

United States Department of the Interior

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Water Resources Division 6417 Normandy Lane Madison, Wisconsin 53719-1133 608 274-3535 (Fax 608 276-3817)

July 23, 1996

Mr. Calvin Gander, President Lake Keesus Management District W292 N8382 Camp Whitcomb Road Hartland, Wisconsin 53029

Dear Mr. Gander:

This letter describes the progress on the evaluation of the water quality of Lake Keesus according to the data collected from October 1994 to September 1995 as stated in our agreement. The format for this progress report is different from that of previous years, but it contains essentially the same type of information.

In reviewing the data, it may be helpful to refer to the methods and explanations of physical and chemical characteristics sections in the USGS annual lake data report "Water-Quality and Lake-Stage Data for Wisconsin Lakes, Water Year 1995" and to Shaw and others (1994) "Understanding Lake Data."

Hydrologic conditions during water year 1995:

Annual variability in lake condition often reflects variability in climatic and hydrologic conditions. Air temperature in southeast Wisconsin was, on the average, 3.2 °F warmer than normal for the period December 1994 through March 1995; April and May was 2.0 °F cooler than normal; and the period June through August was 3.8 °F warmer than normal (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration "Climatological Data--Wisconsin"). Precipitation during water year 1995 was 94 percent of normal precipitation for southeast Wisconsin (Pamela Nabor-Knox, UW-Extension, Geological and Natural History Survey, written commun., 1995). Watershed runoff in the region of Lake Keesus was between 80 and 100 percent of long-term average runoff (Holmstrom and others, 1996, "Water Resources **Data--** Wisconsin").

Lake description and sampling locations:

Lake Keesus is classified as a spring lake and has one outlet. It has a surface area of 237 acres (0.37 square miles). Two sites were sampled in Lake Keesus. The primary site is located at the deepest point in the east bay at a depth of about 44 feet. An additional sampling site is located in the north bay at a

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depth of about 30 feet. Lake stage was monitored along the western shoreline. The locations of the monitoring sites are shown in Figure 1.

Lake Data for 1995:

Data collected during the year, as published in the lake data report are **enclosed**. The following summary presents some highlights from the tables and figures.

Lake-staae fluctuations:

Lake stages measured on USGS sampling dates ranged from 10.63 feet on August 8 to 11.09 feet on April 24. This range of fluctuation. on average, is similar to the previous 4 years of monitoring. Stage values are shown in the table on the lop half of Figure 2.

Lake-depth profiles:

Vertical profiles of water temperature, dissolved oxygen, pH, and specific conductance are similar to those from the previous year; with the exception of a larger zone of anoxia seen in both February and August 1995 as compared to 1994. In addition there appears to be a zone of activity present below the thermocline which can be seen in July and August. There is also evidence of this zone in the summer sampling period of the 1994 water year. These profiles, which were measured over the deepest point in Ihe lake, are listed in Table 2 and shown in Figure 2. During the February through August sampling period, complete water-column mixing was observed on April 24. The lake became thermally stratified through the summer. In June, water in the lower 7.5 feet was anoxic (devoid of oxygen), and by August the lower 13.0 feet of water were anoxic. In addition, an anoxic layer more than three feet thick occurred approximately at a depth of 21 feet. The anoxic zone is unable to support fish. The pH, which ranged between 7.0 and 8.6, is normal for southeastern Wisconsin lakes and poses no problems for aquatic life.

Chemical constituents:

Analyses of water samples collected on April 24 for selected chemical constituents for chemical characterization of the lake are shown in Figure 2. Samples collected at 1.5 and 42-foot depths show similar constituent concentrations, as would be expected under mixed water column conditions. The constituent values for color, chlorophyll <u>a</u>, chloride, calcium, magnesium, pH, alkalinity, total-nitrogen, and total-phosphorus are within regional values for this area as described by Lillie and Mason in "Limnological Characteristics of Wisconsin Lakes." 1983, Technical Bulletin No. 138, Department of Natural Resources.

The ratio of dissolved-nitrogen to dissolved-phosphorus was 30:1, based an the surface concentrations on April 24. This ratio suggests the lake is phosphorus limited, which means algal growth is dependent on the amount of available phosphorus rather than nitrogen.

