Lake Name County	WBIC	Date(s)	ALS sign?	Secchi (ft) or m)	Conductivity (ZM tow if $\geq$ 99 umhos/cm)
Clear Sommer	2435800	7/1/14	Z Z	13 is	55.9 ms/cm
Data collectors	Lead Monitor phone and email	email Start time (~ 15 min	15 min)	End time (~ 15 min)	Total collector time (hrs x # collectors)
Alex Mark	Alex Smith Disconsinger	0:45		2:15	

swamp crayfish, rusty crayfish, didymo, and any other AIS found. hyacinth, water lettuce, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, water flea, Chinese mystery snail, banded mystery snail, faucet snail, New Zealand mud snail, Asian clam, red Brazilian waterweed, yellow floating heart, European frog-bit, yellow floating heart, water chestnut, Brazilian waterweed, fanwort, parrot feather, water Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife, Phragmites, flowering rush, Japanese knotweed, Yellow iris, Eurasian water-milfoil, curly-leaf pondweed, Hydrilla,

appreciated. If needed, preserve with adequate ethanol. AIS found at each site or record none. Collect a sample of any new AIS found. Collect five new invasive plant specimens, 20 Dreissenids, and 3 of each snail species and STEP 1: Record locations of sampling sites (in decimal degrees). Sampling sites include all public boat landings (BL), 5 target sites (TS) and the meander survey sites (MS). List include internal and external labels with WBIC, lake name, county, sample date, sample type (snails, spiny water flea or zebra mussel) and collector. Legibility is

	Site	Latitude	Longitude	Snorkel (Y or N*)	If N snorkel, indicate why	Species, density 1-5 <sup>‡</sup>
14	1		1			
-	1-51	15-1 46:05959	5822116-		$g^{(n)} = -\frac{m}{2}$	
	75-2		-91.7278	Y		
	531		-91:2360	and the same		•
	h-51		-91,2437	-<		PL-2
	5-51		-91,2394	~		
	1-10	BL-1 46,0961	-91,2449	~		PL-2
	rî A			0		3
			7			
			No. of the second secon			

## \*For lakes/sites not snorkeled, substitute:

Boat landing site — Examine rake throws and D-net samples for 30 minutes. Targeted site — Examine rake throws and D-net samples for 10 minutes. Meander — Examine 50 rake throws/D-net samples during meander survey.

†If lake/site was not snorkeled, indicate why: stained water, turbid water, blue-green bloom, chemical treatment, other (please describe).

## **‡ Density Ratings**

- 1 A few plants or invertebrates
- 2 One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates
- 3 Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates

4 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake

5 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas

Report (3200-128) to DNR Science Services. Step 2: Collect Waterflea Tows from the deep hole (DH). Decant s water and preserve the sample. Submit the sample, this data form and the Water Flea Tow Monitoring

		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	*
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	0613	V	C
Samples co	Method (hor, obliq, vert) Net diameter (30 or 50 cm,	Net ring depth	Site

Mussel Veliger Tow Monitoring Report (3200-135) to DNR Science Service. Step 3: Collect Veliger Tows from 3 sites; the deep hole (DH) and two other deep areas along the downwind side of the lake. Submit the sample, this data form and the

\	\	>		Site
			* 3	Net ring depth
				Net diameter (30 or 50 cm)
)				Ethanol added (Y or N)
				Samples combined (Y or N)
				Sample sent to, date

Step 4: Were plant voucher specimens submitted? Yes No (circle) If yes, indicate where: Freckmann Herbarium, Wisconsin State Herbarium, Other

Step 5: Were snail voucher specimens submitted for all records (circle)? Yes No If yes, where? (circle) UW-La C	
circle)? Y	1
es I	-
6	
If yes, where	
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r other	

Step 7: Data was proofed on	Step 6: Data was entered into SWIMS on _
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