

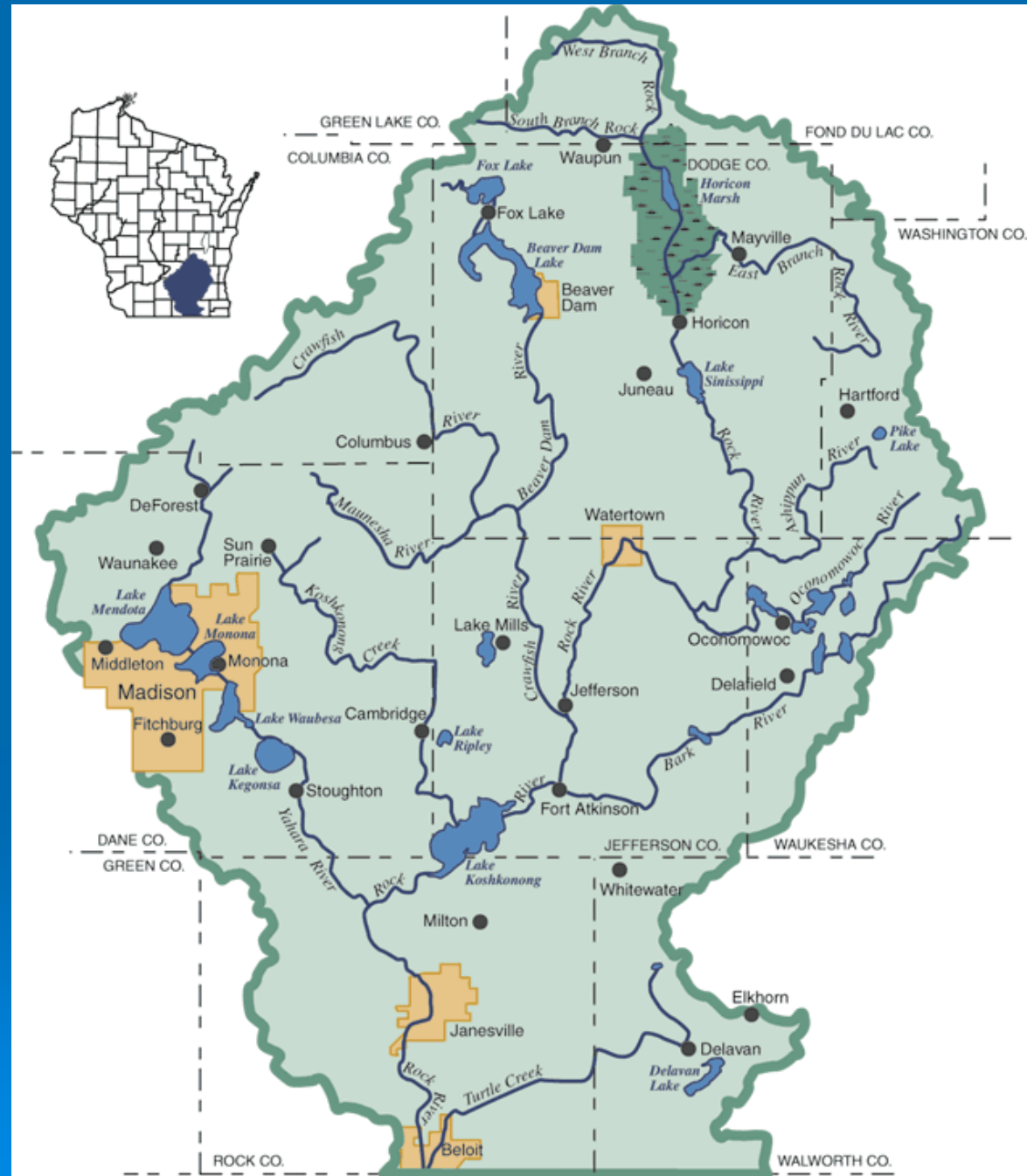


Controlling Excess Phosphorus: A Watershed Approach

Rock River Coalition 2007

Rock River Basin

Partnerships
make things
happen in the
Rock River
Basin



Rock River Coalition (RRC)



To educate & bring together people of diverse interests to protect and improve the environmental, economic, cultural and recreational resources of the Rock River Basin.