Three common measures of water quality used as indices are concentrations of near-surface total phosphorus and chlorophyll <u>a</u>, and Secchi depth. At the primary sampling site, total-phosphorus concentrations ranged from 0.011 mg/L on July 12 and August 8 to 0.022 mg/L on April 24, chlorophyll <u>a</u> ranged from 0.3 μg/L on July 18 to 15 μg/L on April 24, and Secchi depths ranged from 2.4 m on July 18 to 4.8 m on June 12. At the north bay sampling site, total-phosphorus concentrations ranged from 0.013 mg/L on July 12 and August 8 to 0.022 mg/L on April 24, chlorophyll <u>a</u> ranged from 0.2 μg/L on July 18 to 11 μg/L on April 24, Secchi depths ranged from 1.5 m on June 12 to 3.1 m on April 24 and August 8. Total phosphorus and chlorophyll <u>a</u> (excluding July) values are within regional values according to Lillie and Mason, (983), and Secchi depths are within or above regional values.'

Surface total-phosphorus and chlorophyll <u>a</u> concentrations and Secchi depths for the 1991-95 period are shown on Figures **3a** and 3b for the east and north bays respectively. No general year to year trends are apparent from the data. However, it appears that the highest surface totat-phosphorus concentrations, observed during the entire study period, occur in the spring.

Total-phosphorus concentration 1.5 feet above the lake bottom at the primary site ranged from 0.023 mg/L on April 24 to 0.569 mg/L on July 12. The high total-phosphorus concentrations observed during anoxic periods are indicative of a large phosphorus release from the bottom sediments. These high concentrations are then mixed throughout the lake water column during fall turnover and may account for the elevated surface concentrations in the spring.

Lake condition:

Water-quality index:

Lillie and Mason (1983) classified all Wisconsin lakes using a random data set collected in the summer (July and August). The index, shown on page 12 of 'Water-Quality and Lake-Stage Data tor Wisconsin Lakes, Water Year 1995," is based on surface total-phosphorus and chlorophyll a concentrations, and Secchi depths. According to the index, surface total-phosphorus concentrations and Secchi depths in

I. The extremely low chlorophyll <u>a</u> values for July 18 is believed to be erroneous and the result of laboratory error. Abnormally low chlorophyll <u>a</u> values were obtained for samples from numerous other lakes during a two week period in July. These low chlorophyll <u>a</u> values were not accompanied by corresponding decreases in total-phosphorus or increases in Secchi depth as would generally be expected.

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Lake Keesus indicate "good water quality, and chlorophyll <u>a</u> concentrations indicate "**very** good water quality.

Lillie and Mason (1983) also provided a means of comparing the condition of Lake Keesus with other lakes in southeastern Wisconsin. The comparison on page 5 shows the percentage distribution of southeastern Wisconsin lakes within each condition group and the relative position of Lake Keesus.

	Parameter	Percentage distribution of lakes in southeast Wisconsin within parameter ranges			
	Total-phosphorus (mg/L)				
	<0.010	best condition	7		
Lake Keesus values	0.010-0.020		21		
	0.020-0.030		15		
	0.030-0.050		21		
	0.050-0.100		21		
	0.100-0.150	₩	3		
	>0.150	worst condition	12		
	Chlorophyll <u>a</u> (µg/L)				
Lake Keesus values	0-5	best condition	22		
	5-10		31		
	10-15		14		
	15-30	₩	12		
	>30	worst condition	22		
	Secchi depth (feet)				
	>19.7	best condition	1		
	9.8-19.7		9		
Lake Keesus values	6.6-9.8		26		
	3.3-6.6	₩	31		
	<3.3	worst condition	33		

Trophic status:

Another means of assessing the nutrient, or trophic, status of a lake is to use Carlson's Trophic State Index (TSI). The 1995 TSI data for the **east** and north bays is listed in Tables 3a and 3b. Figures 3a and 3b are graphical illustrations of the variation in Trophic State Indices for Lake Keesus, east and north bays respectively, during the **5** year study period. The chlorophyll <u>a</u> value for July 1995 is not included in Figures **4a** and **4b**. The data from 1995 show the lake to be mesotrophic, or a lake with moderate nutrient levels. It can also be seen from the TSI plots that the overall water quality is slightly better in the east bay.

The data that have been collected for Lake Keesus from 1991 through 1995 are useful for understanding the lake's water quality, and for managing the lake. These data define the present water quality of the lake and provide a basis for assessing trends or changes in water quality in the future. Continued monitoring will help to build on this valuable data base.

