Stream Classification Sawyer Creek Nekimi S.D. #1 5-13-82 Tim Doelger

Introduction

In order to establish effluent limits for a proposed discharge from the Nekimi Sanitary District #1 to Sawyer Creek the LMD conducted a stream classification survey.

Two sites were evaluated. They are at W. Ripple Road approximately 1 mile below the proposed discharge and CTH YY approximately 2 miles below. It was aniticipated that the discharge would affect the stream for about two miles.

No fisheries information is available as there is no fishery in this stretch.

Methods

The habitat rating form along with professional judgement and experience were used to determine the classification. One form was completed at each location by both evaluators. (Doelger & Weisensel) The forms are attached and should be referred to for more detail.

Discussion

The portion of Sawyer Creek addressed in this report flows through an area of Winnebago County characterized by intense agricultural activity. There are large corporate farms and their activities are consistant with that type of operation.

At its headwaters and for most of the stretch surveyed Sawyer Creek is little more than a drainage way and was dry except for pools at the time of the survey.

From the CTH YY site downstream to where it enters the Fox River in the City of Oshkosh it changes gradually, finally assuming the character of a true stream, although throughout its length it is strongly influenced by agriculture.

At the time of the survey little residential development was observed and I question the necessity of a treatment facility in this area.

Conclusion

Sawyer Creek, in the supposed impact area, provides habitat for aquatic organisms only seasonally and in pools. Downstream from the impact area habitat is more varied. Therefore the classification found in the recommendation section applies only to that section of creek lying between the proposed discharge site and CTH X.

The possibility exists that a discharge at the proposed location could cause flooding of private property. It is also possible that it could create a permanent stream. Both possibilities would certainly cause problems for the sanitary district and should be carefully examined.

Recommendation

Due to poor habitat and low or no flow I recommend that Sawyer Creek from the proposed discharge location downstream to CTH X be classified as non-continuous marginal.

CORRESPONDENCE/MEMORANDUM -

Date:

April 28, 1982

File Ref:

3200

To: Charles Higgs, Director, Lake Michigan District - Green Bay

From:

Lyman Wible - ADM/5 Lyman Whele

REC'D DNR

MAY 6 1982

GREEN BAY

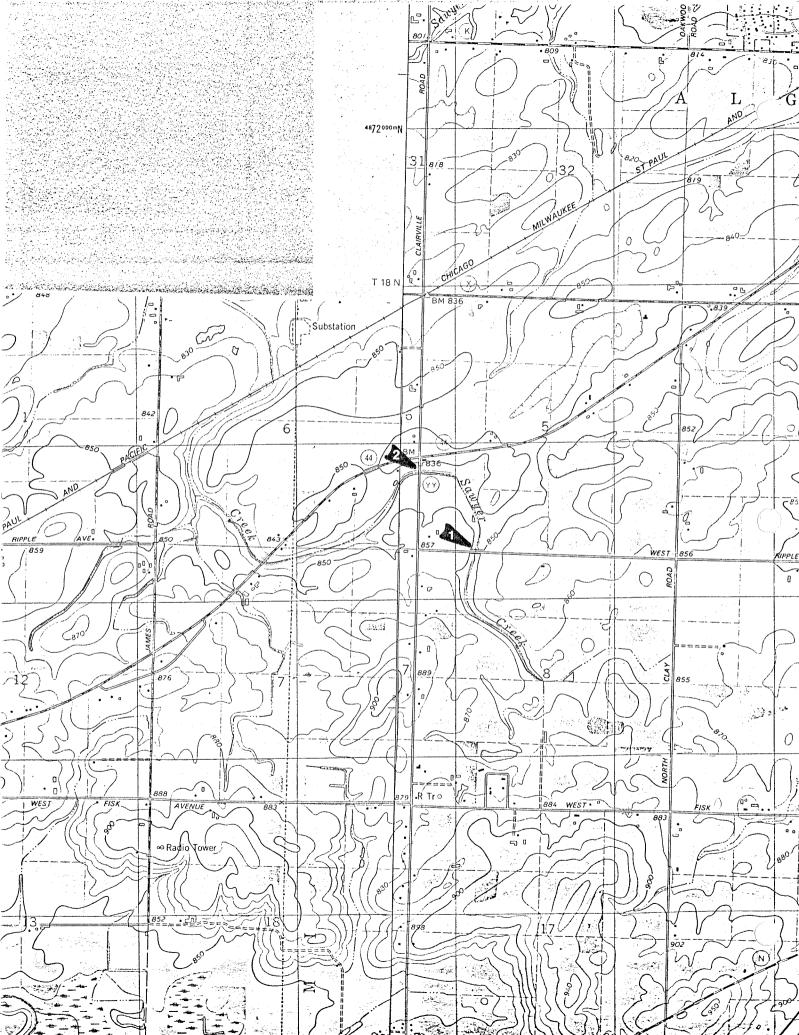
Subject:

