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APPENDIX A

Public Participation Materials

Big Portage Lake Management Planning Project

Update: December 2010

Submitted by: Brenton Butterfield, Onterra, LLC

All field studies relating to the Big Portage Lake Management Plan have been completed, and we greatly enjoyed our time spent on Big Portage Lake. Field studies on the lake began on February 23, 2010 when Onterra ecologists drilled through the ice to take water quality samples.

Additional samples were collected during the spring and fall turnover periods, as well as during the summer months via coordination with the Big Portage Lake Citizen Lake Monitor volunteer, Mr. Forrest Muehlethaler. We have only just begun to evaluate all of the data that were collected over this past year, but regarding water quality on Big Portage Lake we can say with certainty that nothing was unexpected. The lake's water quality is very good with high water clarity and low nutrient/algae levels.

Numerous aquatic plant surveys were completed on the lake throughout the summer, identifying 26 native aquatic plant species. One species that was located, small purple bladderwort (*Utricularia resupinata*), is presently denoted as a species of 'special concern' in Wisconsin due to its rarity and sensitivity to environmental degradation, and is a testament to the high quality conditions found in Big Portage Lake. Other aquatic plant species that are considered to be environmentally sensitive were also observed, including alternate-flowered water milfoil, dwarf water milfoil, and water lobelia. The exotic species curly-leaf pondweed and Eurasian water milfoil were not located during any of the surveys, and it is likely that these aquatic invasives do not exist in Big Portage Lake at this time or exist at an undetectable level.

The floating-leaf and emergent plant communities within Big Portage Lake were also accurately mapped, creating a snap-shot in which future data can compare and determine whether these communities are expanding or receding; which is often the case with changing water levels. A survey assessing the quality of shoreline habitat was also completed.

Our next steps over this coming winter will be to finish analyzing the data collected during these field surveys and to begin drawing conclusions on the current status of the water quality, the plant community, and the shoreline areas of Big Portage Lake. We will compile the water quality data collected this year as well as any historic data that exists to determine not only the current condition of the lake's water quality, but if sufficient historical data exists, to also ascertain if any significant changes are occurring over time.

Aquatic plants are the foundation of terrestrial as well as aquatic ecosystems, and can be used as indicators of environmental condition. We will use analysis methods such as the Floristic Quality Index to assess the current condition of Big Portage Lake's plant community, as well as compare it to those of other lakes within the Northern Lakes Ecoregion and Wisconsin. The data collected from the shoreline assessment survey will allow us to delineate and recommend areas that may be possible candidates for shoreline protection or restoration.


The data from the stakeholder survey sent out to association members over the summer will also be analyzed. This information will be very useful during the planning process as it provides insight into the stakeholder's ideas and thoughts pertaining to Big Portage Lake.

Once the data analyses and studies report are complete, the Planning Committee members will meet with Onterra ecologists to develop realistic and implementable management actions. The management actions will be a collaborative effort to help stakeholders meet their realistic management goals while doing what is best ecologically for the lake. The timing of this meeting will depend upon the availability of the committee members. Once the management plan is developed, a public meeting called a "Project Wrap-up Meeting" will be held to present the study results and the management plan to all those who are interested.



Presentation Outline

- Onterra, LLC
- Why Create a Management Plan?
- Elements of a Lake Management Planning Project
 - Data & Information
 - Planning Process




Onterra, LLC

- Founded in 2005
- Staff
 - Five full-time ecologists
 - One part-time ecologist
 - One intern
- Services
 - Science and planning
- Philosophy
 - Promote realistic planning
 - Assist, not direct



Why create a lake management plan?

- To create a better understanding of lake's positive and negative attributes.
- To discover ways to minimize the negative attributes and maximize the positive attributes.
- To foster realistic expectations and dispel myths.
- To create a snapshot of the lake for future reference and planning.



Elements of an Effective Lake Management Planning Project

Data and Information Gathering

Environmental & Sociological

Planning Process

Brings it all together



Data and information gathering

- Study Components
 - Water Quality Analysis
 - Watershed Assessment
 - Aquatic Plant Surveys
 - Fisheries Data Integration
 - Stakeholder Survey
 - Shoreline Assessment



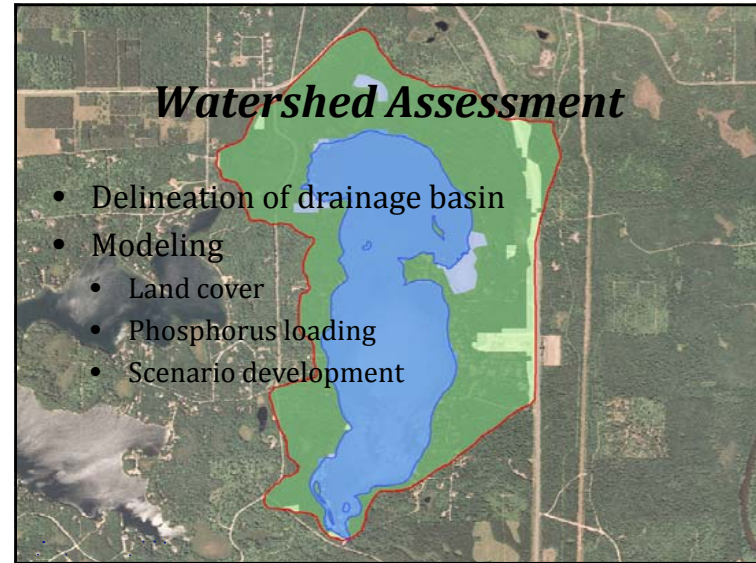
Water Quality Analysis

- General water chemistry (current & historic)
 - Citizens Lake Monitoring Network
- Nutrient analysis
 - Lake trophic state (Eutrophication)
 - Limiting plant nutrient
- Supporting data for watershed modeling



Watershed Assessment

- Delineation of drainage basin
- Modeling
 - Land cover
 - Phosphorus loading
 - Scenario development



Aquatic Plant Surveys

- Concerned with both native and non-native plants
- Multiple surveys used in assessment
 - Curly-leaf pondweed survey
 - Point-intercept survey
 - Plant community mapping
 - Volunteer survey findings

Non-native Aquatic Plants

Curly-leaf Pondweed



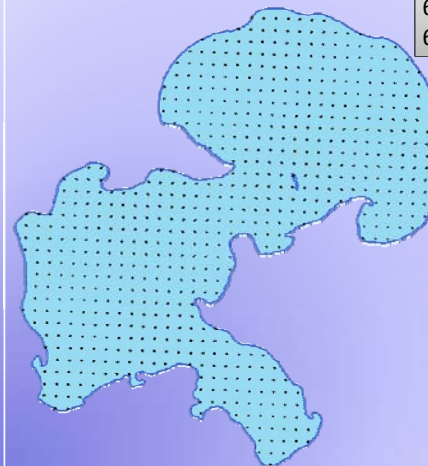
Non-native Aquatic Plants

Eurasian Water Milfoil



Big Portage Lake

60-meter resolution
653 total points



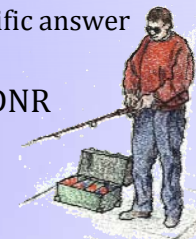
Fisheries Data Integration

- No fish sampling completed
- Assemble data from WDNR, USGS, USFWS, & GLIFWC
- Fish survey results summaries (if available)
- Use information in planning as applicable



Stakeholder Survey

- Standard survey used as base
 - Planning committee potentially develops additional questions and options
 - Must not lead respondent to specific answer through a “loaded” question
- Survey must be approved by WDNR



Shoreland Assessment

- Shoreland area is important for buffering runoff and provides valuable habitat for aquatic and terrestrial wildlife.
- It does not look at lake shoreline on a property-by-property basis.
- Assessment ranks shoreland area from shoreline back 35 feet

Urbanized



Natural



Planning Process

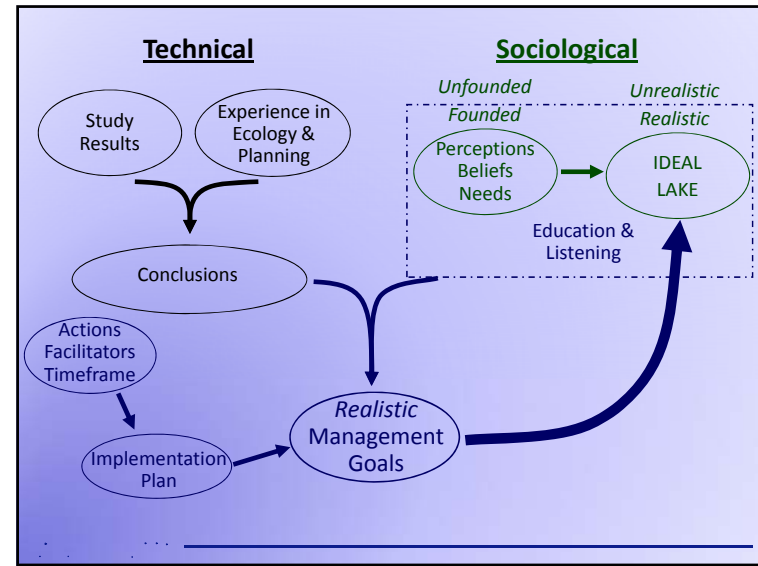
Planning Committee Meetings

Study Results (including a stakeholder survey)
Conclusions & Initial Recommendations

Management Goals
Management Actions
Timeframe
Facilitator(s)

Implementation Plan



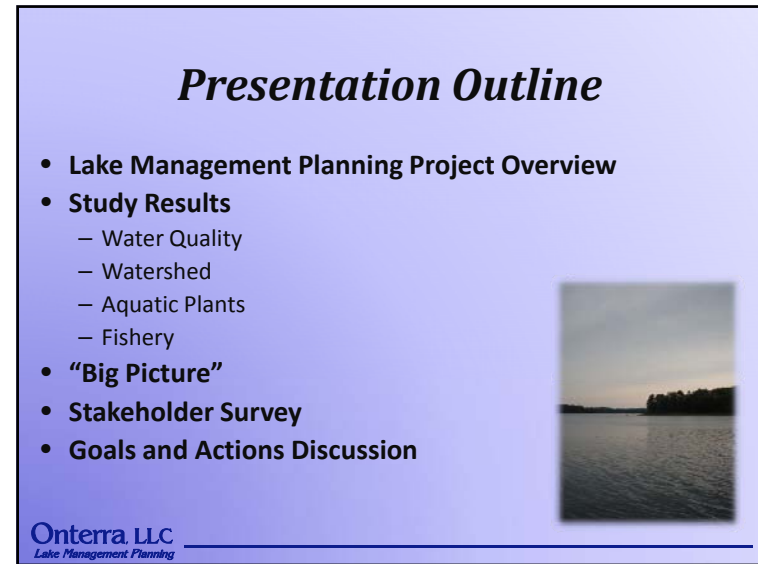




Big Portage Lake Association


**Big Portage Lake
 Management Planning Project
 Planning Meeting I
 July 25, 2011**

Tim Hoyman, CLM
 Onterra LLC
 Lake Management Planning



Presentation Outline

- **Lake Management Planning Project Overview**
- **Study Results**
 - Water Quality
 - Watershed
 - Aquatic Plants
 - Fishery
- **“Big Picture”**
- **Stakeholder Survey**
- **Goals and Actions Discussion**



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 Lake Management Planning

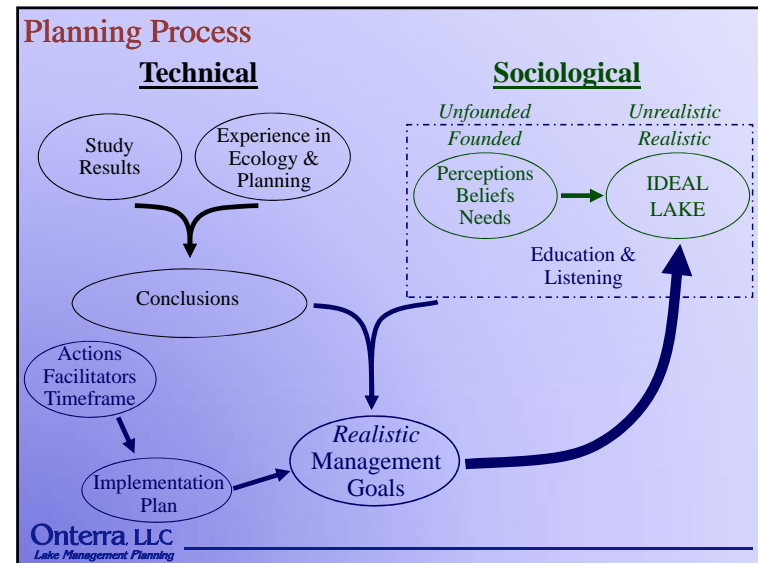


Study and Plan Goals

- Collect & Analyze Data
- Construct Long-Term & Useable Plan



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Water Quality

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Phosphorus (Limiting Plant Nutrient)

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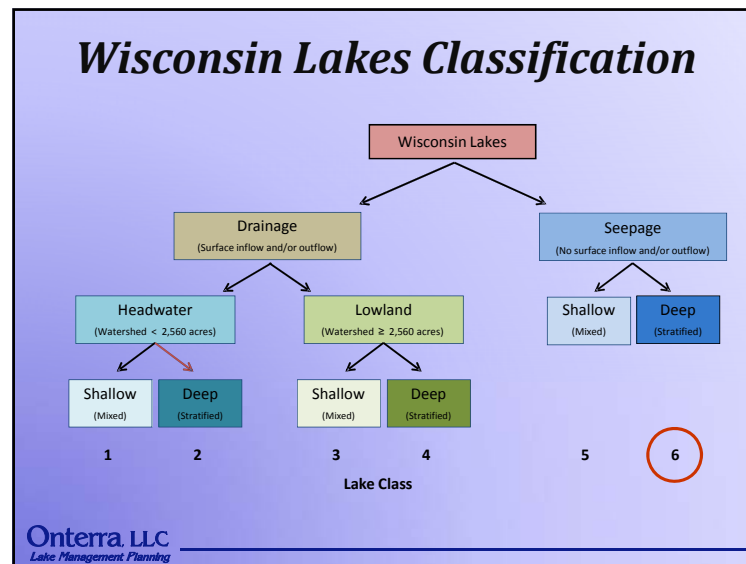
Chlorophyll-*a* (Algal Abundance)

↓

Water Clarity (Secchi Disk)



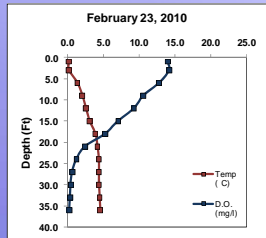




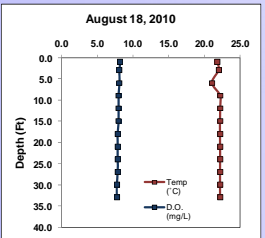
Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profiles


- **Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profiles**
 - Lake is stratified during winter and mixed during the summer(?)
 - Summer mixing may be a unusual or occasional event.
 - In the end, there is little concern for winter or summer fishkill

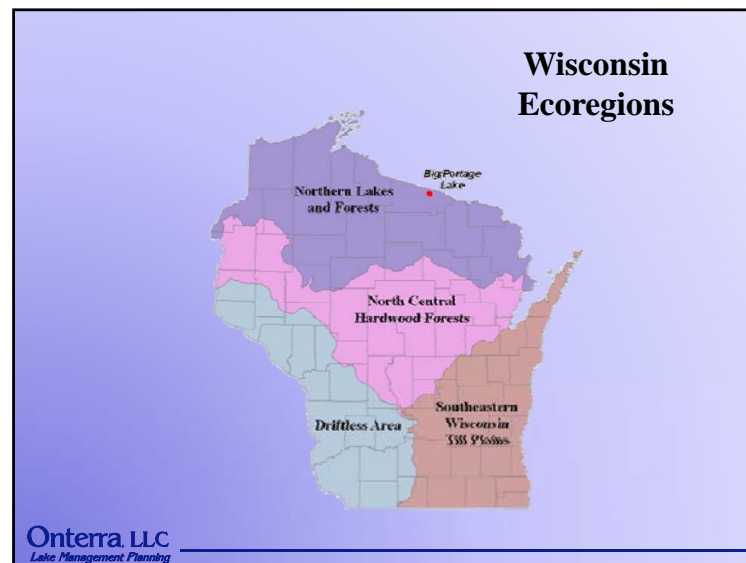
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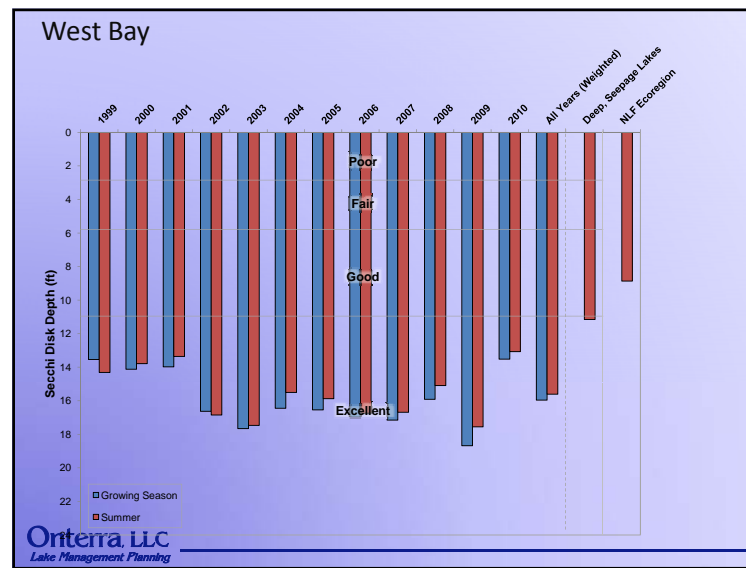
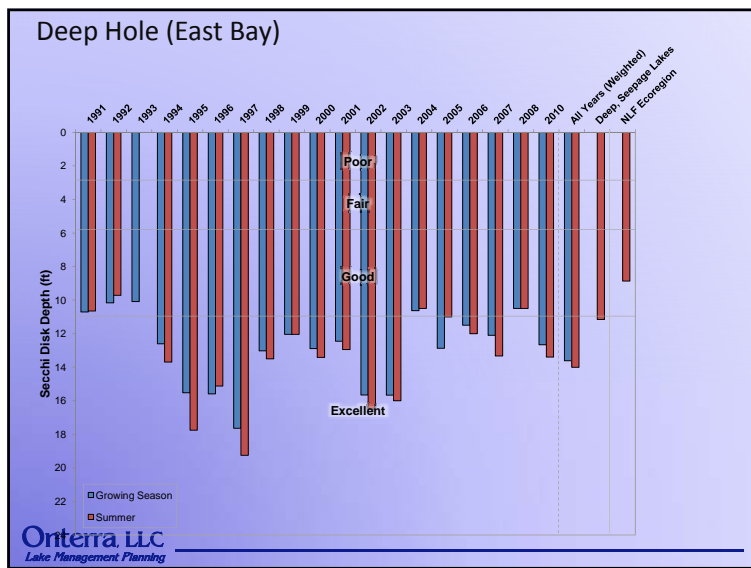
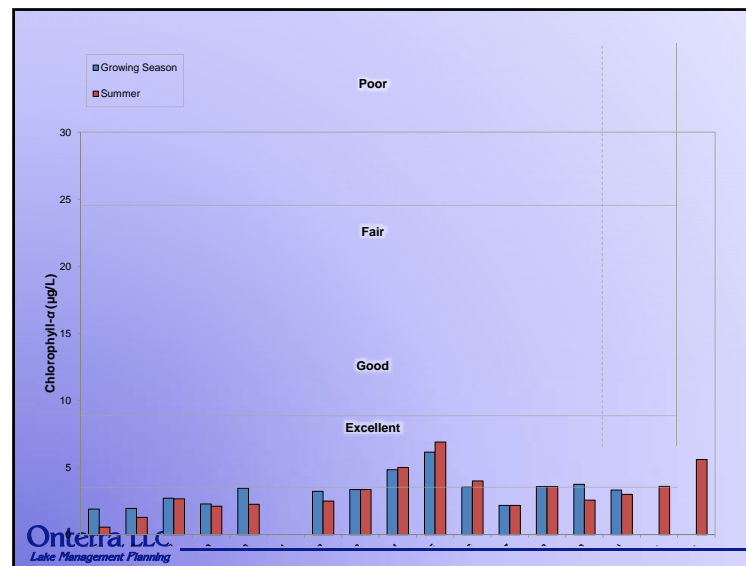
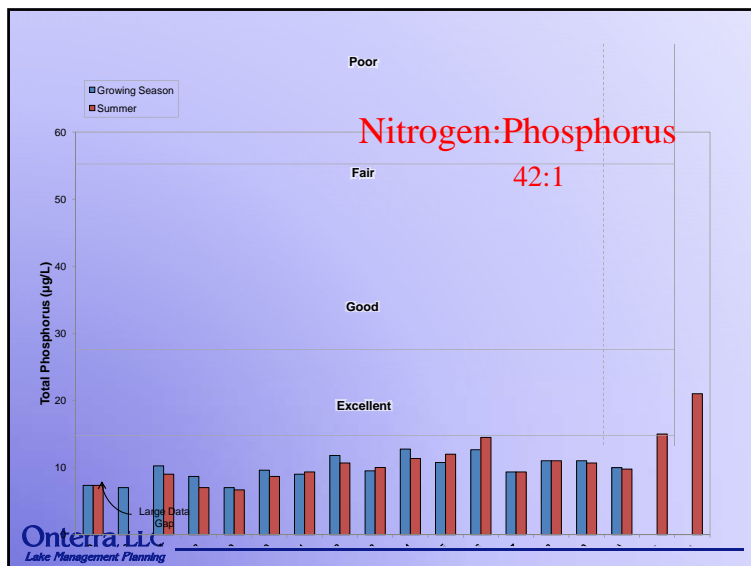


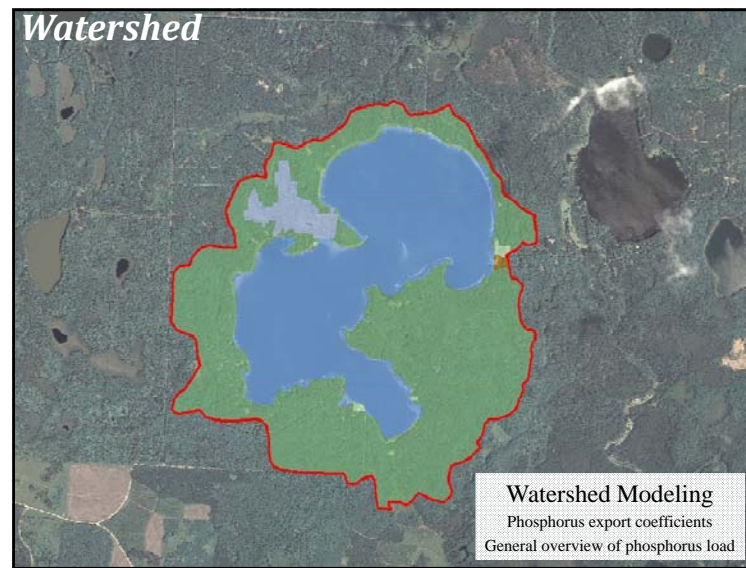
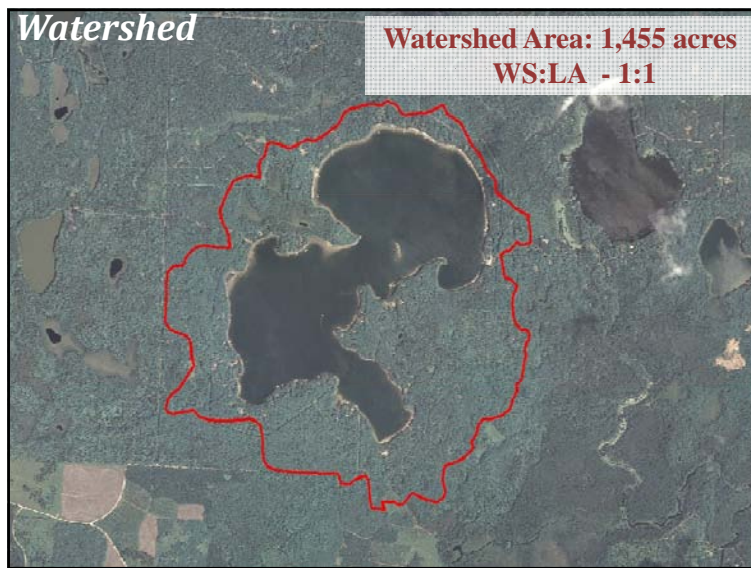
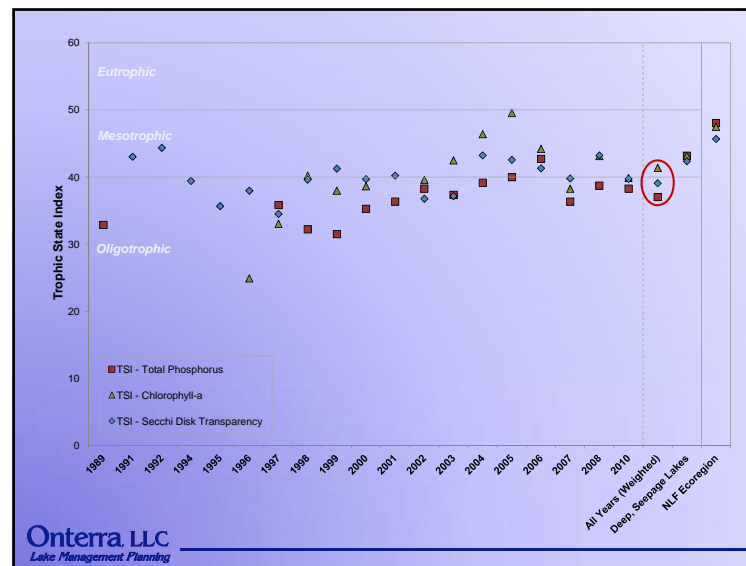
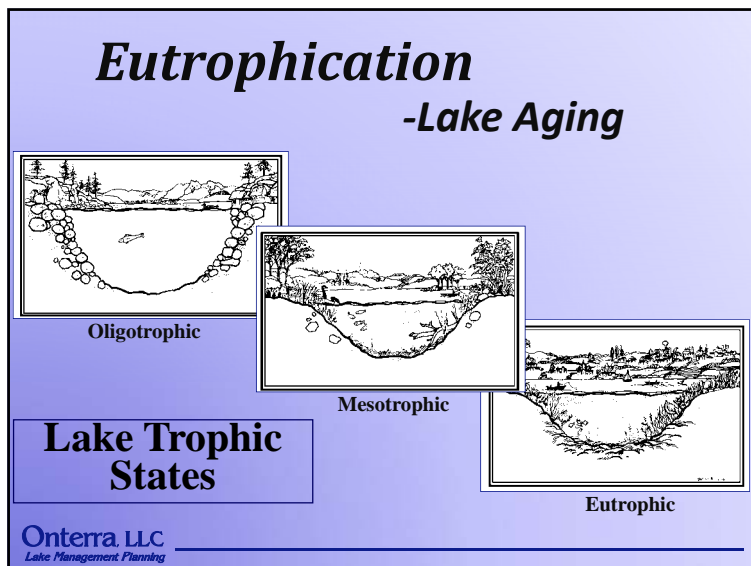
August 18, 2010