If you have questions regarding this evaluation, please contact me at (608) 276-3834.

Sincerely,

William Rose Hydrologist

Enclosures

cc: Bob Wakeman, DNR, Milwaukee

Table 1. Lake-depth profiles for Lake Keesus, cast bay near Merton, Wisconsin, 1995 water year

WATER-QUALITY DATA

DATE	SAM- PLING DEPTH (FEET) (00003)	TEMPER - ATURE WATER (DEG C) (00010)	SPE- CIFIC CON- DUCI- ANCE (US/CM) (00095)	PH WATER WHOLE FIELD (STAND- ARD UNITS) (00400)	OXYGEN, DIS- SOLVED (MG/L) (00300)
FEB 1995 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03	1,50 3,00 6,00 9,00 12,0 15,0 21,0 24,0 27,0 30,0 33,0 36,0 39,0 42,0 43,5 45,0	1.5 2.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.5 4.5	402 403 403 403 403 407 405 407 410 416 421 421 425 128	8.6 8.5 3.5 3.5 8.4 8.4 8.1 8.3 8.3 8.1 7.E 7.7	IC.C 13.1 12.6 12.5 12.3 11.8 11.5 11.1 10.9 10.3 9.9 6.8 1.8 1.2 1.0
APR 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	1.50 3.00 6.00 9.00 12.0 15.0 18.0 21.0 24.0 27.0 30.0 33.0 36.0 39.0 42.0 42.5 44.0	8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.0	373 374 373 374 373 375 372 371 372 373 373 371 372 371 372	8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.3 8.3	12.0 11.9 12.1 12.3 12.1 11.8 11.7 11.6 11.5 11.4 11.3 11.2 11.0 10.9
12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	1.50 3.00 6.00 9.00 12.0 15.0 18.0 21.0 24.0 27.0 30.0 33.0 36.0 39.0 42.0 43.5	20.5 20.5 20.0 20.0 20.0 19.5 16.5 13.5 12.0 10.5 9.5 8.0 7.5	370 370 371 371 372 370 379 384 385 383 390 402 412 419	7.9 7.9 8.0 8.0 8.0 7.9 7.6 7.4 7.3 7.3 7.0 7.0	9.2 9.2 9.4 9.7 9.9 9.6 8.3 5.8 4.5 1.8 0

Table I. Lake **depth** profiles for Lake Keesus, east bay near Merton, Wisconsin. 1995 water year -continued

WATER-QUALITY DATA

DATE	SAM- PLING DEPTH (FEET) (00003)	TEMPER- ATURE UATER (DEG C) (00010)	SPE- CIFIC CON- DUCT- ANCE (US/CM) (00095)	PH WATER WHOLE FIELD (STAND- ARD UNITS) (00400)	OXYGEN, DIS- SOLVED (MG/L) (00300)
JUL					
12	5	24.0	345	8.2	9.0
12	3.00	24.0	364	8.2	9.0
12 1 2 <i></i>	6.00 9.00	24.0 24.0	363 366	8.2 8.2	9.0 9.2
12	12.0	23.0	365	E.2	9.4
12	15.0	22.5	364	8.2	8.7
12	18.0	20.5	375	7.9	5.9
12	21.0	18.5	321	7.4	c.8
12	24.0	14.0	389	7.4	0.2
12 •	27.0	12.5	389	7.5	0.4
12 12 .	30.0 33.0	10.5 10.0	393 392	7.5 7.5	0 0
12	36.0	9.0	400	7.5 7.5	0
12	39.0	8.0	428	7.3	Ö
12	L1.5	8.0	440	7.3	0
12	43.0				
AUG 1995					
08 03	1.50 3.00	26.5 26.5	344 345	8.2 8.3	8.1 8.1
08	6.00	26.5	343	8.3	8.2
08	9.00	26.5	344	8.3	8.4
08	12.0	26.0	345	8.2	8.5
05	15.0	2L.5	360	7.9	5.3
08	18.D	22.5	372	7.6	2.2
08 08	21.0 24.0	19.5 16.5	383 383	7.4 7.4	0.2 0.2
08	27.0	12.5	379	7.7	1.9
08	30.0	11.0	385	7.5	Q.
08	33.0	9.5	397	7.4	Ġ
08	36.0	9.0	405	7.4	ņ
08	39.0	8.0	423	7.3	0
0 <i>D</i> • 08 •	41.5 43.0	8.0	441	7.7	0

Table 2. Water quality data for Lake Keesus, north bay near Mcrton, Wisconsin, 1995 water year

LOCATION.--Lat 43°10'06", long 88°19'10", in NW 114 SW 1/4 sec.12, T8 N., R.18 E., Waukesha County, Hydrologic Unit 07090001, 1.4 mi northwest of Merton.

