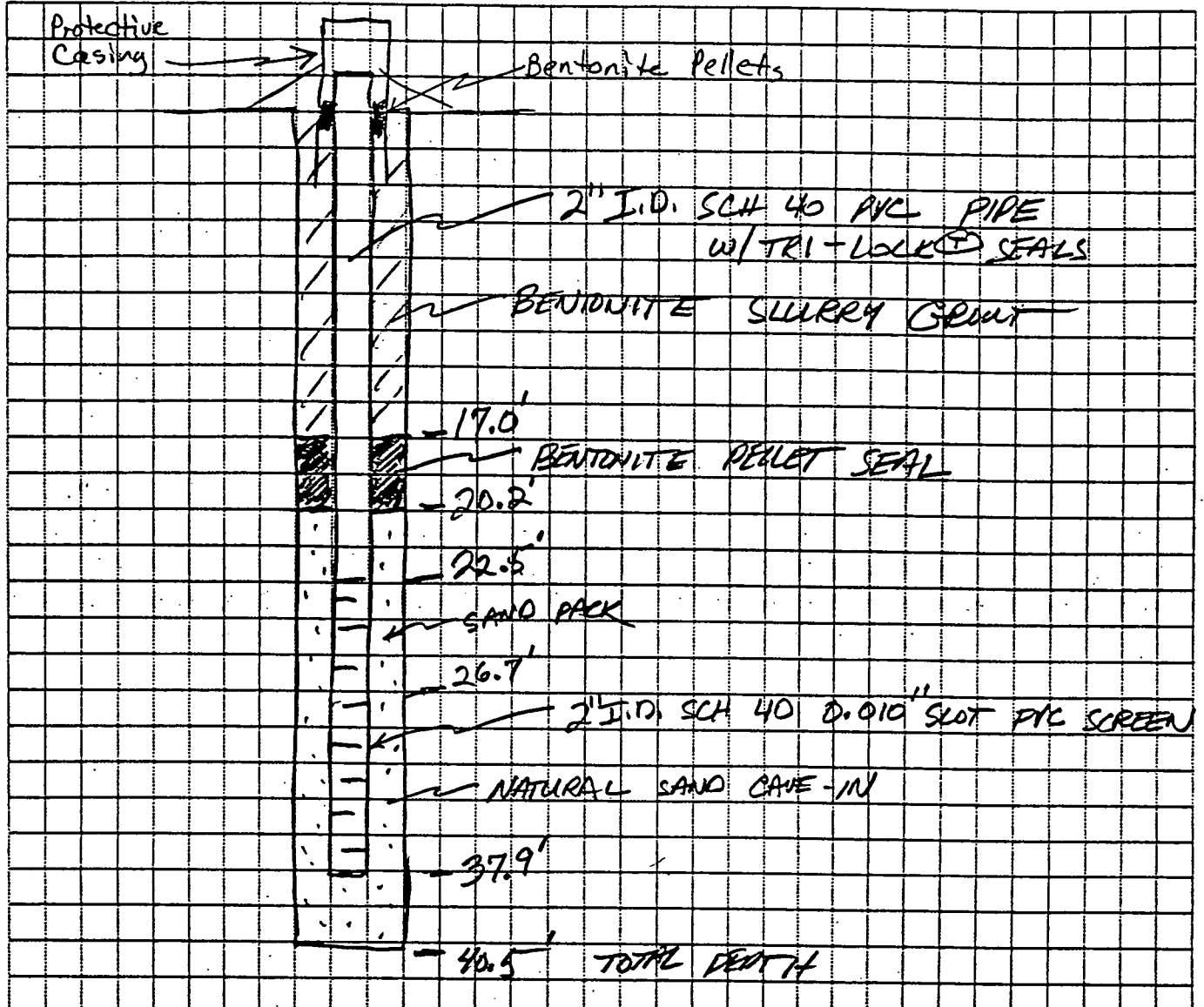




### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME Wausau LF  
PROJECT NO. L20303.A0  
BORING NO. B-25  
PIEZOMETER NO. B-25

INSTALLED BY J.H.J DATE 11/1/85  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_



SET PVC PIPE & SCREEN IN THE HSA'S THEN PULLED THE HSA'S - BORE HOLE CAVED TO 26.7' B.G.S. PLACED SANDPACK TO 20.2' B.G.S.



## SOIL BORING LOG

PROJECT Wausau Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin Cities Testing  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Hollow stem augers / CME-45  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE 22.5' 11/11/85 START 0900 11/11/85 FINISH 1015 11/11/85 LOGGER Johnson / McBee

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-6"-6" (N)	NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL		DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	0.0				4-6-10	Topsoil, brown, sandy	Background OVA reading (1.2 ppm)	
	1.5	S-1	18"	(16)				
	2.0				11-16-17	Sand, fine to med. grained, brown, moist, dense, tr case sd		
	3.5	S-2	15"	(33)				
5								
	9.5				7-10-10	Sand, fine to coarse grained, brown, moist, medium density (SP) 8.7% ogf 88.7% sd 2.6% fines	.2 OVA (background)	
10	11.0	S-3	10"	(20)				
	14.5				8-13-16	As above	.2 OVA (background)	
15	16.0	S-4	10"	(29)				
	19.5				7-11-15	Sand, fine to medium, brown, moist medium (SP) 98.3% fine to med sd 1.7% fines	background OVA	
20	21.0	S-5	17"	(26)				
	23.5				25/1"	Silty sand + gravel, fine sand, gray, wet (gm)	Rough drilling at ≈ 23.5' Possibly coarse gravel	
25	25.0	S-6	1"					
	29.5					25.5% ogf 49.6% fine sd 24.9% fines	Water at 27.4' 10:00 After driving S-7 water level at 22.5' at 10:45	
30	31.0	S-7	1"	50/2"	See next page			



PROJECT NUMBER L 20303.A0	BORING NUMBER .15	SHEET 2 OF 2
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## SOIL BORING LOG

PROJECT Wausau Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin Cities Testing  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Hollow stem augers / CME-45  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START 11/11/85 FINISH 11/11/85 LOGGER Johnson

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION <small>NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL</small>	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS <small>DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION</small>
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-6"-6" (N)			
	29.5		S-7	1'	50/2"	Silty sand, brown-gray, some gravel		
	31.0							
35						Bottom of boring		Auger refusal



## SOIL BORING LOG

PROJECT WILLOW LF - (L&S) DTP LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_

ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin City Test.

DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT CME 45 K12- 3/4" I.D. USA (7 1/2" O.D.) STD. SPLIT SPONS

WATER LEVEL AND DATE 27.7' 11/11/85 START 15:30 - 11/11/85 FINISH 11/11/85 LOGGER J.H. Johnson

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-8"-8" (N)			DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	0	1.5	S-1	10"	2-2-3 (5)	FILL, SAND, DK. BROWN, TR. ORGANICS MOIST		OVA BACKGROUND ~3.5 ppm
	5	5.5	S-2	12"	4-7-8 (15)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE, MOIST, (SP)		OVA READING BACKGROUND
	10	12.5	S-3	8"	4-8-11 (19)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE TO CSE, MOIST (SW) 31.9% gr 65% sd 3.9% fines		OVA READING BACKGROUND
	15	15.5	S-4	4"	4-8-13 (21)	SAND, LT. BROWN, MED. TO CSE, MOIST, ~20% F GRAVEL (SP)		OVA READING BACKGROUND
	20	20.5	S-5	7"	7-9-10 (19)	SAND, LT. BROWN, MED. TO CSE, MOIST (SP)		OVA READING BACKGROUND
	25	25.5	S-6	7"	7-7-9 (16)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE TO MED, MOIST		OVA READING BACKGROUND
	30	30.4	S-7	6"	2-4-4 (8)			OVA READING BACKGROUND WATER AT 27.8' at 15:52 WATER AT 27.7' at 16:00



PROJECT NUMBER

BORING NUMBER

B-25

SHEET 2 OF 2

SOIL BORING LOG

PROJECT WALUSAU LF - DNR

LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_

ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_

DRILLING CONTRACTOR TWIN CITY TEST NG

DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT \_\_\_\_\_

WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_

START \_\_\_\_\_

FINISH \_\_\_\_\_

LOGGER I.H. JOHNSON

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 6"-6"-6" (N)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY				
30								
	34.0						OVA READING BACKLOGGED	
35	35.5	S-8	10"	3-4-6 (10)	SAND, LT. BRN, FINE, WET, (SP)			
	39.0							
40	40.5		0"				NO RECOVERY	
					Bottom of boring 40.5'			



PROJECT NUMBER <b>L20303.A0</b>	BORING NUMBER <b>B-35</b>
SHEET / OF <b>1 / 2</b>	
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>	

PROJECT Wausau LF LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_

ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin City Testing

DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT 7 1/4" O.D. hollow stem augers / CME-45

WATER LEVEL AND DATE 29.5' 11/12/85 START 14:30-11/12 FINISH 1600 11/12/85 LOGGER E.H. Johnson

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 0'-6"-6" (IN)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY				
0	0.0 1.5	S-1	15"	3-3-4 (7)	FILL, BLACK, SAND, GRAVEL, SILT, SOME CINDERS, MOIST	[Symbolic Log]	OVA NOT WORKING PROPERLY - EATEN LOW	
5	4.5 6.0	S-2	8"	14-14-16 (30)	FILL, MOTTLED, BROWN AND GRAY, SAND, SOME CINDERS  ~7'			
10	9.5 11.2	S-3	10"	15-18-22 (40)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE TO CSE., moist (SW) 32.4% med sd 62.6% sd 5% fines  ~12'	[Symbolic Log]	ROUGH DRILLING AT ~12' B.S.S. POSSIBLY COARSE GRAVEL OR COBBLES	
15	14.5 16.0	S-4	14"	5-8-10 18	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE, MOIST some coarse sand (SP)  2.1% med sd 95.9% sd 2.0% fines			
20	19.5 21.0	S-5	5"	30-20/2	SAND, LT. BROWN, MED. TO CSE, MOIST TO WET, (SP)  ~22.5'			
25	24.5 26.0	S-6	15"	4-5-6 (11)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE TO MED, MOIST (SP) 21% med sd 78.2% fine sd 0.8% fines	[Symbolic Log]	GRAVEL LOGGED IN BOTTOM OF THE SPLIT SPOON	
30	29.5 31.0	S-7	8"	4-7-8 (15)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE TO MED. WET, SP			

WATER @ 29.5' B.G.S.  
AT 15:16 h.





PROJECT NUMBER <b>L20303.A0</b>	BORING NUMBER <b>B-35</b>	SHEET <b>1</b> OF <b>2</b>
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT Wausau LF - Wis. DNR LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR TWIN CITY  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT 3/4 I.D. (7 1/2" O.D.) HSA'S, CME 45 RIG,  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START \_\_\_\_\_ FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER I. H. JOHNSON

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 6"-6"-6" (IN)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY				
30								
35		34.5				SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE, WET		
		36.0	S-8					
40						BOTTOM OF BOREHOLE 7 40'	COMPLETE DRILLING AT 1600 HRS	



PROJECT NUMBER <b>L20303.A0</b>	BORING NUMBER <b>B-45</b>
SHEET <b>1</b> OF <b>2</b>	
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>	

PROJECT **1** **LF - WDNR** LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_

ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR **TWIN CITY**

DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT **CME 415 RIG, 2" I.D. (1 1/2" DIA) HSA**

WATER LEVEL AND DATE **25' 11/13/85** START **0900-11/13** FINISH **11/13** LOGGER **J.F. JOHNSON**

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-8"-6" (IN)	NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL		DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	0	0.0 1.5	S-1	2"	3-4-5 (9)	FILL, SILTY SAND, GRAY, SOME CLAY, MOIST		OVA BACKGROUND ~ 3ppm
5		4.5 6.0	S-2	5"	5-5-9 (14)	FILL, SAND, WOOD CHIPS, MOIST		PIECES OF PAPER + PLASTIC IN AUGER CUTTINGS
10		9.5 11.0	S-3	2"	1-2-3 (5)	FILL, SAND, DK GRAY MISC. SILT CLAY MOIST TO WET		
						~ 14'		
15		14.5 16.0	S-4	10"	10-10-11 (21)	SAND, FINE TO MED, LT BROWN, MOIST (SP)		OVA READING ~ 5ppm OFF AUGER CUTTINGS
						9.2% gr 88% sd 2.8% fines		OVA ON BACKFLUSH POSSIBLY METHANE
20		19.5 21.0	S-5	12"	13-16-20 (36)	SAND, FINE TO COARSE, LT. BROWN, MOIST (SL)		OVA READING ~ 4 to 5ppm (~1 to 2 ABOVE BACKGROUND) IN HSA & FROM SPLIT SPOON SAMPLE
						30.1% gr 64.7% sd 5.2% fines		
25		24.5 26.0	S-6	15"	8-8-13 (21)	SAND, FINE		WATER LEVEL AT 25' B.G.S. @ 10:50 HRS
30		29.5 31.0	S-7	19"	18-12-20 (40)	SAND, FINE, LT. BROWN, WET (SP)		



PROJECT NUMBER <i>L20303.A0</i>	BORING NUMBER <i>B-45</i>	SHEET <i>2</i> OF <i>2</i>
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT *Wausau LF - WDNR* LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR *TWIN CITY*  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT \_\_\_\_\_  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START \_\_\_\_\_ FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER *J.H. Johnson*

ELEVATION	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 6"-8"-6" (N)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER				
30					<i>SAND FINE, LT. BROWN, WET, SP</i>		
35					<i>BOTTOM OF CORE IS AT 35'</i>		
40							



PROJECT NUMBER L20303.AD	BORING NUMBER .4D	SHEET 1 OF 3
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT City of Wausau Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin Cities Testing  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Benhaire mini rotary/CME-55  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START 7-10-85 FINISH 11/14/85 LOGGER SM McBe

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-8"-8" (N)			
						See log of 4s for 0-35'		
41.2	35	34 36.5	S-1	7"	3-4-6 (10)	Sand, flom, moist, brown + gravel		
	40	39.5	S-2	9"	6-7-72 (19)	Sand, fine to medium tr. gr, moist, brown (SP) 8.0%ogr 89.2% sd 2.8% fines		
	45	44.5 46	S-3	9"	9-12-4 (26)	as above		Stopped work to fix AW plate
	50							
	55	54.5 56	S-4	10"	9-9-20 (29)	Sand, fine to mod. grained, moist, brown		
	60							



PROJECT NUMBER L20303.A0	BORING NUMBER 4D	SHEET 2 OF 3
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT City of Wausau Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin Cities Testing  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Mud rotary / CME-55  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START \_\_\_\_\_ FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER SM McFee

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-8"-8" (N)	NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL		DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	65	64.5 66	S-5	10"	13-11-9 (20)	Sand, fine to med, brown, wet		
	70							Broke down drill string to remove pipe
	75	74.5 76	S-6	15"	8-9-11 (20)	Sand, fine, brown, wet		Stopped drilling to mix clean mud
	80							
	85	84.5 86	S-7	14"	11-19-32 (51)	As above (SP) 15.9% med sd 80.7% fine sd 3.3% fines		



PROJECT NUMBER  
L20303.A0

BORING NUMBER  
4D

SHEET 3 OF 3

# SOIL BORING LOG

PROJECT City of Wausau landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin Cities Testing  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Mud rotary / CME-55  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START \_\_\_\_\_ FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER SM McBe

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-8"-8" (N)			DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	95	94.5 96	5-8	15"	326-23 (39)	Sand, fine, moist, brown		
	100							
	105	104.5 106.4	5-9	10"	3452- <del>59</del> 4 102/6.4"	As above		
	110							
						Bottom of boring 106.4'		



PROJECT NUMBER <b>L20303.A0</b>	BORING NUMBER <b>B-6D</b>	SHEET <b>1</b> OF <b>1</b>
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## SOIL BORING LOG

PROJECT City of Wausau Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_

ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin Cities Testing

DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Bentonite mud rotary / CME-55/75, 3 7/8" tricone

WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START 11/11/85 FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER S McBee

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-6"-6" (N)	NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY, OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL		DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
						<u>Sand little if any gravel</u>		Description from driller's comments Refer to log of B-6S Wyojel bentonite
10								
20								
30								
40						<u>Cobbly sand and gravel</u>		"boulder"
								44' last ≈ 50% of drilling fluid
						<u>Granite boulder or top of rock</u>		47.5'
50						<u>Bottom of boring</u>		49.5'
								11/11/85 11/12/85

This boring was drilled ≈ 5' from original location after tricone bit sheared off in hole at 55'.