Wisconsinites Love Their Lakes



Wisconsin Lakes



Wisconsin has
the third highest
concentration of
lakes in the
world

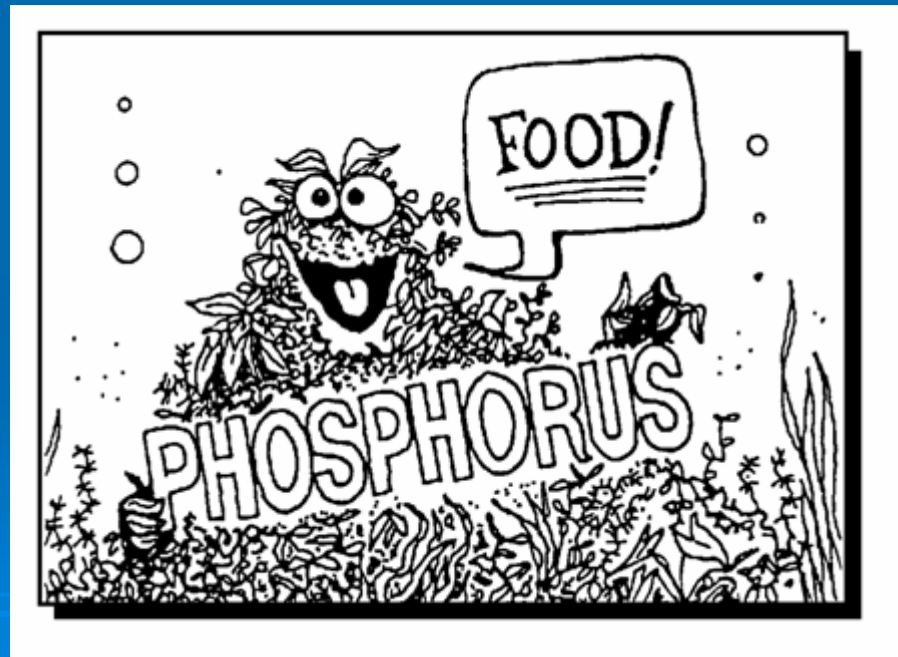




Excessive Plants and Algae

Tied Together

- Our excess plant growth is tied together by two things:
 - Sediment
 - Phosphorus




Explosive Algae Blooms



Sediment Encourages Rooted Plants

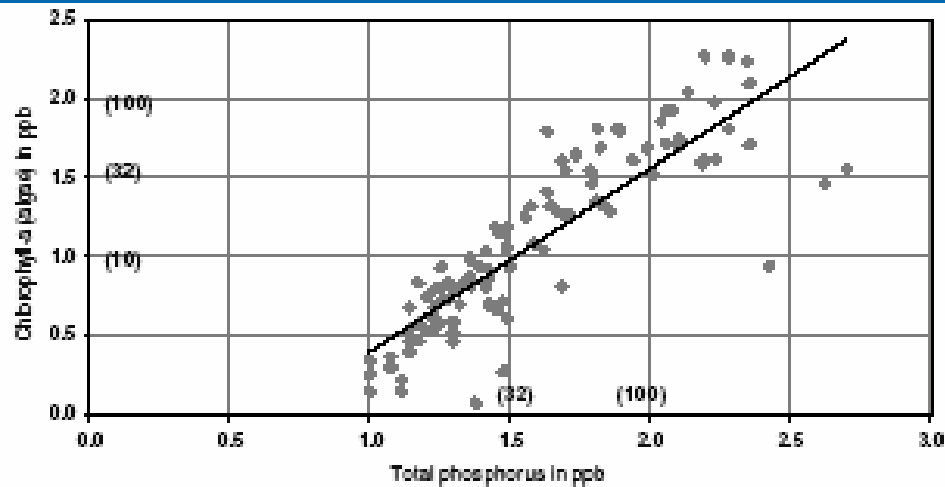


A photograph of a pond with several dead fish floating on the surface. The water is dark and murky, with green algae and debris visible. A text box is overlaid on the image, containing the text "Low Oxygen → Fish Kills".