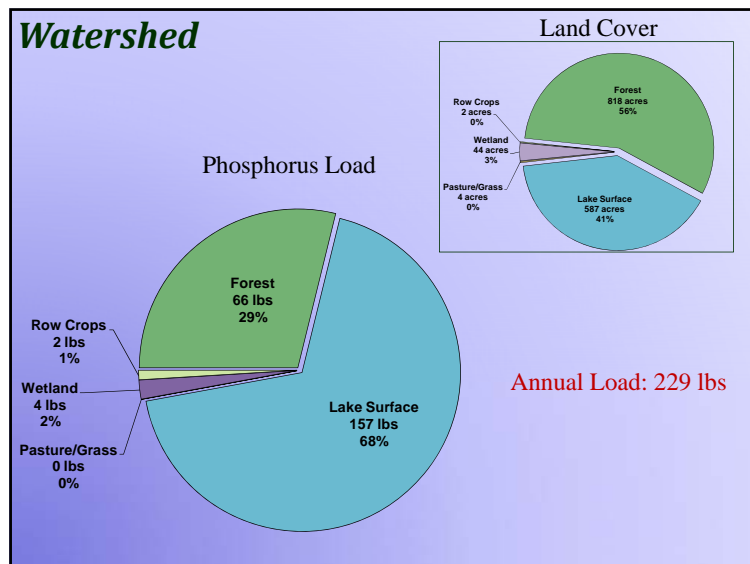












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Urbanized

➔

Natural

Range

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Lake Management Planning

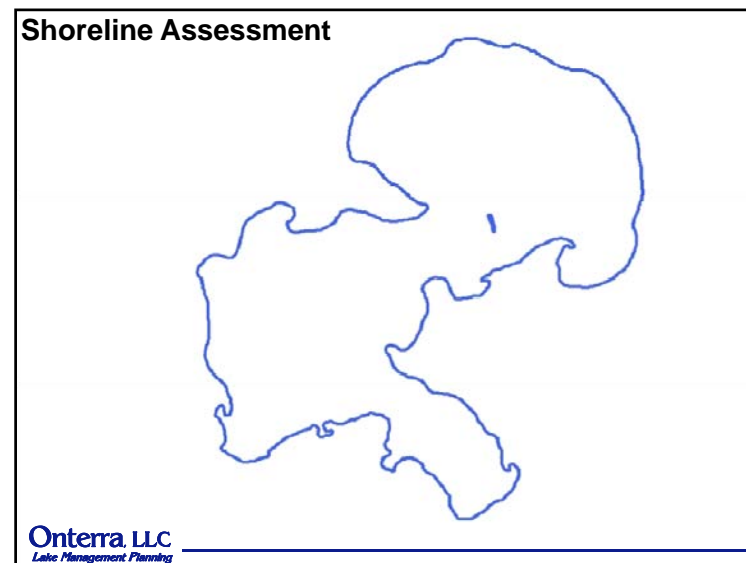
Shoreline Assessment Category Descriptions

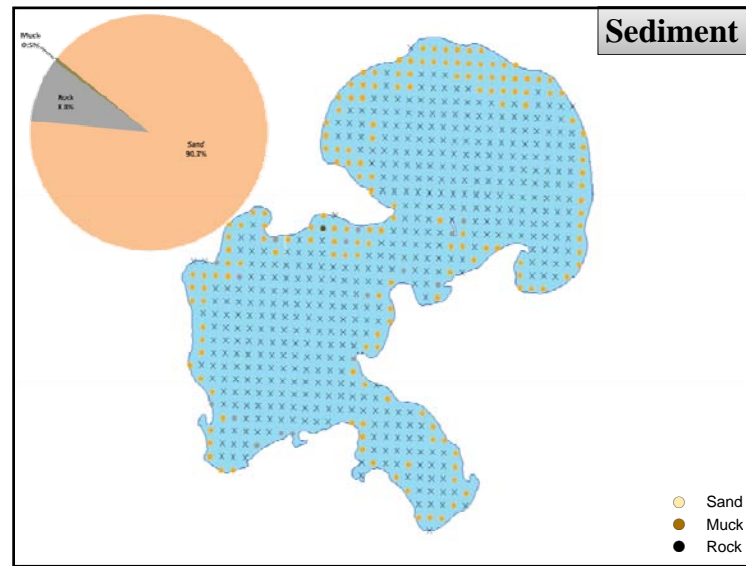
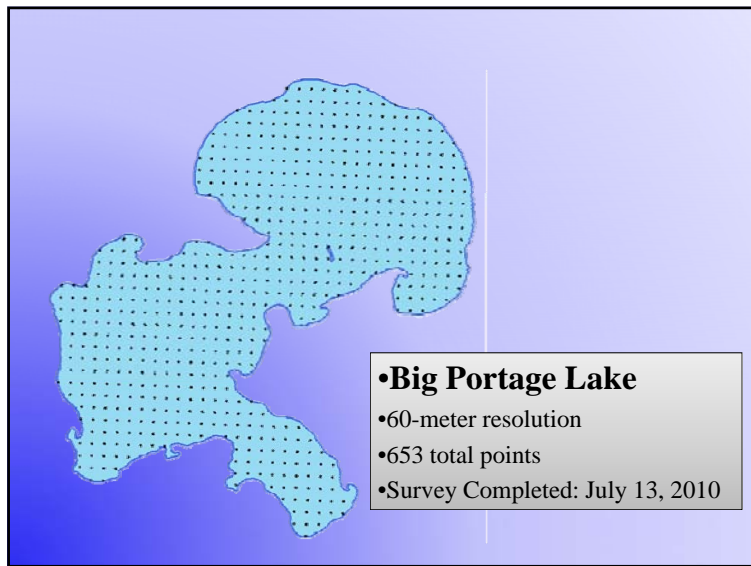
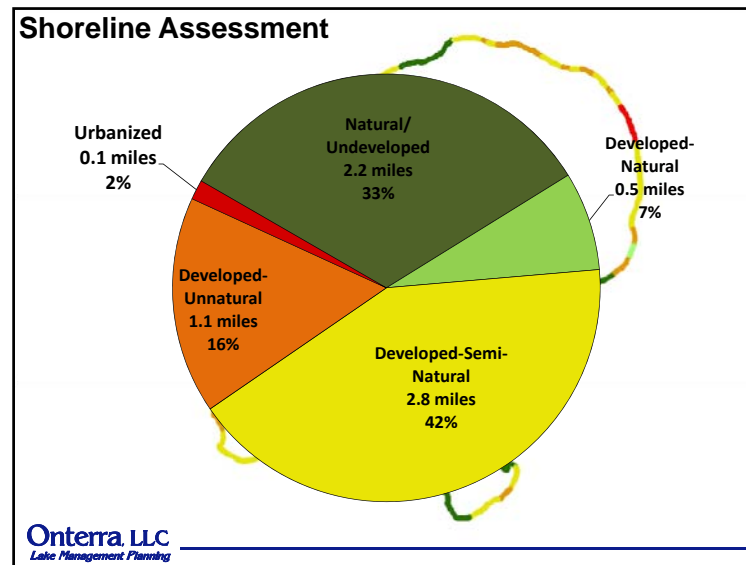
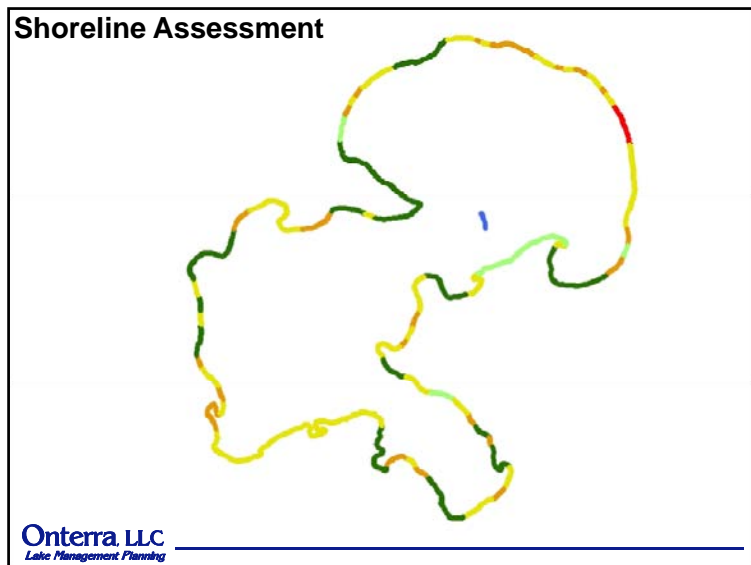
More Natural Habitat

Urbanized	Developed-Unnatural	Developed-Semi-Natural	Developed-Natural	Natural/Undeveloped

Greater Need for Restoration

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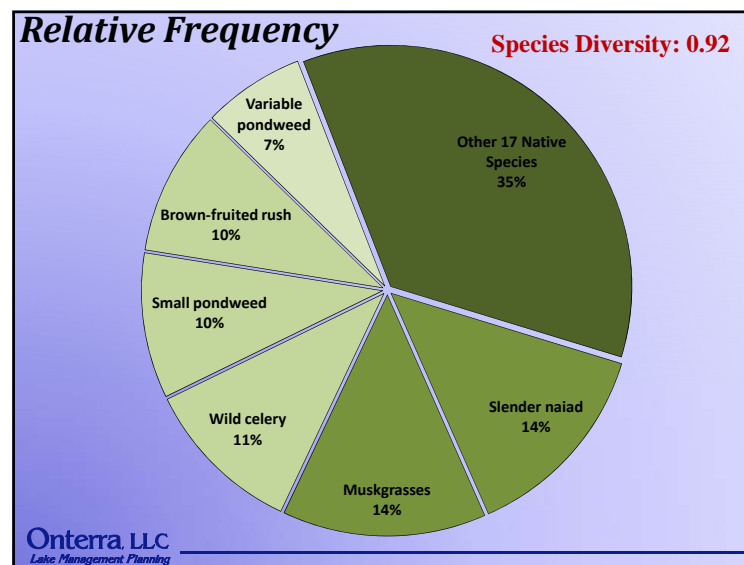
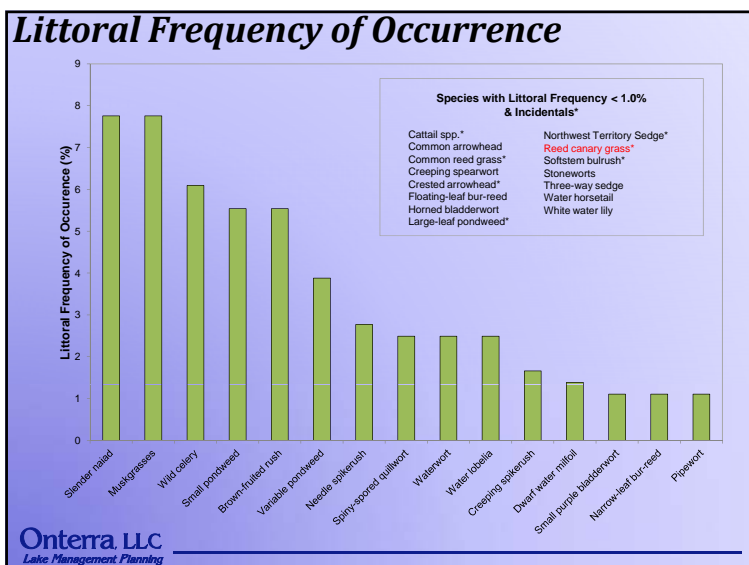
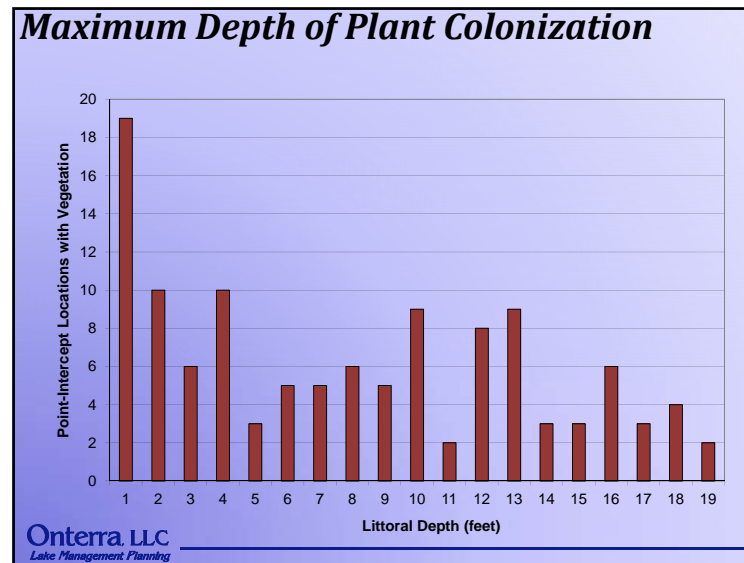


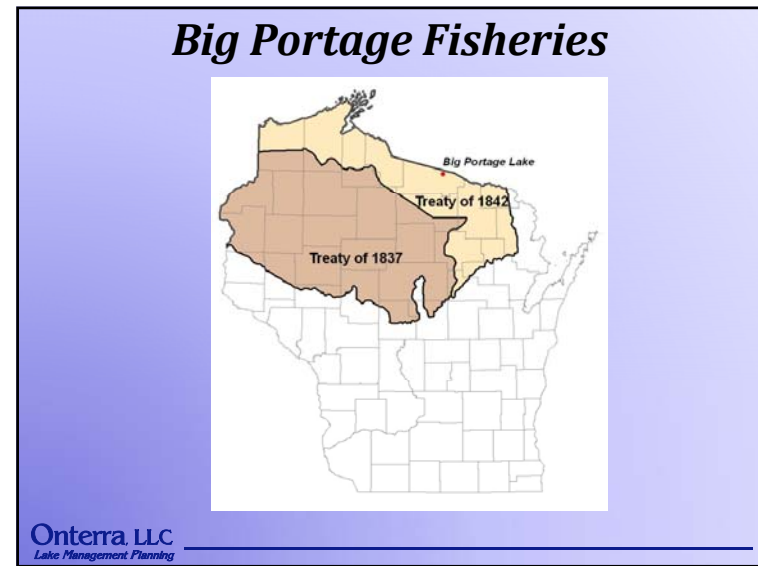
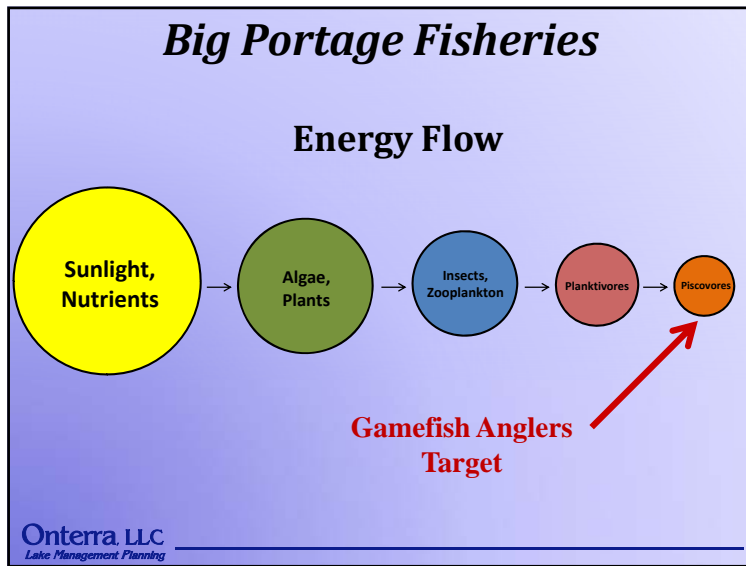
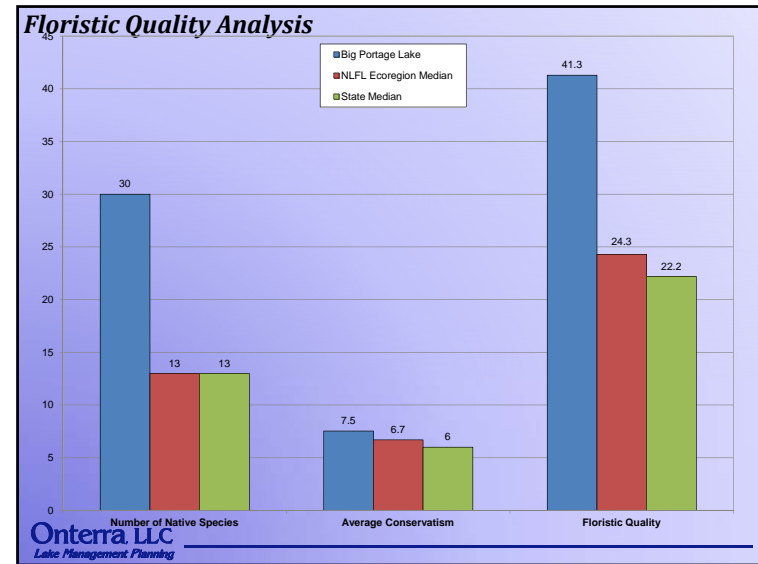
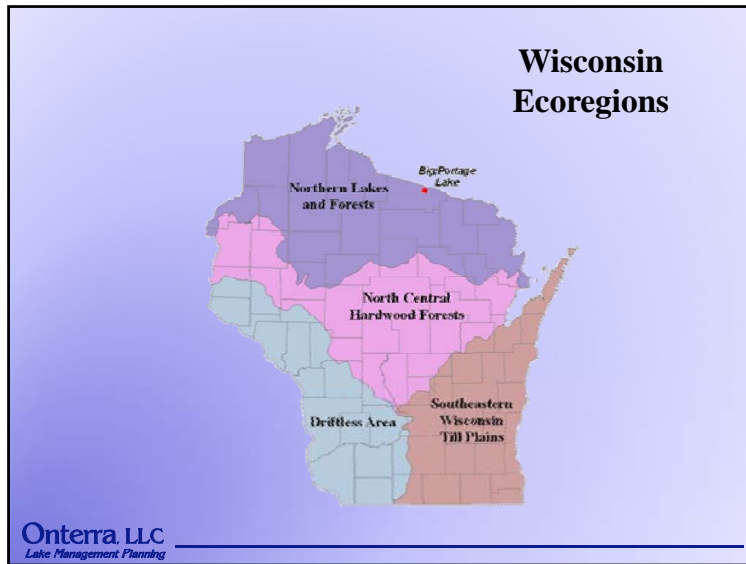
Species List

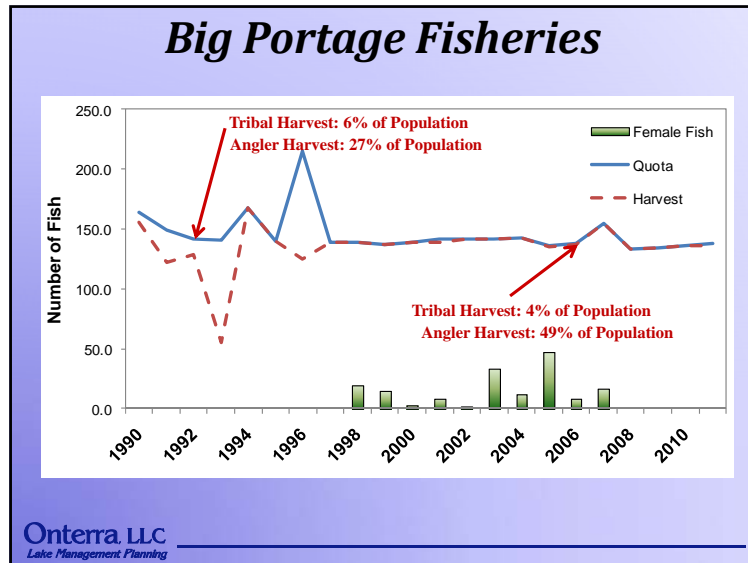
- 30 Native Species
- 1 Non-native Species
 - Reed canary grass
- 1 Special Species of Concern
 - Small purple bladderwort

Big Portage Lake			
Life Form	Scientific Name	Common Name	Coefficient of Conservatism (c)
Emergent	<i>Carex utriculata</i>	Northwest Territory Sedge	7
	<i>Dulichium arundinaceum</i>	Three-way sedge	9
	<i>Equisetum fluviatile</i>	Water horsetail	7
	<i>Eleocharis palustris</i>	Creeping spikerush	6
	<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	Reed canary grass	Exotic
	<i>Phragmites australis</i> subs. <i>americanus</i>	Common reed grass	N/A
	<i>Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani</i>	Softstem bulrush	4
	<i>Sagittaria latifolia</i>	Common arrowhead	3
	<i>Typha</i> spp.	Cattail spp.	1
FL	<i>Najas variegata</i>	Spatterdock	6
	<i>Nymphaea odorata</i>	White water lily	6
FLE	<i>Sparganium fluctuans</i>	Floating-leaf bur-reed	10
	<i>Sparganium angustifolium</i>	Narrow-leaf bur-reed	9
Submergent	<i>Chara</i> spp.	Muskgrasses	7
	<i>Eriocaulon aquaticum</i>	Pipewort	9
	<i>Elodea minima</i>	Waterwort	9
	<i>Isocetes sphenocarpa</i>	Spiny-spined quillwort	8
	<i>Lobelia dortmanna</i>	Water lobelia	10
	<i>Myriophyllum tenellum</i>	Dwarf water milfoil	10
	<i>Najas</i> sp.	Stonewort	7
	<i>Najas flexilis</i>	Slender naiad	6
	<i>Potamogeton amplifolius</i>	Large-leaf pondweed	7
	<i>Potamogeton gramineus</i>	Variable pondweed	7
	<i>Potamogeton pectinatus</i>	Small pondweed	7
	<i>Ranunculus flammula</i>	Creeping spearwort	9
	<i>Utricularia comuta</i>	Horned bladderwort	10
	<i>Utricularia resignata</i>	Small purple bladderwort	9
<i>Valisneria spiralis</i>	Wild celery	6	
SE	<i>Eleocharis acicularis</i>	Needle spikerush	5
	<i>Juncus pectocarpus</i>	Brown-fruited rush	8
	<i>Sagittaria cristata</i>	Crested arrowhead	9

FL = Floating Leaf
 FLE = Floating Leaf and Emergent
 S/E = Submergent and Emergent







Conclusions

- Water quality is excellent.
- Overall watershed is in great condition.
 - Land cover exports minimal phosphorus
 - Low WS:LA area ratio means groundwater is major source
 - Largest, controllable contributor is likely shoreland properties
- Aquatic plant community
 - Based upon standard analysis, native community is of high quality
 - Lake has diverse plant community, but it is of low biomass
- Fisheries
 - Lake's low productivity likely translates to low fish biomass
 - Low plant abundance may also limit fishery because of lacking structure in the lake




***Big Portage Lake Riparian
Owners Association***

**Big Portage Lake
Management Planning Project
Project Wrap-up Meeting
July 7, 2012**

Tim Hoyman
Onterra LLC
Lake Management Planning

Presentation Outline


- Lake Management Planning Project Overview
- Study Results
 - Water Quality
 - Watershed
 - Aquatic Plants
 - Fishery Information
- “Big Picture”
- Implementation Plan



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Lake Management Planning

Study and Plan Goals

- Collect & Analyze Data
- Construct Long-Term & Useable Plan



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Lake Management Planning

Overall Lake Health

- Excellent overall
 - Water quality
 - Watershed
 - Aquatic Plants
- Management Plan: Protection Mode



