

Two species  
Shoats

Data Collectors <i>Matt Heger + Robert Puleau</i>		Date <i>7-11-12</i>
Lake Name <i>Lake Mendota</i>	County <i>Walworth</i>	WBIC <i>525900</i>
Start Time <i>9:00am</i>	End Time <i>1:30</i>	Conductivity <i>280</i>
Secchi Depth <i>8</i>	Feet or meters (circle one) <i>Feet</i>	

Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife, Phragmites, flowering rush, Hydrilla, Brazilian waterweed, Eurasian water-milfoil, curly-leaf pondweed, yellow floating heart, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, Chinese mystery snail, banded mystery snail, faucet snail, New Zealand mud snail. List any other AIS found. If sites not snorkeled, take 50 rake and D-net samples during meander survey.

STEP 1: Record locations of sites (in decimal degrees) using a GPS unit (datum WGS84). List AIS found at each site or record none. Collect a sample of any suspected AIS found.

Boat Landing# <u>1</u>	Species <u>BMS, ZM</u>	Latitude <u>45.15980</u>	Longitude <u>87.52814</u>	Density (1-5) <u>13</u>
Boat Landing# <u>2</u>	Species _____	Latitude <u>45.14285</u>	Longitude <u>87.54412</u>	Density (1-5) _____
Search Site# <u>1</u>	Species <u>BMS, ZM</u>	Latitude <u>45.15226</u>	Longitude <u>87.53653</u>	Density (1-5) <u>12</u>
Search Site# <u>2</u>	Species <u>ZM</u>	Latitude <u>45.15725</u>	Longitude <u>87.52721</u>	Density (1-5) <u>7</u>
Search Site# <u>3</u>	Species <u>BMS, ZM</u>	Latitude <u>45.16058</u>	Longitude <u>87.53484</u>	Density (1-5) <u>41</u>
Search Site# <u>2</u>	Species _____	Latitude _____	Longitude _____	Density (1-5) _____
Search Site# _____	Species _____	Latitude _____	Longitude _____	Density (1-5) _____
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Step 2: Label first five specimens collected with species, collector, date, lake name, WBIC and Location #. Send your specimens to an expert for verification. Instructions on how to voucher specimens and a list of statewide taxonomy experts can be found at: <http://dnr.wi.gov/invasives/aquatic/whattodo/staff/>

**Step 3:** Collect Waterflea Tows from three sites around the lake in water deeper than 15 feet (if possible).

Method used: \_\_\_\_\_ horizontal tows (near surface) or  oblique tows (near bottom to surface if greater than 15 feet)  
 Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one) 30cm  50cm other \_\_\_\_\_  
 Depth sampled: Tow 1 31 ft Tow 2 25 ft Tow 3 \_\_\_\_\_ ft  
 Has ethanol been added? Y/N \_\_\_\_\_ Have samples been consolidated into one bottle? Y/N \_\_\_\_\_

**Step 4:** Collect Vellger Tows from three sites in 5-10 feet of water (within a meter of the bottom).

**Guidelines:** If Secchi depth is >4m take two 2m deep samples; if Secchi is between 2-4m take one 2m deep sample; if Secchi is <2m take one 1m tow.

Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one) 30cm 50cm other \_\_\_\_\_  
 Has ethanol been added? Y/N \_\_\_\_\_ Have samples been consolidated into one bottle? Y/N \_\_\_\_\_