PERIOD OF RECORD.-- April 1991 to current year.

LAKE-STAGE GAGE.--Datum of gage is 947.09 It above sea level.

REMARKS.--Lake sampled in north bay at a lake depth of about 30 ft. Water-quality analyses done by Wisconsin State Laboratory of Hygiene.

WATER-QUALITY DATA, APRIL 24 TO AUGUST 08, 1995

(Milligrams per liter unless otherwise indicated)

	Apr. 24	June 12	July 12	July 18	Aug. 08
Depth of sample (ft)	1.5	L.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Lake stage (ft)	11.09	11.02	10.72	-	10.63
Specific conductance (µS/cm)	372	376	368	35h	345
pH (units)	8.5	8 1	8 5	8.4	8.4
Water temperature (°C)	8.5	20.0	24.0	26.5	27.0
Secchi-depth (meters)	3.1	1.5	2.9	2 4	3 1
Dissolved oxygen	12.3	9.3	9.2	8 3	A 2
Phosphorus, total (as P)	0.022	0.016	0.013		0 013
chlorophyll a. phytoplankton (µg/L)	11	3 6		0 2	3.2

Table 3a.--Water clarity and water-quality analyses and their associated Trophic State Indices (TSI) for Lake Keesus, **east bay**, 1995 water **year**

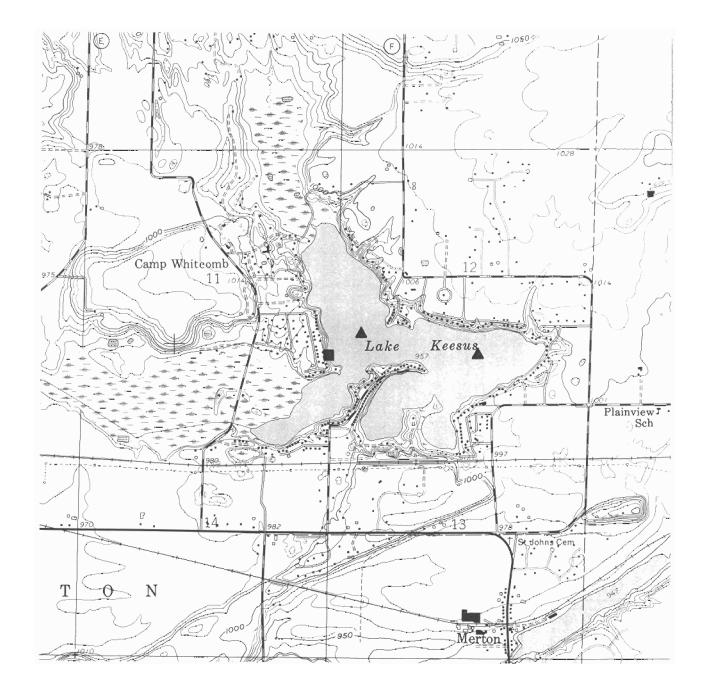
[- indicates not applicable; -- indicates no data available]

	S	ecchi Disk	(Sampling	Total	Phosphor	us	Chlorophyl	а	Dissolved Ortho-
Date	Depth	Depth	T.S.I.	Depth	Conc.	Conc.	T.S.1	Conc.	T.S.I.	phosphate Phosphorus
	(meters)	(feet)		(feet)	(mg/L)	(μg/L)		(μg/L)		Conc. (mg/L)
04124195	3.1	10.2	44	1.5	0.022	22	52	15	5 5	<0.002
				42	0.023	23				0.002
0611 2195	4.8	15.7	37	1.5	0.015	15	49	2.9	43	
				42	0.473	473		-		
07/12195	3.2	10.5	43	1.5	0.011	1 <i>I</i>	_47			
				41	0.569	569		-	<u> </u>	
07118/95	2.4	7.9	47	1.5				0.3	2 <i>6</i>	
08/08/95	2.9	9.5	4 5	1.5	0.01 1	11	47	3.3	44	<u></u>
				4 1	0.534	534			1	