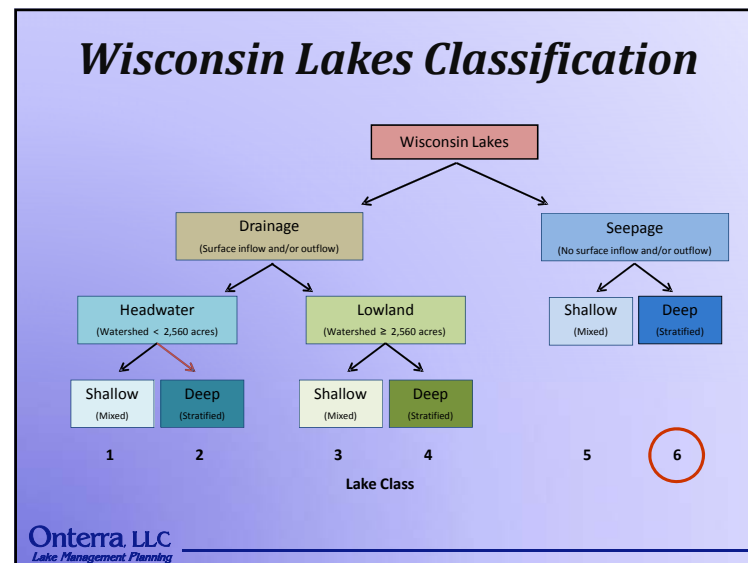
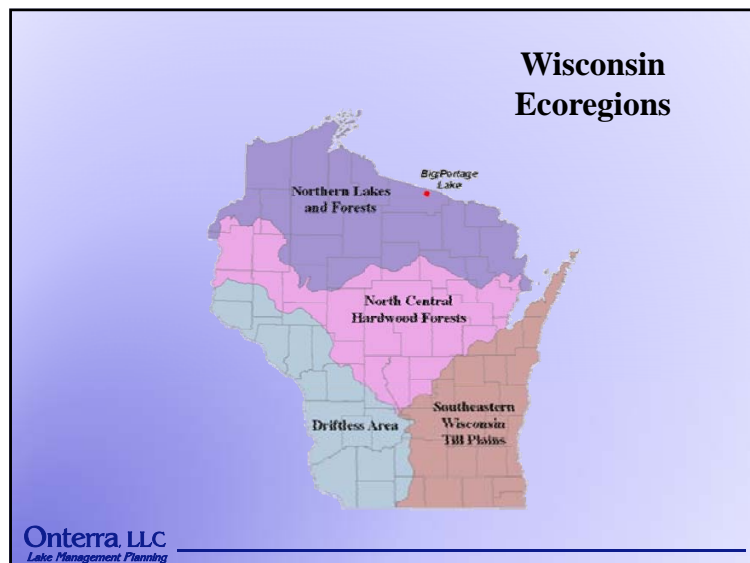
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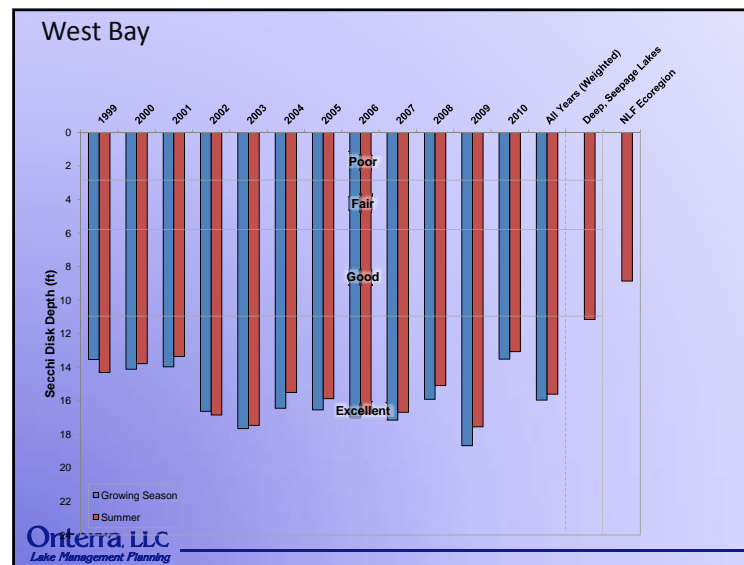
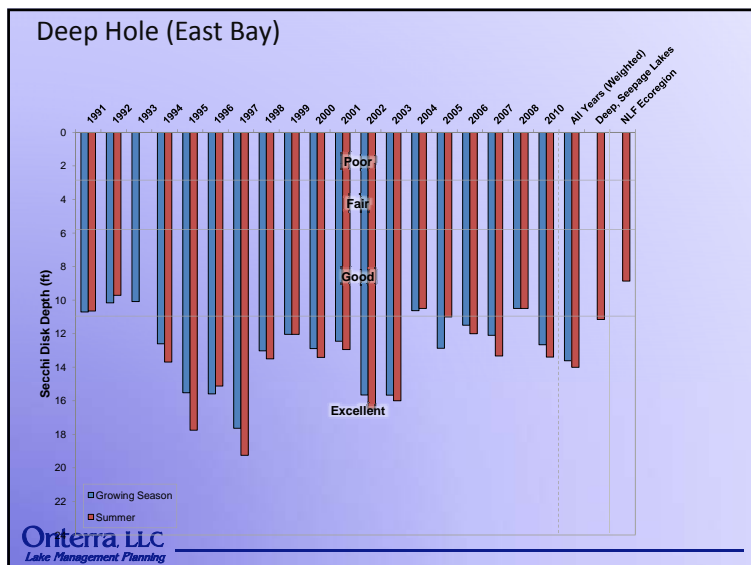
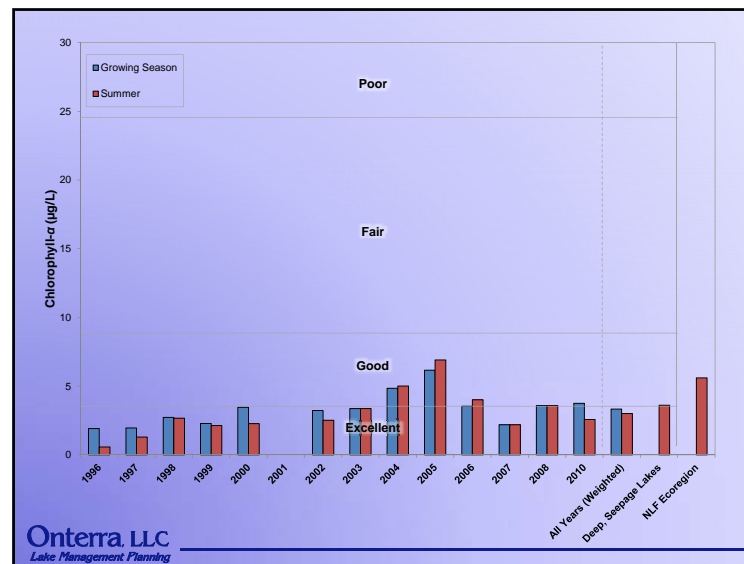
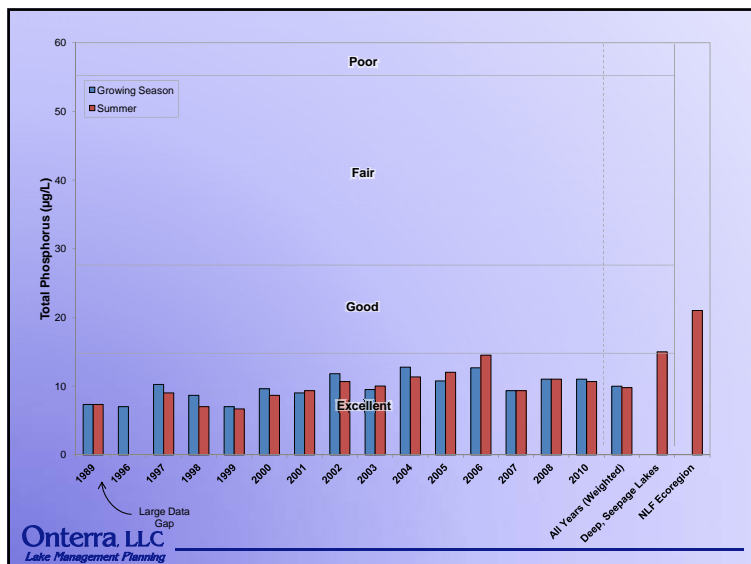


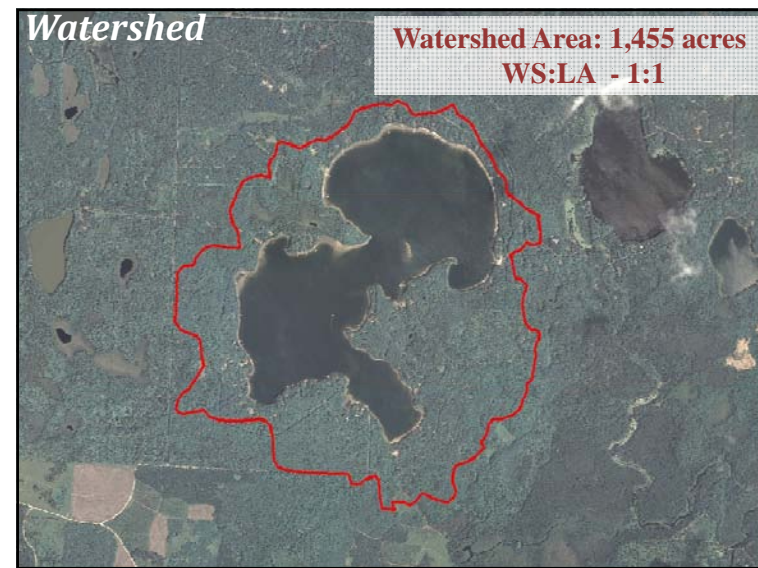
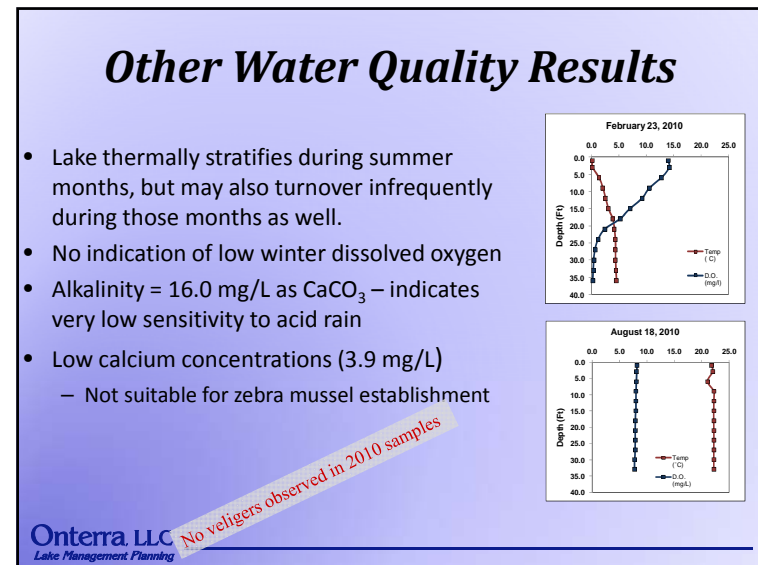
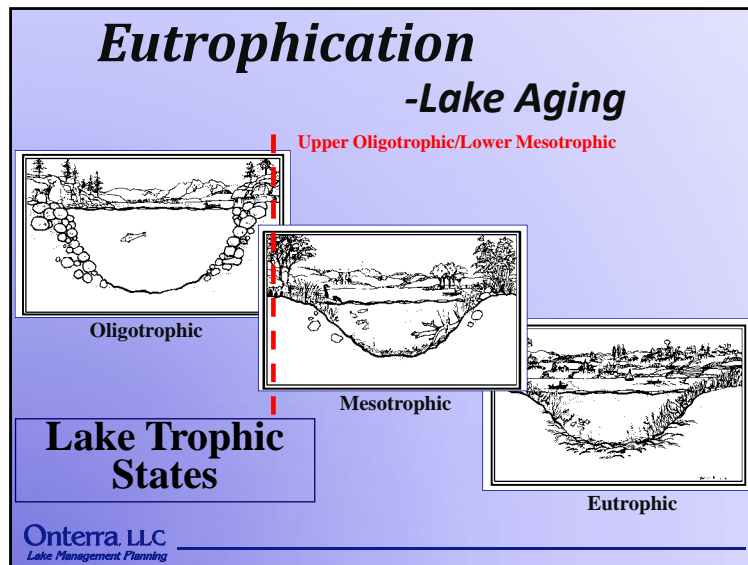
Water Quality

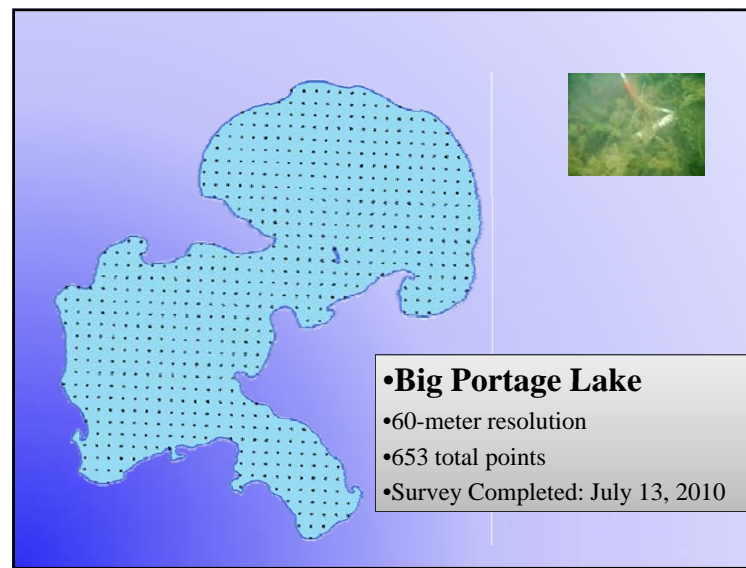
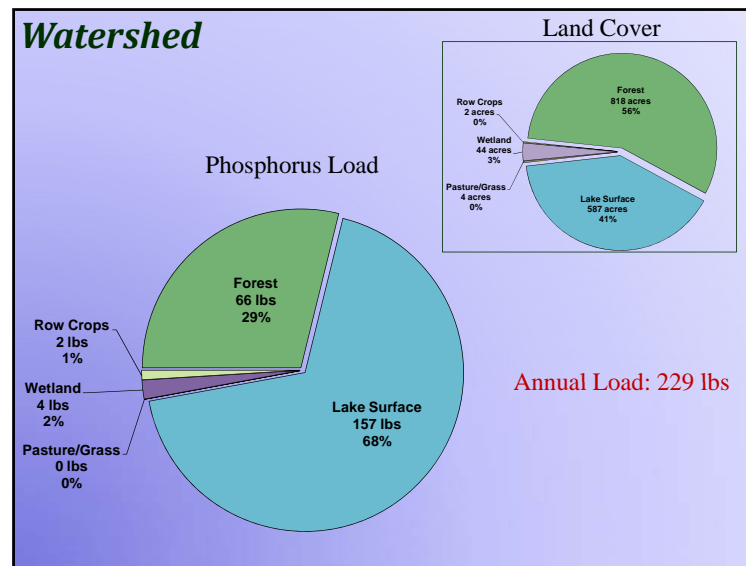
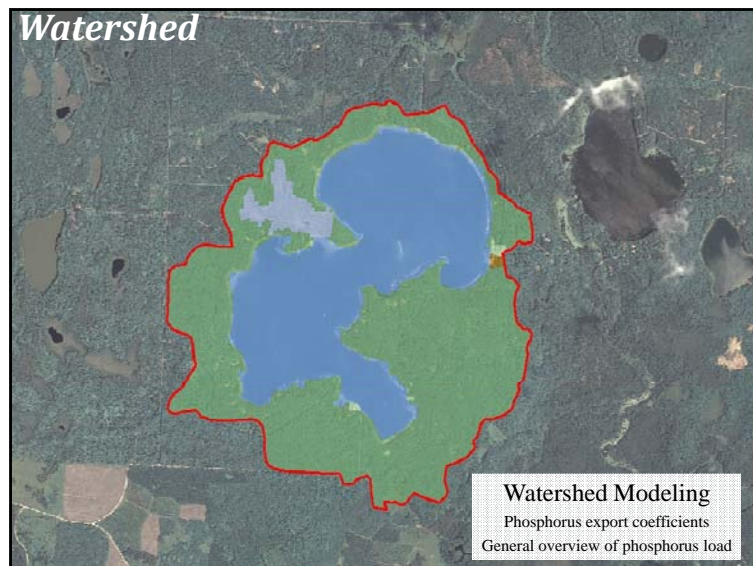
- ↑ **Phosphorus (Limiting Plant Nutrient)**
Nitrogen:Phosphorus = 42:1
- ↑ **Chlorophyll-*a* (Algal Abundance)**
Very low algal abundance
- ↓ **Water Clarity (Secchi Disk)**
High Water Clarity

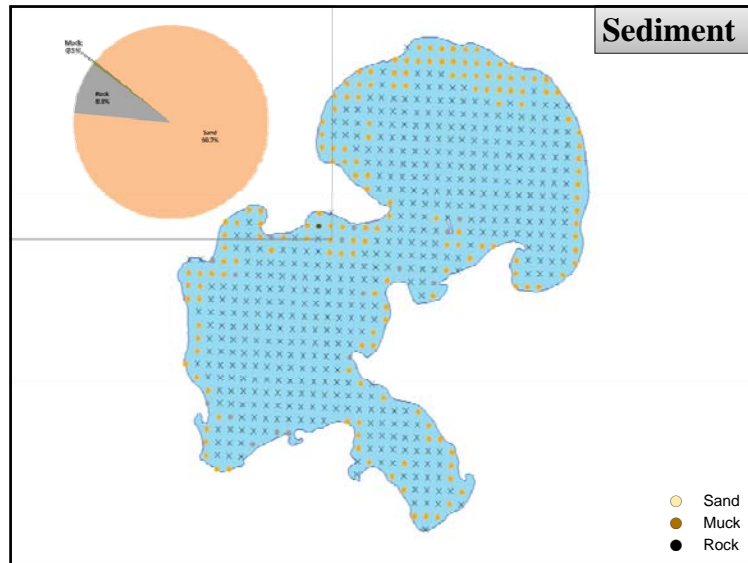
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Lake Management Planning









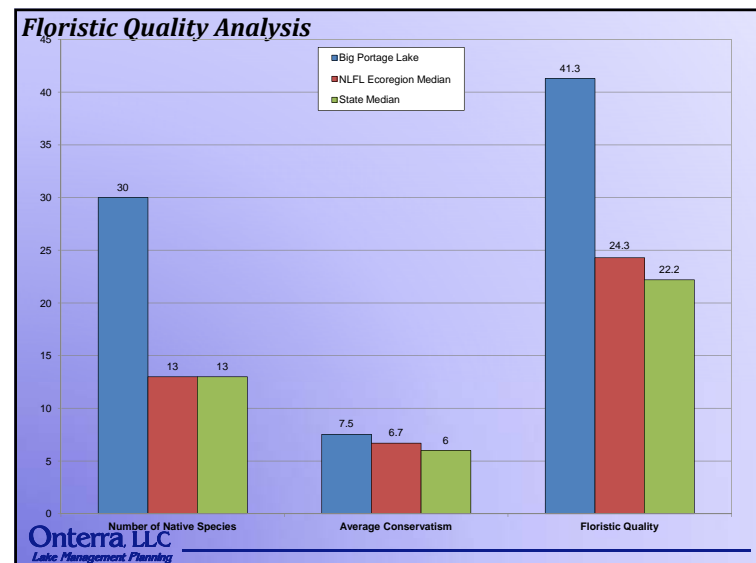
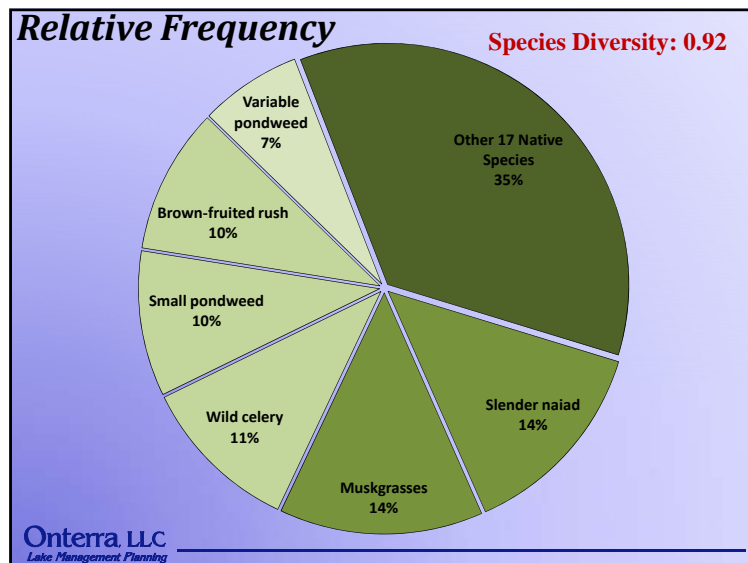


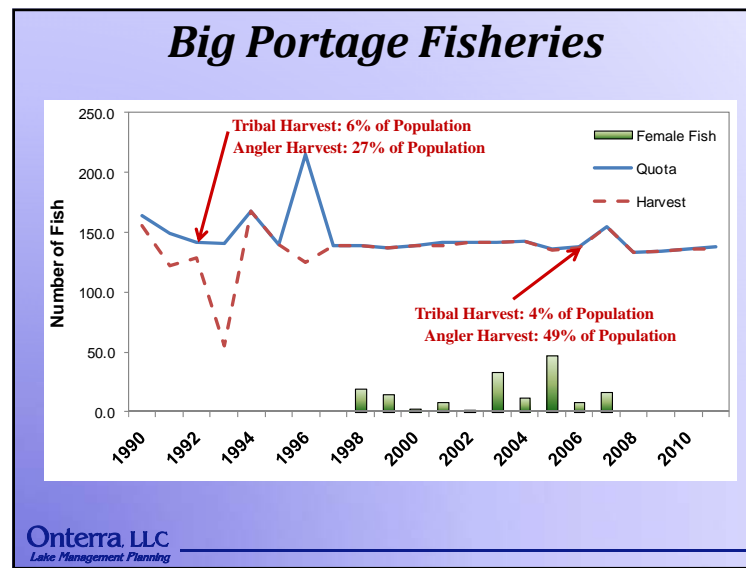
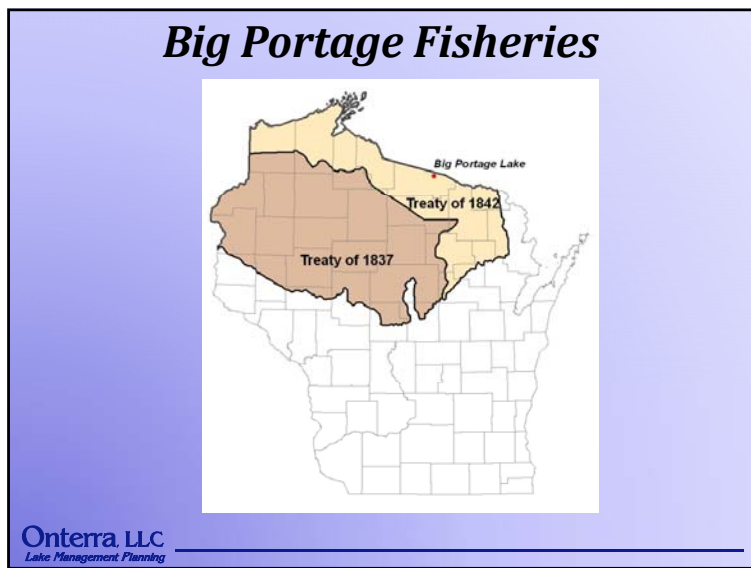
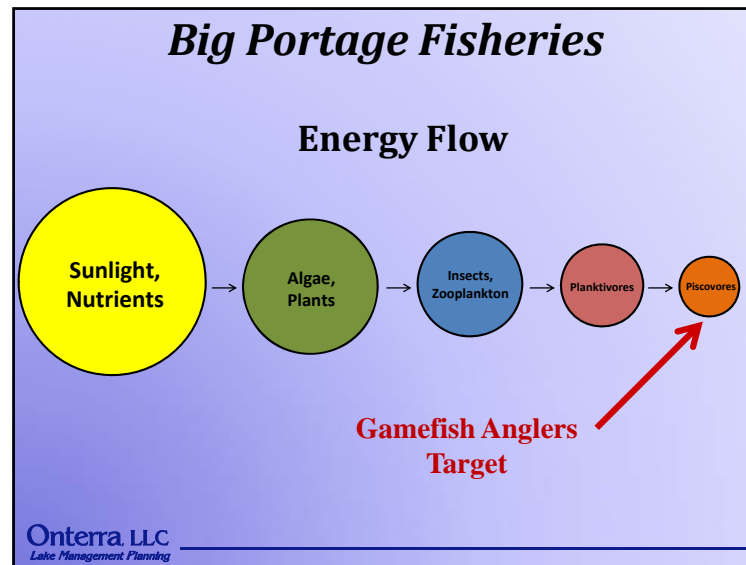
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FL/E = Floating Leaf and Emergent
S/E = Submergent and Emergent







Conclusions

- Water quality is excellent.
- Overall watershed is in great condition.
 - Land cover exports minimal phosphorus
 - Low WS:LA area ratio means groundwater is major source
 - Largest, controllable contributor is likely shoreland properties
- Aquatic plant community
 - Based upon standard analysis, native community is of high quality
 - Lake has diverse plant community, but it is of low biomass
- Fisheries
 - Lake's low productivity which translates to low fish biomass
 - Low plant abundance also limits fishery because of lacking structure in the lake

Planning Process

Planning Committee Meetings

Study Results (including a stakeholder survey)
Conclusions & Initial Recommendations

Management Goals
Management Actions
Timeframe
Facilitator(s)



Implementation Plan

Onterra, LLC
Lake Management Planning

Mission Statement

To preserve and protect the natural environment and quality of Big Portage Lake for current and future generations through continued education and involvement of stakeholders, monitoring of the lake environment, and being prepared to respond to change

Onterra, LLC
Lake Management Planning

Management Goal 1:
**Increase Big Portage Lake Riparian Owners
Association's Capacity to Communicate with Lake
Stakeholders**

Management Actions

1. Support an Education Committee to promote safe boating, water quality, public safety, and quality of life on Big Portage Lake.
2. Raise riparian owners' awareness on the issue of lake shoreline condition.

Management Goal 2:
Maintain Current Water Quality Conditions

Management Actions

1. Continue water quality monitoring through WDNR Citizen Lake Monitoring Network.
2. Reduce phosphorus and sediment loads from shoreland watershed to Big Portage Lake (educational initiative).

Management Goal 3:
**Prevent Aquatic Invasive Species Introductions to
Big Portage Lake**

Management Actions

1. Continue Clean Boats Clean Waters watercraft inspections at Big Portage Lake public access.
2. Coordinate annual volunteer monitoring of aquatic invasive species.

Management Goal 4:
**Improve Fishery Resources and Fishing on Big
Portage Lake**

Management Actions

1. Work with fisheries managers to enhance the fishery on Big Portage Lake.

B

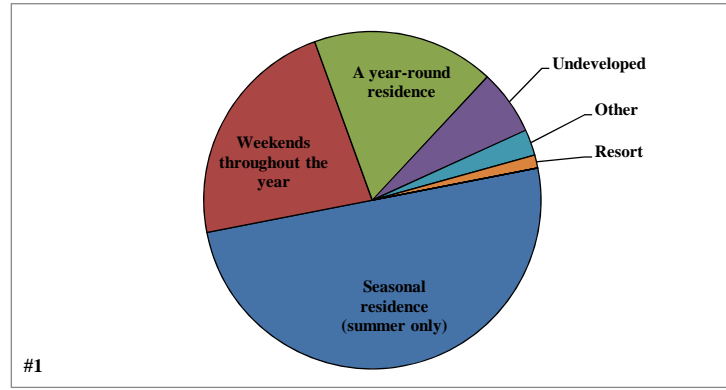
APPENDIX B

Stakeholder Survey Response Charts and Comments

Returned Surveys	74
Sent Surveys	106
Response Rate (%)	69.8

#1 What type of property do you own on Big Portage Lake?

	Total	%
Seasonal residence (summer only)	40	50.0
Weekends throughout the year	18	22.5
A year-round residence	14	17.5
Undeveloped	5	6.3
Other	2	2.5
Resort	1	1.3
Rental property	0	0.0
I do not live on the lake	0	0.0
	80	100.0

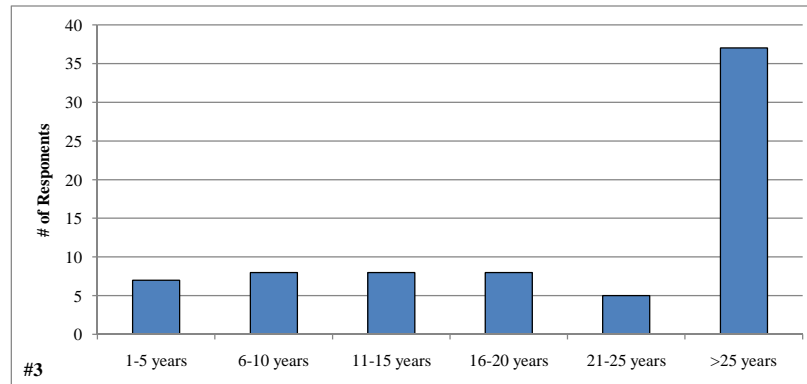


#2 If you are not a year-round resident, how many days each year is your property used by you or others?