**Step 5:** Data was entered into SWIMS on \_\_\_\_\_

Date

by

Name

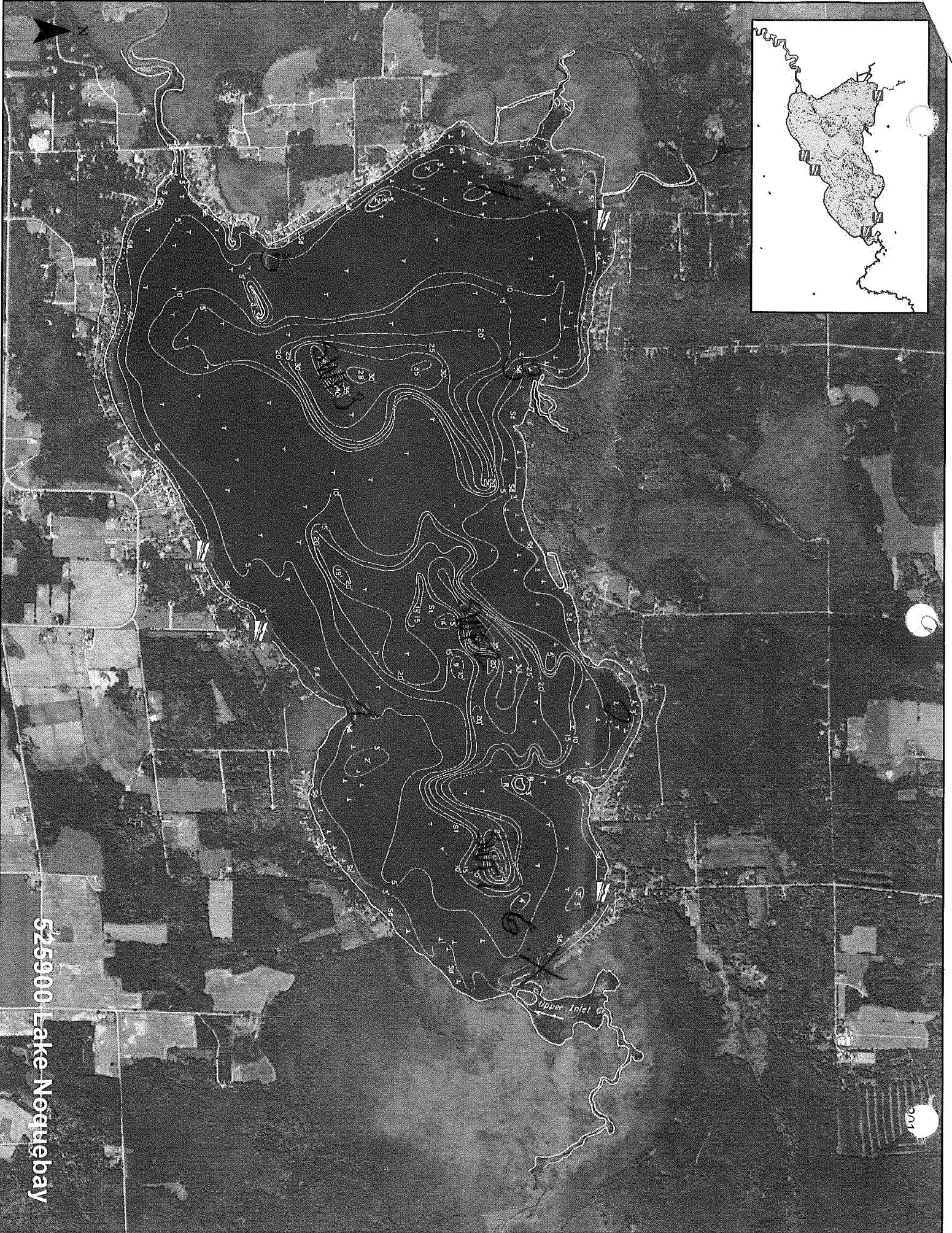
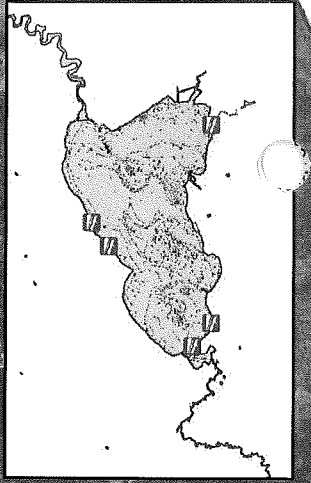
**Notes:**

Density Ratings

- 1 – A few plants or invertebrates
- 2 – One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates
- 3 – Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates
- 4 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake
- 5 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas

General guidance on areas to search for the 10 minute quick snorkel search sites:

- Check rocks for zebra/quagga mussels, faucet snails and New Zealand mudsnails.
- Check around small backyard boat launches.
- Check near creek inlets (especially if AIS are found upstream).
- Check the stems of emergent vegetation for climbing faucet snails.
- Check a downwind of large boat landings.



525900 Lake Nequibay