PROJECT NUMBER <b>L20303.AD</b>	BORING NUMBER <b>B-75</b>
SHEET / OF ..	
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>	

PROJECT Wausau LF - WIS. DNR LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin City Testing  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT 3 1/4" I.D. HSA (7 1/4" O.D.), CME45 RIG, STD SPLIT SPOONS  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE 29.5' 11/12 START 0930 - 11/12 FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER J.H. Johnson

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-6"-6" (N)	NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL		DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	0	0.0 - 1.5	S-1	12"	1-3-5 (8)	FILL, DK. GRAY TO BROWN, ORGANIC SILTY SAND ~7.0'		OVA BACKGROUND ~5 PPM
	5	4.5 - 6.0	S-2	10"	15-30-15 1/2	SAND, fine to cse, LT. BROWN, ~10% FINE GRAVEL, MOIST, (SP) ~7.5'		OVA READING ~5.5 PPM IN HSA
	10	9.5 - 11.2	S-3	12"	9-16-18 (34)	SAND, MED. TO CSE, LT. BROWN, ~10% FINE GRAVEL, (SP)		OVA READING BACKGROUND
	15	14.5 - 16.0	S-4	9"	18-22-14 (36)	SAND, MED. TO CSE, LT. BROWN, ~30% FINE TO MED. GRAVEL, MOIST TO WET (AT 1.5' DM) (SP)		OVA READING BACKGROUND
	20	19.5 - 21.0	S-5	10"	5-11-16 (27)	SAND, MED.-fine, LT. BROWN, MOIST (SP) 9.6% gr 87.8% sd 2.6% fines		OVA READING BACKGROUND
	25	24.5 - 26.0	S-6	8"	12-13-15 (26)	SAND, MED. TO CSE, LT. BROWN, MOIST (SP) ~27'		OVA READING UP TO 8 PPM IN HSA - 2 to 3 ppm background
	30	29.5 - 30.0	S-7	8"	7-10-11 (21)	SAND MED. TO FINE, LT. BROWN, WET (SP), 35.8% med sd, 63.1% fines		OVA READING BACKGROUND ~2.5 PPM





PROJECT NUMBER L 20303.40	BORING NUMBER B-75	SHEET 2 OF 1
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT Wauson Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR TOWN CITY TESTING  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT \_\_\_\_\_  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START 0930-11/12 FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER J. J. Johnson

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 6"-6"-6" (N)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY				
30							WATER LEVEL AT 29.5 @ 10:53	
35	34.5 36.0	S-8	8	4-7-8 (15)	SAND, FINE TO MED, LT. Brown, WET (SP)		BVA READING BACKGROUND (5.5MM)	
40							DRILLED TO 40' W/3 SHUT SPEED SPINNING RECORD OF FLUID LOSS IN 15 MIN - 30 - WELL TO 40' 10:30	
45								



PROJECT NUMBER L 20303. A0	BORING NUMBER 15	SHEET 1 OF 2
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT Wausau Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin Cities Testing  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Hollow stem augers/CME-45  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE 22.5' 11/11/85 START 0900 11/11/85 FINISH 1015 11/11/85 LOGGER Johnson/McBee

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	8"-8"-8" (N)			DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	0.0				4-6-10			
	1.5	S-1	18"		(16)	Topsoil, brown, sandy	[Symbolic Log: Dotted pattern]	Background OVA (residual) (.2 ppm)
	2.0							
	3.5	S-2	15"		11-16-17	Sand, fine to med. grained, brown, moist, dense, tr csc sd	[Symbolic Log: Dotted pattern]	
5								
	9.5							
10	11.0	S-3	10"		7-10-10	Sand, fine to coarse grained, brown, moist, medium density (SP) 8.7% ogf 88.7% sd 2.6% fines	[Symbolic Log: Dotted pattern]	.2 OVA (background)
	14.5							
15	16.0	S-4	10"		8-13-16	As above	[Symbolic Log: Dotted pattern]	.2 OVA (background)
	19.5							
20	21.0	S-5	17"		7-11-15	Sand, fine to medium, brown, moist medium (SP) 78.3% fine to med sd 1.7% fines	[Symbolic Log: Dotted pattern]	background OVA
	23.5							
25	25.0	S-6	1"		25/1"	Silty sand + gravel, fine sand, gray, wet (gm) 25.5% ogf 49.6% sd 24.9% fines	[Symbolic Log: Dotted pattern]	Rough drilling at ≈ 23.5' Possibly coarse gravel
	29.5							
30	31.0	S-7	1"		50/2"	See next page	[Symbolic Log: Dotted pattern]	Water at 27.4' 10:00 After driving S-7 water level at 22.5' bt 10:45



PROJECT NUMBER  
L 20303.A0

BORING NUMBER  
.15

SHEET 2 OF 2

# SOIL BORING LOG

PROJECT Wausau Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin Cities Testing  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Hollow stem augers / CME-45  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START 11/11/85 FINISH 11/11/85 LOGGER Johnson

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 6"-8"-8" (N)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY				
	29.5		S-7	1"	50/2"	Silty sand, brown-gray, some gravel	[Symbolic Log Pattern]	Auger refusal
	31.0							
35						Bottom of boring		



PROJECT NUMBER  
L20303.A0

BORING NUMBER  
B-25

SHEET 1 OF 2

SOIL BORING LOG

PROJECT WILLOW LF - LOW DWP LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin City Test.  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT CME 45 APC 3/4" I.D. HSA (7 1/2" O.D.) STD. SPLIT SPINDLE  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE 27.7' 11/11/85 START 15:50 - 11/11/85 FINISH 11/11/85 LOGGER J.H. Johnson

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 8"-8"-8" (N)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY				
	0	1.5	S-1	10"	2-2-3 (5)	FILL SAND, DK. BROWN, TR. ORGANICS MOIST	[Symbolic Log: Cross-hatched]	OVA BACKGROUND ~3.5 ppm
	5	5.5	S-2	12"	4-7-8 (15)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE, MOIST, (SP)	[Symbolic Log: Dotted]	OVA READING BACKGROUND
	10	12.5	S-3	8"	4-8-11 (19)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE TO CSE, MOIST (SW) 31.9% gr 65% sd 3% fines	[Symbolic Log: Dotted]	OVA READING BACKGROUND
	15	15.5	S-4	4"	4-8-13 (21)	SAND, LT. BROWN, MED. TO CSE, MOIST, ~20% Fines (SP)	[Symbolic Log: Dotted]	OVA READING BACKGROUND
	20	20.5	S-5	7"	7-9-10 (19)	SAND, LT. BROWN, MED. TO CSE, MOIST (SP)	[Symbolic Log: Dotted]	OVA READING BACKGROUND
	25	25.5	S-6	7"	7-7-9 (16)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE TO MED, MOIST	[Symbolic Log: Dotted]	OVA READING BACKGROUND
	30	30.4	S-7	6"	2-4-4 (9)		[Symbolic Log: Dotted]	OVA READING BACKGROUND WATER AT 27.8' at 15:52 WATER AT 27.7' at 16:00



PROJECT NUMBER	BORING NUMBER	SHEET 2 OF 2
	B-25	
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT WALSAU LF - DNR LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR TWIN CITY TEST INC.  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT \_\_\_\_\_  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START \_\_\_\_\_ FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER J.H. JOHNSON

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	8"-6"-6" (N)			
30								
	34.0							
35	35.5	S-8	10"	3-4-6 (10)	SHD, LT. BRN, FINE, WET, (SP)	[Symbolic Log: Dotted pattern]	OVA READING BACK GROUND	
	39.0							
40	40.5		0"					NO RECOVERY
					Bottom of boring 40.5'			



PROJECT NUMBER L20303.A0	BORING NUMBER B-35	SHEET / OF 1 / 2
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT Wausau LF LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin City Testing  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT 7 1/4" O.D. Hollow stem augers / CME-45  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE 29.5' 11/12/85 START 14:30-11/12 FINISH 1600 11/12/85 LOGGER E.H. Johnson

ELEVATION	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY			
0	0.0 - 1.5	S-1	15"	3-3-4 (7)	FILL, BLACK, SAND, GRAVEL, SILT, SOME CINDEERS, MOIST	[Symbolic Log: Dotted pattern]	OVA NOT WORKING PROPERLY - SET LOW
5	4.5 - 6.0	S-2	8"	14-14-16 (30)	FILL, MOTTLED, BROWN AND GRAY, SAND, SOME CINDEERS		
10	9.5 - 11.0	S-3	10"	15-13-22 (40)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE TO CSE., moist (SW) 32.4% gr 62.6% sd 5% fines	[Symbolic Log: Dotted pattern]	ROUGH DRILLING AT ~12' B.S. POSSIBLY COARSE GRAVEL OR COBBLES
15	11.5 - 16.0	S-4	14"	5-8-10 18	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE, MOIST Some coarse sand (SP) 2.1% gr 95.9% sd 2.0% fines		
20	19.5 - 21.0	S-5	5"	30-20/2	SAND, LT. BROWN, MED. TO CSE, MOIST TO WET, (SP)		
25	24.5 - 26.0	S-6	15"	4-5-6 (11)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE TO MED, MOIST (SP) 21% med sd 78.2% fines sd 0.8% fines	[Symbolic Log: Dotted pattern]	GRAVEL LOGGED IN BOTTOM OF THE SPLIT SPAWN
29.5	29.5 - 31.0	S-7	8"	4-7-8 (15)	SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE TO MED WET SP		

WATER AT 29.5' B.G.S.  
AT 15' 11/12



PROJECT NUMBER L20303 AD	BORING NUMBER B-35	SHEET <u>1</u> OF <u>2</u>
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT Wasson LF - Wis. DNR LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR TWIN CITY  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT 3 1/4 I.D. / 7 1/2" O.D. HSA'S, CME 45 RIG,  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START \_\_\_\_\_ FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER I. H. JOHNSON

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-6"-6" (IN)	NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL		DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
30								
35		34.5				SAND, LT. BROWN, FINE, WET		
		36.0	S-8					
40						BOTTOM OF BOREHOLE 7 40'		COMPLETE DRILLING AT 1600' PRS



PROJECT NUMBER L20303.A0	BORING NUMBER B-45	SHEET 1 OF 2
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT 1 - mixed LF - WDNR LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR TWIN CITY  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT CME 415 RIG, 2" I.D. BIT, 2" HSA, 2" P.C.  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE 25' 11/13/85 START 0900-11/13 FINISH 11/13 LOGGER J. H. JOHNSON

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 8"-8"-8" (IN)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY				
	0	2.0 1.5	S-1	2"	3-4-5 (9)	FILL, SILTY SAND, GRAY, SOME CLAY, MOIST		OVA BACKGROUND ~ 3ppm
5	4.5 6.0	S-2	5"	5"	5-5-9 (14)	FILL, SAND, WOOD CHIPS, MOIST		PIECES OF PAPER + PLASTIC IN AUGER CUTTINGS
10	9.5 11.0	S-3	2"	2"	1-2-3 (5)	FILL, SAND, DK GRAY MISC. SILT CLAY MOIST TO WET		~ 14'
15	14.5 16.0	S-4	10"	10"	10-10-11 (21)	SAND, FINE TO MED, LT BROWN, MOIST (SP) 9.2% gr 88% sd 2.8% fines		OVA READING ~ 5ppm OFF AUGER CUTTINGS Cpim ON BACKFLUSH POSSIBLY METHANE
20	19.5 21.0	S-5	12"	12"	13-16-20 (36)	SAND, FINE TO COSE, LT. BROWN, MOIST (SW) 30.1% gr 64.7% sd 5.2% fines		OVA READING ~ 4 to 5ppm (~ 1 to 2 ABOVE BACKGROUND) IN HSA & FROM SPAT SPOON SAMPLE
25	24.5 25.0	S-6	15"	15"	8-8-13 (21)	SAND, FINE		WATER LEVEL AT 25' B.G.S. @ 10:50 HRS
30	29.5 31.0	S-7	19"	19"	19-19-20 (40)	SAND, FINE, LT. BROWN, WET (SP)		





PROJECT NUMBER <b>L20303.A0</b>	BORING NUMBER <b>B-45</b>	SHEET <b>1</b> OF <b>1</b>
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT Wausau LF - WDMR LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR TWIN CITY  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT \_\_\_\_\_  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START \_\_\_\_\_ FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER J.H. Johnson

ELEVATION	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 6"-6"-6" (N)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY				
30					<u>SAND FINE, LT. BROWN, WET, SP</u>		
35					<u>BOTTOM OF LOGGING AT 35</u>		
40							



PROJECT NUMBER L20303.A0	BORING NUMBER 4D	SHEET 1 OF 3
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT City of Wausau Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin Cities Testing  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Benham rotary/CME-55  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START 7-2-83 FINISH 11/10-11/14/83 LOGGER SM McPeck

ELEVATION	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY			
					See log of 4s for 0-35'		
35	34 36.5	S-1	7"	3-4-6 (10)	Sand, firm, moist, brown tr gravel		
40	39.5 41	S-2	9"	6-7-12 (19)	Sand, fine to medium tr. gr, moist, brown (SP) 8.0% gr 89.2% sd 2.8% fines		
45	44.5 46	S-3	9"	7-12" (26)	as above		Stopped work to fix AW plate
50							
55	54.5 56	S-4	10"	9-9-20 (29)	Sand, fine to med. grained, moist, brown		
60							



PROJECT NUMBER L20303.A0 BORING NUMBER 4D SHEET 2 OF 3

# SOIL BORING LOG

PROJECT City of Wausau Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin Cities Testing  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Mud rotary / CME-55  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START \_\_\_\_\_ FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER SM M'bee

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-6"-6" (N)	NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL		DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	65	64.5 66	S-5	10"	13-11-9 (20)	Sand, fine to med, brown, wet		
	70							Broke down drill string to remove pipe
	75	74.5 76	S-6	15"	8-9-11 (20)	Sand, fine, brown, wet		Stopped drilling to mix clean mud
	80							
	85	84.5 86	S-7	14"	11-19-32 (51)	As above (SP) 15.9% med sd 80.7% fine sd 3.3% fines		



PROJECT NUMBER

L20303.A0

BORING NUMBER

4D

SHEET 3 OF 3

## SOIL BORING LOG

PROJECT City of Wausau, WI

LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_

ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_

DRILLING CONTRACTOR

Twin Cities TestingDRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Mud rotary / CME-55

WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_

START \_\_\_\_\_

FINISH \_\_\_\_\_

LOGGER SM McBe

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY	6"-8"-8" (N)			
	94.5							
	95	96	S-8	15"	376-23 (39)	Sand, fine, moist, brown		
	100							
	104.5							
	105	106.4	S-9	10"	3452-24 102/6.4"	As above.		
	110					Bottom of boring 106.4'		



PROJECT NUMBER <b>L20303.40</b>	BORING NUMBER <b>B-6D</b>	SHEET <b>1</b> OF <b>2</b>
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT City of Wausau Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_

ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin Cities Testing

DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT Bentonite mud rotary / CME-55/75, 3 7/8" tri-cone

WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START 11/11/85 FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER SMcBee

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 6"-8"-6" (N)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY				
	10					Sand little if any gravel		Description from driller's comments Refer to log of B-65 Wyogel bentonite
	20							
	30							
	40					Cobbly sand and gravel		"boulder"
	47.5'					Granite boulder or top of rock		44' last ≈ 50% of drilling fluid
	49.5'					Bottom of boring		11/11/85 11/21/85
<p>This boring was drilled ≈ 5' from original location after tri-cone bit sheared off in hole at 55'.</p>								



PROJECT NUMBER <b>L20303.A0</b>	BORING NUMBER <b>B-75</b>
SHEET 1 OF 1	
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>	

PROJECT Wagon LF - WIS. DNR LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_

ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR Twin City Testing

DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT 3 1/4" I.D. HSA (7 1/4" O.D.), CME45 RIG, STD SPLIT SPONS

WATER LEVEL AND DATE 29.5' 11/12 START 0930-11/12 FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER J.H. Johnson

ELEVATION	DEPTH BELOW SURFACE	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 6"-4"-6" (N)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
		INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY				
0	0.0				1-3-5		OVA BACKGROUND ~ 5 PPM	
	1.5	S-1	12"	(8)	FILL, DK. GRAY TO BROWN, ORGANIC SILTY SAND ~ 7.0'			
5	4.5				15-30-15 1/2		OVA READING ~ 5.5 PPM IN HSA	
	6.0	S-2	10"	(8)	SAND, FINE TO CSE, LT. BROWN, ~ 10% FINE GRAVEL, MOIST, (SP) ~ 7.5'			
10	9.5				9-16-18		OVA READING BACKGROUND	
	11.0	S-3	12"	(34)	SAND, MED. TO CSE, LT. BROWN, ~ 10% FINE GRAVEL, (SP)			
15	14.5				18-22-14		OVA READING BACKGROUND	
	16.0	S-4	9"	(36)	SAND, MED. TO CSE, LT. BROWN, ~ 30% FINE TO MED. GRAVEL, MOIST TO WET (AT BOTTOM) (SP)			
20	19.5				5-11-16		OVA READING BACKGROUND	
	21.0	S-5	10"	(29)	SAND, MED.-FINE, LT. BROWN, MOIST (SP) 9.6% <sub>w</sub> 87.8% <sub>s</sub> 2.6% <sub>f</sub>			
25	24.5				12-13-13		OVA READING TO 8 PPM IN HSA ~ 2 to 3 ppm in HSA background!	
	26.0	S-6	8"	(26)	SAND, MED. TO CSE, LT. BROWN, MOIST (SP) ~ 27'			
30	29.5				7-10-11		OVA READING TO 8 PPM IN HSA ~ 2 to 3 ppm in HSA background!	
	30.0	S-7	8"	(21)	SAND, MED. TO FINE, LT. BROWN, WET (SP) 35.8% <sub>w</sub> med sd, 63.1% <sub>f</sub> fines			



PROJECT NUMBER <b>L 20303.40</b>	BORING NUMBER <b>5-75</b>	SHEET <b>1</b> OF <b>1</b>
<b>SOIL BORING LOG</b>		

PROJECT Wauson Landfill LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_  
 ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ DRILLING CONTRACTOR TERRI C & TESTING  
 DRILLING METHOD AND EQUIPMENT \_\_\_\_\_  
 WATER LEVEL AND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ START 0930-11/12 FINISH \_\_\_\_\_ LOGGER J. J. JOHNSON

ELEVATION	SAMPLE			STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESULTS 8"-6"-8" (N)	SOIL DESCRIPTION NAME, GRADATION OR PLASTICITY, PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION, COLOR, MOISTURE CONTENT, RELATIVE DENSITY OR CONSISTENCY, SOIL STRUCTURE, MINERALOGY, USCS GROUP SYMBOL	SYMBOLIC LOG	COMMENTS DEPTH OF CASING, DRILLING RATE, DRILLING FLUID LOSS, TESTS AND INSTRUMENTATION
	INTERVAL	TYPE AND NUMBER	RECOVERY				
30							WATER LEVEL AT 29.5 at 10.5'
35	24.5 36.3	S-8	8	4-7-8 (15)	SAND, FINE TO MED, LT. Brown, WET (SP)		DVA READING BACKGROUND (5.5mm)
40					BOTTOM OF CASING AT 40.2		DRILLED TO 40' W/O SPLT - SPILLING REPAIR OF CASING MADE IN PLACE - SET WELL TO 40.2'
45							