Answered Question	56
Average	79.9
Standard deviation	55.6

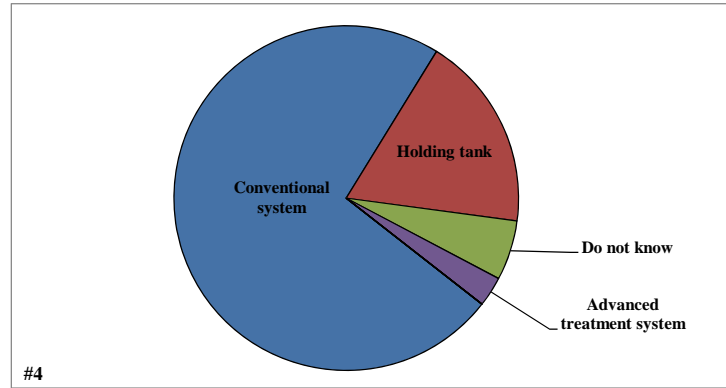
#3 How long have you owned your property on Big Portage Lake?

	Total	%
1-5 years	7	9.6
6-10 years	8	11.0
11-15 years	8	11.0
16-20 years	8	11.0
21-25 years	5	6.8
>25 years	37	50.7
	73	100.0



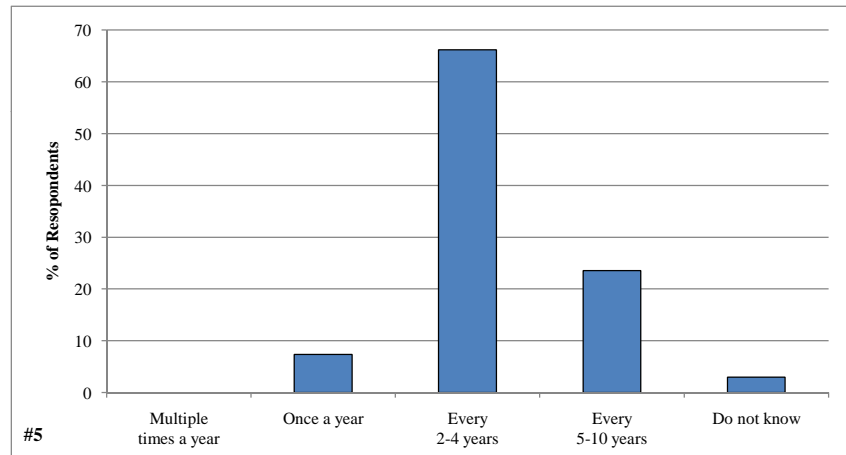
#4 What type of septic system does your property utilize?

	Total	%
Conventional system	52	73.2
Holding tank	13	18.3
Do not know	4	5.6
Advanced treatment system	2	2.8
Mound	0	0.0
Municipal sewer	0	0.0
	71	100.0



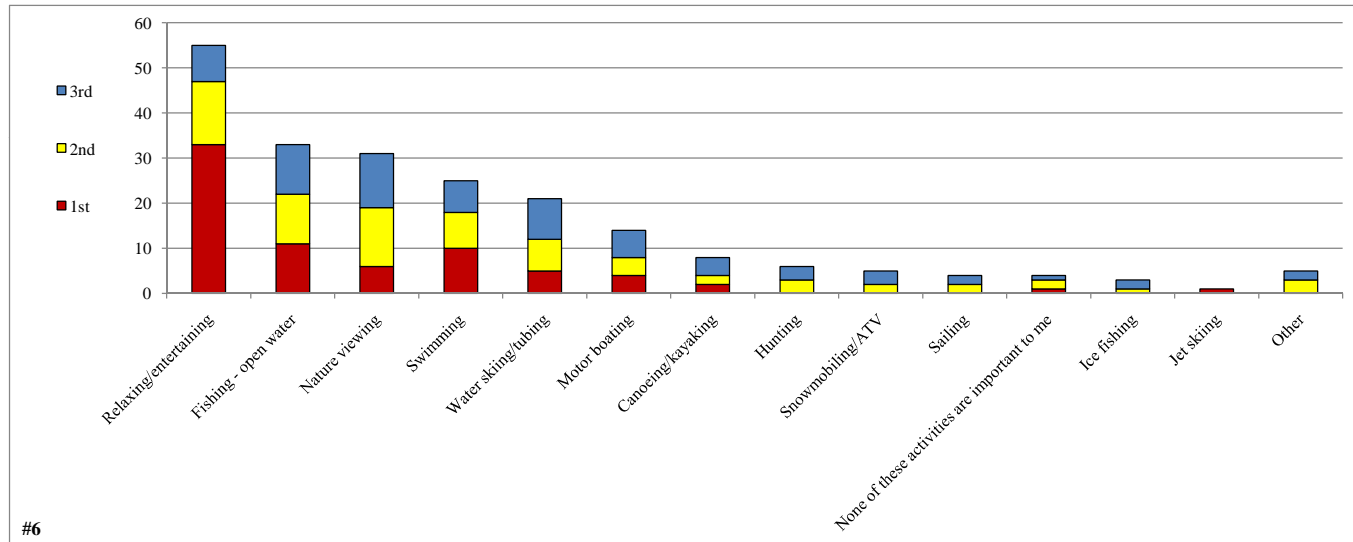
#5 How often is the septic tank on your property pumped?

	Total	%
Multiple times a year	0	0.0
Once a year	5	7.4
Every 2-4 years	45	66.2
Every 5-10 years	16	23.5
Do not know	2	2.9
	68	100.0



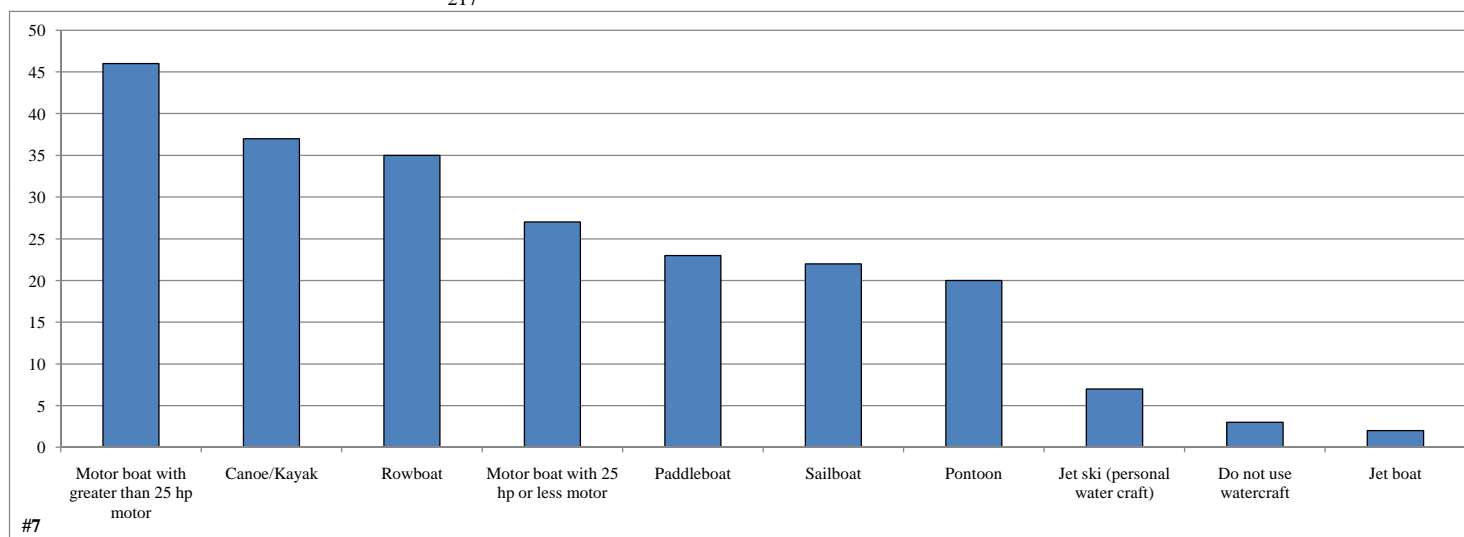
#6 Please rank up to three activities that are important reasons for owning your property on or near the lake.

	1st	2nd	3rd	% ranked
Relaxing/entertaining	33	14	8	26.3
Fishing - open water	11	11	11	15.8
Nature viewing	6	13	12	14.8
Swimming	10	8	7	12.0
Water skiing/tubing	5	7	9	10.0
Motor boating	4	4	6	6.7
Canoeing/kayaking	2	2	4	3.8
Hunting	0	3	3	2.9
Snowmobiling/ATV	0	2	3	2.4
Sailing	0	2	2	1.9
None of these activities are important to me	1	2	1	1.9
Ice fishing	0	1	2	1.4
Jet skiing	1	0	0	0.5
Other	0	3	2	2.4
	72	69	68	100.0



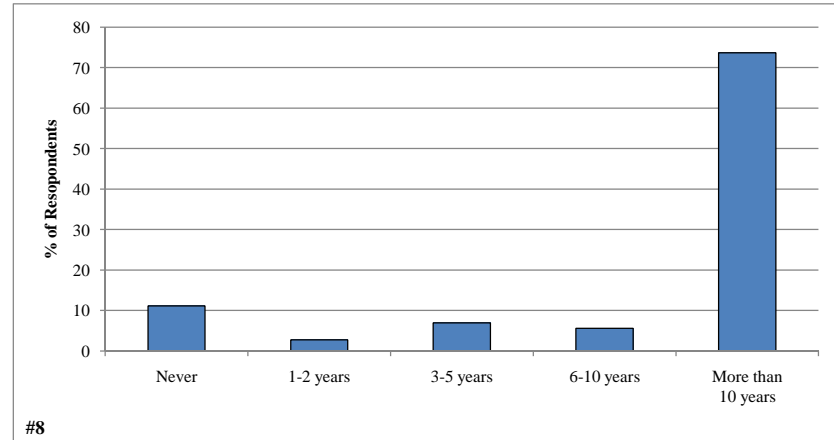
#7 What types of watercraft do you currently use on the lake?

	<u>Total</u>
Motor boat with greater than 25 hp motor	46
Canoe/Kayak	37
Rowboat	35
Motor boat with 25 hp or less motor	27
Paddleboat	23
Sailboat	22
Pontoon	20
Jet ski (personal water craft)	7
Do not use watercraft	3
Jet boat	2
	<u>217</u>



#8 For how many years have you fished Big Portage Lake?

	Total	%
Never	8	11.1
1-2 years	2	2.8
3-5 years	5	6.9
6-10 years	4	5.6
More than 10 years	53	73.6
	72	100.0

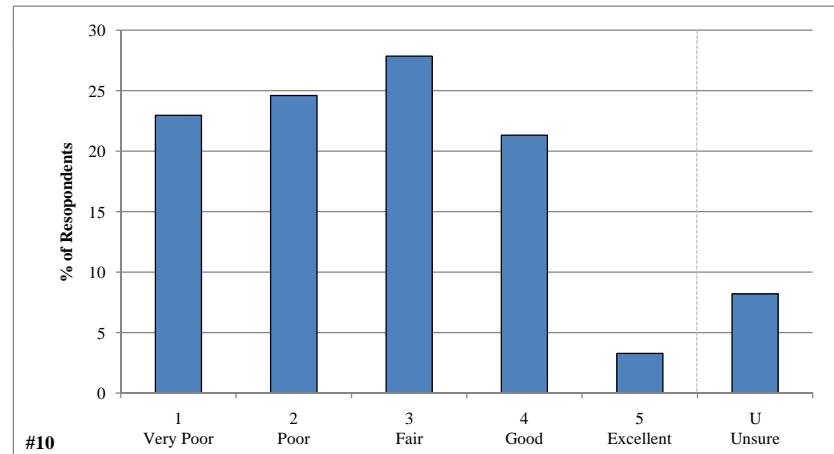


#9 Have you personally fished on Big Portage Lake in the past 3 years?

	Total	%
Yes	52	77.6
No	15	22.4
	67	100.0

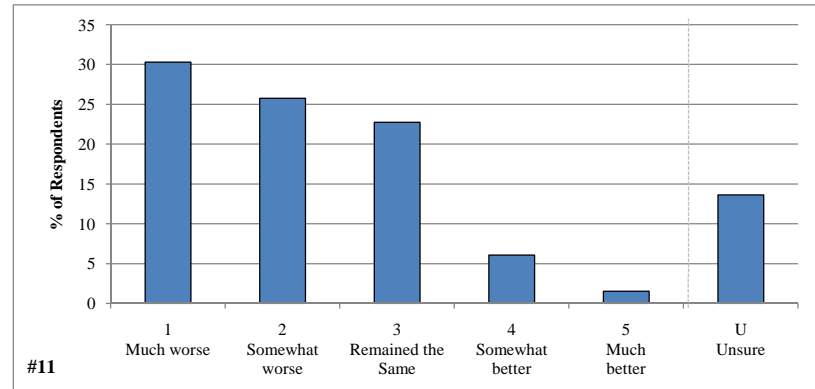
#10 How would you describe the current quality of fishing on Big Portage Lake?

	Total	%
1 - Very Poor	14	23.0
2 - Poor	15	24.6
3 - Fair	17	27.9
4 - Good	13	21.3
5 - Excellent	2	3.3
U - Unsure	5	8.2
	61	100.0



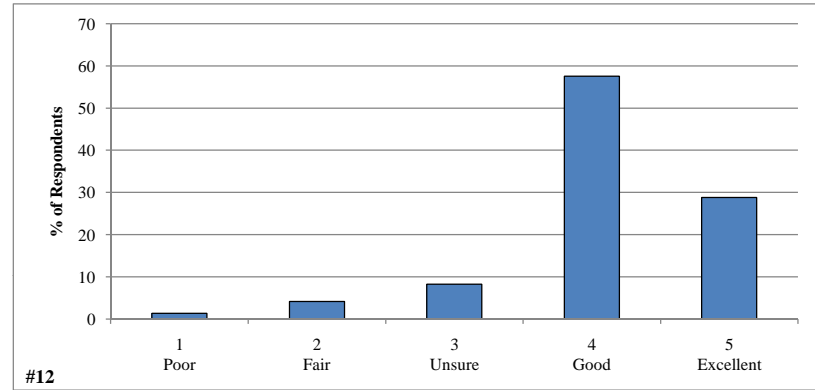
#11 How has the quality of fishing changed on Big Portage Lake since you started fishing the lake?

	Total	%
1 - Much worse	20	30.3
2 - Somewhat worse	17	25.8
3 - Remained the Same	15	22.7
4 - Somewhat better	4	6.1
5 - Much better	1	1.5
U - Unsure	9	13.6
	66	100.0



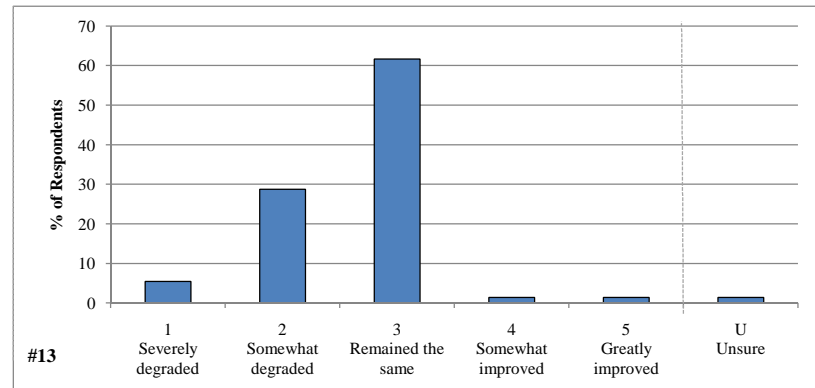
#12 How would you describe the current water quality of Big Portage Lake?

	Total	%
1 - Poor	1	1.4
2 - Fair	3	4.1
3 - Unsure	6	8.2
4 - Good	42	57.5
5 - Excellent	21	28.8
	73	100.0



#13 How has the water quality changed in Big Portage Lake since you obtained your property?

	Total	%
1 - Severely degraded	4	5.5
2 - Somewhat degraded	21	28.8
3 - Remained the same	45	61.6
4 - Somewhat improved	1	1.4
5 - Greatly improved	1	1.4
U - Unsure	1	1.4
	73	100.0



#14 Have you ever heard of aquatic invasive species?

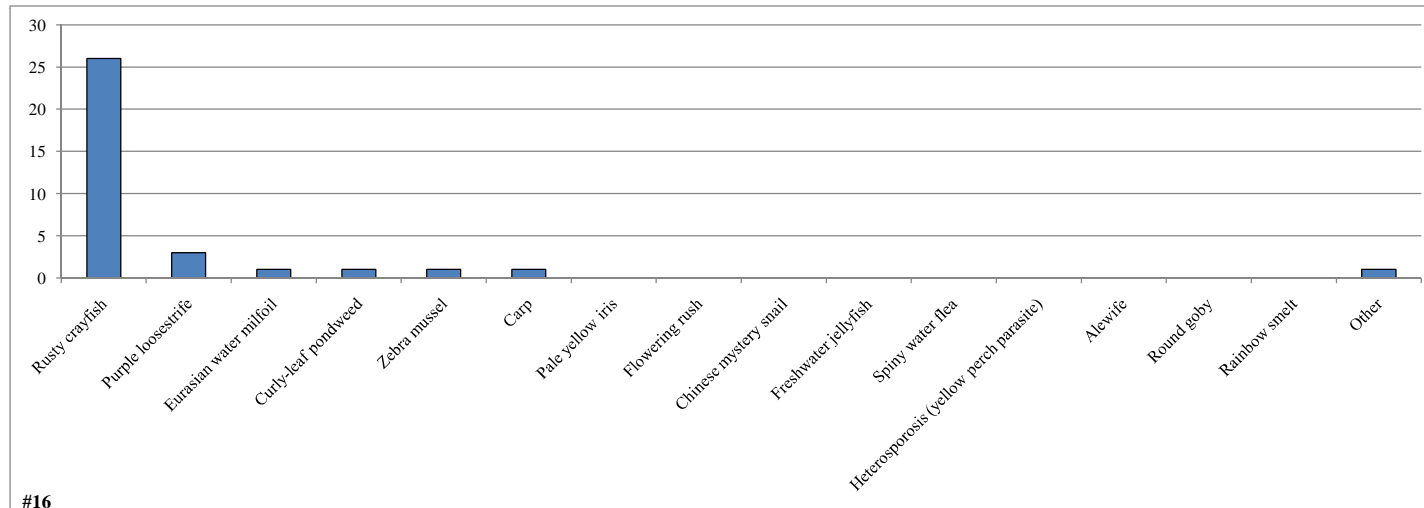
	<u>Total</u>	<u>%</u>
Yes	72	98.6
No	1	1.4
	73	100.0

#15 Are you aware of aquatic invasive species in Big Portage Lake?

	<u>Total</u>	<u>%</u>
Yes	27	38.0
No	44	62.0
	71	100.0

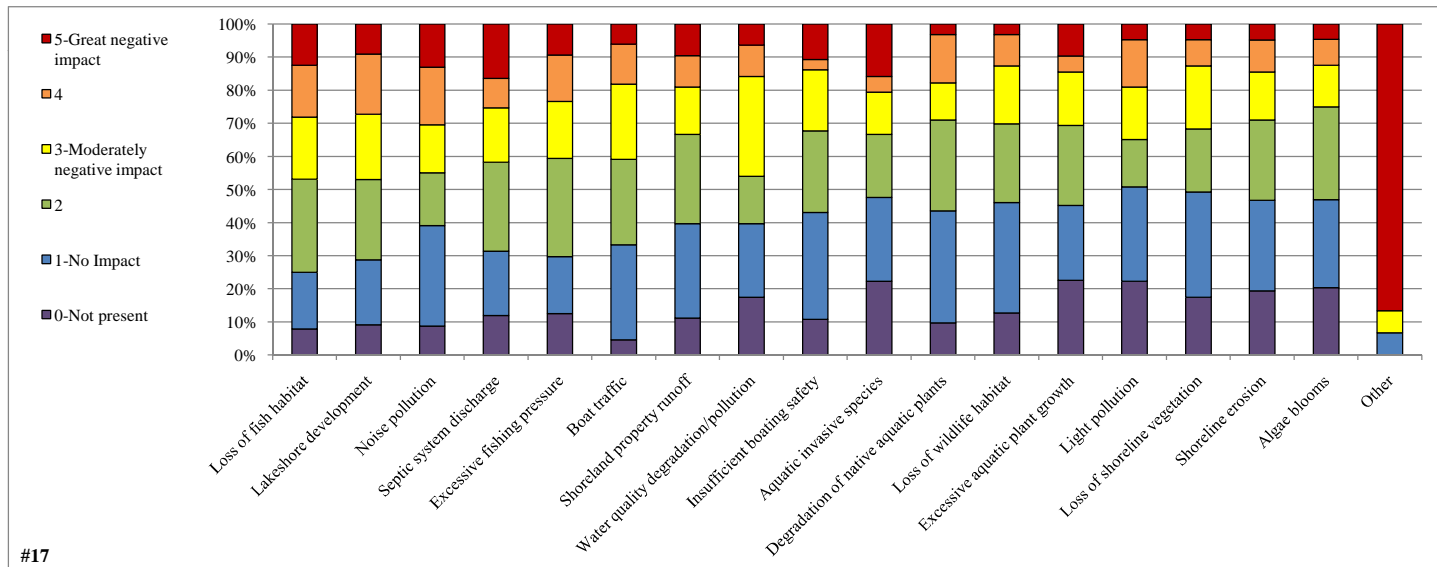
#16 Which aquatic invasive species are you aware of in the lake or channel?

	<u>Total</u>
Rusty crayfish	26
Purple loosestrife	3
Eurasian water milfoil	1
Curly-leaf pondweed	1
Zebra mussel	1
Carp	1
Pale yellow iris	0
Flowering rush	0
Chinese mystery snail	0
Freshwater jellyfish	0
Spiny water flea	0
Heterosporosis (yellow perch parasite)	0
Alewife	0
Round goby	0
Rainbow smelt	0
Other	1



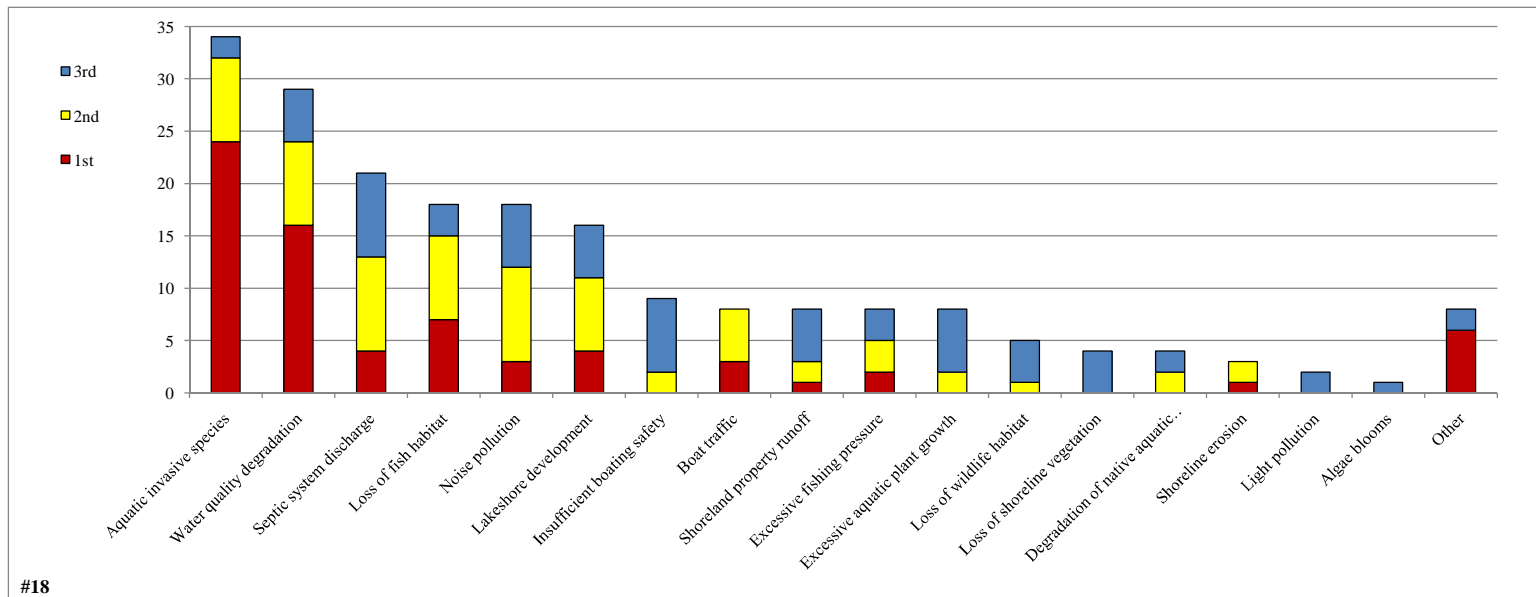
#17 To what level do you believe each of the following factors may be negatively impacting Big Portage Lake?

	0-Not present	1-No Impact	2	3-Moderately negative impact	4	5-Great negative impact	Total	Average
Loss of fish habitat	5	11	18	12	10	8	59	2.5
Lakeshore development	6	13	16	13	12	6	60	2.5
Noise pollution	6	21	11	10	12	9	63	2.4
Septic system discharge	8	13	18	11	6	11	59	2.4
Excessive fishing pressure	8	11	19	11	9	6	56	2.3
Boat traffic	3	19	17	15	8	4	63	2.3
Shoreland property runoff	7	18	17	9	6	6	56	2.1
Water quality degradation/pollution	11	14	9	19	6	4	52	2.1
Insufficient boating safety	7	21	16	12	2	7	58	2.0
Aquatic invasive species	14	16	12	8	3	10	49	2.0
Degradation of native aquatic plants	6	21	17	7	9	2	56	2.0
Loss of wildlife habitat	8	21	15	11	6	2	55	1.9
Excessive aquatic plant growth	14	14	15	10	3	6	48	1.9
Light pollution	14	18	9	10	9	3	49	1.9
Loss of shoreline vegetation	11	20	12	12	5	3	52	1.8
Shoreline erosion	12	17	15	9	6	3	50	1.8
Algae blooms	13	17	18	8	5	3	51	1.8
Other	0	1	0	1	0	13	15	4.6



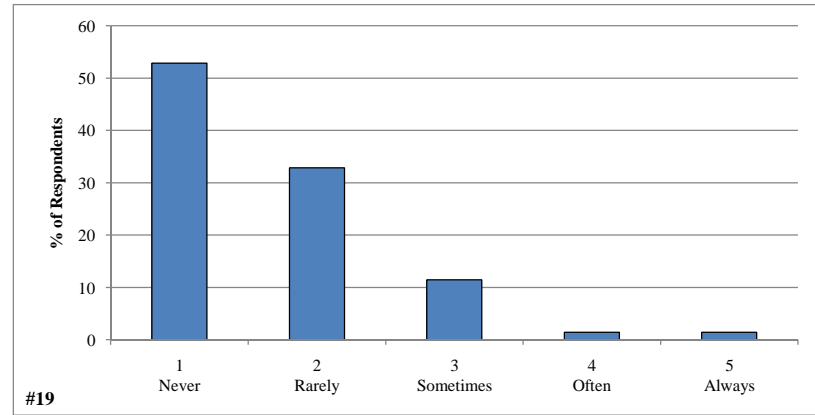
#18 From the list below, please rank your top three concerns regarding Big Portage Lake.