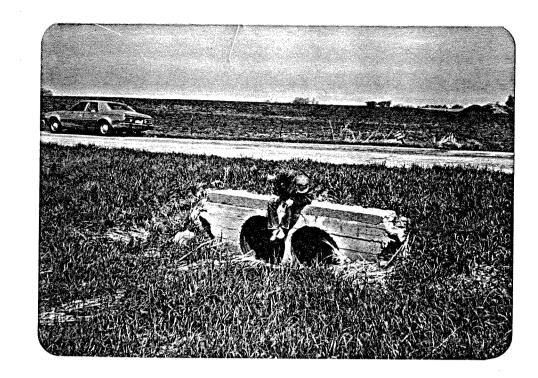
Stream Classification Study to be Conducted on Sawyer Creek

in Winnebago County

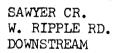
The Nekimi Sanitary District #1 is currently proposing to discharge their effluent to Sawyer Creek. In order to establish effluent limits for this proposed discharge, a stream classification study will have to be performed in accordance with the new stream classification guidelines. This study is requested to be conducted by your staff. It is anticipated that about two miles could be affected by this discharge. This will require about three man days of staff time. The discharge location on Sawyer Creek is in the center of Section 8, T17N, R16E.

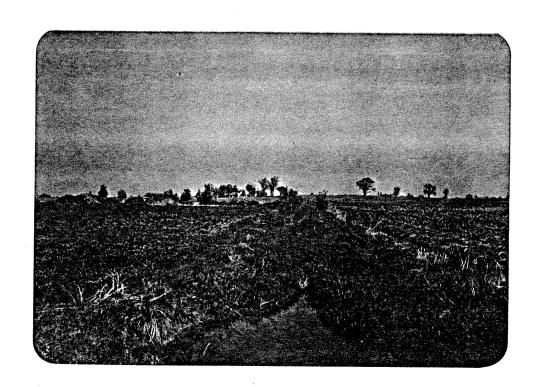
Please have results sent to Tom Bennwitz of the Water Quality Evaluation Section.

