AIS Early Detection Monitoring Data Form

Form 3200-xxx (R 6/2012)

ta Collectors KH JW			Date 8/3/12	Date 8/3/12	
ke Name Antler Lako		County Pol	k	WBIC 244940	Ο
art Time 9:30 AM End Time 1:151	Secchi De	pth 10.5 feet or	meters (circle one)	Conductivity 35	
Look for the following species: Purple loosestrife heart, zebra mussel, quagga mussel, Chinese mys 50 rake and D-net samples during meander surv	stery snail, banded myst	ery snail, faucet sn	ail, New Zealand mud sna	il. List any other AIS found. If si	
Did you snorkel the search sites? (\mathfrak{Y}) N	If not, why? (circle	one) stained wa	ter, turbid water, blue-	green bloom, chemical treat	ment, other
				; Species 3 Co ; Species 6 Co	
STEP 1: Record locations of sites (in decimal suspected AIS found.	l degrees) using a GPS	unit (datum WG	584). List AIS found at ea	ach site or record none. Coll	ect a sample of any
Boat Landing# <u>Species</u>	,)	Latitude <u>45</u>	32 460 Longitud	de 92 25 542	Density (1-5)
Boat Landing# Species		_Latitude	Longitu	de	Density (1~5)
Search Site# Species CMS		Latitude <u>45</u>	32 139 Longitu	de 92 25 647	Density (1-5)
Search Site# 2 Species CMS		Latitude_ <u>45</u>	32 237 Longitu	de 92 25 359	Density (1-5)
Search Site# <u>3</u> Species <u>CMS</u>		Latitude <u>45</u>	32 248 Longitu	de 92 25 177	Density (1-5) _2_
Search Site# 4_ SpeciesCMS		Latitude 45	32 380 Longitu	de 92 25 383	Density (1-5)
Search Site# 5 Species (MS		Latitude 45	32 294 Longitu	de 92 25 615	Density (1-5)
Search Site# Species		Latitude	Longitu	de	Density (1-5)
Meander Survey# Species	·····	_Latitude	Longitu	ide	Density (1-5)
Meander Survey# Species	*	_Latitude	Longitu	ide	Density (1-5)
Meander Survey# Species		Latitude			Density (1-5)

Step 2: Label first five specimens collected with species, collector, date, lake name, WBIC and Location # Send your specimens to an expert for verification. Instructions on how to voucher specimens and a list of statewide taxonomy experts can be found at: <u>http://dnr.wi.gov/invasives/aquatic/whattodo/staff/</u>

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Step 3: Collect Waterflea Tows from three sites around the lake in water deeper than 15 feet (if possible).

	Method used: horizontal tows (near surface) or $\underline{\times}$ oblique tows (near bottom to surface if greater than 15 feet) Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one) 30cm 50 cm other
	Depth sampled:Tow 1 \uparrow ftTow 2 G ftTow 3 \leq ftHas ethanol been added? \Im NHave samples been consolidated into one bottle? \Im N
	Step 4: Collect Veliger Tows from three sites in 5-10 feet of water (within a meter of the bottom).
	Guidelines: If Secchi depth is >4m take two 2m deep samples; if Secchi is between 2-4m take one 2m deep sample; if Secchi is <2m take one 1m tow.
	Diameter of plankton net mouth (circle one) 30cm 50cm other hol suse phble
	Has ethanol been added? Y/N Have samples been consolidated into one bottle? Y/N
	Step 5: Data was entered into SWIMS on 8312 by Katchn Hun
	Date Name
Note	

Density Ratings

1 – A few plants or invertebrates

2 - One or a few plant beds or colonies of invertebrates

3 - Many small beds or scattered plants or colonies of invertebrates

4 - Dense plant, snail or mussel growth in a whole bay or portion of the lake

5 - Dense plant, snail or mussel growth covering most shallow areas

General guidance on areas to search for the 10 minute guick snorkel search sites:

- Check rocks for zebra/quagga mussels, faucet snails and New Zealand mudsnails.
- Check around small backyard boat launches.

• Check near creek inlets (especially if AIS are found upstream).

• Check the stems of emergent vegetation for climbing faucet snails.

Check areas downwind of large boat landings.