	1st	2nd	3rd	% Ranked
Aquatic invasive species	24	8	2	16.7
Water quality degradation	16	8	5	14.2
Septic system discharge	4	9	8	10.3
Loss of fish habitat	7	8	3	8.8
Noise pollution	3	9	6	8.8
Lakeshore development	4	7	5	7.8
Insufficient boating safety	0	2	7	4.4
Boat traffic	3	5	0	3.9
Shoreland property runoff	1	2	5	3.9
Excessive fishing pressure	2	3	3	3.9
Excessive aquatic plant growth	0	2	6	3.9
Loss of wildlife habitat	0	1	4	2.5
Loss of shoreline vegetation	0	0	4	2.0
Degradation of native aquatic plants	0	2	2	2.0
Shoreline erosion	1	2	0	1.5
Light pollution	0	0	2	1.0
Algae blooms	0	0	1	0.5
Other	6	0	2	3.9
	71	68	65	100.0



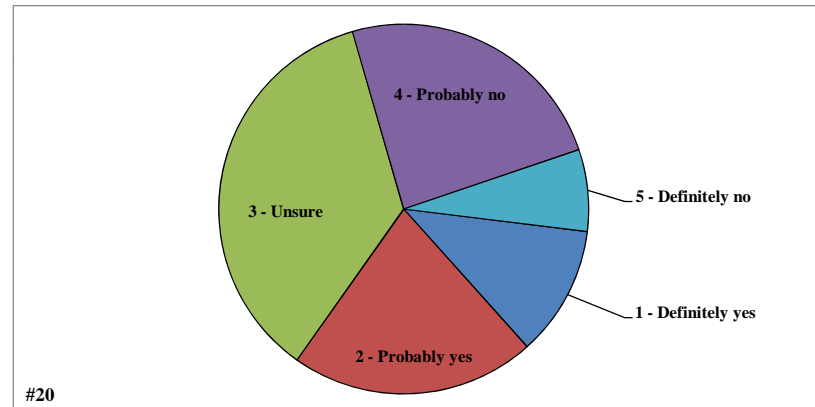
#19 During open water season how often does aquatic plant growth, including algae, negatively impact your enjoyment of Big Portage Lake?

	Total	%
1 - Never	37	52.9
2 - Rarely	23	32.9
3 - Sometimes	8	11.4
4 - Often	1	1.4
5 - Always	1	1.4
	70	100.0



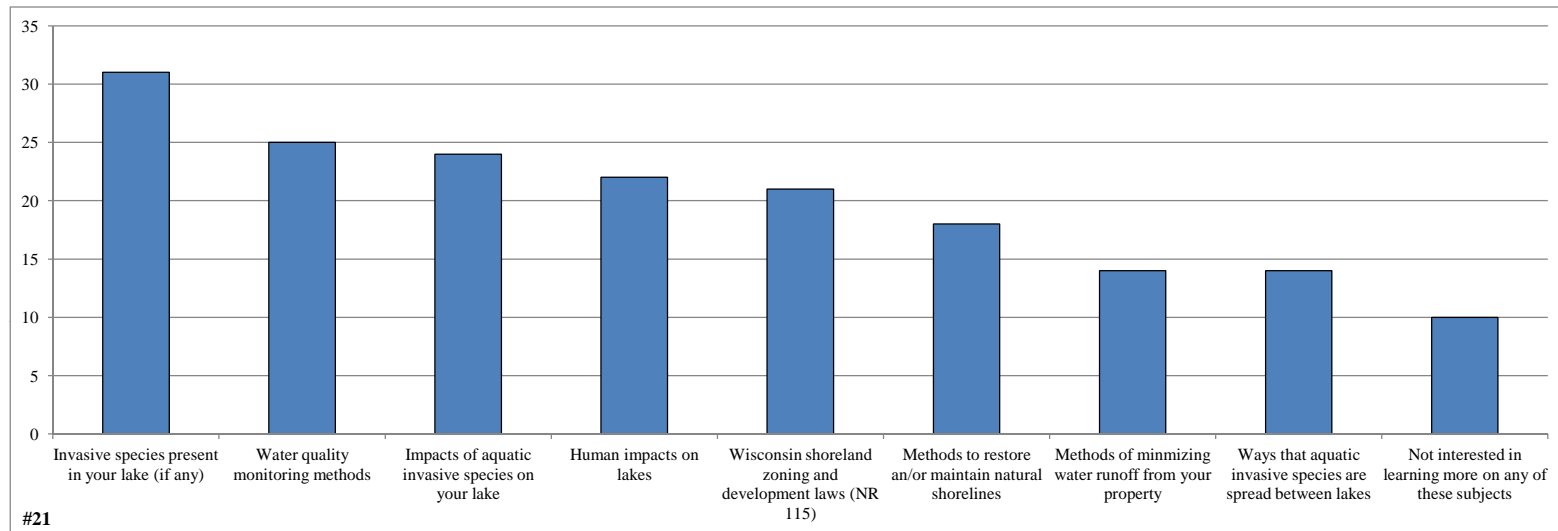
#20 Considering your answer to the question above, do you believe aquatic plant control is needed on Big Portage Lake?

	Total	%
1 - Definitely yes	8	11.4
2 - Probably yes	15	21.4
3 - Unsure	25	35.7
4 - Probably no	17	24.3
5 - Definitely no	5	7.1
	70	100.0



#21 Which of these subjects would you like to learn more about?

	Total
Invasive species present in your lake (if any)	31
Water quality monitoring methods	25
Impacts of aquatic invasive species on your lake	24
Human impacts on lakes	22
Wisconsin shoreland zoning and development laws (NR 115)	21
Methods to restore an/or maintain natural shorelines	18
Methods of minimizing water runoff from your property	14
Ways that aquatic invasive species are spread between lakes	14
Not interested in learning more on any of these subjects	10



#22 Before receiving this mailing, have you ever heard of the Big Portage Lake Riparian Owners Association?

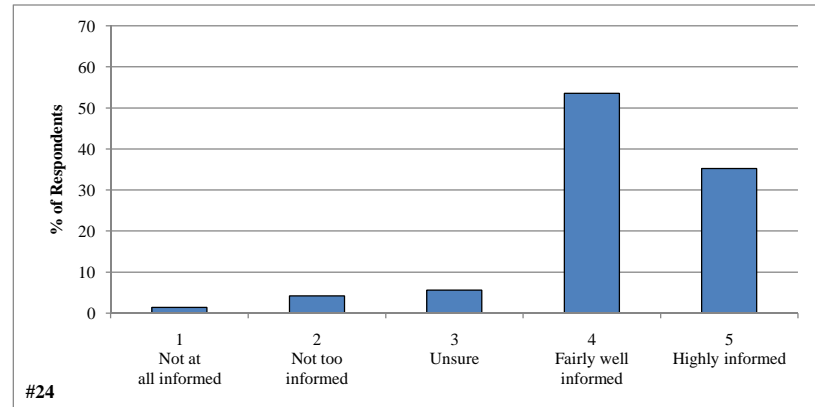
	Total	%
Yes	73	100.0
No	0	0.0
	73	100.0

#23 What is your membership status with the Big Portage Lake Riparian Owners Association?

	Total	%
Current member	66	91.7
Former member	4	5.6
Never been a member	2	2.8
	72	100.0

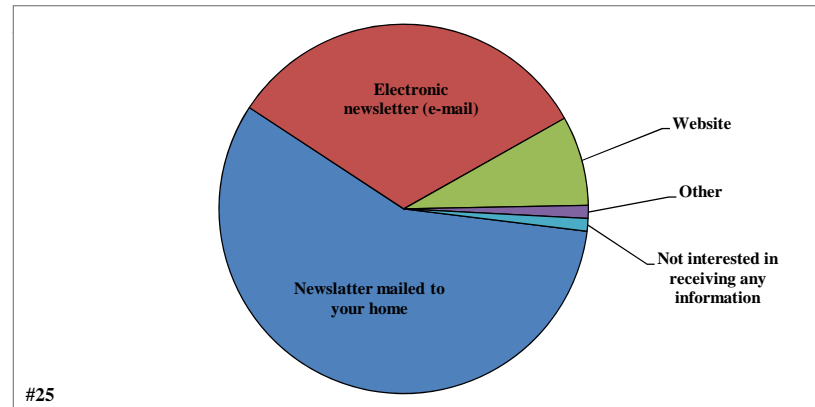
#24 How informed has the Big Portage Lake Riparian Owners Association kept you regarding issues with Big Portage Lake and its management?

	Total	%
1 - Not at all informed	1	1.4
2 - Not too informed	3	4.2
3 - Unsure	4	5.6
4 - Fairly well informed	38	53.5
5 - Highly informed	25	35.2
	71	100.0



#25 Through what source would you most like to receive communication about Big Portage Lake?

	Total
Newsletter mailed to your home	51
Electronic newsletter (e-mail)	29
Website	7
Other	1
Not interested in receiving any information	1



Survey Number	1g Comment	6m Comment	16p Comment	17r Comment	18r Comment	25d Comment	Other Comments (and Question 26)
1				spearing	spearing		
2	Use summer, weekends, 2 wks at Christmas						The lake should be kept clean. Property values maintained by clear water etc. However the anti fishing, boating, skiing, fireworks, anti-fun people are over the top. Just because you like loons and quiet does not mean some of us can't enjoy a time to ski, do fireworks or let loose. its is give and take to all. get along and keep the lake and property pristine. This lake slum award has to Stop!
3							Pleased we had a zoning change and are participation in this study. Boating courtesy could be improved.
4							
6				boating courtesy			Over a 50+ yr span there has been some changes in water quality- the shoal in the middle of the lake was all rocks, no weeds or grasses now there is vegetation, even small trees which appear to have developed regardless of water level. Suspect more nutrients in water. fishery could be better- but obvious increase in small-mouth bass has made fishing more interesting. suspect walleyes are decling by over fishing by outsiders. not sure if slot limit helps. More reports of northern pike. Recommend DNR do a new fishery survey- last was 2006. Boating courtesy a problem particularly in respect to giving anglers a wide berth. Pontoon boat "cocktail cruisers" are particularly guilty- they also often ignore 100ft rule w/ respect to piers.
7							until 15 years ago we would see large schools of minnows at our dock- Now we see None!
8							
9							
11							what are your thoughts on management of weed/grass on the shoreline/beaches? The overgrowth is excessive. On one hand it is great to see nature at work. However it is hard to lose our beautiful sandy beach & waterfront.
12				jet skis			people throwing leftover food in the woods. Jet ski noise.
13							Jet skis are a problem. There is a fine line between managing an organization & dictating ones personal usage of their property. Some folks aren't looking for a sense of community, they may want privacy.

Survey Number	1g Comment	6m Comment	16p Comment	17r Comment	18r Comment	25d Comment	Other Comments (and Question 26)
14							I don't think the walleye slot limit is working! I would support only one walleye over 18"! I don't believe the lake can reproduce enough fish to replace what the spear fishing takes. I believe B P lake must be stocked on a regular basis.
15							where did all the Northerns come from in the lake. I caught 25 northerns this yr, 40 yrs since I caught my previous northern. They are very bad for walleye
16							
17					spearing		what about the upkeep of the public boat landing?
18					personal hi speed watercraft people drawing water from the lake		why are people in residential properties allowed to use them as commercial rental/resort properties without penalty. Why are property owners allowed to draw water out of lake for lawn care or household/business use. Why are property owners allowed to break shoreline regulations throug(sp) payola- why isn't their a uniform standard at all. how can the lakes get more regular/consistent patrol and governance from the very DNR we all fund! what can bplroa do to become a more attractive and inclusive body to really advocate for property owner rights. awareness is not enough.
19							
20							appreciate all you do - Keep up the good work.
21						word of mouth	Management is fine! We would like to see if there is any possible way by which our lake assoc. or the state could bring back the water levels in our low areas and our bays without waiting for God's help in producing multiple rain storms.
22							
23							
24							
25							we have an absolute jewel of a lake. To Keep it that way, we would like to see some sort of restriction on PWC's either require better mufflers on them and/or restrict hours of usage. Monitoring of the boat landing is a great program and we do volunteer. But I doubt it catches half of the boats. I don't have any ideas on how to fix this other than hire someone.
26							
27							The association is a great way to keep members informed and work as a group towards a common goal. It never should be used for enforcement issues of complaints for lake owners, Stay out of policing the lake.

Survey Number	1g Comment	6m Comment	16p Comment	17r Comment	18r Comment	25d Comment	Other Comments (and Question 26)
28							
29							I love BP Lake! I have been visiting it for 47 out of my 48 years. It is easily the #1 best time of my summer. I could easily stay the entire summer but I have to share. Thank you thank you for your devotion to the lake We presently stay in our 73 year old cabin and are considering (finally) a rebuild. We will erect a small, chinked cottage that will fit right in. This will hopefully give us more time throughout the year to visit. I have never in 47 years seen the lake frozen over. I look forward to that!!
30							Thank you for being concerned about our lake and taking measures to keep the lake healthy.
31							
32							
33							
34							
35							
36							I would be in favor of a membership fee increase if funds were needed to maintain lake quality. As usual, a core group carries the load. Since I am still working my time is spent relaxing. Once I retire I plan to donate more time. Therefore an increase in fees to allow the association to hire as needed seems fair.
37	<p>The cover letter accompanying this survey indicates that BPLROA may ultimately receive up to \$26,000 in Gov't grants to study, plan and ultimately implement a lake management plan. While the BPLROA board may be excited at this prospect, what it indicates to me is an overwhelming disregard by governmental entities to be responsible steward of their financial resources. It reconciles perfectly with past attitudes by those in power to just spend money on anything at all because, after all, the supply is limitless and therefore the need for justification does not exist. As long as there is even a hint of attainable "public good" either real or imagined, then there should be no restraint. It doesn't matter if it requires a contorted extension of logic to perceive this possibility of public good. BPLROA should be chagrined at accepting this funding. Additionally, I am bothered by the concept of a group of people presuming to act in my best interest. Like government, no quasi-regulatory group can prevent power from going to their heads. I sincerely hope the BPLROA fails in any effort to become such. What will happen is the BPLROA will eventually become as out of control as most government already is and they will establish themselves as quasi legislative in nature with enforcement authority. To assuage any misgivings, the board will cloak itself with self aggrandizing rhetoric such as "stakeholder education", "Awareness of issues", "enhancing the quality of like", "Providing a sense of community" and "collective voice" These are all direct quotes from your survey and frankly they scare me. Even the title of your survey "Lake Management Planning" bothers me. I don't want you to manage or plan anything for me! I suggest you all go back to one simple philosophy: Live and use Big Portage Lake as courteously as you would want your neighbor to do on your behalf. It is just plain good manners and quite uncomplicated. It's far superior to setting a bunch of rules.</p>						

Survey Number	1g Comment	6m Comment	16p Comment	17r Comment	18r Comment	25d Comment	Other Comments (and Question 26)
38			not aware BPL had been invaded. I thought that volunteers to help prevent these issues from hurting BPL				
39	portion of the summer & weekends throughout						
40							Only God can fix the water level. Understand boat ramp being fixed. Pave the last gravel portion of big port. Lake rd. Glad to hear, if correct, that the lake gets a 6 yr hiatus from exploitive spearing/ seining as it would be a nice addition to have a better quality fishing lake(understand it was great before indigenous rights"restored") I appreciate public access rights. But what if DNR required a postcard sized questionnaire to fill out regarding invasive species, boat cleaning prior to putting watercraft in or be subject to a fine. we only have our watercraft on BPL this is a serious matter. We should build a fund for the next caterpillar attack. Glad some of us got involved to stop high density multi-unit development, even if not fully appreciated. thanks to all who work to protect the lake from invasive species. thanks to all who work on the snow trails.
41							
42							
43							
44							
45	summer residence& weekends						fishing seems much worse than 50 years ago I would like to know the reason for the decline in the perch and walleye populations
46				spearing spearing			
47							would like to see the DNR begin a walleye stocking program to improve fishing. Loss of natural weed beds in lake is disturbing. Condition of boat landing keeps us from coming up more often.

Survey Number	1g Comment	6m Comment	16p Comment	17r Comment	18r Comment	25d Comment	Other Comments (and Question 26)
48				jet skis	jet ski traffic		Largest impacts Jet skis discharge huge amounts of gas/oil into lake, may lakes ban them. Septic tank drainage- human waste & T P has been found floating in lake. The lake is definitely not as clear & clean as it was 30 years ago. Back then BPL was as pristine as Clarke lake in Sylvania. NO More! Who are these people who blow off fireworks at 10-11 PM at night?!?
49							
50							
51				Indian spearing	The present big problem with fishing in BPL is the ability for the indian population to spear fish any number of walleyes they want during spawning season. It appears the DNR has no control over this and the indians do not respect the law or I guess the treaty set up. There needs to be action to stop this unlimited spearing of fish during spawning season of walleyes by the indians. It is impossible for the Lake association or the people on the lake to do anything for fear of destruction to cabins and property. The DNR and the indians have to come together to get a resolution. Suggestion. Have indians go back to the use of a single spear along the shore instead of the high powered boats, powerful lights, stunning devices and multiple spears they now use. In order to keep BPL a pristine lake it is necessary to close permanently the BPL public landing. It is presently in poor condition and the right time to close it. the town of land o lakes has responsibility for it maintainence and the town board refuses to allocate the funds to put the landing in a workable condition. I have seen in wisconsin other public boat landings closed permanently, for one reason or another. Based on that I hope the BPL public boat landing is closed to the public.		
52					drop in water level never this low in my 73 years on the lake in 1940's it was 18"to24" higher		
53							
54					water level		
55				barking dogs			when will the boat landing be improved?
56							fix the boat landing
57							
58	plan to develop within 5 yrs						It is a great lake. Thanks for all the hard work you do to guarantee it remains great.

Survey Number	1g Comment	6m Comment	16p Comment	17r Comment	18r Comment	25d Comment	Other Comments (and Question 26)
59							Although just an owner of an empty lot, it is good to be informed that lake property owners do take an interest in the health of the waters and eco-system. This long term oversight, and shared responsibility will serve well in preservation of the lake area, it's natural solitude, and (safe) opportunities for recreation.
60							
61							
62							
63							Walleye populations?? Water quality - yearly tracking and history. Thank you all for your good work and commitment to our beautiful lake.
64				spearing			would like walleye slot limit changed to 1 fish over 14" what can be done to restore perch fishery?
65							
66							
67							I am not knowledgeable on many question as I have not been to the lake since 2000. I am now in a wheel chair & cannot drive or ride that distance. My family uses it however & thru them & care givers of property I have maintained it. I expect to put it up for sale again next spring. I know we do not have a spring fed lake and one of my concerns is the water is so low now. We cannot use our boat lift or dock a ski boat at the pier. I know in the past people were using pumps to water their lawns with lake water and I feel this needs to be monitored. Big portage lake is a beautiful place. I think every effort should be made to keep it that way. I am sorry that this is late but I have been sick.
68							
69							
70							
71				people hitting golf balls into lake & they are left to pollute the water & other things thrown into the lake			
72							
73					jet skis		
74							
75							

C

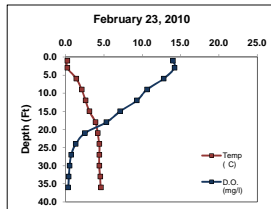
APPENDIX C

Water Quality Data

Big Portage Lake

Date: 02-23-10
 Time: 11:00
 Weather: 100% clouds, calm, 21°F
 Ent: BTB Verf:
 Max Depth (ft): 37.6
 BPLS Depth (ft): 3.0
 BPLB Depth (ft): 34.0
 Secchi Depth (ft): 10.0

Depth (ft)	Temp (°C)	D.O. (mg/l)	pH	Sp. Cond. (µS/cm)
1.0	0.2	14.0	6.2	44
3.0	0.2	14.2	6.3	42
6.0	1.4	12.8	6.4	38
9.0	2.1	10.6	6.4	38
12.0	2.6	9.3	6.3	39
15.0	3.1	7.1	6.2	39
18.0	3.9	5.3	6.0	41
21.0	4.2	2.5	5.9	42
24.0	4.4	1.3	5.9	45
27.0	4.4	0.7	5.9	46
30.0	4.4	0.5	5.9	46
33.0	4.5	0.4	6.0	46
36.0	4.6	0.3	6.0	60



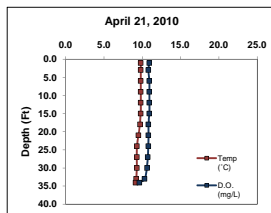
Parameter	BPLS	BPLB
Total P (µg/L)	10.00	11.00
Dissolved P (µg/L)		
Chl-a (µg/L)		
TKN (µg/L)	390.00	820.00
NO ₃ + NO ₂ -N (µg/L)	ND	68.00
NH ₃ -N (µg/L)	36.00	519.00
Total N (µg/L)	390.00	820.00
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)	42.00	48.00
Lab pH	6.00	6.30
Alkalinity (mg/L CaCO ₃)		
Total Susp. Solids (mg/L)	ND	2.00
Calcium (mg/L)		

Data collected by: TAH and E.J.H (Onterra)
 Ice: 1.3 ft

Big Portage Lake

Date: 4/21/2010
 Time: 9:00
 Weather: Overcast, cold, 32°F
 Entry: DAC
 Max Depth: 26.6
 BPLS Depth (ft): 3.0
 BPLB Depth (ft): 34.0
 Secchi Depth (ft): 9.5

Depth (ft)	Temp (°C)	D.O. (mg/L)	pH	Sp. Cond. (µS/cm)
1	9.8	10.9	7.8	
3	9.8	10.8	7.8	
6	9.8	10.9	7.8	
9	9.8	10.9	7.9	
12	9.8	10.9	7.9	
15	9.8	10.9	7.9	
18	9.7	10.8	7.9	
21	9.5	10.8	7.8	
24	9.3	10.8	7.8	
27	9.3	10.7	7.7	
30	9.3	10.6	7.7	
33	9.2	10.9	7.6	
34	9.1	9.8	7.2	



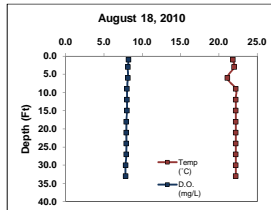
Parameter	BPLS	BPLB
Total P (µg/L)	12.00	13.00
Dissolved P (µg/L)	ND	ND
Chl-a (µg/L)	6.74	
TKN (µg/L)	470.00	530.00
NO ₃ + NO ₂ -N (µg/L)	480.00	490.00
NH ₃ -N (µg/L)	ND	ND
Total N (µg/L)	470.00	530.00
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)	40.00	43.00
Lab pH	7.64	7.39
Alkalinity (mg/L CaCO ₃)	16.00	16.20
Total Susp. Solids (mg/L)	3.00	4.00
Calcium (mg/L)	4.50	

Data collected by SNR and TWH (Onterra)

Big Portage Lake

Date: 8/18/2010
 Time: 17:15
 Weather: Rain, 100% overcast, breezy, 65°F
 Entry: TWH
 Max Depth: 37
 BPLS Depth (ft): 3.0
 BPLB Depth (ft): 34.0
 Secchi Depth (ft): 9.7

Depth (ft)	Temp (°C)	D.O. (mg/L)	pH	Sp. Cond. (µS/cm)
1	21.8	8.2		
3	22.0	8.1		
6	21.1	8.1		
9	22.2	8.0		
12	22.2	8.0		
15	22.2	8.0		
18	22.2	7.9		
21	22.2	7.9		
24	22.2	7.9		
27	22.2	7.9		
30	22.2	7.8		
33	22.2	7.8		



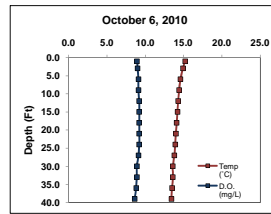
Parameter	BPLS	BPLB
Total P (µg/L)		
Dissolved P (µg/L)		
Chl-a (µg/L)		
TKN (µg/L)		
NO ₃ + NO ₂ -N (µg/L)		
NH ₃ -N (µg/L)		
Total N (µg/L)		
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)		
Lab pH		
Alkalinity (mg/L CaCO ₃)		
Total Susp. Solids (mg/L)		
Calcium (mg/L)		

Data collected by TAH (Onterra)

Big Portage Lake

Date: 10-06-10 Max Depth (ft): 41.1
 Time: 14:45 CLS Depth (ft): 3.0
 Weather: 100% sun, breezy, 65°F CLB Depth (ft): 38.0
 Entry: TWH Verf: Secchi Depth (ft): 11.6

Depth (ft)	Temp (°C)	D.O. (mg/L)	pH	Sp. Cond. (µS/cm)
1.0	15.2	8.9		
3.0	14.9	9.0		
6.0	14.6	9.1		
9.0	14.4	9.1		
12.0	14.3	9.2		
15.0	14.2	9.2		
18.0	14.1	9.2		
21.0	14.0	9.2		
24.0	13.9	9.2		
27.0	13.8	9.1		
30.0	13.6	8.9		
33.0	13.6	8.9		
36.0	13.5	8.8		
39.0	13.4	8.6		



Parameter	BPLS	BPLB
Total P (µg/L)	11.00	12.00
Dissolved P (µg/L)	ND	ND
Chl-a (µg/L)	4.29	
TKN (µg/L)	510.00	
NO ₃ + NO ₂ -N (µg/L)	ND	
NH ₃ -N (µg/L)	270.00	
Total N (µg/L)	510.00	
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)		
Lab pH		
Alkalinity (mg/L CaCO ₃)		
Total Susp. Solids (mg/L)	2.00	3.00
Calcium (mg/L)		

Data collected by: TAH and TWH (Onterra)

2010 Parameter	Surface		Bottom	
	Count	Mean	Count	Mean
Secchi Depth (feet)	3	NA	NA	NA
Total P (µg/L)	3.00	11.0	3.00	12.0
Dissolved P (µg/L)	0.00	NA	0.00	NA
Chl a (µg/L)	2.00	5.5	0.00	NA
TKN (µg/L)	3.00	456.7	2.00	675.0
NO ₃ +NO ₂ -N (µg/L)	1.00	480.0	2.00	279.0
NH ₃ -N (µg/L)	2.00	153.0	1.00	519.0
Total N (µg/L)	3.00	456.7	2.00	675.0
Lab Cond. (µS/cm)	2.00	41.0	2.00	43.5
Lab pH	2.00	6.8	2.00	6.8
Alkal (mg/ CaCO ₃)	1.00	16.0	1.00	16.2
Total Susp Sol (mg/l)	2.00	2.5	3.00	3.0
Calcium (µg/L)	1.00	4.5	0.00	NA

Morphological / Geographical Data	
Parameter	Value
Acreage	
Volume (acre-feet)	
Perimeter (miles)	
Shoreland Development Factor	
Maximum Depth (feet)	
County	
WILMS Class	
Lillie Mason Region (1983)	NLF Ecoregion
Nichols Ecoregion (1999)	NLFL

Watershed Data			
WILMS Class	Acreage	kg/yr	lbs/yr
Forest			0.0
Open Water			0.0
Pasture/Grass			0.0
Row Crops			0.0
Urban - Rural Residential			0.0
Wetland			0.0
Watershed to Lake Area			

Trophic State Index (WTSI)			
Year	TP	Chl-a	Secchi
1989	32.9		
1990			43.0
1991			44.4
1992			39.4
1993			35.7
1994		24.9	38.0
1995	35.8	33.0	34.5
1996	32.2	40.2	39.6
1997	31.5	38.0	41.3
1998	35.3	38.6	39.7
1999	36.4		40.2
2000	38.3	39.6	36.8
2001	37.4	42.5	37.2
2002	39.2	46.4	43.2
2003	40.0	49.6	42.6
2004	42.7	44.2	41.3
2005	36.4	38.3	39.8
2006	38.7	43.1	43.2
2007			
2008			
2009	38.3	39.9	39.7
2010	37.0	41.4	39.1
All Years (Weighted)	43.2	43.2	42.4
Deep, Seepage Lakes	48.1	47.5	45.7
NLF Ecoregion			

Year	Secchi (feet)				Chlorophyll-a (µg/L)				Total Phosphorus (µg/L)			
	Growing Season		Summer		Growing Season		Summer		Growing Season		Summer	
	Count	Mean	Count	Mean	Count	Mean	Count	Mean	Count	Mean	Count	Mean
1989	0		0				0		3	7.3	3.0	7.3
1990	0		0									
1991	6	10.7	5	10.7								
1992	7	10.2	4	9.7								
1993	3	10.1	0									
1994	7	12.6	4	13.7								
1995	12	15.5	6	17.8								
1996	16	15.6	8	15.1	2	1.9	1	0.6	1	7.0	0.0	
1997	14	17.6	7	19.3	4	2.0	3	1.3	4	10.3	2.0	9.0
1998	11	13.0	7	13.5	4	2.7	3	2.7	3	8.7	1.0	7.0
1999	12	12.0	6	12.0	4	2.3	3	2.1	5	7.0	3.0	6.7
2000	14	12.9	9	13.4	4	3.5	3	2.3	5	9.6	3.0	8.7
2001	14	12.4	9	12.9	0		0		4	9.0	3.0	9.3
2002	13	15.7	8	16.4	3	3.2	2	2.5	5	11.8	3.0	10.7
2003	9	15.7	6	16.0	3	3.4	3	3.4	4	9.5	3.0	10.0
2004	4	10.6	3	10.5	4	4.8	3	5.0	4	12.8	3.0	11.3
2005	4	12.9	2	11.0	3	6.2	2	6.9	4	10.8	2.0	12.0
2006	3	11.5	2	12.0	3	3.5	2	4.0	3	12.7	2.0	14.5
2007	5	12.1	3	13.3	3	2.2	3	2.2	3	9.3	3.0	9.3
2008	2	10.5	2	10.5	2	3.6	2	3.6	2	11.0	2.0	11.0
2009	0		0		0		0		0	0.0	0.0	
2010	10	12.7	7	13.4	5	3.7	3	2.6	5	11.0	3.0	10.7
All Years (Weighted)		13.6		14.0		3.3		3.0		10.0		9.8
Deep, Seepage Lakes				11.2				3.6				15.0
NLF Ecoregion				8.9				5.6				21.0

Summer 2010 N: 456.7
 Summer 2010 P: 11.0

Summer 2011 N:P 42 :1

D

APPENDIX D

Watershed Analysis WiLMS Results

Big Portage Lake
Watershed Analysis

Date: 7/13/2011 Scenario: Big Portage Current, v1

Lake Id: 1629500

Watershed Id: 0

Hydrologic and Morphometric Data

Tributary Drainage Area: 868.2 acre

Total Unit Runoff: 14 in.