Facility Name: City of Wausau Landfill Facility ID Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: 12/03/85 Completed By (Name and Firm): SHARA MCBEE / CH2M Hill

Well Name	Well ID Number (DNR No.)	Well Location	N	S	E	W	Date Established	Well Casing		Elevations			Reference		Screen		Type of Well (-)							
								Diam.	Type	Top of Well Casing	Ground Surface	Screen Top	MSL (-)	Site Datum (-)	Length	Material	Well Depth	PIEZ	OW	PW	LYS	Other		
1		417,660	✓				11/11/85	2"	P	1223.64	1220.8	1205.9	✓		15'	PVC	30.9		✓					
		2,094,335				✓																		
2		417,810	✓				11/11/85	2"	P	1219.17	1216.2	1193.3	✓		15'	PVC	40.5'		✓					
		2,095,205				✓																		
3		417,330	✓				11/12/85	2"	P	1220.14	1217.4	1193.5	✓		15'	PVC	37.5'		✓					
		2,094,945				✓																		
4S		417,035	✓				11/13/85	2"	P	1216.76	1214.1	1196.9	✓		15'	PVC	35'		✓					
		2,094,795				✓																		
4D		417,035	✓				11/15/85	2"	P	1216.26	1213.9	1114.4	✓		5'	PVC	106'		✓					
		2,094,780				✓																		
6		417,085	✓				11/13/85	2"	P	1221.63	1219.2	1194.7	✓		15'	PVC	49.5'		✓					
		2,094,340				✓																		
7		417,775	✓				11/12/85	2"	P	1220.91	1218.2	1197.2	✓		15'	PVC	40'		✓					
		2,094,970				✓																		

Location Coordinates Are:  
 Grid System       State Plane Coordinate  
 Northern  
 Central

Received In:  
 District: \_\_\_\_\_ Area: \_\_\_\_\_ Bureau: \_\_\_\_\_  
 By: \_\_\_\_\_

SMS Use:  
 File Maint. Completed: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other: \_\_\_\_\_

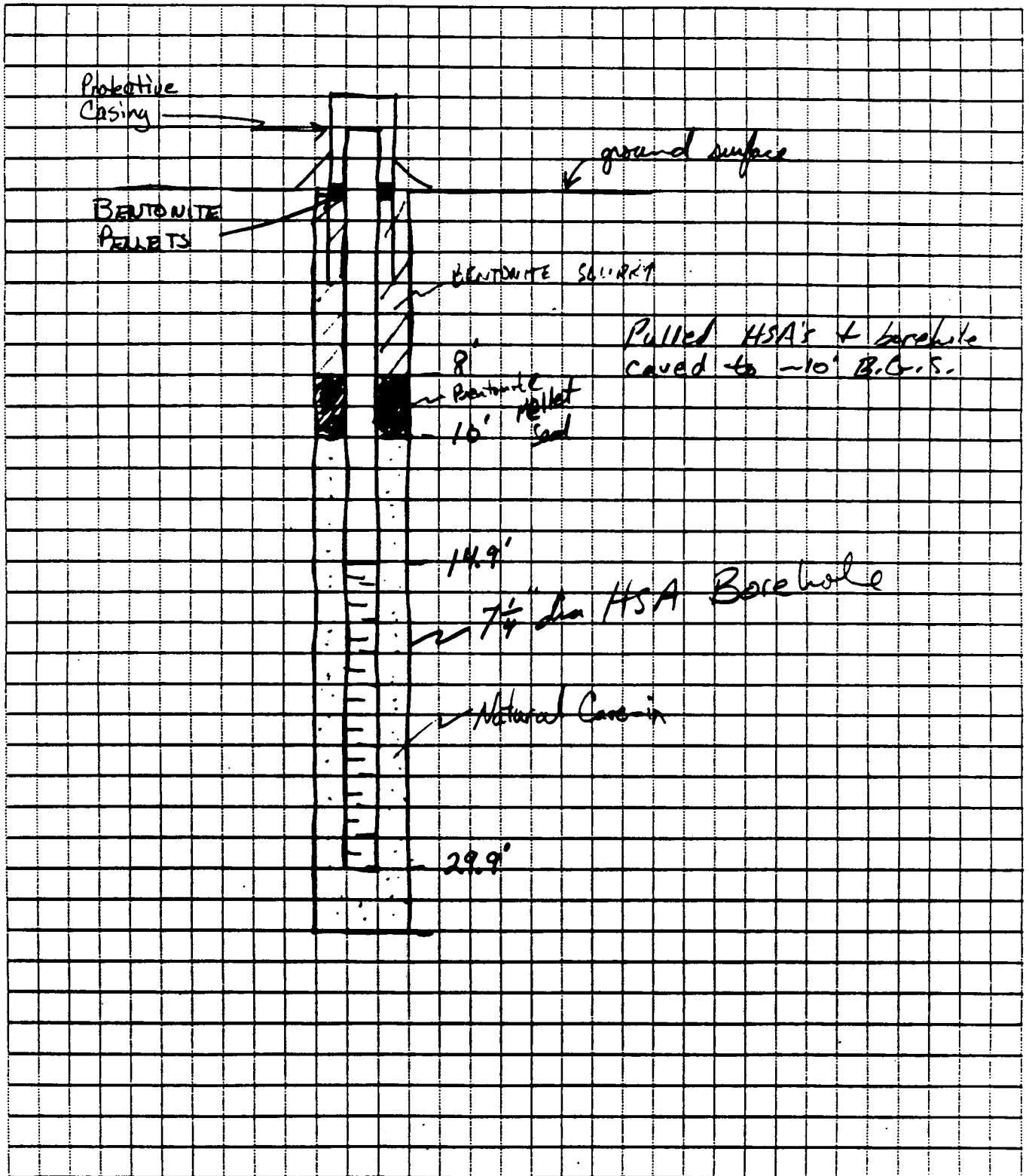




### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME Wausau  
PROJECT NO. L20303.AD  
BORING NO. B-15  
PIEZOMETER NO. B-15

INSTALLED BY IHS DATE 11-3-  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_

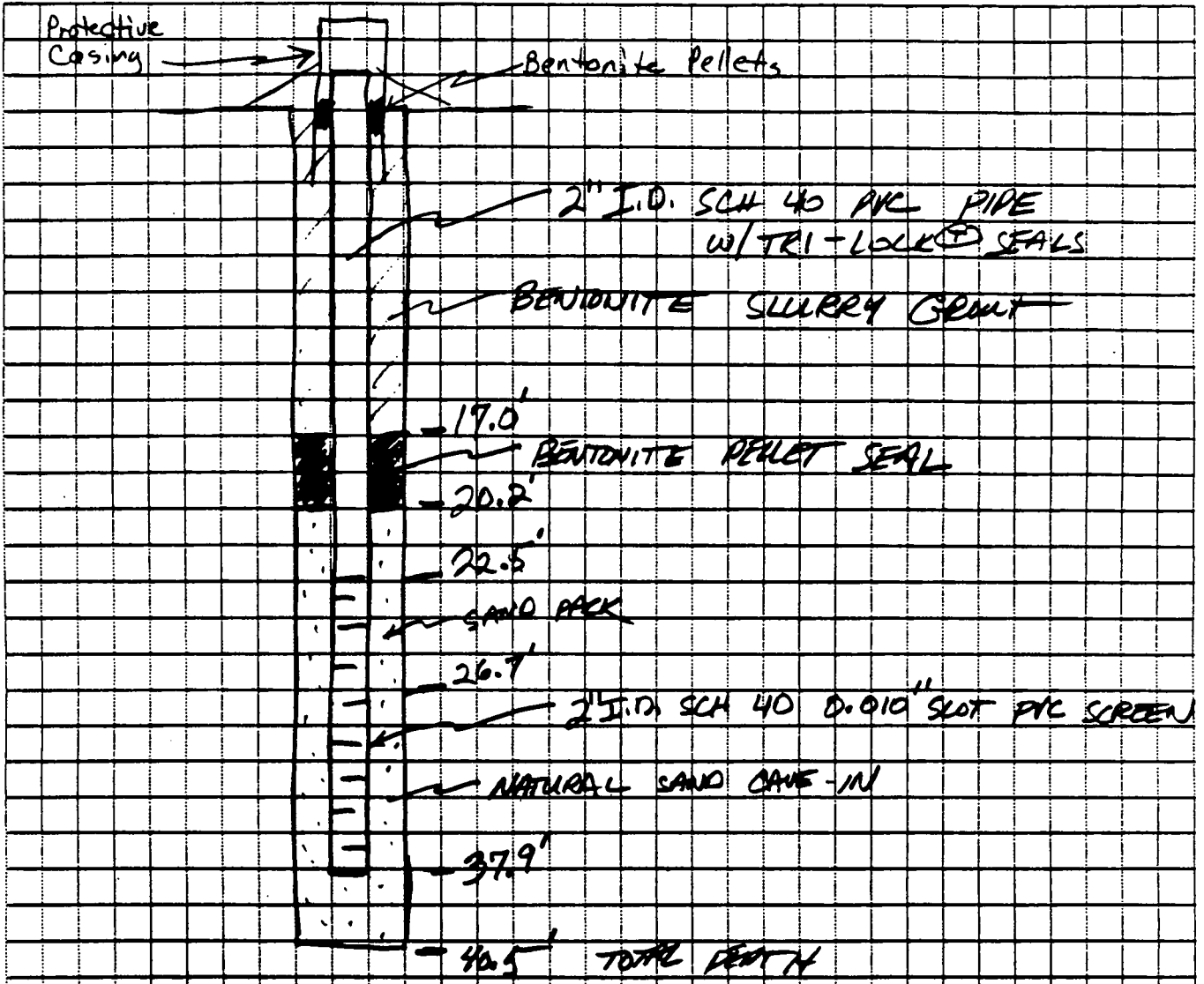




### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME Wausau LF  
PROJECT NO. L 20303.A0  
BORING NO. B-25  
PIEZOMETER NO. B-25

INSTALLED BY I.H.J DATE 11/1/35  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_

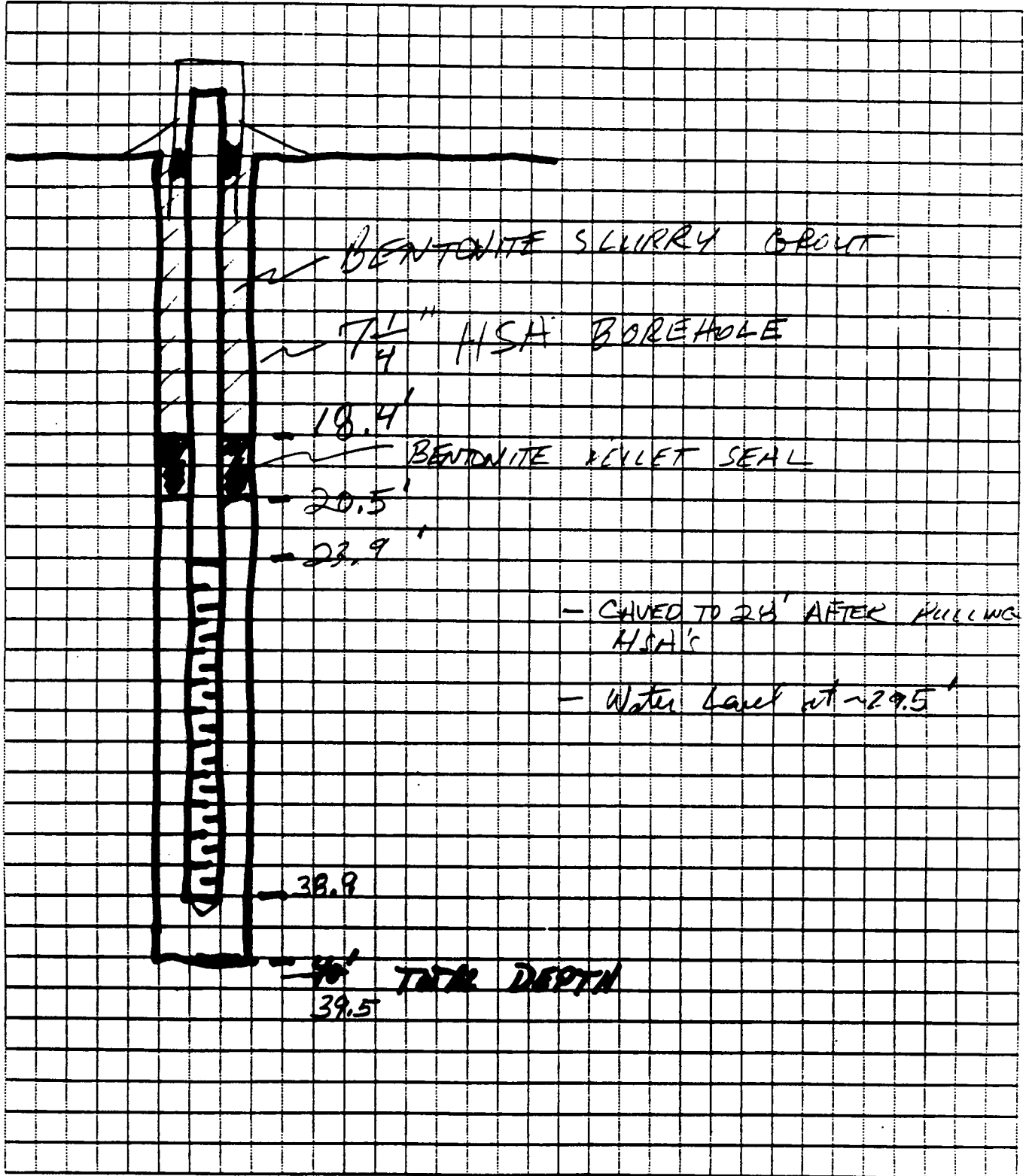


SET PVC PIPE & SCREEN IN THE HSA'S THEN PULLED THE HSA'S - BORE HOLE CAVED TO 26.7' B.G.S. PLACED SANDPACK TO 20.2' B.G.S.

PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME Wausau LF. WDR  
PROJECT NO. L20303.A0  
BORING NO. B-35  
PIEZOMETER NO. B-35

INSTALLED BY IHJ DATE 11/12/85  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_

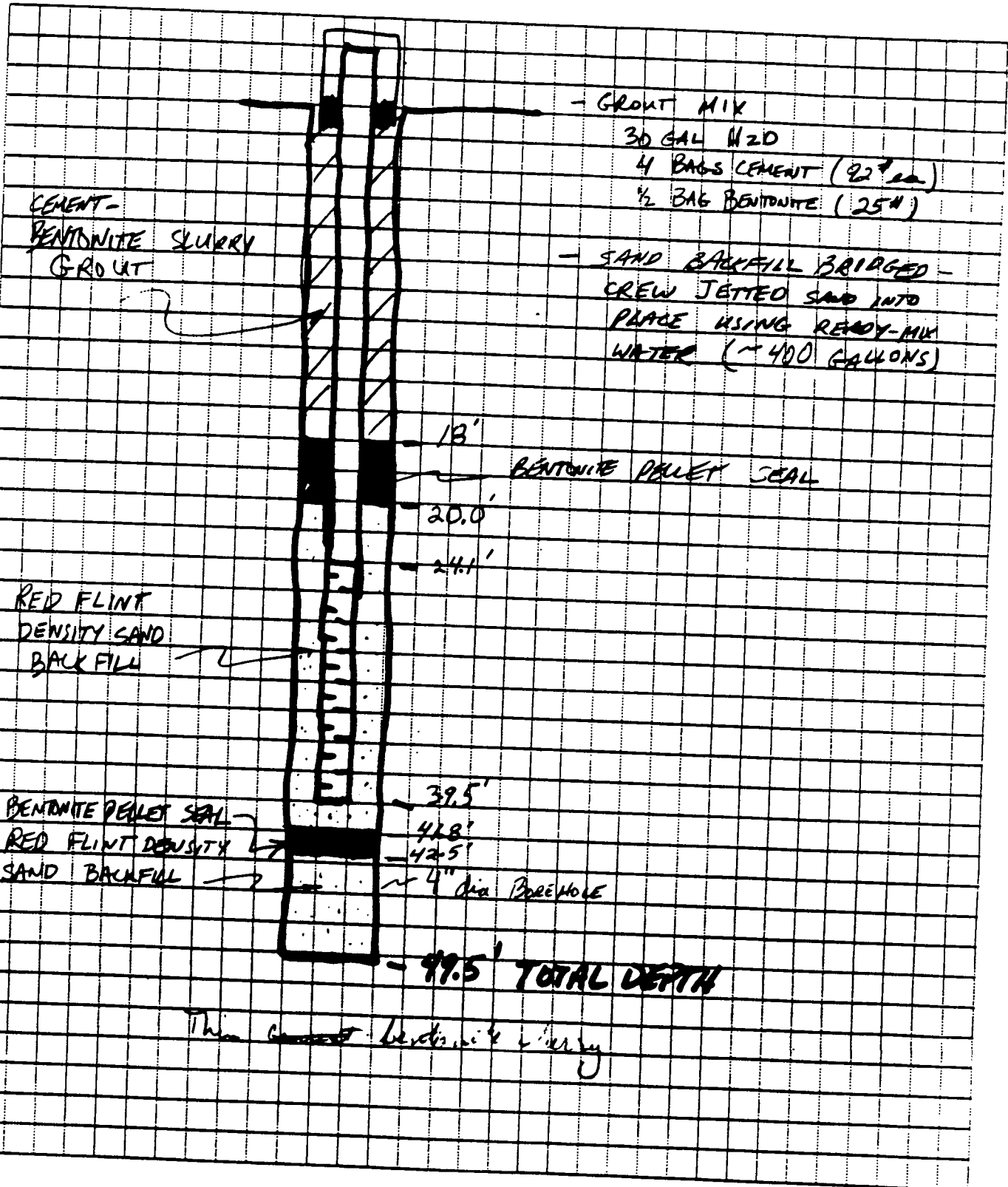




### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME Wausau LF - WDNR  
PROJECT NO. L20303.A0  
BORING NO. B-6  
PIEZOMETER NO. B-6