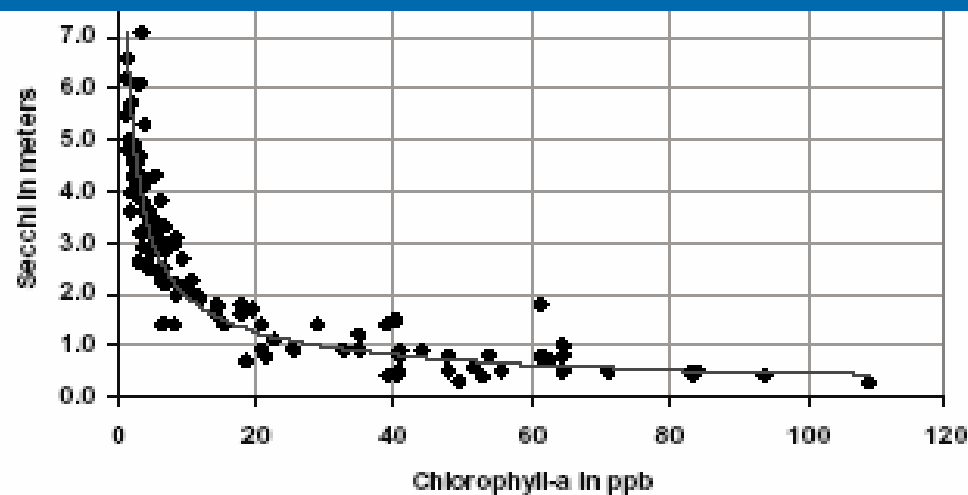
Low Oxygen → Fish Kills



As the total amount of phosphorus in the water increases,
the amount of algae in the water increases:
Chlorophyll-a is one measure of algae amounts



As the amount of algae in the water increased:
The clarity of the water decreases






One pound phosphorus

=

500 pounds of algae!