Annual Runoff Volume: 1012.9 acre-ft

Lake Surface Area <As>: 587 acre

Lake Volume <V>: 11204 acre-ft

Lake Mean Depth <z>: 19.1 ft

Precipitation - Evaporation: 5.5 in.

Hydraulic Loading: 1281.9 acre-ft/year

Areal Water Load <qs>: 2.2 ft/year

Lake Flushing Rate <p>: 0.11 1/year

Water Residence Time: 8.74 year

Observed spring overturn total phosphorus (SPO): 12.0 mg/m³

Observed growing season mean phosphorus (GSM): 11.0 mg/m³

% NPS Change: 0%

% PS Change: 0%

NON-POINT SOURCE DATA

Land Use	Acre (ac)	Low	Most Likely	High	Loading %	Low	Most Likely	High	
		Loading (kg/ha-year)				Loading (kg/year)			
		----		----		-----		-----	----
Row Crop AG	2.3	0.50	1.00	3.00	0.9	0	1	3	
Mixed AG	0.0	0.30	0.80	1.40	0.0	0	0	0	
Pasture/Grass	4	0.10	0.30	0.50	0.5	0	0	1	
HD Urban (1/8 Ac)	0.0	1.00	1.50	2.00	0.0	0	0	0	
MD Urban (1/4 Ac)	0.0	0.30	0.50	0.80	0.0	0	0	0	
Rural Res (>1 Ac)	0.0	0.05	0.10	0.25	0.0	0	0	0	
Wetlands	43.9	0.10	0.10	0.10	1.7	2	2	2	
Forest	818	0.05	0.09	0.18	28.6	17	30	60	
Lake Surface	587.0	0.10	0.30	1.00	68.4	24	71	238	

Big Portage Lake
Watershed Analysis

POINT SOURCE DATA

Point Sources	Water Load (m ³ /year)	Low (kg/year)	Most Likely (kg/year)	High (kg/year)	Loading %
---------------	--------------------------------------	------------------	--------------------------	-------------------	-----------

SEPTIC TANK DATA

Description	Low	Most Likely	High	Loading %
Septic Tank Output (kg/capita-year)	0.3	0.5	0.8	
# capita-years	0.0			
% Phosphorus Retained by Soil	98	90	80	
Septic Tank Loading (kg/year)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0

TOTALS DATA

Description	Low	Most Likely	High	Loading %
Total Loading (lb)	94.2	229.8	666.9	100.0
Total Loading (kg)	42.7	104.3	302.5	100.0
Areal Loading (lb/ac-year)	0.16	0.39	1.14	0.0
Areal Loading (mg/m ² -year)	17.98	43.89	127.35	0.0
Total PS Loading (lb)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total PS Loading (kg)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total NPS Loading (lb)	41.8	72.7	143.2	100.0
Total NPS Loading (kg)	19.0	33.0	65.0	100.0

Phosphorus Prediction and Uncertainty Analysis Module

Date: 7/13/2011 Scenario: 7
 Observed spring overturn total phosphorus (SPO): 12.0 mg/m³
 Observed growing season mean phosphorus (GSM): 11.0 mg/m³
 Back calculation for SPO total phosphorus: 0.0 mg/m³
 Back calculation GSM phosphorus: 0.0 mg/m³
 % Confidence Range: 70%
 Nurnberg Model Input - Est. Gross Int. Loading: 0 kg

Lake Phosphorus Model	Low	Most Likely	High	Predicted -Observed (mg/m ³)	% Dif.
	Total P (mg/m ³)	Total P (mg/m ³)	Total P (mg/m ³)		
Walker, 1987 Reservoir	10	24	70	13	118
Canfield-Bachmann, 1981 Natural Lake	8	14	28	3	27
Canfield-Bachmann, 1981 Artificial Lake	9	15	27	4	36
Rechow, 1979 General	1	4	10	-7	-64
Rechow, 1977 Anoxic	10	25	73	14	127
Rechow, 1977 water load<50m/year	2	6	17	-5	-45
Rechow, 1977 water load>50m/year	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Walker, 1977 General	8	21	60	9	75
Vollenweider, 1982 Combined OECD	7	16	37	5	43
Dillon-Rigler-Kirchner	6	15	45	3	25
Vollenweider, 1982 Shallow Lake/Res.	6	12	31	1	9
Larsen-Mercier, 1976	7	17	48	5	42
Nurnberg, 1984 Oxidic	5	13	38	2	18

Lake Phosphorus Model	Confidence		Parameter	Back Fit?	Model Calculation (kg/year)	Type
	Lower Bound	Upper Bound				
Walker, 1987 Reservoir	13	53		Tw	0	GSM
Canfield-Bachmann, 1981 Natural Lake	4	40		FIT	1	GSM
Canfield-Bachmann, 1981 Artificial Lake	5	43		FIT	1	GSM
Rechow, 1979 General	2	8		L qs	0	GSM
Rechow, 1977 Anoxic	14	55		FIT	0	GSM
Rechow, 1977 water load<50m/year	3	13		FIT	0	GSM
Rechow, 1977 water load>50m/year	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A
Walker, 1977 General	10	48		FIT	0	SPO
Vollenweider, 1982 Combined OECD	7	33		FIT	0	ANN
Dillon-Rigler-Kirchner	8	34		L qs p	0	SPO
Vollenweider, 1982 Shallow Lake/Res.	6	26		FIT	0	ANN
Larsen-Mercier, 1976	10	37		P Pin	0	SPO
Nurnberg, 1984 Oxid	6	30		FIT	0	ANN

Water and Nutrient Outflow Module

Date: 7/13/2011 Scenario: 7
 Average Annual Surface Total Phosphorus: 12.0mg/m³
 Annual Discharge: 1.28E+003 AF => 1.58E+006 m³
 Annual Outflow Loading: 39.9 LB => 18.1 kg

E

APPENDIX E

Aquatic Plant Survey Data

Total Lake Fullness	Point Number	latitude	longitude	Depth (ft)	Sediment type (M=mnuck, S=sand, R=rock)	Rope (R): Pole (P): Visual (V)	Notes	Myriophyllum spicatum	Potamogeton crispus	Chara spp.	Dulichium arundinaceum	Elatine minima	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Erioclea canadensis	Equisetum fluviatile	Eriocaulon aquaticum	Isocetes lacustris	Juncus pelocarpus	Labella dormanna	Myriophyllum tenellum	Najas flexilis	Najas spp.	Nuphar variegata	Nymphaea odorata	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton pusillus	Ranunculus flammula	Sagittaria latifolia	Sparganium angustifolium	Sparganium fluctuans	Utricularia resupinata	Vallisneria spiralis	Utricularia cornuta	NOTES		
	62	46.12095595	-89.29483843	19		R	No Vegetation																														
1	63	46.12041598	-89.29484532	18		R																															
	64	46.11987601	-89.29485221	17		R	No Vegetation																														
	65	46.11933604	-89.2948591	16		R	No Vegetation																														
	66	46.11879608	-89.29486599	12		R	P	No Vegetation																													
	67	46.11825611	-89.29487287	13		R	No Vegetation																														
	68	46.11771614	-89.29487976	14		R	No Vegetation																														
	69	46.11717617	-89.29488665	14		R	No Vegetation																														
	70	46.1166362	-89.29489354	6		S	P	No Vegetation																													
1	71	46.12743077	-89.29397915	1		S	P						1			1	1			1																	
	72	46.1268908	-89.29398605	12		R	No Vegetation																														
2	73	46.12635084	-89.29399295	16		R																															
	74	46.12581087	-89.29399985				Too Deep																														
	75	46.1252709	-89.29400675	18		R	No Vegetation																														
	76	46.12473093	-89.29401365	17		R	No Vegetation																														
	77	46.12419096	-89.29402054	18		R	No Vegetation																														
	78	46.123651	-89.29402744	19		R	No Vegetation																														
	79	46.12311103	-89.29403434				Too Deep																														
	80	46.12257106	-89.29404124				Too Deep																														
	81	46.12203109	-89.29404813				Too Deep																														
	82	46.12149112	-89.29405503				Too Deep																														
	83	46.12095116	-89.29406193				Too Deep																														
	84	46.12041119	-89.29406882	19		R	No Vegetation																														
	85	46.11987122	-89.29407572	19		R	No Vegetation																														
	86	46.11933125	-89.29408261	13		R	No Vegetation																														
	87	46.11879128	-89.29408951	15		R	No Vegetation																														
	88	46.11825132	-89.29409641	15		R	No Vegetation																														
	89	46.11771135	-89.29410333	17		R	No Vegetation																														
	90	46.11717138	-89.29411102	13		R	No Vegetation																														
1	91	46.12742597	-89.29320256	1		S	P																		1	1			1	1	1						
1	92	46.126886	-89.29320946	1		S	P																														
	93	46.12634604	-89.29321637	5		S	P	No Vegetation																													
	94	46.12580607	-89.29322328	15		R	No Vegetation																														
	95	46.1252661	-89.29323018	18		R	No Vegetation																														
	96	46.12472613	-89.29323709	18		R	No Vegetation																														
	97	46.12418617	-89.29324399	19		R	No Vegetation																														
	98	46.1236462	-89.2932509				Too Deep																														
	99	46.12310623	-89.2932578				Too Deep																														
	100	46.12256626	-89.29326471				Too Deep																														
	101	46.12202629	-89.29327161				Too Deep																														
	102	46.12148633	-89.29327852				Too Deep																														
	103	46.12094636	-89.29328542				Too Deep																														
	104	46.12040639	-89.29329233				Too Deep																														
	105	46.11986642	-89.29329923	20		R	Too Deep																														
	106	46.11932645	-89.29330613	19		R	No Vegetation																														
	107	46.11878649	-89.29331304	19		R	No Vegetation																														
	108	46.11824652	-89.29331994	19		R	No Vegetation																														
	109	46.11770655	-89.29332684	9		R	P	No Vegetation																													
1	110	46.12634123	-89.29243979	1		R	P				1	1			1																						
	111	46.12580126	-89.2924467	10		S	P	No Vegetation																													
	112	46.1252613	-89.29245362	13		R	No Vegetation																														
	113	46.12472133	-89.29246053	19		R	No Vegetation																														
	114	46.12418136	-89.29246744				Too Deep																														
	115	46.12364139	-89.29247436				Too Deep																														
	116	46.12310143	-89.29248127				Too Deep																														
	117	46.12256146	-89.29248818				Too Deep																														
	118	46.12202149	-89.29249509				Too Deep																														
	119	46.12148152	-89.292502				Too Deep																														
	120	46.12094155	-89.29250892				Too Deep																														
	121	46.12040159	-89.29251583				Too Deep																														
	122	46.11986162	-89.29252274				Too Deep																														

Total Lake Fullness	Point Number	latitude	longitude	Depth (ft)	Sediment type (M-muck, S-sand, R-rock)	Rope (R); Pole (P); Visual (V)	Notes	Myriophyllum spicatum	Potamogeton crispus	Chara spp.	Dulichium arundinaceum	Elatine minima	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Eleocharis canadensis	Equisetum fluviatile	Eriocaulon aquaticum	Isocetes lacustris	Juncus pelocarpus	Loelia dormanna	Myriophyllum tenellum	Najas flexilis	Najas spp.	Nuphar variegata	Nymphaea odorata	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton pusillus	Ranunculus flammula	Sagittaria latifolia	Sparganium angustifolium	Sparganium fluctuans	Utricularia resupinata	Vallisneria spiralis	Utricularia cornuta	NOTES		
	183	46.12362213	-89.28936819				Too Deep																														
	184	46.12308216	-89.28937513				Too Deep																														
	185	46.12254219	-89.28938207				Too Deep																														
	186	46.12200222	-89.28938901				Too Deep																														
	187	46.12146226	-89.28939596				Too Deep																														
	189	46.12092229	-89.2894029				Too Deep																														
	190	46.12038232	-89.28940984				Too Deep																														
	191	46.11984235	-89.28941678				Too Deep																														
	192	46.11930238	-89.28942372				Too Deep																														
	193	46.11876242	-89.28943067	19		R	No Vegetation																														
	194	46.13225676	-89.28848041	5	S	P	No Vegetation																														
	195	46.1317168	-89.28848736	10	S	P	No Vegetation																														
1	196	46.13117683	-89.28849432	12		R																1															
1	197	46.13063686	-89.28850127	13		R																1				1	1										
1	198	46.1300969	-89.28850822	10	S	P																															
	199	46.12955693	-89.28851518	1	S	P	No Vegetation																														
	200	46.12739706	-89.28854299				UNREACHABLE																														
	201	46.1268571	-89.28854994	3	S	P	No Vegetation																														
1	202	46.12631713	-89.28855689	4	S	P			1													1															
	203	46.12577716	-89.28856384	11	S	P	No Vegetation																														
	204	46.1252372	-89.28857079				Too Deep																														
	205	46.12469723	-89.28857774				Too Deep																														
	206	46.12415726	-89.28858469				Too Deep																														
	207	46.12361729	-89.28859164				Too Deep																														
	208	46.12307733	-89.2885986				Too Deep																														
	209	46.12253736	-89.28860555				Too Deep																														
	210	46.12199739	-89.2886125				Too Deep																														
	211	46.12145743	-89.28861945				Too Deep																														
	212	46.12091746	-89.2886264				Too Deep																														
	213	46.12037749	-89.28863334				Too Deep																														
	214	46.11983752	-89.28864029				Too Deep																														
	215	46.11929755	-89.28864724				Too Deep																														
	216	46.11875759	-89.28865419	13		R	No Vegetation																														
1	217	46.13279189	-89.28769679	1	S	P							1																								
	218	46.13225193	-89.28770375	9	S	P	No Vegetation																														
1	219	46.13171196	-89.28771071	13		R																1															
2	220	46.13117199	-89.28771767	12		R																2															
1	221	46.13063203	-89.28772463	12		R																1															
2	222	46.13009206	-89.28773159	12	S	P			1													2															
1	223	46.12955209	-89.28773855	6	S	P																			1												
2	224	46.12685226	-89.28777335	1	S	P					1				1	1	1																				
1	225	46.12631229	-89.28778031	3	R	P						1															1						1				
	226	46.12577233	-89.28778727	10	S	P	No Vegetation																														
	227	46.12523236	-89.28779423	16		R	No Vegetation																														
	228	46.12469239	-89.28780119				Too Deep																														
	229	46.12415243	-89.28780815				Too Deep																														
	230	46.12361246	-89.2878151				Too Deep																														
	231	46.12307249	-89.28782206				Too Deep																														
	232	46.12253252	-89.28782902				Too Deep																														
	233	46.12199256	-89.28783598				Too Deep																														
	234	46.12145259	-89.28784293				Too Deep																														
	235	46.12091262	-89.28784989				Too Deep																														
	236	46.12037266	-89.28785685				Too Deep																														
	237	46.11983269	-89.28786381				Too Deep																														
	238	46.11929272	-89.28787076				Too Deep																														
	239	46.13332702	-89.28691315	1	S	P	No Vegetation																														
	240	46.13278705	-89.28692012	5	S	P	No Vegetation																														
1	241	46.13224708	-89.28692708	10	S	P			1																												
1	242	46.13170712	-89.28693405	13		R																						1									
1	243	46.13116715	-89.28694102	13		R																						1									
1	244	46.13062719	-89.28694799	12		R																															

Total Lake Fullness	Point Number	latitude	longitude	Depth (ft)	Sediment type (M=mnuck, S=sand, R=Rock)	Rope (R); Pole (P); Visual (V)	Notes	Myriophyllum spicatum	Potamogeton crispus	Chara spp.	Dulichium arundinaceum	Elatine minima	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Eleocharis canadensis	Equisetum fluviatile	Eriocaulon aquaticum	Isoetes lacustris	Juncus pelocarpus	Labella dormanna	Myriophyllum tenellum	Najas flexilis	Najas spp.	Nuphar variegata	Nymphaea odorata	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton pusillus	Ranunculus flammula	Sagittaria latifolia	Sparganium angustifolium	Sparganium fluctuans	Utricularia resupinata	Vallisneria spiralis	Utricularia cornuta		NOTES		
	367	46.1171086	-89.28401634	19		R	No Vegetation																															
	368	46.11656863	-89.28402333	8	S	P	No Vegetation																															
1	369	46.13438266	-89.28301575	1	S	P													1																			
1	370	46.13384269	-89.28302275	9	S	P			1																													
1	371	46.13330272	-89.28302976	13		R																				1												
	372	46.13276276	-89.28303677	13		R	No Vegetation																															
	373	46.13222279	-89.28304377	18		R	No Vegetation																															
	374	46.13168283	-89.28305078				Too Deep																															
	375	46.13114286	-89.28305779				Too Deep																															
	376	46.1306029	-89.28306479				Too Deep																															
	377	46.13006293	-89.2830718				Too Deep																															
	378	46.12952296	-89.28307881				Too Deep																															
	379	46.128983	-89.28308581				Too Deep																															
	380	46.12844303	-89.28309282	19		R	No Vegetation																															
	381	46.12790307	-89.28309982	19		R	No Vegetation																															
	382	46.1273631	-89.28310683				Too Deep																															
	383	46.12682313	-89.28311383				Too Deep																															
	384	46.12628317	-89.28312084				Too Deep																															
	385	46.1257432	-89.28312784				Too Deep																															
	386	46.12520323	-89.28313485	20		R	No Vegetation																															
	387	46.12466327	-89.28314185	17		R	No Vegetation																															
1	388	46.1192636	-89.28321188	13		R															1																	
	389	46.11872363	-89.28321888				Too Deep																															
	390	46.11818367	-89.28322589				Too Deep																															
	391	46.1176437	-89.28323289	20		R	No Vegetation																															
	392	46.11710373	-89.28323989				Too Deep																															
	393	46.11656376	-89.28324689	19		R	No Vegetation																															
	394	46.1160238	-89.28325389	7	S	P	No Vegetation																															
1	395	46.13437778	-89.28223905	6	S	P																																
1	396	46.13383782	-89.28224607	10	S	P			1																	1												
	397	46.13329785	-89.28225308	17		R	No Vegetation																															
	398	46.13275788	-89.2822601				Too Deep																															
	399	46.13221792	-89.28226711				Too Deep																															
	400	46.13167795	-89.28227413				Too Deep																															
	401	46.13113799	-89.28228114				Too Deep																															
	402	46.13059802	-89.28228816				Too Deep																															
	403	46.13005806	-89.28229517				Too Deep																															
	404	46.12951809	-89.28230218				Too Deep																															
	405	46.12897812	-89.2823092				Too Deep																															
	406	46.12843816	-89.28231621	19		R	No Vegetation																															
	407	46.12789819	-89.28232322	16		R	No Vegetation																															
	408	46.12735823	-89.28233023	19		R	No Vegetation																															
	409	46.12681826	-89.28233725	19		R	No Vegetation																															
	410	46.12627829	-89.28234426				Too Deep																															
	411	46.12573833	-89.28235127	19		R	No Vegetation																															
1	412	46.12519836	-89.28235828	19		R																					1											
	413	46.12465839	-89.2823653	18		R	No Vegetation																															
	414	46.12411843	-89.28237231	15		R	No Vegetation																															
	415	46.11925873	-89.2824354	8	S	P	No Vegetation																															
	416	46.11871876	-89.28244241	13		R	No Vegetation																															
	417	46.11817879	-89.28244942	17		R	No Vegetation																															
	418	46.11763883	-89.28245643				Too Deep																															
	419	46.11709886	-89.28246344				Too Deep																															
	420	46.11655889	-89.28247045				Too Deep																															
	421	46.11601892	-89.28247746				Too Deep																															
	422	46.11547896	-89.28248446	10		R	No Vegetation																															
	423	46.11493899	-89.28249147	5	S	P	No Vegetation																															
1	424	46.1343729	-89.28146236	4	S	P																																
	425	46.13383294	-89.28146938	7	S	P	No Vegetation						1																									
	426	46.13329297	-89.28147641	14		R	No Vegetation																															
	427	46.13275301	-89.28148343				Too Deep																															

Total Lake Fullness	Point Number	latitude	longitude	Depth (ft)	Sediment type (M-muck, S-sand, R-Rock)	Rope (R), Pole (P), Visual (V)	Notes	Myriophyllum spicatum	Potamogeton crispus	Chara spp.	Dulichium arundinaceum	Elatine minima	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Eleocharis canadensis	Equisetum fluviatile	Eriocaulon aquaticum	Isoetes lacustris	Juncus pelocarpus	Labella dormanna	Myriophyllum tenellum	Najas flexilis	Najas spp.	Nuphar variegata	Nymphaea odorata	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton pusillus	Ranunculus flammula	Sagittaria latifolia	Sparganium angustifolium	Sparganium fluctuans	Utricularia resupinata	Vallisneria spiralis	Utricularia cornuta	NOTES	
	428	46.13221304	-89.28149045				Too Deep																													
	429	46.13167307	-89.28149747				Too Deep																													
	430	46.13113311	-89.2815045				Too Deep																													
	431	46.13059314	-89.28151152				Too Deep																													
	432	46.13005318	-89.28151854				Too Deep																													
	433	46.12951321	-89.28152556				Too Deep																													
	434	46.12897325	-89.28153258				Too Deep																													
	435	46.12843328	-89.2815396	13		R	No Vegetation																													
	436	46.12789331	-89.28154662	13		R	No Vegetation																													
	437	46.12735335	-89.28155364	8	S	P	No Vegetation																													
	438	46.12681338	-89.28156066	10		R	No Vegetation																													
	439	46.12627341	-89.28156768	18		R	No Vegetation																													
	440	46.12573345	-89.2815747	18		R	No Vegetation																													
	441	46.12519348	-89.28158172	16		R	No Vegetation																													
	442	46.12465352	-89.28158874	8	R	P	No Vegetation																													
	443	46.12411355	-89.28159576	5	S	P	No Vegetation																													
	444	46.11871388	-89.28166594	6	S	P	No Vegetation																													
	445	46.11817392	-89.28167296	8	S	P	No Vegetation																													
	446	46.11763395	-89.28167997	18		R	No Vegetation																													
	447	46.11709398	-89.28168699	19		R	No Vegetation																													
	448	46.11655402	-89.28169401	20			Too Deep																													
	449	46.11601405	-89.28170102				Too Deep																													
	450	46.11547408	-89.28170804	19		R	No Vegetation																													
1	451	46.11493411	-89.28171505	8	S	P	No Vegetation																													
	452	46.11439415	-89.28172207				UNREACHABLE																													
1	453	46.13436802	-89.28068567	4	S	P	No Vegetation																													
	454	46.13382805	-89.2806927	7	S	P	No Vegetation																													
1	455	46.13328809	-89.28069973	10	S	P	No Vegetation																													
	456	46.13274812	-89.28070676				Too Deep																													
	457	46.13220815	-89.28071379				Too Deep																													
	458	46.13166819	-89.28072082				Too Deep																													
	459	46.13112822	-89.28072785				Too Deep																													
	460	46.13058826	-89.28073488				Too Deep																													
	461	46.13004829	-89.28074191				Too Deep																													
	462	46.12950833	-89.28074894				Too Deep																													
	463	46.12896836	-89.28075596				Too Deep																													
	464	46.1284284	-89.28076299				Too Deep																													
	465	46.12788843	-89.28077002				Too Deep																													
	466	46.12734846	-89.28077705				UNREACHABLE																													
1	467	46.1268085	-89.28078408	1	R	P	No Vegetation																													
	468	46.12626853	-89.2807911	4	S	P	No Vegetation																													
	469	46.12572857	-89.28079813	12		R	No Vegetation																													
	470	46.1251886	-89.28080516	6	S	P	No Vegetation																													
	471	46.11816903	-89.28089649	4	S	P	No Vegetation																													
	472	46.11762907	-89.28090352	12		R	No Vegetation																													
	473	46.1170891	-89.28091054	16		R	No Vegetation																													
	474	46.11654913	-89.28091757	18		R	No Vegetation																													
	475	46.11600917	-89.28092459				Too Deep																													
	476	46.1154692	-89.28093161	15		R	No Vegetation																													
	477	46.11492923	-89.28093864	5	S	P	No Vegetation																													
1	478	46.13436313	-89.27990898	2	S	P	No Vegetation																													
1	479	46.13382316	-89.27991602	6	S	P	No Vegetation																													
1	480	46.1332832	-89.27992305	7	S	P	No Vegetation																													
1	481	46.13274323	-89.27993009	15		R	No Vegetation																													
	482	46.13220326	-89.27993713	15		R	No Vegetation																													
	483	46.1316633	-89.27994417				Too Deep																													
	484	46.13112333	-89.2799512				Too Deep																													
	485	46.13058337	-89.27995824				Too Deep																													
	486	46.1300434	-89.27996528				Too Deep																													
	487	46.12950344	-89.27997231				Too Deep																													
	488	46.12896347	-89.27997935				Too Deep																													