INSTALLED BY I.H. Johnson DATE 11/13/85  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_

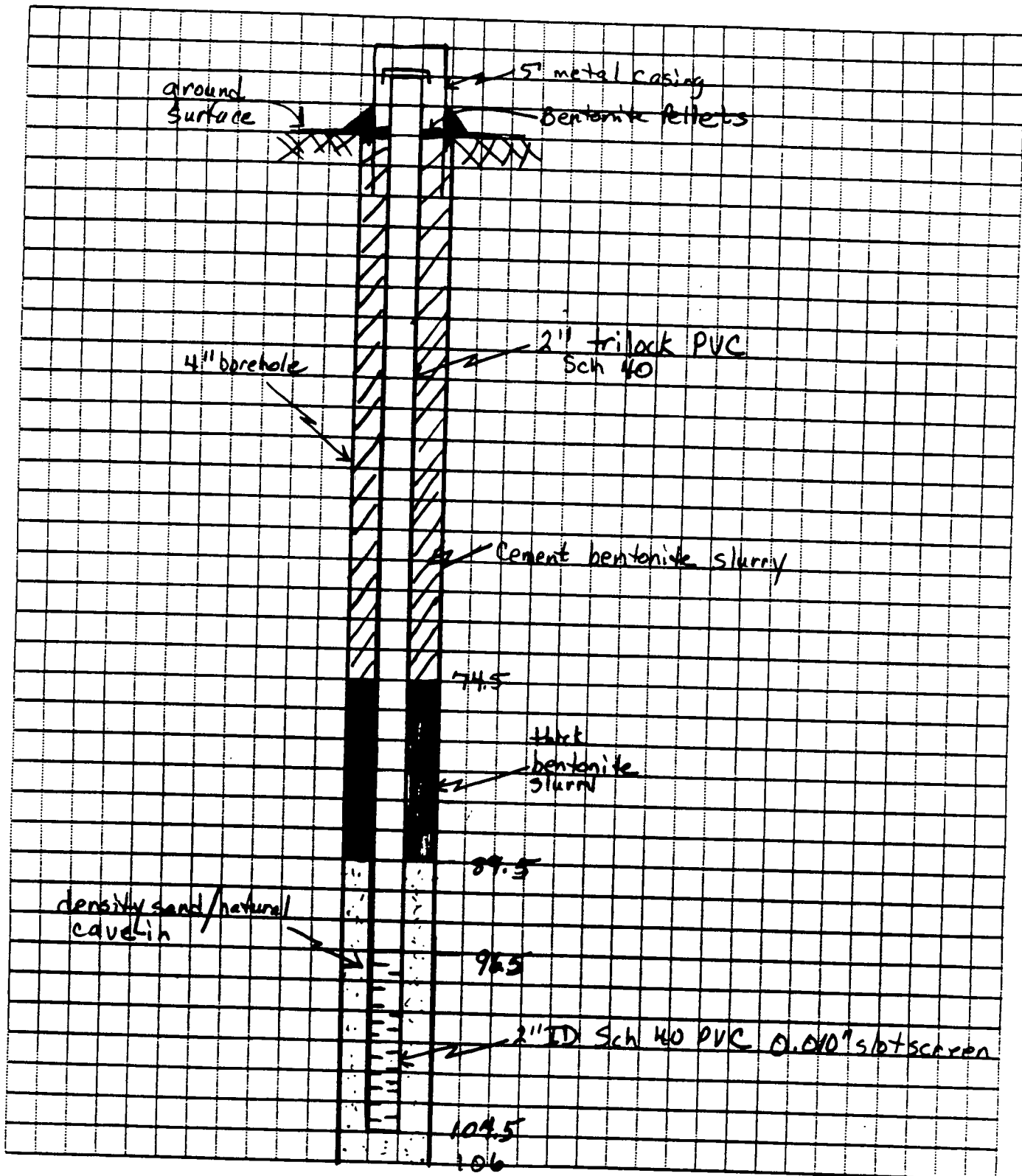




### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME City of Wausau Landfill  
PROJECT NO. L20303.A0  
BORING NO. 4D  
PIEZOMETER NO. \_\_\_\_\_

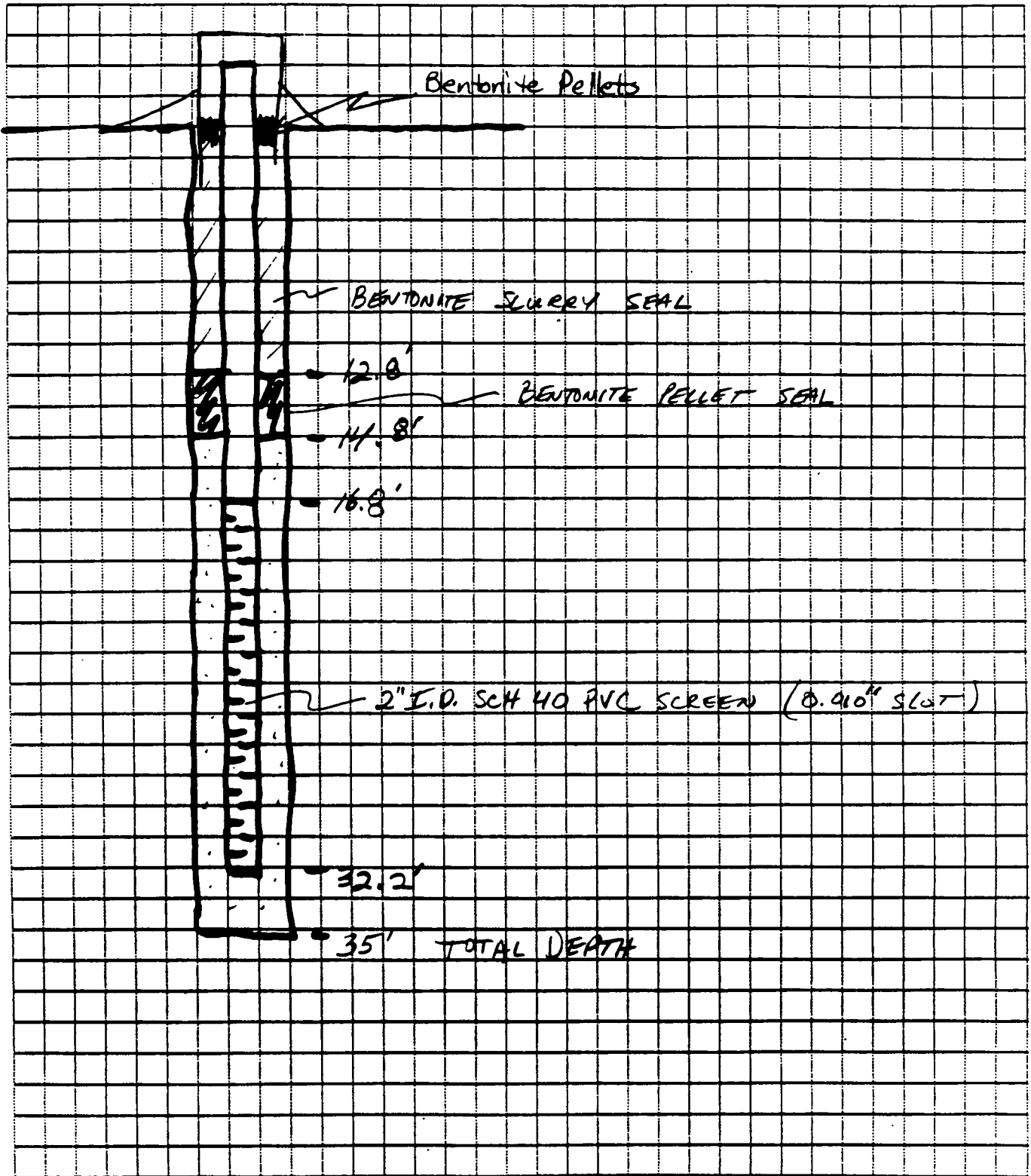
INSTALLED BY SM McBe DATE 11/15/85  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_





### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME Wausau LF - WDNR INSTALLED BY I.H. Johnson DATE 11/13/85  
PROJECT NO. L20303.AD CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
BORING NO. B-45 COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_  
PIEZOMETER NO. B-45

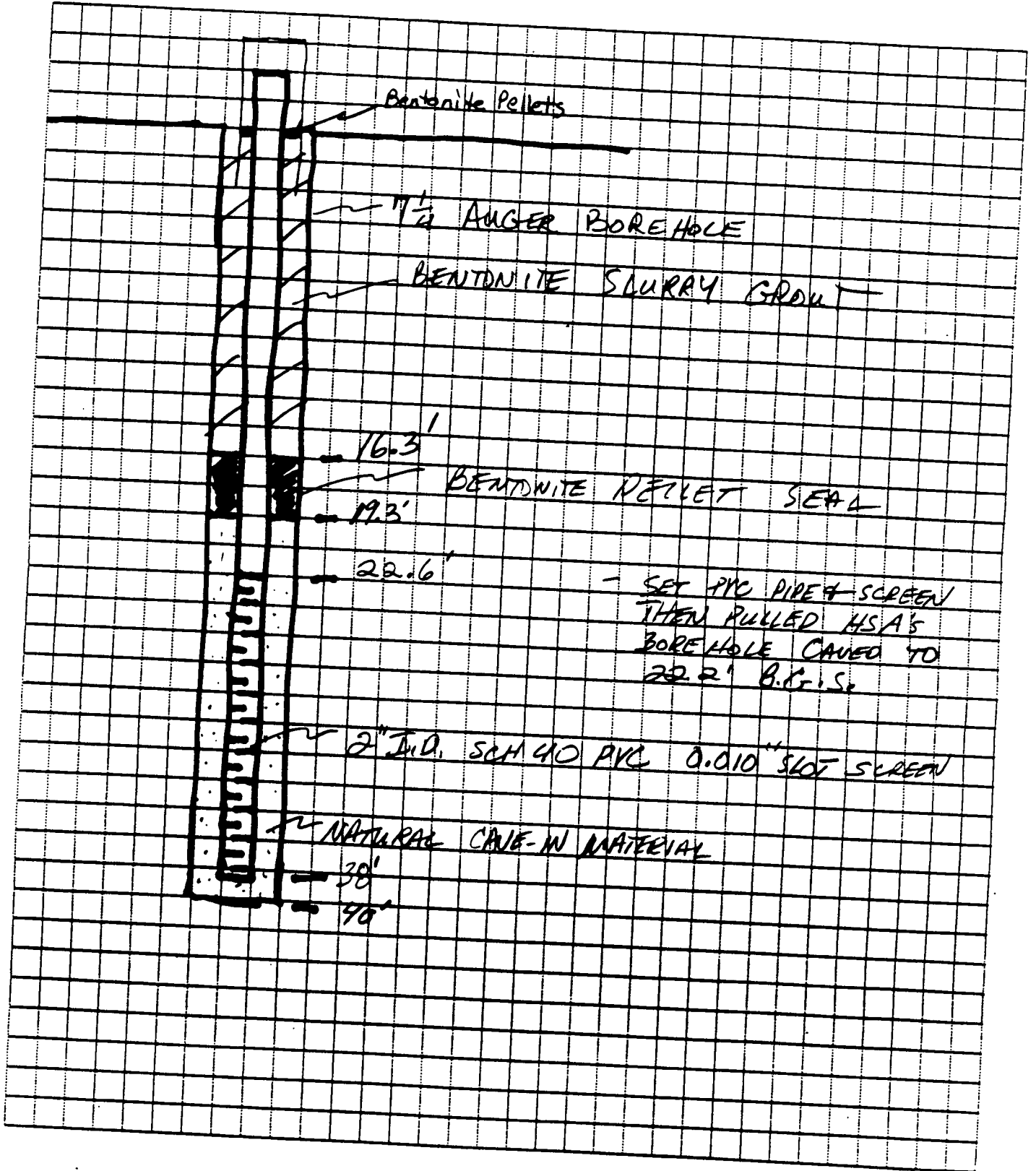




### PIEZOMETER INSTALLATION SKETCH

PROJECT NAME Wansau LF - Wis. LMR  
PROJECT NO. 1 20303 AD  
BORING NO. B-75  
PIEZOMETER NO. B-75

INSTALLED BY IHJ DATE 11/12, 35  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
COORDINATES \_\_\_\_\_



Appendix D  
GEOTECHNICAL ANALYSES OF SOILS





PROJECT NUMBER

120303.A0

## SIEVE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422/C136

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 15 95 to 110

TYPE OF SAMPLE: SMALL BOTTLE

SAMPLE NO. 5-3

GROSS WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 483.0 TARE MASS 154.3 PAN NO. T NET WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE

GROSS DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 454.4 TARE MASS 154.3 PAN NO. T NET DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE, A 300.1

COARSE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
3/4	154.3	154.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	
1/2	158.7	154.3	4.4	4.4	1.5	1.5	98.5	
3/8	160.3	158.7	1.6	6.0	0.5	2.0	98.0	

FINE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS, C \_\_\_\_\_

DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ PRIOR TO WASH, D 300.1

DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ AFTER WASH 292.9

CONVERSION FACTOR, F =  $\frac{C}{D}$  = N/A

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	INDIVIDUAL GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL, E (AS RECORDED)	(F) INDIVIDUAL (TOTAL BASIS)	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
4	180.5	160.3	20.2	26.2	6.7	8.7	91.3	
8	219.3	180.5	38.8	65.0	12.9	21.7	78.3	
16	274.7	219.3	55.4	120.4	18.5	40.1	59.9	
30	336.4	274.7	61.7	182.1	20.6	60.7	39.3	
50	389.1	336.4	52.7	234.8	17.6	78.2	21.8	
100	440.3	389.1	51.2	286.0	17.1	95.3	4.7	
200	446.7	440.3	6.4	292.4	2.1	97.4	2.6	
PAN	447.1	446.7	0.4	292.8				

MOISTURE CONTENT DATA: UNITS

CAN NO.	T
GROSS WET MASS	gms 483.0
GROSS DRY MASS	454.4
MOISTURE MASS	28.6
TARE MASS	154.3
DRY SOIL MASS	300.1
MOISTURE CONTENT	% 9.53

REMARKS:

FIRST WASH WEIGHT = 447.2 - 154.3

NOTES:

1. SHOW UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

TESTED BY:

DATE:

COMPUTED BY:

DATE:

CHECKED BY:

DATE:

Jim Emery

12/4/85

Jim Emery

12/8/85

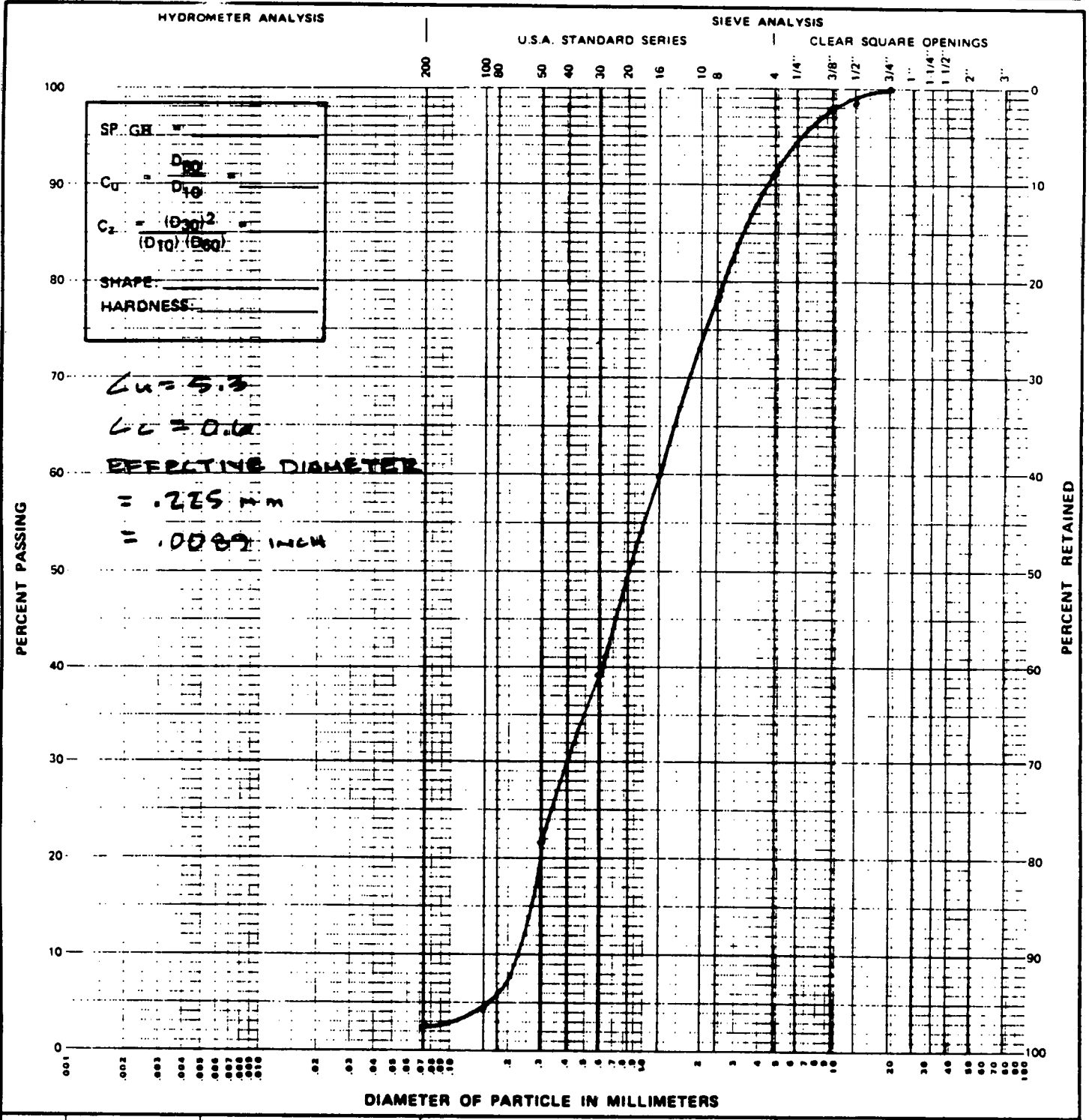


PROJECT NUMBER  
L20303 A0

### PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: LAUSDA LANDFILL  
 MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER  
 SAMPLE LOCATION: 9E to 11E SAMPLE NO. S-3  
 TYPE OF SAMPLE: \_\_\_\_\_