20-30 ppb promotes algae
50-70 ppb for eutrophication
i.e. pea-soup green lakes



Need to find all sources

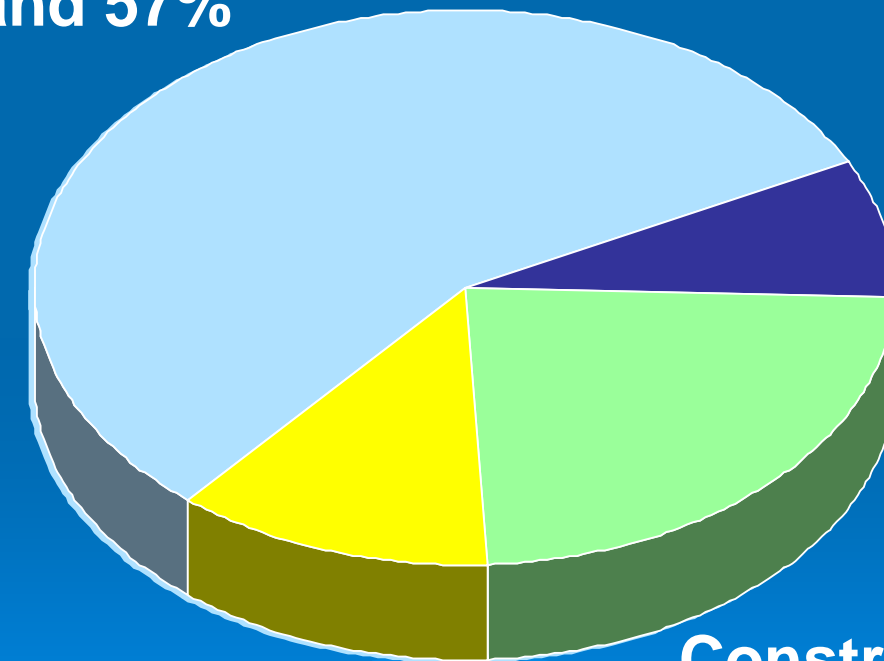




Sediment Sources

Lake Mendota Watershed - 1996

Cropland 57%



Streambanks 8%

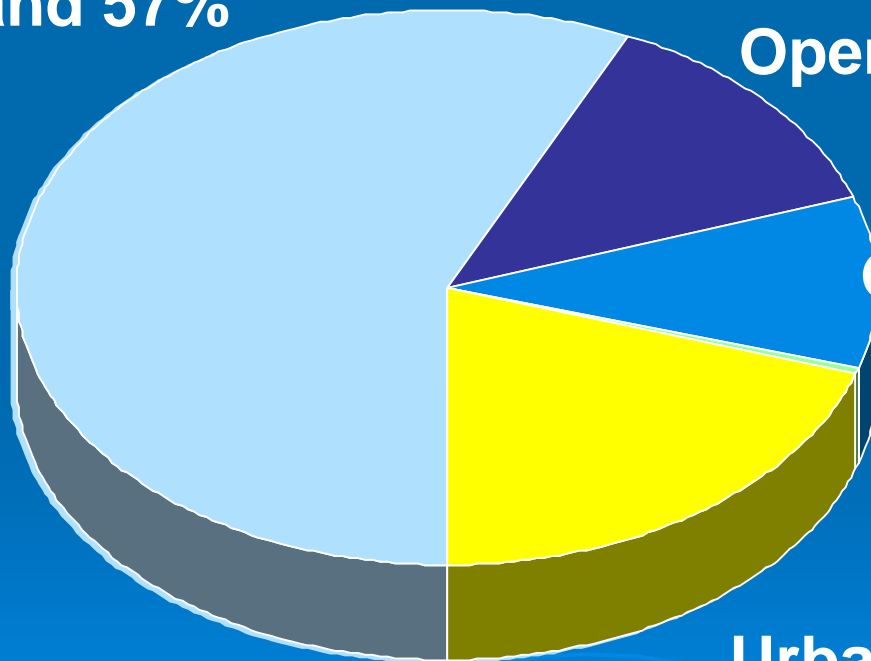
Construction Sites 24%

Urban 12%

Land Uses

Lake Mendota Watershed - 1996

Cropland 57%

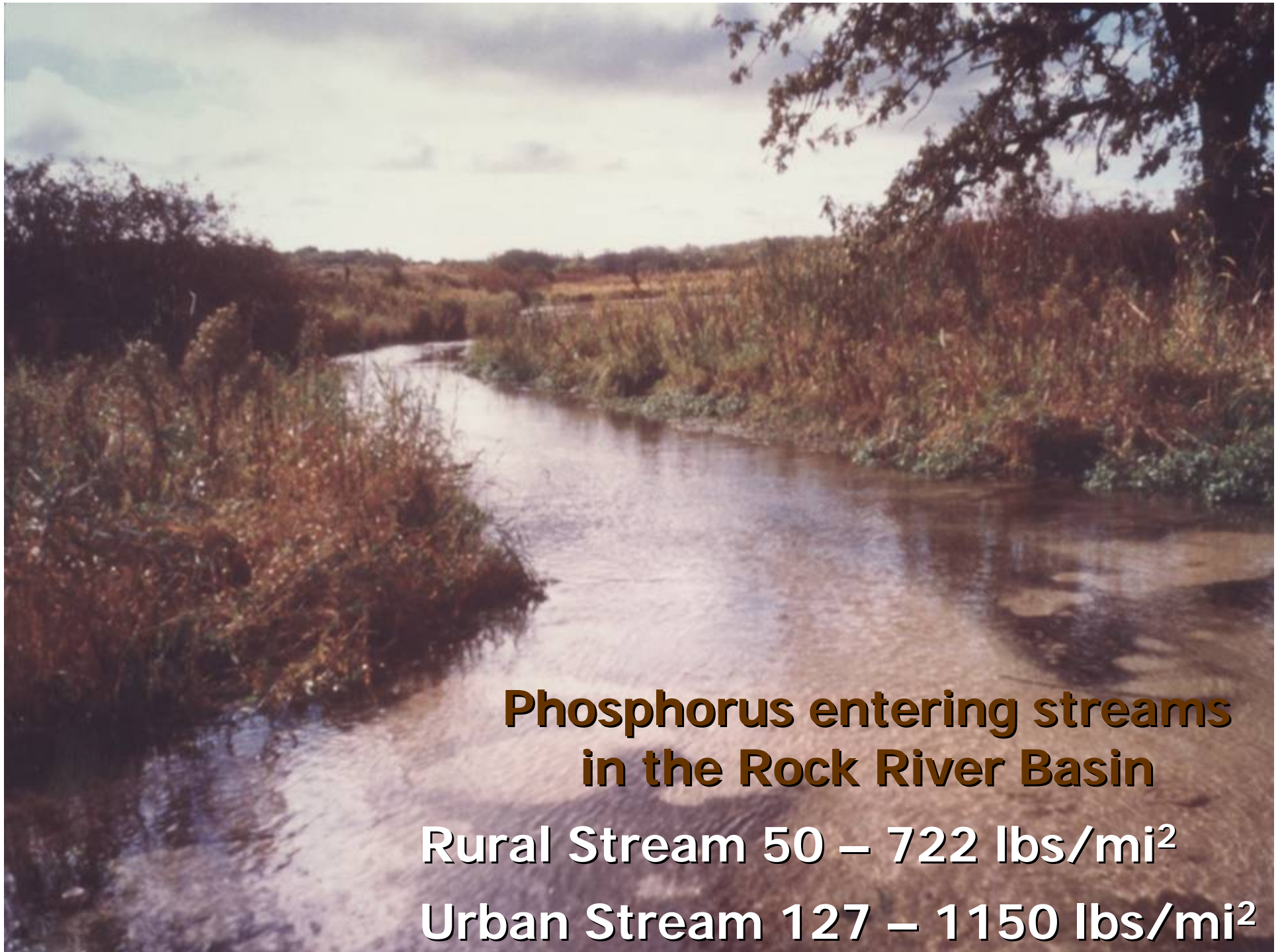


Open Water & Wetlands 13%