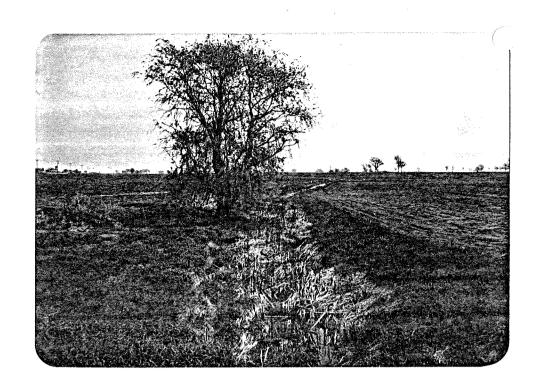




SAWYER CR. W. RIPPLE RD. UPSTREAM



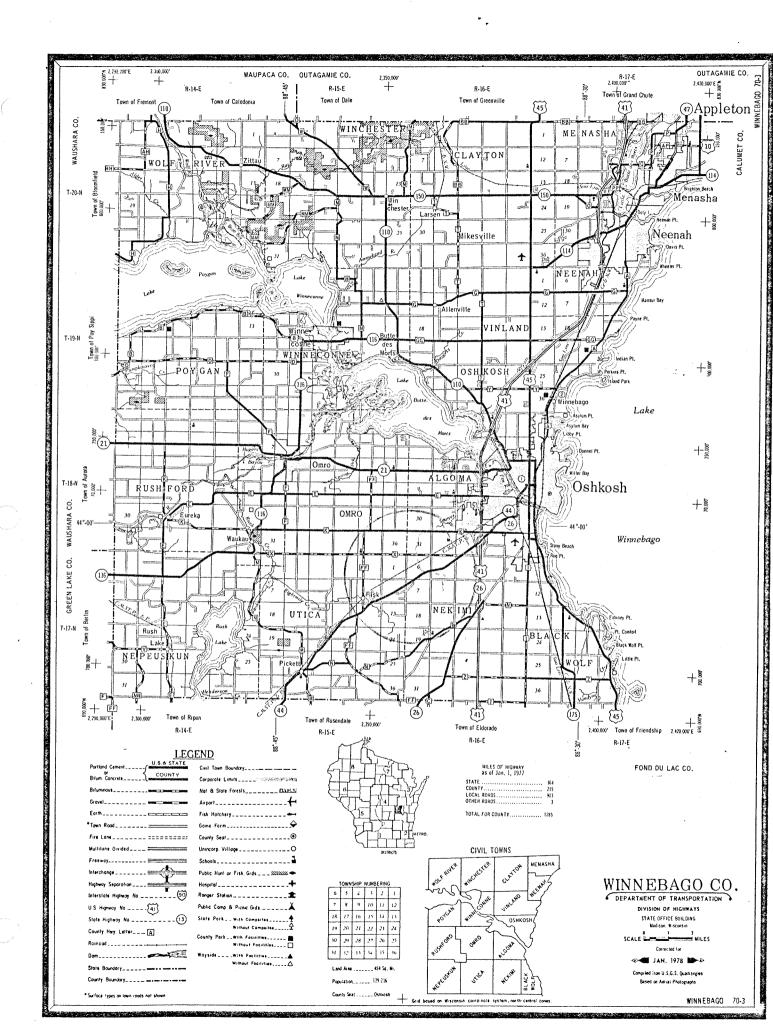




SAWYER CR. CTH YY UPSTREAM







STREAM SYSTEM HABITAT RATING FORM

NEW, NEW, See 8 TITN

West Ripple Rd. Reach Score/Rating 203-Poor

Stream <u>SAWYER</u> Cr. Reach Location <u>500' Above</u> West Ripple Rd.

County Winnebago Date 5-13-82 Evaluator Dennis C. Weisons

Classification Non Cont-MARS.

R	ating Item			Category					
L		Excellent		Good		Fair		Poor	
7.	. <u>Erosion</u>	No evidence of significant erosion. Stable forest or grass land. Little potential for future erosion.	8	Some erosion evident. No significant "raw" areas. Good land mgmt. practices in area. Low potential for significant erosion.	10	Moderate erosion evident. Erosion from heavy storm events obvious. Some "raw" areas. Potential for significant erosion.	14	Heavy erosion evident. Probable erosion from any runoff.	16
2	Nonpoint Source	No evidence of significant source. Little potential for future problem.	4	Some potential sources. (roads, urban area, farm fields).	8	Moderate sources. (Small wetlands, tile fields, urban area intense) agriculture).	16)	Obvious sources. (Major wetland drainage, high use urban or industrial area, feed lots, impoundment).	20
3	. Erosion, Failure	No evidence of significant erosion or bank failure. Little potential for future problem.	6	Infrequent, small areas, mostly healed over. Some potential in extreme floods.	9	Moderate frequency and size. Some "raw" spots. Erosion potential during high flow.	15	Many eroded areas. "Raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends.	18
4	. Vegetative Protection	90% plant density. Diverse trees, shrubs, grass. Plants healthy with apparently good root system.	6	70-90% density. Fewer plant species. A few barren or thin areas. Yegetation appears generally healthy.	9	50-70% density. Domin- ated by grass, sparse trees and shrubs. Plant types and conditions suggest poorer soil binding.	(15)	<50% density. Many raw areas. Thin grass, few if any trees and shrubs.	18
5	. Channel Capacity	Ample for present plus some increase. Peak flows contained. W/D ratio ≤7.	8	Adequate. Overbank flows rare. W/D ratio 8-15.	10	Barely contains present peaks. Occasional overbank flow. W/D ratio 15 to 25.	14	Inadequate, overbank flow common. W/D ratio >25.	16
6	. <u>Deposition</u>	Little or no enlarge- ment of channel or point bars.	6	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from course gravel.	9	Moderate deposition of new gravel and course sand on old and some new bars.	15	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development.	18
7	• Scouring and Deposition	Less than 5% of the bottom affected by scouring and deposition.	4	5 to 30% affected. Scour at constrictions and where grades steepen. Some deposition in pools.	8	30 to 50% affected. Deposits and scour at obstructions, constric- tions and bends. Some filling of pools.	16	More than 50% of the bottom changing nearly year long. Pools almost absent due to deposition	