COLLOIDS	CLAY SIZE	SILT SIZE	SAND			GRAVEL	COBBLES
			FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE		

SAMPLE CLASSIFICATION POORLY GRADED SAND (SP)

TESTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ COMPUTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ CHECKED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_





PROJECT NUMBER

L20303.A0

# PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422

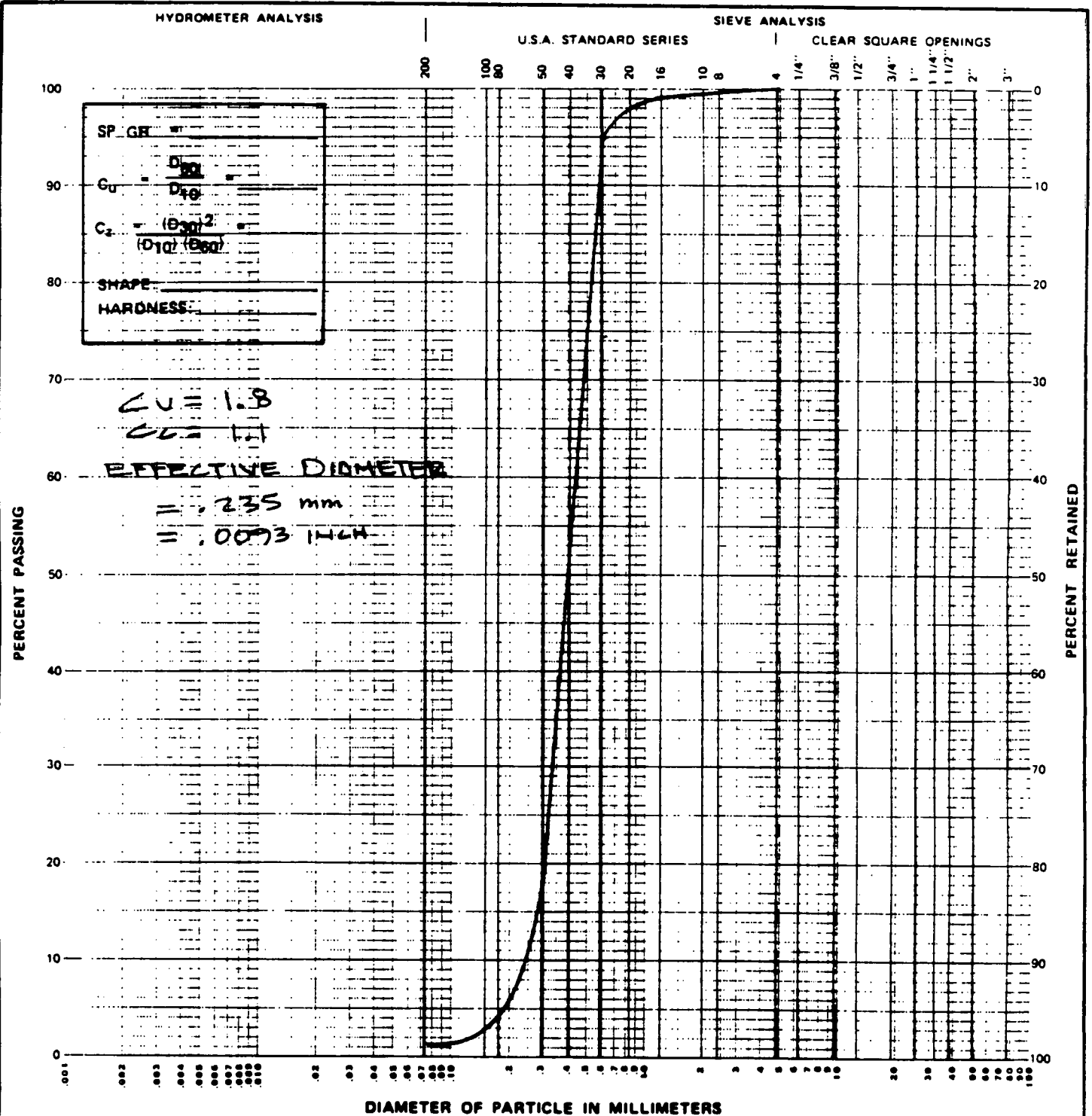
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: LS 192 to 212

SAMPLE NO. S-5

TYPE OF SAMPLE: \_\_\_\_\_



COLLOIDS	CLAY SIZE	SILT SIZE	SAND			GRAVEL	COBBLES
			FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE		

SAMPLE CLASSIFICATION POORLY GRADED SAND (SP)

TESTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ COMPUTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ CHECKED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

HYDROMETER ANALYSIS WITH SIEVE

ASTM D422

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WALSALL LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 15 23<sup>5</sup> to 25<sup>0</sup> SAMPLE NO. S-6

TYPE OF SAMPLE: (Very Small amount submitted sample for this test.)

MASS PER DRY SAMPLE	28.98	JAR NO.	0	HYGROSCOPIC MOISTURE CONTENT	
HYGROSCOPIC MOISTURE, %	6.23	HYDROMETER NO.	68-3922	CAN NO.	
CORRECTED DRY MASS HYDROMETER SAMPLE, (M)	27.28	DISPERSING AGENT	Na(PO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub>	GROSS WET MASS	28.98
% PASSING NO. <u>10</u> SIEVE, (B)	60.21	AMOUNT USED	125 mL	GROSS DRY MASS	27.28
		SPECIFIC GRAVITY, G <sub>(a)</sub>	2.70	MOISTURE MASS	1.70
MASS OF A TOTAL SOIL REPRESENTED BY MASS OF SOIL USED IN HYDROMETER TEST, (W): $W = \frac{M}{B} \times 100 = 45.31$				TARE MASS	0.00
				DRY SOIL MASS	27.28
				MOISTURE CONTENT, %	6.23

DAY	HR	MIN	T	r	t	H	R	P	L	K	D	
Reading Time	Elapsed Time (minutes)	Hydrometer Reading	Temp. °C	Composite Hydrometer Correction	Corrected Hydrometer Reading	% Soil in Suspension	Effective Depth (cm)	K Value from Chart 4	Diameter of Particle (mm)			
7	08	58	0	-	72.6	22.6	-	-	-	-	-	
	00	2	13.5	72.6	22.6	6.3	7.2	15.8	14.7	.01303	.0353	
	03	5	11.3	72.6	22.6	6.3	5.0	11.0	15.1	.01303	.0226	
	13	15	10.3	72.7	22.6	6.3	4.0	8.8	15.2	.01303	.0131	
	28	30	9.5	72.8	22.7	6.3	3.2	7.1	15.3	.01302	.0093	
	09	58	60	8.9	73.0	22.8	6.2	2.7	5.8	.01300	.0066	
	13	08	250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
8	08	58	1440	7.0	73.0	22.8	6.2	0.8	1.7	.01300	.0014	
07	12	02	184	8.1	72.6	22.6	6.3	1.8	4.0	.01303	.0038	Post Wash 35.27
1/2	-	-	33.00	33.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	-	100	
3/8	-	-	38.95	33.00	5.95	5.95	12.72	12.72	-	-	87.3	
4	-	-	44.92	33.00	11.92	11.92	12.72	12.72	-	-	74.5	

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	REMARKS
			INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
8	50.75	44.92	5.83	17.75	12.46	37.94	62.1	
10	51.62	50.75	0.87	18.62	1.86	39.79	60.2	
16	54.46	51.62	2.84	21.46	6.07	45.86	54.1	
30	57.55	54.46	3.09	24.55	6.60	52.47	47.5	
50	62.05	57.55	4.50	29.05	9.62	62.09	37.9	
100	65.54	62.05	3.49	32.54	7.46	69.54	30.5	
200	68.16	65.54	2.62	35.16	5.60	75.14	24.9	
PAN	68.29	68.16	0.13	35.29				

REMARKS: (SHOW UNITS OF MEASUREMENT)

Air Dry in tare 222 (total 4) = 10 H<sub>2</sub>O

Weight of Sample wet = 86.23 - 33.00 = 53.23 } initial moisture content = 13.87

Weight of Dry Sample = 27.28 + 19.51 = 46.79

TESTED BY: Jim Evans DATE: 12/7/85 COMPUTED BY: Jim Evans DATE: 12/10/85 CHECKED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_



PROJECT NUMBER  
20303.A0

SIEVE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422/C136

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 2S 9° to 10E SAMPLE NO. S-3

TYPE OF SAMPLE: SMALL BOTTLE

GROSS WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 467.2 TARE MASS 153.8 PAN NO. 217 NET WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE \_\_\_\_\_

GROSS DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 447.3 TARE MASS 153.8 PAN NO. 217 NET DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE, A 293.5

COARSE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
1	153.8	153.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	
3/4	209.8	153.8	56.0	56.0	19.1	19.1	80.9	
1/2	None Retained - Not reported on plot.							
3/8	218.9	209.8	9.1	65.1	3.1	22.2	77.8	

FINE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS, C \_\_\_\_\_

DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ PRIOR TO WASH, D 293.5

DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ AFTER WASH 284.7

CONVERSION FACTOR, F =  $\frac{C}{D}$  = N/A

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	INDIVIDUAL GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL (AS RECORDED)	(F) INDIVIDUAL (TOTAL BASIS)	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
4	247.3	218.9	28.4	93.5	9.7	31.9	68.1	
8	292.8	247.3	45.5	139.0	15.5	47.4	52.6	
16	330.9	292.8	38.1	177.1	13.0	60.3	39.7	
30	373.5	330.9	42.6	219.7	14.5	74.9	25.1	
50	421.7	373.5	48.2	267.9	16.4	91.3	8.7	
100	433.5	421.7	11.8	279.7	4.0	95.3	4.7	
200	438.1	433.5	4.6	284.3	1.6	96.9	3.1	
PAN	438.6	438.1	0.5	284.8				

MOISTURE CONTENT DATA	UNITS	REMARKS:
CAN NO.	217	Fast Wash Weight = 438.5 - 153.8
GROSS WET MASS	gms 467.2	
GROSS DRY MASS	447.3	
MOISTURE MASS	19.9	
TARE MASS	153.8	
DRY SOIL MASS	293.5	
MOISTURE CONTENT	% 6.78	NOTES: 1. SHOW UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

TESTED BY: Jim Emery DATE: 12/4 5/85 COMPUTED BY: Jim Emery DATE: 12/8/85

CHECKED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_



PROJECT NUMBER

L 20303.A0

# PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

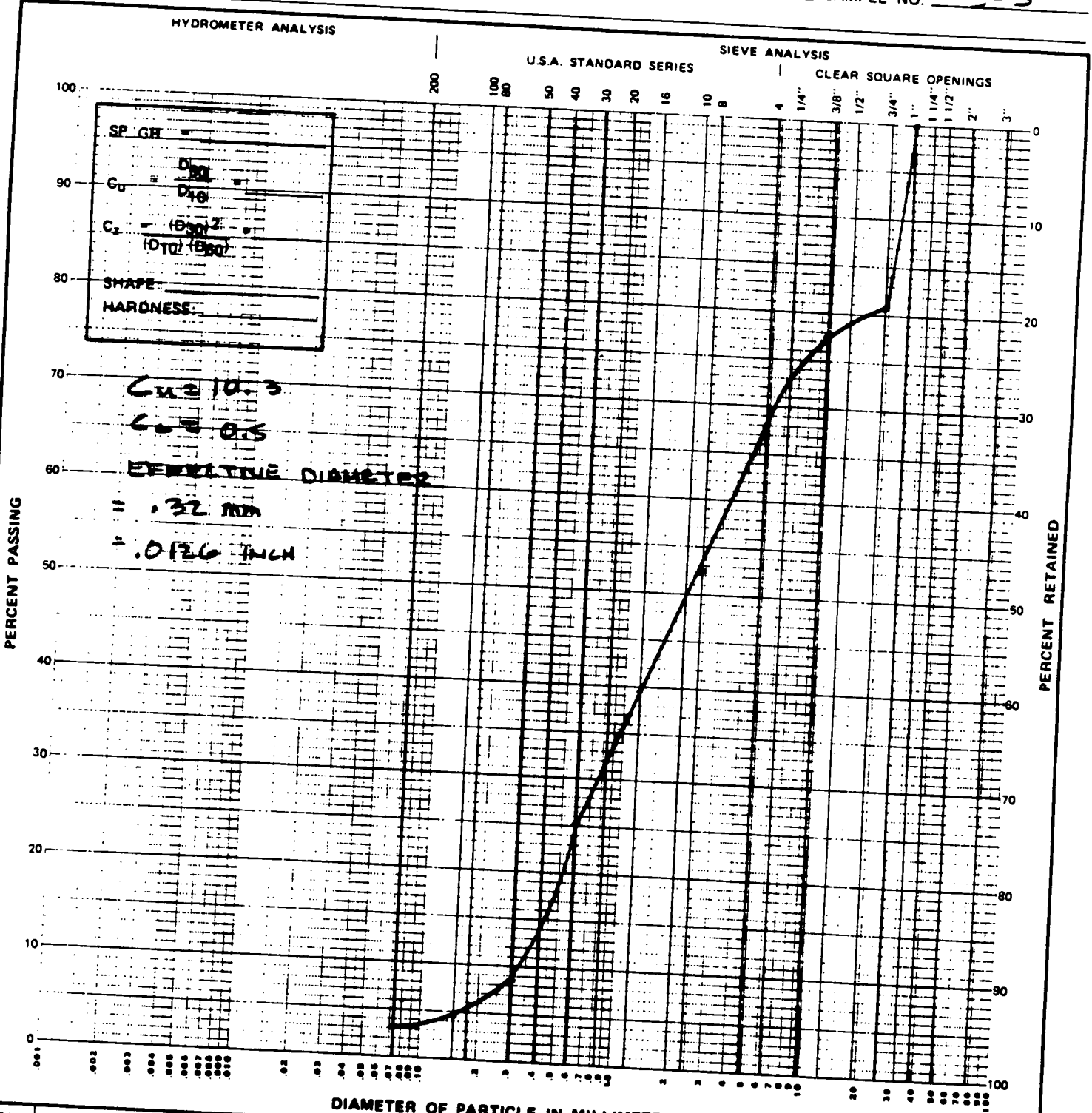
MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: ZS

7<sup>o</sup> to 10<sup>s</sup>

TYPE OF SAMPLE:

SAMPLE NO. S-3



COLLOIDS	CLAY SIZE	SILT SIZE	SAND			GRAVEL	COBBLES
			FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE		

SAMPLE CLASSIFICATION WELL GRADED SAND (SW)

TESTED BY: Jim Enman DATE: 12/1/00 COMPUTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_



PROJECT NUMBER

120303.A0

## SIEVE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422/C136

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 35 9E to 11E

SAMPLE NO. S-3

TYPE OF SAMPLE: SMALL BOTTLE

GROSS WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 449.7 TARE MASS 149.0 PAN NO. U NET WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE  
 GROSS DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 436.9 TARE MASS 149.0 PAN NO. U NET DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE, A 287.9

COARSE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
1	149.0	149.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	
3/4	160.6	149.0	11.6	11.6	4.0	4.0	96.0	
1/2	190.4	160.6	29.8	41.4	10.4	14.4	85.6	
3/8	200.2	190.4	9.8	51.2	3.4	17.8	82.2	

FINE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS, C \_\_\_\_\_

DRY MASS ~~\_\_\_\_\_~~ PRIOR TO WASH, D 287.9

DRY MASS ~~\_\_\_\_\_~~ AFTER WASH 274.0

CONVERSION FACTOR, F =  $\frac{C}{D}$  = N/A

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	INDIVIDUAL GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL, E (AS RECORDED)	(F) INDIVIDUAL (TOTAL BASIS)	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
4	242.3	200.2	42.1	93.3	14.6	32.4	67.6	
8	281.1	242.3	38.8	132.1	13.5	45.9	54.1	
16	319.5	281.1	38.4	170.5	13.3	59.2	40.8	
30	372.6	319.5	53.1	223.6	18.4	77.7	22.3	
50	405.1	372.6	32.5	256.1	11.3	89.0	11.0	
100	415.9	405.1	10.8	266.9	3.8	92.7	7.3	
200	422.5	415.9	6.6	273.5	2.3	95.0	5.0	
PAN	423.0	422.5	0.5	274.0				

MOISTURE CONTENT DATA		UNITS
CAN NO.		U
GROSS WET MASS	gms	449.7
GROSS DRY MASS		436.9
MOISTURE MASS		12.8
TARE MASS		149.0
DRY SOIL MASS		287.9
MOISTURE CONTENT	%	4.45

REMARKS:

PAST WASH WEIGHT = 423.0 - 149.0

NOTES:

1. SHOW UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

TESTED BY:

Jim Emery

DATE:

12/18/85

COMPUTED BY:

Jim Emery

DATE:

12/18/85

CHECKED BY:

DATE:





PROJECT NUMBER

L20303.A0

### PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

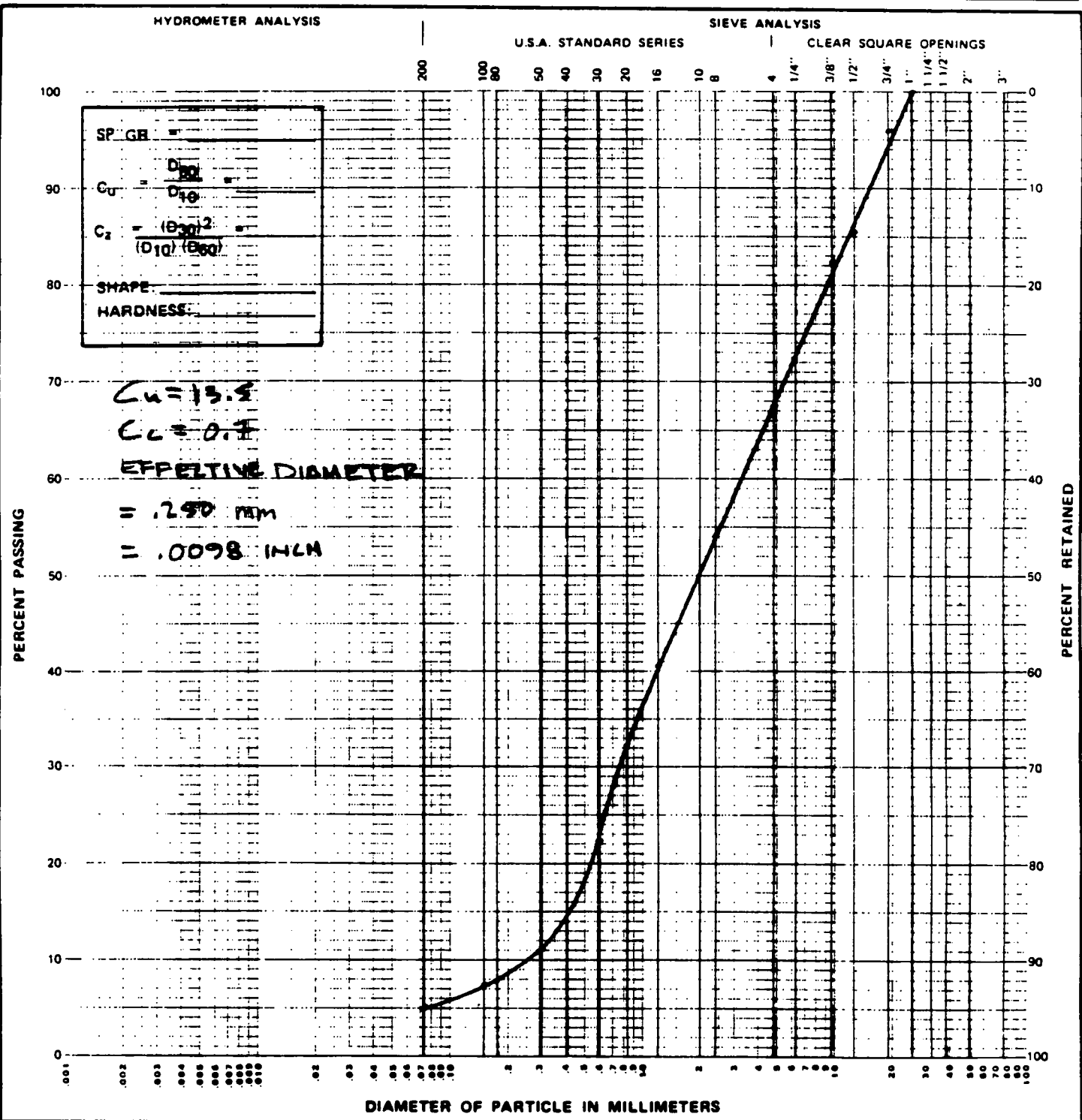
MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 35

93 to 11"

SAMPLE NO. S-3

TYPE OF SAMPLE: \_\_\_\_\_



COLLOIDS	CLAY SIZE	SILT SIZE	SAND			GRAVEL	COBBLES
			FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE		

SAMPLE CLASSIFICATION WELL GRADED SAND (SW)



L 20303.A0

SIEVE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422/C136

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 35 145 to 160

SAMPLE NO. S-4

TYPE OF SAMPLE: SMALL BOTTLE

GROSS WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 398.8 TARE MASS 149.0 PAN NO. M NET WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE

GROSS DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 377.0 TARE MASS 149.0 PAN NO. M NET DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE, A 228.0

COARSE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
3/8	149.2	149.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	

FINE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS, C \_\_\_\_\_

DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ PRIOR TO WASH, D 228.0

DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ AFTER WASH 223.7

CONVERSION FACTOR, F = C/D = N/A

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	INDIVIDUAL GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL, E (AS RECORDED)	(F) INDIVIDUAL (TOTAL BASIS)	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
4	154.1	149.2	4.9	4.9	2.1	2.1	97.9	
8	160.4	154.1	6.3	11.2	2.8	4.9	95.1	
16	173.1	160.4	12.7	23.9	5.6	10.5	89.5	
30	214.7	173.1	41.6	65.5	18.2	28.7	71.3	
50	309.7	214.7	95.0	160.5	41.7	70.4	29.6	
100	369.4	309.7	59.7	220.2	26.2	96.6	3.4	
200	372.7	369.4	3.3	223.5	1.4	98.0	2.0	
PAN	372.8	372.7	0.1	223.6				

MOISTURE CONTENT DATA, UNITS	
CAN NO.	M
GROSS WET MASS	gms 398.8
GROSS DRY MASS	377.0
MOISTURE MASS	21.8
TARE MASS	149.0
DRY SOIL MASS	228.0
MOISTURE CONTENT	% 9.56

REMARKS: FAST WASH WEIGHT = 372.9 - 149.2

NOTES: 1. SHOW UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

TESTED BY: Jim Emery DATE: 12/4/85 COMPUTED BY: Jim Emery DATE: 12/8/85 CHECKED BY: DATE:

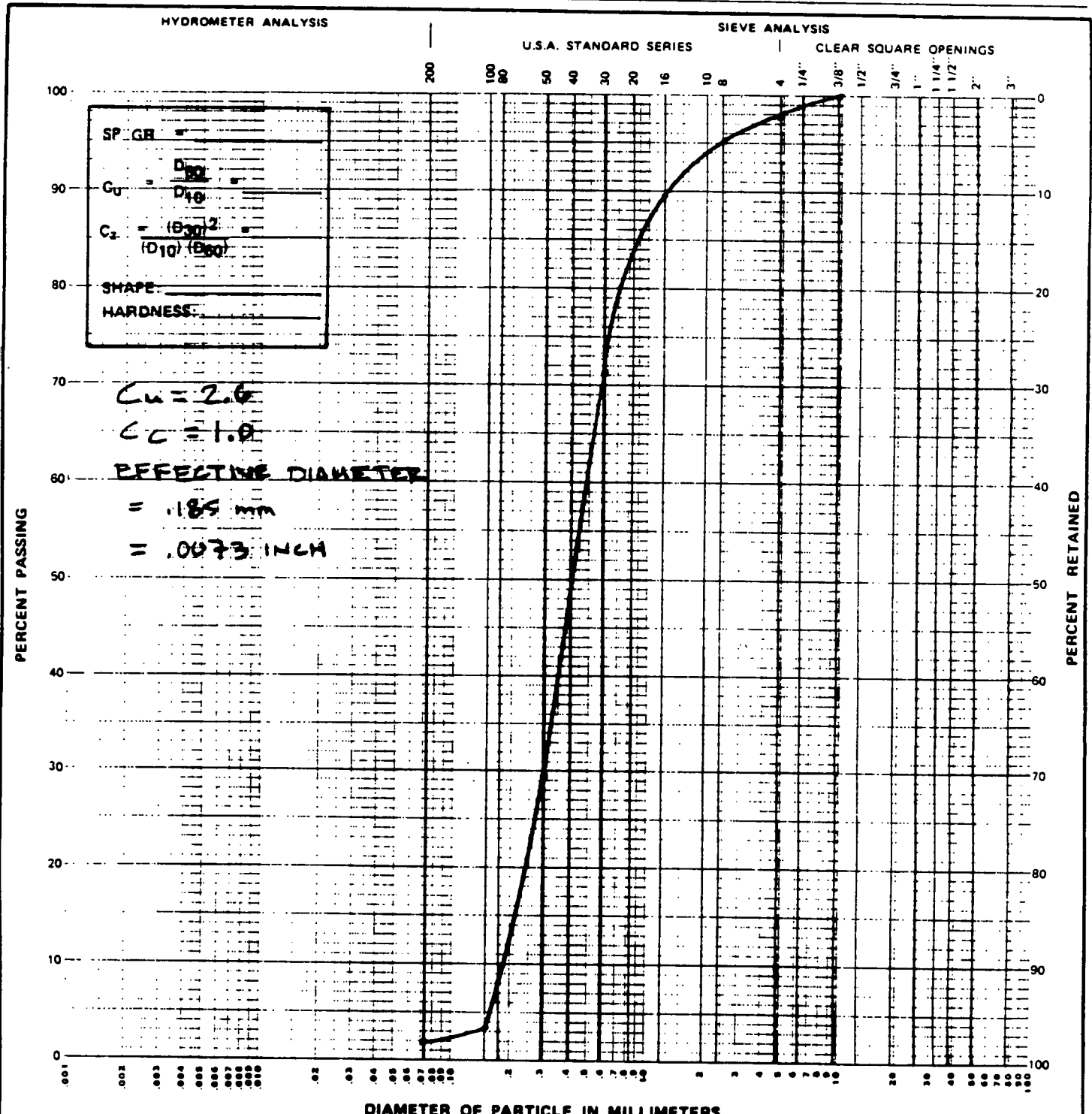


PROJECT NUMBER  
L 20203.10

# PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL  
MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER  
SAMPLE LOCATION: 3 S 14 E to 16 E SAMPLE NO. S-4  
TYPE OF SAMPLE: \_\_\_\_\_



COLLOIDS	CLAY SIZE	SILT SIZE	SAND			GRAVEL	COBBLES
			FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE		

SAMPLE CLASSIFICATION POORLY GRADED SAND (SP)

TESTED BY:	DATE:	COMPUTED BY:	DATE:	CHECKED BY:	DATE:
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PROJECT NUMBER

L 20303.A0

## SIEVE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422/C136

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 35 24E to 26E

SAMPLE NO. S-6

TYPE OF SAMPLE: SMALL BOTTLE

GROSS WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 416.5 TARE MASS 169.6 PAN NO. 223 NET WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE \_\_\_\_\_  
 GROSS DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 403.9 TARE MASS 169.6 PAN NO. 223 NET DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE, A 234.3

COARSE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		

FINE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS, C \_\_\_\_\_

DRY MASS ~~\_\_\_\_\_~~ PRIOR TO WASH, D 234.3

DRY MASS ~~\_\_\_\_\_~~ AFTER WASH 232.6

CONVERSION FACTOR,  $F = \frac{C}{D} = \frac{N}{A}$

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	INDIVIDUAL GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL (AS RECORDED)	(F) INDIVIDUAL (TOTAL BASIS)	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
4	169.7	169.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	
8	169.8	169.7	0.1	0.1	$4.3 \times 10^{-2}$	$4.3 \times 10^{-2}$	100	
16	169.9	169.8	0.1	0.2	$4.3 \times 10^{-2}$	0.1	99.9	
30	170.8	169.9	0.9	1.1	0.4	0.5	99.5	
50	286.1	170.8	115.3	116.4	49.2	49.7	50.3	
100	398.1	286.1	112.0	228.4	47.8	97.5	2.5	
200	402.2	398.1	4.1	232.5	1.7	99.2	0.8	
PAN	402.3	402.2	0.1	232.6				

MOISTURE CONTENT DATA		UNITS
CAN NO.		223
GROSS WET MASS	gms	416.5
GROSS DRY MASS		403.9
MOISTURE MASS		12.6
TARE MASS		169.6
DRY SOIL MASS		234.3
MOISTURE CONTENT	%	5.38

REMARKS: FAST WASH WEIGHT = 402.3 - 169.7

NOTES: 1. SHOW UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

TESTED BY: Jim Emery DATE: 12/4/85 COMPUTED BY: Jim Emery DATE: 12/8/85 CHECKED BY: DATE:

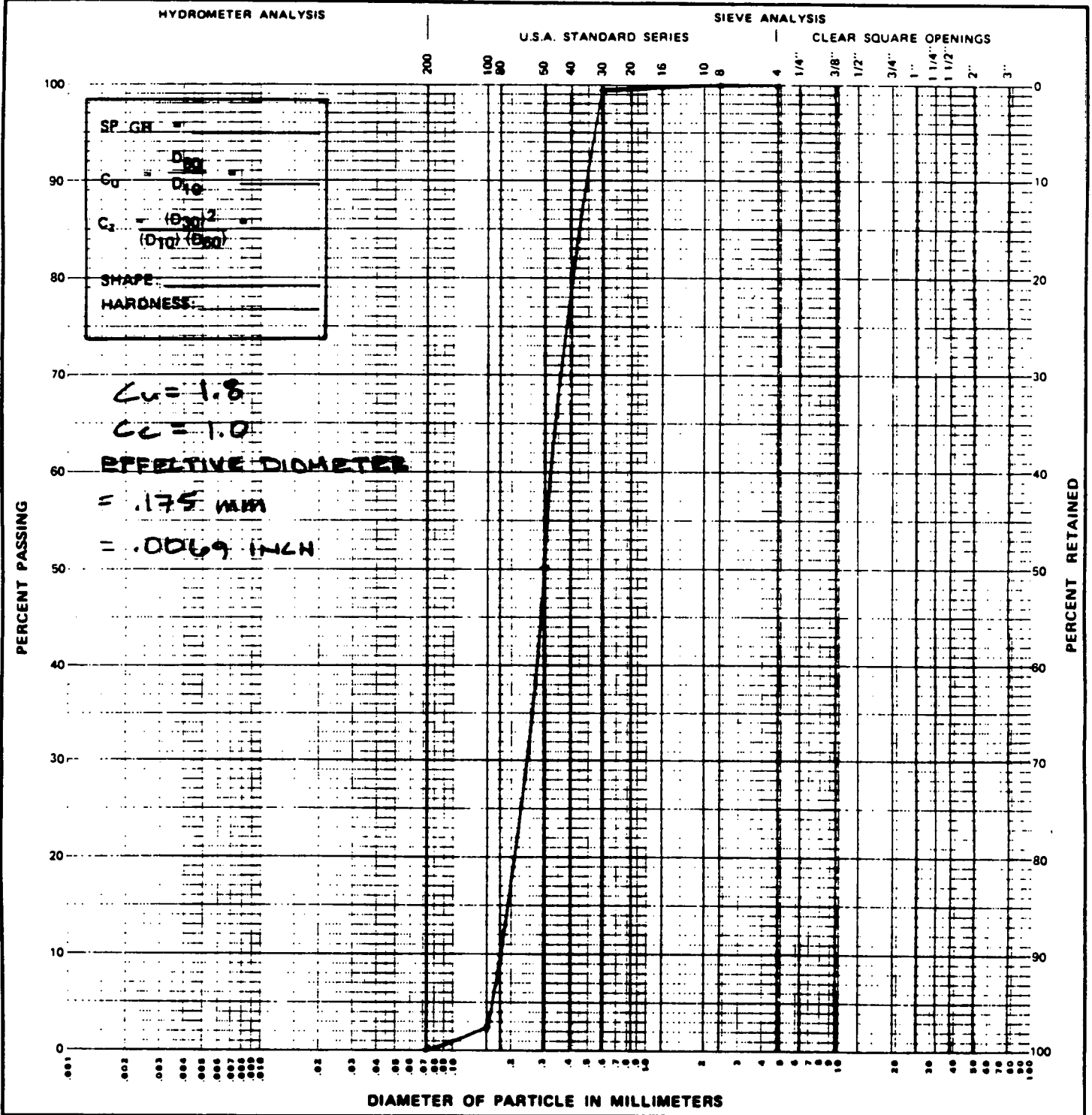


PROJECT NUMBER  
**L20303.A0**

**PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS**

ASTM D422

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: **WAUSAU LANDFILL**  
 MATERIALS LABORATORY: **DENVER**  
 SAMPLE LOCATION: **35 24<sup>s</sup> to 26<sup>s</sup>** SAMPLE NO. **S-6**  
 TYPE OF SAMPLE:



COL-LOIDS	CLAY SIZE	SILT SIZE	SAND			GRAVEL	COBBLES
			FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE		
SAMPLE CLASSIFICATION <b>POORLY GRADED SAND (SP)</b>							

TESTED BY: DATE: COMPUTED BY: DATE: CHECKED BY: DATE:

CH2M  
HILL

PROJECT NUMBER

L20303.A0

SIEVE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422/C136

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDELL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 4S 14E to 16E

SAMPLE NO. S-4

TYPE OF SAMPLE: SAND BOTTLE

GROSS WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 300.7 TARE MASS 151.9 PAN NO. P NET WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE \_\_\_\_\_  
 GROSS DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 291.0 TARE MASS 151.9 PAN NO. P NET DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE, A 139.1

COARSE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
3/4	152.0	152.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	
1/2	156.3	152.0	4.3	4.3	3.1	3.1	96.9	
3/8	159.2	156.3	2.9	7.2	2.1	5.2	94.8	

FINE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS, C \_\_\_\_\_

DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ PRIOR TO WASH, D 139.1  
 DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ AFTER WASH 135.5

CONVERSION FACTOR, F =  $\frac{C}{D}$  = N/A

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	INDIVIDUAL GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL (AS RECORDED)	(F) INDIVIDUAL (TOTAL BASIS)	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
4	164.8	159.2	5.6	12.8	4.0	9.2	90.8	
8	174.3	164.8	9.5	22.3	6.8	16.0	84.0	
16	185.0	174.3	10.7	33.0	7.7	23.7	76.3	
30	203.1	185.0	18.1	51.1	13.0	36.7	63.3	
50	239.3	203.1	36.2	87.3	26.0	62.8	37.2	
100	283.9	239.3	44.6	131.9	32.1	94.8	5.2	
200	287.2	283.9	3.3	135.2	2.4	97.2	2.8	
PAN	287.4	287.2	0.2	135.4				