Grassland & Woods 10%

Construction Sites 0.3%

Urban 20%



**Phosphorus entering streams
in the Rock River Basin**

Rural Stream 50 – 722 lbs/mi²

Urban Stream 127 – 1150 lbs/mi²





Some Agriculture Performance Standards require cost share.




Much money and effort has been spent to keep pollution out of the lakes and streams.



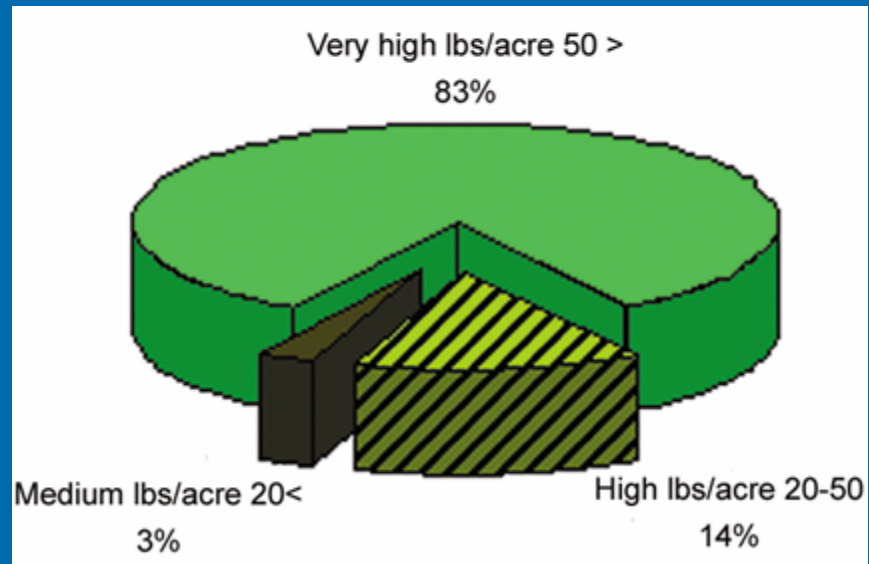
Phosphorus is Essential for Plant Growth