Ra	tina Item			Category					
		Excellent		Good	· + · · · · · ·	Fair		Poor	
8.	Substrate	Greater than 50% rubble, gravel or other stable habitat.	2	30 to 50% rubble, gravel or other stable habitat. Adequate habitat.	7	10 to 30% rubble, gravel or other stable habitat. Habitat availability less than desirable.	17	Less than 10% rubble, (gravel or other stable habitat. Lack of habitat is obvious.	22
9.	Average Depth Q7,2	Greater than 24".	0	12" to 24".	6	6" to 12".	18	Less than 6". (24
10	. Flow Q7,2	Warm water,>5 cfs. Cold water, greater than 2 cfs.	0	Warm water, 2 to 5 cfs. Cold water, 1 to 2 cfs.	6	Warm water, .5 to 2 cfs. Cold water, .5 to 1 cfs. Continuous flow.	18	Less than .5 cfs(Stream may cease to flow in very dry years.	24
11	• Pool/Riffle, Pool/Bend Ratio	5 to 7. Variety of habitat. Deep riffles and pools.	4	7 to 15. Adequate depth in pools and riffles. Bends provide habitat.	8	15 to 25. Occassional riffle or bend. Bottom contours provide some habitat.	16	Greater than 25. Essentially a straight stream. Generally all "flat water" or shallow riffle. Poor habitat.	20
12	2. Aesthetics	Wilderness characteristics, outstanding natural beauty. Usually wooded or unpastured corridor.	8	High natural beauty. Trees, historic site. Some development may be visible.	10	Common setting, not offensive. Developed but uncluttered area.	14	Stream does not inhance aesthetics. Condition of stream is offensive.	16

Add column scores E ___ + G $\frac{19}{19}$ + F $\frac{74}{10}$ + P $\frac{11}{10}$ Total Reach Score

Ascellus and SNAILS Abserved At Reach-

STREAM SYSTEM HABITAT RATING FORM

Stream SAWYER CR Reach Location W. RIPPLE RD

County WINNERAGO Date 5-13-8Z Evaluator DOELGEE

Reach Score/Rating 202 / POOR

Classification Now CONTIN / MARG.