MOISTURE CONTENT DATA:	UNITS	
CAN NO.		P
GROSS WET MASS	gms	300.7
GROSS DRY MASS		291.0
MOISTURE MASS		9.7
TARE MASS		151.9
DRY SOIL MASS		139.1
MOISTURE CONTENT	%	6.97

REMARKS: FAST WASH WEIGHT = 287.5 - 152.0

NOTES: 1. SHOW UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

TESTED BY: Jim Emery DATE: 12/4/85 COMPUTED BY: Jim Emery DATE: 12/8/85 CHECKED BY: DATE:



PROJECT NUMBER

L20303.A0

# PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422

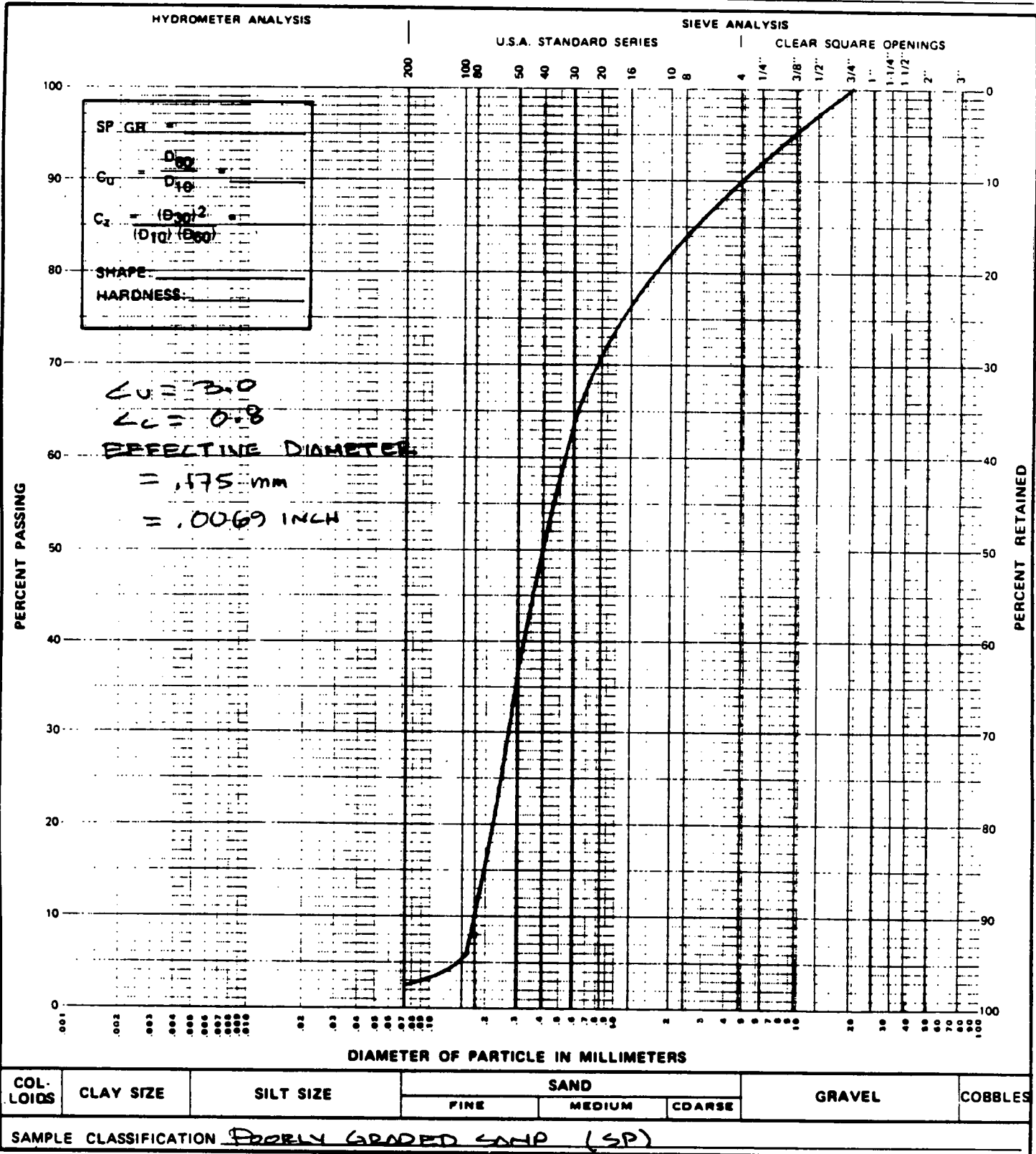
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 45

SAMPLE NO. S-4

TYPE OF SAMPLE:





PROJECT NUMBER

120303.A0

## SIEVE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422/C136

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 45 19E to 21E

TYPE OF SAMPLE: SMALL BOTTLE

SAMPLE NO. S-5

GROSS WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 458.2 TARE MASS 154.0 PAN NO. X NET WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE \_\_\_\_\_  
 GROSS DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 445.9 TARE MASS 154.0 PAN NO. X NET DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE \_\_\_\_\_  
 COARSE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
1	154.2	154.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	
3/4	166.6	154.2	12.4	12.4	4.2	4.2	95.8	
1/2	191.8	166.6	25.2	37.6	8.6	12.9	87.1	
3/8	201.9	191.8	10.1	47.7	3.5	16.3	83.7	

FINE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS, C \_\_\_\_\_  
 DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ PRIOR TO WASH, D 291.9  
 DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ AFTER WASH 278.0

CONVERSION FACTOR,  $F = \frac{C}{D} = \text{N/A}$ 

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	INDIVIDUAL GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL (AS RECORDED)	(F) INDIVIDUAL (TOTAL BASIS)	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
4	242.1	201.9	40.2	87.9	13.8	30.1	69.9	
8	281.5	242.1	39.4	127.3	13.5	43.6	56.4	
16	320.2	281.5	38.7	166.0	13.3	56.9	43.1	
30	377.0	320.2	56.8	222.8	19.5	76.3	23.7	
50	413.7	377.0	36.7	259.5	12.6	88.9	11.1	
100	424.1	413.7	10.4	269.9	3.6	92.5	7.5	
200	430.9	424.1	6.8	276.7	2.3	94.8	5.2	
PAN	432.1	430.9	1.2	277.9				

MOISTURE CONTENT DATA UNITS

CAN NO.		X
GROSS WET MASS	gms	458.2
GROSS DRY MASS		445.9
MOISTURE MASS		12.3
TARE MASS		154.0
DRY SOIL MASS		291.9
MOISTURE CONTENT	%	4.21

REMARKS:

POST WASH WEIGHT = 432.2 - 154.2

NOTES:

1. SHOW UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

TESTED BY:

Jim Emery

DATE:

12/4/85

COMPUTED BY:

Jim Emery

DATE:

12/8/85

CHECKED BY:

DATE:





PROJECT NUMBER

L20303.A0

PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WOUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: AS 17E to 21E

SAMPLE NO. S-5

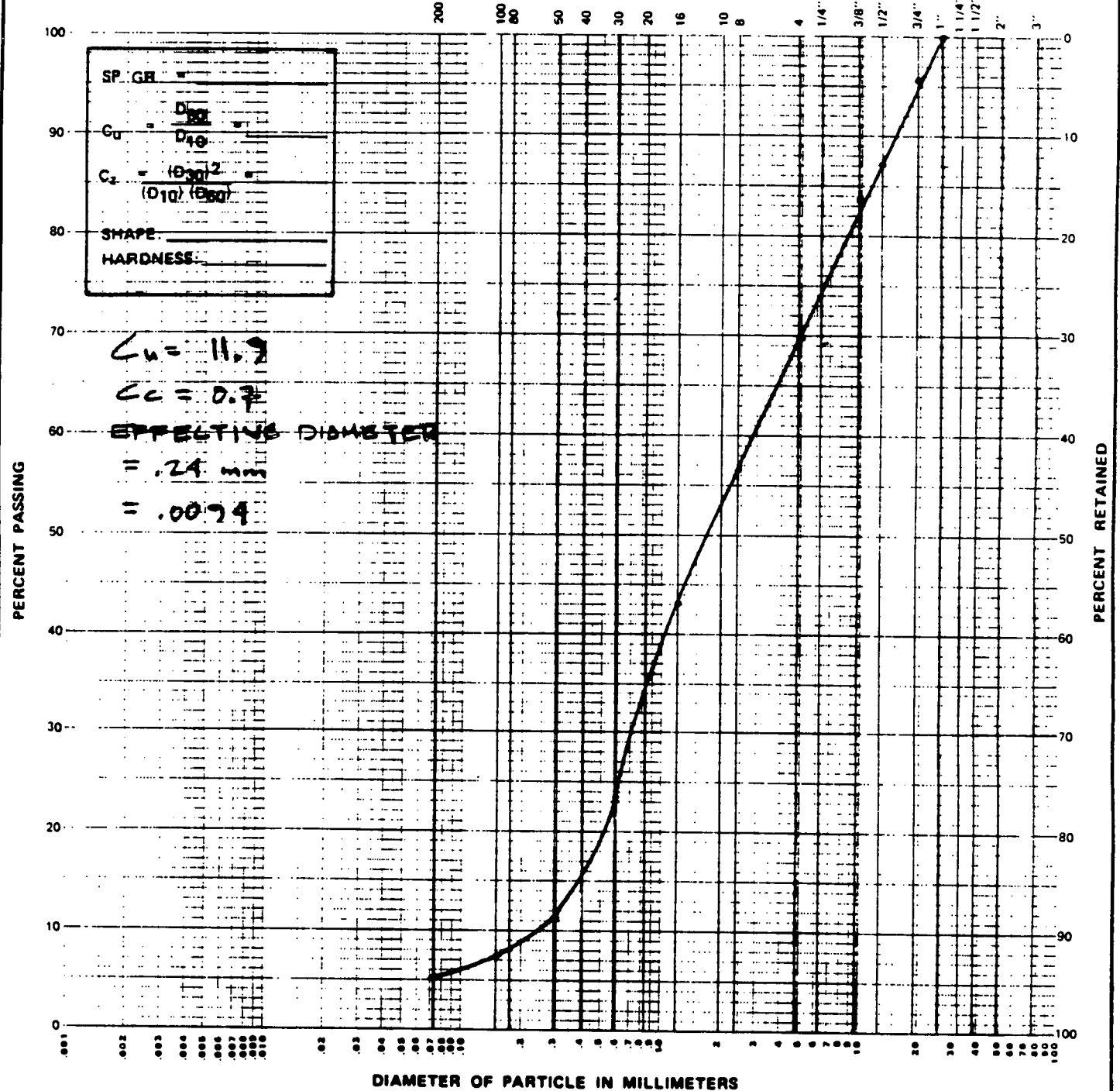
TYPE OF SAMPLE:

HYDROMETER ANALYSIS

SIEVE ANALYSIS

U.S.A. STANDARD SERIES

CLEAR SQUARE OPENINGS



COLLOIDS	CLAY SIZE	SILT SIZE	SAND			GRAVEL	COBBLES
			FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE		

SAMPLE CLASSIFICATION WELL GRADED SAND (SW)

TESTED BY:	DATE:	COMPUTED BY:	DATE:	CHECKED BY:	DATE:
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7 111  
 NOT 40  
 (Forty)

20303.A0

SIEVE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422/C136

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: B(40) 39 1/2 to 41 (40 Z on Lid)

SAMPLE NO. S-2

TYPE OF SAMPLE: SMALL BOTTLE

GROSS WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 461.1 TARE MASS 150.1 PAN NO. Z NET WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE  
 GROSS DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 415.0 TARE MASS 150.1 PAN NO. Z NET DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE, A 264.9

COARSE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
3/8	150.2	150.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	

FINE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS, C \_\_\_\_\_

DRY MASS ~~\_\_\_\_\_~~ PRIOR TO WASH, D 264.9

DRY MASS ~~\_\_\_\_\_~~ AFTER WASH 253.1

CONVERSION FACTOR, F =  $\frac{C}{D}$  = N/A

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	INDIVIDUAL GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL (AS RECORDED)	(F) INDIVIDUAL (TOTAL BASIS)	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
4	152.3	150.2	2.1	2.1	0.8	0.8	99.2	
8	155.2	152.3	2.9	5.0	1.1	1.9	98.1	
16	166.6	155.2	11.4	16.4	4.3	6.2	93.8	
30	214.5	166.6	47.9	64.3	18.1	24.3	75.7	
50	340.9	214.5	126.4	190.7	47.7	72.0	28.0	
100	397.6	340.9	56.7	247.4	21.4	93.4	6.6	
200	407.6	397.6	10.0	257.4	3.8	97.2	2.8	
PAN	408.2	407.6	0.6	253.0				

MOISTURE CONTENT DATA:		UNITS
CAN NO.		Z
GROSS WET MASS	gms	461.1
GROSS DRY MASS		415.0
MOISTURE MASS		46.1
TARE MASS		150.1
DRY SOIL MASS		264.9
MOISTURE CONTENT	%	17.40

REMARKS:  
 Fast Wash Weight = 408.3 - 150.2

(Soil exploration CO. on Label)

NOTES:  
 1. SHOW UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

TESTED BY: Jim Emery DATE: 12/4/95 COMPUTED BY: Jim Emery DATE: 12/8/95 CHECKED BY: DATE:

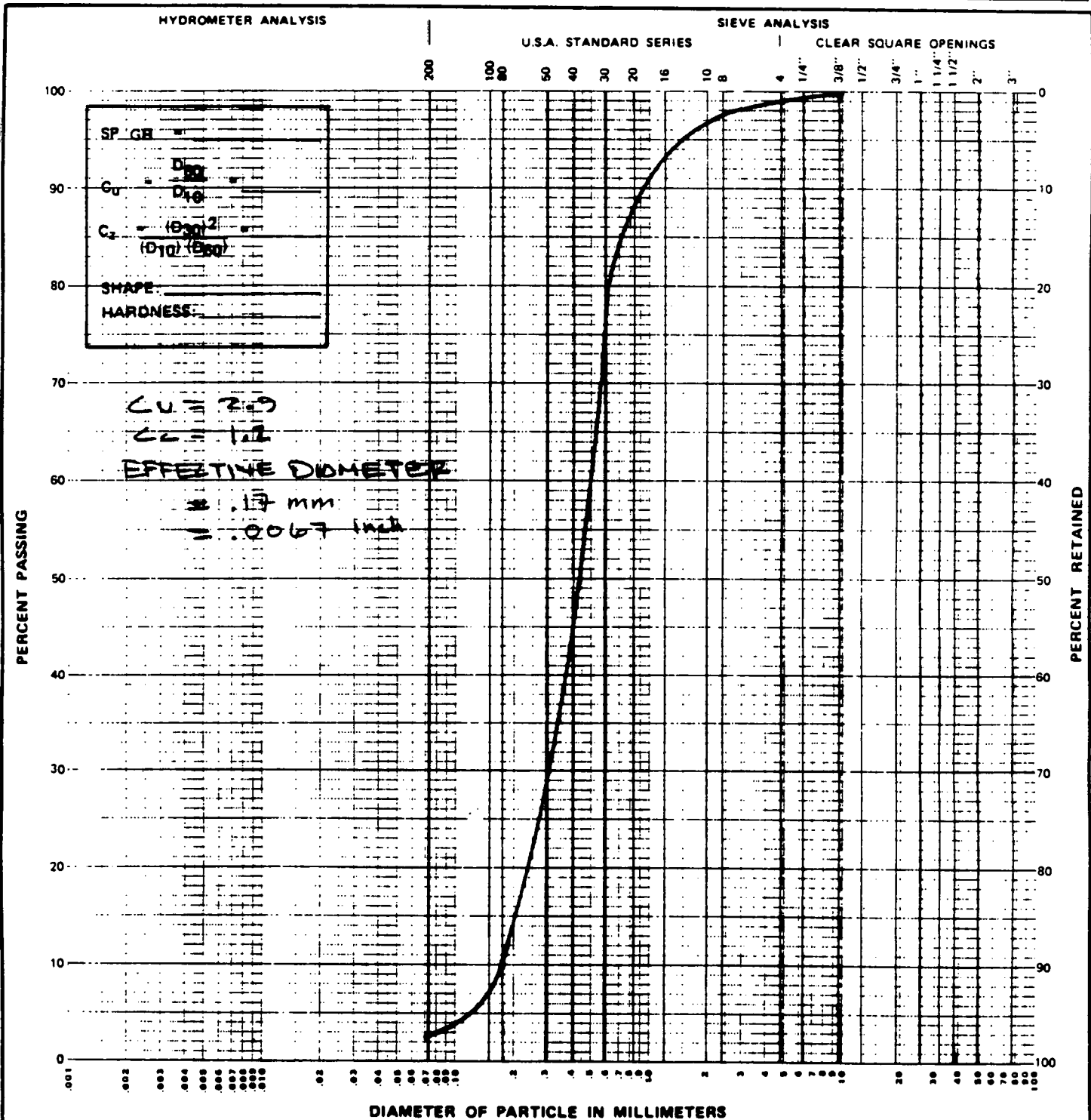


PROJECT NUMBER: L20303.00

**PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS**

ASTM D422

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSOV LANDFILL  
 MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER  
 SAMPLE LOCATION: B4D 393 to 402 SAMPLE NO. 52  
 TYPE OF SAMPLE: \_\_\_\_\_



COLLOIDS	CLAY SIZE	SILT SIZE	SAND			GRAVEL	COBBLES
			FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE		

SAMPLE CLASSIFICATION: POORLY GRADED SAND (SP)

TESTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ COMPUTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ CHECKED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