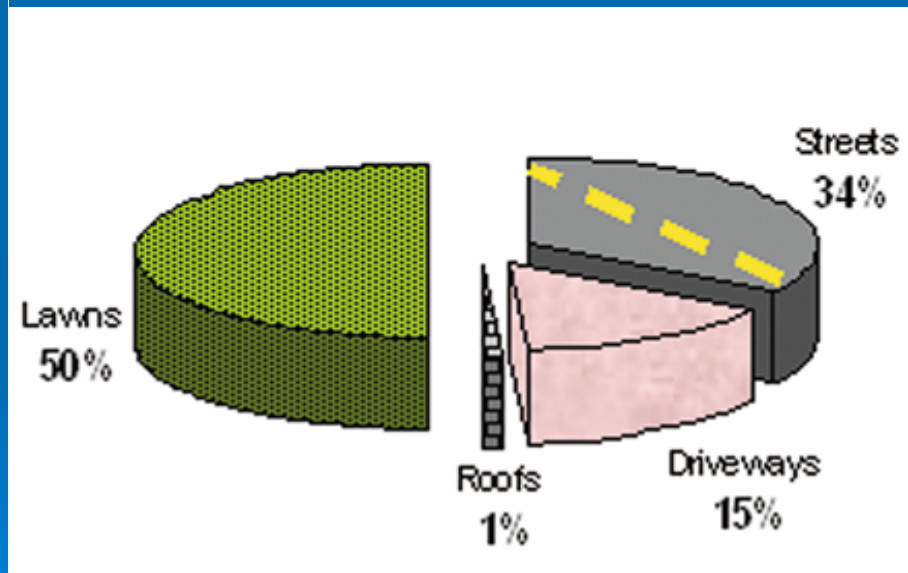


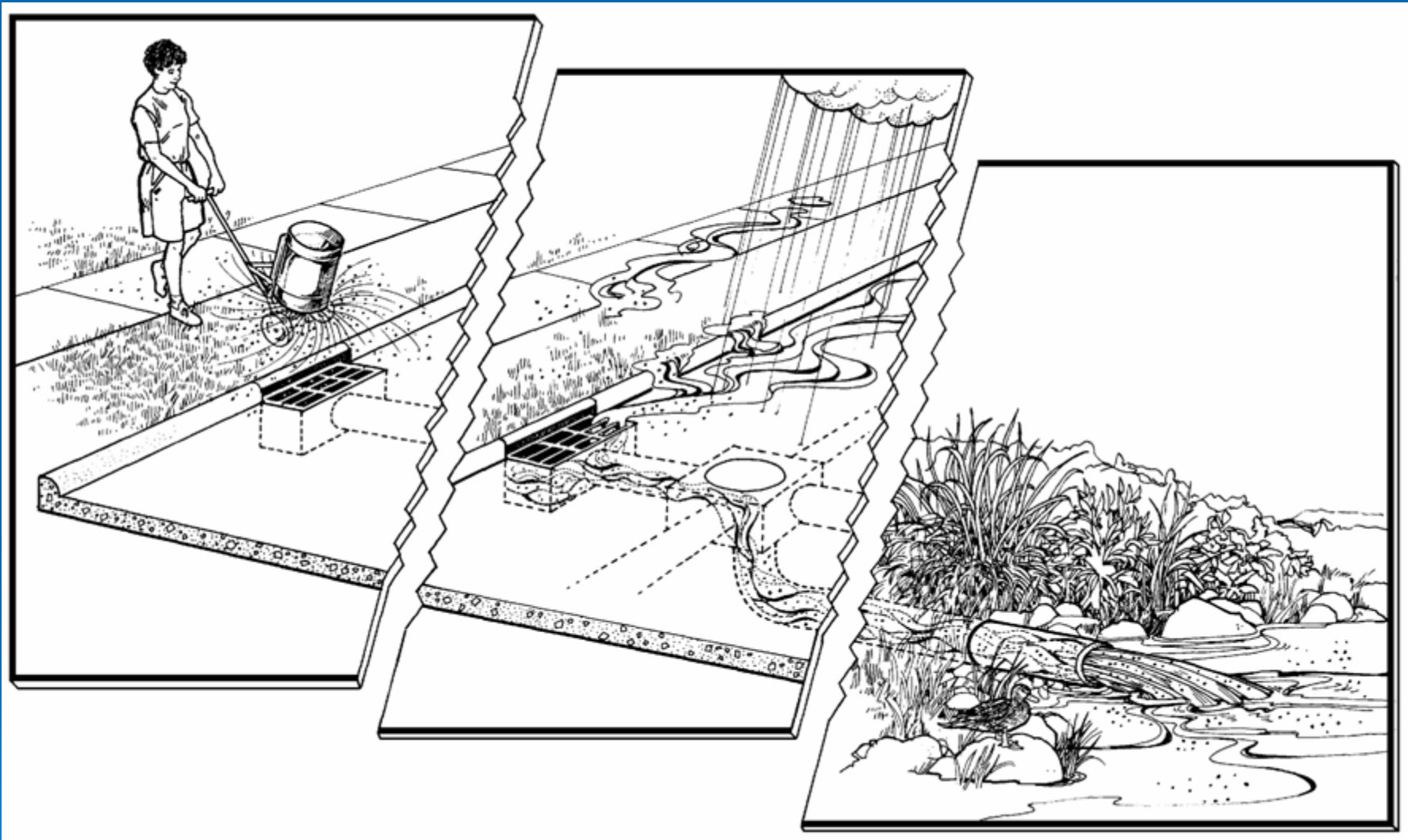
Rock River Basin
and much of Wisconsin soils are
naturally high in phosphorus
200 ppm is common