Total Lake Fullness	Point Number	latitude	longitude	Depth (ft)	Sediment type (M-muck, S-sand, R-Rock)	Rope (R), Pole (P), Visual (V)	Notes	Myriophyllum spicatum	Potamogeton crispus	Chara spp.	Dulichium arundifacuum	Elatine minima	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Eleocharis canadensis	Equisetum fluviatile	Eriocaulon aquaticum	Isoetes lacustris	Juncus pelocarpus	Labella dormanna	Myriophyllum tenellum	Najas flexilis	Najas spp.	Nuphar variegata	Nymphaea odorata	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton pusillus	Ranunculus flammula	Sagittaria latifolia	Sparganium angustifolium	Sparganium fluctuans	Utricularia resupinata	Vallisneria spiralis	Utricularia cornuta	NOTES			
1	550	46.13380355	-89.27680928	1	S	P																																
1	551	46.13326358	-89.27681635	6	S	P																																
	552	46.13272362	-89.27682342	6	S	P	No Vegetation																															
	553	46.13218365	-89.27683049	10		R	No Vegetation																															
	554	46.13164369	-89.27683756	17		R	No Vegetation																															
	555	46.13110372	-89.27684462				Too Deep																															
	556	46.13056376	-89.27685169				Too Deep																															
	557	46.13002379	-89.27685876				Too Deep																															
	558	46.12948383	-89.27686582				Too Deep																															
	559	46.12894386	-89.27687289				Too Deep																															
	560	46.1284039	-89.27687996				Too Deep																															
	561	46.12786393	-89.27688702				Too Deep																															
	562	46.12732396	-89.27689409				Too Deep																															
	563	46.126784	-89.27690115	19		R	No Vegetation																															
1	564	46.13325867	-89.27603968	4	S	P			1										1	1																		
	565	46.1327187	-89.27604675	6	S	P	No Vegetation																															
	566	46.13217874	-89.27605383	9	S	P	No Vegetation																															
	567	46.13163877	-89.2760609	20		R	Too Deep																															
	568	46.13109881	-89.27606798				Too Deep																															
	569	46.13055884	-89.27607505				Too Deep																															
	570	46.13001888	-89.27608213				Too Deep																															
	571	46.12947891	-89.2760892				Too Deep																															
	572	46.12893895	-89.27609628				Too Deep																															
	573	46.12839898	-89.27610335				Too Deep																															
	574	46.12785901	-89.27611042				Too Deep																															
	575	46.12731905	-89.2761175				Too Deep																															
	576	46.12677908	-89.27612457	16		R	No Vegetation																															
	577	46.12569915	-89.27613872	7	S	P	No Vegetation																															
	578	46.12515919	-89.27614579	12	S	P	No Vegetation																															
	579	46.12461922	-89.27615286	1	S	P	No Vegetation																	V	V													
2	580	46.13325374	-89.275263	4	S	P																																
	581	46.13271378	-89.27527009	12		R	No Vegetation												1																			
	582	46.13217381	-89.27527717	15			No Vegetation																															
	583	46.13163385	-89.27528425				Too Deep																															
	584	46.13109388	-89.27529133				Too Deep																															
	585	46.13055392	-89.27529842				Too Deep																															
	586	46.13001395	-89.2753055				Too Deep																															
	587	46.12947399	-89.27531258				Too Deep																															
	588	46.12893402	-89.27531966				Too Deep																															
	589	46.12839406	-89.27532674				Too Deep																															
	590	46.12785409	-89.27533382				Too Deep																															
	591	46.12731413	-89.2753409				Too Deep																															
	592	46.12677416	-89.27534799				Too Deep																															
	593	46.1262342	-89.27535507				Too Deep																															
	594	46.12569423	-89.27536215				Too Deep																															
	595	46.12515427	-89.27536923				Too Deep																															
	596	46.1246143	-89.27537631	5	S	P	No Vegetation																															
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	598	46.13270885	-89.27449342	9	S	P	No Vegetation																															
	599	46.13216889	-89.27450051				Too Deep																															
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Total Lake Fullness	Point Number	latitude	longitude	Depth (ft)	Sediment type (M-muck, S-sand, R-Rock)	Rope (R); Pole (P); Visual (V)	Notes	Myriophyllum spicatum	Potamogeton crispus	Chara spp.	Dulichium arundinaceum	Elatine minima	Eleocharis acicularis	Eleocharis palustris	Eriocaulon canadense	Equisetum fluviatile	Eriocaulon aquaticum	Isoetes lacustris	Juncus pelocarpus	Labella dormanna	Myriophyllum tenellum	Najas flexilis	Najas spp.	Nuphar variegata	Nymphaea odorata	Potamogeton gramineus	Potamogeton pusillus	Ranunculus flammula	Sagittaria latifolia	Sparganium angustifolium	Sparganium fluctuans	Utricularia resupinata	Vallisneria spiralis	Utricularia cornuta	NOTES		
	611	46.12568931	-89.27458558				Too Deep																														
	612	46.12514934	-89.27459267				Too Deep																														
1	613	46.12460938	-89.27459975	3	S	P												1																			
	614	46.13270392	-89.27371675	2	S	P	No Vegetation																														
	615	46.13216396	-89.27372385	12		R	No Vegetation																														
	616	46.13162399	-89.27373095				Too Deep																														
	617	46.13108403	-89.27373804				Too Deep																														
	618	46.13054406	-89.27374514				Too Deep																														
	619	46.1300041	-89.27375224				Too Deep																														
	620	46.12946413	-89.27375934				Too Deep																														
	621	46.12892417	-89.27376643				Too Deep																														
	622	46.1283842	-89.27377353				Too Deep																														
	623	46.12784424	-89.27378063				Too Deep																														
	624	46.12730427	-89.27378772				Too Deep																														
	625	46.12676431	-89.27379482				Too Deep																														
	626	46.12622434	-89.27380191				Too Deep																														
	627	46.12568438	-89.27380901				Too Deep																														
	628	46.12514441	-89.27381611	15		R	No Vegetation																														
	629	46.13215902	-89.27294719				UNREACHABLE																														
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	640	46.1262194	-89.27302534				Too Deep																														
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F

APPENDIX F

WDNR Creel Survey Data

**WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
CREEL SURVEY REPORT**

BIG PORTAGE LAKE

VILAS COUNTY

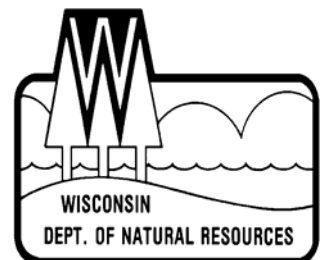
2006-07



Treaty Fisheries Publication

**Written by Steve Kramer
Treaty Fisheries Technician**

**Edited by Michael A. Coshun
Treaty Fisheries Biologist**



May 2007

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	1
GENERAL LAKE INFORMATION	2
Location	2
Physical Characteristics	2
Seasons Surveyed	2
Weather	2
Sportfishing Regulations.....	2
SPECIES CATCH AND HARVEST INFORMATION	2
CREEL SURVEY RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	3
Survey Logistics	3
General Angler Information.....	3
SPECIES INFORMATION	3
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	4

SUMMARY TABLES

Table 1. Sportfishing effort summary	5
Table 2. Creel survey synopsis	6

SPECIES CATCH AND HARVEST INFORMATION

Gamefish

Figure 1. Walleye.....	7
Figure 2. Northern Pike	8
Figure 3. Muskellunge	9
Figure 4. Smallmouth Bass	10
Figure 5. Largemouth Bass	11

Panfish

Figure 6. Yellow Perch	12
Figure 7. Bluegill	13
Figure 8. Pumpkinseed.....	14
Figure 9. Rock Bass	15

Cover Art: Steve Hilt, Minocqua, WI

Fish Graphics: Virgil Beck, Stevens Point, WI

INTRODUCTION

Fish populations can fluctuate due to natural forces (weather, predation, competition), management actions (stocking, regulations, habitat improvement), inappropriate development (habitat degradation), and harvest impacts. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources fisheries crews regularly conduct fishery surveys on area lakes and reservoirs to gather the information needed to monitor changes, identify concerns, evaluate past management actions, and to prescribe good fishery management strategies. Netting and electrofishing surveys are used to gather data on the status of fish populations and communities (species composition, population size, reproductive success, size/age distribution, and growth rates). But the other key component of the fishery that we often need to measure is the harvest.

On many lakes in the Ceded Territory of northern Wisconsin, harvest of fish is divided between sport anglers and the six Chippewa tribes who harvest fish under rights granted by federal treaties. The tribes harvest fish mostly using a highly efficient method, spearing, during a relatively short time period in the spring. Every fish in the spear harvest is counted – a complete “census” of the harvest.

We also measure the sport harvest to assess its impact on the fishery. But because it would be highly impractical and very costly to conduct a complete census of every angler who fishes on a lake, we conduct creel surveys.

A creel survey is an assessment tool used to sample the fishing activities of anglers on a body of water and make projections of harvest and other fishery parameters. Creel survey clerks work on randomly-selected

days and shifts, forty hours per week during the open season for gamefish from the first Saturday in May through the first Sunday in March, except during the month of November when fishing effort is low and ice conditions are often unsafe. The survey is run during daylight hours, and shift times change from month to month as day length changes.

Creel survey clerks travel their lakes using a boat or snowmobile to count numbers of anglers on a lake at predetermined times, and to interview anglers who have completed their fishing trip to collect data on what species they fished for, catch, harvest, lengths of fish harvested, marks (finclips or tags), and hours of fishing effort. Collecting completed-trip data provides the most accurate assessment of angling activities, and it avoids the need to disturb anglers while they are fishing.

A computer program is used to make projections of total catch and harvest of each species, catch and harvest rates, and total fishing effort, by month and for the year in total. Keep in mind that these are only projections based on the best information available, and not a complete accounting of effort, catch, and harvest. Accurate projections require that we sample a sufficient and representative portion of the angling activity on a lake. The accuracy of creel survey results, therefore, depends on good cooperation and truthful responses by anglers when a creel clerk interviews them.

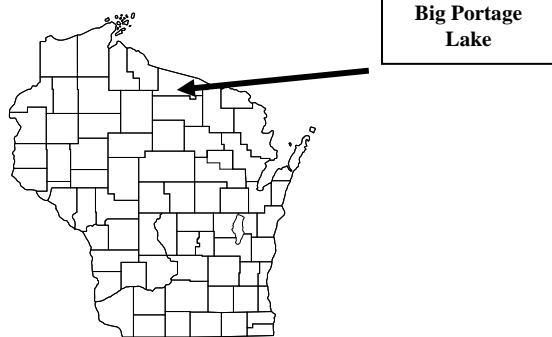
You may have encountered a DNR creel survey clerk on a recent fishing trip. We appreciate your cooperation during an interview. The survey only takes a moment of your time and it gives the Department valuable information needed for management of the fishery.

This report provides projections of:

1. Overall fishing pressure
2. Fishing effort directed at each species
3. Catch and harvest rates
4. Numbers of fish caught and harvested.

Also included are a physical description of Big Portage Lake; discussion of results of the survey; and detailed summaries, by species of fishing effort, catch and harvest.

GENERAL LAKE INFORMATION



Location

Big Portage Lake is located in Vilas County approximately 4 miles southwest of the town of Land O'Lakes.

Physical Characteristics

Big Portage Lake is a 638-acre seepage lake of low fertility with a maximum depth of 38 feet. Littoral substrate consists primarily of sand, gravel and rock. Big Portage Lake has clear water of high transparency.

Seasons Surveyed

The period referred to in this report as the 2006-fishing season ran from May 6, 2006 through March 4, 2007. The open water creel survey ran from May 6 through October 31, 2006 and the ice fishing creel survey ran from December 1, 2006 through March 4, 2007.

Weather

Ice-out on Big Portage Lake was around April 19, 2006 which is considered normal for northern Wisconsin. Spring, summer and fall weather was normal. Fishable-ice formed on Big Portage Lake in early December.

Sportfishing Regulations

The following seasons, daily bag limits, and length limits were in place on Big Portage Lake during the 2006-fishing season:

Species	Season	Bag Limit	Min. Size
Largemouth Bass & Smallmouth Bass	5/06-6/17	Catch & Release	
	6/18-3/04	5	14"
Musky	5/27-11/30	1	34"
Northern Pike	5/06-3/04	5	none
Walleye	5/06-3/04	2*	No Minimum, 14"-18" Protected Slot, 1>18"
Panfish	year round	25	none
Rock Bass	year round	none	none

* The statewide bag limit was 5 fish, but due to tribal declarations it was reduced on Big Portage Lake.

SPECIES CATCH AND HARVEST INFORMATION

Angling information is summarized for each species (Figures 1-10) with effort and/or catch information. Information presented about species whose fishing season extends beyond March 4 should be considered minimum estimates. Each species page has up to five graphs depicting the following:

1. **PROJECTED FISHING EFFORT**
Total calculated number of hours during each month that anglers spent fishing for a species.

2. PROJECTED SPECIFIC CATCH AND HARVEST RATES

Calculated number of hours it takes an angler to catch or harvest a fish of the indicated species. Only information from anglers who were specifically targeting that species is reported.

3. PROJECTED CATCH AND HARVEST

Calculated number of fish of the indicated species caught or harvested by all anglers, regardless of targeted species.

4. LENGTH DISTRIBUTION OF HARVESTED FISH

All fish of a species that were measured by the clerk during the entire creel survey season.

5. LARGEST AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF HARVESTED FISH

Monthly largest and average length of harvested fish of a species. Only those fish measured by the creel survey clerk are reported.

CREEL SURVEY RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Survey Logistics

The creel survey went well. We encountered no unusual problems conducting the survey or calculating the projections contained in the report. This was the first time the department conducted a creel survey on Big Portage Lake.

General Angler Information

Anglers spent 9,137 hours or 14.3 hours per acre fishing Big Portage Lake during the 2006 season (Table 1). That was less than

half the statewide average of 33.6 hours per acre and the Vilas County average of 36.2 hours per acre. May was the most heavily fished month (4.1 hours per acre). Fishing effort was lightest in February (0.2 hours per acre).

SPECIES INFORMATION

Walleye (Table 2, Figure 1)

Walleye received the most fishing pressure in Big Portage Lake during the 2006 season.

Anglers spent 8,375 hours targeting walleye. Walleye fishing effort was greatest in May (2,612 hours). February had the least amount of walleye fishing effort (69 hours).

Catch was 4,221 fish and harvest 1,560 fish.

Highest catch (2,401 fish) and harvest (816 fish) occurred in May. Anglers fished 2.0 hours to catch and 5.4 hours to harvest a walleye during 2006.

The mean length of harvested walleye was 13.6 inches and the largest walleye measured was a 23.5-inch fish harvested in July.

Northern Pike (Table 2, Figure 2)

Fishing effort directed at northern pike was 51 hours during the 2006 season. Big Portage Lake has a low density of northern pike.

Catch was 3 fish and harvest was 3 fish.

The mean length of harvested northern pike was 22.1 inches and the largest northern pike measured was a 22.1-inch fish.

Smallmouth Bass (Table 2, Figure 4)

Fishing effort targeted at smallmouth bass was 901 hours during the 2006 season. Smallmouth bass fishing effort was greatest in June (307 hours). 842 smallmouth bass were caught with 9 fish harvested. Highest

catch (564 fish) occurred in June. Anglers fished 1.4 hours to catch a smallmouth bass during 2006.

Largemouth Bass (Table 2, Figure 5)

Fishing effort directed at largemouth bass was 60 hours during the 2006 season. Largemouth bass fishing effort was greatest in September (44 hours).

Catch was 22 fish and harvest 0 fish. The only month catch (22 fish) occurred was September. Anglers fished 15.8 hours to catch a largemouth bass during 2006.

Panfish (Table 2, Figures 6-10)

Panfish effort was 1,928 hours during the 2006 season.

Yellow perch was the most sought after panfish during the survey. Yellow perch comprised 93% of panfish effort, 87% of catch and 95% of panfish harvest. Anglers fished 3.5 hours to catch and 4.4 hour to harvest a yellow perch during 2006. The mean length of harvested yellow perch was 10.5 inches and the largest yellow perch measured was a 13.5-inch fish harvested in May.

Other panfish caught during the 2005 survey include, bluegill (50 caught, 19 harvested) and rock bass (32 caught, 5 harvested).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Completion of this survey was possible because of the efforts of the technical staff of the Treaty Fisheries Unit. Treaty staff responsible for ensuring completion of this survey includes Steve Kramer, Joelle Underwood, Marty Kiepeke, Tim Tobias, and Jason Halverson. John Logan and Doug Day were the creel clerks on Big Portage Lake during the survey period.

The Department thanks the cooperators who

generously allowed the department to keep a boat and snowmobile on their property during this survey.

We also thank fish management staff who worked in conjunction with the creel survey performing in-water sampling of the fish community.

We also thank all the anglers who took the time to offer information about their fishing trip to the survey clerk. Without their cooperation the survey would not have been possible.

Additional copies of this report and those covering other local lakes can be obtained from the Woodruff DNR. Requests should be directed to:

Mike Coshun
Treaty Fisheries Biologist
WI Department of Natural Resources
8770 Hwy. J
Woodruff, WI 54568
e-mail:
Michael.Coshun@dnr.state.wi.us

Table 1. Sportfishing effort summary, Big Portage Lake, 2006-07 season.

Month	Total Angler Hours	Total Angler Hours/Acre	Vilas County Average Hours/Acre	Statewide Average Hours/Acre
May	2612	4.1	5.4	5.8
June	1696	2.7	7.1	6.1
July	1433	2.2	7.7	6.4
August	1278	2.0	6.7	5.4
September	873	1.4	4.2	3.8
October	191	0.3	2.0	1.6
December	287	0.4	0.5	1.7
January	521	0.8	0.7	1.5
February	120	0.2	0.9	1.3
March	127	0.2	0.1	**
*Summer Total	8083	12.7	34.1	29.1
*Winter Total	1055	1.7	2.1	4.5
Grand Total	9137	14.3	36.2	33.6

*"Summer" is May-October; "Winter" is December-March

**Too few lakes have been surveyed in March to give a meaningful statewide average.

Total Angler Hours is the estimated total number of hours that anglers spent fishing on Big Portage Lake during each month surveyed.

Total Angler Hours/Acre is the total angler hours divided by the area of the lake in acres. This is useful if you wish to compare effort on Big Portage Lake to other lakes.

County Average Hours/Acre is the average angler effort in hours per acre for county lakes that have been surveyed since 1990. This value can be useful in comparisons as well.

Statewide Average Hours/Acre is the average angler effort in hours per acre for inland lakes in the state surveyed between 1990 and 1995. This value can be used to compare Big Portage Lake to other lakes statewide.

Table 2. Creel survey synopses, Big Portage Lake, 2006-07 fishing season.

CREEL YEAR: 2006-07

SPECIES	DIRECTED EFFORT (Hours)	PERCENT OF TOTAL	TOTAL CATCH	SPECIFIC CATCH RATE (Hrs/Fish) *	TOTAL HARVEST	SPECIFIC HARVEST RATE (Hrs/Fish) **	MEAN LENGTH OF HARVESTED FISH
Walleye	8375	73.78%	4221	2.0	1560	5.4	13.6
Northern Pike	51	0.4%	3		3		22.1
Muskellunge	37	0.33%	0		0		
Smallmouth Bass	901	7.94%	842	1.4	9	125.0	16.0
Largemouth Bass	60	0.53%	22	15.8	0		
Yellow Perch	1787	15.74%	550	3.5	441	4.4	10.5
Bluegill	111	0.98%	50		19		8.6
Rock Bass	30	0.26%	32		5		

* A blank cell in this column indicates that no fish of a given species were caught by anglers who specifically targeted that species.

** A blank cell in this column indicates that no fish of a given species were harvested by anglers who specifically targeted that species.

WALLEYE

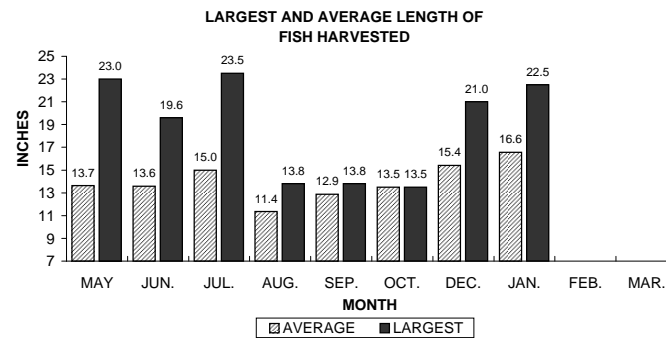
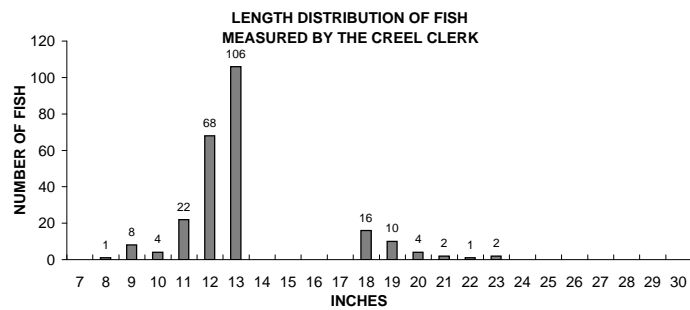
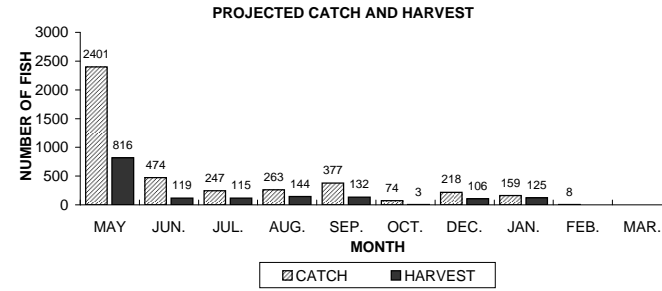
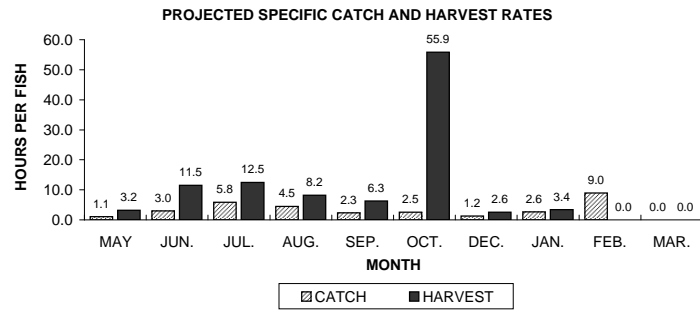
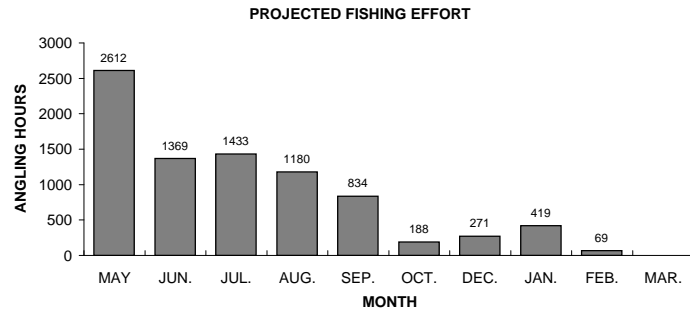
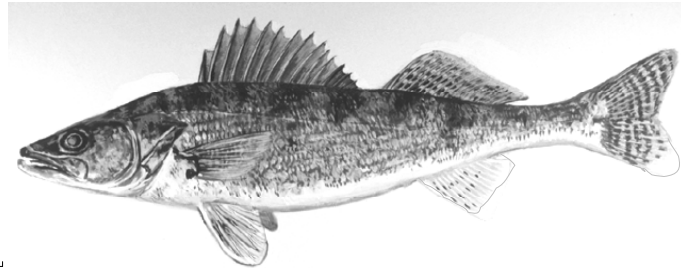


Figure 1. Walleye sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Big Portage Lake, during 2006-07.