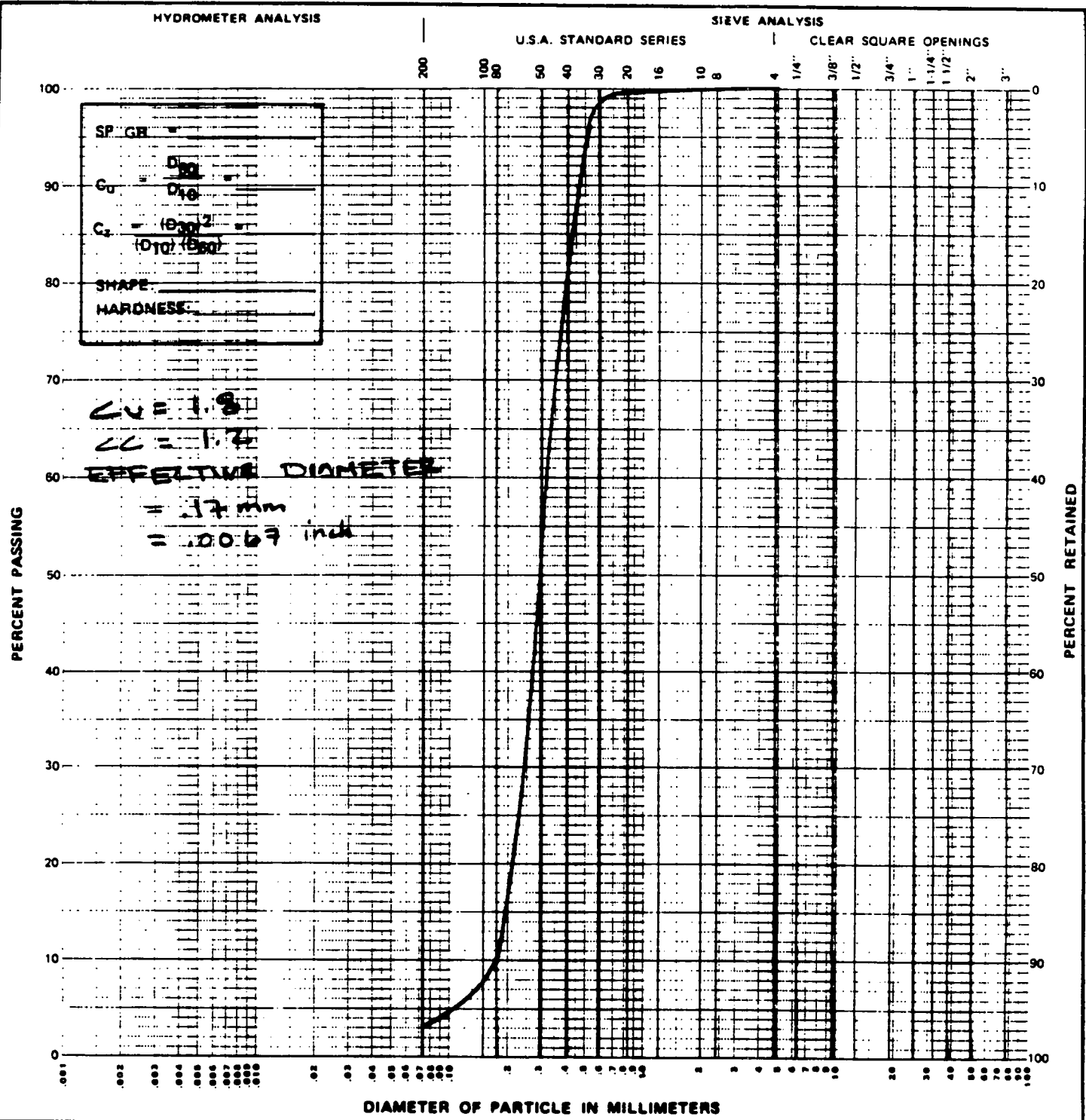


PROJECT NUMBER  
L 20303.A0

### PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU  
 MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER  
 SAMPLE LOCATION: B-4D 895 to 862 SAMPLE NO. S-7  
 TYPE OF SAMPLE: \_\_\_\_\_



COLLOIDS	CLAY SIZE	SILT SIZE	SAND			GRAVEL	COBBLES
			FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE		

SAMPLE CLASSIFICATION POORLY GRADED SAND (SP)

TESTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

COMPUTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_



PROJECT NUMBER  
**L 20303.A0**

**SIEVE ANALYSIS**

ASTM D422/C136

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: **WAUSAU LANDFILL**

MATERIALS LABORATORY: **DENVER**

SAMPLE LOCATION: **75 195 to 212**

TYPE OF SAMPLE: **SMALL BOTTLE** SAMPLE NO. **S-5**

GROSS WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE **467.6** TARE MASS **167.3** PAN NO. **220** NET WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE \_\_\_\_\_

GROSS DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE **448.9** TARE MASS **167.3** PAN NO. **220** NET DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE, A **281.6**

COARSE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
1/2	167.4	167.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	
3/8	175.9	167.4	8.5	8.5	3.0	3.0	97.0	

FINE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS, C \_\_\_\_\_

DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ PRIOR TO WASH, D **281.6**

DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ AFTER WASH **274.8**

CONVERSION FACTOR, F =  $\frac{C}{D}$  = **N/A**

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	INDIVIDUAL GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL (AS RECORDED)	(F) INDIVIDUAL (TOTAL BASIS)	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
4	194.3	175.9	18.4	26.9	6.5	9.6	90.4	
8	228.2	194.3	33.9	60.8	12.0	21.6	78.4	
16	269.3	228.2	41.1	101.9	14.6	36.2	63.8	
30	326.6	269.3	57.3	159.2	20.3	56.5	43.5	
50	414.6	326.6	88.0	247.2	31.3	87.8	12.2	
100	435.7	414.6	21.1	268.3	7.5	95.3	4.7	
200	441.8	435.7	6.1	274.4	2.2	97.4	2.6	
PAN	442.1	441.8	0.3	274.7				

MOISTURE CONTENT DATA		UNITS
CAN NO.		<b>220</b>
GROSS WET MASS	gms	<b>467.6</b>
GROSS DRY MASS		<b>448.9</b>
MOISTURE MASS		<b>18.7</b>
TARE MASS		<b>167.3</b>
DRY SOIL MASS		<b>281.6</b>
MOISTURE CONTENT	%	<b>6.64</b>

REMARKS:  
**POST WASH WEIGHT = 442.2 - 167.4**

NOTES:  
1. SHOW UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

TESTED BY: **Jim Emery** DATE: **12/18/85** COMPUTED BY: **Jim Emery** DATE: **12/18/85** CHECKED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_



PROJECT NUMBER  
L20303.A0

**PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS**

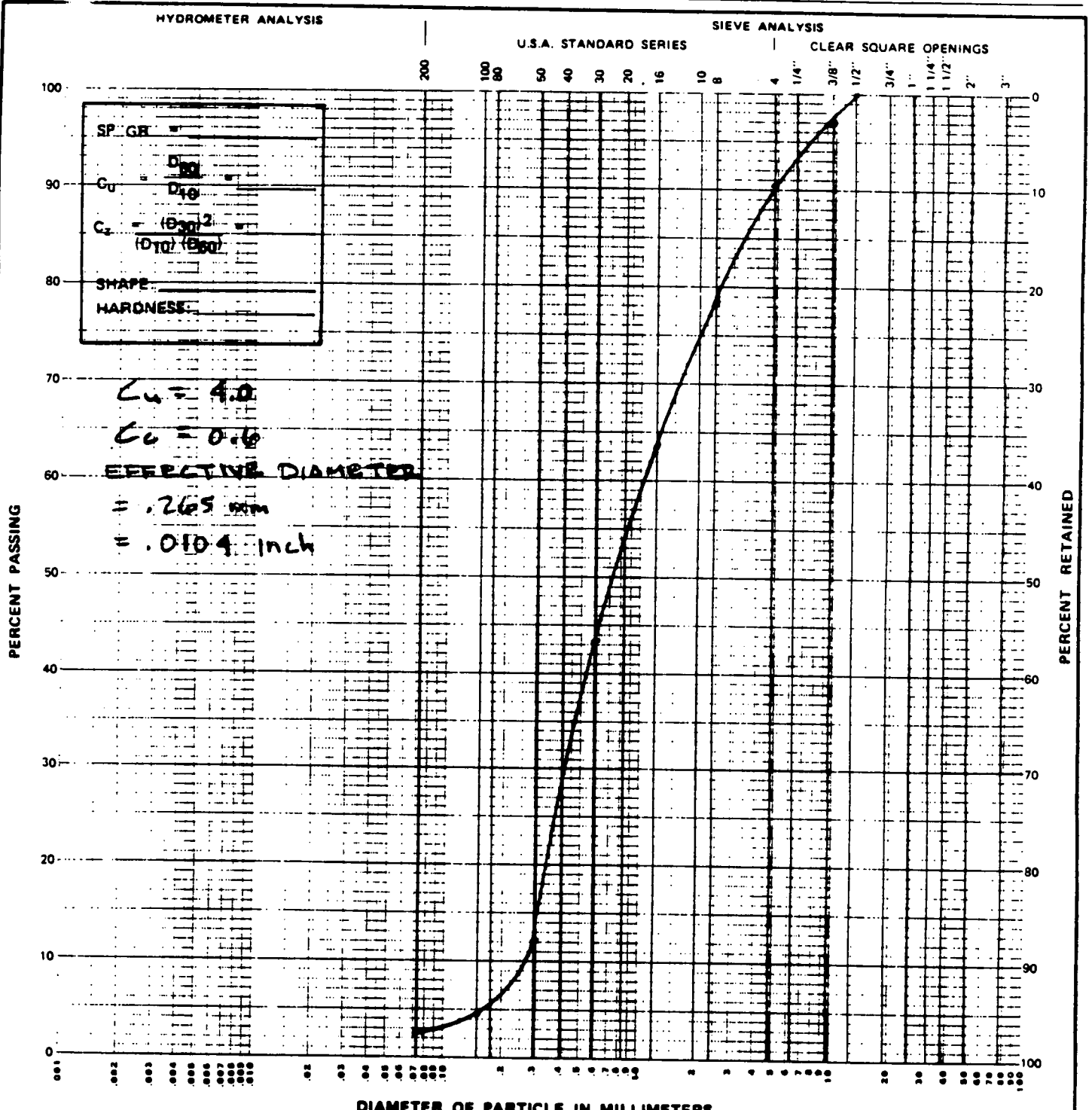
ASTM D422

PROJEC TION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATEP LORATORY: DENVER

SAMPL E: 75 19<sup>2</sup> to 21<sup>2</sup> SAMPLE NO. S-5

TYPE MPLE:



COLLOIDS	CLAY SIZE	SILT SIZE	SAND			GRAVEL	COBBLES
			FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE		

SAMPLE CLASSIFICATION POORLY GRADED SAND (SP)

TESTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

COMPUTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

CHECKED BY: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_



PROJECT NUMBER

120303.A0

## SIEVE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422/C136

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 7S 29<sup>5</sup> to 31<sup>0</sup>

SAMPLE NO. S-7

TYPE OF SAMPLE: SMALL BOTTLE

GROSS WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 425.9 TARE MASS 155.3 PAN NO. 8 NET WET MASS TOTAL SAMPLE \_\_\_\_\_  
 GROSS DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE 382.2 TARE MASS 155.3 PAN NO. 8 NET DRY MASS TOTAL SAMPLE, A 226.9

COARSE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
3/8	155.3	155.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	

FINE FRACTION: NET WET MASS \_\_\_\_\_ MOISTURE, % \_\_\_\_\_ NET DRY MASS, C \_\_\_\_\_

DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ PRIOR TO WASH, D 226.9DRY MASS \_\_\_\_\_ AFTER WASH 225.4CONVERSION FACTOR, F =  $\frac{C}{D}$  = N/A

STANDARD SIEVE DESIGNATION	INDIVIDUAL GROSS MASS	TARE MASS	NET MASS RETAINED		PERCENT RETAINED		ACCUMULATIVE PERCENT PASSING	SPECIFICATIONS
			INDIVIDUAL, E (AS RECORDED)	(F) INDIVIDUAL (TOTAL BASIS)	INDIVIDUAL	ACCUMULATIVE		
4	155.5	155.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	99.9	
8	156.3	155.5	0.8	1.0	0.4	0.5	99.5	
16	159.0	156.3	2.7	3.7	1.2	1.6	98.4	
30	190.3	159.0	31.3	35.0	13.5	15.4	84.6	
50	319.8	190.3	129.5	164.5	57.1	72.5	27.5	
100	377.0	319.8	57.2	221.7	25.2	97.7	2.3	
200	380.6	377.0	3.6	225.3	1.6	99.3	0.7	
P20	330.7	330.6	0.1	225.4				

MOISTURE CONTENT DATA: UNITS

REMARKS:

CAN NO.

8

FAST WASH WEIGHT = 380.7 - 155.3

GROSS WET MASS

gms 425.9

GROSS DRY MASS

382.2

MOISTURE MASS

43.7

TARE MASS

155.3

DRY SOIL MASS

226.9

NOTES:

1. SHOW UNITS OF MEASUREMENT.

MOISTURE CONTENT

% 19.26

TESTED BY:

Jim Eimers

DATE:

12/4/85

COMPUTED BY:

Jim Eimers

DATE:

12/6/85

CHECKED BY:

DATE:



PROJECT NUMBER

L20303.A0

PARTICLE-SIZE ANALYSIS

ASTM D422

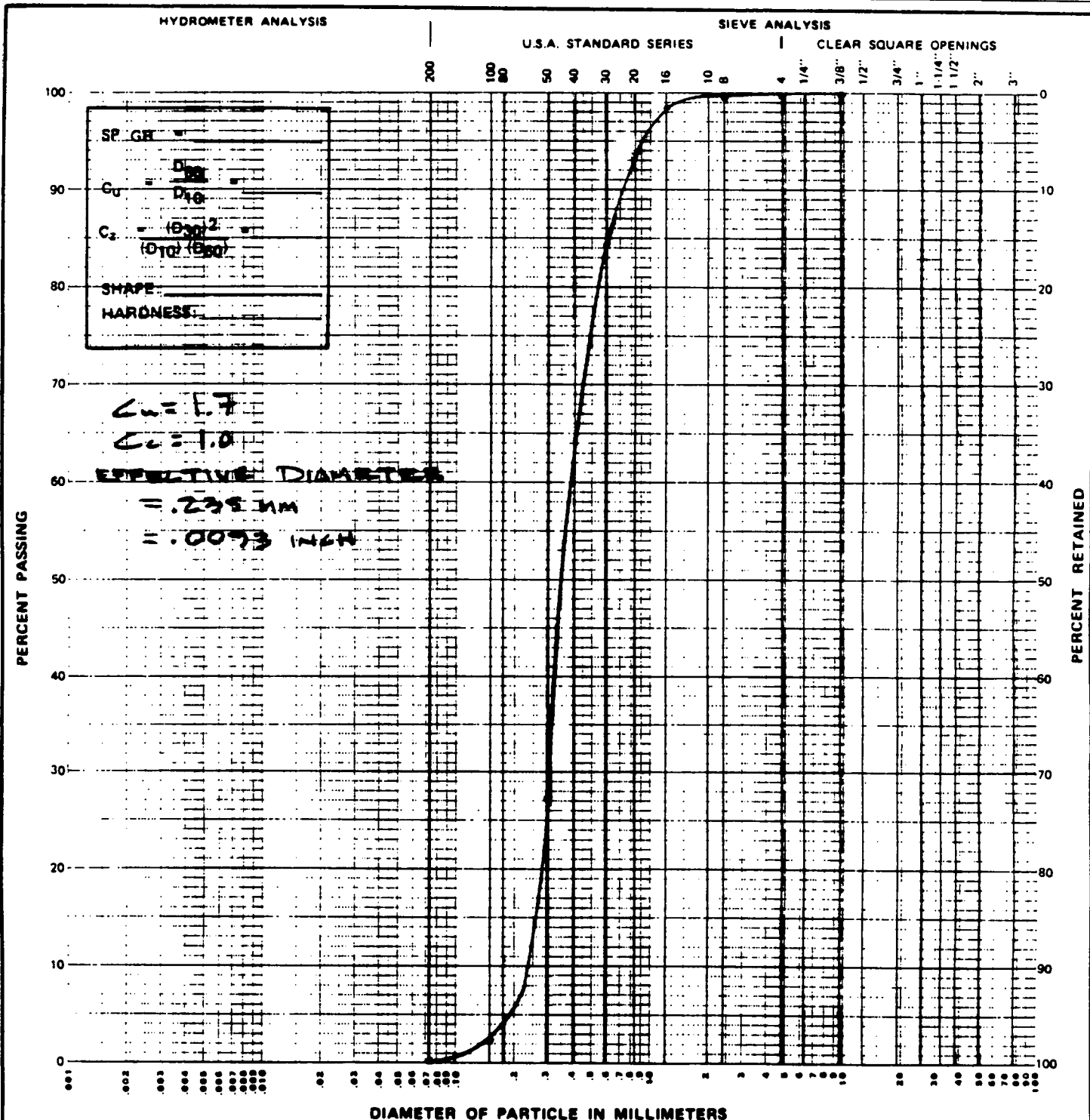
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: WAUSAU LANDFILL

MATERIALS LABORATORY: DENVER

SAMPLE LOCATION: 7S 29<sup>S</sup> + 31<sup>S</sup>

SAMPLE NO. S-7

TYPE OF SAMPLE:



COLLOIDS	CLAY SIZE	SILT SIZE	SAND			GRAVEL	COBBLES
			FINE	MEDIUM	COARSE		

SAMPLE CLASSIFICATION POORLY GRADE SAND (SP)

TESTED BY:	DATE:	COMPUTED BY:	DATE:	CHECKED BY:	DATE:
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