Lake Name	County	WBIC	AIS sign?	Secchi (ft or m)	Conductivity (ZM tow if ≥ 99 umhos/cm)
McCormick	Oneida	1526600	(Y) N	3.5 ft	56

Date(s)	Data collectors	Start time (nearest 15 min)	End time (nearest 15 min)	Total collector time (hrs x # collectors)
6-26-13	Michele Lonan	10:00 AM	11:30 AM	3 hrs

Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife, Phragmites, flowering rush, Hydrilla, Brazilian waterweed, Eurasian water-milfoil, curly-leaf pondweed, yellow floating heart, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, Chinese mystery snail, banded mystery snail, faucet snail, New Zealand mud snail, didymo, water flea, and any other AIS found.

STEP 1: Record locations of sampling sites (in decimal degrees). Sampling sites include all public boat landings (BL), 5 targeted sites (TS) and the meander survey sites (MS). List AIS found at each site or record none. Collect a sample of any new AIS found. Collect five new invasive plant specimens, 20 Dreissenids, and 30 of each snail species and label with species, collector, date, lake name, WBIC and sampling site.

Site	Latitude	Longitude	Snorkel (Y or N*)	If N snorkel, indicate why†	Species, density 1-5‡
BL	45.74026	89.26951	N	stained H2O	none
TS1	45.74026	89.26901	N	low visibility	none
TS2	45.74023	89.26999	N	stained H2O	none
TS3	45.74025	89.26882	N	stained H2O	none

AIS Early Detection Monitoring Data Form

* **For lakes/sites not snorkeled, substitute:**

Boat landing site - 15 rake throws and 15 D-net samples OR 30 minutes, whichever comes first
Targeted site - 5 rake throws and 5 D-net samples OR 10 minutes, whichever comes first
50 meander sites - 10 rake throws and 10 D-net samples during meander survey between sampling sites for a total of 50 meander survey sites

† **If lake/site was not snorkeled, indicate why: stained water, turbid water, blue-green bloom, chemical treatment, other (please describe).**

‡ **Density Ratings**

1 – A few plants or invertebrates
2 – One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates
3 – Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates

4 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake
5 – Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas

Step 2: Collect Waterflea Tows from 3 sites: the deep hole (DH) and 2 other sites in water deeper than 15 feet (if possible). Submit sample and Water Flea To Monitoring Reprt form to Science Services.

Site	Depth sampled	Method (hor, obliq, vert)	Net diameter (30 or 50 cm)	Ethanol added (Y or N)	Samples combined (Y or N)	Sample sent to, date
	2m	hor	50	Y	Y	
	2m	hor	50	Y	Y	
	2m	hor	60	Y	Y	2-6-14

Step 3: Collect Veliger Tows from 3 sites; the deep hole (DH), outlet site (OS), and or downwind site (DS) in water depth of about 4 meters (if possible). Submit sample and Mussel Veliger Tow Monitoring Report form to Science Service.

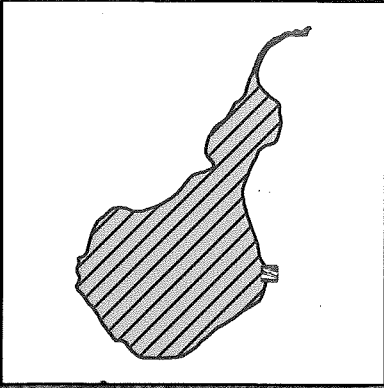| Site	Depth sampled	Net diameter (30 or 50 cm)	Ethanol added (Y or N)	Samples combined (Y or N)	Sample sent to, date
	3m	50	Y	Y	
	3m	50	Y	Y	
	2m	50	Y		

not for veligers

Soil stok for veligers

Step 4: Were plant voucher specimens submitted? Yes   No (circle) If yes, where? (circle) Freckmann Herbarium, Other _____

Step 5: Were snail voucher specimens submitted (separate into Chinese, banded, all others)? Yes   No (circle) If yes, where? (circle) UW La Crosse, or Other _____

Step 6: Data was entered into SWIMS on ____ 6/18/13 ____ by ____ Erin White ____

Step 7: Data was proofed on ____ 6/18/13 ____ by ____ Jennifer Stelleymhl ____

Notes:

1526600 McCormick Lake