Table 3b.--Water clarity and water-quality analyses and their associated Trophic State Indices (TSI) for Lake **Keesus**, north bay, 1995 water year

[- indicates not applicable; -- indicates no data available)

	S	ecchi Disk	(Sampling	Total	Phosphor	us	Chiorophyll	а	Dissolved Ortho-
Date	Depth	Depth	T.S.I.	Depth	Conc.	Conc.	T.S.I	Conc.	T.S.I.	phosphate Phosphorus
	(meters)	(feet)		(feet)	(mg/L)	_(μg/L)		(μg/L)		Conc. (mg/L)
04/24/95	3.1	10.2 _	44	1.5	0.022	22	52		53	
			_							
06112195	1.5	4.9	54	. 1.5	0016	16	50	3.6	45	
								T		
07112195	2.9	9.5	4 5	1.5	0.013	13	48			
l										
07118/95	2.4	7.9	47	1.5			••	0.2	23	
08/08/95	3.1	10.2	44	1.5	0.013	13	4 8	3.2	44	
					-					



EXPLANATION

- ▲ Water-quality monitoring site
- Lake-stage monitoring site

Figure 1. Locations of water-quality and lake-stage monitoring sites on Lake Keesus near Merton, **Wisconsin.**

LOCATION.--Lat 43°09'57", long 88°18'34", in SW 1/4 SE 1/4 see.12, 7.8 N. R.18 B., Waukesha County, Hydrologic Unit 07090001, 1.2 mi north of Merton.

PERIOD OF RECORD.--April 1991 to current year.

LAKE-STAGE GAGE.--Datum of gage is 947.09 ft above sea level.

REMARKS.--Lake sampled in east bay at the deep hole. Lake ice-covered during February measurements. Water-quality analyses done by Wisconsin State Laboratory of Hygienc.

WATER-QUALITY DATA, FEBRUARY 03 TO AUGUST 08,1995

(Milligrams per liter unless otherwise indicated) Feb 03 Apr. 24 June 12 July 12 July 18 Aug. 08 Depth of sample (ft) 3.0 44 1.5 42 1.5 42 1.5 41 1.5 1.5 dl 10.63 Lake stage (ft) Specific conductance (µS/cm) 400 42R 373 373 370 365 440 344 419 358 441 pH (units) water temperature (Color (Pt-Co. scale) Turbidity (NTU) . 7 7.9 7.0 8.2 8.3 8.2 2.5 4.5 8.0 7.0 20.5 7.5 24.C 8.0 26.5 26.5 8.0 10 10 Secchi-depth (meters) Dissolved oxygen 4 . B 3.2 2.9 10.8 13.1 1.0 12.1 0.0 9.0 0.0 B.0 8.1 0.0 Hardness, as CaCO3 190 190 ---Calcium, dissolved (Ca) Magnesium, dissolved (Mg) 39 39 23 23 Sodium, dissolved (Na) Potassium, dissolved (K) 170 170 Alkalinity. as CaCO3 ___ ___ Sulfate, dissolved (SO4) 11 16 11 17 Chloride, dissolved (Cl) ___ Fluoride, dissolved <0.1 <0.1 ---Silica, dissolved [Si02] 0.0 0.1 Solids, dissolved. at 180°C Nitrogen, NO2 + NO3, diss. _ _ _ 220 222 ___ ___ ___ ___ ___ 0.02 Nitrogen, ammonia, dissolved (as N) 0.07 Nitrogen, organic, total (as NI Nitrogen, amm. + org.. total (as N) 8:88 8:33 ___ ____ Nitrogen, total (as NI 0.82 0.82 0.015 0.011 Phosphorus, total (as PI phosphorus, ortho, dissolved (as P) 0.022 0.023 0.473 0.569 ---0.011 0.534 0.002 <10 <0.002 <10 ---Iron, dissolved (Fe) µg/L Manganese, dissolved (Mn) µg/L ---0.9 2.9 0.3 3.3 Chlorophyll a, phytoplankton (µg/L) 15 6-12-95 2-3-95 4-24-95 7-12-95 8-8-95 DISSOLVED OXYGEN (D.O.), IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER 0 10 15 10 15 10 0 Đ 0 o LAKE DEPTH, IN FEET D.O. 10 10 10 10 10 20 20 20 20 20 30 30 30 30 30 40 40 40 40 40 45 45 45 45 0 10 20 30 0 10 20 20 20 WATER TEMPERATURE(W.T.), IN DEGREES CELSIUS pH, IN STANDARD UNITS 6 7 8 g 10 7 8 9 8 9 3 q 10 DEPTH, IN FEET 10 10 10 10 10 ρН 20 20 20 20 20 30 30 30 30 30 LAKE 40 40 40 40 40 45 45 45 45 350 400 450 400 300 330