Soil Phosphorus Fertility Rating Summary of 181 Study Lawns



Urban Residential Runoff Total Phosphorus Sources





Soil P Changes Over Time

Example: Soil with P 60lbs/acre

Clippings removed

4.5lbs/acre/year used

8 years without adding P

Leave clippings

1.8 lbs/acre/year used

22 years without adding P

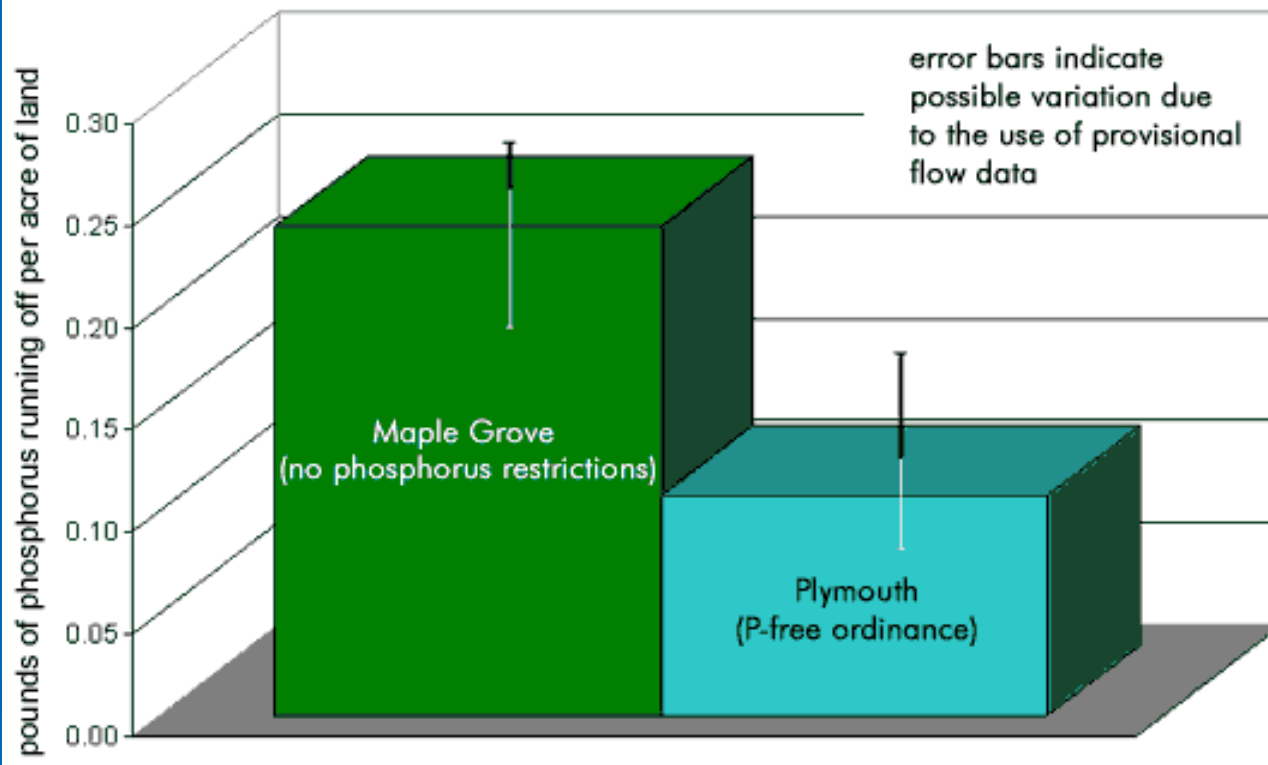






Phosphorus Runoff from Study Watersheds - Summer 2001

reported as pounds of phosphorus running off per acre of land
(total for summer rain events, July 17 - November 23)



Community with phosphorus ban had half the run off!



20,000 square foot lawn
not using excess phosphorus means
1,000 pounds less algae!



Let's all work together for healthy rivers and lakes!



*RRC Recommendation:
restrict phosphorus application in
residential areas to only new lawns,
lawns where a soil test shows a need,
and of course allow application to
fruits, flowers, trees, shrubs and
vegetables.*

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