Ī	Rati	ng Item			Category					
			Excellent		Good		Fair		Poor	
Watershed		Erosion	No evidence of significant erosion. Stable forest or grass land. Little potential for future erosion.	8	Some erosion evident. No significant "raw" areas. Good land mgmt. practices in area. Low potential for significant erosion.	10	Moderate erosion evident. Erosion from heavy storm events obvious. Some "raw" areas. Potential for significant erosion.	14	Heavy erosion evident. Probable erosion from any runoff.	16
Wate	2.	Nonpoint Source	No evidence of significant source. Little potential for future problem.	4	Some potential sources. (roads, urban area, farm fields).	8	Moderate sources. (Small wetlands, tile fields, urban area, intense agriculture).	16	Obvious sources. (Major wetland drainage, high use urban or industrial area, feed lots, impoundment).	20
Bank		Erosion, Failure	No evidence of significant erosion or bank failure. Little potential for future problem.	6	Infrequent, small areas, mostly healed over. Some potential in extreme floods.	9	Moderate frequency and size. Some "raw" spots. Erosion potential during high flow.	15	Many eroded areas. "Raw" areas frequent along straight sections and bends.	18
	4.	Vegetative Protection	90% plant density. Diverse trees, shrubs, grass. Plants healthy with apparently good root system.	6	70-90% density. Fewer plant species. A few barren or thin areas. Yegetation appears generally healthy.	9	50-70% density. Domin- ated by grass, sparse trees and shrubs. Plant types and conditions suggest poorer soil binding.	(15)	<50% density. Many raw areas. Thin grass, few if any trees and shrubs.	1 1
Bank	5.	Channel Capacity	Ample for present plus some increase. Peak flows contained. W/D ratio ≤7.	8	Adequate. Overbank flows rare. W/D ratio 8-15.	10)	Barely contains present peaks. Occasional overbank flow. W/D ratio 15 to 25.	14	Inadequate, overbank flow common. W/D ratio >25.	16
<u>\$_</u>	6.	<u>Deposition</u>	Little or no enlarge- ment of channel or point bars.	6	Some new increase in bar formation, mostly from course gravel.	9	Moderate deposition of new gravel and course sand on old and some new bars.	15	Heavy deposits of fine material, increased bar development.	(18)
Bottom	7.	Scouring and Deposition	Less than 5% of the bottom affected by scouring and deposition.	4	5 to 30% affected. Scour at constrictions and where grades steepen. Some deposition in pools.	8	30 to 50% affected. Deposits and scour at obstructions, constric- tions and bends. Some filling of pools.	6	More than 50% of the bottom changing nearly year long. Pools almost absent due to deposition	

Ra	tino Item			Cateorry					
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Stream	. Pool/Riffle, Pool/Bend Ratio	5 to 7. Variety of habitat. Deep riffles and pools.	4	7 to 15. Adequate depth in pools and riffles. Bends provide habitat.	8	15 to 25. Occassional riffle or bend. Bottom contours provide some habitat.	16	Greater than 25. Essentially a straight stream. Generally all "flat water" or shallow riffle. Poor habitat.	20
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Add column scores E + G $\frac{19}{19}$ + F $\frac{75}{75}$ + P $\frac{108}{108}$ Total Reach Score $\frac{202}{198}$

≤ 70 = Excellent, 71-129 = Good, 130-200 = Fair, >200 Poor

Dearnage Ditch Tens growng in ditch f not som many catthails

MINNOWS SWALLS! HSCELLUS BEETLES

STREAM SYSTEM HABITAT RATING FORM

Stream Specycon Cr.

Reach Location Cotyy 500 Chance Newly Subly See 5 Reach Score/Rating 203-Poor

County Winn

Date 5-13-82 Evaluator & Owlessen

Classification Non Continuent Mar

	Rati	ing Item			Category					
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Watershed	2.	Nonpoint Source	No evidence of significant source. Little potential for future problem.	4	Some potential sources. (roads, urban area, farm fields).	8	Moderate sources. (Small wetlands, tile fields, urban area, intense agriculture).	16)	Obvious sources. (Major wetland drainage, high use urban or industrial area, feed lots, impoundment).	20
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Add column scores E + G 19 + F 74 + P 110 Total Reach Score 203

≤ 70 = Excellent, 71-129 = Good, 130-200 = Fair, >200 Poor

STREAM SYSTEM HABITAT RATING FORM

	سو سار ، برص
Stream	SALYER

Reach Location CTH YY 3 STH 44

Reach Score/Rating 208/702

County 6/11428. Date 5-13 Evaluator DOELGER

Classification Non-CONT MARG.

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ſ	acing reem	Excellent		Good		Fair		Poor	
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	Rat	ing n			Catego					
2	<u> </u>		Excellent		Good		Fair		Poor	
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Add column scores E + G 10 + F 90 + P 108 Total Reach Score 208

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