Figure 2. Water quality data and depth **profiles for Lake Keesus**, east bay near Merton, Wisconsin, 1995 water **year**

SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE (SC.), IN MICROSIEMENS PER CENTIMETER AT 25 DEGREES CELSIUS

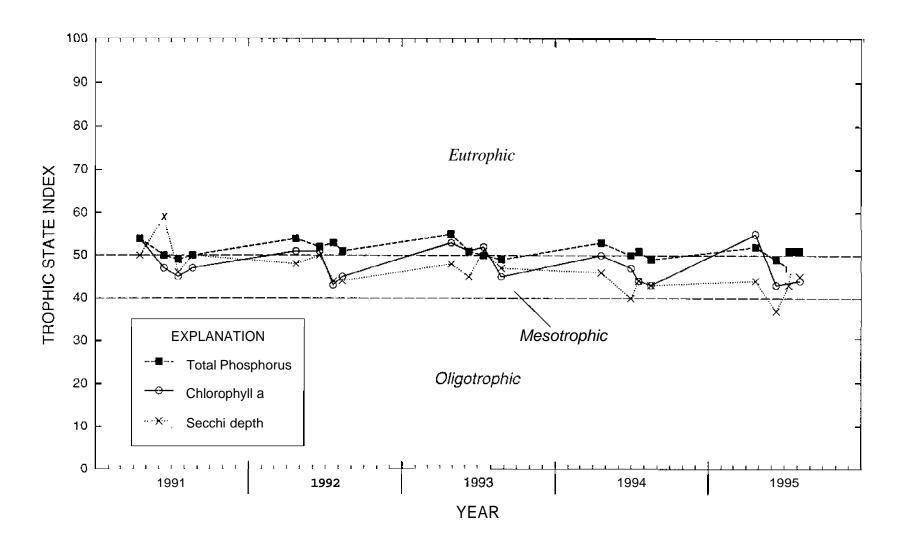


Figure 4a. Trophic state indices for Lake Keesus, east bay, near Merton, Wisconsin

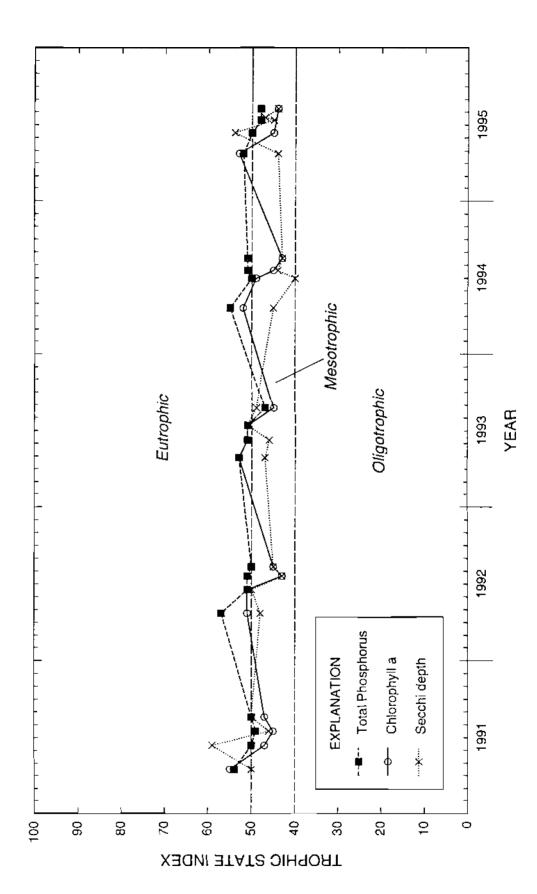


Figure 4b. Trophic state indices for Lake Keesus, north bay, near Merton, Wisconsin