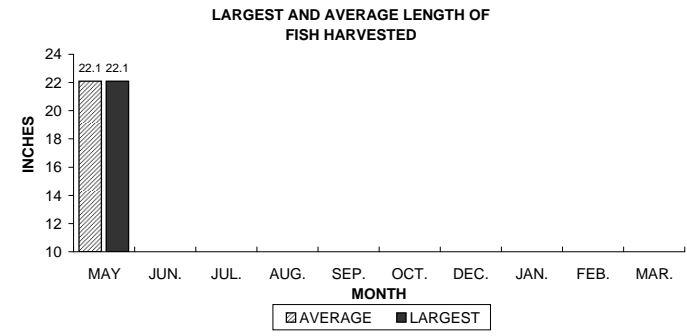
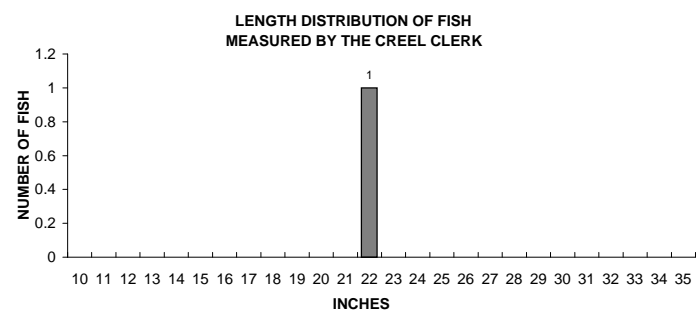
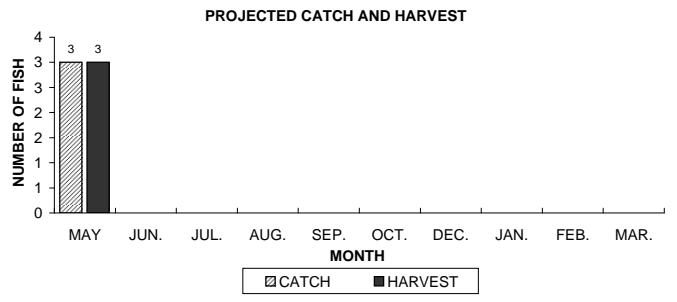
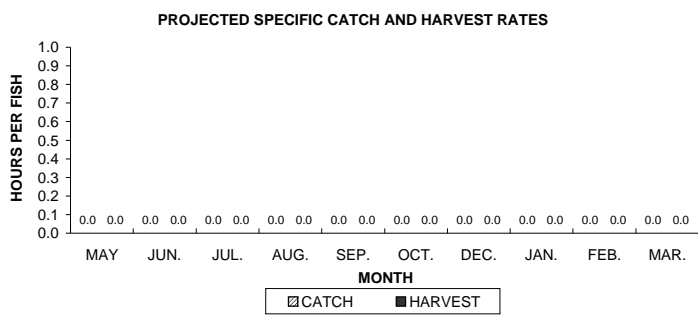
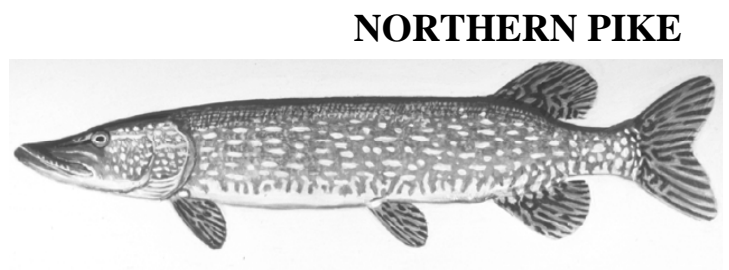
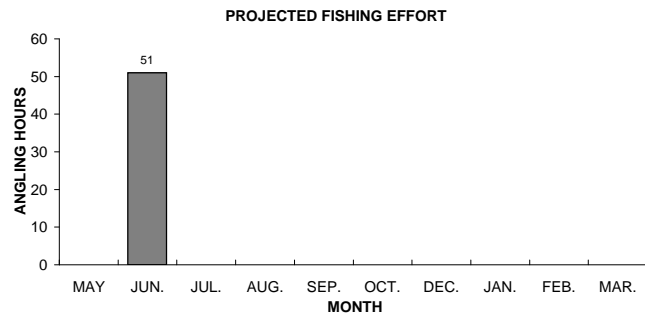


Figure 2. Northern pike sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Big Portage Lake, during 2006-07.

MUSKELLUNGE

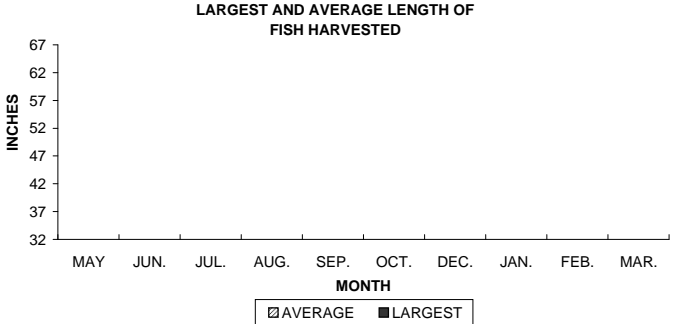
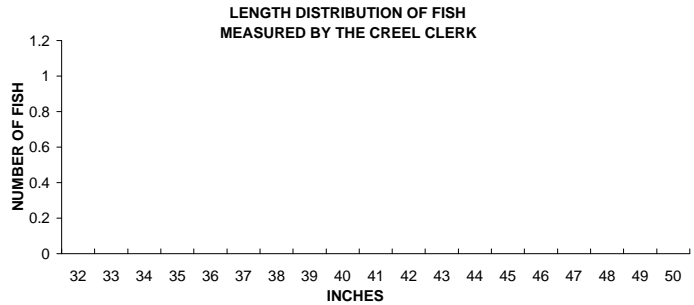
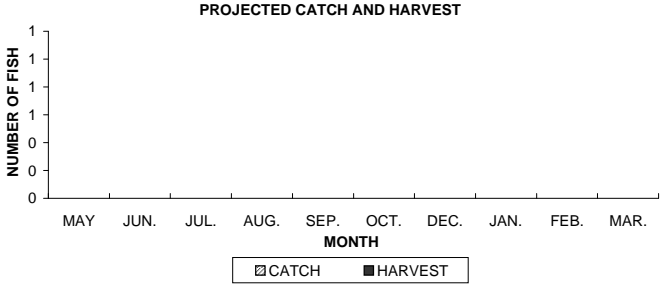
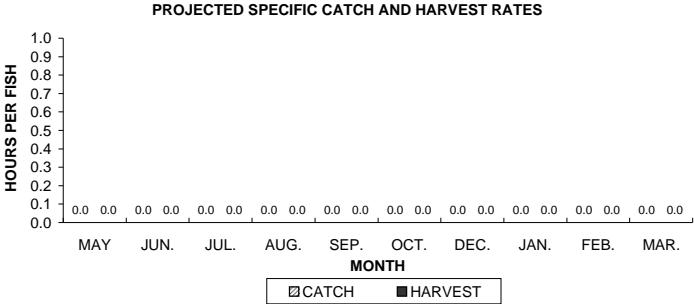
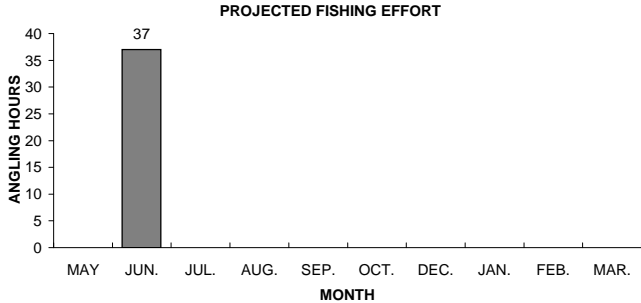


Figure 3. Muskellunge sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Big Portage Lake, during 2006-07.

SMALLMOUTH BASS

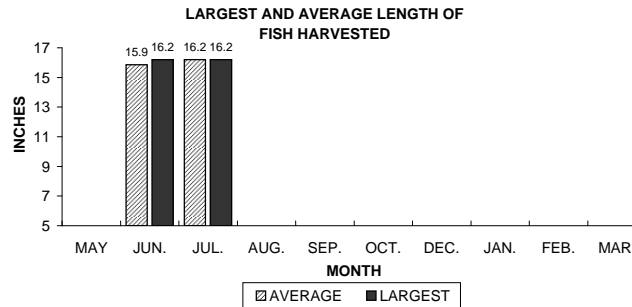
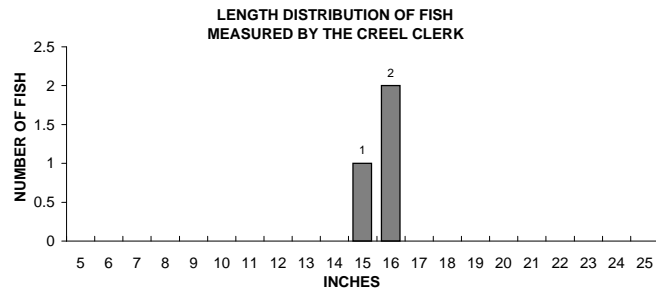
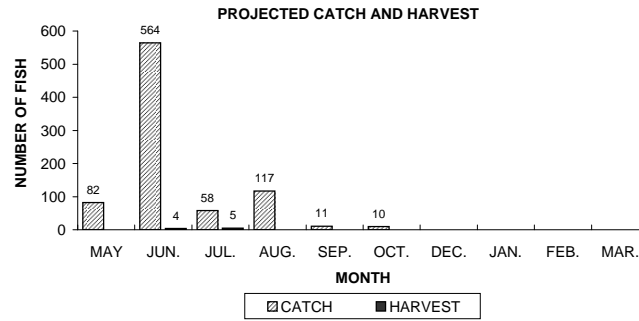
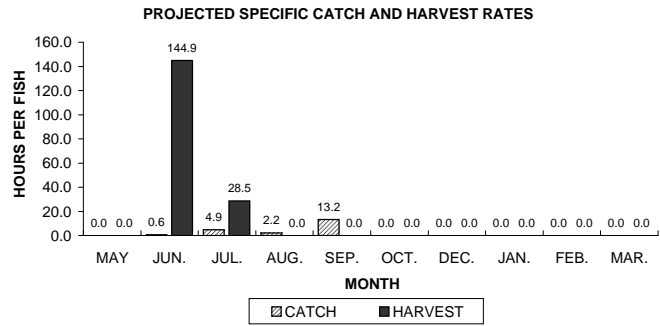
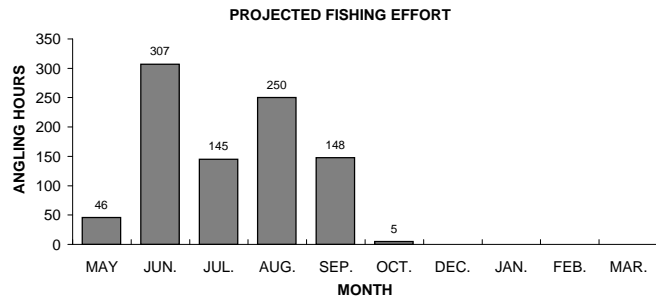
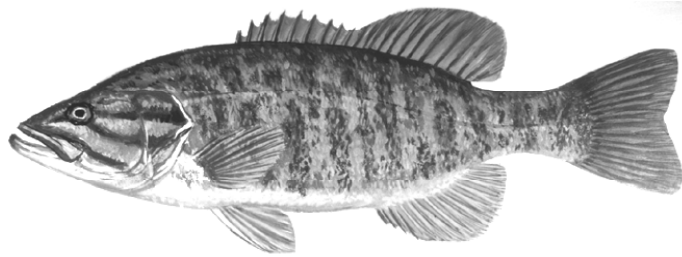


Figure 4. Smallmouth bass sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and distribution, Big Portage Lake, during 2006-07.

LARGEMOUTH BASS

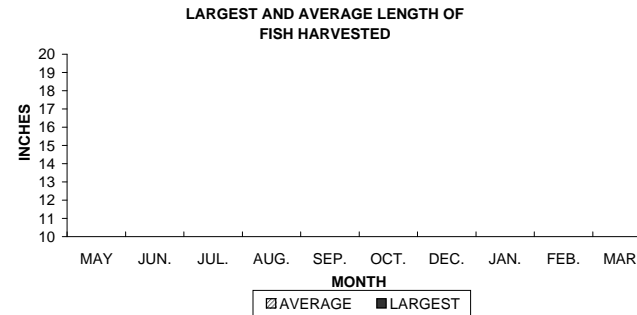
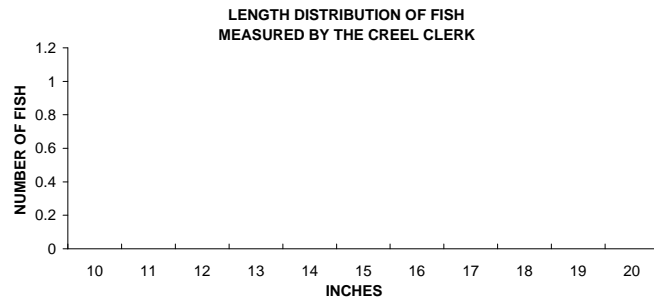
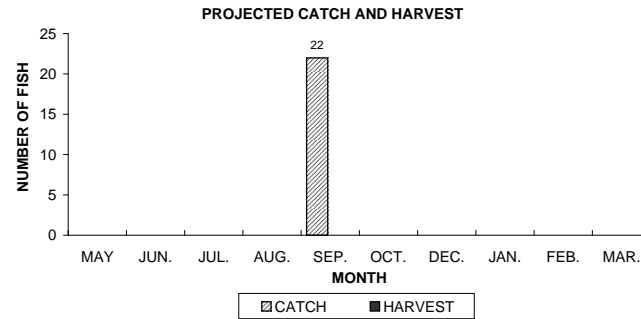
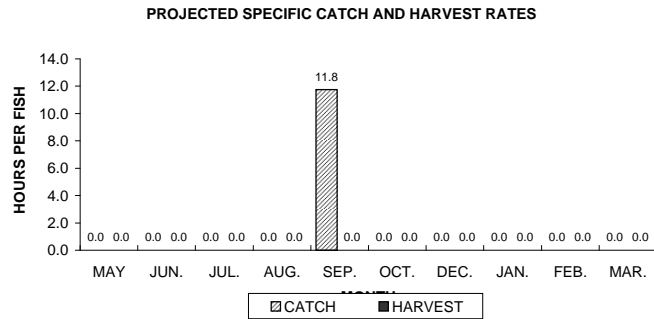
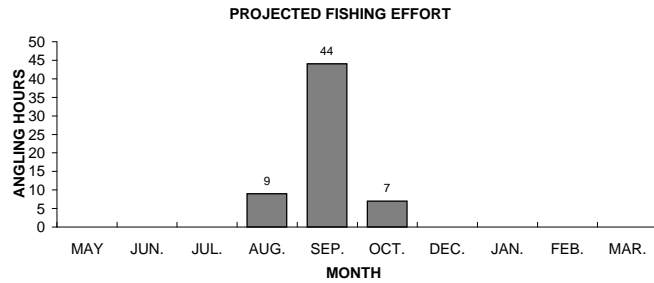
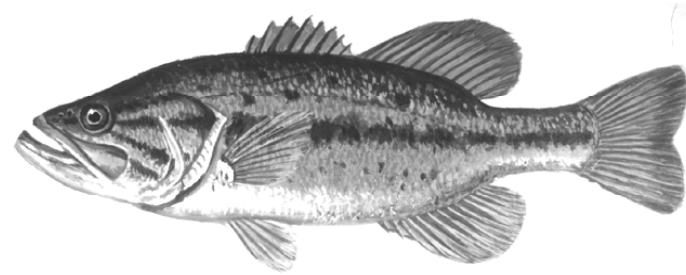


Figure 5. Largemouth bass sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Big Portage Lake, during 2006-07.

YELLOW PERCH

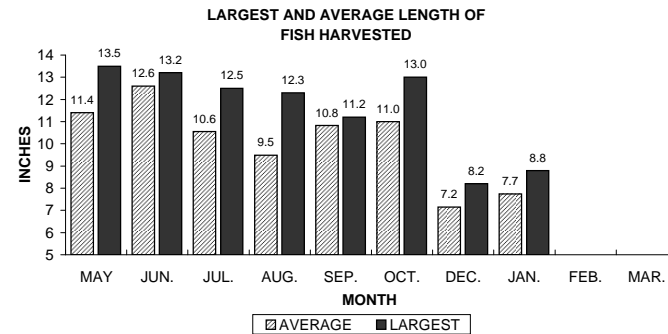
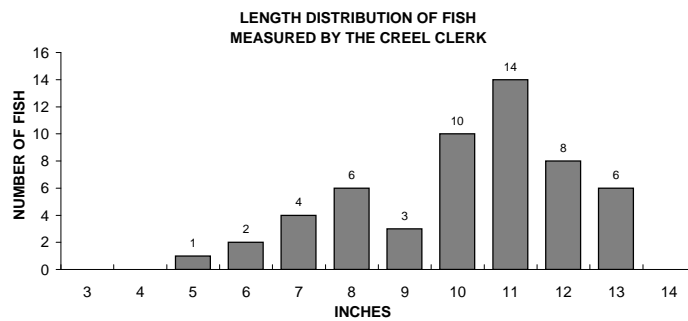
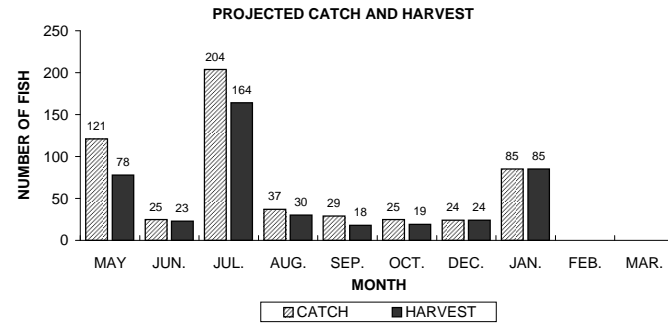
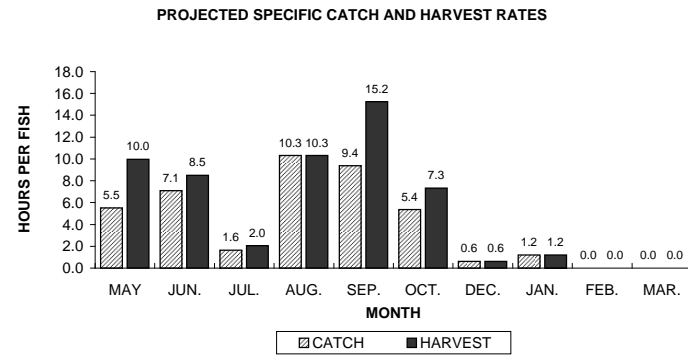
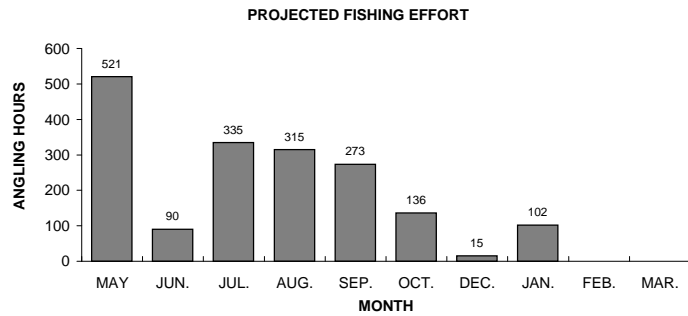


Figure 6. Yellow perch sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Big Portage Lake, during 2006-07.

BLUEGILL

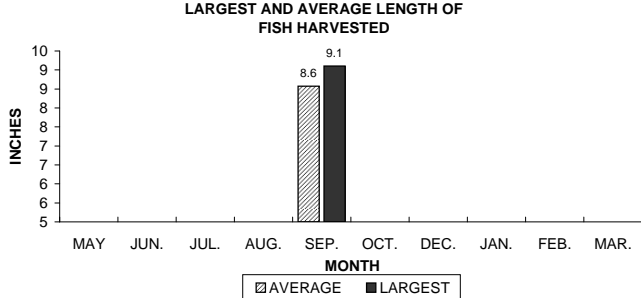
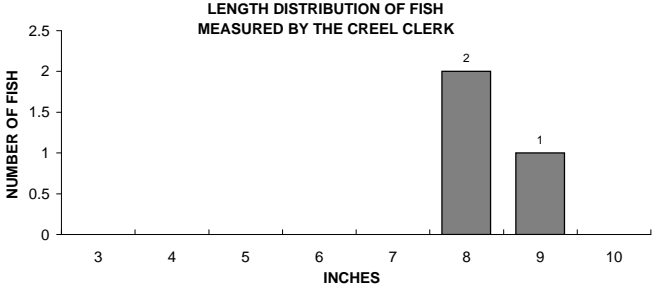
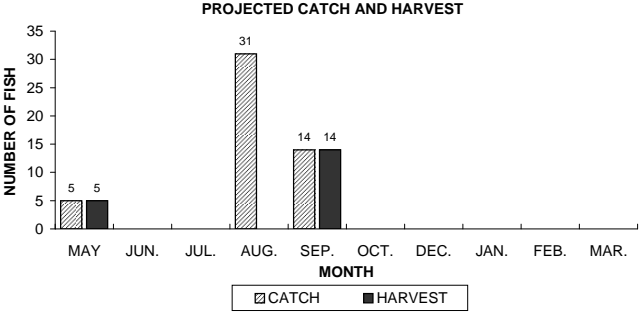
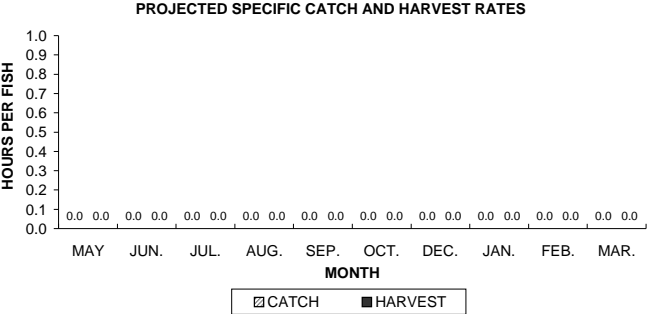
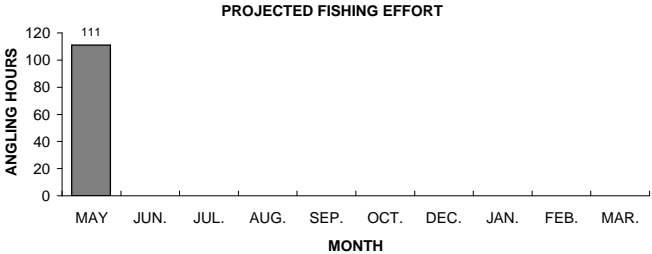
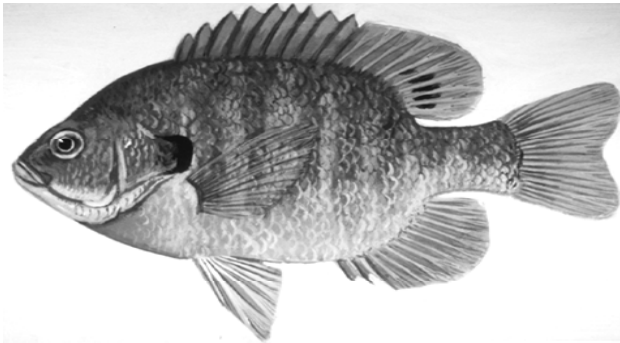


Figure 7. Bluegill sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Big Portage Lake, during 2006-07.

ROCK BASS

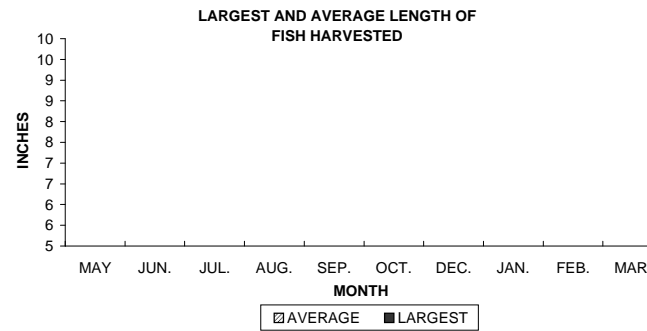
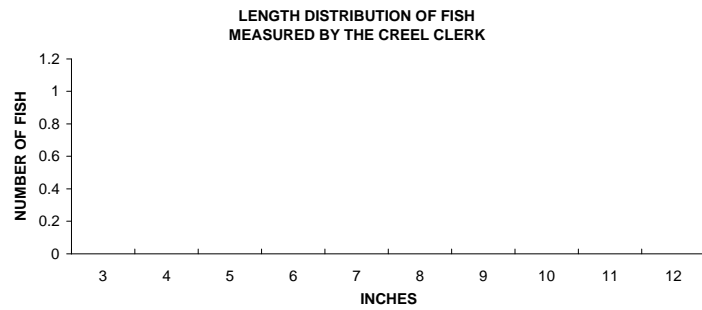
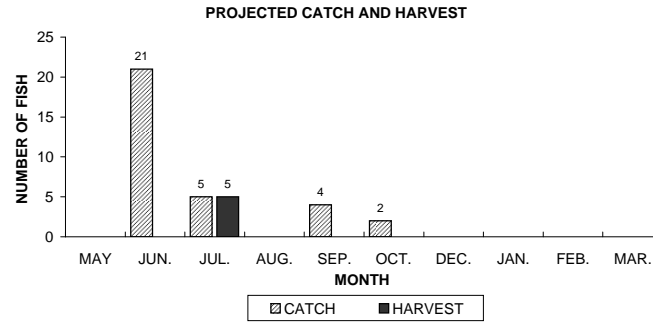
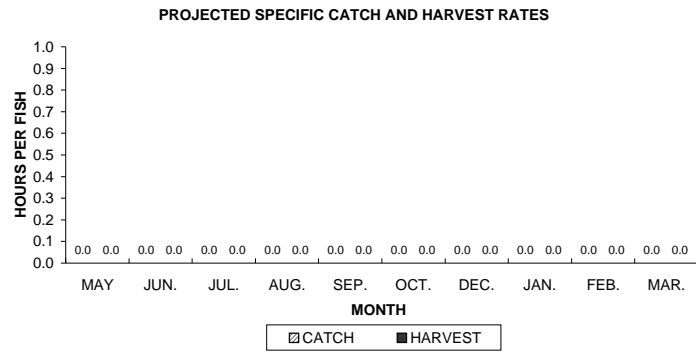
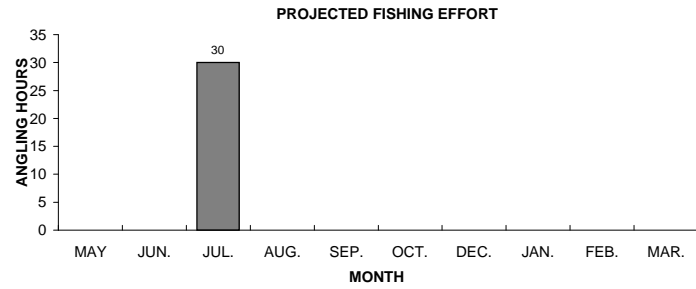
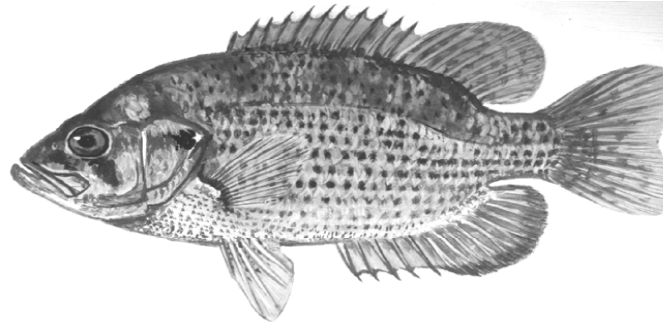


Figure 8. Rock bass sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Big Portage Lake, during 2006-07.